

DATA SCIENCE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD: WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

The program goal is to build data science skills in young scholars across a broad set of fields of study and to create a data science workforce pipeline that is interested in civic engagement, this program focuses on “public good” projects. We engage young scholars in finding solutions to some of the most pressing social issues of our time. The program has operated since 2014. Below are summary data that describe the students and project sponsorship.

Table 1. UVA DSPG Summary Data, 2014-2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020*	2014-20*
# DSPG Students	8	6	8	20	16	12	24	94
Bachelors	38%	67%	75%	80%	63%	58%	71%	67%
Masters	38%	0%	13%	5%	19%	17%	13%	15%
Doctorate	25%	33%	13%	15%	19%	25%	16%	18%
# Male students	63%	67%	25%	50%	56%	33%	29%	44%
# Female Students	38%	33%	75%	50%	44%	67%	71%	56%
Math/Stat/CS	50%	83%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	53%
Social Beh. Sci.	13%	0%	25%	10%	31%	50%	50%	23%
Engineering	25%	17%	0%	10%	13%	0%	0%	10%
Science	13%	0%	25%	15%	0%	0%	0%	9%
Business	0%	0%	0%	15%	6%	0%	0%	6%
# DSPG projects	7	4	12	14	9	9	15	70
# DSPG posters	7	4	14	15	11	9	15	75
# DSPG Sponsors	5	2	6	8	6	7	10	44

*estimated for 2020 as the program is ongoing

Over the 7 years of the program, over two-thirds of the students are undergraduates, 15% are masters level, and 18% are doctoral students. Although there has been some yearly variation, overall half the students are male and half are female. Over half of the students were majoring in mathematics, statistics, or computer science and about one-fourth of the students were majoring in social and behavioral sciences. The remainder were in science, engineering, or business. When the 2014-2016 cohort graduated, **25% took civic positions in government or nonprofit organizations**, 20% went onto graduate school, and the remainder took jobs in the private sector, many with titles of data science.

The vertically integrated DSPG teams work across skill levels (undergraduate and graduate students, post-docs, faculty, and community sponsors) and are horizontally integrated across disciplines (social and behavioral sciences, science, and engineering). Between 2014-2019, DSPG teams have **completed 55 projects, sponsored by 23 unique local, state, and federal agencies and non-profit organizations (34 total sponsors, counting a sponsor more than once), producing 60 posters presented at the DSPG Annual Research Symposium.** Arlington County, Fairfax County, NSF National Center for Science & Engineering Statistics, US Army Institute for Behavioral & Social Science Research, and US Census Bureau have sponsored more than one project, and some, many projects each year. The **annual DSPG Symposium** that showcases the students and the team research has **attracted increasing numbers of participants from local, state, and federal agencies and non-profit organizations, companies, and individuals interested in our research.**

With support from the US Department of Agriculture we have launched DSPG at four land-grant universities (LGUs) – Virginia Tech, Virginia State, Oregon State, and Iowa State in 2020. An interesting twist in these launches is that we have had to pivot and convert these to virtual programs. With the launch of DSPG Young Scholars programs **across 3 states**, we are coordinating, supporting and overseeing **over 60 students and 30 faculty** working on **31 public good projects** this summer.

Testimonials from DSPG Students

At the end of the summer, students are asked for their feedback about the program. Below are selected excerpts:

Favorite Part of the Program

- “My **favorite part of the DSPG program** was how the faculty, graduate students, and undergraduate students create a great atmosphere that everyone can work together very well, even they are not on the same projects.”
- “My favorite part was the **relationship and the community we made during this summer with fellows, students, and faculty** ... This community made data science more fun and engaging. I made very valuable connections and relationships with brilliant people in my own field of study.”
- “Working with real, useful data. I loved the fact that my work was going to be used by someone else to help others.”

Learning

- “I think the most useful for me was **learning how to code**”
- “I really enjoyed being able to **work with the undergrads**. I didn't have a lot of project management experience before and I felt that it was a very good **opportunity to think about how to teach others**.”
- “I liked having the **freedom to direct the projects**.”
- “**Teamwork, time management, and organization**.”
- “I learned **how to use R, how to use Git, and how to web scrape** which became kind of something I turned out to be really good at because it took my prior knowledge of programming logic concepts and let me apply them to real problems.”
- “I learned so much about **visualization and mapping**. I didn't think I would be producing any graphics this summer but I am glad that I learned so much about it.”

Team Science

- “**Working in teams was the best thing**. I liked how each individual had their own role or some roles could be shared among two people.”
- “A **collaborative environment is an excellent approach for conducting research, especially with an interdisciplinary team**. People on my projects freely shared their ideas and through teamwork and discussion we were able to choose the best ideas and develop them into a conclusive product.”

Training

DSPG trainings focus on learning data science methods and tools. The students engage in 47 classroom training modules covering the topics listed in Table 2. By the end of the program, the students have learned about and used the skills learned in their projects. All students have learned or increased their proficiency in using data science software and tools.

Table 2. DSPG Training Classes, 2020*

Getting Ready 1 SDAD Data Science Process 2 Data Security Requirements 3 Introduction to the SDAD Computing Platform Code Management with Git 4 Naming Things 5 Git Setup, Git on your own 6 Git with branches for collaboration R Basics Boot Camp 7 R Notebooks 8 Strings, Factors, Numerics, Date, Times 9 Data Objects 10 Iteration (Loops and Vectorization), Functions 11 Regex Data Discovery 12 FIELD TRIP: Library of Congress 13 Literature Review 14 Data Inventory & Screening Research Ethics & Human Subjects 15 Research Ethics 16 Brown Bag: Data Privacy & 17 Behavioral Experiments	Data Ingestion 18 From Files & APIs 19 From Databases & Spatial Scraping Data 20 Web-Scraping: HTML 21 Web-Scraping: Javascript Transforming (& Creating) Data 22 Restructuring on Ingest 23 Creating Data from Satellite Imagery Data Management 24 Storage, Security, Destruction 25 Metadata Data Profiling 26 Structure 27 Quality 28 Metadata & Provenance Data Preparation 29 Restructuring 30 Cleaning 31 Transformation 32 Joining 33 Deduplication Data Exploration & Analysis 34 Exploration & Visualization 35 Mapping 36 Text Mining	Media Interaction 37 Media Writing 38 Media Speaking Data Modeling 39 Modeling: Social Network Analysis 40 Modeling: Regression / GLM 41 Modeling: Classification & Clustering 42 Modeling: Decision Trees Data Presentation 43 APIs 44 Graphics Cookbook 45 Latex 46 Shiny Documents & Dashboards, part 1 47 Shiny Documents & Dashboards, part 2
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*planned for 2020