## 1 *Overture* SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS

$$v \in \mathbb{F}_p,\ w \in \text{String},\ \iota \in \text{Clients} \subset \mathbb{N}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcll}
\varepsilon & ::= & \mathtt{r}[w] \mid \mathtt{s}[w] \mid \mathtt{m}[w] \mid \mathtt{p}[w] \mid & \textit{expressions} \\
& & v \mid \varepsilon - \varepsilon \mid \varepsilon + \varepsilon \mid \varepsilon * \varepsilon & \\
x & ::= & \mathtt{r}[w]@\iota \mid \mathtt{s}[w]@\iota \mid \mathtt{m}[w]@\iota \mid \mathtt{p}[w] \mid \mathtt{out}@\iota & \textit{variables} \\
\pi & ::= & \mathtt{m}[w]@\iota := \varepsilon@\iota \mid \mathtt{p}[w] := e@\iota \mid \mathtt{out}@\iota := \varepsilon@\iota \mid \pi;\pi & \textit{protocols}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
[\![\sigma, v]\!]_\iota & = & v \\
[\![\sigma, \varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota & = & [\![ [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_1]\!]_\iota + [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota ]\!] \\
[\![\sigma, \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota & = & [\![ [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_1]\!]_\iota - [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota ]\!] \\
[\![\sigma, \varepsilon_1 * \varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota & = & [\![ [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_1]\!]_\iota * [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota ]\!] \\
[\![\sigma, \mathtt{r}[w]]\!]_\iota & = & \sigma(\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota) \\
[\![\sigma, \mathtt{s}[w]]\!]_\iota & = & \sigma(\mathtt{s}[w]@\iota) \\
[\![\sigma, \mathtt{m}[w]]\!]_\iota & = & \sigma(\mathtt{m}[w]@\iota) \\
[\![\sigma, \mathtt{p}[w]]\!]_\iota & = & \sigma(\mathtt{p}[w])
\end{array}$$

$$(\sigma, x := \varepsilon@\iota) \Rightarrow \sigma\{x \mapsto [\![\sigma,\varepsilon]\!]_\iota\} \qquad \frac{(\sigma_1,\pi_1) \Rightarrow \sigma_2 \qquad (\sigma_2,\pi_2) \Rightarrow \sigma_3}{(\sigma_1, \pi_1;\pi_2) \Rightarrow \sigma_3}$$

## 2 *Overture* ADVERSARIAL SEMANTICS

$$\begin{array}{rcll}
(\sigma, x := \varepsilon@\iota) & \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} & \sigma\{x \mapsto [\![\sigma,\varepsilon]\!]_\iota\} & \iota \in H \\
(\sigma, x := \varepsilon@\iota) & \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} & \sigma\{x \mapsto [\![\mathit{rewrite}_{\mathcal{A}}(\sigma_C,\varepsilon)]\!]_\iota\} & \iota \in C
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcll}
(\sigma, \mathtt{assert}(\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2)@\iota) & \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} & \sigma & \text{if } [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_1]\!]_\iota = [\![\sigma,\varepsilon_2]\!]_\iota \text{ or } \iota \in C \\
(\sigma, \mathtt{assert}(\phi(\varepsilon))@\iota) & \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} & \bot & \text{if } \neg\phi(\sigma, [\![\sigma,\varepsilon]\!]_\iota)
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{(\sigma_1,\pi_1) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \sigma_2 \qquad (\sigma_2,\pi_2) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \sigma_3}{(\sigma_1, \pi_1;\pi_2) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \sigma_3} \qquad \frac{(\sigma_1,\pi_1) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \bot}{(\sigma_1, \pi_1;\pi_2) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \bot}$$

$$\frac{(\sigma_1,\pi_1) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \sigma_2 \qquad (\sigma_2,\pi_2) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \bot}{(\sigma_1, \pi_1;\pi_2) \Rightarrow_{\mathcal{A}} \bot}$$

## 3 *Overture* CONSTRAINT TYPING

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
\phi & ::= & x \mid \phi + \phi \mid \phi - \phi \mid \phi * \phi \\
E & ::= & \phi \equiv \phi \mid E \wedge E
\end{array}$$

We write $E_1 \models E_2$ iff every model of $E_1$ is a model of $E_2$. Note that this relation is reflexive and transitive.

