



**UGANDA POLICE FORCE**

**ANNUAL CRIME  
REPORT  
2024**



***Protect & Serve***  
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**H.E. GEN. YOWERI KAGUTA MUSEVENI**  
PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA





THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA  
**MINISTRY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS**



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Minister of Internal Affairs



**GEN.DAVID RUBAKUBA MUHOOZI**

Minister of State for Internal Affairs



**L.T. GEN. JOSEPH MUSANYUFU**

Permanent Secretary

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Inspector General of Police



**OCAYA JAMES**

Deputy Inspector General of Police



**AGGREY WUNYI**

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**AIGP DR. MOSES BYARUHANGA**  
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Ag. Dir. Forensic Services



**CP. RICHARD ECHEGA**  
Commander Kampala Metropolitan Police



**ACP. KITUUMA RUSOKE**  
Public Relations Officer

## Acronyms & Abbreviations

ADF ..... Allied Democratic Forces  
AFIS ..... Automated Fingerprint Information System  
ASTU ..... Anti-Stock Theft Unit  
AVIPOL ..... Aviation Police  
CARBIS ..... Criminal Automated Biometric Information System  
CCTV ..... Closed Circuit Television  
CID ..... Criminal Investigations Directorate  
CLO ..... Community Liaison Officer  
CPS ..... Central Police Station  
CT ..... Counter Terrorism  
DIGP ..... Deputy Inspector General of Police  
DIR ..... Director  
DPP ..... Director of Public Prosecutions  
EDD ..... Explosive Detection Dog  
eIB ..... Electronic Identification Bureau  
ePIS ..... Electronic Policing Information System  
EPS ..... Express Penalty Scheme  
F/Y ..... Financial Year  
GRSP ..... Global Road Safety Partnership  
IBIS ..... Integrated Ballistic Information System  
IGG ..... Inspector General of Government  
IGP ..... Inspector General of Police  
KMP ..... Kampala Metropolitan  
LPU ..... Land Protection Unit  
NPW ..... Not proceeded with  
ODPP ..... Office of Director of Public Prosecutions  
RSA ..... Resident State Attorney  
SAR ..... Semi-Automatic Rifle  
UPF ..... Uganda Police Force



### Vision

A professional and people centered Police for a safe and secure society.

### Mission

To Secure Life and Property in Partnership with the Public, in a committed and professional manner in order to promote sustainable development.

### Goal

To deliver internal security, law and order, peace and stability in Uganda where citizenship is protected and preserved.

### Head Office

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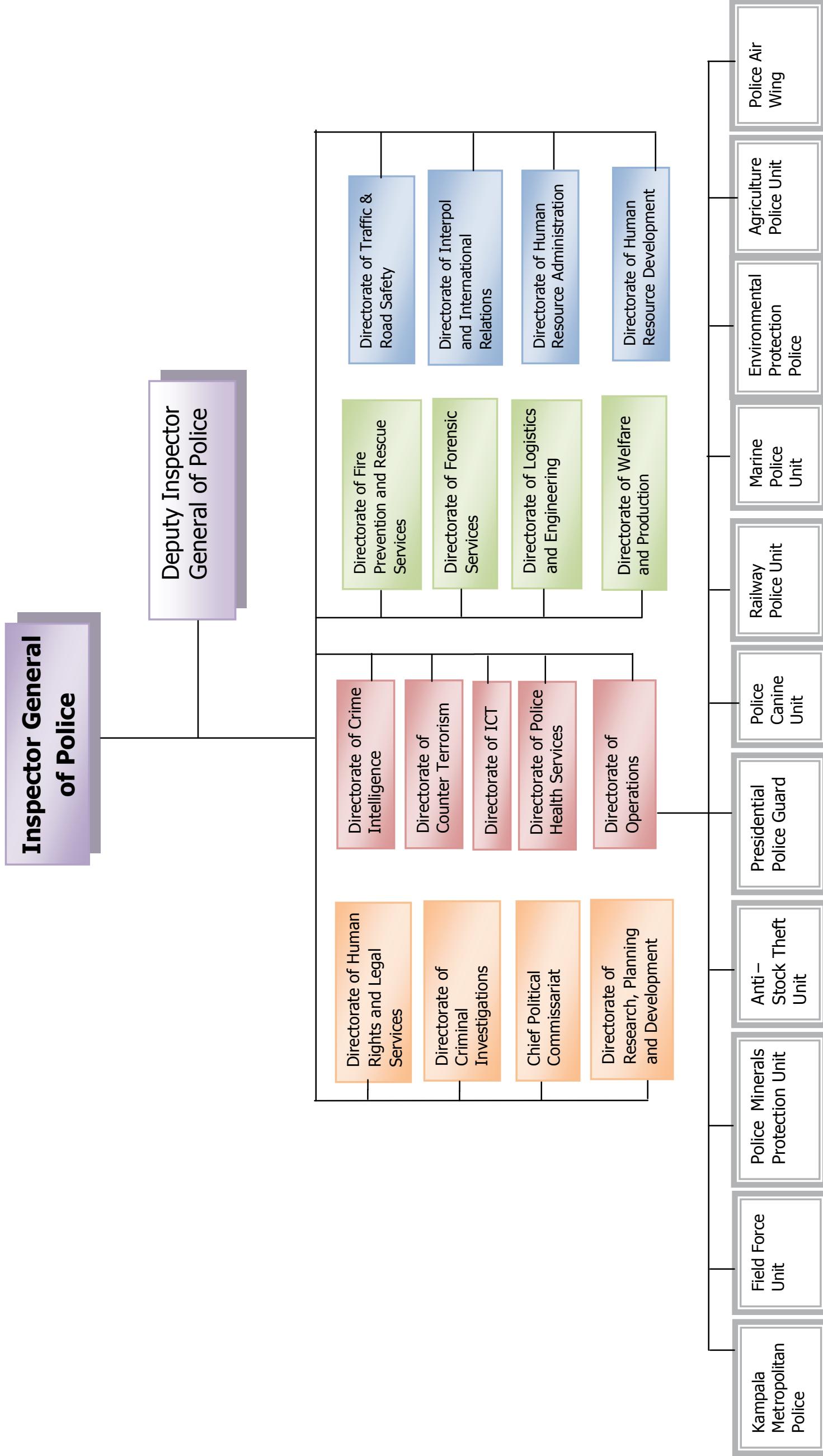
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### Mandate

The Uganda Police Force draws its mandate from the 1995 Constitution of the Republic of Uganda, Chapter Twelve, Article 212, which stipulates the functions of the force as follows:

- To protect life and property;
- To preserve law and order;
- To prevent and detect crime; and
- To cooperate with the civilian authority and other security organs established under this Constitution and with the population generally.

## MACRO ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE UGANDA POLICE FORCE 2024





## POLICING REGIONS AND DISTRICTS/DIVISIONS

### **ALBERTINE**

Buliisa  
Hoima Rural  
Hoima Central  
Hoima East  
Hoima West  
Kagadi  
Kakumiro  
Kibaale  
Kiryandongo  
Masindi  
Kikuube

### **ASWA WEST REGION**

Omoro  
Nwoya  
Amuru  
Gulu  
Gulu City West  
Gulu City East  
Gulu Central

### **ASWA EAST REGION**

Kitgum  
Agago  
Pader  
Lamwo

### **BUKEDI NORTH**

Budaka  
Butebo  
Kibuku  
Pallisa

### **BUKEDI SOUTH**

Busia  
Butaleja  
Tororo

### **BUSOGA EAST**

Bugiri  
Iganga  
Mayuge  
Namayingo  
Nanutumba  
Bugweri

### **BUSOGA NORTH**

Buyende  
Kaliro  
Kamuli  
Luuka

### **EAST KYOGA**

Amuria  
Bukedea  
Kaberamaido  
Katakwi  
Kapelebyong  
Kumi  
Ngora  
Serere  
Soroti Katine  
Soroti Central  
Soroti East  
Soroti West  
Kalaki

### **ELGON**

Bududa  
Bulambuli  
Manafwa  
Mbale Rural-Busoba  
Mbale Northern Div  
Mbale Industrial Div  
Mbale Central  
Namisindwa  
Sironko

### **GREATER BUSHENYI**

Buhweju  
Bushenyi  
Mitooma  
Rubirizi  
Sheema

### **KATONGA**

Butambala  
Gomba  
Mpigi

### **GREATER MASAKA**

Bukomansimbi  
Kalangala  
Kalungu  
Lwengo  
Lyantonde  
Masaka City  
Masaka Rural  
Masaka CPS  
Masaka Nyendo Div  
Rakai  
Sembabule  
Kyotera

### **KIDEPO**

Abim  
Kaabong  
Kotido  
Karenga

### **KIGEZI**

Kabale  
Kanungu  
Kisoro  
Rubanda  
Rukungiri  
Rukiga

### **KIIRA**

Jinja Central-Jinja  
Jinja East-Kakira  
Jinja North-Buwenge

### **KMP EAST**

Jinja Road Division  
Kira Division  
Kira Road Division  
Mukono Division  
Naggalama Division

### **KMP NORTH**

Kakiri Division  
Kasangati Division  
Kawempe Division  
Nansana Division  
Old Kampala Division  
Wakiso Division  
Wandegeya Division

### **KMP SOUTH**

CPS Kampala Division  
Entebbe Division  
Kabalagala Division  
Kajjansi Division  
Katwe Division  
Nsangi Division

### **NORTH KYOGA**

Alebtong  
Amolatar  
Apac  
Dokolo  
Kole  
Kwania  
Lira Rural  
Lira City East  
Lira City West  
Otuke  
Oyam

### **NORTH WEST NILE**

Adjumani  
Moyo  
Yumbe  
Obongi

### **MT. MOROTO**

Amudat  
Moroto  
Nakapiripirit  
Napak  
Nabilatuk

### **RWENZORI EAST**

Bwera Division  
Hima Division  
Kasese Division  
Katwe-Kabatooro Division

### **RWENZORI WEST**

Bundibugyo  
Kabarole  
Kamwenge  
Kyegegwaa  
Kyenjojo  
Ntoroko  
Bunyangabu  
Kitagwenda  
Fort Portal Central  
Fort Portal North  
Fort Portal East

### **RWIZI**

Ibanda  
Isingiro  
Kiruhura  
Mbarara Central  
Mbarara City North  
Mbarara Rural  
Mbarara City South  
Ntungamo  
Kazo  
Rwampara

### **SAVANNAH**

Luwero  
Nakasongola  
Nakaseke

### **SIPPI**

Bukwo  
Kapchorwa  
Kween



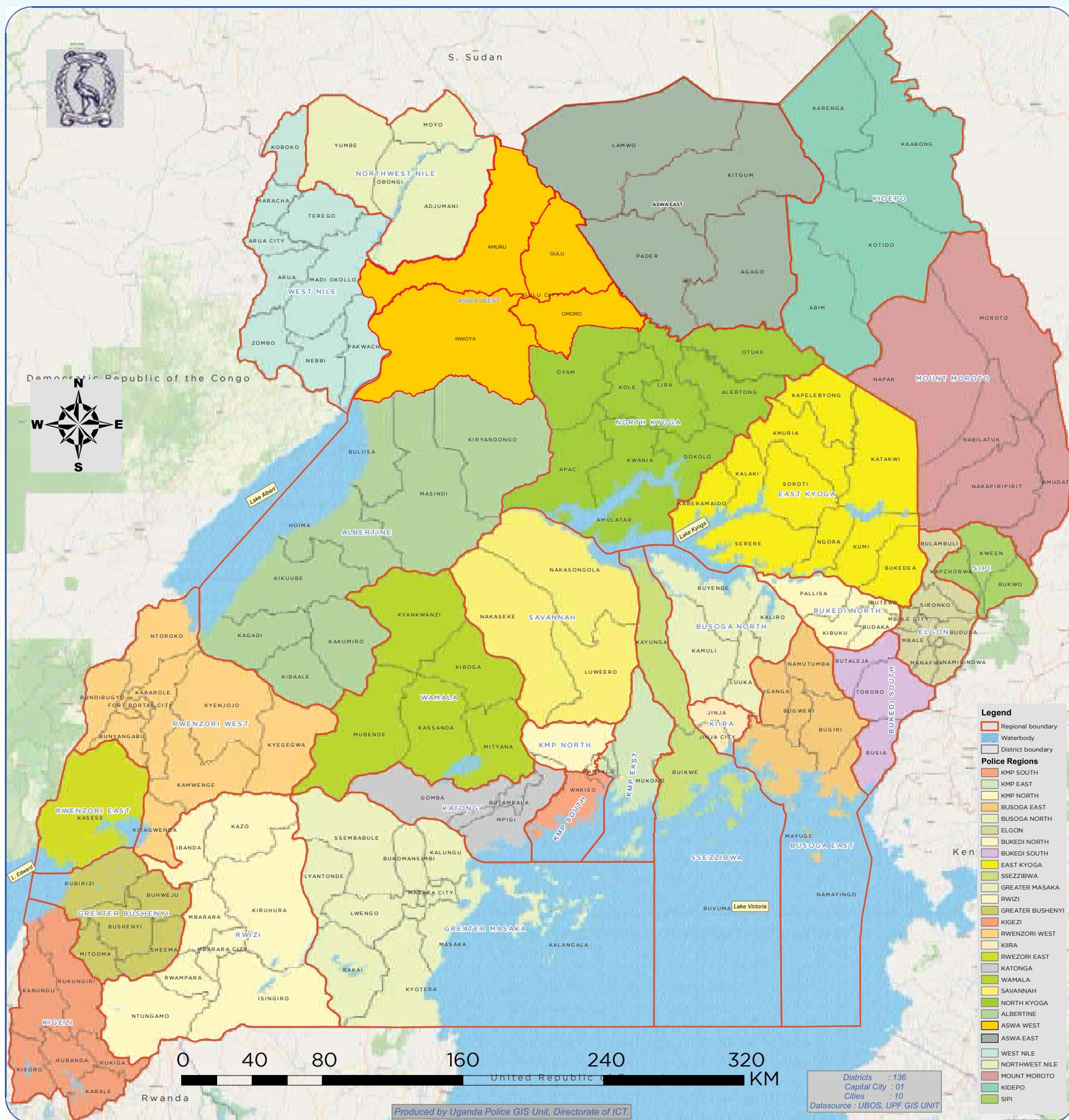
**SSEZIBWA**  
Buikwe  
Buvuma  
Kayunga  
Njeru Division

**WAMALA**  
Kassanda  
Kiboga  
Kyankwanzi  
Mityana  
Mubende

**WEST NILE**  
Arua Central  
Arua Ayivu East  
Arua Rural-Vurra  
Arua Ayivu West  
Koboko  
Maracha

Nebbi  
Zombo  
Pakwach  
Terego  
Madi Okolo

**Figure 1: Map of Uganda Showing Policing Regions and Districts/Divisions**



## FOREWORD

This being my maiden Annual Crime Report as IGP, allow me to first extend my sincere gratitude to H.E. The President of the Republic of Uganda Gen. (Rtd) Yoweri Kaguta Museveni Tibuhaburwa for entrusting me with the responsibility of commanding the Uganda Police Force.

We note that there was a **4.1%** decrease in the number of crimes reported to Police from **228,074** cases in 2023 to **218,715** cases in 2024. I take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to our people who were able to lodge in their complaints at various police stations in 2024. It is these reported complaints that enabled us to compile this Annual Crime Report and be able to assess progress in fulfilling our mandate as enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Uganda.

Apart from my overall role to give strategic guidance and direction to the Police Force to ensure law and order, one of my tasks as IGP has been to implement the pending directive by H.E. The President of the Republic of Uganda to reorganise the Force from being a City/Town based Force, to a Uganda Police Force as envisaged in the Constitution of the Republic of Uganda. In so doing, we have started implementing the Sub-county Policing Model where we shall have **18** Police officers at each sub-county. This is aimed at decentralising the Police services closer to our people, enhancing crime prevention in the communities and enabling quick response to crimes.

In the above reorganization of the force, the priority is on improving the mindset and operational readiness of the personnel to perform their duties including their welfare, housing, health and capacity building to ensure professionalism. This coupled with adequate anti-crime infrastructure, will position the force to ensure law and order which will enable strategic security, prosperity and socio-economic transformation in the Country.



I wish to commend the good coordination we have built with other stakeholders including the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Judiciary, JLOS, Local Councils, General public, sister security agencies like UPDF, Prisons, ISO, ESO and both local and international organizations. This coordination, cooperation and collaboration explains the achievements we continue to register in dealing with various forms of crime to ensure law and order is maintained.

It is therefore our resolve, that in 2025, my leadership will continue to focus on the above priorities including expanding on the existing anti-crime infrastructure to ensure a professional and people-centered Police for a Safe and Secure Society.

As I conclude, I wish to thank the political leadership led by H.E. The President, our line minister and his team in the Police Authority for the leadership and support that is enabling us to focus on the priorities we have embarked on as the Uganda Police Force.

Let me take this opportunity therefore to officially launch this Annual Crime Report 2024.

For God and My country.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "BYAKAGABA ABAS".

**BYAKAGABA ABAS**  
*Inspector General of Police*



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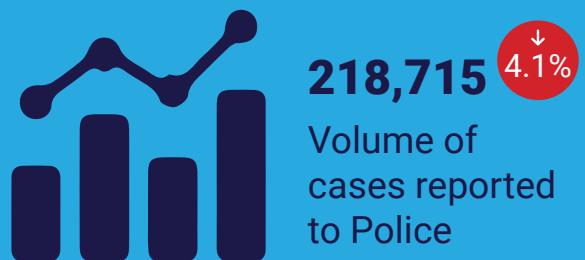
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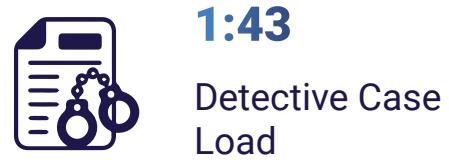
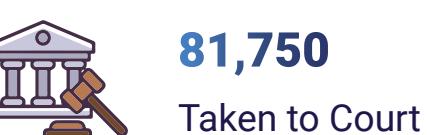


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## QUICK FACTS ON CASES REPORTED



**Crime Rate**  
Out of every 100,000 people, **476** were victims of crime





## Traffic & Road Safety

**426,432** ↓19.2%  
Traffic Offenses



**25,107** ↑6.4%  
Road Traffic Crashes

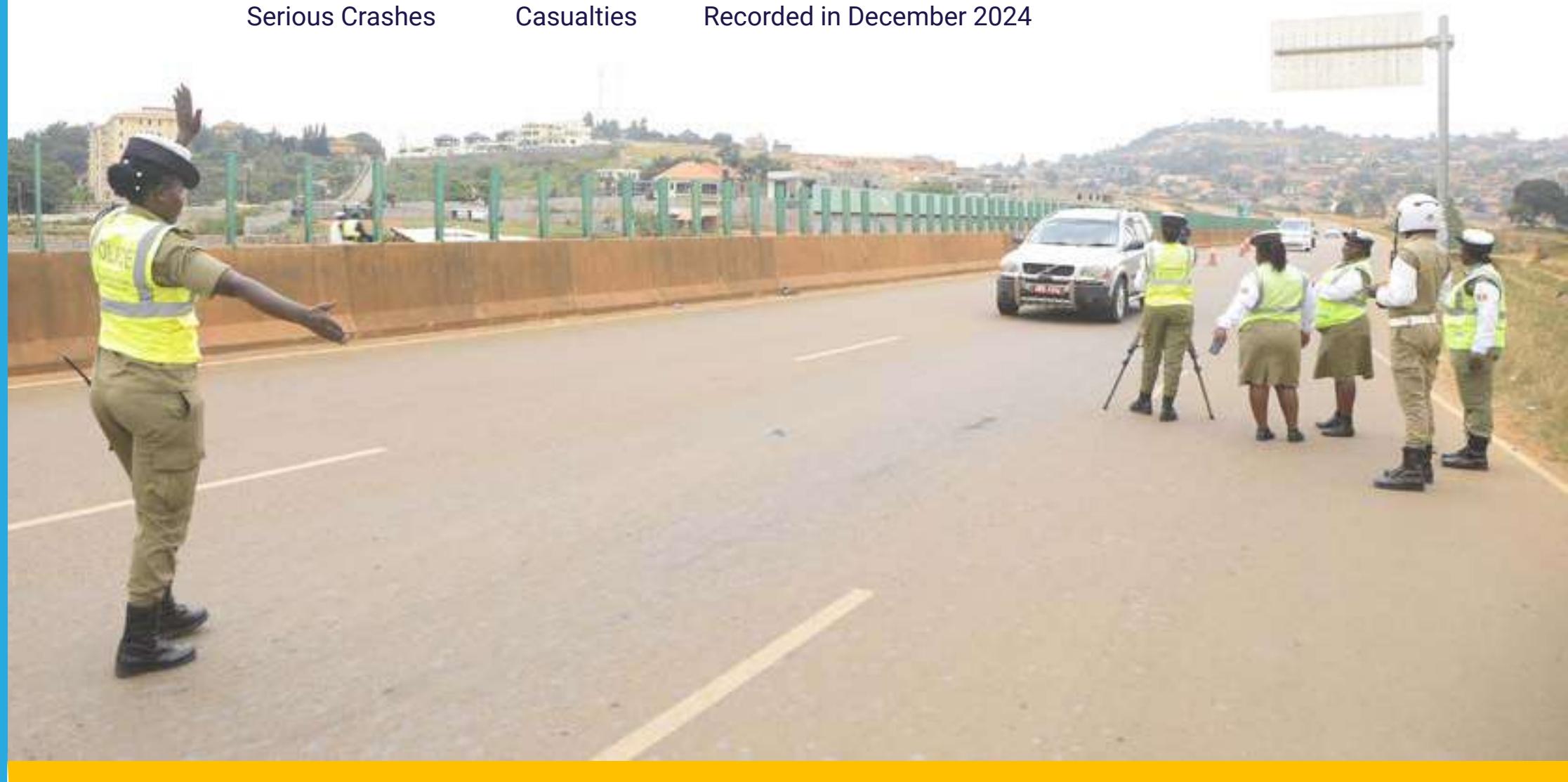
**4,434** ↑6.1%  
Fatal Crashes

**7,539** ↑8.6%  
Minor Crashes

**13,134** ↑5.2%  
Serious Crashes

**25,808** ↑4.4%  
Casualties

**2,445** ↑Highest No. Casualties  
Recorded in December 2024



## Fire & Rescue Services

**1,280** ↑13.8%  
Total number of fires registered

**1,150**  
Fires handled

**530** / 33%  
Fires reported between 0001hrs to 0600hrs

**10**  
Fictitious fires

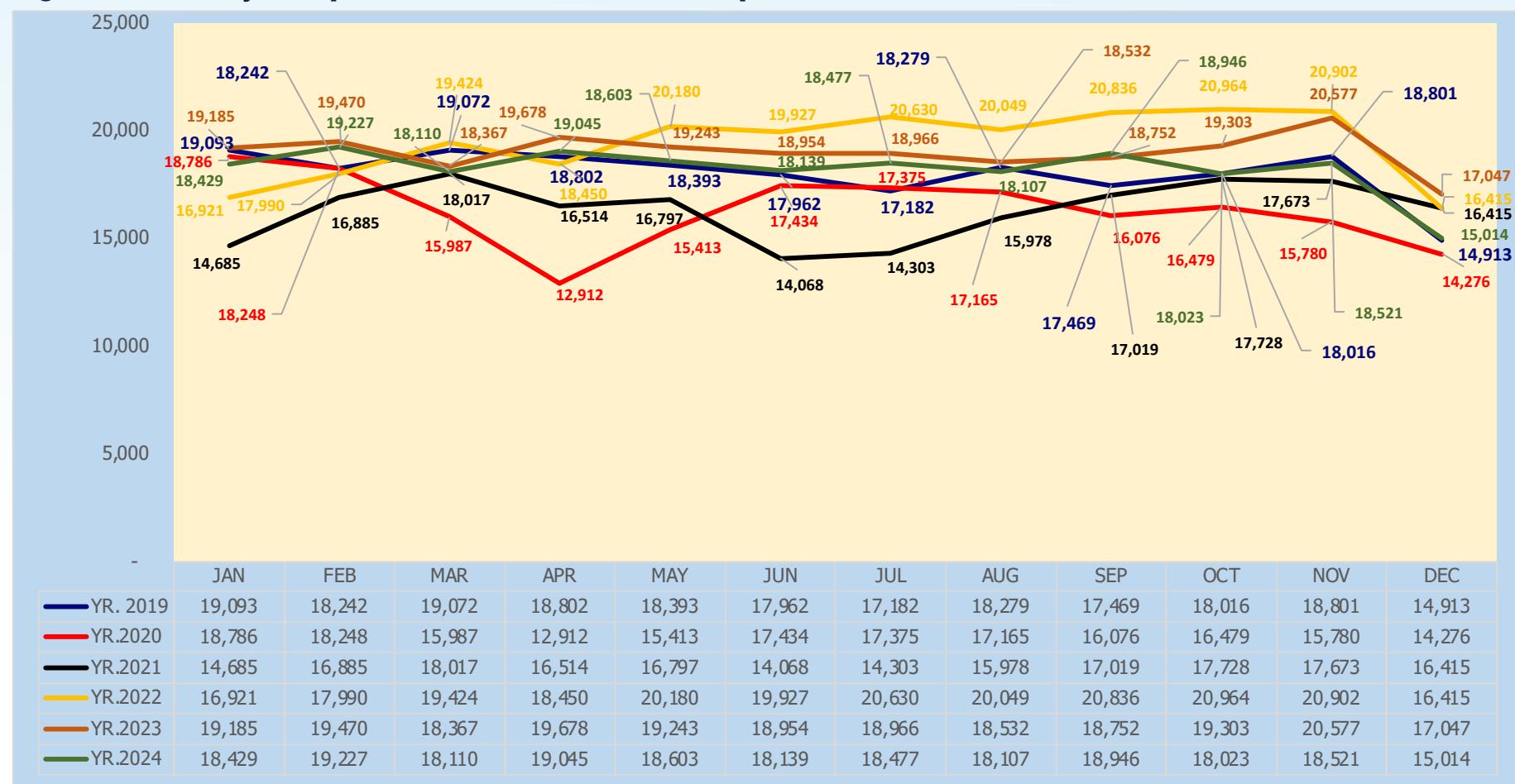


# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Crime Investigations

In 2024, there was a **4.1%** decrease in the volume of crimes reported to Police from **228,074** cases registered in 2023 to **218,715** cases.

**Figure 2: Monthly Comparison of General Crimes Reported between 2019 – 2024**



Out of the total cases reported to the Police countrywide, **81,750** cases were taken to Court, **46,302** cases were not proceeded with, while **90,663** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **26,328** cases secured convictions, **1,510** cases were acquitted, **10,333** cases were dismissed while **43,579** cases are still pending in Court.

**Table 1: Comparison of General Crimes Reported between 2019 – 2024**

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Thefts	61,529	65,901	61,508	43,583	41,950	55,704
2	Assault	29,580	29,884	32,041	29,317	30,712	31,895
4	Sex-related Offences	14,425	14,846	14,693	16,373	16,144	15,638
3	Domestic Violence	14,073	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
5	Breakings	13,511	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	12,919
7	Economic & Corruption Crimes	13,107	12,924	13,202	11,023	10,089	13,328
6	Threatening Violence	10,160	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
8	Child-related Offences	9,408	10,741	13,489	8,681	9,225	10,596
9	Robberies	8,163	7,768	6,854	5,275	5,302	6,761
10	Malicious Damage to Property	7,992	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
11	Criminal Trespass	7,674	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
12	Homicide	4,329	4,248	4,043	3,912	4,460	4,718
13	Narcotics	2,240	2,113	2,797	1,668	1,714	2,750
14	Arson (General)	1,604	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
15	Escape from Lawful Custody	927	1,072	988	751	813	1,329
16	Land-related Cases	397	289	561	332	264	269
17	Political/ Media Offences	105	125	140	797	1,033	169
18	Terrorism	5	26	15	21	2	10

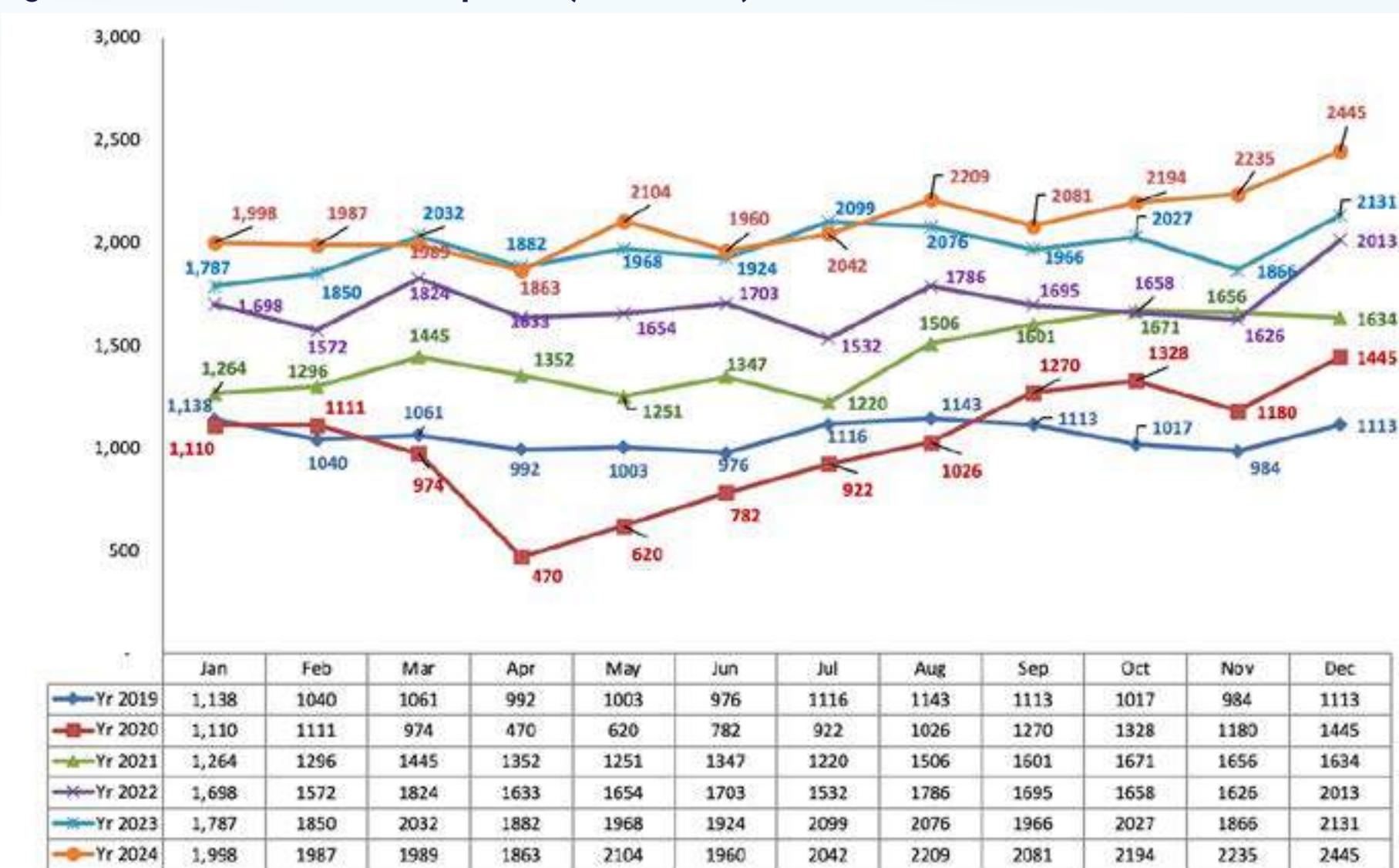


## Traffic and Road Safety

There was a **19.2%** decrease in common offences registered by the Directorate of Traffic and Road Safety countrywide from **528,025** cases registered in 2023 to **426,432** cases in 2024.

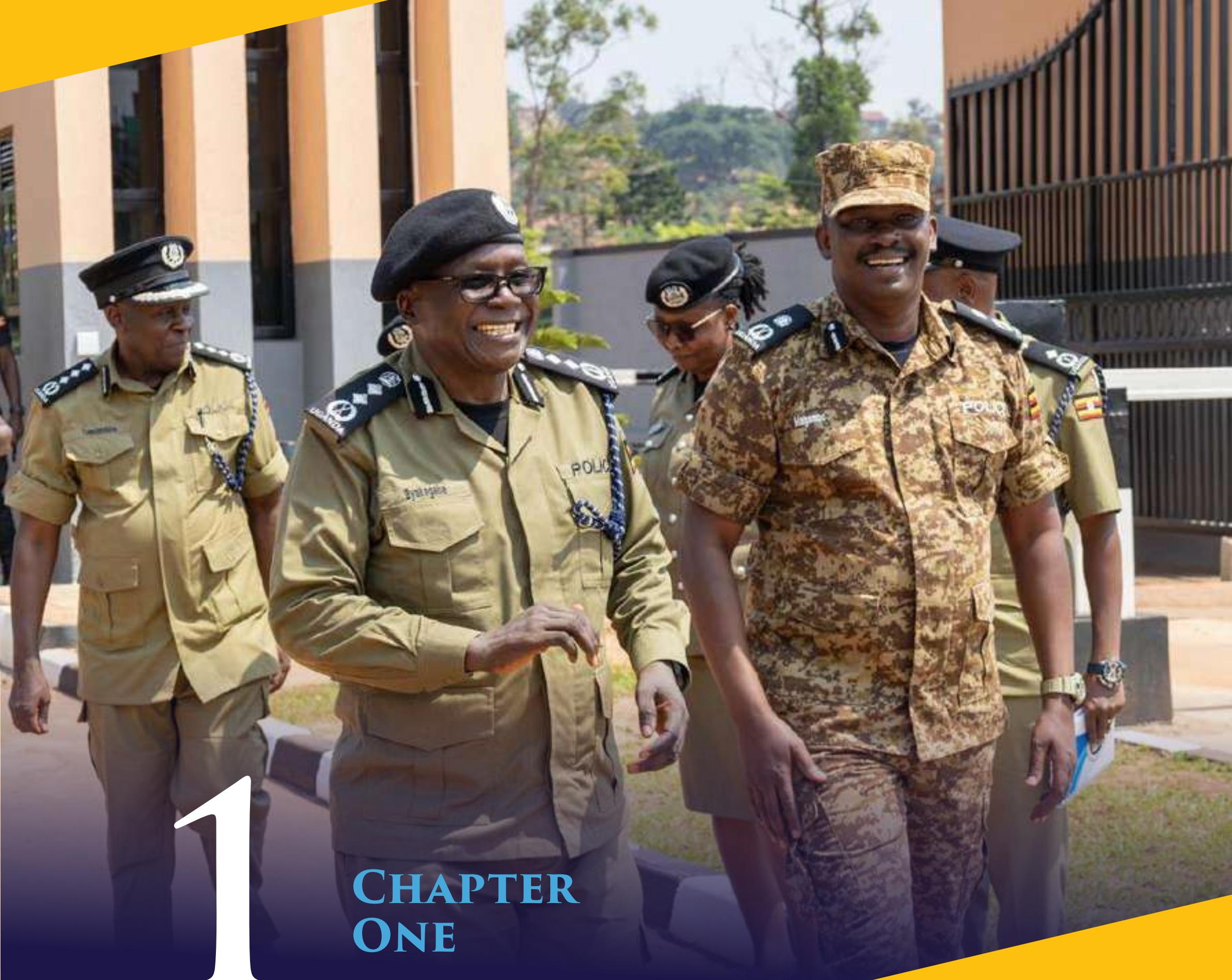
Road traffic crashes increased in 2024 as compared to 2023 by **6.4%** from, **23,608** in 2023 to **25,107** in 2024. Out of the total crashes reported to Police, **4,434** were fatal, **13,134** were serious and **7,539** were minor. The number of reported fatal crashes also increased by **6.1%**, from **4,179** in 2023 to **4,434** in 2024. The number of serious crashes increased by **5.2%**, from **12,487** in 2023 to **13,134** in 2024. The number of minor crashes increased by **8.6%** from **6,942** in 2023 to **7,539** in 2024.

**Figure 3: Road Traffic Crashes Comparison (2019 – 2024)**



## Fire and Rescue Services

In 2024, there was a **13.8%** increase in the number of fires reported from **1,104** in 2023 to **1,280** in 2024. Out of the cases reported to the Directorate, **1,150** were handled, **120** were handled before arrival and **10** were false calls. **750** fires making **67%** were reported between 0600hrs and 1200hrs and **530** fires making **33%** were reported between 0001hrs to 0600hrs in the morning in 2024. Majority of fires were registered in residential buildings followed by Makeshift structures with a total number of **300** and **250** respectively. The Directorate registered a **9%** increase in school fires from **50** cases in 2023 to **55** cases in 2024.



## 1.0 CRIME ANALYSIS

### 1.1 Introduction

In 2024, there was a **4.1%** decrease in the volume of crimes reported to Police from **228,074** cases registered in 2023 to **218,715** cases. Out of the total cases reported to the Police countrywide, **81,750** cases were taken to Court, **46,302** cases were not proceeded with, while **90,663** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **26,328** cases secured convictions, **1,510** cases were acquitted, **10,333** cases were dismissed while **43,579** cases are still pending in Court.

Arising out of the total cases reported to Police, **88,985** suspects (i.e., **81,878** Male Adults, **4,839** Female Adults, **2,073** Male Juveniles and **195** Female Juveniles) were arrested and charged to Court. Out of whom, **12,148** (**11,050** male Adult, **640** Female Adult, **404** Male Juveniles, **54** Female Juveniles) were convicted and sentenced to serve in various prisons countrywide for offences they committed, while **76,364** suspects were still awaiting trial by Courts of Law.

For 2024, a grand total of **220,594** persons (**132,714** Male Adults, **59,331** Female Adults, **7,969** Male Juveniles, **20,580** Female Juveniles) were victims of crimes.

**Table 2: Monthly Crime Statistical Summary (January – December 2024)**

Month	CASES REPORTED				PERFOMANCE					ACCUSED CHARGED			
	Totals Cases	Cases under Inquiry	Not Detected /NPW	Cases taken to Court	Cases submitted to DPP/ RSA	Cases with convictions	Cases with Acquittals	Cases Dismissed	Cases pending in Court	M/A	M/J	F/A	F/J
January	18,429	7,755	3,832	6,719	9,871	2221	131	587	3,567	6,312	170	323	13
February	19,227	8,109	4,465	6,748	10,308	2164	33	795	3,603	6,736	138	384	14
March	18,110	7,696	3,768	6,469	9,735	2105	164	864	3,441	6,227	148	399	14
April	19,045	8,222	4,284	6,418	9,802	1973	98	864	3,444	6,113	141	304	11
May	18,603	7,716	3,666	7,083	10,318	2324	98	1175	3,764	6,945	170	392	21
June	18,139	7,240	3,998	7,196	10,105	2253	131	484	3,849	8,139	222	421	17
July	18,551	7,530	4,052	7,150	10,340	2418	131	933	3,774	7,668	218	492	15
August	18,107	7,480	4,028	6,708	9,620	2029	197	968	3,625	6,648	157	472	30
September	18,946	7,890	3,854	7,091	10,547	2274	230	657	3,795	6,945	188	420	18
October	18,023	7,400	3,389	7,070	10,512	2244	131	795	3,783	7,014	175	442	18
November	18,521	7,424	3,707	7,475	10,544	2477	131	1140	3,965	7,224	224	417	18
December	15,014	6,201	3,257	5,623	8,237	1846	33	1071	2,968	5,908	122	373	6
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>218,715</b>	<b>90,663</b>	<b>46,302</b>	<b>81,750</b>	<b>119,939</b>	<b>26,328</b>	<b>1,510</b>	<b>10,333</b>	<b>43,579</b>	<b>81,878</b>	<b>2,073</b>	<b>4839</b>	<b>195</b>



## 1.2 Case Backlog Management

In 2023, a number of cases reported to Police, were still under investigations (**94,535** cases) which eventually turned into case backlog. Investigations of these cases continued in various Police Stations and their status changed by the end of 2024 as shown in the table below.

