





Lecture 4.1 - Supervised Learning Model Selection

Erik Bekkers

(Bishop 1.3)



Slide credits: Patrick Forré and Rianne van den Berg

Supervised Learning: Evaluating Errors

Question 1:

How can we estimate the model performance properly for unknown data?

Question 2:

How can we choose the optimal hyperparameters?

Supervised Learning: Evaluating Errors

Solution

Divide data $D = \{(\mathbf{x}_1, t_1), ..., (\mathbf{x}_N, t_N)\}$ in 3 groups:

- ▶ Training set D_{train} (± $\frac{\partial}{\partial}$ $\frac{\partial}{\partial}$ % of D):
 - Minimize the error $\mathcal{E}(\mathbf{y}(\mathbf{x}), \mathcal{U})$ for $(\mathbf{x}, t) \in D_{\text{train}}$
- ▶ Validation set D_{val} (± 10% of D):
 - Used to estimate test error $E(y(\mathbf{x}_{val}, \mathbf{w}^*), t_{val})$
- Test set D_{test} (± / O % of D):
 - final test/generalization error estimate $E(y(\mathbf{x}_{\text{test}}, \mathbf{w}^*), t_{\text{test}})$

Can never be part of model selection!

Supervised Learning: Small Datasets

- Approximate validation step!

Cross-validation

- Split data: $D = \{(x_1, t_1), ..., (x_N, t_N)\}$
- Train y on K-1 folds $\hat{y}^{-k}(x)$

1 2 3 4 5

Train Train Validation Train Train

Figure: K-fold splitting of dataset (ESL 7.10)

K = N : leave-one-out cross validation

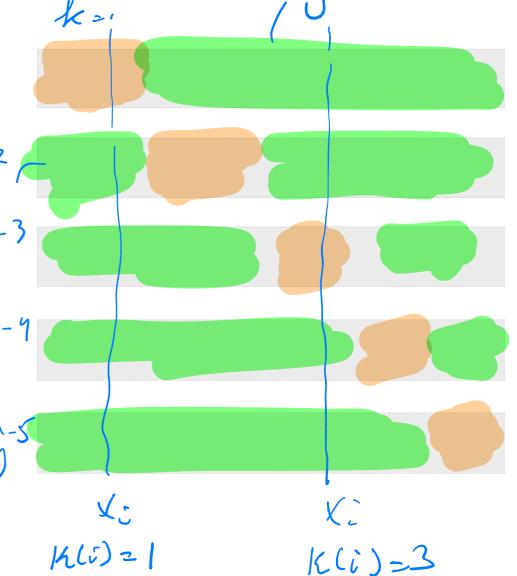
Cross-Validation

- K trained functions $\hat{y}^{-k}(x)$
- Indexing function $\kappa:\{1,...,N\}\mapsto\{1,...,N\}$
- Estimate of prediction error

$$CV(\hat{y}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i,j}^{N} E(\hat{y}^{-kli}(x_i), t)$$



- 1. Model Selection 3-7
 (optimal hyperparameter) 9
 2. Estimate model performance 9

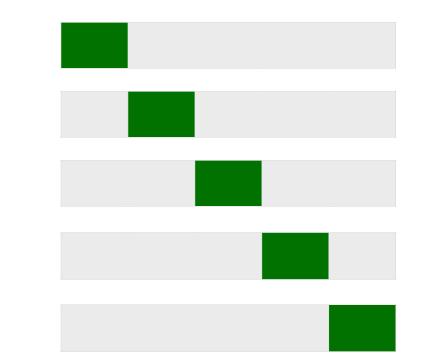


Cross-Validation: Model Selection

Hyperparameter selection

$$CV(\hat{y}_{\alpha}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^{N} \mathcal{F}(\hat{y}_{\alpha}(\chi_{n}), t_{n})$$

• Optimal
$$\alpha^* = \arg\min_{\alpha} Cv(\hat{y}_{\alpha})$$



6

- - How many times should CV be performed?