### 3.1 Confidentiality Types

DepTy
$$\varnothing, E \vdash \phi : \mathit{vars}(\phi)$$

Encode
$$\frac{E \models \phi \equiv \phi' \oplus \mathtt{r}[w]@\iota \qquad \oplus \in \{+,-\} \qquad R, E \vdash \phi' : T}{R; \{\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota\}, E \vdash \phi : \{c(\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota, T)\}}$$

Send
$$\frac{R, E \vdash \lfloor \varepsilon@\iota \rfloor : T}{R, E \vdash x := \varepsilon@\iota : x : T}$$

Seq
$$\frac{R_1, E \vdash \pi_1 : \Gamma_1 \qquad R_2, E \vdash \pi_2 : \Gamma_2}{R_1; R_2, E \vdash \pi_1;\pi_2 : \Gamma_1;\Gamma_2}$$

*Definition 3.1.* $R, E \vdash \pi : \Gamma$ is valid iff it is derivable and $\lfloor \pi \rfloor \models E$.

$$\frac{\iota \in C}{\Gamma, C \vdash \Gamma(\mathtt{m}[w]@\iota)} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, C \vdash T_1 \cup T_2}{\Gamma, C \vdash T_1} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, C \vdash \{\mathtt{m}[w]@\iota\}}{\Gamma, C \vdash \Gamma(\mathtt{m}[w]@\iota)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, C \vdash \{\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota\} \qquad \Gamma, C \vdash \{c(\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota, T)\}}{\Gamma, C \vdash T}$$

Theorem 3.2. *If $R, E \vdash \pi : \Gamma$ is valid and for all $H, C$ it is not the case that $\Gamma, C \vdash \{\mathtt{s}[w]@\iota\}$ for $\iota \in H$, then $\pi$ satisfies gradual release.*

### 3.2 Integrity Types

Value
$$\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota v : \varnothing \cdot \mathrm{High}$$

Secret
$$\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota \mathtt{s}[w] : \{\mathtt{s}[w]@\iota\} \cdot \mathcal{L}(\iota)$$

Rando
$$\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota \mathtt{r}[w] : \{\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota\} \cdot \mathcal{L}(\iota)$$

Mesg
$$\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota \mathtt{m}[w] : \Gamma(\mathtt{m}[w]@\iota)$$

PubM
$$\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota \mathtt{p}[w] : \Gamma(\mathtt{p}[w])$$

IntegrityWeaken
$$\frac{\Gamma, R, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon : T \cdot \varsigma_1 \qquad \varsigma_1 \preceq \varsigma_2}{\Gamma, R, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon : T \cdot \varsigma_2}$$

Encode
$$\frac{\Gamma, \varnothing, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon : T \cdot \varsigma \qquad E \models \lfloor \varepsilon @\iota \rfloor = \phi \oplus \mathtt{r}[w]@\iota' \qquad \oplus \in \{+, -\}}{\Gamma, \mathtt{r}[w]@\iota, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon : \{c(\mathtt{r}[w]@\iota', \Gamma(\phi))\} \cdot \varsigma}$$

Binop
$$\frac{\Gamma, R_1, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon_1 : T_1 \cdot \varsigma \qquad \Gamma, R_2, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon_2 : T_2 \cdot \varsigma \qquad \oplus \in \{+, -, *\}}{\Gamma, R_1; R_2, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon_1 \oplus \varepsilon_2 : T_1 \cup T_2 \cdot \varsigma}$$

Send
$$\frac{\Gamma, R, E \vdash_\iota \varepsilon : T \cdot \mathcal{L}(\iota) \qquad E' \models E \wedge x = \lfloor \varepsilon @\iota \rfloor}{\Gamma, R, E \vdash x := \varepsilon @\iota : \Gamma; x : T \cdot \mathcal{L}(\iota), E'}$$

