TeaserFunctional Programming 2019/20 Frank Staals

Welcome to Functional Programming 2019/2020



$$f 0 = 1$$

 $f n = n * f(n-1)$

```
f 0 = 1

f n = n * f(n-1)

choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
```

Implementation

```
int f(int n) {
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = n; i > 0; i--)
        result *= i;
    return result;
}
```

Implementation

```
int f(int n) {
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = n; i > 0; i--)
        result *= i;
    return result;
}
int choose(int n, int k) {
    return f(n)/(f(k)*f(n-k));
}
```

```
f 0 = 1

f n = n * f(n-1)

choose n k = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
```

Implementation in Haskell

```
f = 0 = 1

f = n * f(n-1)

choose n = f(n) / (f(k)*f(n-k))
```

What is Functional Programming?

- ► More a *style* than a *paradigm*
- ▶ What code **is** instead of what code **does**

What is Functional Programming?

- ► More a *style* than a *paradigm*
- ▶ What code **is** instead of what code **does**
- ▶ You can write "functional code" in almost any language

Implementation in Haskell (again)

```
f 0 = 1
f n = n * f (n - 1)
n `choose` k = f n / (f k * f (n-k))
```