Total number of training runs?

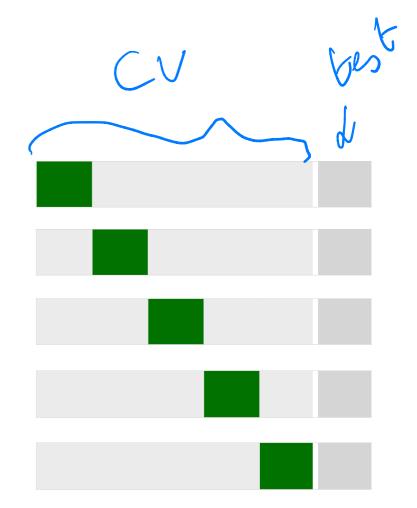
6K

Cross-Validation: Test Error Estimation

After Model selection

$$\alpha^*, \beta^*$$

- Retrain f on all K folds with α^*, β^*
- Evaluate model on held-out test set



Nested cross validation!

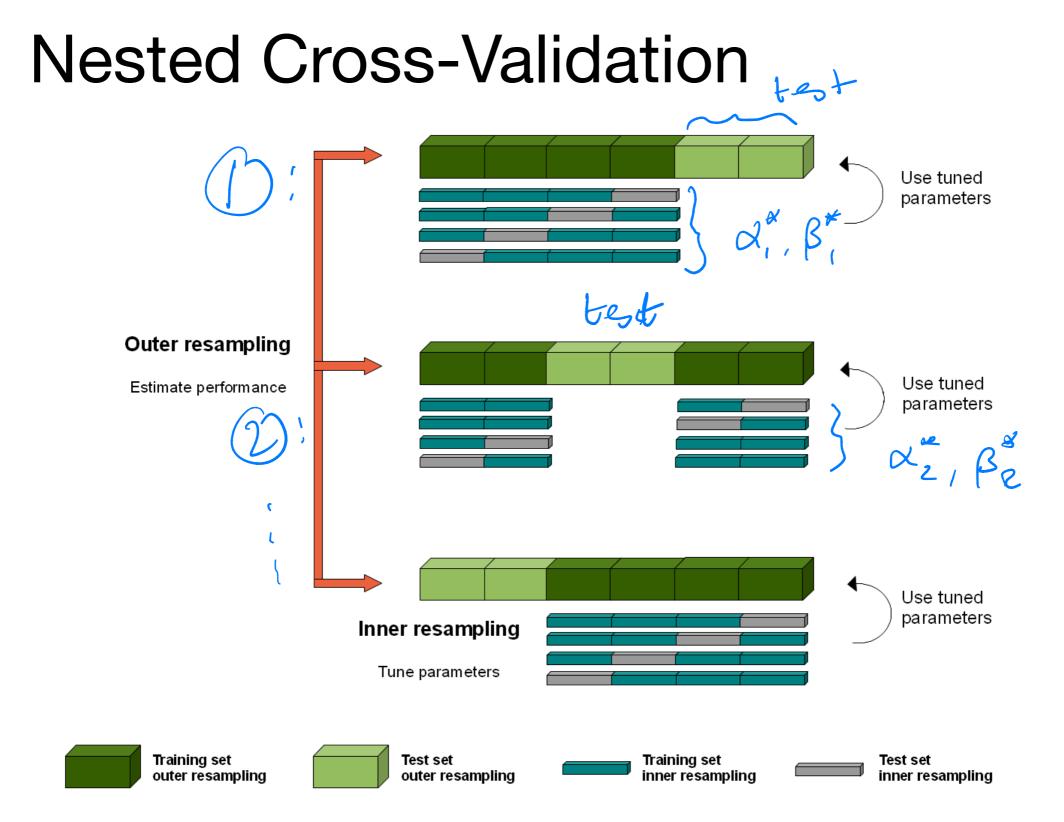


Figure: Nested cross-validation https://mlr-org.github.io/mlr-tutorial/devel/html/nested_resampling/index.html