Assert
$$\frac{E \models \lfloor \varepsilon_1 @\iota \rfloor = \lfloor \varepsilon_2 @\iota \rfloor}{\Gamma, R, E \vdash \mathtt{assert}(\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2)@\iota : \Gamma, E}$$

Seq
$$\frac{\Gamma_1, R_1, E_1 \vdash \pi_1 : \Gamma_2, E_2 \qquad \Gamma_2, R_2, E_2 \vdash \pi_2 : \Gamma_3, E_3}{\Gamma_1, R_1; R_2, E_1 \vdash \pi_1; \pi_2 : \Gamma_3, E_3}$$

Constraint
$$\frac{\Gamma_1, R, E_1 \vdash \pi : \Gamma_2, E_2 \qquad E_1' \models E_1' \qquad E_2 \models E_2'}{\Gamma_1, R, E_1' \vdash \pi : \Gamma_2, E_2'}$$

MAC
$$\frac{E \models \mathtt{m}[wm]@\iota = \mathtt{m}[wk]@\iota + (\mathtt{m}[delta]@\iota * \mathtt{m}[ws]@\iota) \qquad \Gamma(\mathtt{m}[ws]@\iota) = T \cdot \varsigma}{\Gamma, R, E \vdash \mathtt{assert}(\mathtt{m}[wm] = \mathtt{m}[wk] + (\mathtt{m}[delta] * \mathtt{m}[ws]))@\iota : \Gamma; \mathtt{m}[ws]@\iota : T \cdot \mathrm{High}, E}$$

## 4 *Prelude* SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS

$\ell \in \text{Field},\ y \in \text{EVar},\ f \in \text{FName}$

$$
\begin{array}{rcl}
e & ::= & v \mid \texttt{r}[e] \mid \texttt{s}[e] \mid \texttt{m}[e] \mid \texttt{p}[e] \mid e\ \mathit{binop}\ e \mid \texttt{let}\ y = e\ \texttt{in}\ e \mid \\
 & & f(e,\ldots,e) \mid \{\ell = e;\ldots;\ell = e\} \mid e.\ell \\
\mathbf{c} & ::= & \texttt{m}[e]@e := e@e \mid \texttt{p}[e] := e@e \mid \texttt{out}@e := e@e \mid \texttt{assert}(e = e)@e \mid \\
 & & f(e,\ldots,e) \mid \mathbf{c};\mathbf{c} \mid \texttt{pre}(E) \mid \texttt{post}(E) \\
\mathit{binop} & ::= & + \mid - \mid * \mid \texttt{++} \\
v & ::= & w \mid \iota \mid \varepsilon \mid \{\ell = v;\ldots;\ell = v\} \\
\mathit{fn} & ::= & f(y,\ldots,y)\{e\} \mid f(y,\ldots,y)\{\mathbf{c}\} \\
\phi & ::= & \texttt{r}[e]@e \mid \texttt{s}[e]@e \mid \texttt{m}[e]@e \mid \texttt{p}[e] \mid \texttt{out}@e \mid \phi + \phi \mid \phi - \phi \mid \phi * \phi \\
E & ::= & \phi \equiv \phi \mid E \wedge E
\end{array}
$$

$$\frac{e[v/y] \Rightarrow v'}{\texttt{let}\ y = v\ \texttt{in}\ e \Rightarrow v'}$$