**Table 3: Monthly Case Backlog performance, 2023.**

Month	CASES REPORTED				PERFOMANCE					ACCUSED CHARGED			
	Totals Cases	Cases under Inquiry	Not Detected / NPW	Cases taken to court	Cases submitted to DPP/RSA	Cases with convictions	Cases with Acquittals	Cases Dismissed	Cases pending in Court	MALE	FEMALE	M/J	F/J
January	19,185	3,977	5,863	9,345	13,072	3,357	111	830	5,047	10,119	253	628	70
February	19,470	3,996	6,243	9,231	13,628	2,950	37	537	5,707	9,857	238	616	35
March	18,367	3,724	5,126	9,517	13,764	2,782	76	977	5,682	10,100	265	649	37
April	19,678	4,048	5,766	9,864	14,298	3,086	116	1,172	5,490	10,237	239	672	22
May	19,243	4,015	5,746	9,482	14,368	2,975	139	1,221	5,147	9,449	247	671	28
June	18,954	3,969	5,728	9,257	14,231	2,979	114	1,368	4,796	9,773	274	662	41
July	18,966	3,940	5,708	9,318	14,602	2,448	225	928	5,717	9,723	248	752	24
August	18,532	3,777	5,295	9,460	14,399	2,561	299	1,123	5,477	10,167	273	765	20
September	18,752	3,716	5,092	9,944	14,353	3,108	129	879	5,828	10,770	339	692	33
October	19,303	3,857	5,387	10,059	14,783	3,189	113	1,514	5,243	10,608	360	814	26
November	20,577	4,227	5,997	10,353	15,020	3,154	188	1,270	5,741	11,078	384	768	27
December	17,047	3,559	5,302	8,186	10,587	2,448	25	1,566	4,147	9,202	280	641	20
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>228,074</b>	<b>46,805</b>	<b>67,253</b>	<b>114,016</b>	<b>167,105</b>	<b>35,037</b>	<b>1,572</b>	<b>13,385</b>	<b>64,022</b>	<b>121,083</b>	<b>3,400</b>	<b>8,330</b>	<b>383</b>



## 1.3 Crime Distribution

### 1.3.1 Monthly Crime Distribution

On average, a total of **18,226** cases were reported to Police per month. The month of February 2024 registered the highest number of cases countrywide (**19,227** cases), followed by April with **19,045** cases and September with **18,946** cases as illustrated in the figure below.

**Figure 4: Monthly Crime Comparison (January – December 2024/2023/2022)**



### 1.3.2 Cases Submitted to RSA/DPP

Out of the cases reported to Police, **119,939** cases were submitted to RSA/DPP for perusal and legal advice. The month of September registered the highest number of cases submitted to RSA/DPP (**10,547** cases) followed by July with **10,340** cases and May with **10,318** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 5: Monthly Crime Comparison of Cases Submitted to RSA/DPP (January – December 2024/2023/2022)**





### 1.3.3 Cases Taken to Court

The month of November registered the highest number of cases taken to Court (**7,475** cases), followed by June with **7,196** cases, July with **7,150** cases taken to Court as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 6: Cases Taken to Court (January– December 2024/2023/2022)**



### 1.3.4 Convictions Secured

The month of November 2024 secured the highest convictions (**2,477** convictions), followed by July with **2,418** convictions and May with **2,324** Convictions as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 7: Monthly Convictions Secured (January – December 2024/2023/2022)**



### 1.3.5 Regional Performance

Out of the 29 Policing Regions in Uganda, Rwizi registered the highest number of cases (**17,404**), followed by KMP North with **16,978** cases, North Kyoga with **16,490** cases, KMP South with **15,251** cases and Greater Masaka with **12,036** cases as shown in Table 4 below.

**Table 4: Crimes by Region (January – December 2024)**

S/No.	REGIONS	TOTAL CASES					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Rwizi	17,105	16,987	14,204	12,130	12,117	13,527
2	KMP North	16,742	15,920	16,691	12,304	11,748	11,777
3	North Kyoga	16,220	17,995	17,605	11,485	9,901	13,343
4	KMP South	15,353	15,348	14,492	10,001	9,536	12,559
5	Greater Masaka	11,884	11,717	11,967	11,192	10,086	11,789
6	Albertine	11,464	12,548	13,544	11,186	10,431	9,890
7	KMP East	11,207	11,561	10,490	8,029	8,387	9,640
8	Aswa East	4,601	3,336	3,312	4,098	3,885	5,249
9	Aswa West	4,578	5,640	6,084	5,782	5,731	5,923
10	Rwenzori West	9,737	9,584	8,792	7,966	9,079	8,642
11	East Kyoga	7,989	9,532	9,388	9,851	9,494	9,516
12	Busoga East	7,272	7,399	7,303	5,786	6,074	6,546
13	Wamala	7,799	6,640	5,954	5,193	5,190	5,650
14	Elgon	7,337	8,637	8,166	7,631	7,472	8,939
15	Kigezi	6,634	6,729	6,043	6,173	7,337	8,011
16	Busoga North	5,876	6,208	7,438	6,593	5,501	7,075
17	Sipi	6,080	7,432	6,548	3,962	6,996	5,385
18	Savannah	6,168	7,206	7,126	5,279	4,245	5,928
19	West Nile	6,098	7,608	7,533	6,960	8,476	5,758
20	Sezibwa	5,068	5,024	6,212	4,975	5,037	5,647
21	Greater Bushenyi	4,872	5,159	5,544	5,256	6,145	7,254
22	Bukedi South	4,916	4,761	5,278	4,087	4,888	9,786
23	Kiira	4,506	4,241	4,277	3,011	3,214	3,465
24	North West Nile	3,848	4,061	4,498	3,923	3,621	3,341
25	Mt Moroto	3,692	4,084	5,301	5,598	4,184	4,159
26	Bukedi North	3,651	3,116	4,522	4,528	4,668	-
27	Katonga	3,274	3,434	6,205	5,664	7,147	5,585
28	Rwenzori East	2,788	3,629	3,162	2,977	1,847	3,017
29	Kidepo	1,419	1,832	2,492	2,299	2,094	2,658
30	C.I.D Headquarters	537	706	1,482	2,162	1,400	2,165
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>		<b>218,715</b>	<b>228,074</b>	<b>231,653</b>	<b>196,081</b>	<b>195,928</b>	<b>215,224</b>

### 1.3.6 Districts/Divisional Performance

Out of the **185** Police Divisions/Central Police Stations in Uganda, Rwampara registered the highest number of cases (**3,877** cases), followed by Old Kampala Police Division with **3,604** cases, Katwe Police Division with **3,584** cases, Luwero Police Station with **3,374** cases and Kawempe Police Division with **3,362** cases, among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 5: The 14 Leading Divisions/Stations in Crime (January to December 2024-2019)**

S/NO.	REGION	TOTAL CASES					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Rwampara	3,877	3,526	1,901	1,595	1,206	383
2	Old Kampala	3,604	3,200	4,314	2,694	3,262	3,157
3	Katwe	3,584	4,291	3,938	2,396	2,797	4,559
4	Luwero	3,374	4,111	3,902	2,880	1,976	2,815
5	Kawempe	3,362	2,684	2,656	2,394	2,051	2,068
6	Mukono	2,926	3,114	2,761	2,356	2,386	2,951
7	Buyende	2,882	2,402	1,930	2,057	1,554	1,603
8	Jinja	2,646	2,567	2,460	1,764	1,964	2,297
9	Ntungamo	2,552	2,759	2,474	2,235	2,284	2,070
10	Kasangati	2,529	2,689	2,667	1,831	1,767	2,022
11	Mayuge	2,399	2,759	2,474	2,235	2,284	2,494
12	Bukwo	2,370	2,597	2,742	1,231	1,068	1,105
13	Jinja Road	2,324	2,520	1,891	1,429	1,379	1,781
14	Kween	2,244	2,191	1,357	1,143	2,716	1,137

### 1.3.7 Crime Distribution by Category

Theft of all kinds (General) registered the highest number of cases (**28,358** cases), followed by Common Assault with **23,457** cases, Domestic Violence with **14,073** cases, obtaining by False Pretences with **10,449** cases, Threatening Violence with **10,160** cases, Defilements with **8,240** cases, Theft of Cash with **8,136** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 6: The 18 Leading Crimes by Category**

S/No	CRIME CATEGORY	cases					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Theft of all Kinds (General)	28,358	31,262	28,419	19,026	19,290	26,999
2	Common Assault	23,457	23,822	26,124	23,167	24,799	25,698
3	Domestic Violence	14,073	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
4	Obtaining by False Pretences	10,449	10,709	10,652	8,634	8,069	10,598
5	Threatening Violence	10,160	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
6	Defilement	8,240	8,925	8,960	10,653	10,413	10,489
7	Thefts of Cash	8,136	7,886	7,498	5,435	4,819	6,479
8	Malicious Damage to Property	7,992	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
9	Criminal Trespass	7,674	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
10	Thefts of Mobile Phones	7,454	7,407	6,936	4,143	4,043	5,630
11	Cattle Stealing	7,330	8,442	7,975	6,810	6,586	7,665
12	Burglaries	6,447	6,619	6,570	4,822	4,991	6,381



S/No	CRIME CATEGORY	cases					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
13	Theft of Motorcycles	6,311	6,065	5,675	4,308	3,507	4,249
14	Aggravated Assault(General)	6,123	6,030	5,900	6,141	5,911	6,155
15	Simple Robbery(General)	5,047	4,745	4,338	3,319	3,548	4,428
16	Aggravated Defilement	4,072	3,846	3,620	3,783	3,721	3,124
17	Child Neglect	3,663	4,730	6,505	4,961	4,785	6,202
18	House Breakings	3,019	3,329	3,174	2,129	2,041	3,156

## 1.4 Crime Trend

### 1.4.1 Annual Crime Trend

There was a general downward trend in the crimes registered in the country from 2017 to 2024. This was due to deliberate efforts to tackle the vice by the Uganda Police Force (UPF) in conjunction with other sister security agencies, as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 8: Annual Crime Trend from 2017 to 2024**



2024 registered a decrease in crimes by **4.1%** compared to 2023. This is lower than crime reported in the pre-covid period (2018 and 2017) which depicted a reducing trend.

### 1.4.2 Annual Crime Trend by Crime Category (2024-2019)

There was a spatial distribution of crimes by category since 2019 to 2024 as broken down in the table below.

**Table 7: Crime Trend by Category for Selected Crimes (2019-2024)**

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Thefts	61,529	65,901	61,508	43,583	41,950	55,704
2	Assault	29,580	29,884	32,041	29,317	30,712	31,895
4	Sex-related Offences	14,425	14,846	14,693	16,373	16,144	15,638
3	Domestic Violence	14,073	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
5	Breakings	13,511	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	12,919

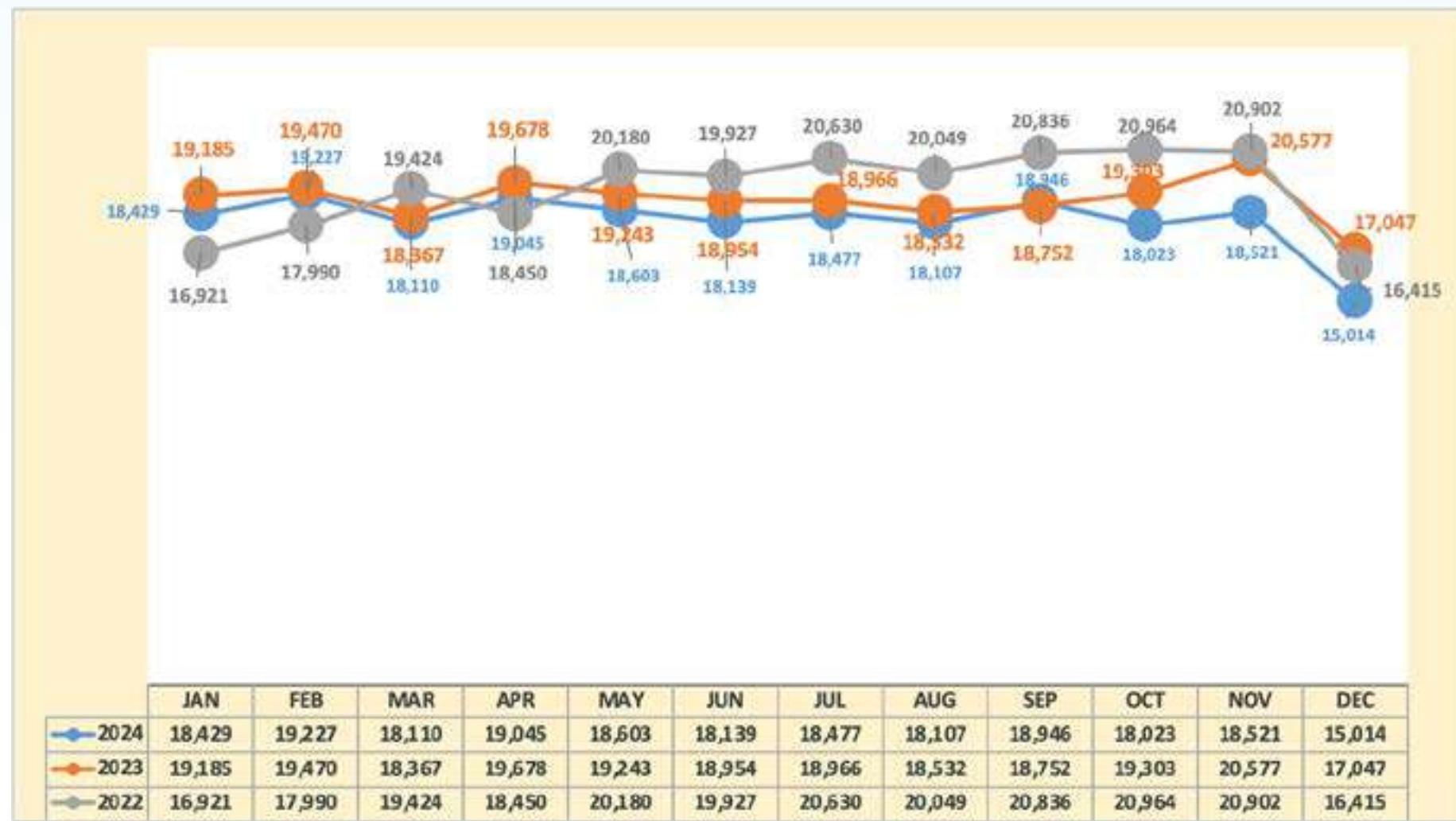


S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
7	Economic & Corruption Crimes	13,107	12,924	13,202	11,023	10,089	13,328
6	Threatening Violence	10,160	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
8	Child-related Offences	9,408	10,741	13,489	8,681	9,225	10,596
9	Robberies	8,163	7,768	6,854	5,275	5,302	6,761
10	Malicious Damage to Property	7,992	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
11	Criminal Trespass	7,674	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
12	Homicide	4,329	4,248	4,043	3,912	4,460	4,718
13	Narcotics	2,240	2,113	2,797	1,668	1,714	2,750
14	Arson (General)	1,604	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
15	Escape from Lawful Custody	927	1,072	988	751	813	1,329
16	Land-related Cases	397	289	561	332	264	269
17	Political/ Media Offences	105	125	140	797	1,033	169
18	Terrorism	5	26	15	21	2	10

#### 1.4.3 Monthly Crime Trend (2022 – 2024)

On average, **18,226** cases were reported to Police every month in the year 2024.

**Figure 9: Monthly Crime Trend (2022 - 2024)**





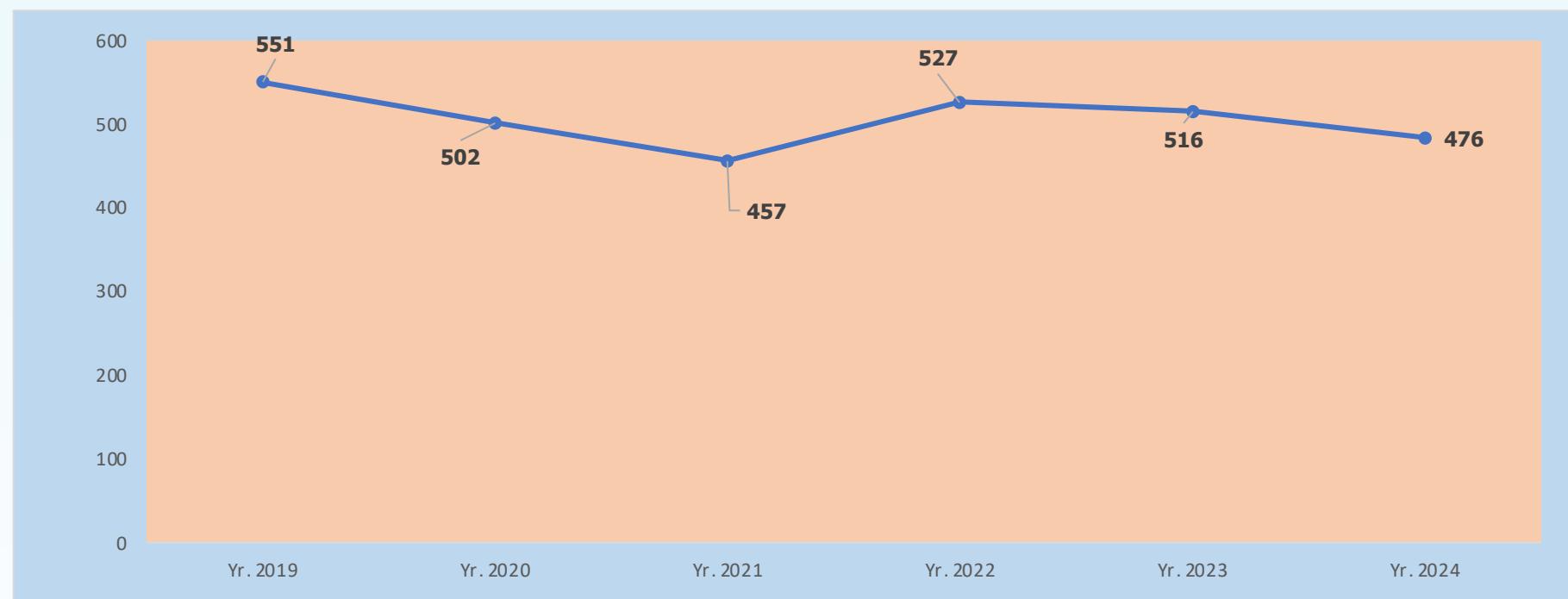
#### 1.4.4 Crime Rate

According to UBOS, the population of Uganda in 2024 was estimated at **45,935,046** million people, thereby giving a crime rate of:

$$\frac{218,715}{45,935,046} \times 100,000 = 476$$

This means that, out of every **100,000** people, **476** were victims of crime.

**Figure 10: Comparison of Crime Rate 2019 – 2024**



#### 1.5 Crime Analysis

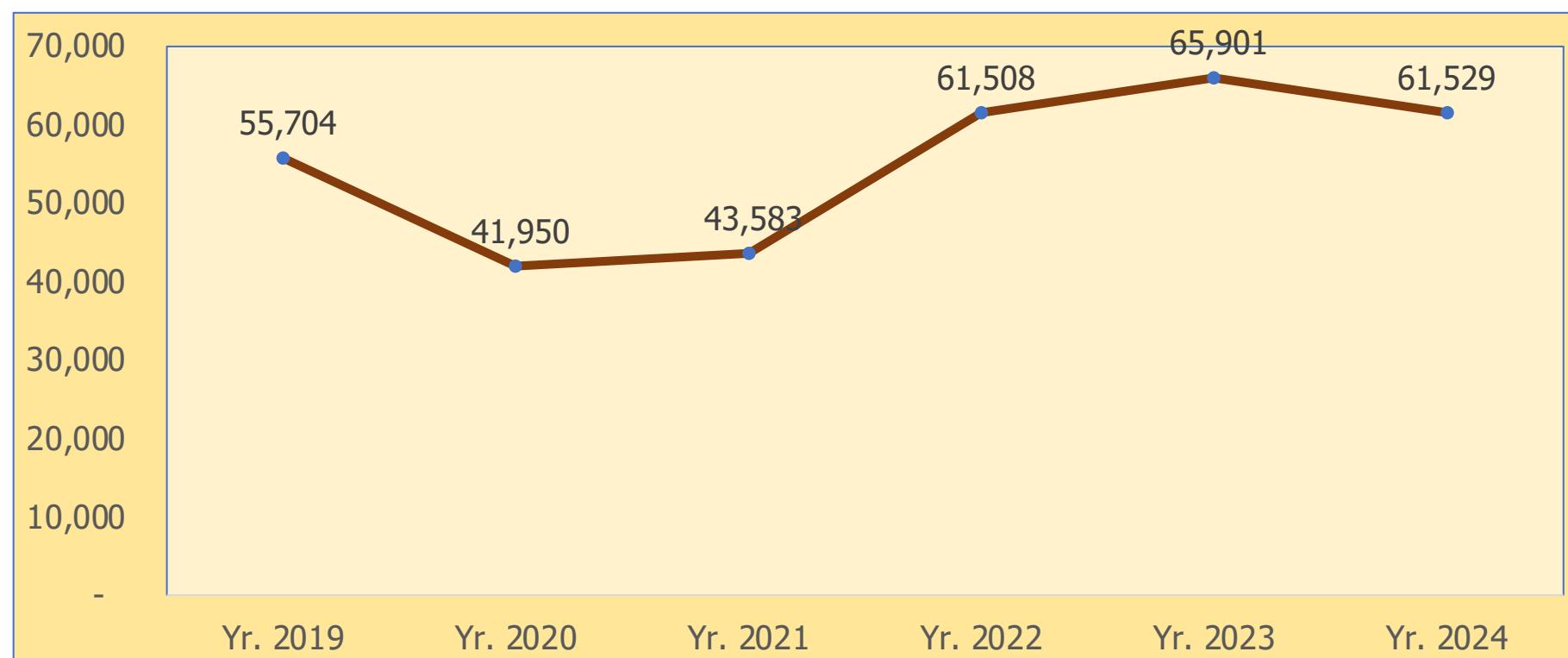
##### 1.5.1 Thefts

By the end of 2024, **61,529** cases registered at Police (representing **28%** of the total reported cases) were due to Theft as compared to **65,901** cases reported in 2023, giving a decrease of **6.6%** Theft cases registered country wide. Theft cases were mainly motivated by economic gains.

##### Comparison of Theft Cases from 2019 to 2024

There was a general increase in cases of Theft from **55,704** cases reported to Police in 2019 to **62,252** cases registered in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 11: Comparison of Theft cases from 2019 - 2024**





By the end of 2024, out of the total Theft cases reported to Police, **29,795** cases were taken to Court, **9,809** cases were not proceeded with, while **21,925** cases are still under inquiry. **39,820** cases were submitted to DPP/RSA for perusal and legal guidance. Out of the **29,795** cases taken to Court, **11,172** cases secured convictions, **456** cases were acquitted, **4,081** cases were dismissed while **14,086** cases are still pending in Court.

Resulting out of the total Theft cases reported to Police in the whole year, **29,032** suspects (i.e. **26,802** Male Adults, **1,462** Female Adults, **692** Male Juveniles and **76** Female Juveniles) were arrested and charged to Court. Out of whom, **4,270** (**3,928** Male Adults, **156** Female Adults, **173** Male Juveniles and **13** Female Juveniles) were convicted and sentenced to serve in different prisons countrywide for offences they committed while **24,465** suspects were still awaiting trial. For the whole year, a grand total of **60,650** persons (**45,173** Male Adults, **14,924** Female Adults, **371** Male Juveniles, **182** Female Juveniles) were victims of the crime of Theft.

### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi registered the highest number of Theft cases (**5,933** cases), followed by KMP North with **5,383** cases and KMP South with **5,067** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 12: Regions With Highest Number of Theft Cases**



Kidepo Region registered the least number of Theft cases with **219** cases, followed by Mt. Moroto with **496** cases, Bukedi |North with **829** cases, Rwenzori East with **972** cases and North West Nile with **1,048** cases among other regions.

### b. District/Divisional Performance

The highest number of Theft cases were registered in Rwampara (**1,499** cases), followed by Old Kampala Division with **1,443** cases and Katwe Police Station with **1,084** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 8: District/Divisions With Highest Number of Theft Cases**

S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Rwampara	1,499	1,512	719	422	294	84
2.	Old Kampala	1,443	1,213	1,326	817	785	889
3.	Katwe	1,084	1,358	149	669	645	1,189
4.	Luwero	1,083	1,131	985	723	514	918



S/No.	Crime Categories	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
5.	Kawempe	1,067	983	850	659	607	701
6.	Mukono	1,017	1,152	1,059	803	798	1,060
7.	CPS Kampala	918	967	925	811	642	816
8.	Jinja Road	876	997	690	521	468	745
9.	Ntungamo	861	967	787	542	490	639
10.	Kira Road	836	861	872	548	677	756
11.	Kabalagala	776	854	750	459	478	778
12.	Mubende	761	687	538	318	278	390
13.	Natete	759	288	-	-	-	-
14.	Kira Division	756	856	852	478	401	602
15.	Buyende	680	534	395	397	379	347

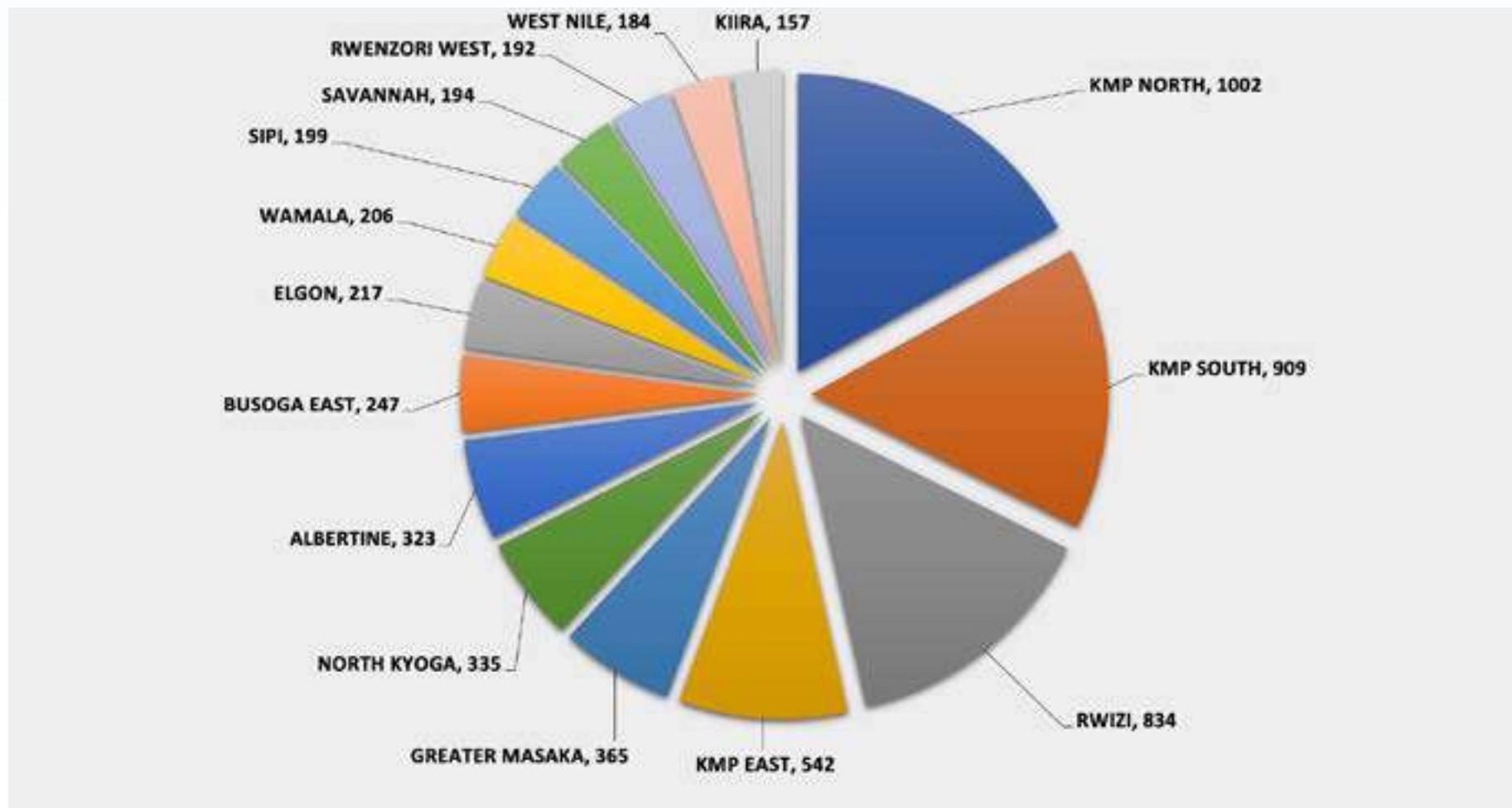
### 1.5.1.1 Theft of Mobile phones

A total of **7,330** cases of Mobile Phone Thefts were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **7,407** cases reported in 2023, giving a **1.0%** decrease in Mobile Phone Thefts. Most of these cases occurred as a result of snatching from unsuspecting members of the public.

#### a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Mobile Phone Thefts (**1,002** cases), followed by KMP/S with **909** cases, Rwizi with **834** cases, KMP East with **542** cases and Greater Masaka with **365** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 13: Leading Regions in Theft of Mobile Phones**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance



Rwampara registered the highest number of Mobile Phone Thefts (**486** cases), followed by Old Kampala with **363** cases, Katwe with **235** cases, Kawempe with **218** cases, CPS Kampala with **198** cases and Jinja Road with **157** cases as shown in table below.

**Table 9: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Theft of Mobile Phones**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
1	Rwampara	486	555	254	14	3
2	Old Kampala	363	283	268	148	144
3	Katwe	235	248	243	119	118
4	Kawempe	218	179	169	144	103
5	CPS Kampala	198	201	189	173	131
6	Jinja Road	157	147	148	96	74
7	Kabalagala	152	158	127	92	79
8	Luwero	146	177	94	69	37
9	Mukono	132	147	127	92	78
10	Kira Road	130	150	138	79	141
11	Nateete	119	54	-	-	-
12	Nansana	117	155	149	77	77
13	Jinja	108	137	62	49	71
14	Wandegeya	105	114	136	125	62
15	Mbarara	99	134	116	92	87

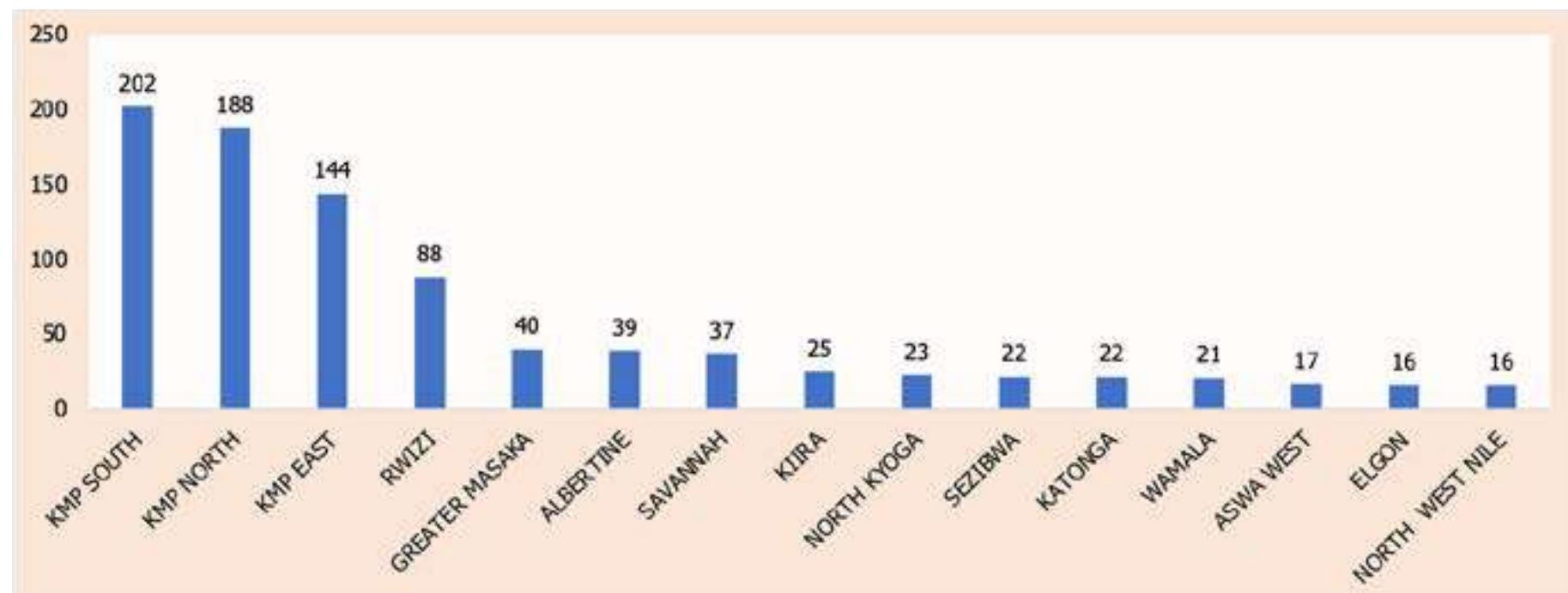
### 1.5.1.2 Theft of Motor Vehicles

A total of **999** cases of Theft of Motor Vehicles were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **1,011** cases reported in 2023, giving a **1.2%** decrease in Theft of Motor Vehicles in this year. A total of **4,890** Motor Vehicles were reported stolen, out of which, **2,447** were recovered, **486** were found abandoned, while **1,957** were not recovered.

#### a. Regional Performance

KMP South registered the highest number of Motor Vehicles Thefts (**202** cases), followed by KMP North with **188** cases, KMP East with **144** cases, Rwizi with **88** cases, Greater Masaka with **40** cases and Savannah with **37** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 14: Regions With Highest Number of Theft of Motor Vehicle**





## b. District/Divisional Performance

The highest number of Thefts of Motor Vehicles were registered in Katwe Police Division with **64** cases, followed by Jinja Road Police Division with **58** cases, Kawempe with **56** cases, Old Kampala with **46** cases, CPS Kampala with **35** cases, Kira Road Police Division with **34** cases, Natete Police Division with **32** cases and Kabalagala with **30** cases among others.

**Table 10: District/Division With Highest Number of Theft of Motor Vehicle**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Katwe	64	70	83	36	45	78
2	Jinja Road	58	58	34	30	21	50
3	Kawempe	56	38	51	43	53	65
4	Old Kampala	46	41	47	42	57	54
5	CPS Kampala	35	35	51	44	35	55
6	Kira Road	34	34	45	28	54	50
7	Natete	32	16	-	-	-	-
8	Kabalagala	30	22	25	22	32	61
9	Mbarara	28	23	37	13	10	27
10	Kira Division	28	35	32	24	23	29
11	Luwero	26	12	31	29	25	25
12	Kasangati	23	43	45	11	35	29
13	Nansana	23	33	35	14	29	19
14	Isingiro	22	3	6	-	3	10
15	Jinja	22	32	32	21	23	28

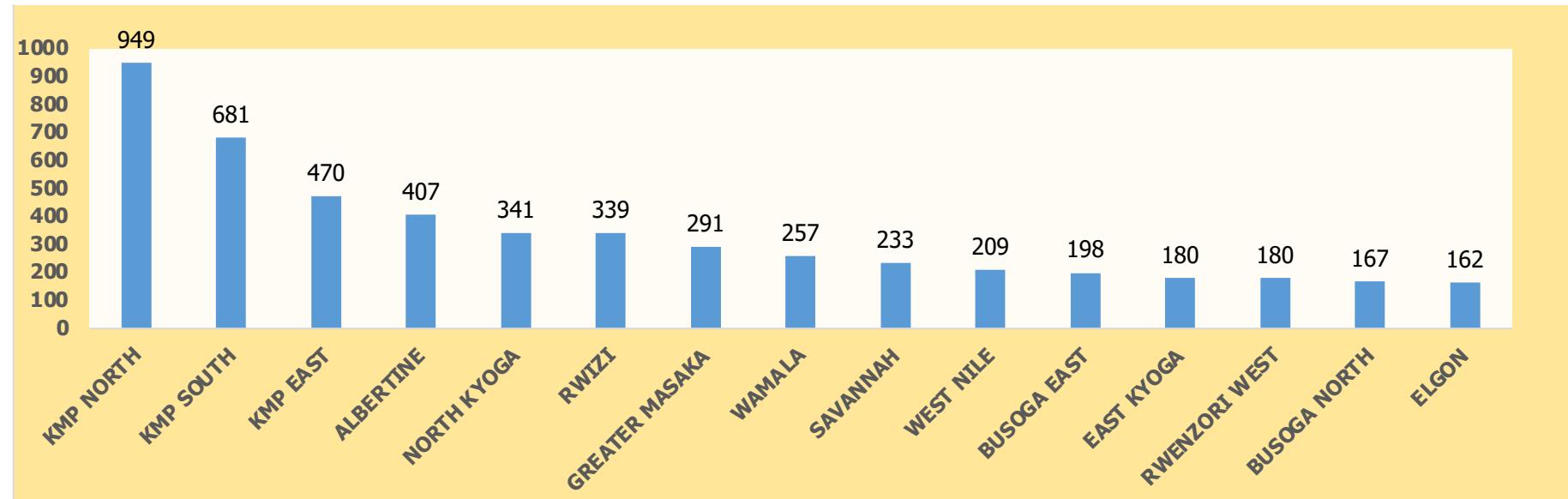
### 1.5.1.3 Theft of Motorcycles

A total of **6,311** cases of Theft of Motorcycles were reported to Police in the period under review compared to **6,065** cases reported in 2023, giving an increase of **4.1%** Motorcycle Thefts in the whole year. A total of **11,214** Motorcycles were reported stolen, out of which, **2,355** were recovered, **1,527** were found abandoned, while **7,332** were not recovered.

#### a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Motorcycle Thefts (**949** cases), followed by KMP South with **681** cases, KMP East with **470** cases, Albertine with **407** cases, North Kyoga with **341** cases and Rwizi with **339** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 15: Regions Leading in Theft of Motorcycles**





## b. District/Divisional Performance

Nansana Police Division registered the highest number of Motorcycle Thefts in 2024 (**221** cases), followed by Katwe Police Division with **208** cases, Kawempe with **196** cases, Old Kampala with **162** cases, Nateete Police Station with **156** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 11: District/Division Leading in Theft of Motorcycles**

<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Districts/Divisions</b>	<b>No. of Cases Reported</b>					
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
1	Nansana	221	154	35	118	126	50
2	Katwe	208	220	83	91	92	119
3	Kawempe	196	205	51	131	102	76
4	Old Kampala	162	147	47	149	84	85
5	Natete	156	46	-	-	-	-
6	Luwero	138	120	31	87	48	58
7	Wakiso	137	157	24	83	52	42
8	Kira Road	123	160	45	55	59	74
9	Mukono	114	143	35	99	93	83
10	Kasangati	114	116	45	48	53	50
11	Kiryandongo	109	67	87	63	46	27
12	Nsangi	104	117	35	73	55	57
13	Kira Division	101	113	32	55	26	51
14	Jinja Road	100	124	52	40	51	48
15	Lira City West	97	99	73	94	62	-

### 1.5.1.4 Cattle Stealing

A total of **7,222** cases of Cattle Stealing were reported to the Police countrywide in the period under review compared to **8,442** cases reported in 2023, showing a decrease of Cattle Thefts by **14%**.

