## 巨量資料 HW2 108062566

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## a-1. iterate 20 次,運行時間 0.3 min

```
sc.setLogLevel(newLevel). For SparkR, use setLogLevel(newLevel).
           18:49:50 WARN TaskSetManager: Stage 4 contains a task of very large size (110 KB). The maximum recommended task size is 100 KB.
shattan_distance: 0.2916971842851379
 manhattan_distance: 0.2916971842851379
iteration: 2
manhattan_distance: 0.07106785011126462
iteration: 3
manhattan_distance: 0.015218260068516627
iteration: 4
manhattan_distance: 0.0034087180485886832
Iteration: 5
manhattan_distance: 0.0007693163482427986
iteration: 6
manhattan_distance: 0.0001806563225794894
iteration: 7
manhattan_distance: 4.365970280392386e-05
iteration: 8
manhattan_distance: 1.1218165346083938e-05
iteration: 9
manhattan_distance: 3.002319800816426e-06
iteration: 10
manhattan_distance: 8.192888536137711e-07
iteration: 11
manhattan_distance: 2.3866728821021565e-07
iteration: 12
manhattan_distance: 6.326300972630519e-08
iteration: 13
manhattan_distance: 1.5393025918937887e-08
iteration: 14
manhattan_distance: 3.6735214867106834e-09
       manhattan_distance: 3.6735214867106834e-09
iteration: 15
manhattan_distance: 8.79395957353239e-10
iteration: 16
manhattan_distance: 2.1211152487752606e-10
iteration: 17
manhattan_distance: 4.887216823454884e-11
iteration: 18
manhattan_distance: 1.1552919923073657e-11
iteration: 19
manhattan_distance: 2.7388852972165707e-12
iteration: 20
iteration: 20
manhattan_distance: 6.400903705726727e-13
running time: 0.30 min
   1056
                                0.0006323756572
   1054
                                0.0006294202418
   1536
                               0.0005242947562
   171
                               0.0005119768328
   453
                                0.0004959483138
   407
                               0.0004850593668
   263
                              0.0004798201149
   4664
                                0.0004708439027
    261
                                 0.0004631170986
                                0.0004615836729
   410
```

a-2. iterate 至收斂 (使用曼哈頓距離,epilson=1e-15),iterate 24 次,運行時間 0.34 min

```
| Interation: 1 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,00
```

1056	0.0006323756572
1054	0.0006294202418
1536	0.0005242947562
171	0.0005119768328
453	0.0004959483138
407	0.0004850593668
263	0.0004798201149
4664	0.0004708439027
261	0.0004631170986
410	0.0004615836729

b. Explain how you design your mapper and reducer.

```
def line_mapper(line):
    out_node, in_node = line.split('\t')
    # out_node, in_node = line.split(' ')
    return [(out_node, in_node)]

def count_per_contribution(x, r, arr_idx_dict, Beta):
    (out_node, (in_node, d)) = x
    part_new_r = Beta * r[arr_idx_dict[int(out_node)]] / d
    return in_node, part_new_r

def manhattan_distance(x, y):
    return np.sum(np.abs(x - y))

def zero_padding(new_vertex_pair, arr_idx_dict):
    zero_padding_list = [0] * len(arr_idx_dict.keys())
    for new_vertex_idx, new_vertex_pageRank in new_vertex_pair:
        zero_padding_list[arr_idx_dict[new_vertex_idx]] = new_vertex_pageRank
    return zero_padding_list
```

- 1. 先讀取 file,並切割成 out\_nodes、in\_nodes。
- 2. 將 out\_nodes、in\_nodes 建成一個從小到大排序的 set,sorted\_vertex\_idxs,它的長度便是 N 的值。
- 3. 因為 nodes 的號碼並不是完全按照順序,有時候會跳號,所以建一個 dict, vertex to r idxs dict, 紀錄每個 vertex 真正對應到 r 陣列的哪個位置。
- 4. 初始化 r 陣列。
- 5. 計算每個 nodes 的 out\_connections,如果這些 nodes 的數量小於 N,表示有 node 的 out\_connection 為 O,表示存在 dead\_end。
- 6. out\_in\_nodes\_with\_d: 其格式為 (out\_node, (in\_node, d)), key 為 out\_node, 因為我們之後在計算 contribution 的時候,同一個 out\_node 向外

連結的 M 矩陣值, 1/d, 要乘以同一個 r,其中 d 為這個 out\_node 向外連結的數量。而 d 的取法是利用 pyspark 提供的 countByKey(),計算每個 key 的數量。

- 7. 接下來要進入 iterate 迴圈,要計算 new\_r 的值,計算方法為將 out\_in\_nodes\_with\_d 中的每個元素,個別計算 Beta\*r/d 的值,值得注意的 是 r 的值要根據 r[arr\_idx\_dict[int(out\_nodes)]] 獲得, arr\_idx\_dict 為第三點提 的 vertex to r idxs dict。最後此 map 回傳格式 (in node, part new r)。
- 8. 計算 (1 Beta) / N \* (all r),因為 (1 Beta) / N 為定值,所以可以把公式改寫 (1 Beta) / N \* sum (r),之後再把此值加回 all r。
- 9. 根據第 (7) 點的輸出,把同一個 in\_node,也就是同一個 key 對應到的 part\_new\_r 相加,就是我們要的 new\_r。接著再利用 pyspark 的 sortByKey() 讓 key 從小到大排序,接著再利用 map 將對所有 new\_r 元素加上第 (8) 點的輸出。值得一提的是,此時 new\_r 的元素不一定與 N 相同,原因是有些 nodes 只有 out connections 而沒有 in connections,這種情況下這些 nodes 並不會有 pageRank,因此不會出現在 new\_r 的元素裡。此時實作 zero\_padding 的 function,將這些沒有 pageRank 的 nodes 對應到 arr\_idx\_dict 的位置補 0,讓維 度維持在(N, 1)。接下來就只剩下處理 dead end 發生的情況。
- 10. 根據第 (5) 點輸出,如果存在 dead\_end,則對所有 new\_r 加上 (1-s)/N。
- 11. 計算曼哈頓距離,如果此距離小於 epilson (1e-15),則表示收斂。
- 12. 收斂時將 new r 根據 value 排序並存成 dict,最後再寫入 .txt 檔。