$$\frac{C(f) = y_1,\ldots,y_n,\ e \qquad e_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \cdots e_n \Rightarrow v_n \qquad e[v_1/y_1]\cdots[v_n/y_n] \Rightarrow v}{f(e_1,\ldots,e_n) \Rightarrow v}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \cdots e_n \Rightarrow v_n}{\{\ell_1 = e_1;\ldots;\ell_n = e_n\} \Rightarrow \{\ell_1 = v_1;\ldots;\ell_n = v_n\}} \qquad \frac{e \Rightarrow \{\ldots;\ell = v;\ldots\}}{e.\ell \Rightarrow v} \qquad \frac{e_1 \Rightarrow w_1 \qquad e_2 \Rightarrow w_2}{e_1\texttt{++}e_2 \Rightarrow w_1 w_2}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_1 \qquad e_2 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_2 \qquad e \Rightarrow \iota}{(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \mathsf{on}, \texttt{assert}(e_1 = e_2)@e) \Rightarrow (\pi; \texttt{assert}(\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2)@\iota, (E_1, E_2 \wedge \lfloor \varepsilon_1@\iota \rfloor = \lfloor \varepsilon_2@\iota \rfloor), \mathsf{on})}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_1 \qquad e_2 \Rightarrow \varepsilon_2 \qquad e \Rightarrow \iota}{(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \texttt{off}, \texttt{assert}(e_1 = e_2)@e) \Rightarrow (\pi; \texttt{assert}(\varepsilon_1 = \varepsilon_2)@\iota, (E_1, E_2, \texttt{off})}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \Rightarrow w \qquad e_2 \Rightarrow \iota_1 \qquad e_3 \Rightarrow \varepsilon \qquad e_4 \Rightarrow \iota_2}{(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \mathsf{on}, \texttt{m}[e_1]@e_2 := e_3@e_4) \Rightarrow (\pi; \texttt{m}[w]@\iota_1 := \varepsilon@\iota_2, (E_1 \wedge \texttt{m}[w]@\iota_1 = \lfloor \varepsilon@\iota_2 \rfloor, E_2), \mathsf{on})}$$

$$\frac{e_1 \Rightarrow w \qquad e_2 \Rightarrow \iota_1 \qquad e_3 \Rightarrow \varepsilon \qquad e_4 \Rightarrow \iota_2}{(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \texttt{off}, \texttt{m}[e_1]@e_2 := e_3@e_4) \Rightarrow (\pi; \texttt{m}[w]@\iota_1 := \varepsilon@\iota_2, (E_1, E_1), \texttt{off})}$$

$$(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \mathsf{on}, \texttt{pre}(E)) \Rightarrow (\pi, E_1, E_2 \wedge E, \texttt{off})$$

$$(\pi, (E_1, E_2), \texttt{off}, \texttt{post}(E)) \Rightarrow (\pi, (E_1 \wedge E, E_2), \mathsf{on})$$

$$\frac{(\pi_1, (E_{11}, E_{12}), sw_1, \mathbf{c}_1) \Rightarrow (\pi_2, (E_{21}, E_{22}), sw_2) \qquad (\pi_2, (E_{21}, E_{22}), sw_2, \mathbf{c}_2) \Rightarrow (\pi_3, (E_{31}, E_{32}), sw_3)}{(\pi_1, (E_{11}, E_{12}), sw_1, \mathbf{c}_1; \mathbf{c}_2) \Rightarrow (\pi_3, (E_{31}, E_{32}), sw_3)}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} C(f) = y_1,\ldots,y_n,\ \mathbf{c} \\ e_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \cdots e_n \Rightarrow v_n \qquad (\pi_1, (E_{11}, E_{12}), sw_1, \mathbf{c}[v_1/y_1,]\cdots[v_n/y_n]) \Rightarrow (\pi_2, (E_{21}, E_{22}), sw_2) \end{array}}{(\pi_1, (E_{11}, E_{12}), sw_1, f(e_1,\ldots,e_n)) \Rightarrow (\pi_2, (E_{21}, E_{22}), sw_2)}$$