**Table 12: Cattle Stealing**

<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Type of Cattle</b>	<b>No. Stolen</b>	<b>Recovered</b>	<b>Not Recovered</b>
1	Cattle	3,989	1,456	2,533
2	Goats	4,048	1,690	2,358
3	Sheep	450	186	264
4	Donkeys	58	13	45
5	Pigs	969	384	585
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,514</b>	<b>3,729</b>	<b>5,785</b>

A total of **9,514** animals were stolen, out of which **3,729** animals, were recovered while **5,785** animals were not recovered by the end of the year 2024.

## a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of Cattle Stealing in 2024 (**864** cases), followed by North Kyoga with **578** cases, Rwenzori West with **527** cases and East Kyoga with **517** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 16: Figure 8: Regions Leading in Cattle Stealing**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Isingiro District registered the highest number of Cattle Stealing in 2024 with **157** cases, followed by Tororo with **146** cases, Kyenjojo and Kiruhura with **144** cases each among others.

**Table 13: District/Division Leading in Cattle Stealing**

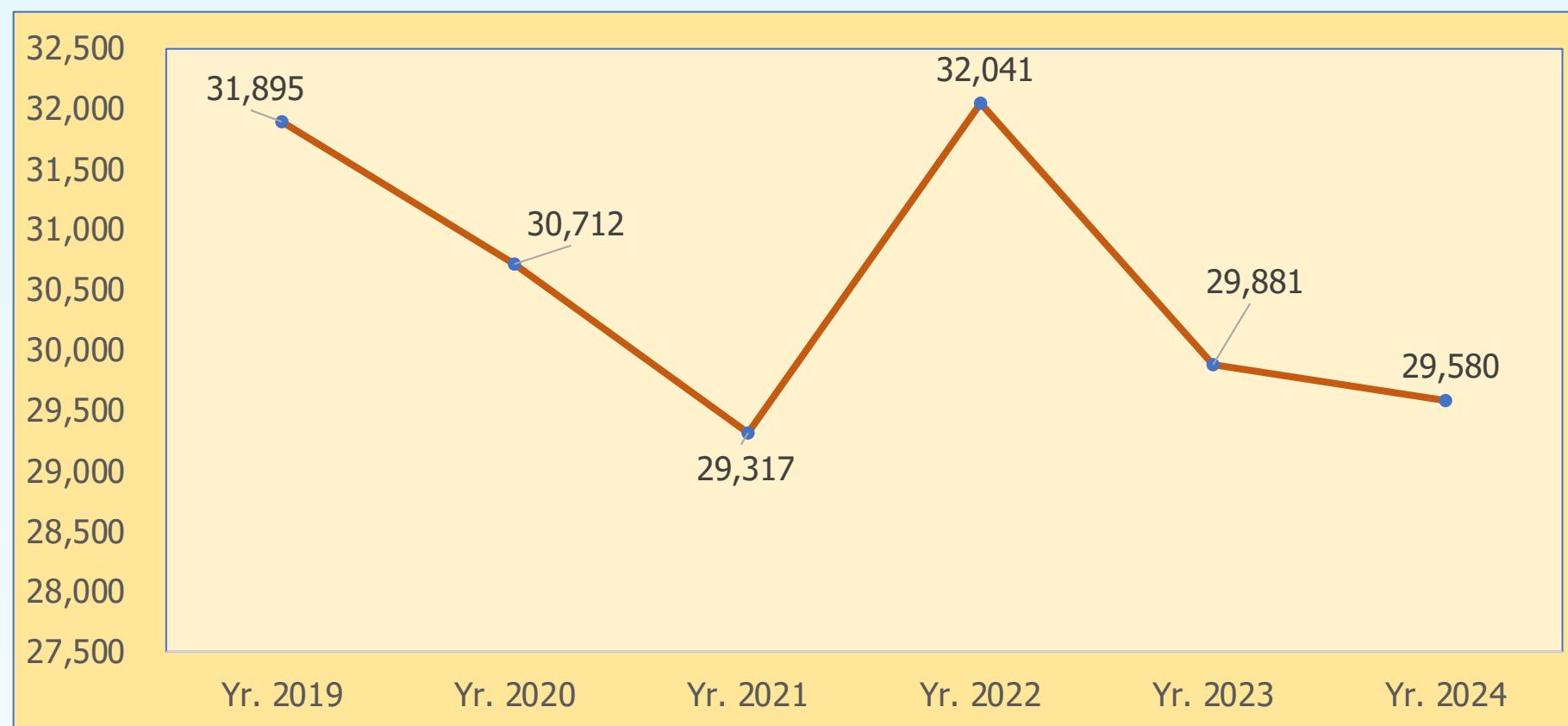
S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Isingiro	157	165	151	138	113	98
2	Tororo	146	162	128	118	90	158
3	Kyenjojo	144	116	126	138	208	108
4	Kiruhura	144	181	202	137	195	387
5	Nakasongola	143	163	161	113	111	162
6	Ntugamo	136	126	162	112	101	97
7	Buyende	120	81	84	81	116	67
8	Yumbe	115	165	127	152	108	148
9	Sembabule	113	179	113	124	115	157
10	Mubende	105	113	71	71	62	73
11	Rwampala	99	78	49	62	15	-
12	Kazo	99	163	149	94	119	157
13	Ibanda	92	98	65	59	72	57
14	Luwero	91	74	97	78	84	78
15	Kumi	89	128	120	67	69	82

### 1.5.2 Assault

By the end of 2024 **29,580** cases (representing a **13.5%** of the total reported cases in the year) were due to Assault as compared to **29,881** cases reported in 2023 giving **1%** decrease of Assault cases registered countrywide.

#### Comparison of Assault cases registered from 2023 to 2024

There was a decrease in cases of Assault registered from **29,881** cases in 2023 to **29,580** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 17: Comparison of Assault Cases Registered from 2019 to 2024**

By the end of 2024, out of the total cases of Assault (**29,580** cases) reported to Police, **8,558** cases were taken to Court, **7,108** cases were not proceeded with, while **13,914** cases are still under inquiry. **13,238** cases were submitted to DPP/RSA for perusal and legal guidance. Out of the **8,558** cases taken to Court, **2,863** cases secured convictions, **219** cases were acquitted, **1,130** cases were dismissed while **4,346** cases are still pending in Court.

Resulting out of the total Assault cases reported to Police in the year, **7,861** suspects (i.e. **6,866** Male Adults, **862** Female Adults, **119** Male Juveniles and **14** Female Juveniles) were arrested and charged to Court. Out of whom **963** suspects (**817** Male Adults, **124** Female Adults, **19** Male Juveniles, **03** Female Juveniles) were convicted and sentenced to serve in various prisons countrywide for the offence they committed while **6,743** suspects were still awaiting trial.

**Table 14: Breakdown of Assault Cases**

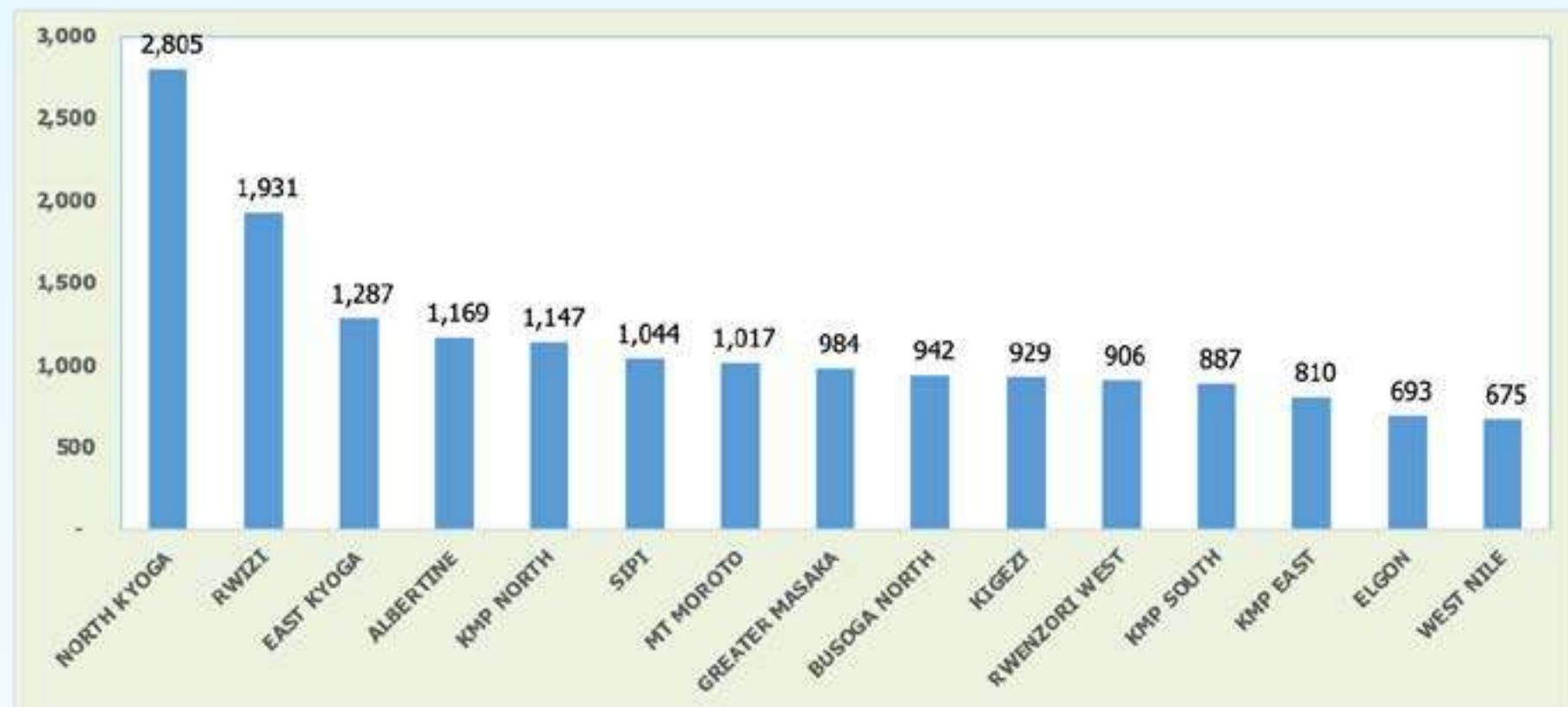
S/No.	Categories of Assault	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Aggravated Assault (Acid Cases)	-	-	-	09	2	42
2	Aggravated Assault (General)	6,123	6,059	5,917	6,141	5,911	6,155
3	Common Assault	23,457	23,822	26,124	23,167	24,799	25,698
	Total	29,580	29,881	32,041	29,317	30,712	31,895

### 1.5.2.1 Common Assault

A total of **23,457** cases of Common Assault were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **23,822** cases reported in 2023, giving a **1.5%** decrease in Common Assault cases in the whole year. Cases of Assault are mainly associated with drugs and substance abuse, alcoholism, violence in homes, land wrangles and gambling among other reasons. By the end of 2024, **5,464** cases of Common Assault were taken to Court, out of which, **1,814** cases secured convictions, **137** case was acquitted, **720** cases were dismissed while **2,793** cases are still pending in Court.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Common Assault in 2024 with **2,805** cases, followed by Rwizi with **1,931** cases, East Kyoga with **1,287** cases and Albertine with **1,169** cases among other regions as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 18: Regions Leading in Common Assault**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Alebtong Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Common Assault in 2024 (**690** cases), followed Buyende by with **680** cases, Rwampara with **633** cases and Bukwo with **565** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 15: District/Division With Highest Number of Common Assault**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Alebtong	690	521	623	297	206	108
2	Buyende	680	525	449	558	66	526
3	Rwampara	633	514	304	305	205	66
4	Bukwo	565	392	572	179	155	236
5	Lira City East	470	613	141	209	-	-
6	Lira	442	423	477	209	179	421
7	Kween	368	354	194	232	614	280
8	Moroto	368	298	186	219	159	170
9	Ntungamo	344	361	310	289	394	318
10	Yumbe	332	511	289	214	111	113
11	Kabale	304	336	321	287	288	261
12	Apac	295	349	443	57	63	42
13	Tororo	293	218	262	199	310	355
14	Ibanda	288	270	245	211	242	255
15	Napak	280	281	543	776	259	177

### 1.5.3 Homicides

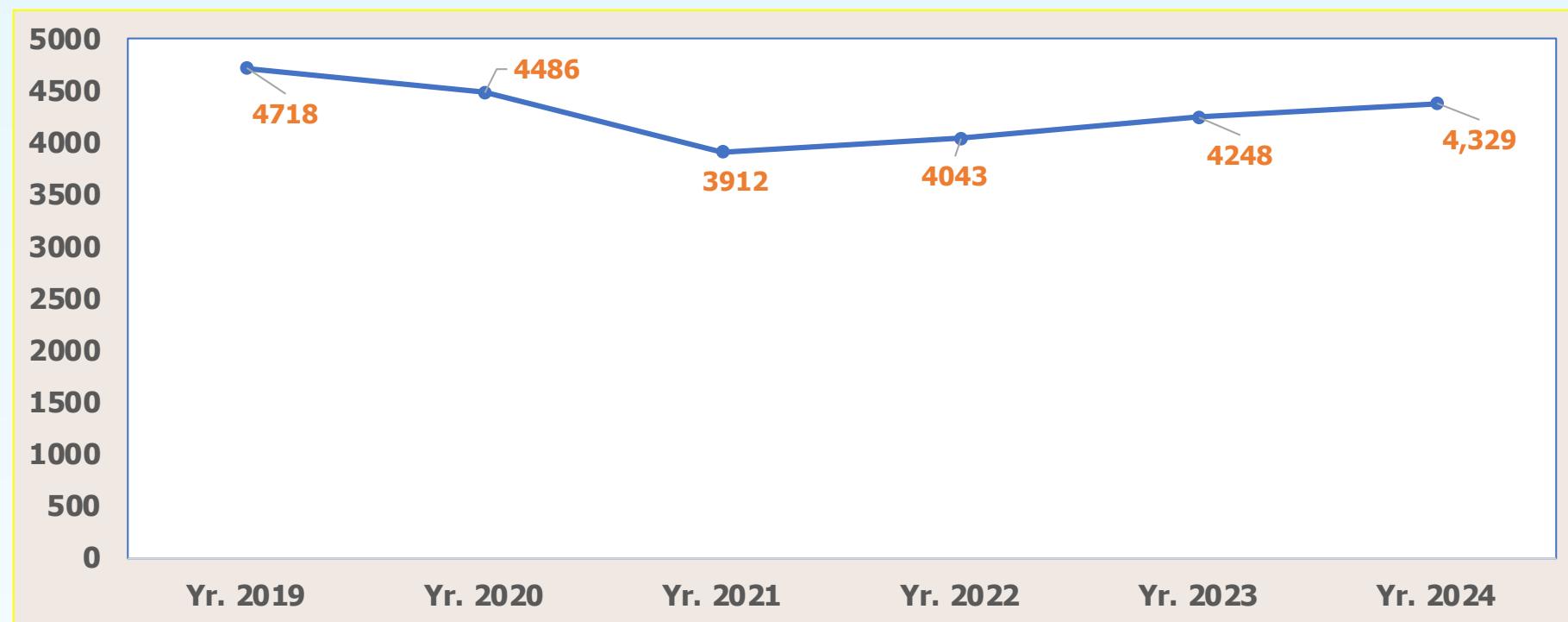
A total of **4,329** cases (representing a **1.9%** of the total reported cases in the year) reported to Police by the end of 2024 were due to homicides, compared to **4,248** cases reported in 2023, giving a **1.9%** increase in Homicide cases registered countrywide. By the end of 2024, out of the total Homicides reported to Police **1,274** cases were taken to Court, **333** cases were not proceeded with while **2,722** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **4,411** persons were victims of Homicide, out of whom, **3,494** were Male Adults, **594** were Female Adults, **209** were Male Juveniles while **114** were Female Juveniles.



## Comparison of Homicide from 2023 to 2024

There was a General increase of Homicide cases registered from 2023 to 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 19: Trend of Homicides: 2019 – 2024**

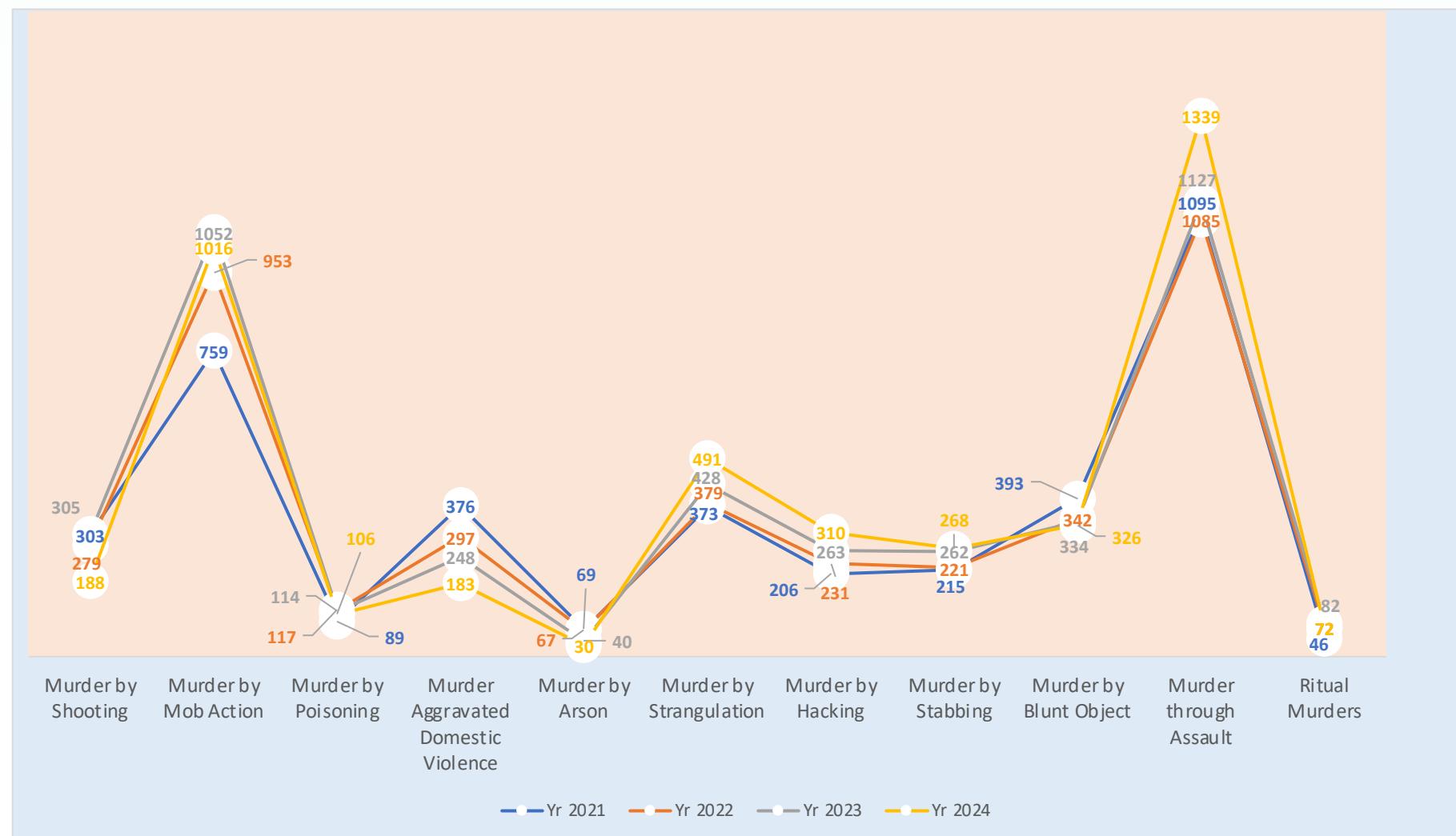


The motive behind such killings includes land wrangles, infidelity, people taking the law into their hands, family misunderstandings, crimes of passion and business rivalry.

## Distribution of Homicides by Category for the Last Four Years

In the last four years, Murders through Assault kept on leading with **1,095** cases registered in 2021, **1,085** cases in 2022, **1,127** cases in 2023 and **1,339** cases in 2024, followed by Murder by Mob Action with **759** cases registered in 2021, **953** cases in 2022, **1052** cases registered in 2023 and **1016** cases registered in 2024 among others as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 20: Comparison of Homicide cases from 2021 to 2024**





## Percentage Representation of Murder by Category 2019 -2024

There was a **2%** general increase in the Murders registered by Police countrywide. This was attributed by a **19%** increase in Murder through Assault, a **15%** increase in Murders by Strangulation, a **18%** increase in Murder by Hacking and a **2%** increase in Murder by Stabbing, as shown in the table below.

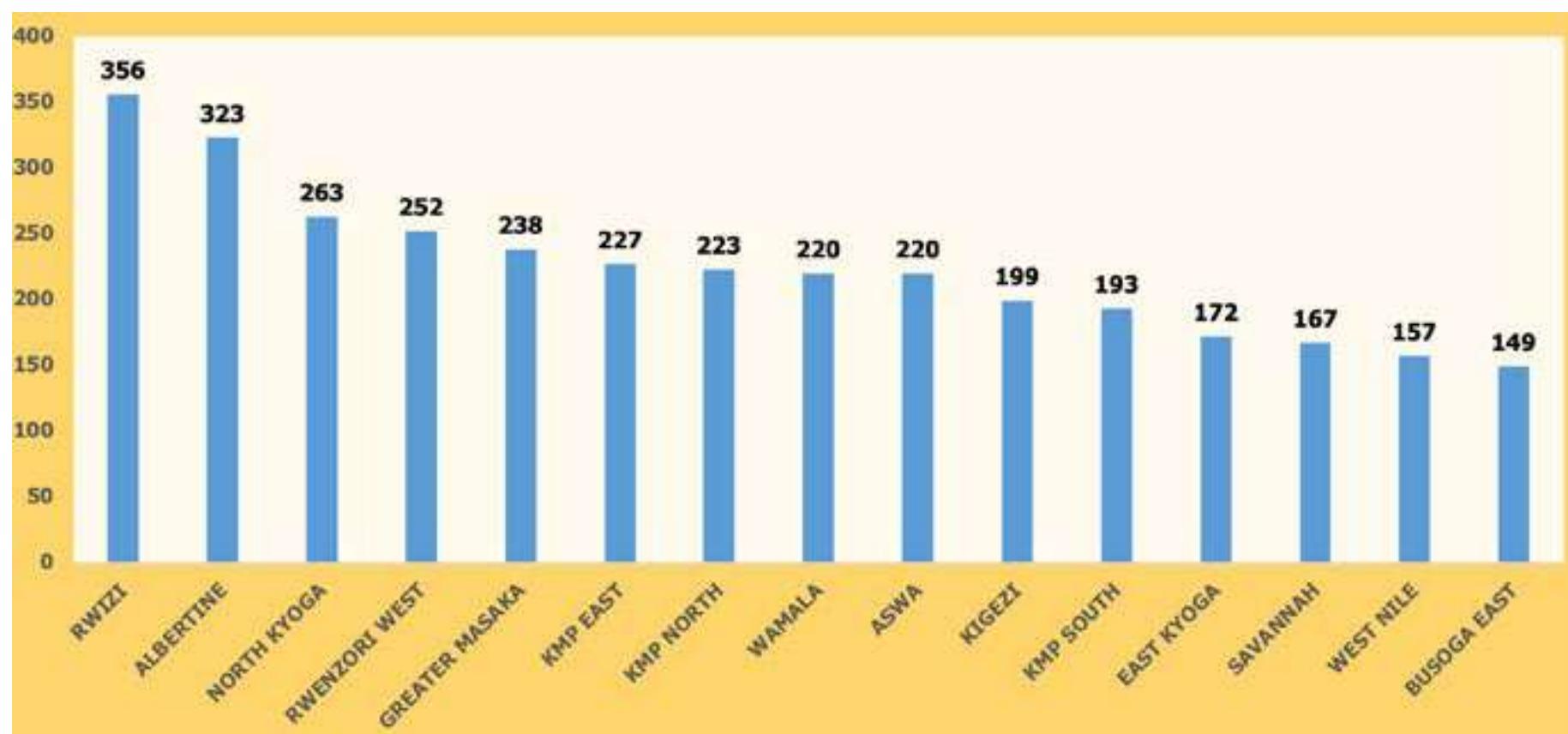
**Table 16: Percentage Representation of Homicide Cases (2021-2024)**

<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Crime Category</b>	<b>No. of Cases Reported</b>				
		<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>%ge Change</b>
1	Murder through Assault	1,095	1,085	1,142	1,339	19%
2	Murder by Mob Action	759	953	1,039	1,016	-3%
4	Murder by Strangulation	373	379	414	491	15%
6	Murder by Hacking	393	231	266	310	18%
3	Murder by Blunt Object	376	342	356	326	-2%
8	Murder by Stabbing	303	221	257	268	2%
7	Murder by Shooting	206	279	300	188	-38%
5	Murder as a Result of Agg. Domestic Violence	215	297	242	183	-26%
9	Murder by Poisoning	89	117	110	106	-7%
10	Ritual Murders	46	72	84	72	-12%
11	Murder by Arson	57	67	38	30	-24%
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,912</b>	<b>4,043</b>	<b>4,248</b>	<b>4,329</b>	<b>2%</b>

### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of Homicide cases in 2024 (**356** cases), followed by Albertine with **323**, North Kyoga with **263** cases and Rwenzori West Region with **252** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 21: Regions With the Highest Number of Homicide Cases**





Rwenzori East Region registered the lowest number of Homicides (**40** cases), followed by Sipi with **43** cases, Bukedi North with **49** cases and Kidepo with **50** cases.

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Ntungamo District registered the highest number of Homicide cases in 2024 (**91** cases), followed by Luwero Police station with **86** cases, Mukono with **80** cases, Katwe Police station with **67** cases and Isingiro with **63** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 17: District/Division With Highest Number of Homicide Cases**

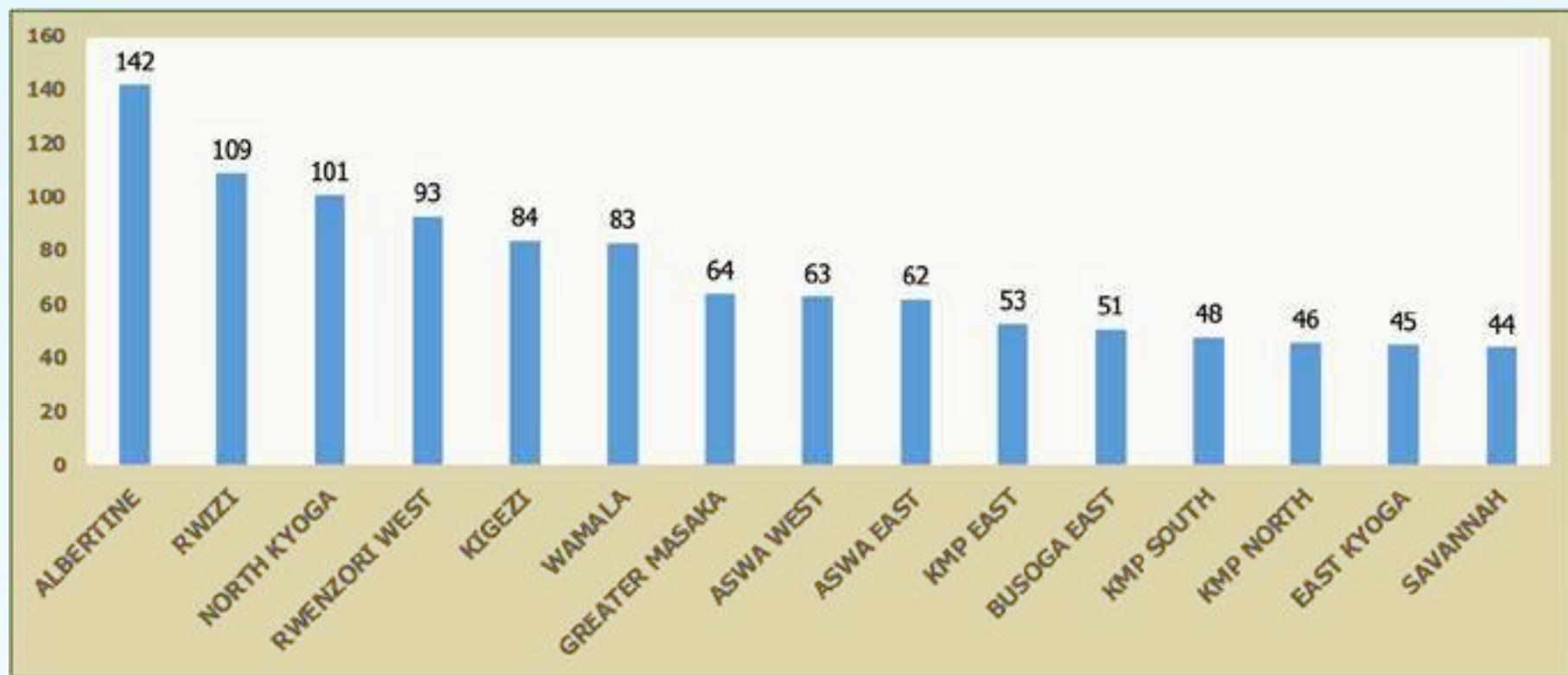
<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Districts/Divisions</b>	<b>No. of Cases Reported</b>					
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
1	Ntungamo	91	85	70	77	81	97
2	Luwero	86	90	58	77	139	70
3	Mukono	80	60	74	37	182	27
4	Katwe	67	72	47	37	161	51
5	Isingiro	63	60	61	39	60	64
6	Kyegegwa	57	43	49	48	57	56
7	Old Kampala	56	34	41	47	39	32
8	Mityana	56	59	40	42	27	43
9	Mubende	56	64	46	60	57	79
10	Kyenjojo	51	68	65	60	68	62
11	Rukungiri	51	44	53	48	88	60
12	Kakumiro	50	53	58	46	44	70
13	Nakaseke	50	42	46	33	63	42
14	Kagadi	49	48	60	44	34	58
15	Mpigi	49	42	33	29	29	27

#### 1.5.3.1 Murder by Assault

A total of **1,339** cases of Murder as a result of Assault were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **1,142** cases reported in 2023, giving a **17%** increase in this crime category. A total of **1,340** persons were assaulted to death, of whom, **1,091** were Male Adults, **156** were Female Adults, **69** were Male Juveniles and **24** were Female Juveniles.

### a. Regional Performance

Albertine Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Assault in 2024 (**142** cases), followed by Rwizi with **109** cases, North Kyoga with **101** cases and Rwenzori West with **93** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 22: Regions Leading in Murder by Assault**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Ntungamo District registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Assault in 2024 (**48** cases), followed by Kagadi with **34** cases, Oyam with **31** cases and Mayuge with **29** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 18: Highest Number of Cases of Murder by Assault from 2021 – 2024**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported			
		2024	2023	2022	2021
1.	Ntungamo	48	53	43	42
2.	Kagadi	34	13	24	10
3.	Oyam	31	16	11	14
4.	Mayuge	29	12	9	8
5.	Mityana	24	15	13	11
6.	Kiryandongo	24	11	13	14
7.	Kanungu	22	19	6	5
8.	Luwero	22	15	8	27
9.	Kyenjojo	20	19	24	17
10.	Kiboga	20	8	19	9
11.	Masindi	20	16	12	13
12.	Rukungiri	20	18	22	25
13.	Kitgum	20	14	11	16
14.	Omoro	19	13	12	9
15.	Mukono	19	16	9	2



### 1.5.3.2 Murder as a Result of Mob Action

By the end of 2024, a total of **1,016** cases of Murder by Mob Action were reported to Police compared to **1,039** cases reported in 2023, giving a decrease of **2.2%** in this crime category. Victims of Mob Action were mainly suspected to have committed the following offences; Theft, Robbery, Murder, Witchcraft, Burglary thereby making suspects take law into their own hands.

**Table 19: Causes of Mob Action**

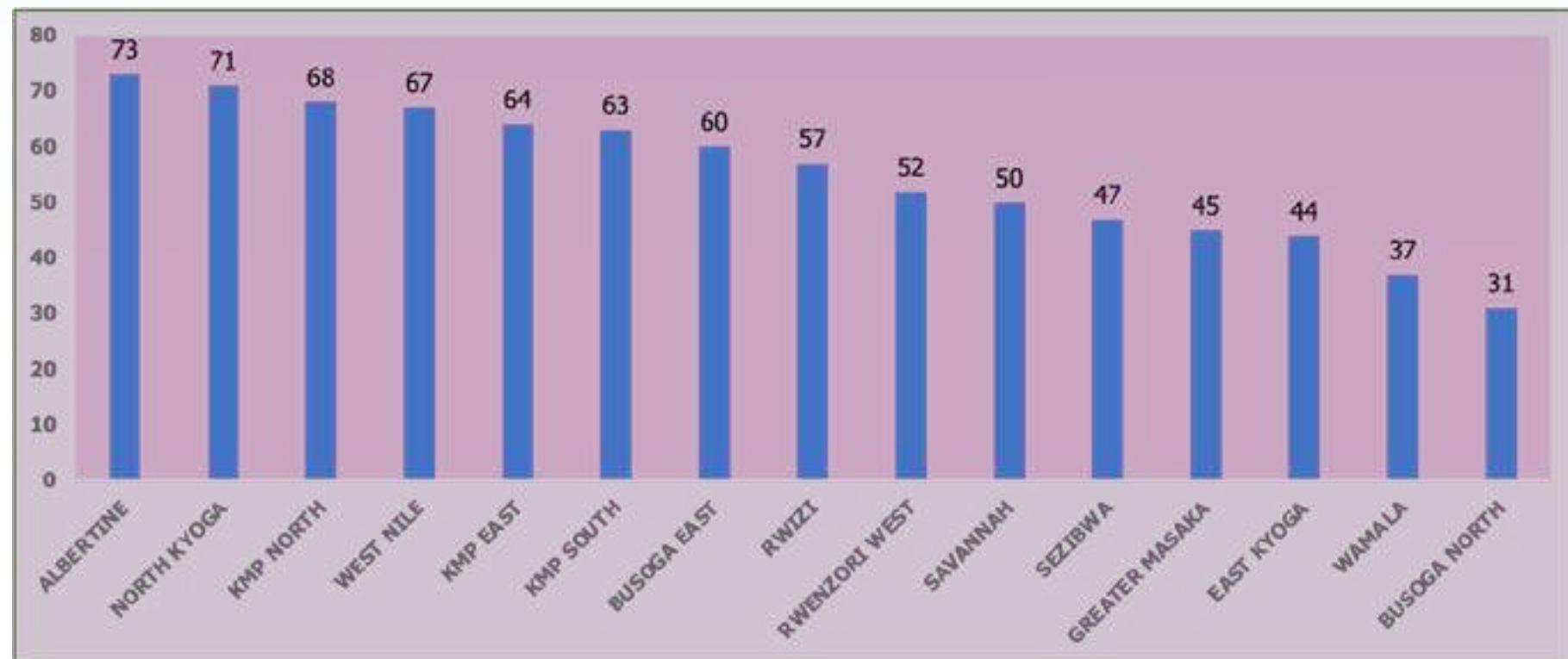
S/No.	Causes of Lynching	No. of Cases	No. of Persons Killed	
			Male	Female
1	Theft	713	662	12
2	Robbery	64	53	-
3	Murder	45	31	-
4	Witchcraft	15	08	4
5	Burglary	41	36	3
6	Any Other	138	222	1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>1,078</b>	<b>20</b>

A total of **1,016** persons were lynched to death, out of whom, **1,078** were Male Adults, **20** were Female Adults.

#### a. Regional Performance

Albertine Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Mob Action in 2024 (**73** cases), followed North Kyoga with **71** cases, KMP North with **68** cases, West Nile with **67** cases, KMP East with **64** cases and KMP South with **63** cases as shown in figure below.

**Figure 23: Regions Leading in Murder by Mob Action**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

By the end of 2024, Luwero District registered the highest number of Murders by Mob Action (**22** cases), followed by Old Kampala Police Division with **20** cases, Mpigi with **19** cases, Kakumiro and Buikwe with **18** cases each as shown in the table below.

**Table 20: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Murder by Mob Action**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Luwero	22	35	18	21	12	19
2	Old Kampala	20	8	17	12	5	3
3	Mpigi	19	6	9	6	4	2
4	Buikwe	18	8	8	1	5	2
5	Kakumiro	18	16	19	7	7	6
6	Kyegegwa	17	5	11	5	9	6
7	Nagalama	17	9	11	18	10	7
8	Iganga	17	9	12	13	12	6
9	Bugiri	17	7	11	3	11	3
10	Nakaseke	17	8	20	5	14	6
11	Kabalagala	17	15	12	7	6	6
12	Mityana	16	9	12	12	12	6
13	Mukono	16	17	28	14	5	4
14	Kira Road	16	5	5	9	8	4
15	Lira City West	16	17	11	8	13	11

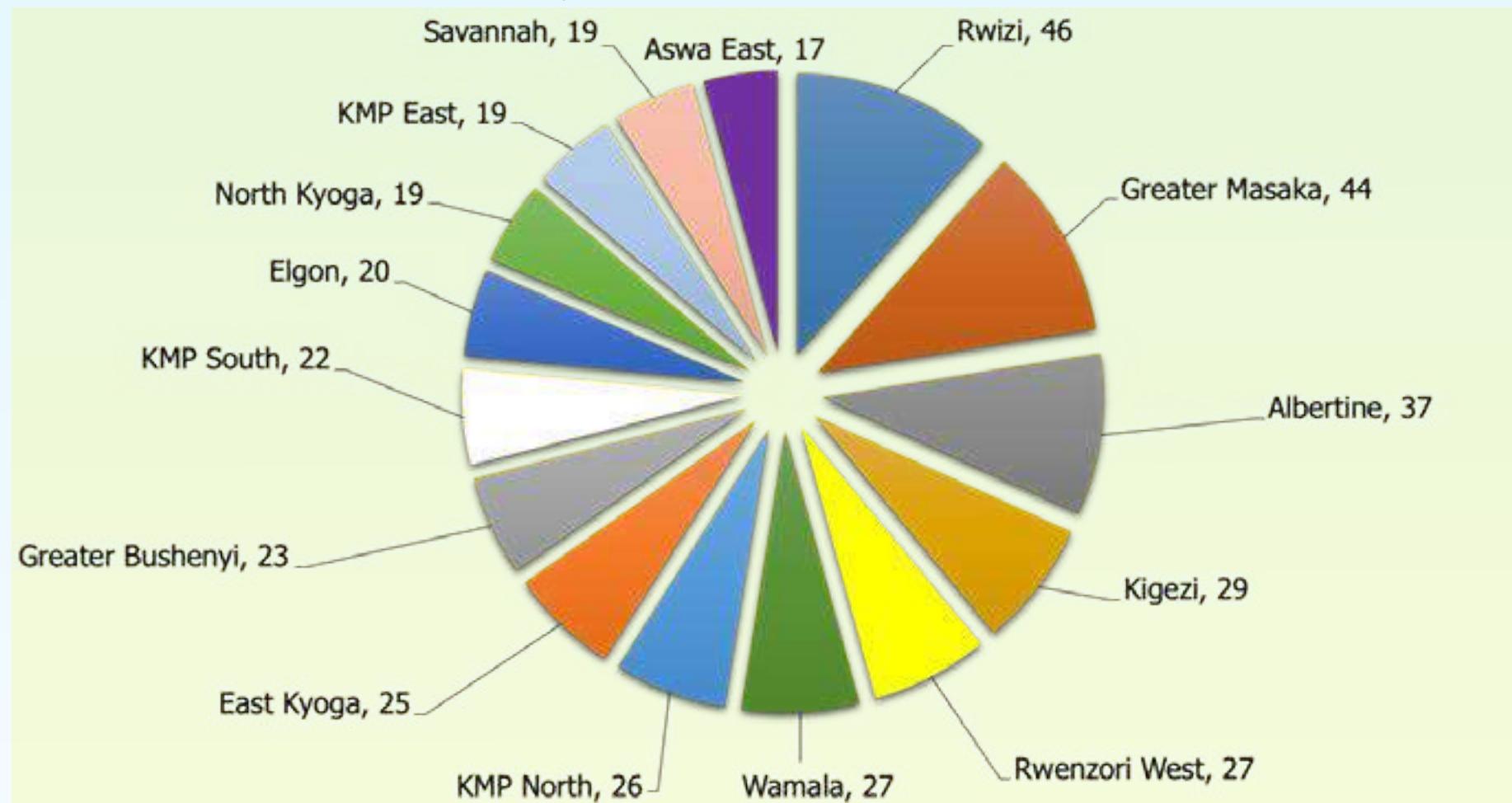
### 1.5.3.3 Murder by Strangulation

A total of **491** cases of Murder as a result of Strangulation were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **414** cases reported in 2023, giving a **18.6%** increase.

