Teaser

Functional Programming 2019/20

Frank Staals



Welcome to Functional Programming 2019/2020



```
f 0 = 1

f n = n * f(n-1)
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choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
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f n = n * f(n-1)
choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
$$\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$$

Implementation

```
int f(int n) {
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = n; i > 0; i--)
        result *= i;
    return result;
}
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Implementation

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int f(int n) {
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = n; i > 0; i--)
        result *= i;
    return result;
}
int choose(int n, int k) {
    return f(n)/(f(k)*f(n-k));
}
```

```
f 0 = 1
f n = n * f(n-1)
choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
```

Implementation in Haskell

```
f 0 = 1
f n = n * f(n-1)
choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
```

What is Functional Programming?

- ► More a *style* than a *paradigm*
- ▶ What code **is** instead of what code **does**

What is Functional Programming?

- ► More a *style* than a *paradigm*
- ▶ What code **is** instead of what code **does**
- ▶ You can write "functional code" in almost any language

Implementation in Haskell (again)

```
f 0 = 1
f n = n * f (n - 1)
n \cdot choose \cdot k = f n / (f k * f (n-k))
```