# 5 EXAMPLES

```
encodegmw(in, i1, i2) {
  m[in]@i2 := (s[in] xor r[in])@i2;
  m[in]@i1 := r[in]@i2
}

andtablegmw(b1, b2, r) {
  let r11 = r xor (b1 xor true) and (b2 xor true) in
  let r10 = r xor (b1 xor true) and (b2 xor false) in
  let r01 = r xor (b1 xor false) and (b2 xor true) in
  let r00 = r xor (bl xor false) and (b2 xor false) in
  { row1 = r11; row2 = r10; row3 = r01; row4 = r00 }
}

andgmw(z, x, y) {
  pre();
  let r = r[z] in
  let table = andtablegmw(m[x],m[y],r) in
  m[z]@2 := OT4(m[x],m[y],table,2,1);
  m[z]@1 := r@1;
  post(m[z]@1 xor m[z]@2 == (m[x]@1 xor m[x]@2) and (m[y]@1 xor m[y]@2))
}

xorgmw(z, x, y) {
  m[z]@1 := (m[x] xor m[y])@1; m[z]@2 := (m[x] xor m[y])@2;
}

decodegmw(z) {
  p["1"] := m[z]@1; p["2"] := m[z]@2;
  out@1 := (p["1"] xor p["2"])@1;
  out@2 := (p["1"] xor p["2"])@2
}

encodegmw("x",2,1);
encodegmw("y",2,1);
encodegmw("z",1,2);
andgmw("g1","x","z");
xorgmw("g2","g1","y");
decodegmw("g2")
pre();
post(out@1 == (s["x"]@1 and s["z"]@2) xor s["y"]@1)


secopen(w1,w2,w3,i1,i2) {
    pre(m[w1++"m"]@i2 == m[w1++"k"]@i1 + (m["delta"]@i1 * m[w1++"s"]@i2 /\
        m[w1++"m"]@i2 == m[w1++"k"]@i1 + (m["delta"]@i1 * m[w1++"s"]@i2));
    let locsum =  macsum(macshare(w1), macshare(w2)) in
    m[w3++"s"]@i1 := (locsum.share)@i2;
```

```
    m[w3++"m"]@i1 := (locsum.mac)@i2;
    auth(m[w3++"s"],m[w3++"m"],mack(w1) + mack(w2),i1);
    m[w3]@i1 := (m[w3++"s"] + (locsum.share))@i1
}


_open(x,i1,i2){
  m[x++"exts"]@i1 := m[x++"s"]@i2;
  m[x++"extm"]@i1 := m[x++"m"]@i2;
  assert(m[x++"extm"] == m[x++"k"] + (m["delta"] * m[x++"exts"]));
  m[x]@i1 := (m[x++"exts"] + m[x++"s"])@i2
}`

_sum(z, x, y,i1,i2) {
    pre(m[x++"m"]@i2 == m[x++"k"]@i1 + (m["delta"]@i1 * m[x++"s"]@i2 /\
        m[y++"m"]@i2 == m[y++"k"]@i1 + (m["delta"]@i1 * m[y++"s"]@i2));
    m[z++"s"]@i2 := (m[x++"s"] + m[y++"s"])@i2;
    m[z++"m"]@i2 := (m[x++"m"] + m[y++"m"])@i2;
    m[z++"k"]@i1 := (m[x++"k"] + m[y++"k"])@i1;
    post(m[z++"m"]@i2 == m[z++"k"]@i1 + (m["delta"]@i1 * m[z++"s"]@i2)
}

sum(z,x,y) { _sum(z,x,y,1,2);_sum(z,x,y,2,1) }

open(x) { _open(x,1,2); _open(x,2,1) }


sum("a","x","d");
open("d");
sum("b","y","e");
open("e");
let xys =
    macsum(macctimes(macshare("b"), m["d"]),
           macsum(macctimes(macshare("a"), m["e"]),
                  macshare("c")))
let xyk = mack("b") * m["d"] + mack("a") * m["e"] + mack("c")

secopen("a","x","d",1,2);
  secopen("a","x","d",2,1);
  secopen("b","y","e",1,2);
  secopen("b","y","e",2,1);
  let xys =
    macsum(macctimes(macshare("b"), m["d"]),
           macsum(macctimes(macshare("a"), m["e"]),
                  macshare("c")))
  in
  let xyk = mack("b") * m["d"] + mack("d") * m["d"] + mack("c")
  in
```

```
    secreveal(xys,xyk,"1",1,2);
    secreveal(maccsum(xys,m["d"] * m["e"]),
              xyk - m["d"] * m["e"],
              "2",2,1);
    out@1 := (p[1] + p[2])@1;
    out@2 := (p[1] + p[2])@2;
```