A total of **491** persons were strangled to death in 2024, of whom, **295** were Male Adults, **122** were Female Adults, **38** were Male Juveniles and **36** were Female Juveniles.

#### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Strangulation (**46** cases), followed by Greater Masaka with **44** cases, Albertine Region with **37** cases among others as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 24: Regions Leading in Murder by Strangulation**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Wakiso Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Strangulation in 2024 (**17** cases), followed by Luwero and Sembabule Districts with **13** cases each and Kyegegwa, Kakumiro and Katwe with **10** cases each among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 21: District/Division with Highest Number of Cases of Murder by Strangulation**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported			
		2024	2023	2022	2021
1	Wakiso	17	11	5	2
2	Luwero	13	7	2	7
3	Sembabule	13	11	9	2
4	Kyegegwa	10	13	9	11
5	Kakumiro	10	7	6	7
6	Katwe	10	7	15	2
7	Kanungu	9	2	2	1
8	Sheema	9	12	6	2
9	Isingiro	9	6	5	3
10	Lamwo	9	2	-	-
11	Serere	9	6	3	4
12	Ntungamo	9	2	1	-
13	Kikuube	8	9	11	4
14	Lwengo	8	9	8	13
15	Kasanda	7	7	8	1



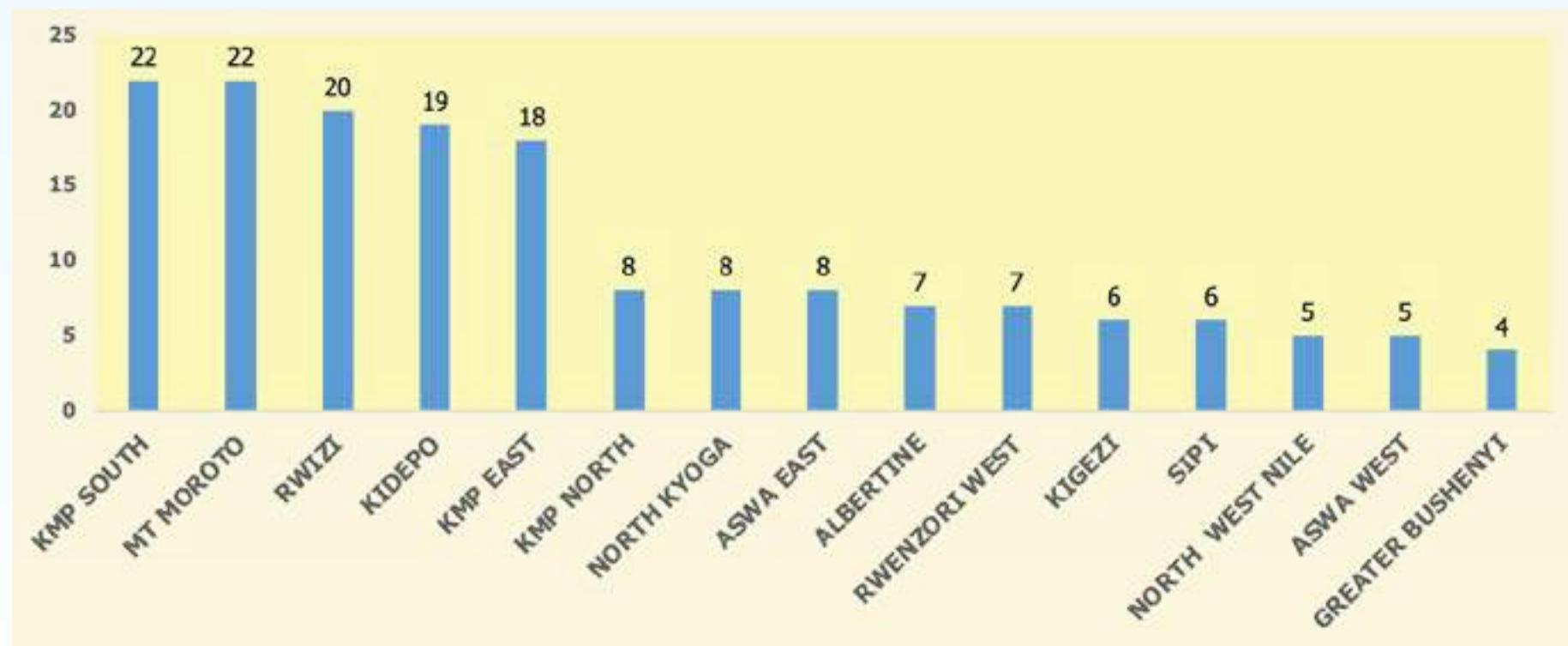
#### 1.5.3.4 Murder by Shooting

A total of **188** cases of Murder by Shooting were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **300** cases reported in 2023, giving a **37%** decrease in the reported cases in this category countrywide. Out of the total cases reported, **34** cases were taken to Court, **26** cases were not proceeded with while **128** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **205** persons were shot dead, of whom **178** were Male Adults, **19** were Female Adults **07** Male Juveniles while **01** was a Female Juvenile. By the end of 2024, **23** cases of Murder by Shooting were still pending in Court awaiting trial.

##### a. Regional Performance

Mt. Moroto and KMP South Regions registered the highest number of cases of Murder by Shooting in 2024 (**22** cases each), followed by Rwizi with **20** cases, Kidepo with **18** cases and KMP East with **18** cases among others as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 25: Regions Leading in Murder by Shooting**



##### b. District/Divisional Performance

Moroto District registered **09** cases of Murder by Shooting followed by Kotido with **08** cases, Nakapiripirit with **07** cases and Mbarara City North with **06** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 22: District/Division With Highest Number of Cases of Murder by Shooting**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kotido	8	14	39	32	19	5
2.	Moroto	9	11	7	15	14	5
3.	Nakapiripirit	7	23	5	3	-	2
4.	Mbarara City North	6	2	-	-	-	-
5.	Kaabong	5	25	14	22	12	6
6.	Mukono	5	8	3	2	2	4
7.	Kira Division	5	-	3	3	7	5
8.	Agago	5	12	14	-	-	-
9.	Entebbe	5	3	3	1	1	-
10.	Kabalagala	4	5	1	5	2	-
11.	Abim	4	8	11	5	6	10
12.	Old Kampala	4	4	6	9	10	4



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
13.	Rukungiri	4	-	-	1	-	2
14.	Amudat	4	2	1	-	1	-
15.	Kira Road	4	4	3	5	3	3

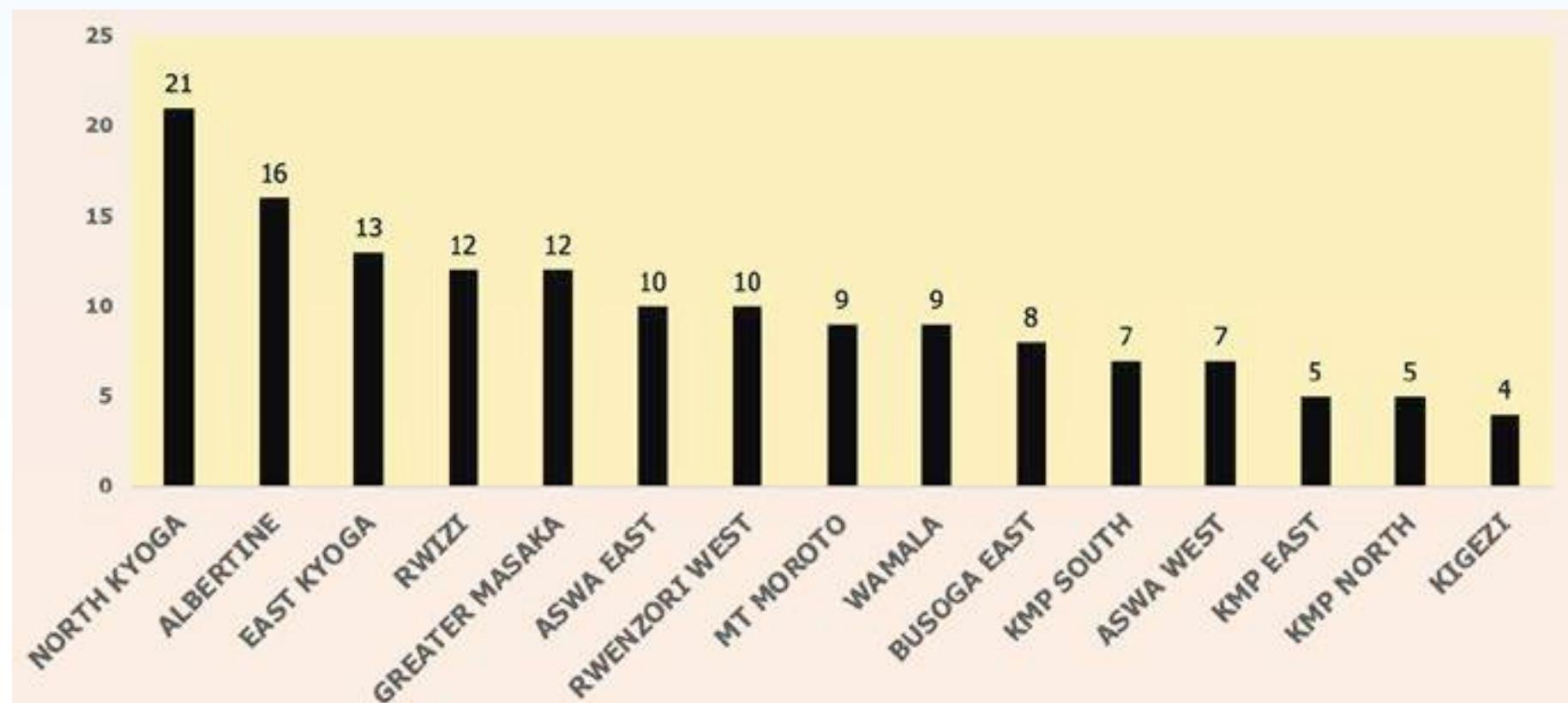
### 1.5.3.5 Murder as a Result of Domestic Violence

A total of **183** cases of Murder as a result of Domestic Violence were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **242** cases reported in 2023, giving a **24%** decrease. Out of the total case reported to Police, **104** cases were taken to Court and are still pending trial, **02** case was not proceeded with while **77** cases are still under inquiry. A total of **183** persons were killed as a result of Aggravated Domestic Violence of whom **82** were Male Adults, **75** were Female Adults, **16** were Male Juveniles and **10** were Female Juveniles.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Murder as a result of Domestic Violence in 2024 (**21** cases), followed by Albertine with **16** cases, East Kyoga with **13** cases, Rwizi and Greater Masaka with **12** cases each among others as shown in figure below.

**Figure 26: Regions Leading in Murder by Domestic Violence**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Ntungamo District registered **11** cases of Murder as a result of Domestic Violence, followed by Apac with **08** cases, Mubende with **07** cases and Kyenjojo with **06** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 23: District/Divisions With the Highest Number of Murder by Domestic Violence**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Ntungamo	11	15	13	13	14	7
2.	Apac	8	10	6	3	4	4
3.	Mubende	7	3	-	4	15	8
4.	Kyenjojo	6	3	-	3	9	13



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
5.	Kumi	5	2	-	-	2	3
6.	Kikuube	5	4	4	6	8	3
7.	Agago	5	12	14	-	3	6
8.	Sembabule	4	2	3	5	5	5
9.	Bugiri	4	2	1	1	2	1
10.	Masindi	4	1	-	1	1	-
11.	Kween	4	1	6	-	4	1
12.	Nakapiripiriti	4	-	2	3	6	4
13.	Katwe	3	2	2	3	2	1
14.	Mukono	3	4	3	2	1	-
15.	Kabalagala	3	-	3	2	3	2

#### 1.5.4 Sex-Related Crimes

A total of **14,425** Sex-related cases representing **6.6%** of the overall registered crimes in this category countrywide were reported to the Police in 2024 compared to **14,846** cases reported in 2023 giving a decrease by **2.8%**.

Out of the **14,425** Sex-related crimes reported to Police by the end of the year, **6,584** cases were taken to Court, **2,744** cases were not proceeded with while **5,097** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **749** cases secured convictions, **63** cases were acquitted, **454** cases were dismissed while **5,318** cases are still pending in Court. Out of **14,479** persons that were victims of Sex-related crimes, **12,202** were Female Juveniles, **61** were Male Juveniles, **74** were Male Adults while **2,142** were Female Adults.

#### Comparison of Sex-related Cases from 2019 to 2024

There was a slight decrease in cases of Sex-related offences from **14,846** cases in 2023 to **14,424** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

Figure 27: Comparison of Sex-related Cases from 2019 to 2024





#### 1.5.4.1 General Defilement (Aggravated/Simple)

A total of **12,312** cases of Defilement were reported to Police in 2024, compared to **12,771** cases reported in 2023, giving a decrease by **3.4%** in Defilement cases registered countrywide. Of the Defilement cases reported in 2024, **8,240** cases were Defilement while **4,072** cases were Aggravated Defilement by nature.

Out of the Defilement cases reported in 2024, **6,584** cases were taken to Court, **2,744** cases were not proceeded with while **5,097** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the cases taken to Court, **749** cases secured convictions, **63** case was acquitted, **454** cases were dismissed and **5,318** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **5,515** suspects of Defilement were arrested and charged to Court, out of whom, **173** were convicted, **14** discharged, **01** acquitted while **5,306** were still awaiting trial.

##### a. Victims of Defilement

A total of **12,317** victims were defiled in 2024, of whom, **12,009** were Female Juveniles and **308** were Male Juveniles.

**Table 24: Victims of Defilement by Age Group**

Age Group	0-8 Years	9-14 Years	15-17 Years	Adults	Total
Victims	1,447	2,514	8,021	335	12,317

The category of 15–17 years are mainly victims of Defilement due to Adolescent age where many young girls are taken advantage of, and some are defiled in the process of doing domestic chores like collecting water and firewood especially in the rural areas when they are sent alone. In total, **283** children were defiled by suspects who are HIV positive, followed by **87** children defiled by biological parents and **171** children defiled by their guardians among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 25: Category of Victims of Defilement**

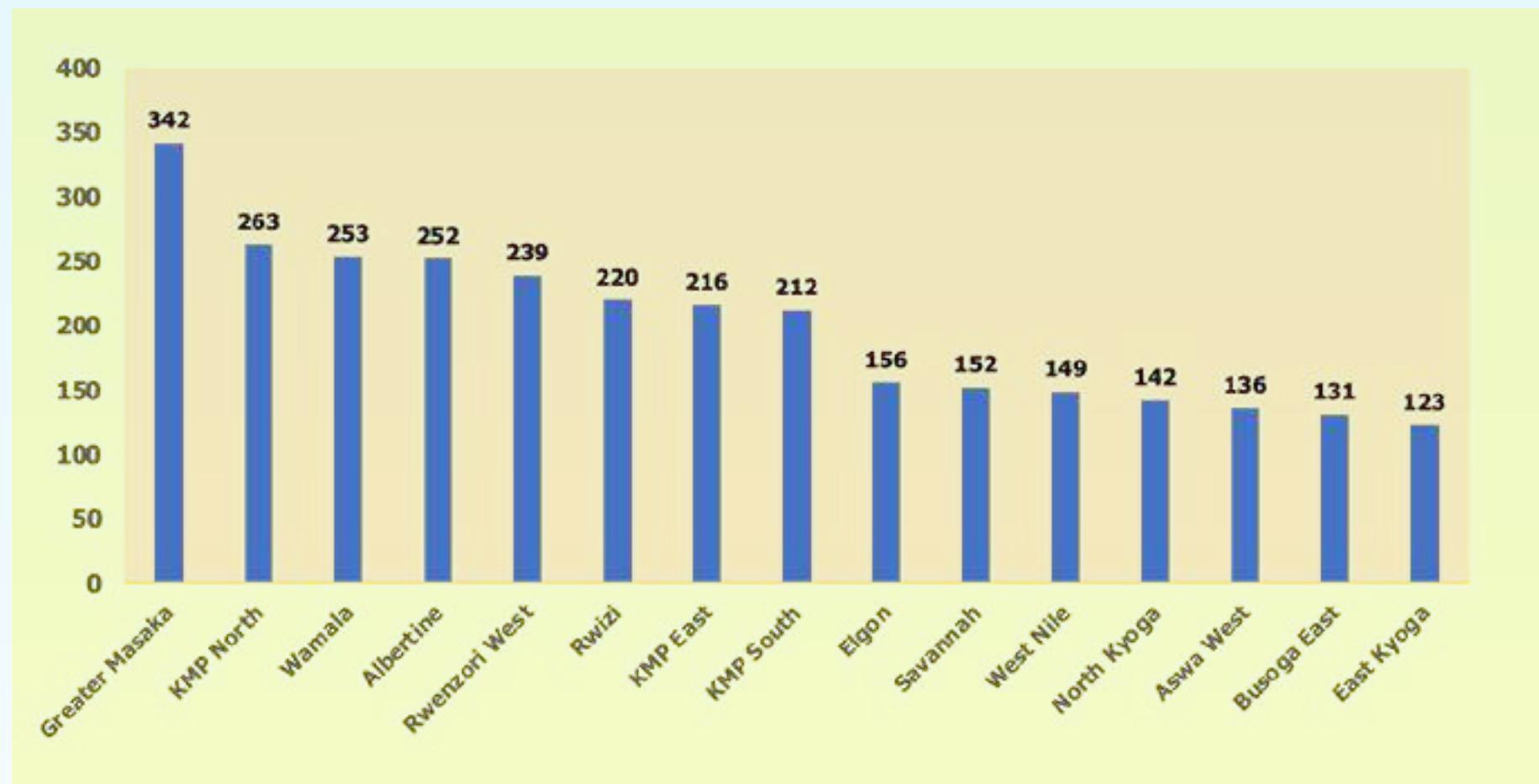
S/No	Category of Victims	No. of Victims
1.	Defiled by Persons who are HIV positive	283
2.	Defiled by Guardians	171
3.	Defiled by Parents	87
4.	Children with Disability	97
5.	Defiled by Teachers (Pupils)	88
6.	Defiled by Teachers (Students)	190
7.	Defiled by Others	11,401

#### 1.5.4.2 Aggravated Defilement

By the end of 2024, a total of **4,072** cases of Aggravated Defilement were reported to Police compared to **3,846** cases reported in 2023, giving a **5.7%** increase in this crime category.

##### b. Regional Performance

Greater Masaka Region registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Defilement (**342** cases), followed by KMP North with **263** cases, Wamala with **253** cases and Albertine with **252** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 28: Region leading in Aggravated Defilement**

### c. District/Divisional Performance

Mubende Police Station registered the highest number of Aggravated Defilement cases in 2024 (**88** cases), followed by Mukono Police Station with **83** cases, Luwero with **80** cases, Katwe with **67** cases and Kasangati with **63** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 26: District/Division Leading in Aggravated Defilement**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported			
		2024	2023	2022	2021
1	Mubende	88	64	47	74
2	Mukono	83	111	66	100
3	Luwero	80	99	68	76
4	Katwe	67	91	83	70
5	Kasangati	63	40	36	31
6	Mpigi	63	75	46	62
7	Nansana	58	43	53	59
8	Sembabule	56	37	44	25
9	Isingiro	56	41	52	55
10	Mityana	54	49	51	62
11	Kyenjojo	48	30	37	50
12	Nagalama	48	61	48	46
13	Nakaseke	48	42	40	47
14	Lwengo	47	38	45	40
15	Ntungamo	45	39	39	42



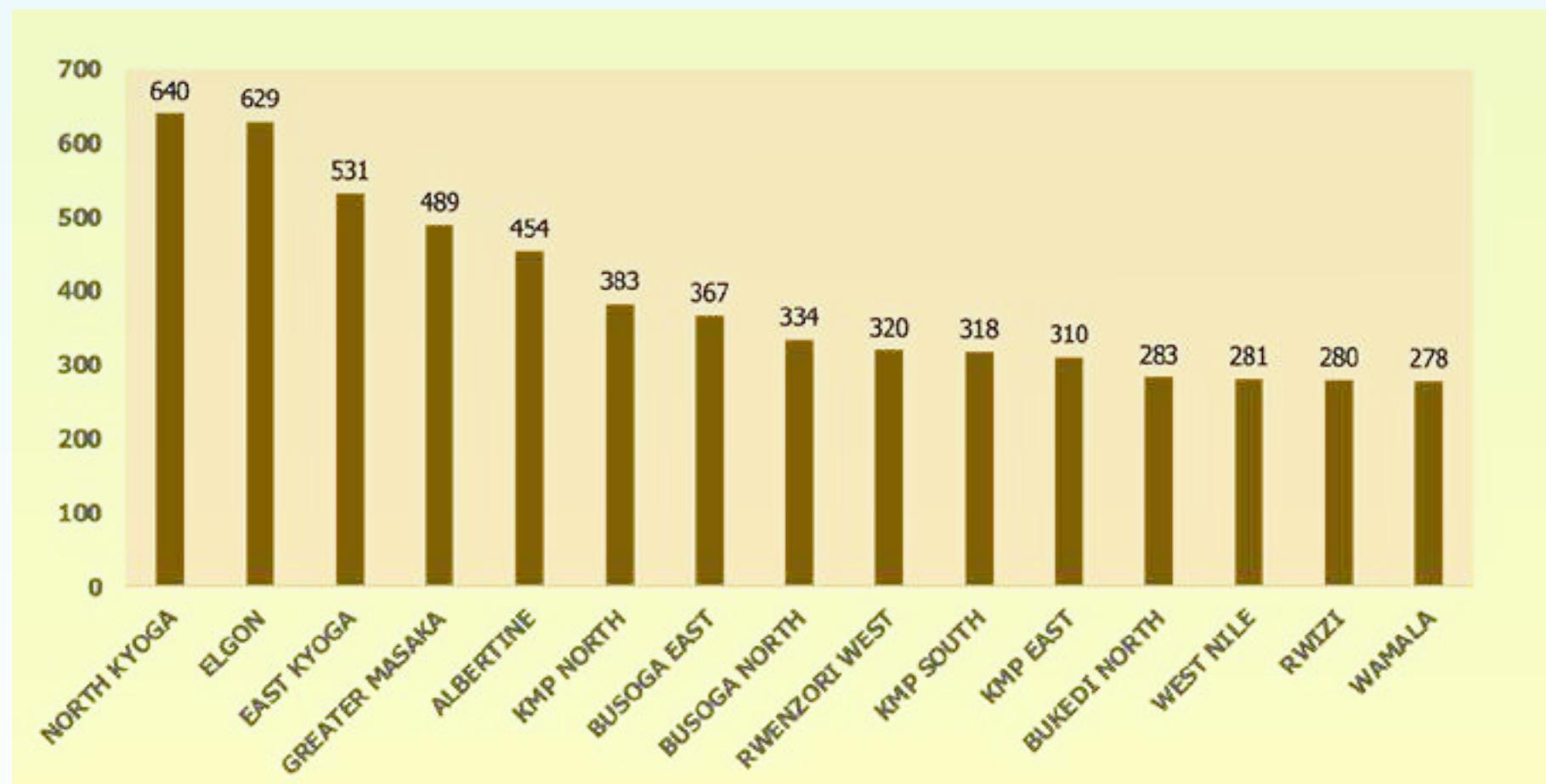
### 1.5.4.3 Defilement

In 2024, a total of **8,240** cases of Defilement were reported to Police compared to **8,925** cases reported in 2023, giving a **7.7%** decrease in the Defilement cases registered in the whole year.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Defilement in 2024 (**640** cases), followed by Elgon with **629** cases, East Kyoga with **531** cases, Greater Masaka with **489** cases and Albertine with **454** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 29: Regions Leading in Defilement**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Buyende District registered the highest number of Defilement cases in 2023 (**210** cases), followed by Sironko District with **141** cases, Mayuge with **131** cases and Kibuku with **122** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 27: District/Division Leading in Defilement**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Buyende	210	149	125	196	207	160
2	Sironko	141	114	115	112	119	86
3	Mayuge	131	95	79	94	125	169
4	Kibuku	122	77	86	89	105	133
5	Bududa	111	133	142	129	163	143
6	Namisindwa	106	119	73	58	73	104
7	Tororo	103	159	126	144	188	190
8	Kiryandongo	101	150	151	132	185	92
9	Luwero	97	121	98	136	174	166
10	Nansana	97	75	89	89	143	60
11	Oyam	88	132	109	135	119	119
12	Mbale Busoba	88	77	103	-	-	-



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
13	Adjumani	85	89	100	153	106	81
14	Lira City West	85	71	56	-	-	-
15	Mukono	83	87	88	118	193	177

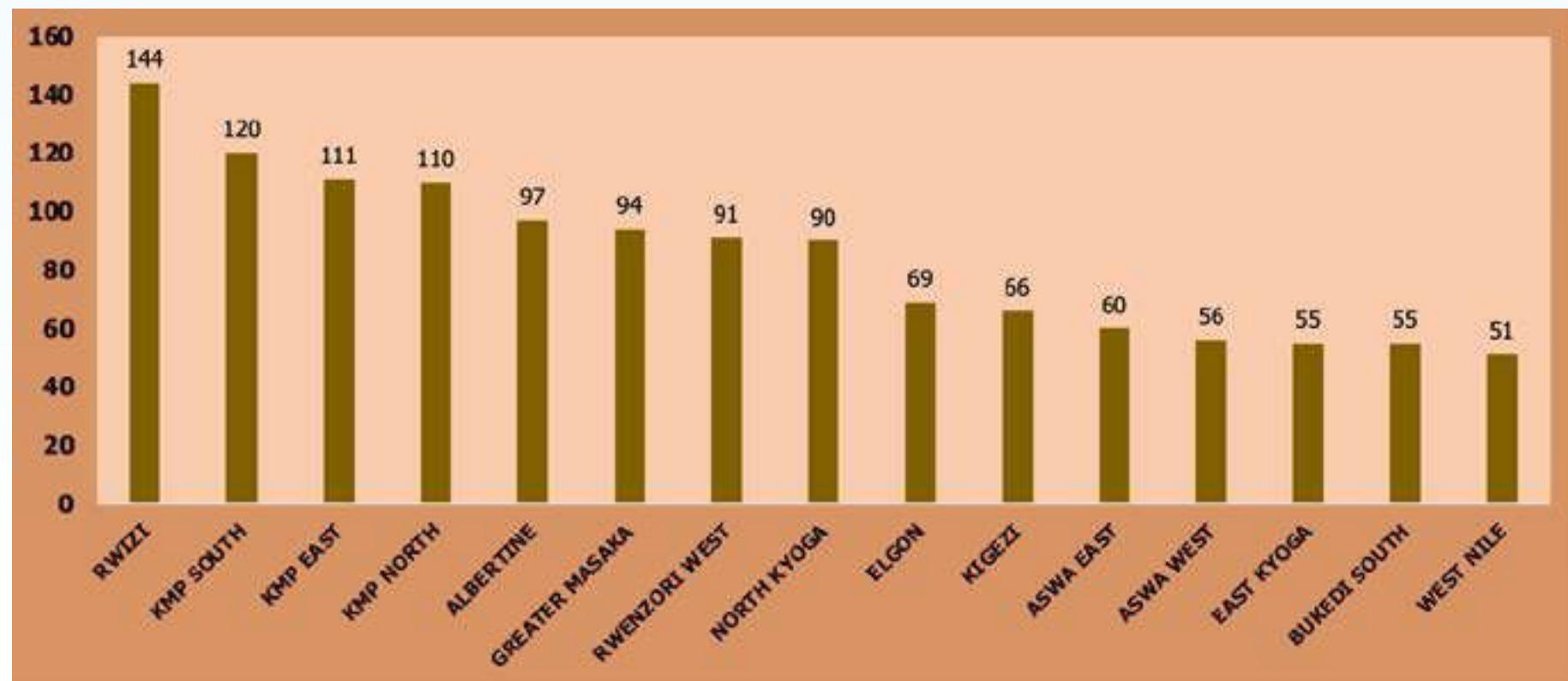
#### 1.5.4.4 Rape

A total of **1,667** cases of Rape were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **1,577** cases reported in 2023, giving an increase of **5.7%**. By the end of 2024, **690** cases of Rape were taken to Court, out of which **11** case was dismissed, **22** cases secured conviction, **04** cases were acquitted while **653** cases are still pending in Court. A total of **1,667** Female Adults were victims of Rape. **594** suspects of Rape were charged in Court and are still awaiting trial.

##### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi registered the highest number of cases of Rape in 2023 (**144** cases), followed by KMP South with **120** cases, KMP East with **111** cases, KMP North with **110** cases, Albertine with **97** cases and Greater Masaka with **94** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 30: Regions Leading in Rape**



##### b. District/Divisional Performance

Mbarara Police Station registered the highest number of Rape cases in 2024 (**46** cases), followed by Katwe with **34** cases, Kira Road with **32** cases, Mukono with **30** cases, Tororo and Kawempe with **29** cases each as shown in the table below.

**Table 28: District/Division Leading in Rape**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Mbarara	46	11	24	66	28	49
2.	Katwe	34	52	35	28	23	12
3.	Kira Road	32	29	22	27	18	19
4.	Mukono	30	27	27	41	28	20



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
5.	Kawempe	29	26	42	38	35	23
6.	Tororo	29	28	32	32	30	24
7.	Sironko	28	11	13	16	6	10
8.	Rukungiri	26	12	15	11	10	21
9.	Kitgum	25	8	16	15	6	7
10.	Kagadi	24	12	13	18	17	18
11.	Luwero	23	16	17	21	19	19
12.	Kira Division	22	22	33	19	15	29
13.	Entebbe	22	22	10	12	14	11
14.	Kabalagala	21	21	28	15	17	22

#### 1.5.4.5 Other Sex-related Offences

The highest offence registered under this category was Indecent Assault with **286** cases, followed by unnatural offences with **130** cases and incest with **30** cases, as shown in the table below.

**Table 29: Comparison of other Sex-related Offences**

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Indecent Assault	286	299	355	338	354	340
2.	Incest	30	39	52	33	58	54
3.	Unnatural Offences	130	160	83	80	79	103
	TOTAL	446	498	490	451	491	497

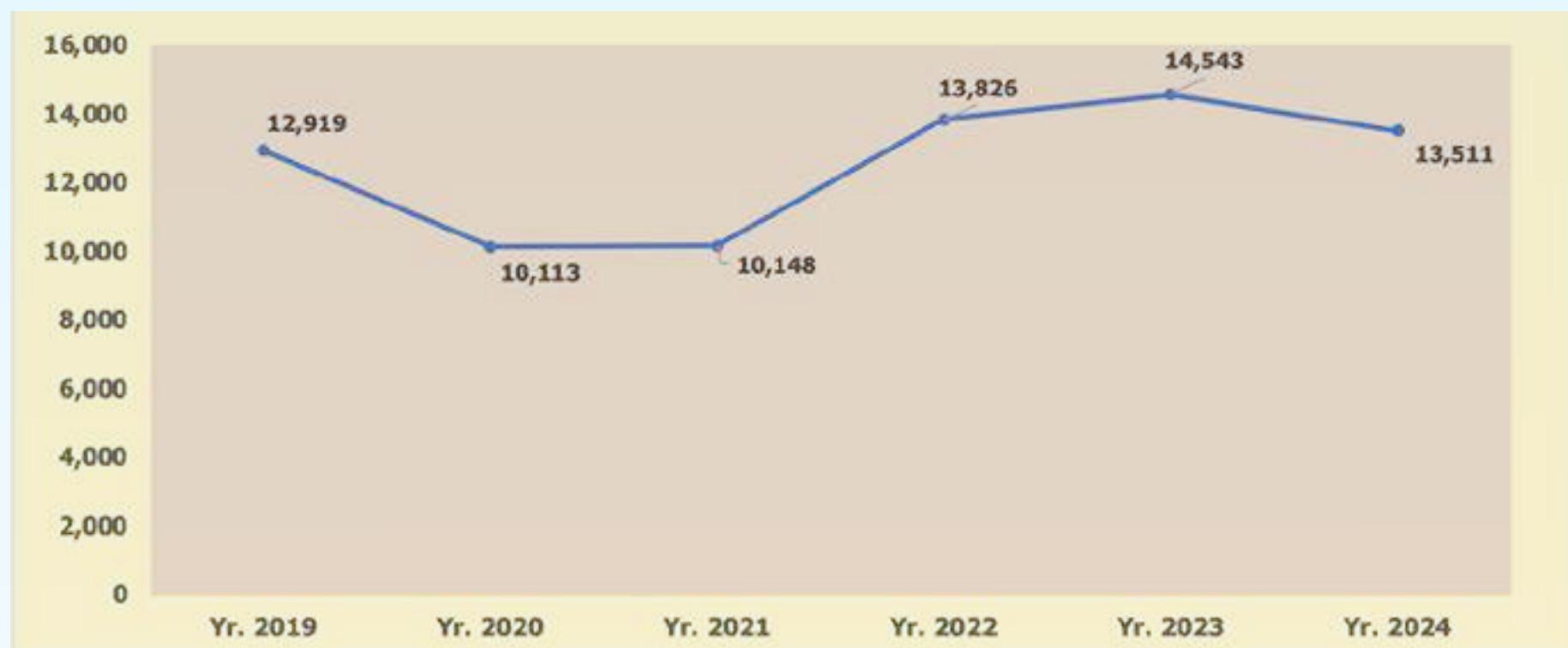
#### 1.5.5 Breakings

A total of **13,511** cases of Breakings were reported to Police in 2024, representing **6.2%** of all the crimes reported countrywide, compared to **14,543** cases reported in 2023, giving a **7.1%** decrease in this crime category. Burglary was registered the highest in this category with **6,447** cases, followed by House Breakings with **3,019** cases and Shop Breaking with **1,921** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 30: Breakings Offences Reported**

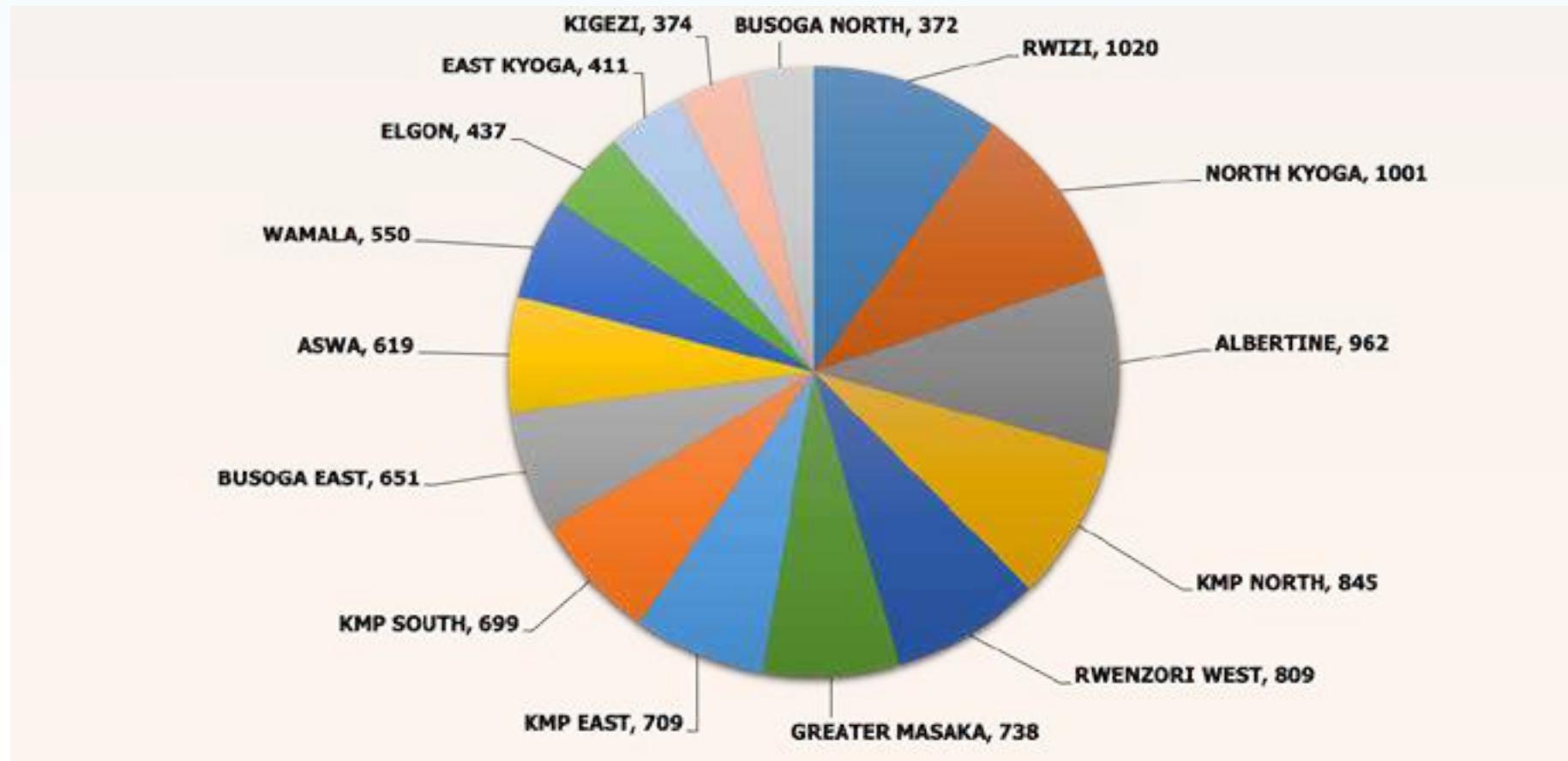
S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Burglaries	6,447	6,619	6,570	4,822	4,991	6,381
2.	House Breakings	3,019	3,329	3,174	2,129	2,041	3,156
3.	Shop Breaking	1,921	2,303	1,990	1,607	1,431	1,672
4.	Office Breaking	429	417	348	285	359	432
5.	Other Breakings (garage, e.t.c)	1,695	1,875	1,744	1,305	1,291	1,278
	TOTAL	13,511	14,543	13,826	10,148	10,113	12,919

By the end of 2024, out of the total cases of Breakings reported to Police, **6,857** cases were taken to Court, **1,902** were not proceeded with, while **4,752** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **2,126** cases secured convictions, **215** cases were acquitted, **1,207** cases were dismissed while **3,274** cases are still pending in Court.

