2 4 (A+C). (A+B) #. (B+C) = BC A+B=1 den AB=0 (C+A)(C+B) (B+A)=BC (C+AB). (A+B). (B+A)=BC (CB+A) (B+B)=BC (CB+AB)=BC

> C(B+A+B) = BC C(B+#T) = BC C(B+O) = BC BC = BC