IS OBESITY AN OUTCOME OF FINANCIAL STRESS?

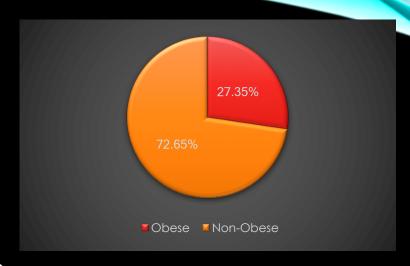
Phase 4 – Uvin Abeysinghe - 789931



VS.



MHAS



- Percentage of Obese population in Victoria: 27.35%
- Main reason for many serious health conditions: Obesity
- Less obese population, less severe and deadly illnesses to treat.
- This will decrease the expenses at hospitals.
- Therefore, will benefit the Health and Financial sectors

DATASETS

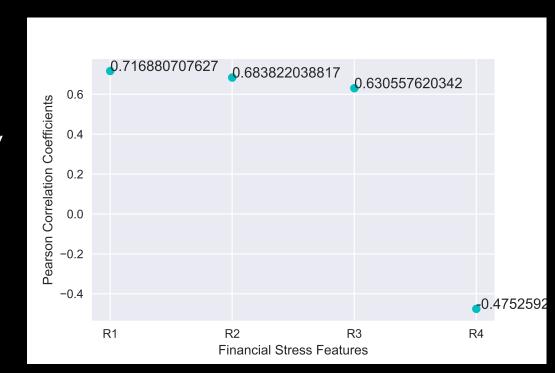
- 1. Health Risk factors by LGA Percentage of People Obese by gender for each LGA (Contains other risk factors such as diabetes)
- 2. Personal and Financial Stressors by LGA Percentage of people undergoing activities which causes Financial stress.
 - Cash flow problem in the last 12 months. (high stress) (R1)
 - Government support as main source of income in the last 2 years. (high stress) (R2)
 - At least one dissaving action in the last 6 months (high stress) (R3)
 - Could Raise 2000 dollars within a week. (low stress) (R4)
- These features show us different types of financial stress levels allowing us to do better comparisons.

DATA WRANGLING

- 1. "Unincorporated Vic" was removed since Personal and Financial Stressors dataset did not contain data for this LGA.
- 2. Inner Join
- 3. Plotting
- 4. Pearson Correlation Coefficient
- 5. Regression
- 6. K-nearest Neighbour
- 7. Decision Tree

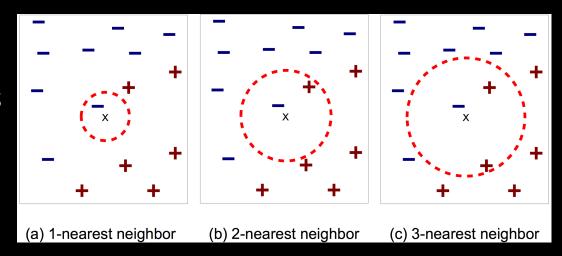
RESULTS

- Percentage of males and females who are obese change in a similar pattern – found by plotting.
- Therefore, following results apply for both the genders equally.
- Pearson Correlation
 - R1, R2 and R3 High Stress
 - R4 Low Stress
- Strong Positive Correlation between Obesity and R1,R2 and R3.
- Moderate Negative Correlation between Obesity and R4.



RESULTS

- Training Dataset: 54 LGAs
- Testing Dataset: 25 LGAs
- Divided Percentage Obesity to 2 classes
- K-Nearest Neighbour
- Optimal K = 9
- Accuracy = 84%
- Shows how the relationship between Financial stress features and Obesity can be used to predict the obesity class.



DECISION TREES

entropy = 0.0

samples = 4

value = [4, 0]

R3 ≤ 23.5132

entropy = 0.7219

samples = 5

value = [4, 1]

Test Record

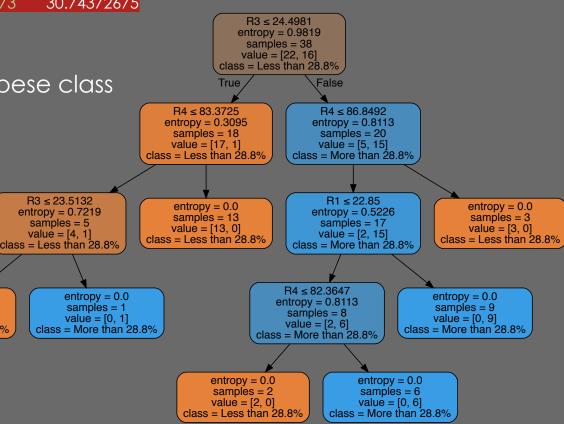
LGA Name csh_flow_12_per R1_gov_sup_24_per R2_dissaving_12_per R3 2000_per R4 obese p per Alpine (S) 20.48849239 31.66456393 25.37028726 84.32114973 30.74372675

Easy and Simple conditions to follow to predict the obese class

Accuracy: 71.9%

Entropy: Measure of Uncertainty

> The conditions used show a positive relationship between Obesity and Financial Stress



CHALLENGES

- Finding a dataset for Financial Stress that would allow us to do a deep analysis.
- Finding 2 datasets with time periods not too far apart.
- Would have created more classes for Obesity to carry out KN-Neighbour and Decision Trees rather than 2.

✓ All the results obtained supports that Obesity is an outcome of Financial Stress