**Figure 31: Comparison of Cases of Breakings from 2019 to 2024**

### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of Breakings with **1,020** cases, followed by North Kyoga with **1,001** cases, Albertine with **962** cases, KMP North with **845** cases, Rwenzori West with **809** cases and Greater Masaka with **738** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 32: Regions Leading in Breakings**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Mukono District registered the highest number of cases of Breakings in 2024 (**228** cases), followed by Tororo with **226** cases, Mayuge with **222** cases, Lira City West with **209** cases, Kawempe with **203** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 31: District/Division Leading in Breakings**

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Mukono	228	226	229	177	185	239
2	Tororo	226	244	239	117	150	182
3	Mayuge	222	168	99	72	76	91
4	Lira City West	209	183	144	133	98	289
5	Kawempe	203	131	125	140	114	152
6	Luwero	199	218	180	98	83	187
7	Ntungamo	197	221	163	119	156	187
8	Mubende	196	151	126	102	96	130
9	Jinja	194	168	132	89	105	138
10	Isingiro	188	229	184	114	114	136
11	Ibanda	172	153	111	52	88	109
12	Kagadi	170	148	172	144	108	149
13	Rwampara	169	161	79	59	48	24
14	Katwe	168	227	187	157	89	28
15	Kamwenge	153	159	117	73	86	121

### 1.5.5.1 Burglaries

A total of **6,447** cases of Burglaries were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **6,619** cases in 2023, giving a **2.6%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Burglaries in 2024 (**630** cases) followed by Albertine with **453** cases, KMP North with **376** cases, Rwenzori West with **375** cases, Rwizi with **361** cases and Busoga East with **355** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 33: Regions Leading in Burglary**

#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Lira City West Division registered the highest number of Burglaries in 2024 (**149** cases), followed by Mayuge District with **140** cases, Jinja with **123** cases, Tororo **106** cases, Kawempe and Kagadi with **87** cases each among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 32: District/Division Leading in Burglary**

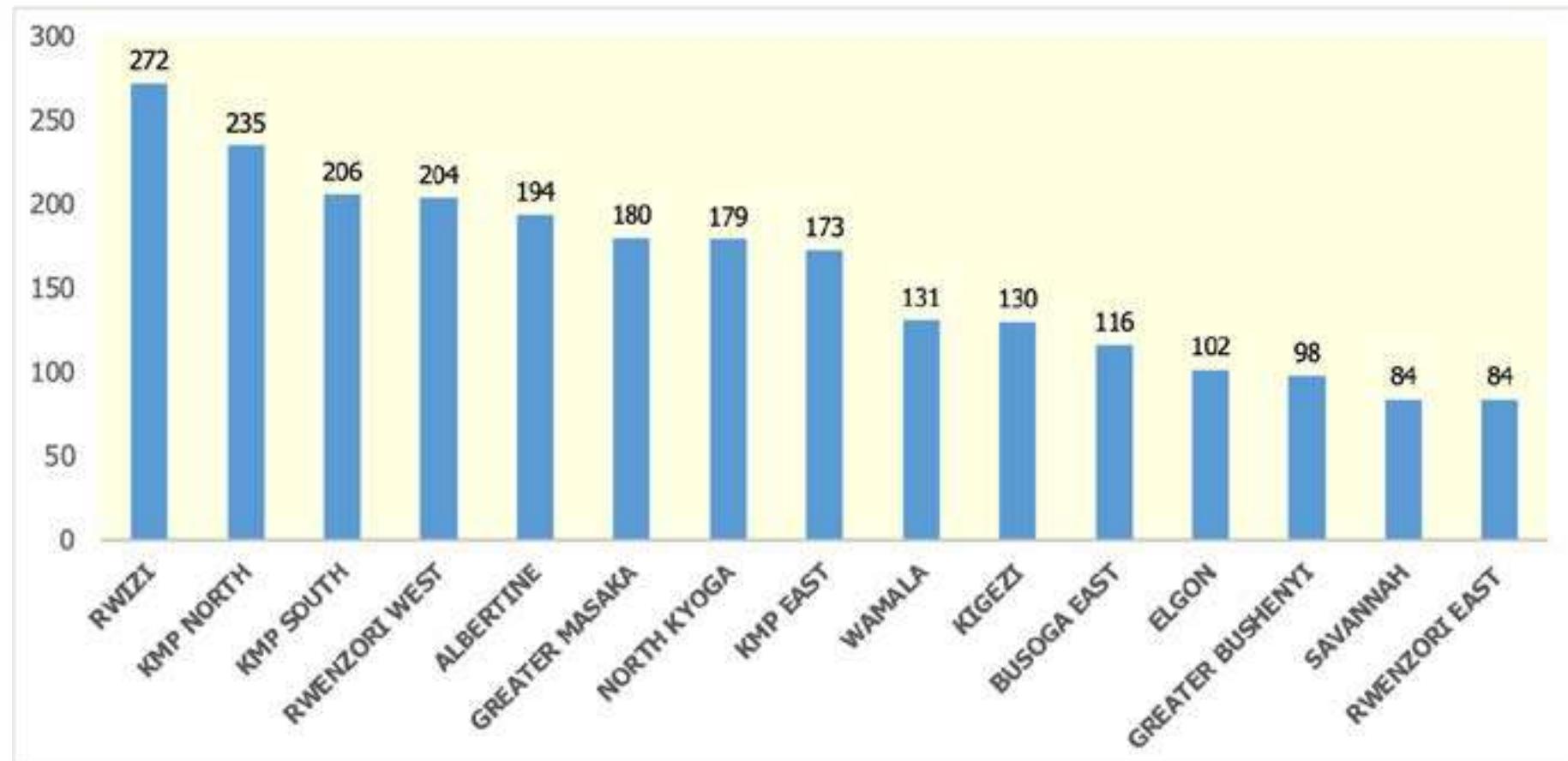
S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Lira City West	149	113	87	-	-	-
2	Mayuge	140	83	52	36	47	58
3	Jinja	123	98	79	49	55	51
4	Tororo	106	104	111	46	80	102
5	Kawempe	87	63	65	69	66	77
6	Kagadi	87	63	73	62	53	67
7	Buyende	86	59	56	54	42	66
8	Luwero	83	103	89	45	35	104
9	Kamwenge	81	55	46	33	29	40
10	Oyam	80	89	62	42	24	37
11	Katwe	80	92	77	56	47	98
12	Mubende	80	71	67	47	52	51
13	Rwampara	78	67	33	35	21	05
14	Kira Division	77	93	79	31	55	56
15	Kitgum	76	48	30	53	41	30

### 1.5.5.2 House Breakings

A total of **3,019** cases of House Breakings were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **3,329** cases in 2023, giving a **9.3%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of House Breakings in 2024 (**272** cases), followed by KMP North with **235** cases, KMP South with **206** cases and Rwenzori West with **204** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 34: Regions Leading in House Breakings**



## b. District/Divisional Performance

Kawempe Division registered the highest number of cases of House Breakings in 2024 (**63** cases), followed by Mukono Division and Ntungamo District with **60** cases each, Luwero with **54** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 33: District/Division Leading in House Breakings**

S/No.	Districts/ Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kawempe	63	45	31	35	15	31
2.	Ntungamo	60	79	52	27	40	62
3.	Mukono	60	62	71	38	40	71
4.	Luwero	54	59	48	29	19	44
5.	Isingiro	48	71	46	37	26	35
6.	Mubende	48	32	25	21	22	53
7.	Kasangati	46	62	45	21	33	65
8.	Kikuube	45	35	25	17	12	23
9.	Rwampara	45	59	20	11	11	6
10.	Ibanda	43	52	37	-	22	30
11.	Kajansi	41	22	38	20	10	23
12.	Rukungiri	41	42	37	17	45	56
13.	Kira Division	40	37	36	22	35	38
14.	Kabalagala	39	34	44	30	23	31
15.	Kamwenge	37	35	32	18	19	48

### 1.5.6 Economic & Corruption Crimes

A total of **13,132** cases of Economic & corruption crimes were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **12,924** cases in 2023, giving a **1.6%** increase in this crime category. Obtaining by False Pretence registered the highest number of cases in this crime category in 2023 (**10,449** cases), followed by forgeries and Uttering Documents with **894** cases and counterfeiting with **209** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 34: Breakdown of some of the Categories of Economic Crimes**

S/No	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Embezzlement	92	101	128	169	143	194
2.	Causing Financial loss	76	49	55	50	32	62
3.	Abuse of office	101	42	61	66	77	109
4.	Counterfeiting	209	262	388	271	238	394
5.	Forgeries & Uttering of Documents	894	868	804	747	629	911
6.	Issuing False Cheques	94	135	185	186	190	320
7.	Bank and Other Corporate Frauds	90	43	82	102	63	33
8.	Obtaining By False Pretences	10,449	10,709	10,652	8,634	8,069	10,598
9.	Cyber (Computer) crimes	474	245	286	258	253	248
10.	Prevention of Corruption Act	25	32	37	57	32	32

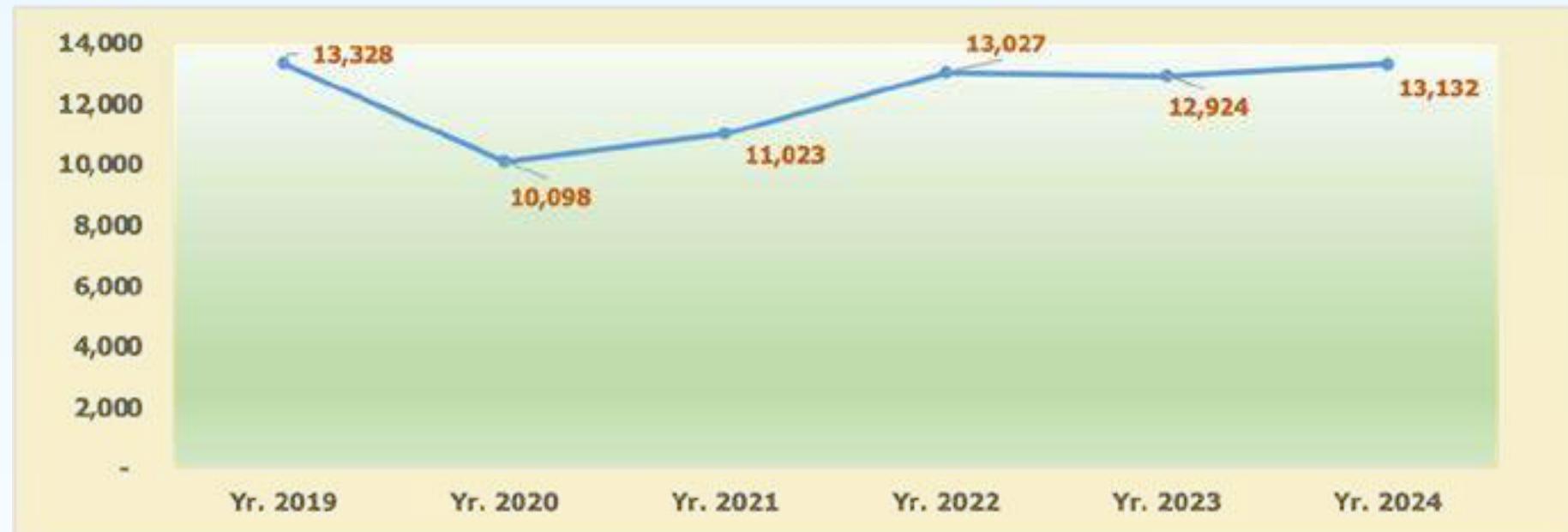


By the end of 2024, out of the total cases of Economic & Corruption Crimes reported to Police, **3,494** cases were taken to Court, **3,494** cases were not proceeded with, while **6,856** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **1,016** cases secured convictions, **64** cases were acquitted, **416** cases were dismissed while **1,998** cases are still pending in Court.

### Comparison of Cases of Economic & Corruption Crimes from 2019 to 2024

There was a partial distribution of cases of Economic & Corruption Crimes reported to the Police countrywide from **13,328** cases in 2019 to **13,132** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

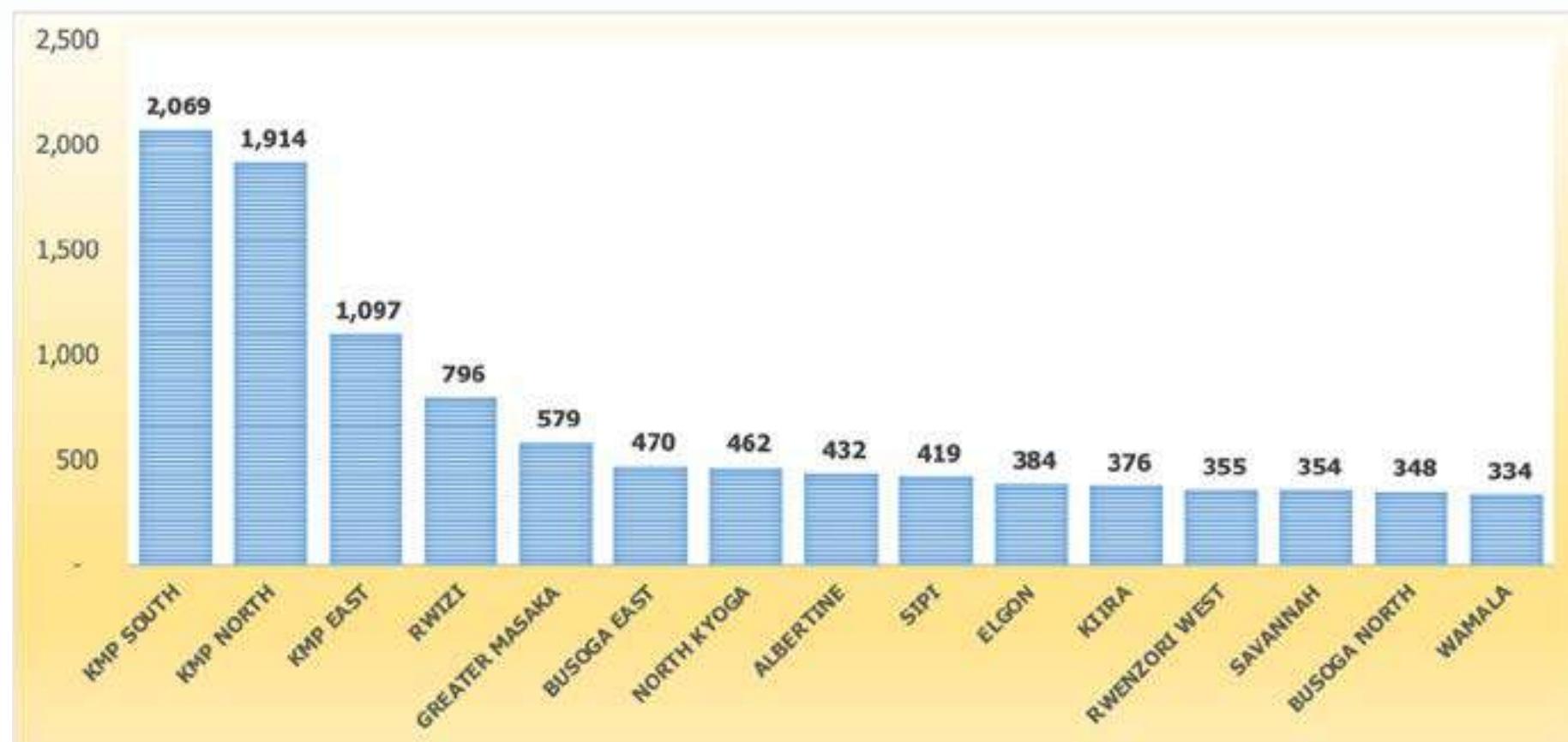
**Figure 35: Comparison of cases of Economic & Corruption Crimes from 2019 to 2024**



#### a. Regional Performance

KMP South Region registered the highest number of cases of Economic crimes in 2023 (**2,069** cases), followed by KMP North with **1,914** cases, KMP East with **1,097** cases, Rwizi with **796** cases, Greater Masaka with **579** cases, Busoga East with **470** cases and North Kyoga with **462** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 36: Regions Leading in Economic crimes**





## b. District/Divisional Performance

CPS Kampala Police Division registered the highest number of Economic crimes in 2024 (**673** cases), followed by Old Kampala Police Division with **499** cases, Kawempe Police Division **472** cases, Jinja Road **364** cases, Katwe Police Division with **324** cases and Entebbe with **289** cases as shown in the following table.

**Table 35: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Economic Crimes**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	CPS Kampala	673	798	832	582	472	708
2	Old Kampala	499	293	407	281	248	282
3	Kawempe	472	233	184	238	135	180
4	Jinja Road	364	371	238	219	197	280
5	Katwe	324	492	372	216	161	287
6	Entebbe	289	198	187	153	134	154
7	Mukono	284	318	188	179	182	239
8	Jinja	252	206	184	146	131	192
9	Wandegeya	249	202	187	168	137	126
10	Rwampala	246	205	96	61	51	29
11	Kasangati	239	208	242	144	163	196
12	Kabalagala	238	268	232	146	130	206
13	Natete	235	97	-	-	-	-
14	Luweero	226	299	256	222	139	232
15	Wakiso	222	268	190	147	136	180

### 1.5.6.1 Bank and Other Corporate Frauds

A total of **110** cases of Bank and other Corporate Fraud crimes were reported to Police in 2024, constituting a **0.8%** of the economic crimes registered in the country. These frauds manifest themselves in various forms which range from Money Laundering, other Corporate Frauds Terrorism Financing some of which are as broken down in the table below.

**Table 36: Bank and Other Corporate Fraud Crimes**

S/no	Cases	Cases Reported	Submitted to DPP	Under investigation	Taken to Court	Suspects.		Convictions.	Closed & Put Away
						M	F		
01.	Money Laundering	19	06	13	-	20	01	-	-
02	Human Trafficking	01	01		-	01	01	-	-
03	Forgery-Predicate	01		01	01	01		01	01
04	Terrorism Financing	01		01	-	01	-	-	-
05	Demanding By Menaces	01		01	-	02	--	-	
<b>Total</b>		<b>23</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>01</b>



### 1.5.7 Child-related Offences

**4.3%** of the reported cases were as a result of Child-related Offences with **9,408** cases where children/juveniles were direct targets/victims of crime in 2024, compared to **10,741** cases reported in 2023 thus giving a **12.4%** decrease in the registered crimes in this category countrywide.

**Table 37: Child-related Offences**

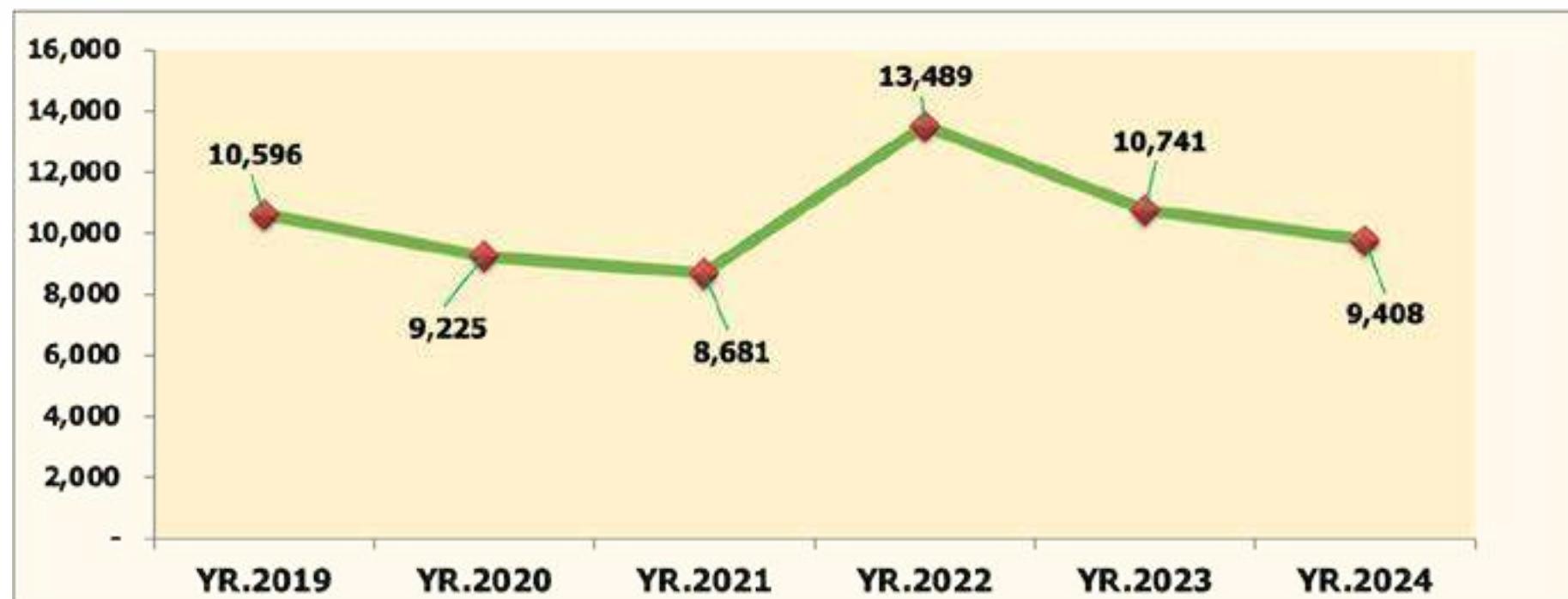
<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Categories of Child-related Crimes</b>	<b>No. of Cases Reported</b>					
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
1	Child Neglect	3,663	4,730	6,505	4,961	4,785	6,202
2	Child Disappearing/ Missing	2,237	2,208	2,530	-	-	-
3	Child Desertion	1,597	1,918	2,126	1,728	1,970	2,261
4	Child Abuse/Torture	787	866	1,240	1,073	1,287	1,302
5	Child Trafficking	597	510	532	317	98	77
6	Child Stealing	252	232	245	213	222	236
7	Child Abduction/Kidnap	159	159	205	291	382	401
8	Abortion	68	81	59	56	396	68
9	Infanticide	48	37	47	42	85	49
	<b>Total</b>	<b>9,408</b>	<b>10,741</b>	<b>13,489</b>	<b>8,681</b>	<b>9,225</b>	<b>10,596</b>

By the end of 2024, out of the total cases of Child-related Offences reported to Police, **862** cases were taken to Court, **4,183** were not proceeded with, while **4,363** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **207** cases secured convictions, **97** cases were dismissed, **66** cases acquitted while **492** cases are still pending in Court.

### Comparison of Cases of Child-related Offences from 2019 to 2024

There was a decrease in cases of Child-related offences reported to Police from **13,489** cases in 2023 to **9,408** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 37: Comparison of Cases of Child-related Offences from 2019 to 2024**

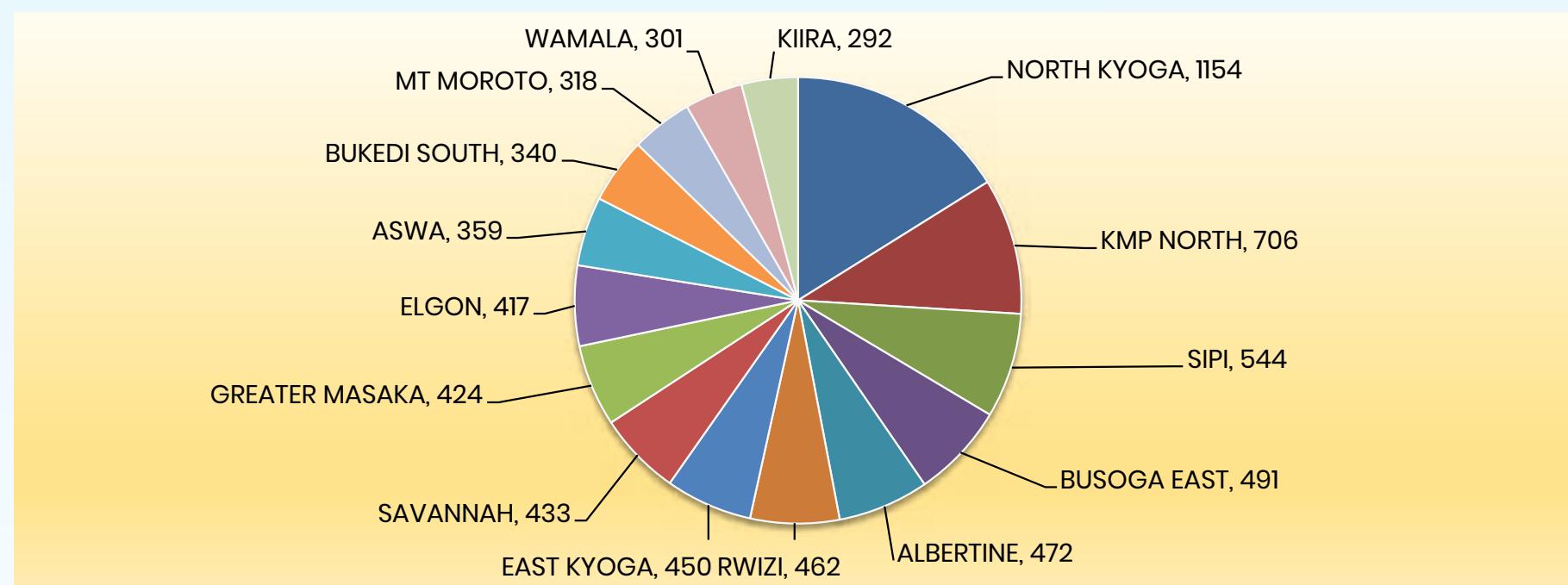




## b. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of cases of Child-related offences in 2024 (**1,154** cases) followed by KMP North with **706** cases, Sipi with **544** cases, Busoga East with **491** cases and Albertine with **472** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 38: Regions Leading in Child-Related Offences**



## c. District/Divisional Performance

Busia registered the highest number of cases of Child-related offences in 2024 (**299** cases), followed by Luwero District with **241** cases, Mayuge with **222** cases, Jinja and Kween with **221** cases each and Lira CPS with **186** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 38: District/Division with Highest Number of Cases of Child-related Offences**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Busia	299	176	326	225	83	83
2.	Luwero	241	384	432	194	104	143
3.	Mayuge	222	200	157	57	22	21
4.	Kween	221	266	286	84	96	45
5.	Jinja	221	260	309	123	175	205
6.	Lira CPS	186	113	96	-	-	-
7.	Mityana	178	35	123	168	15	07
8.	Old Kampala	171	162	355	318	301	438
9.	Kapchorwa	168	184	245	43	30	63
10.	Bukwo	155	162	163	60	43	49
11.	Nakasongola	141	177	113	57	47	60
12.	Kwania	138	119	44	21	23	54
13.	Lira City East	136	431	230	56	42	254
14.	Hoima central	135	128	32	109	233	-
15.	Buyende	133	53	143	21	20	43



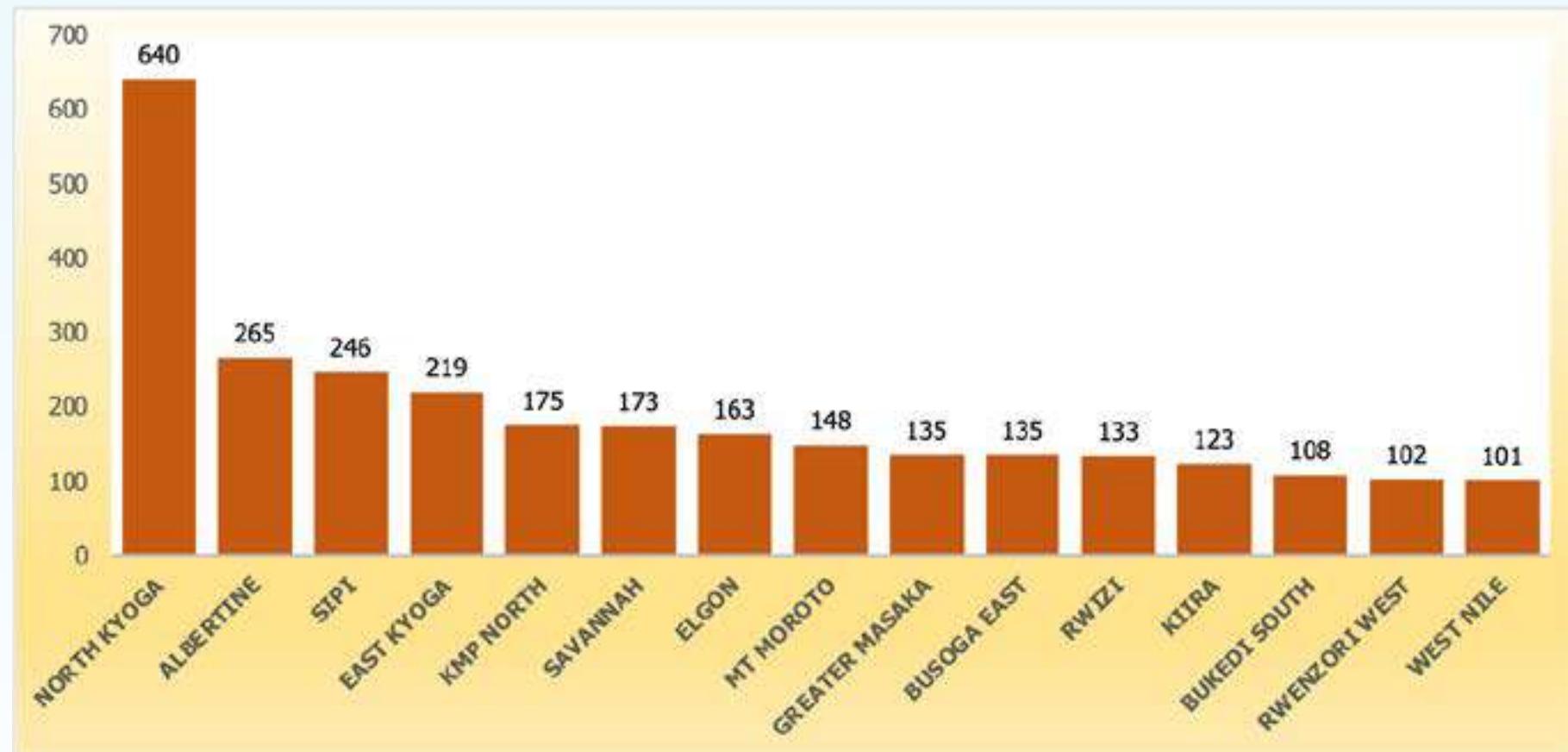
### 1.5.7.1 Child Neglect

A total of **3,663** cases of Child Neglect were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **4,730** cases in 2023 thus giving a **23%** decrease in this reported crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Child Neglect in 2024 (**640** cases), followed by Albertine with **265** cases, Sipi with **246** cases and East Kyoga with **219** cases among others as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 39: Regions Leading in Child Neglect**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Kween registered the highest number of Child Neglect cases in 2024 (**114** cases), followed by Kwania with **113** cases, Busia with **103** cases and Nakasongola Police station with **100** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 39: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Child Neglect**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kween	114	138	205	21	96	45
2.	Kwania	113	104	80	21	21	46
3.	Busia	103	66	91	85	83	83
4.	Nakasongola	100	87	72	31	47	60
5.	Jinja	88	101	160	93	175	205
6.	Lira CPS	81	86	156	44	42	254
7.	Apac	80	66	61	60	8	20
8.	Kikuube	79	87	126	14	9	245
9.	Mityana	78	3	2	7	3	1
10.	Hoima central	78	64	178	-	-	-
11.	Mayuge	75	71	59	28	22	21
12.	Bukwo	71	48	53	24	23	13



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported						
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
13.	Kasangati	70	48	55	47	44	49	
14.	Amulatal	64	131	175	252	125	-	
15.	Alebatong	62	25	57	36	12	97	

### 1.5.7.2 Child Desertion

A total of **1,597** cases of Child Desertion were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **1,918** cases reported in 2023, giving a **17%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga registered the highest number of cases of Child Desertion in 2024 (**271** cases), followed by Sipi with **142** cases, East Kyoga with **118** cases and Rwizi with **97** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 40: Regions Leading in Child Desertion**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Busia District registered the highest number of Child Desertion cases in 2024 (**71** cases) followed by Lira City West with **67** cases, Kapchorwa with **51** cases, Kween with **47** cases, Bukwo and Kabale with **44** cases each, Alebatong with **43** cases and Luwero with **42** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 40: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Child Desertion**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported						
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
1.	Busia	71	49	98	92	101	81	
2.	Lira City west	67	28	23	-	-	-	
3.	Kapchorwa	51	47	69	23	52	36	
4.	Kween	47	84	57	18	76	35	
5.	Bukwo	44	81	40	20	12	22	
6.	Kabale	44	45	28	28	31	49	
7.	Alebatong	43	19	28	2	6	47	
8.	Luwero	42	77	91	37	15	40	
9.	Kumi	39	30	6	3	-	-	



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
10.	Mayuge	35	17	20	8	10	3
11.	Bududa	32	15	-	-	17	33
12.	Apac	30	36	17	1	-	11
13.	Nakasongola	30	48	23	19	17	20
14.	Soroti Katine	29	28	10	-	-	-
15.	Lira City East	28	65	23	8	4	82

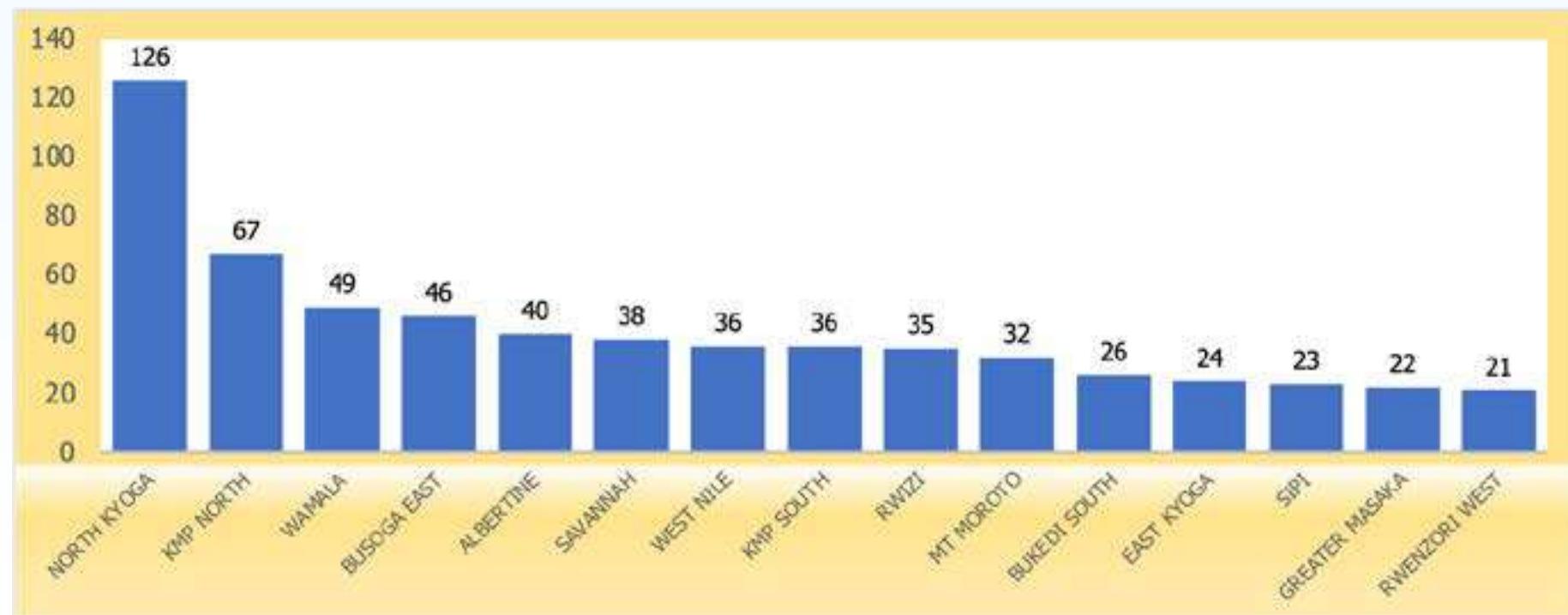
### 1.5.7.3 Child Abuse and Torture

A total of **787** cases of Child Abuse and Torture were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **866** cases in 2023, giving a **9%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga region registered the highest number of cases of Child Abuse and Torture in 2024 (**126** cases), followed by KMP North with **67** cases, Wamala with **49** cases, Busoga East with **46** cases and Albertine with **40** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 41: Regions Leading in Child Abuse and Torture**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Lira CPS registered the highest number of Child Abuse and Torture in 2024 (**53** cases) followed by Mityana with **43** cases, Lira City East with **36** cases and Luwero with **25** cases as shown in the following table.

**Table 41: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Child Abuse and Torture**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Lira CPS	53	15	11	6	5	47
2.	Mityana	43	3	1	4	-	2
3.	Lira City East	36	5	2	-	-	-
4.	Luwero	25	45	51	35	28	40
5.	Busia	22	13	9	85	47	40



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
6.	Zombo	20	11	12	-	22	2
7.	Mayuge	19	29	18	7	15	3
8.	Kawempe	19	18	20	9	12	8
9.	Moroto	17	5	5	5	2	2
10.	Old Kampala	14	11	18	3	8	41
11.	Wakiso	14	5	9	3	5	6
12.	Alebatong	13	4	5	4	5	5
13.	Kamuli	13	1	2	4	3	3
14.	Kikuube	11	30	26	2	3	32
15.	Katwe	11	29	115	12	150	208

### 1.5.8 Other Crimes in General

Other Crimes in General reported to Police countrywide were **58,754** in 2024 compared to **60,562** cases reported in 2023 giving a **3.0%** decrease and constituting **27%** of the total number of cases.

**Table 42: Other Crimes in General**

S/No.	Categories of Other Crimes in General	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Domestic Violence	14,073	14,681	17,698	17,533	17,664	13,639
2.	Other penal code offences (not categorised)	13,139	12,834	12,996	13,727	15,256	11,819
3.	Threatening Violence	10,160	10,591	10,345	10,408	10,844	11,592
4.	Malicious Damage to Property	7,992	8,043	7,838	6,980	7,370	7,541
5.	Criminal Trespass	7,674	8,436	8,418	7,636	7,505	7,920
6.	Arson (General)	1,604	1,792	1,747	1,803	1,614	1,614
7.	Missing/Disappearance of persons	996	1,067	1,053	-	-	-
8.	Att. Killing (other than shooting)	946	859	766	760	822	1,042
9.	Escapes from Lawful Custody	927	1,072	988	751	813	1,329
10.	Human Trafficking	471	496	668	362	113	207
11.	Abduction/Kidnap	245	219	242	321	335	424
12.	Att. Suicide	218	165	235	204	195	223
13.	Malicious Damage to School/Gvt Property	108	121	149	77	248	184
14.	Att. Killing (by shooting)	101	97	96	96	68	109
15.	Examination Leakage and Stealing	49	57	27	40	4	27
16.	Rescues from Lawful Custody	29	26	39	16	27	49
17.	Piracy	22	25	64	3	30	17
	<b>Total</b>	<b>58,754</b>	<b>60,562</b>	<b>63,369</b>	<b>60,717</b>	<b>62,908</b>	<b>57,736</b>

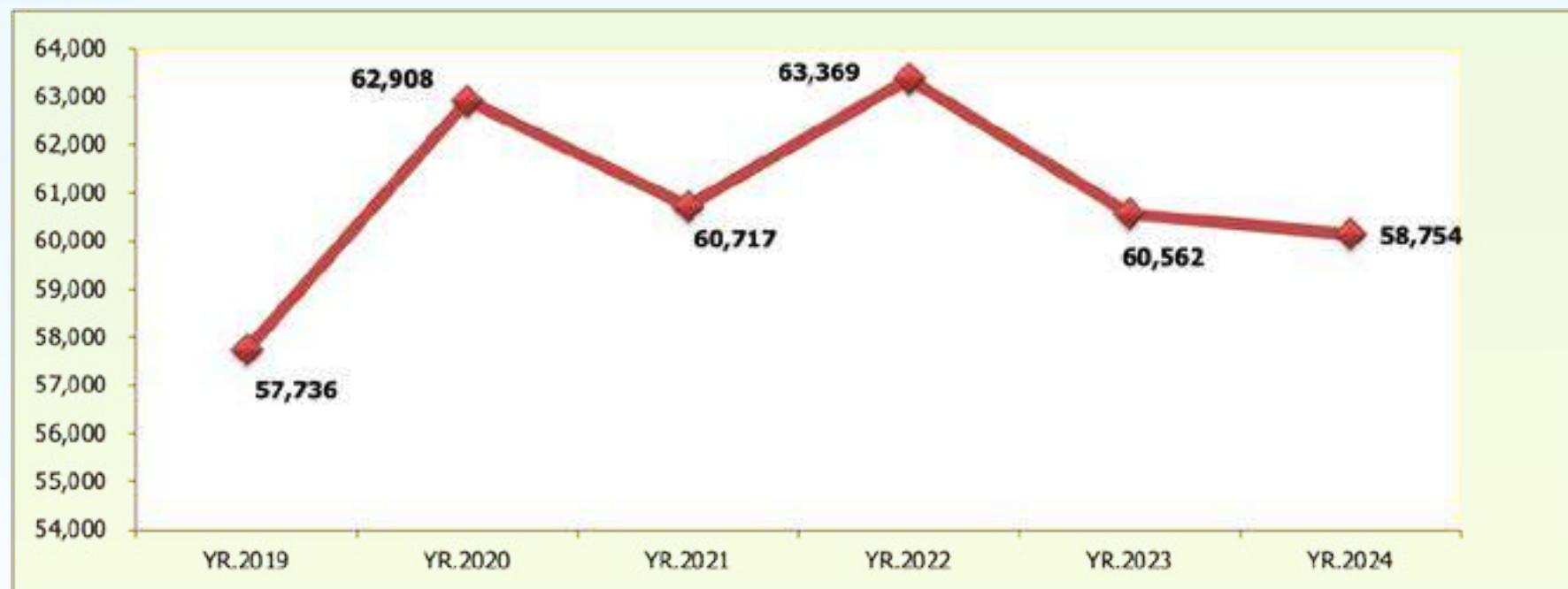


Out of the total cases of Other Crimes in General reported to Police in 2024, **17,854** cases were taken to Court, **15,531** were not proceeded with, while **25,369** cases are still under inquiry. Of the total cases taken to Court, **5,528** cases secured convictions, **352** cases were acquitted, **2,255** cases were dismissed, while **9,489** cases are still pending in Court.

### Comparison of Other Crimes in General from 2019 to 2024

There was a general decrease in Other Crimes in General from **63,369** cases reported in 2022 to **58,754** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

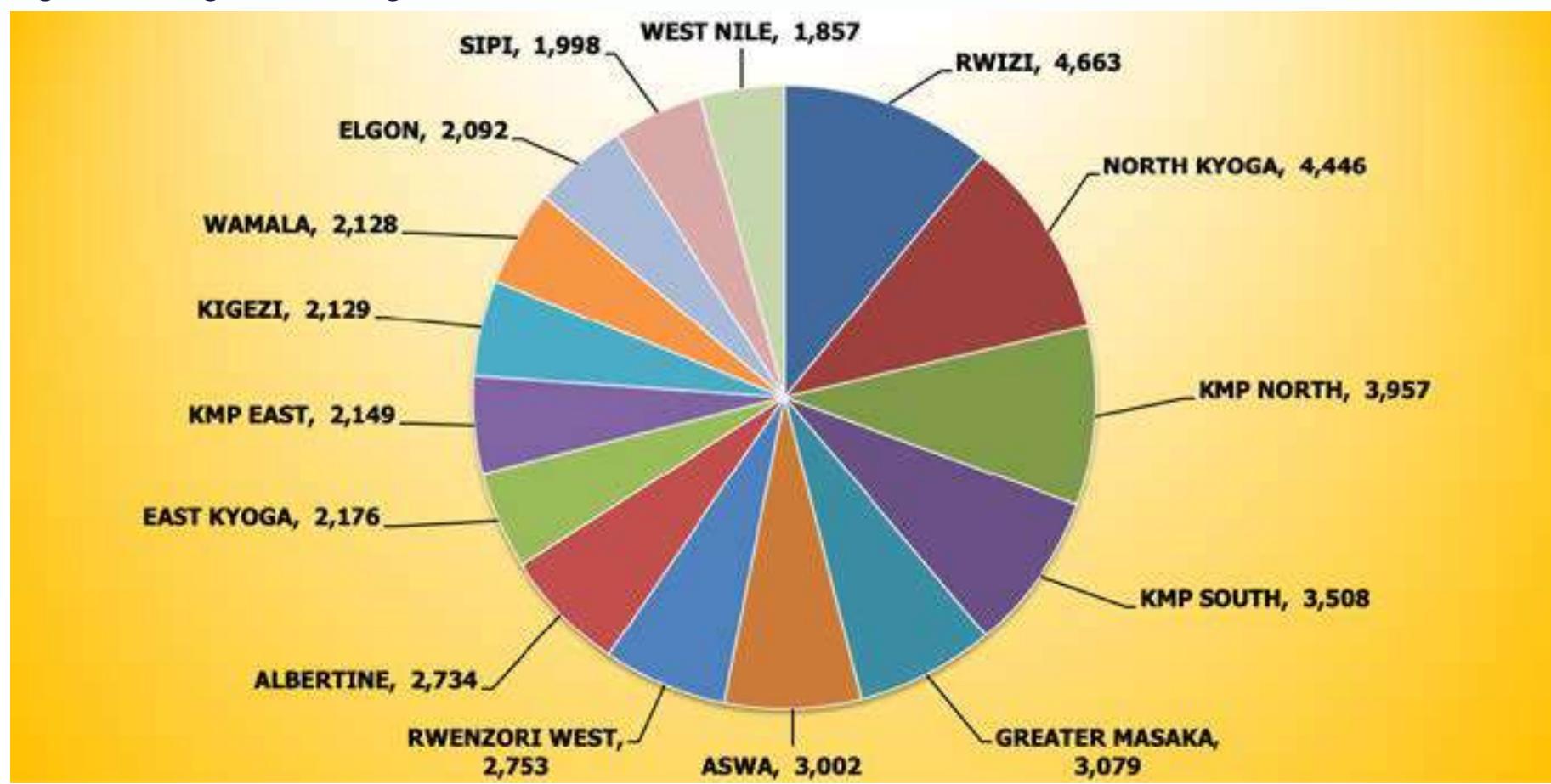
**Figure 42: Comparison of cases of Other Crimes in General from 2019 to 2024**



### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi region registered the highest number of cases of Other Crimes in General in 2024 (**4,663** cases) followed by North Kyoga with **4,446** cases, KMP North with **3,957** cases, KMP South with **3,508** cases, and Greater Masaka with **3,079** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 43: Regions Leading in Other Crimes in General**





## b. District/Divisional Performance

Rwampara Police Division registered the highest number of cases of Other Crimes in General in 2024 (**933** cases), followed by Luwero with **932** cases, Mityana with **884** cases, Kween with **824** cases, Bukwo with **791** cases, Katwe with **784** cases and Kasangati with **783** cases as shown in the table below.

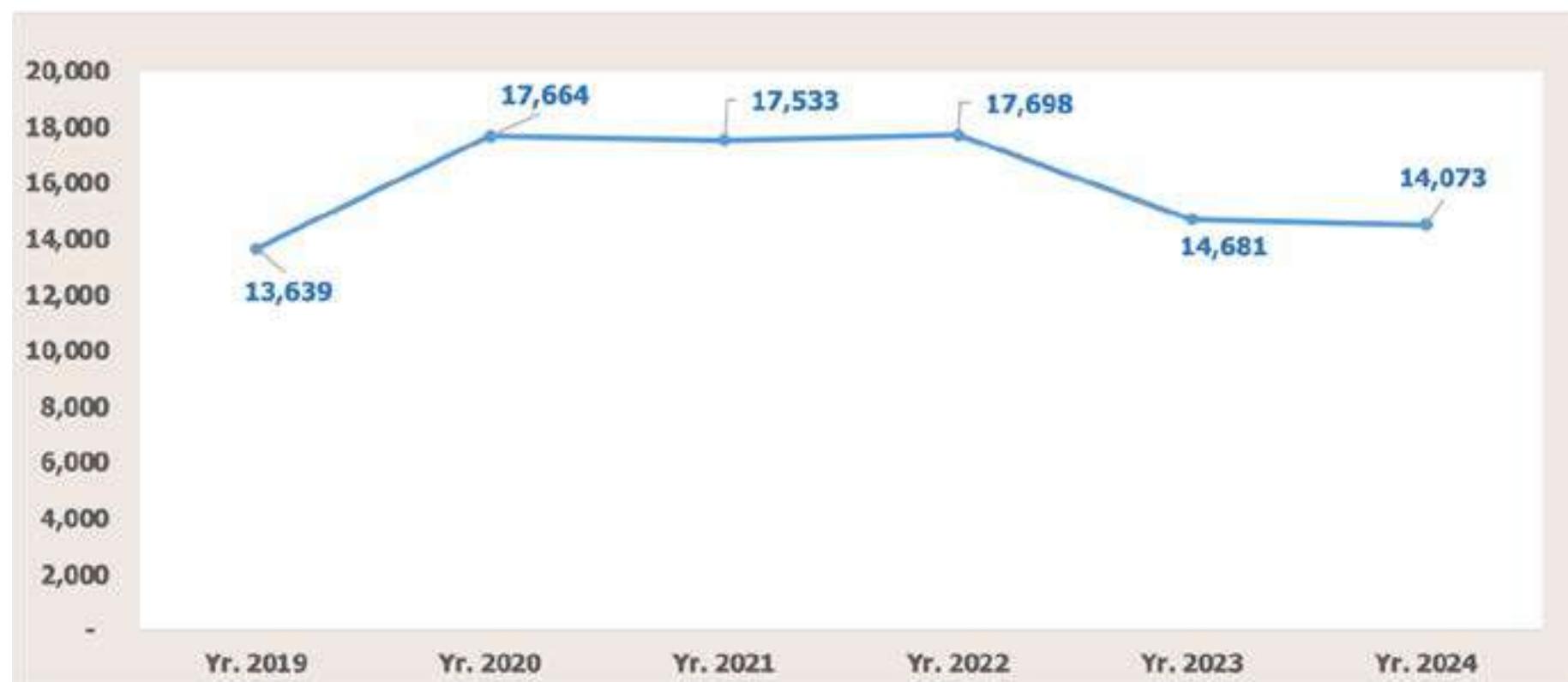
**Table 43: District/Division with Highest Number of Cases of Other Crimes in General**

<b>S/No.</b>	<b>Categories Of Other Crimes in General</b>	<b>No. of Cases Reported</b>					
		<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
1.	Rwampara	933	799	463	605	424	126
2.	Luwero	932	1,311	1,261	973	607	622
3.	Mityana	884	461	433	457	460	307
4.	Kween	824	733	424	359	1,061	533
5.	Bukwo	791	862	786	374	405	351
6.	Katwe	784	956	814	539	841	864
7.	Kasangati	783	679	689	694	498	566
8.	Kawempe	734	485	582	545	442	498
9.	Buyende	717	655	517	418	514	322
10.	Ntungamo	709	713	704	752	733	766
11.	Ibanda	701	648	608	455	488	463
12.	Jinja	699	628	557	585	541	661
13.	Entebbe	682	619	774	406	424	406
14.	Tororo	672	664	757	530	1,140	965

### 1.5.8.1 Domestic Violence

A total of **14,073** cases of Domestic Violence were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **14,681** cases reported in 2023 thus giving a **4%** decrease in the volume of Domestic Violence registered countrywide.

**Figure 44: Comparison of Domestic Violence Cases from 2019 to 2024**





There was a general decrease in cases of Domestic Violence registered countrywide from **17,698** cases in 2022 to **14,073** cases in 2024 as shown in Figure 44 above. Domestic Violence has mainly been caused by, Dispute over family property, Failure to provide for the family, Drug and alcohol abuse, and Cases of infidelity.

By the end of 2024, **1,502** cases of Domestic Violence were taken to Court, out of which, **525** cases secured convictions, **05** case was acquitted, **135** cases were dismissed while **837** cases are still pending in Court.

A total of **14,126** people were victims of Domestic Violence, of whom **3,161** were Male Adults, **10,276** were Female Adults and **323** were Male Juveniles while **366** were Female Juveniles.

### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of Domestic Violence in 2024 (**1,497** cases), followed Rwizi with **1,291** cases, Rwenzori West with **864** cases and Elgon with **655** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 45: Regions Leading in Domestic Violence**



### b. District/Divisional Performance

Mityana Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Domestic Violence in 2023 (**409** cases), followed by Kwania with **386** cases, Busia with **307** cases, Kween with **289** cases and Luwero with **287** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 44: District/Division Leading in Domestic Violence**

S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1	Mityana	409	17	24	19	10	14
2	Kwania	386	307	193	57	67	67
3	Busia	307	178	298	341	257	278
4	Kween	289	215	171	120	289	129
5	Luwero	287	534	501	340	114	106
6	Ibanda	276	222	248	280	247	197
7	Rwampara	276	226	104	111	129	7
8	Kamwenge	265	492	266	442	240	29
9	Kazo	245	8	6	3	-	-
10	Jinja	235	192	185	192	119	327
11	Lira City East	215	230	353	120	37	399



S/No.	Districts/Divisions	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
12	Moroto	208	198	311	269	206	175
13	Kaliro	207	134	68	45	50	44
14	Nakasongola	207	235	148	82	97	61
15	Kasangati	203	140	93	165	85	105

### 1.5.8.2 Threatening Violence

By the end of 2024 a total of **10,160** cases of Threatening Violence were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **10,591** cases reported in 2023, giving a **4%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

Rwizi Region registered the highest number of cases of Threatening Violence cases in 2024 (**1,003** cases), followed by North Kyoga with **779** cases, Rwenzori West with **636** cases and Kigezi with **560** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 46: Regions Leading in Threatening Violence**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Bukwo District registered the highest number of cases of Threatening Violence in 2024 (**258** cases), followed by Rwampara with **232** cases, Kween with **200** cases, Ntungamo with **199** cases and Isingiro with **187** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 45: District/Division Leading in Threatening Violence**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Bukwo	258	228	279	279	79	81
2.	Rwampara	232	226	144	144	102	41
3.	Kween	200	175	75	75	260	144
4.	Ntungamo	199	188	210	210	204	225
5.	Isingiro	187	157	148	148	130	173
6.	Kitgum	156	76	84	100	64	62



S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
7.	Rukungiri	154	189	156	156	298	228
8.	Ibanda	152	142	100	100	72	76
9.	Kyenjojo	145	104	111	178	342	393
10.	Bushenyi	127	151	145	145	166	190
11.	Buyende	126	95	81	78	136	98
12.	Alebatong	124	121	135	135	50	32
13.	Kawempe	124	56	60	69	61	53
14.	Tororo	116	85	108	55	139	129
15.	Lira City East	112	174	39	39	54	218

### 1.5.8.3 Arson

A total of **1,604** cases of Arson were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **1,792** cases in 2023 thus giving a **10%** decrease in this crime category.

#### a. Regional Performance

North Kyoga Region registered the highest number of Arson cases in 2024 (**234** cases), followed by Aswa West with **174** cases, East Kyoga with **134** cases, West Nile with **111** cases and Busoga North with **106** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 47: Regions Leading in Arson**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Kamuli District registered highest number of Arson cases in 2024 (**74** cases), followed by Omoro with **48** cases, Oyam with **45** cases each, Amuru with **42** cases and Nwoya with **36** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 46: Districts With Highest Number of Arson Cases**

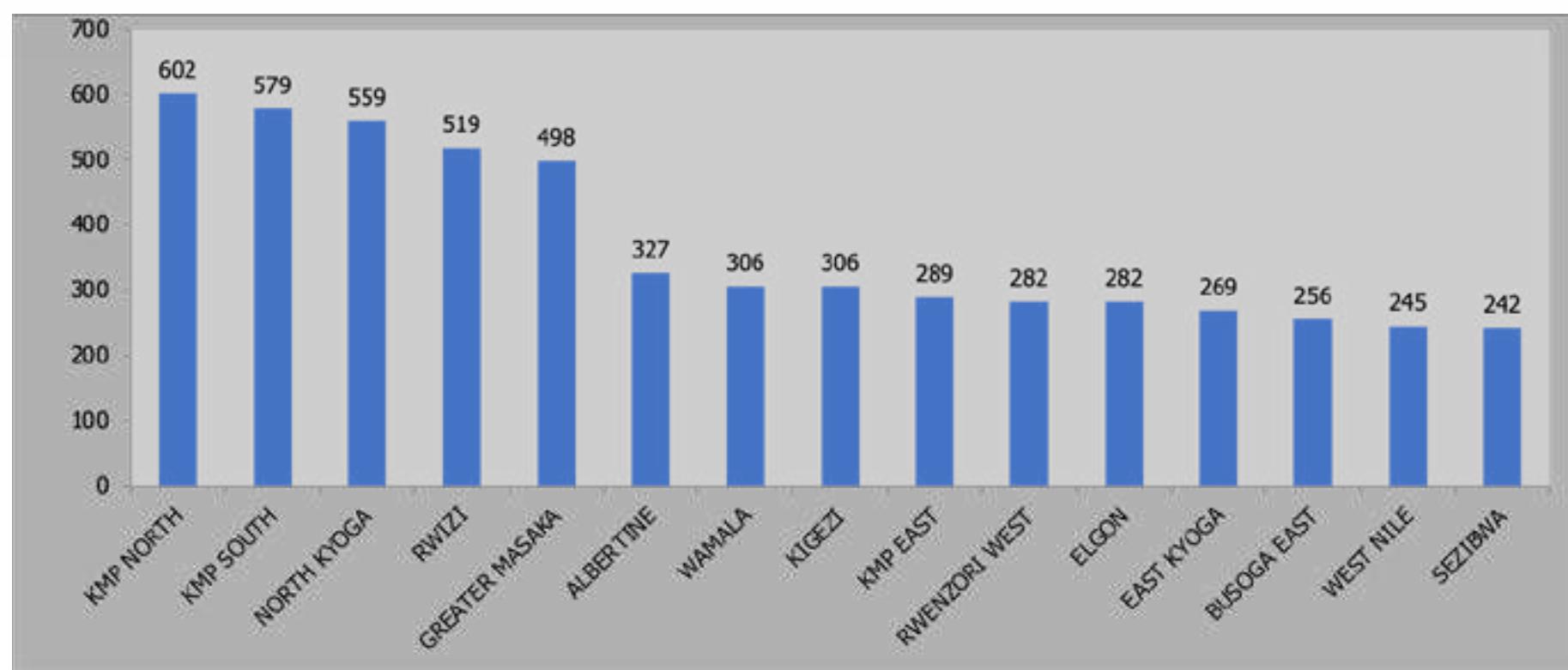
S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kamuli	74	11	11	12	14	15
2.	Omoro	48	47	38	46	34	37
3.	Oyam	45	57	44	55	37	39
4.	Amuru	42	29	16	35	30	27
5.	Nwoya	36	42	57	33	38	28
6.	Pader	31	15	27	28	29	18
7.	Yumbe	30	28	16	-	19	23
8.	Alebtong	30	23	34	22	27	16
9.	Lamwo	29	16	35	43	15	28
10.	Luwero	27	23	26	16	9	8
11.	Lira City East	27	48	8	21	12	26
12.	Kitgum	25	33	31	41	31	43
13.	Buyende	25	23	14	22	13	17
14.	Nebbi	24	30	17	22	24	36
15.	Nebbi	24	30	17	22	24	36

#### 1.5.8.4 Criminal Trespass

A total of **7,674** cases of Criminal Trespass were reported to the Police countrywide in **2024** compared to **8,436** cases reported in 2023, giving a **9%** decrease in this crime category. These crimes are mainly experienced in Land-related cases, residences and office disputes.

##### a. Regional Performance

Criminal trespass was reported highest in KMP North in 2024 with **602** cases, followed by KMP South with **579** cases, North Kyoga with **559** cases and Rwizi with **519** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 48: Regions Leading in Criminal Trespass**



## b. District/Divisional Performance

Kasangati Police Station registered the highest number of cases of Criminal Trespass cases in 2024 (**152** cases), followed by Nsangi Police Station with **141** cases, Entebbe and Wakiso with **130** cases each, Mityana with **123** cases and Luwero Police Station with **121** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 47: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Criminal Trespass**

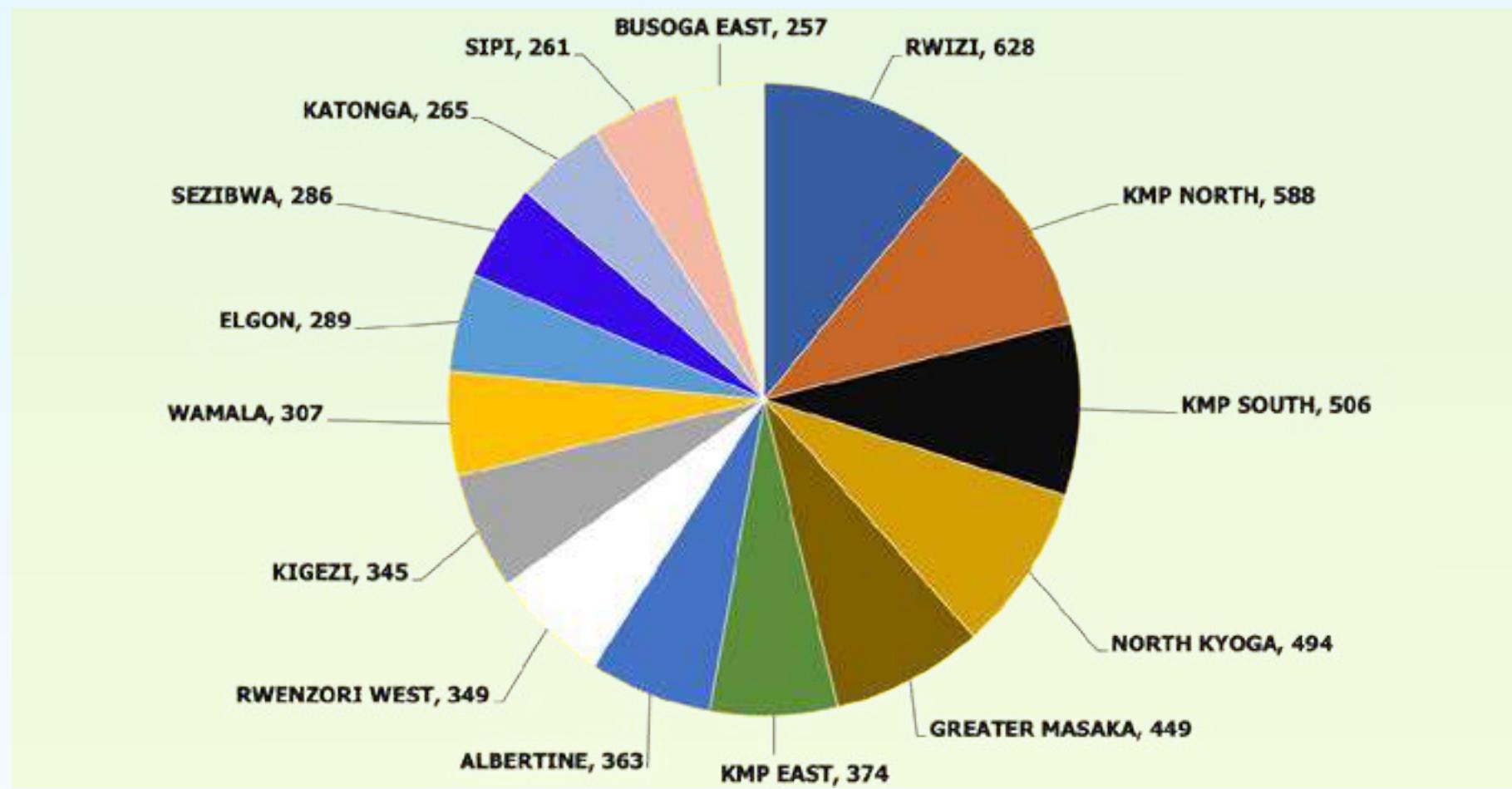
S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kasangati	152	156	196	163	129	165
2.	Nsangi	141	176	134	100	105	124
3.	Entebbe	130	172	126	122	151	134
4.	Wakiso	130	185	128	153	134	122
5.	Mityana	123	115	100	79	91	34
6.	Luwero	121	125	191	192	124	104
7.	Kween	115	175	69	57	146	64
8.	Kajjansi	106	124	168	101	74	70
9.	Buyende	103	58	69	68	88	57
10.	Kakiri	101	83	106	63	68	66
11.	Katwe	100	116	74	81	80	136
12.	Mpigi	99	122	141	155	159	120
13.	Ntungamo	98	188	108	105	104	103
14.	Isingiro	96	157	45	44	62	60
15.	Rwampara	90	226	59	71	46	10

### 1.5.8.5 Malicious Damage to Property

A total of **7,992** cases of Malicious Damage to Property were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **8,043** cases reported in 2023, giving a **0.6%** decrease in this crime category and constituting **3%** of the overall crimes reported. These cases were mainly associated with Land Wrangles, Breakings, Burglaries, Attempted Robberies and cases of Assault.

## a. Regional Performance

Rwizi region registered the highest number of cases of Malicious Damage to Property with **628** cases, followed by KMP North with **588** cases, KMP South with **506** cases, North Kyoga with **494** cases and Greater Masaka with **449** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 49: Regions Leading in Malicious Damage to Property**

### b. District/Divisional Performance

Wakiso District registered the highest number of cases of Malicious Damages to Property in 2024 (**161** cases), followed by Mpigi with **159** cases, Entebbe and Ntungamo with **145** cases each, Rwampara with **141** cases, Kasangati with **125** cases, and Buikwe with **124** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 48: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Malicious Damage to Property**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Wakiso	161	123	116	81	89	111
2.	Mpigi	159	183	169	208	232	147
3.	Entebbe	145	117	122	75	74	87
4.	Ntungamo	145	137	136	132	137	126
5.	Rwampara	141	109	60	115	67	16
6.	Kasangati	125	104	122	81	121	89
7.	Buikwe	124	108	89	64	54	57
8.	Bukwo	121	116	89	53	27	30
9.	Luwero	121	206	172	146	103	100
10.	Mukono	116	140	96	91	152	140
11.	Katwe	112	92	93	73	73	82
12.	Nagalama	108	94	74	96	71	62
13.	Mityana	100	109	103	79	98	83
14.	Rukungiri	100	79	81	77	163	118
15.	Buyende	93	79	65	58	88	54



### 1.5.9 Robberies

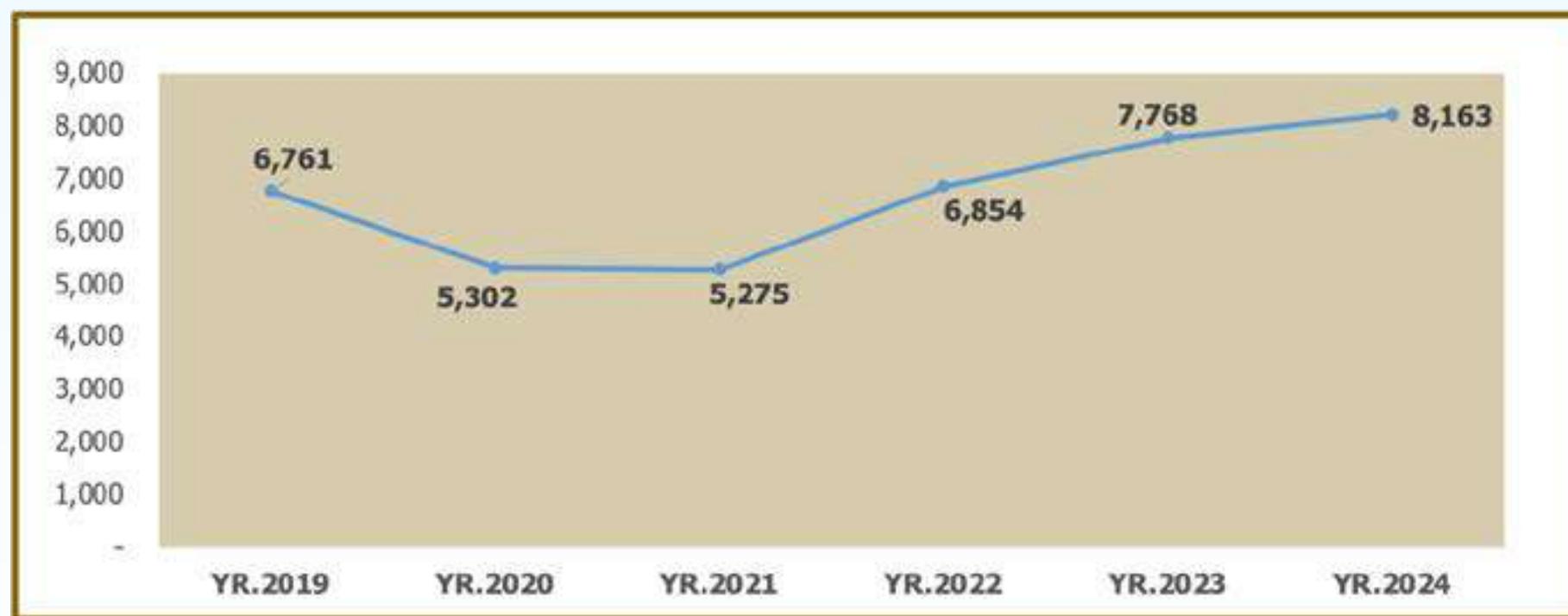
A total of **8,163** cases of Robberies were reported to the Police countrywide in 2024 compared to **7,772** cases reported in 2023, giving a **5%** increase in this crime category. Cases of Robberies where lethal weapons were not used were **5,047** cases while cases of Aggravated Robberies where lethal weapons like firearms, knives hammer and machetes were used were **3,116** cases.

By the end of 2024, out of the total cases of Robberies reported to Police, **2,898** cases were taken to Court, **1,263** were not proceeded with, while **4002** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **465** cases secured convictions, **49** cases were acquitted, **368** cases were dismissed, while, **2,016** cases are still pending in Court.

#### Comparison of Cases of Robberies from 2019 to 2024

There was a general increase in cases of Robberies from **6,761** cases reported to the Police since 2019 to **8,163** cases reported in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

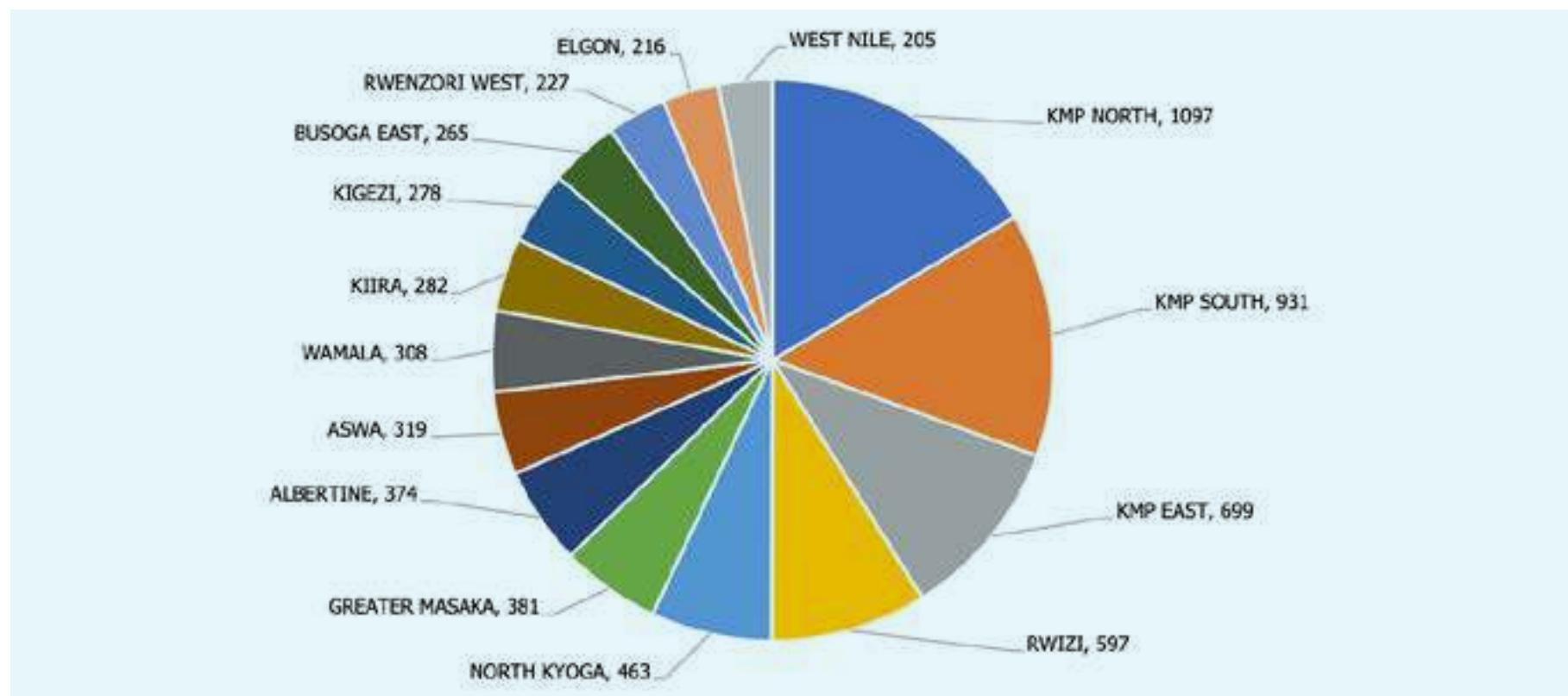
**Figure 50: Comparison of Cases of Robberies from 2019 to 2024**



#### a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of Robberies in 2024 (**1,097** cases), followed by KMP South with **931** cases, KMP East with **699** cases, Rwizi with **597** cases and North Kyoga with **463** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 51: Regions Leading in Robberies in 2024**





## b. District/Divisional Performance

Katwe Division registered the highest number of Robberies in 2024 (**341** cases), followed by Kawempe with **260** cases, Kira Division with **227** cases, Jinja with **216** cases, Old Kampala with **202** cases, Wakiso with **173** cases, Nansana with **172** cases and Kabalagala with **168** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 49: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Robberies**

S/No.	District/Division		No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
1.	Katwe Division	341	263	169	80	87	174	
2.	Kawempe	260	228	193	201	124	132	
3.	Kira Division	227	237	147	97	99	170	
4.	Jinja	216	170	110	78	70	89	
5.	Old Kampala	202	179	220	141	150	120	
6.	Nansana	172	152	121	94	92	56	
7.	Wakiso	173	166	90	79	65	82	
10.	Kabalagala	168	160	173	81	85	132	
8.	Mukono	142	106	98	69	68	94	
13.	Kira Road	142	124	104	93	147	138	
9.	Kasangati	149	198	176	91	153	155	
11.	Rwampara	137	98	55	47	41	15	
14.	Mayuge	127	79	43	32	76	48	
12.	Luwero	135	119	93	81	75	119	
15.	Jinja Road	126	140	106	63	76	91	

### 1.5.9.1 Aggravated Robbery (General)

In 2024, a total of **1,968** cases of Aggravated Robbery (where lethal weapons like firearms, knives, hammer and machetes etc were used) were reported to the Police countrywide compared to **2,978** cases reported in 2023, giving a **34%** decrease in this crime category.

**Table 50: Category of Aggravated Robbery**

S/No.	Cases involving Weapons	No. of Cases Reported			
		2024	2023	2022	2021
1.	Cases where firearms were used	193	217	182	254
2.	Cases where other weapons were used	1,775	2,762	2,334	1,702
<b>Total</b>		<b>1,968</b>	<b>2,979</b>	<b>2,516</b>	<b>1,956</b>

### 1.5.9.2 Aggravated Robbery of Cash

A total of **573** cases of Robbery of Cash were reported to the Police in 2024 compared to **551** cases reported in 2023, giving a **4%** increase in this crime category.

**Table 51: Comparison of Cases of Aggravated Robbery of Cash between 2021 and 2024**

Year	No. of Cases	Amount Lost (Ugx.)	Amount Recovered (Ugx.)
2024	573	8,259,740,990	249,678,200
2023	551	7,290,757,003	102,765,000
2022	443	5,724,538,000	275,746,000
2021	436	6,436,458,000	450,107,000

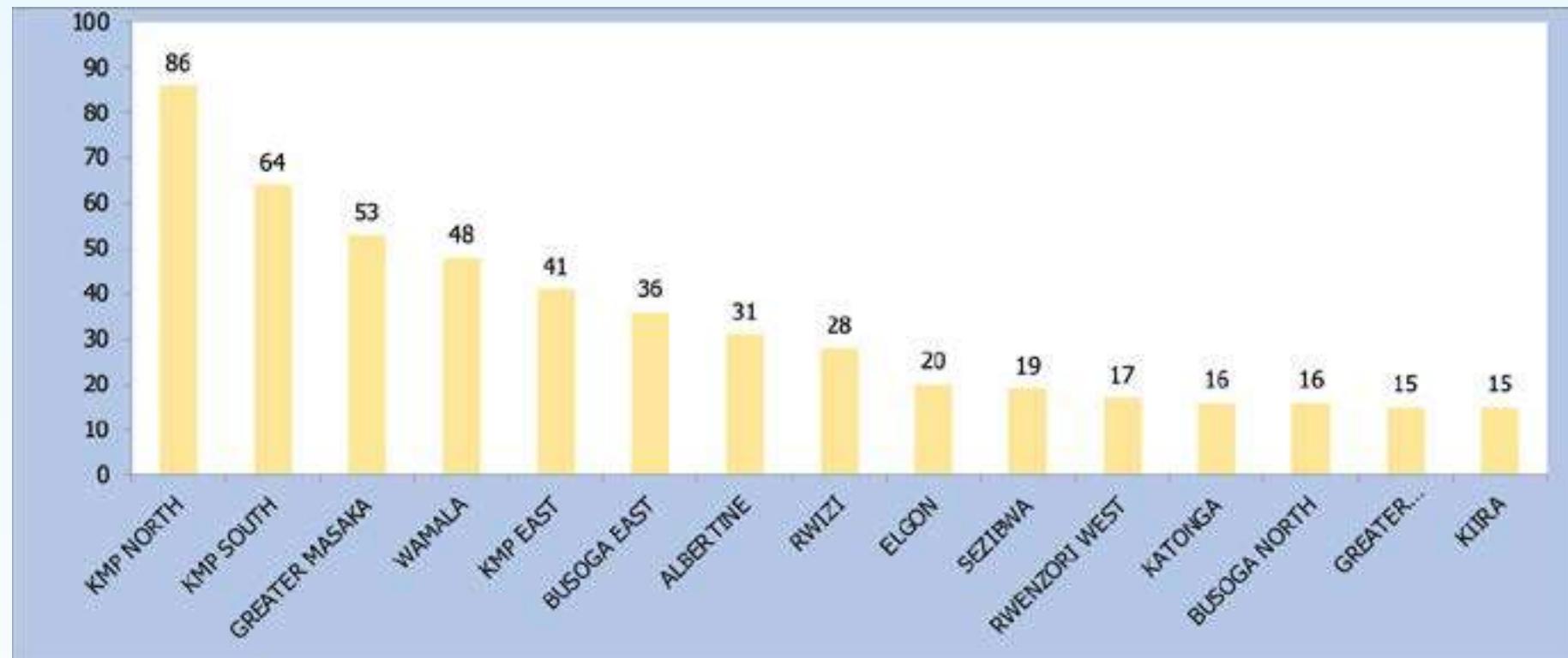


By the end of 2024, a total of **153** cases of Aggravated Robbery cash were taken to Court, **98** cases were not proceeded with while **322** cases are still under inquiry.

### a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of cash in 2024 (**86** cases), followed by KMP South with **64** cases, Greater Masaka with **53** cases, Wamala with **48** cases and KMP East with **41** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 52: Regions Leading in Aggravated Robbery of Cash**



### b. District/Divisional Performance

Mayuge registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of cash in 2024 (**25** cases), followed by Mityana and Nansana with **23** cases each, Mukono with **19** cases and Katwe with **17** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 52: Districts/Divisions With the Highest Number of Aggravated Robbery of Cash**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
1.	Mayuge	25	11	10	6	3
2.	Mityana	23	9	14	24	5
3.	Nansana	23	17	8	3	19
4.	Mukono	19	11	9	3	5
5.	Katwe	17	32	12	4	3
6.	Kawempe	16	8	17	27	18
7.	Kyotera	15	10	8	1	2
8.	Nsangi	15	10	09	15	11
9.	Old kampala	14	16	12	03	2
10.	Nateete	14	1	-	-	-
11.	Jinja	13	05	01	05	-
12.	mpigi	13	08	08	01	9
13.	Kira Division	13	10	4	3	5
14.	Kasangati	11	28	11	15	3
15.	Kasanda	10	20	5	14	2



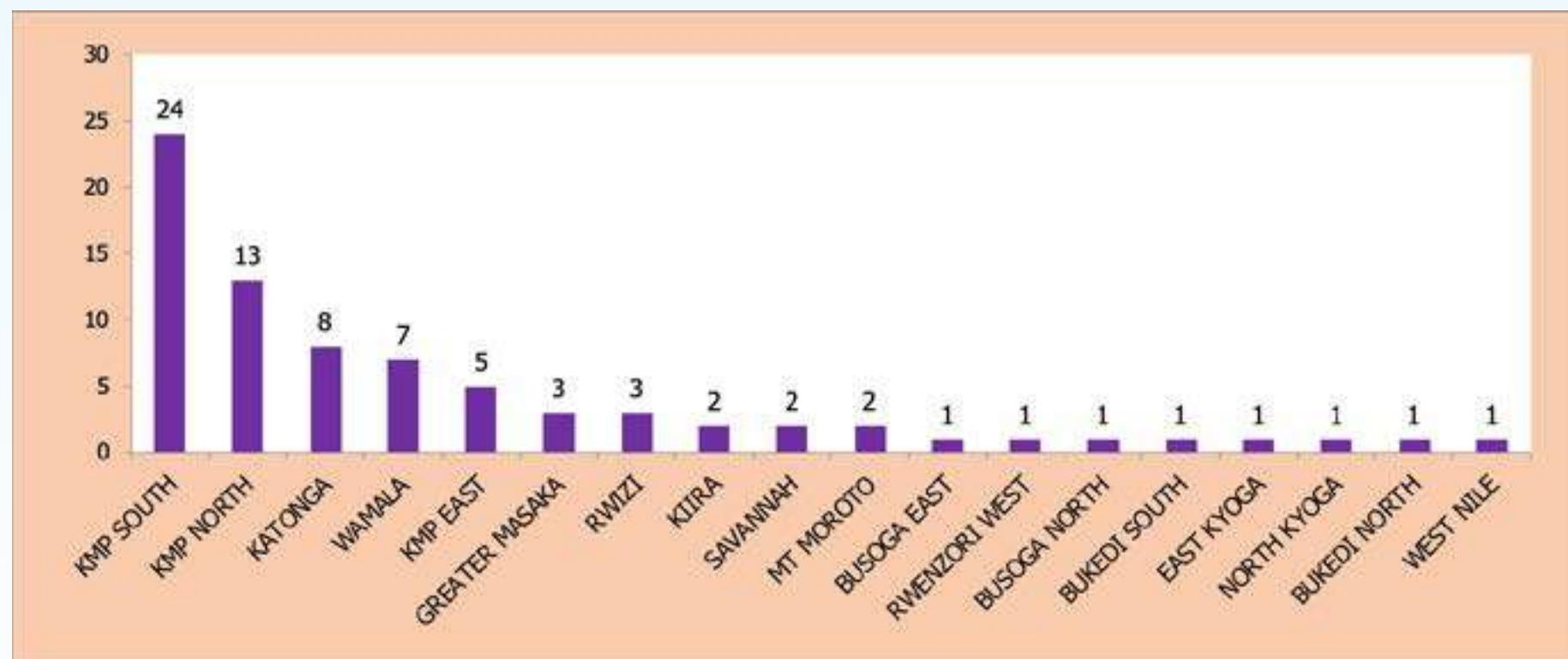
### 1.5.9.3 Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles

A total of **60** cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles were registered at Police in 2024 compared to **50** cases reported in 2023 giving an overall increase in this crime category by **20%**. By the end of 2024, a total of **11** cases were taken to Court, **08** cases were not proceeded with while **41** cases are still under investigations. A total of **172** Motor Vehicles were reported robbed, out of which, **76** were recovered, **28** were found abandoned, while **67** were not recovered.

#### a. Regional Performance

KMP South region registered the highest number of Aggravated Robbery of Motor vehicles in 2024 (**24** cases), followed by KMP North with **13** cases, Katonga with **08** cases and Wamala with **07** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 53: Regions Leading in Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance.

Most of the Motor Vehicle Robberies were registered in the Divisions/Districts cases, Nateete and Entebbe with **07** cases each, followed by Mityana with **06** cases, Wakiso, Butambala and Mpigi with **04** cases each, among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 53: District/Division Leading in Aggravated Robbery of Motor Vehicles**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Natete	7	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Entebbe	7	4	2	2	2	3
3.	Mityana	6	1	9	4	1	7
4.	Wakiso	4	5	1	6	-	6
5.	Mpigi	4	3	6	2	-	2
6.	Butambala	4	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Kasangati	3	3	6	2	-	3
8.	Kabalagala	3	-	1	-	-	3
9.	Luwero	2	1	-	-	2	2
10.	katwe	2	-	3	1	-	5
11.	Nansana	2	-	2	1	-	-



S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
12.	Ibanda	2	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Kira Division	2	1	2	-	-	2
14.	Mukono	2	1	6	2	1	2
15.	Buwenge	2	-	-	-	-	-

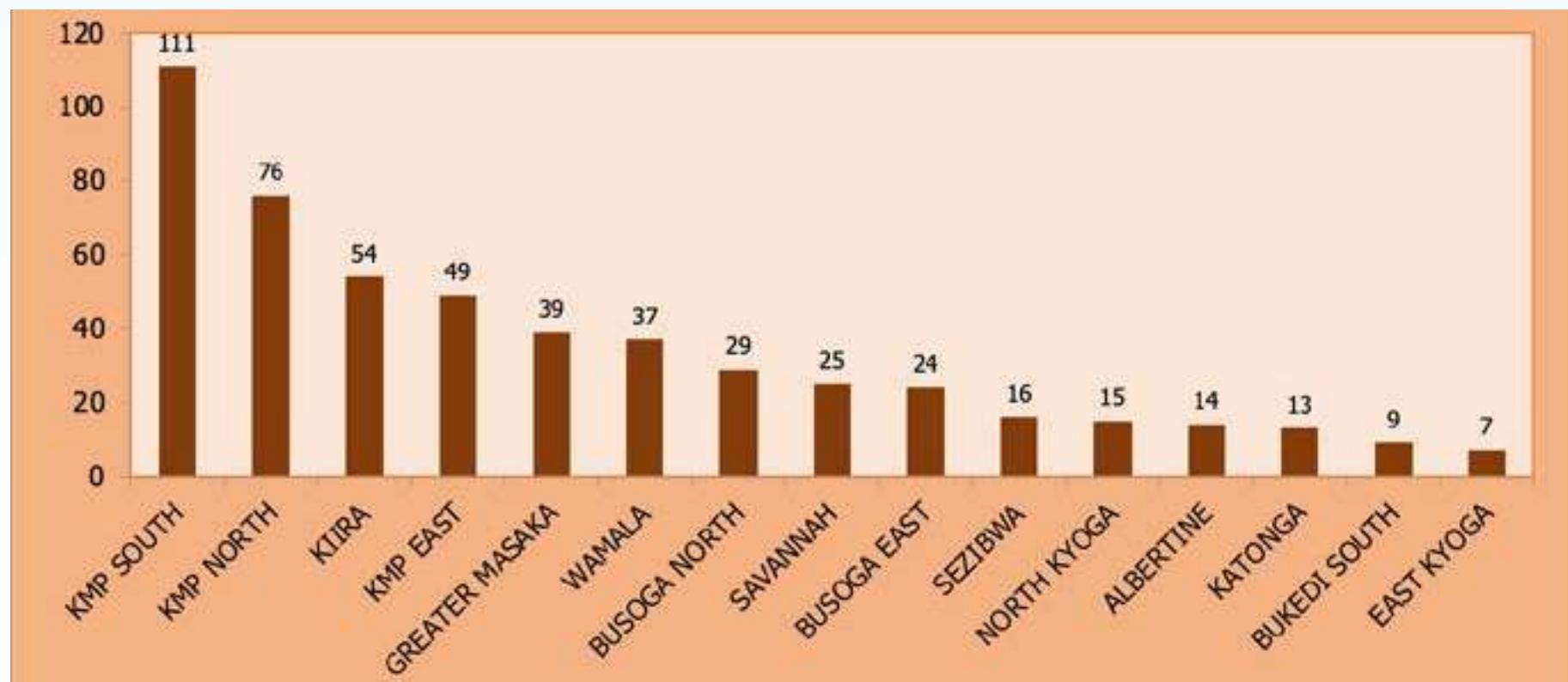
#### 1.5.9.4 Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles

A total of **510** cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles were reported to the Police in 2024 compared to **481** cases reported in 2023 giving a **6%** increase of the reported cases in this crime category. A total of **94** cases were taken to Court, **05** cases secured a conviction, **05** cases were dismissed, while **84** are still pending in Court. A total of **820** Motorcycle were reported robbed, out of which, **405** were recovered, **141** were found abandoned, while **274** were not recovered.

##### a. Regional Performance

KMP South registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles in 2024 (**111** cases), followed by KMP North with **76** cases, Kiira with **54** cases, KMP East with **49** cases, Greater Masaka with **39** cases, Wamala with **37** cases and Busoga North with **29** cases as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 54: Regions Leading in Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles**



##### b. District/Divisional Performance

Jinja District and Katwe Division registered the highest number of cases of Aggravated Robbery of Motorcycles in 2024 (**42** cases each), followed by Mukono with **26** cases and Mityana with **25** cases among others as shown in the table below.

**Table 54: District/Division Leading in Robbery of Motorcycles**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Katwe	42	32	14	4	8	19
2.	Jinja	42	12	6	1	1	6
3.	Mukono	26	14	3	5	3	10
4.	Mityana	25	6	5	7	5	8
5.	Kamuli	24	7	10	4	9	14
6.	Kasangati	24	34	27	5	6	6
7.	Entebbe	24	2	7	5	3	3
8.	Luwero	20	24	12	11	17	25
9.	Nansana	16	27	7	3	7	3
10.	Wakiso	15	18	7	6	18	23
11.	Kabalagala	15	6	5	2	1	4
12.	Kyotera	12	8	11	6	-	3
13.	Nsangi	12	18	12	5	9	11
14.	Kayunga	11	2	4	3	8	4
15.	Kajjansi	10	5	17	-	6	7

### 1.5.9.5 Cattle Rustling

A total of **05** cases of Cattle Rustling were registered by Police in 2024 compared to **48** cases registered in 2023 giving a **89%** decrease of the reported cases in this crime category. These cases of Cattle Rustling took place in the Districts of Lamwo with **02** cases, Nakapiripiriti **02** cases and Nabilatuk with **01** case.

### 1.5.9.6 Anti-Stock Theft Unit (ASTU) Operations

A total of **2,728** cattle were stolen in 2024 compared to **9,558** which were stolen in 2023, thus reflecting a **71%** reduction in cattle theft in the Karamoja region. Out of the **2,728** cattle that were stolen in 2024, a total of **2,149** cattle were recovered as shown in the table below.

**Table 55: Notable Achievements by ASTU from the Strategic Priorities Set in 2023**

S/No.	ZONES/DISTRICTS	KATAKWI	KAPELEBYONG	ABIM	KAABONG	KOTIDO	KARENGA NRTH	KARENGA STH	MOROTO	NAPAK	AMUDAT	NABILATUK	NAKAPIRIPITI	KWEEN	TOTAL
1	No. Incidences	40	13	6	60	29	5	11	52	16	10	22	23	29	316
2	No. Cattle stolen	134	63	57	189	182	21	11	392	59	18	366	424	812	2728
3	No. Cattle recovered	66	60	55	99	158	17	4	338	47	18	310	298	679	2149
4	No. Cattle un-recovered	68	3	2	90	24	4	7	54	12	-	56	126	133	579
5	No. Goats/sheep/pigs stolen	44	-	-	524	14	-	-	705	67	30	-	221	-	1605
6	No. Goats/sheep recovered	-	-	-	338	14	-	-	448	58	-	-	143	-	1001



S/No.	ZONES/DISTRICTS	KATAKWI	KAPELEBYONG	ABIM	KAABONG	KOTIDO	KARENGA NRTH	KARENGA STH	MOROTO	NAPAK	AMUDAT	NABILATUK	NAKAPIRIPIRIT	KWEEN	TOTAL
7	No. Of goats/sheep un-recovered	44	-	-	186	-	-	-	257	9	30	-	78	-	604
8	Security personnel killed	-	-	-	3		1		2	-	-	-	-	-	6
9	Security personnel injured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
10	Civilian killed	1	-	2	5	4	1	-	2	-	5		4	1	25
11	Civilian injured	-	-	-	9	7	1	-	-	2	1	1	-	1	22
12	Civilian abducted	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
13	Civilian released	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
14	Recoveries from Lango Sudanese, Karamojong, Pokot, Turkana-Kenya	Rifles	-	-	41	17	8	16	35		6	5	1		129
		Ammos	-	-	225	29	-	-	116		767	12	4		1153

### 1.5.10 Narcotics

A total of **2,240** cases of Narcotics/Drugs were reported to the Police in 2024 compared to **2,113** cases reported in 2023 giving a **6%** increase in this crime category. Out of the total reported, **1,496** cases were taken to Court, **264** cases were not proceeded with, while **480** cases were still under inquiry.

**Table 56: Breakdown of Cases of Narcotics/Drugs**

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Heroin	1	8	12	13	1	20
2.	Cocaine	2	11	6	2	-	3
3.	Herbal Cannabis	432	403	862	438	462	852
4.	Cannabis (plants destroyed) cases	29	109	100	-	-	-
5.	Other Narcotics(general)	1,776	1,582	1,817	1,215	1,251	1,875
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,240</b>	<b>2,113</b>	<b>2,797</b>	<b>1,668</b>	<b>1,714</b>	<b>2,750</b>

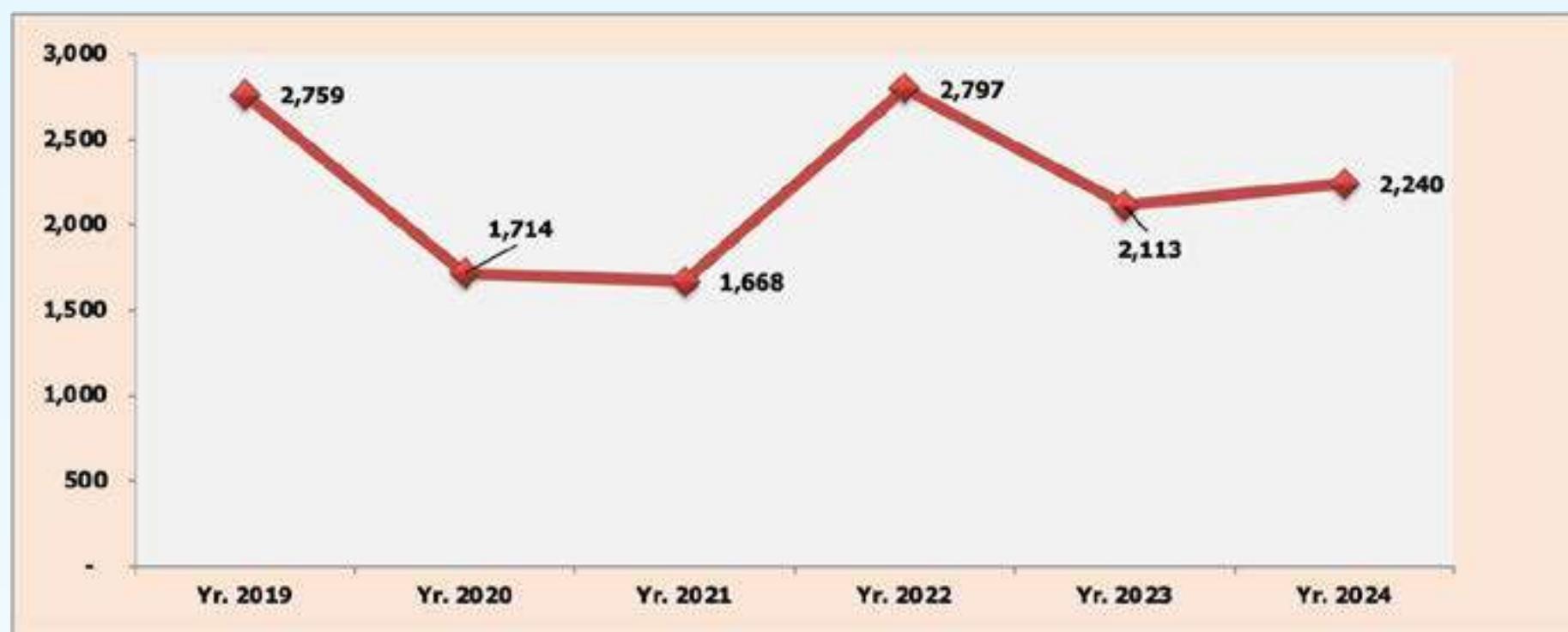
Out of the **1,496** cases taken to Court, **710** were convictions, **10** acquittals, **214** dismissed, while **562** cases were still pending in Court. A total of **5,739** suspects were arrested and charged before Courts of law of whom **5,509** suspects were Male Adults, **99** were Female Adults, **116** were Male Juveniles while **15** female Juveniles.

### Comparison of Cases of Narcotics Registered at Police between 2019 and 2024

There was a general increase in cases of Narcotics from **2,113** cases registered in 2023 to **2,240** cases registered in 2024 as shown in the figure below.



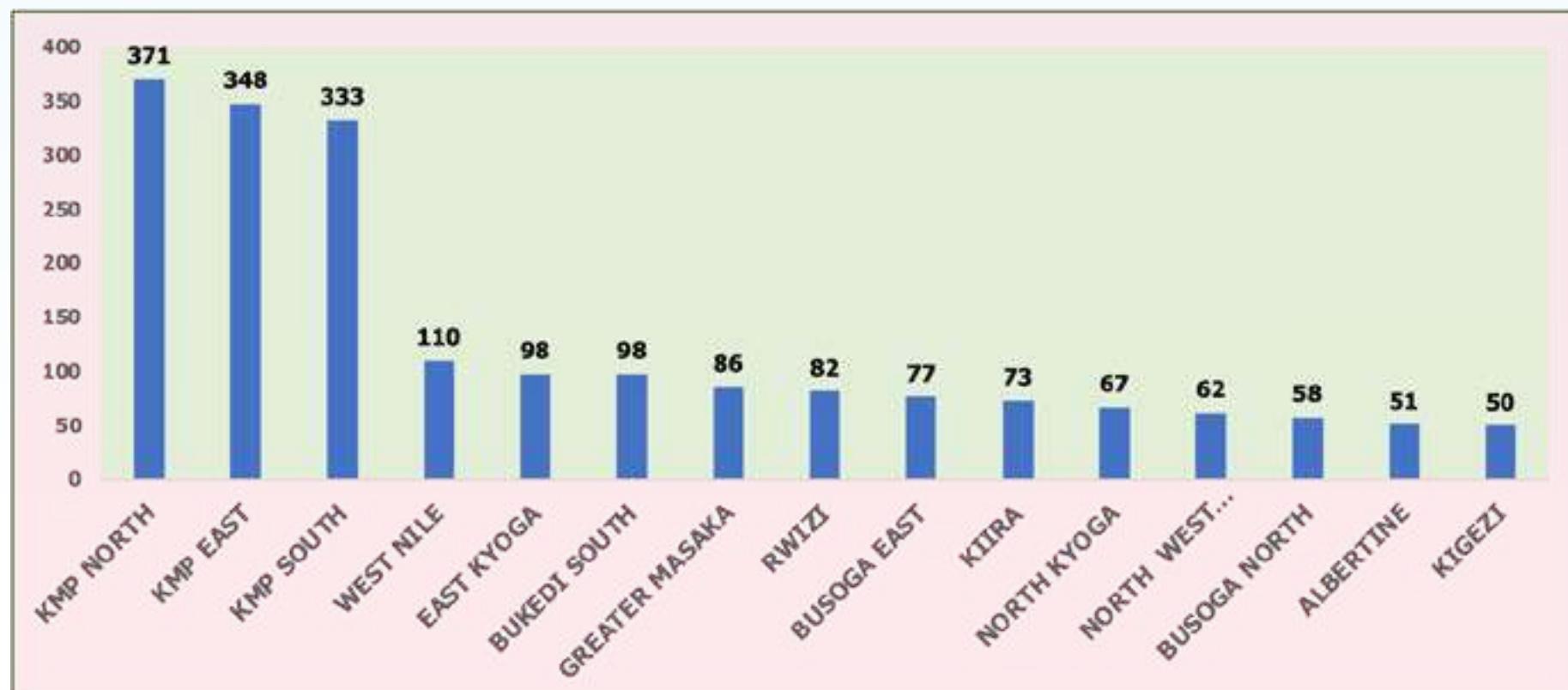
**Figure 55: Comparison of Cases of Narcotics Registered at Police Between 2019 and 2024**



#### a. Regional Performance

KMP North registered the highest number of cases of Narcotics in 2024 (**371** cases), followed by KMP East with **348** cases, KMP South with **333** cases, West Nile with **110** cases, East Kyoga and Bukedi South with **98** cases each and Greater Masaka with **86** cases, among others as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 56: Regions Leading in Narcotics/Drugs**



#### b. District/Divisional Performance

Kira Division registered the highest number of cases of Narcotics/Drugs in 2024 (**138** cases), followed by Katwe Division with **118** cases, Busia with 91 cases, Kawempe with **89** cases, Busia with **87** cases, Mukono with **84** cases and Arua Rural with **83** cases as shown in the following table.

**Table 57: District/Division Leading in Narcotics/Drugs**

S/No.	District/Division	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Kira Division	138	61	22	20	6	58
2.	Katwe	118	102	126	36	34	120
3.	Kawempe	89	87	163	52	31	39
4.	Busia	87	55	35	10	8	14
5.	Mukono	84	19	30	24	27	92
6.	Arual Rural	83	50	99	34	35	49
7.	Wandegeya	74	53	62	45	19	38
8.	Old Kampala	72	96	150	33	21	41
9.	Nansana	66	126	87	-	18	40
10.	Jinja	59	57	88	59	44	52
11.	Kabalagala	58	48	59	24	34	51
12.	Nagalama	50	16	27	19	09	25
13.	Iganga	31	48	37	15	13	28
14.	Nsangi	23	16	28	14	10	26
15.	Jinja Road	22	21	35	26	30	55

**c. Narcotic Seizures at Entebbe International Airport in 2024**

A total of **05** cases of assorted Narcotic Drugs were reported at Entebbe International Airport in 2024 compared to **20** cases reported in 2023 reflecting a **75%** decrease. Out of these, **04** cases were taken to Court, and all secured convictions while **01** was still under inquiry. A total of **21,962.84** grams of Narcotic Drugs were seized in 2024 compared to **51,875.07** grams in 2023.

**Table 58: Assorted Narcotics Drugs Seized at Entebbe International Airport in 2023**

S/No.	Drug type	Quantity in grams
01	Heroine	4,459.07
02	Methamphetamine	13,289.72
03	Canabis Sativa	4,214.05
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>21,962.84</b>

**Figure 57: Concealment of Drugs by Traffickers**

### 1.5.11 Electoral/Political and Media Offences

A total of **105** cases of Political/Electoral and Media Offences were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **125** cases reported in 2023 giving a **16%** decrease in the cases registered in this category. Out of the total cases reported in 2024, **22** cases were taken to Court, **05** were not proceeded with while **78** cases are still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **03** cases secured convictions, **08** cases were dismissed, while **11** cases are still pending in Court.

**Table 59: Breakdown of Electoral/Political Offences**

S/No.	Offences	No. of Cases Reported					
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
1.	Incitement to Violence	100	110	127	225	339	152
2.	Promoting Sectariasm	-	1	5	4	11	2
3.	Election Offences	03	12	7	556	681	14
4.	Treason	02	2	1	12	2	1
<b>Total</b>		<b>105</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>1,033</b>	<b>169</b>

### Comparison of Electoral/Political and Media Offences from 2020 to 2024

There was a general decrease in Electoral/Political and Media Offences from **125** cases in 2023 to **105** cases in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

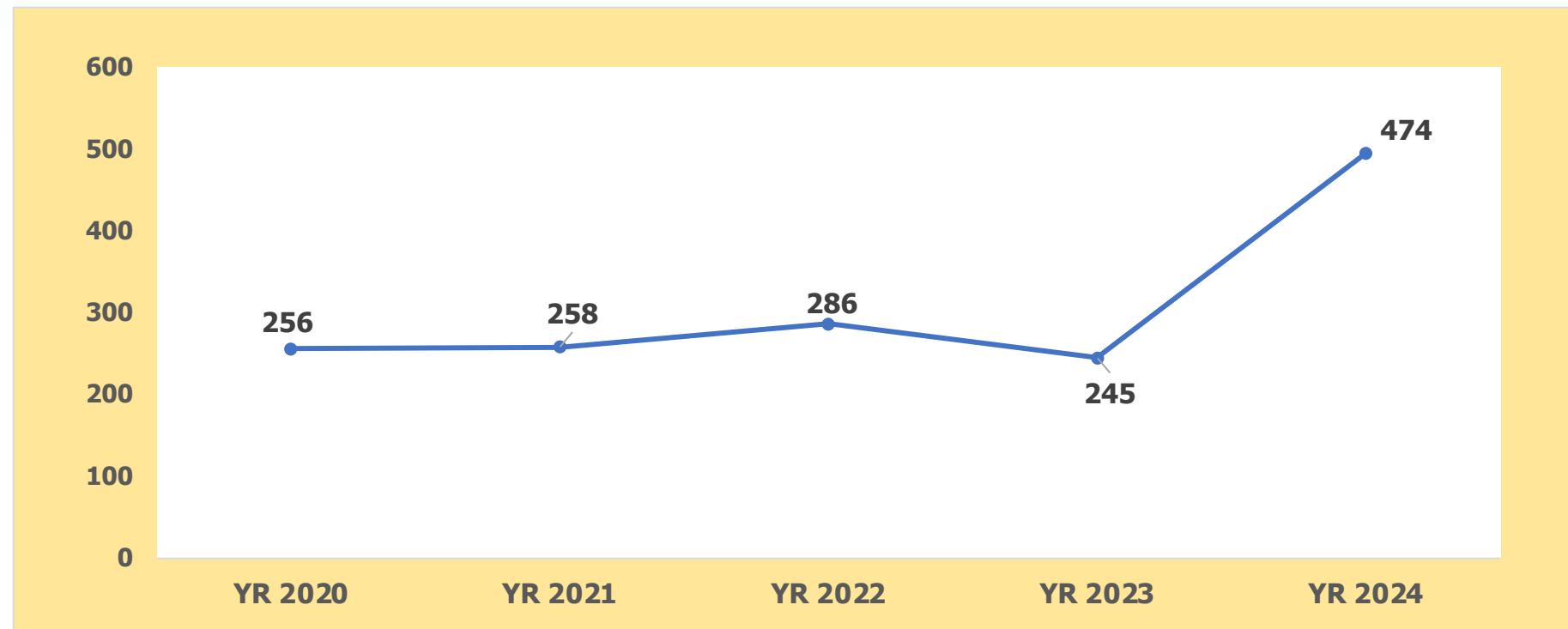
**Figure 58: Comparison of cases of Electoral/Political and Media Offences from 2020**

### 1.5.12 Cybercrimes

A total of **474** cases of Cybercrimes were reported to the Police countrywide, compared to **245** cases reported in 2023, giving a **93.5%** increase in this crime category. By the end of the year, **67** cases were taken to Court, **97** cases were not proceeded with while **310** cases were still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **21** cases secured convictions, **07** cases were dismissed, while **39** cases were pending in Court. Cybercrimes led to a loss of **Ugx. 72,125,613,915** in 2024, out of which **Ugx. 420,030,000** was recovered.

#### Comparison of Cybercrimes from 2020 to 2024

There was a general increase in cases of Cybercrimes from **256** cases reported to the Police in 2020 to **495** cases reported in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 59: Comparison of Cybercrimes from 2020 to 2024**



### 1.5.13 Land Fraud Cases

A total of **397** cases of Land-related crimes were reported to Police in 2024 compared to **271** cases reported in 2023, giving a **46.5%** increase in the crimes reported in this category. By the end of 2024, a total of **64** cases were taken to Court, 103 not proceeded with while 230 were still under inquiry. Out of the total cases taken to Court, **12** were convictions, **05** acquittals, **04** dismissed and **43** were still pending.

#### Comparison of Cases of Land Fraud from 2020 to 2024

There was a **46%** increase in cases of Land Fraud cases from **271** cases reported to the Police countrywide in 2023 compared to **397** cases reported in 2024 as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 60: Comparison of Cases of Land Fraud Cases from 2020 to 2024**



The most offences committed in this category are Fraudulent Procuration of Certificate of Title and Obtaining Registration by False Pretences, Criminal Trespass, Obtaining Money by False pretences and Forgery, among others.

# 2

## CHAPTER TWO

### 2.0 CRIMINAL SYNDICATES

A number of criminal gangs were dismantled and the individual criminals/leaders arrested in 2024. These gangs related to the murder of the late Daniel Bbosa Kakeedo, Dr. Abiriga Jino, the DHO Masindi, Nsamba Arafat in Kasangati Division, and females in Kajjansi Division. Other notable syndicates busted included Aggravated Robberies in Jinja and Motor vehicle Thefts among others as illustrated in the following figures.



**Figure 61: Operations Against the Murder of the late Daniel Bbosa Kakeedo**

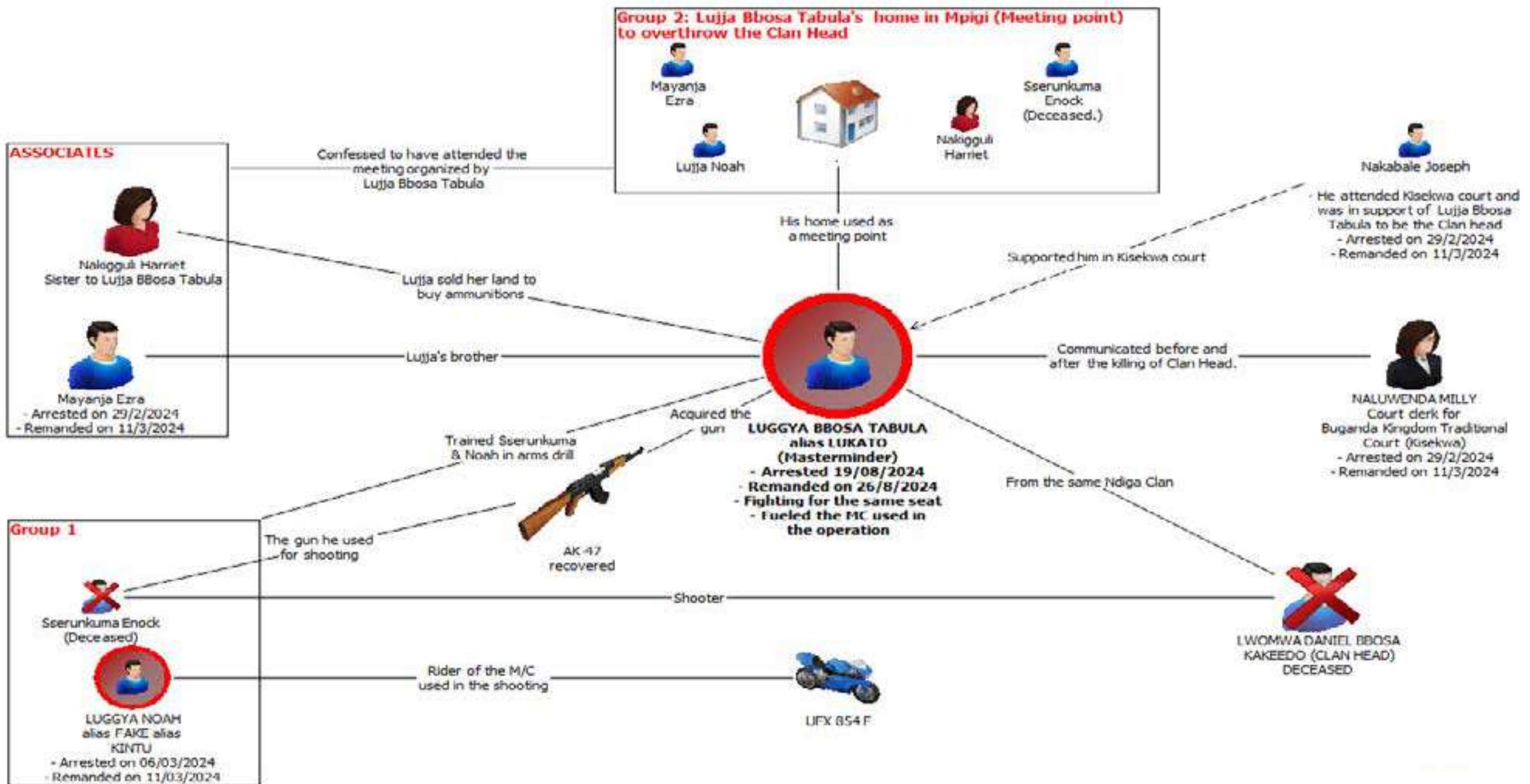
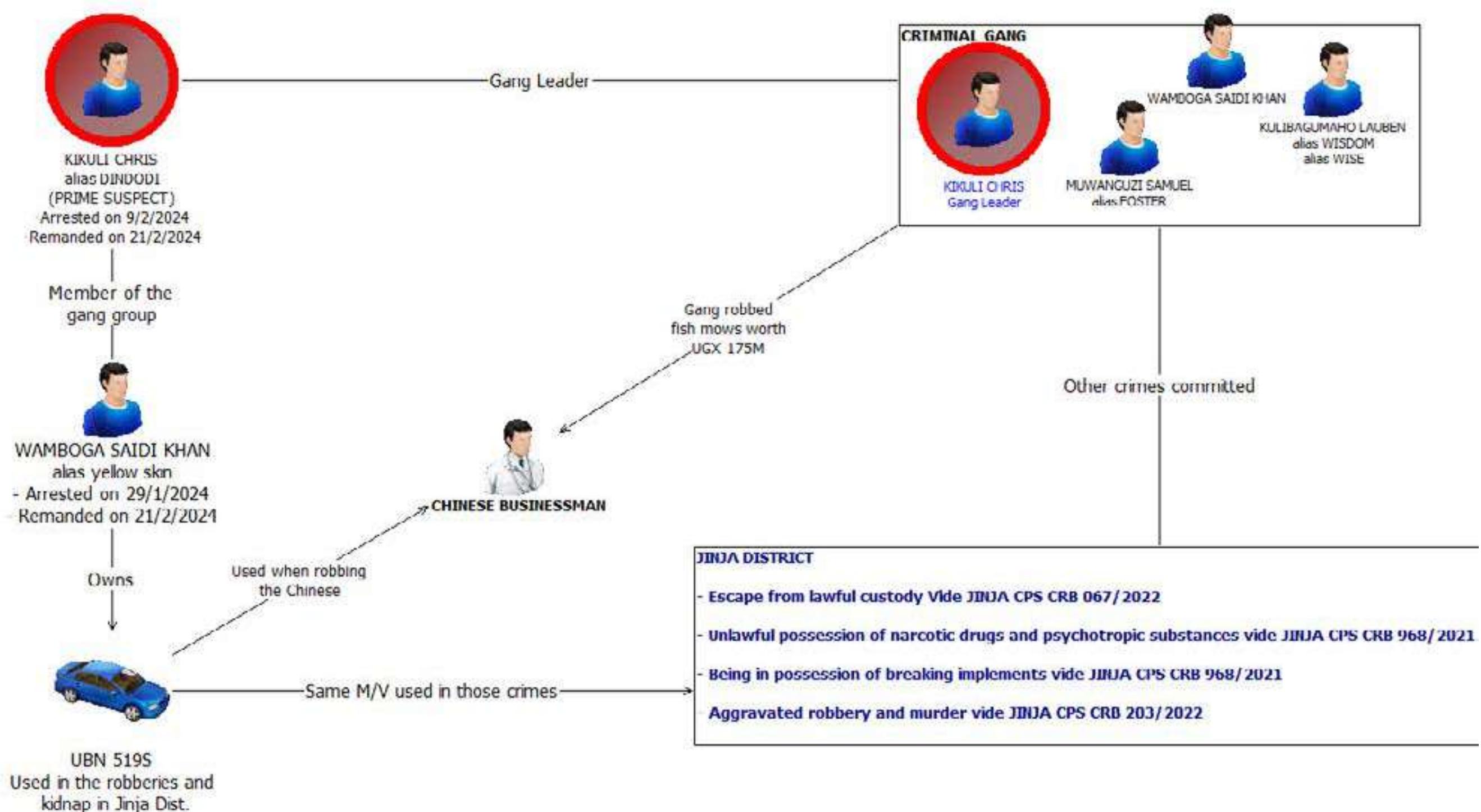




Figure 62: Operations Against the Aggravated Robbery in Jinja District





*Figure 63: Operations Against the Murder of Dr. Abiriga Jino, the DHO Masindi*

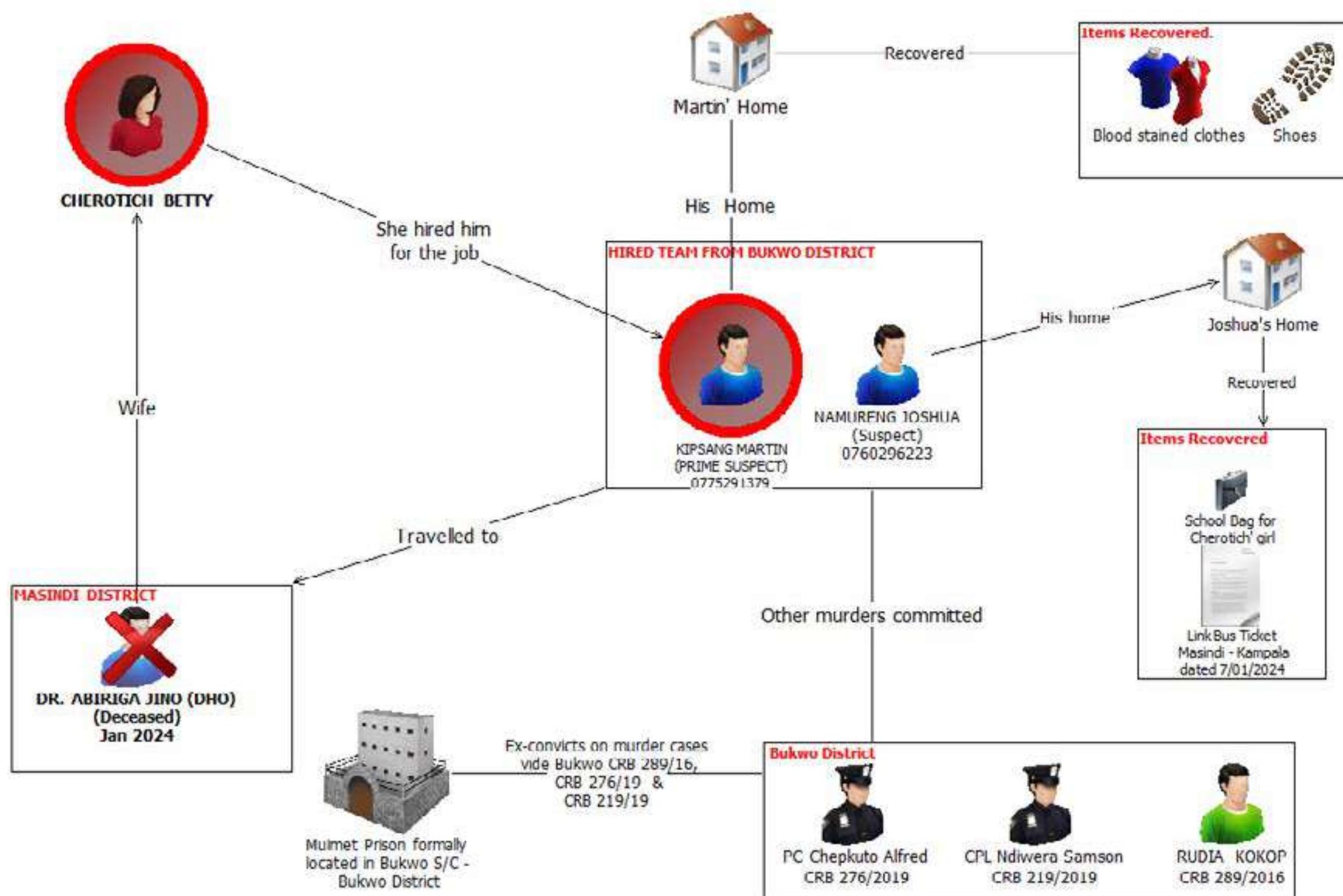




Figure 64: Operations Against the Murder of Nsamba Arafat in Kasangati Division

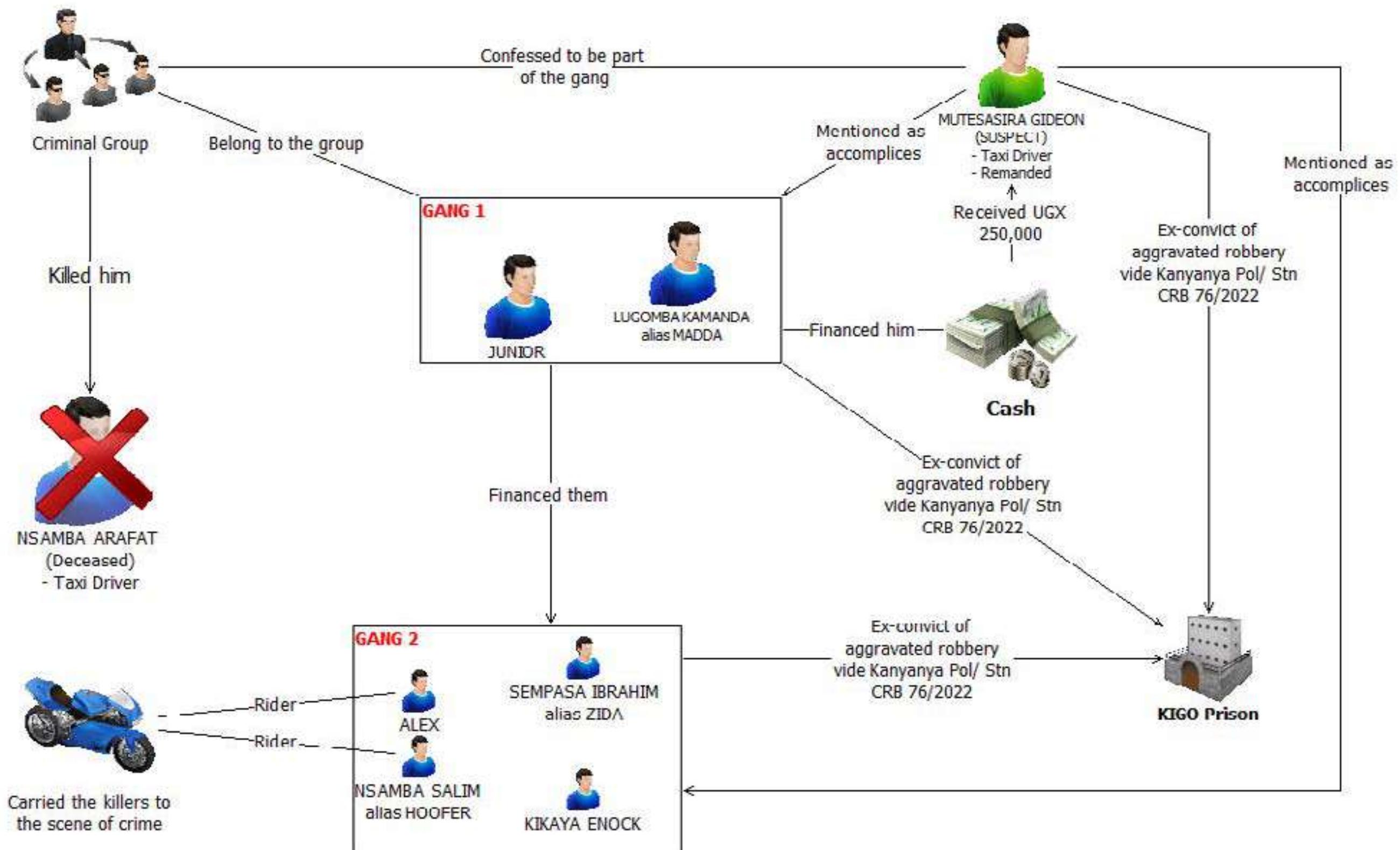
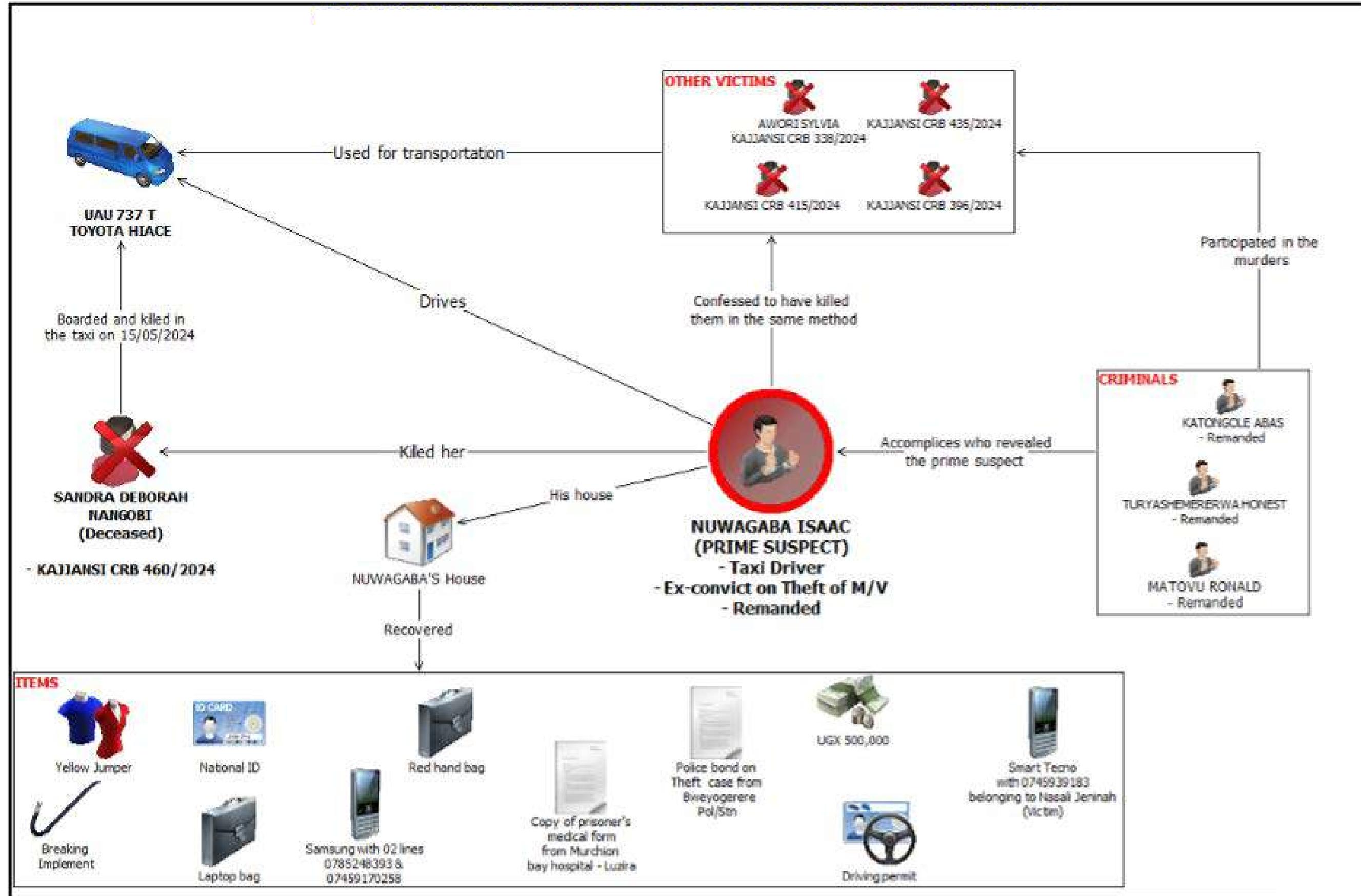


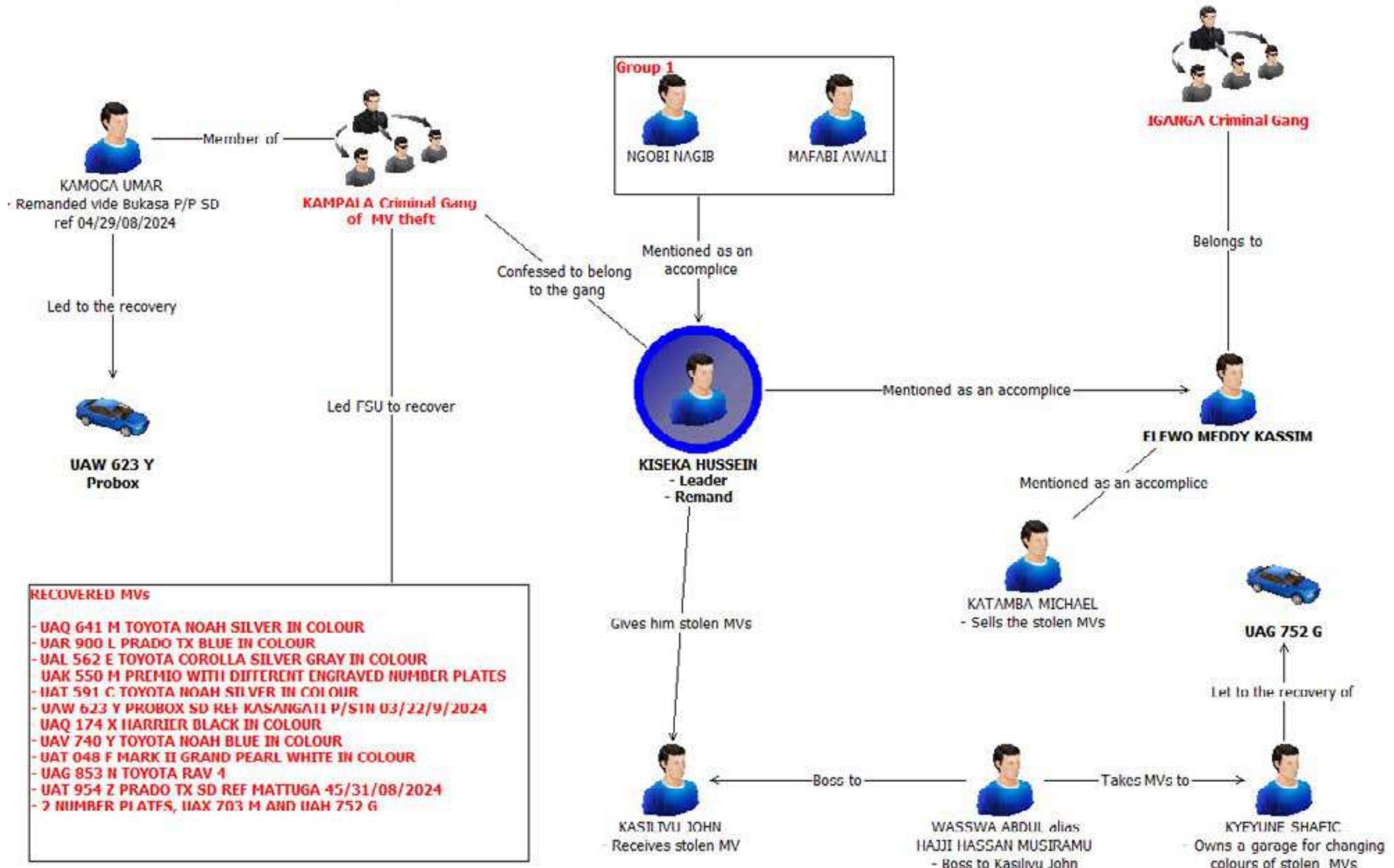


Figure 65: Operations Against the Murder of Females in Kajansi Division



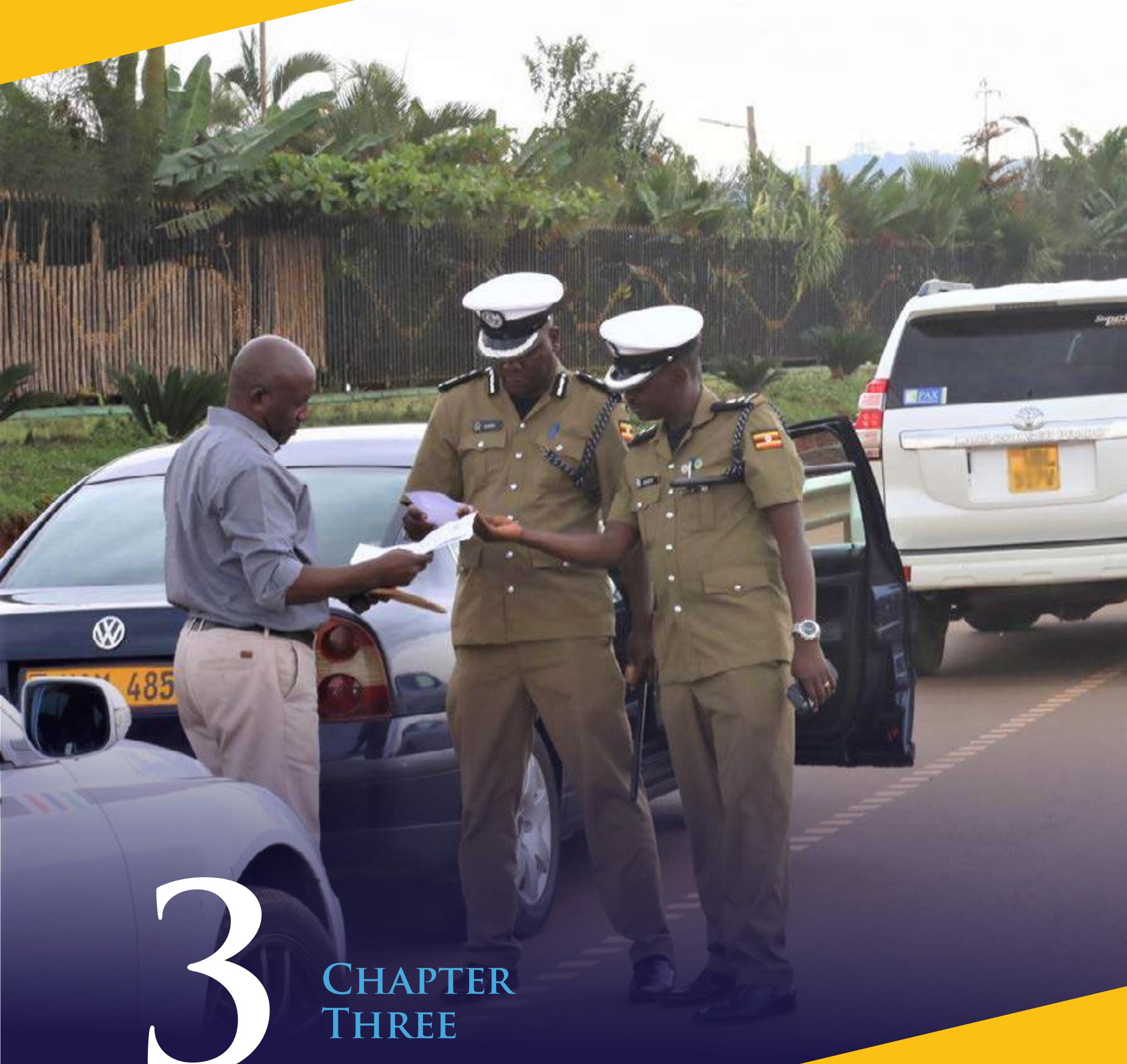


## Figure 66: Operations Against Motor Vehicle Thefts



# 3

## CHAPTER THREE



### 3.0 TRAFFIC AND ROAD SAFETY

#### 3.1 Nature of Road Traffic Crashes

The number of reported road crashes increased by **6.4%** in 2024, from **23,608** in 2023 to **25,107** in 2024. The number of reported fatal crashes also increased by **6.1%**, from **4,179** in 2023 to **4,434** in 2024. The number of serious crashes increased by **5.2%**, from **12,487** in 2023 to **13,134** in 2024. The number of minor crashes increased by **8.6%** from **6,942** in 2023 to **7,539** in 2024.

**Figure 67: Trend of Annual Road Traffic Crashes from 2022 to 2024**

### 3.2 Victims/Casualties of Road Crashes

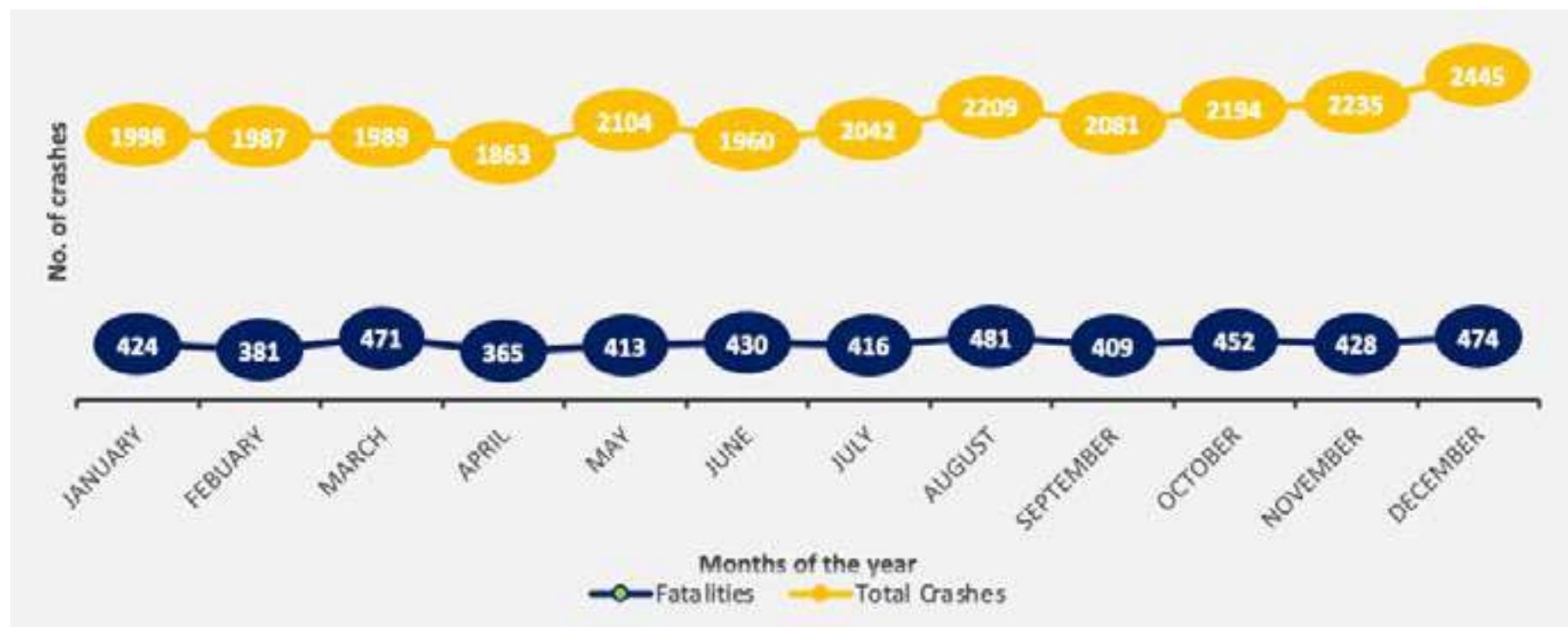
There were **25,808** casualties from road crashes in 2024 compared to **24,728** in 2023, giving a **4.4%** increase in the number of casualties.

**Table 60: Comparison of Road Traffic Crash Casualties 2022-2024**

S/No	Victims	2022	2023	2024	Percent change
1	Killed	4,534	4,806	5,144	7%
2	Seriously injured	15,227	16,736	17,013	1.7%
3	Slightly injured	1,712	3,186	3,651	14.6%
<b>Total</b>		<b>21,473</b>	<b>24,728</b>	<b>25,808</b>	<b>4.4%</b>

### 3.3 Monthly Crashes and Fatalities

The highest number of crashes (**2,445**) was recorded in December while the lowest was recorded in April (**1,863**). Regarding fatalities, the highest number of fatalities (**481**) was recorded in August while the lowest (**365**) was recorded in April.

**Figure 68: Monthly Comparison of Crashes and Fatalities**

### 3.4 Time of Crashes

More crashes were reported to have occurred during day time than the night time. A similar trend is also reflected in fatal crashes where more fatal crashes are reported to have occurred during day time.

**Figure 69: Crashes by Time of Day**



**Figure 70: Fatal Crashes by Time of Day**

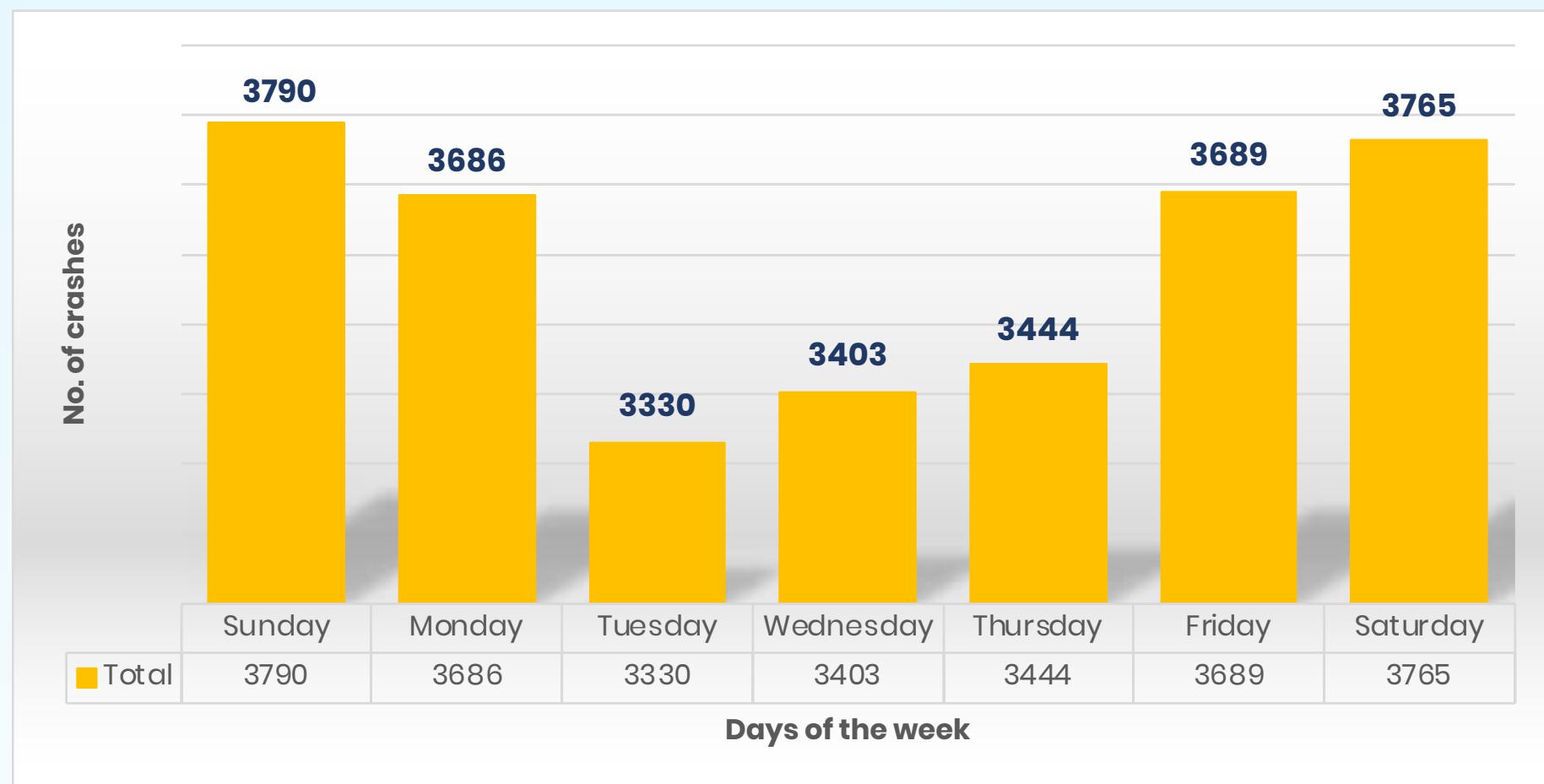


The highest number of crashes in 2024 (**3,780**) occurred between 18:00hrs and 19:59hrs. Similarly, fatal crashes (**894**) were also highest between 18:00hrs and 19:59hrs.



### 3.5 Crashes by Day of the Week

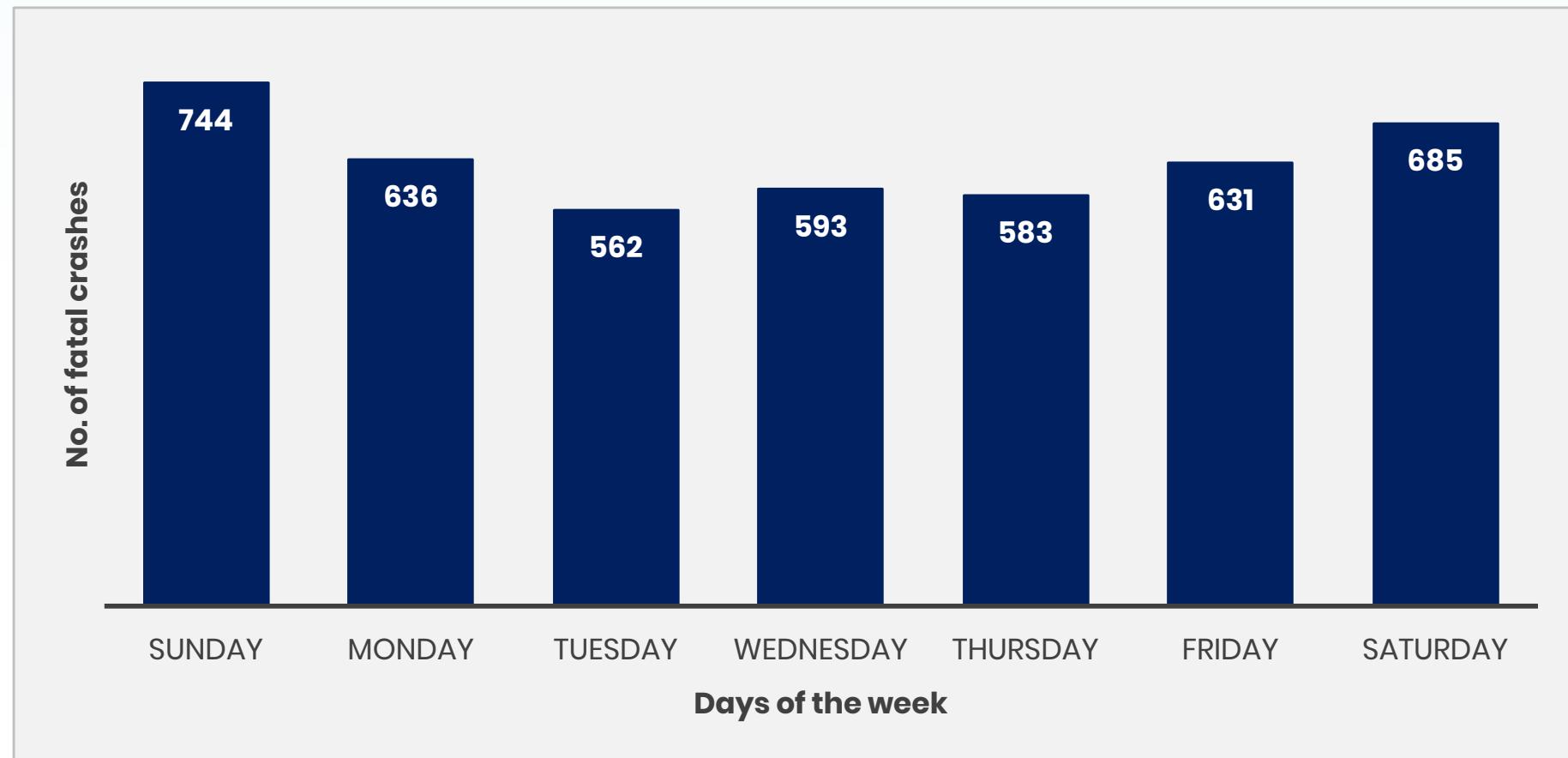
Figure 71: Crashes by Day of Week



There were more crashes (**3,790**) reported on Sundays than any other day of the week in 2024. In addition, **3,765** and **3,686** crashes were reported on Saturdays and Mondays. Fewer crashes (**3,330**) were reported on Tuesdays compared to the other days of the week.

### 3.6 Fatal Crashes by Day of the Week

Figure 72: Fatal Crashes by Day of Week

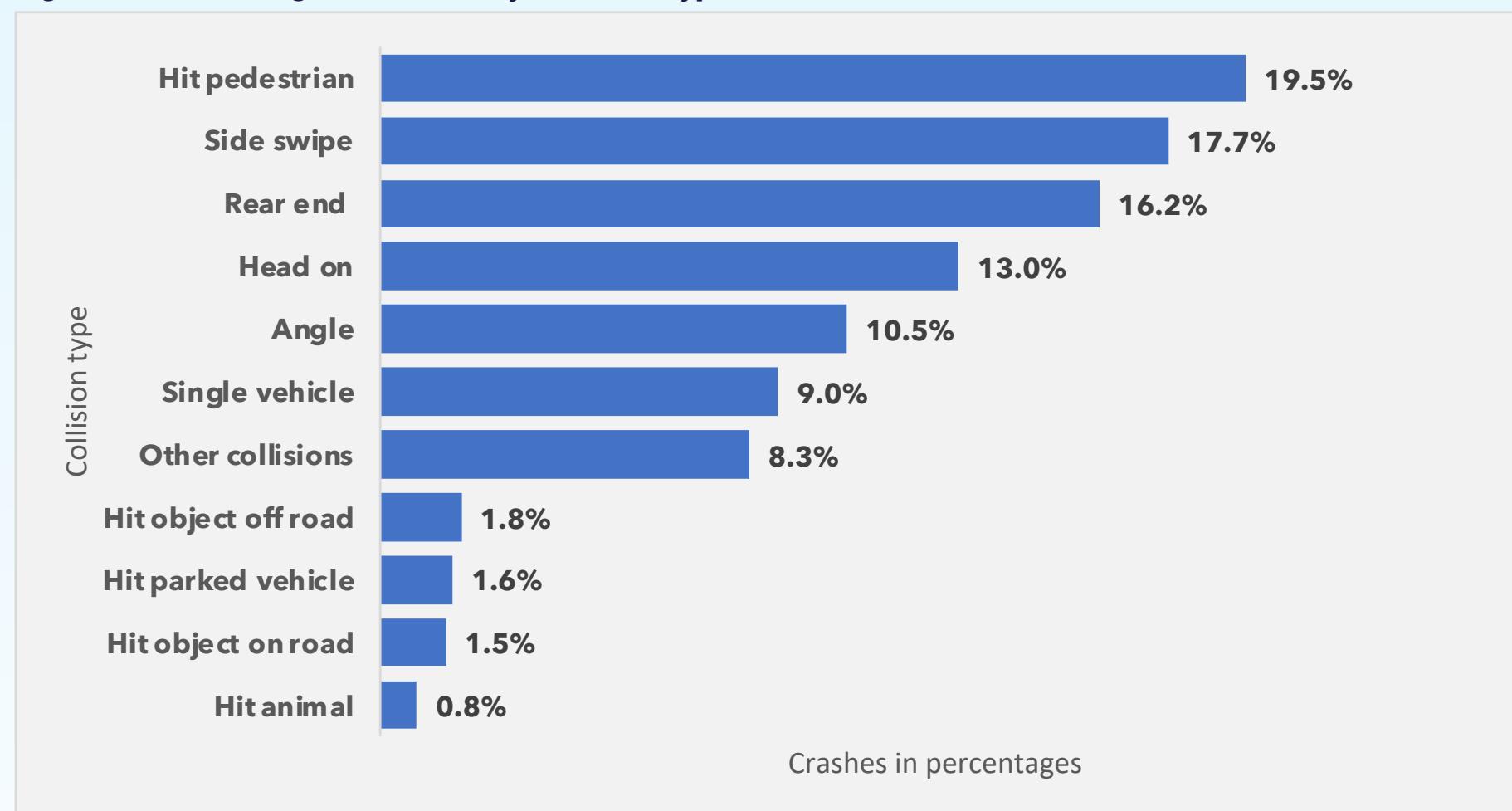


Sundays had the highest number of fatal crashes, with **744**. Saturdays followed with **685**, and Mondays had **636**, as shown above. These findings indicate that **60.8%** of all fatal crashes occurred between Friday and Monday.



### 3.7 Crashes by Collision Types

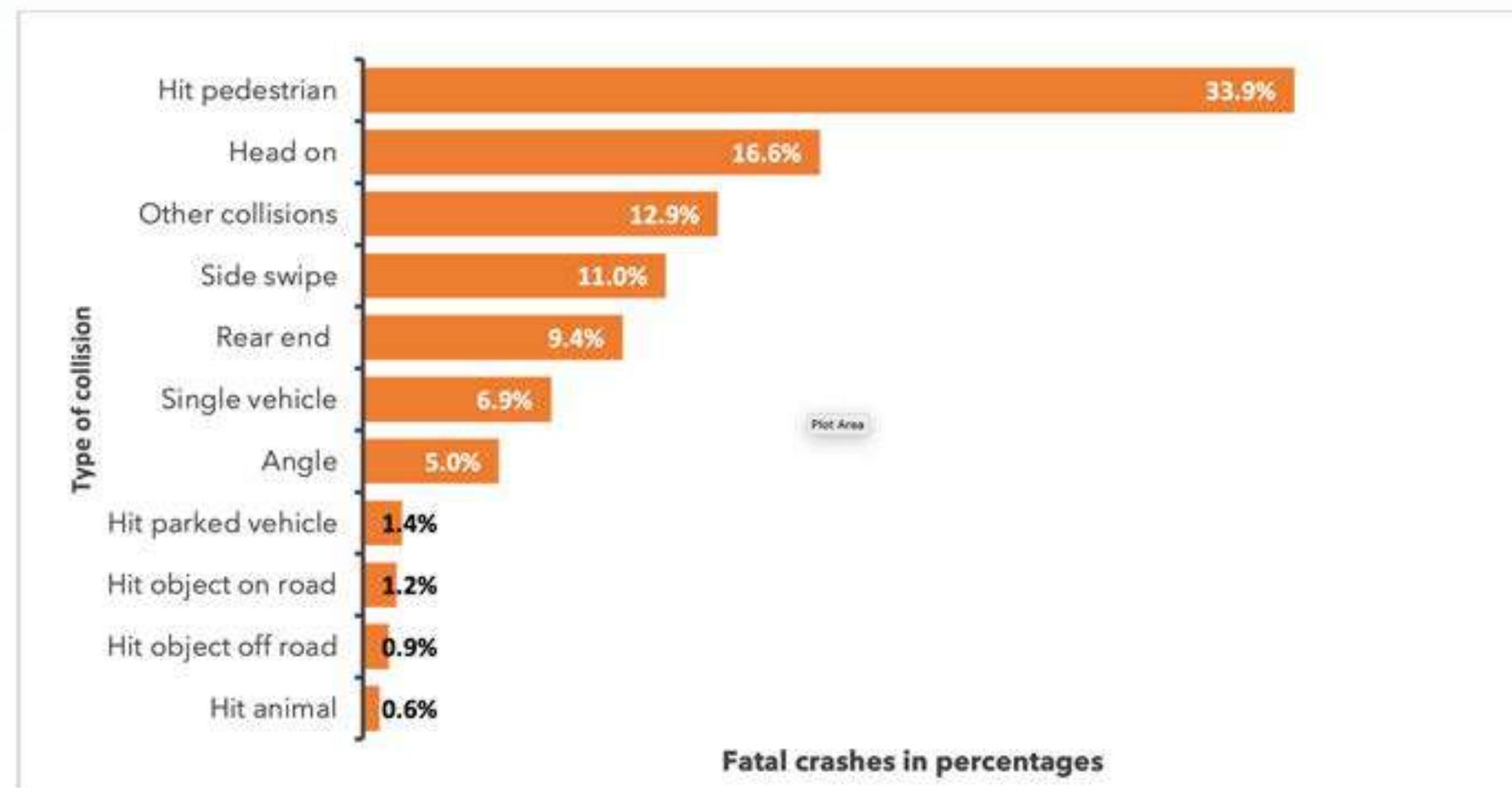
**Figure 73: Percentage of Crashes by Collision Type**



Collisions with pedestrians constituted **19.5%** of all crashes. Rear end collisions and side swipes accounted for **16.2%** and **17.7%** respectively. Head on collisions accounted for **13%** and angle collisions for **10.5%** of all crashes. **9%** of all crashes were single vehicle crashes. Collisions where vehicles hit other parked vehicles, hit objects on road, hit objects off road and hit animals accounted for **1.6%**, **1.5%**, **1.8%** and **0.8%** respectively.

#### 3.7.1 Fatal Crashes by Collision Types

**Figure 74: Percentage of Fatal Crashes by Collision Type**

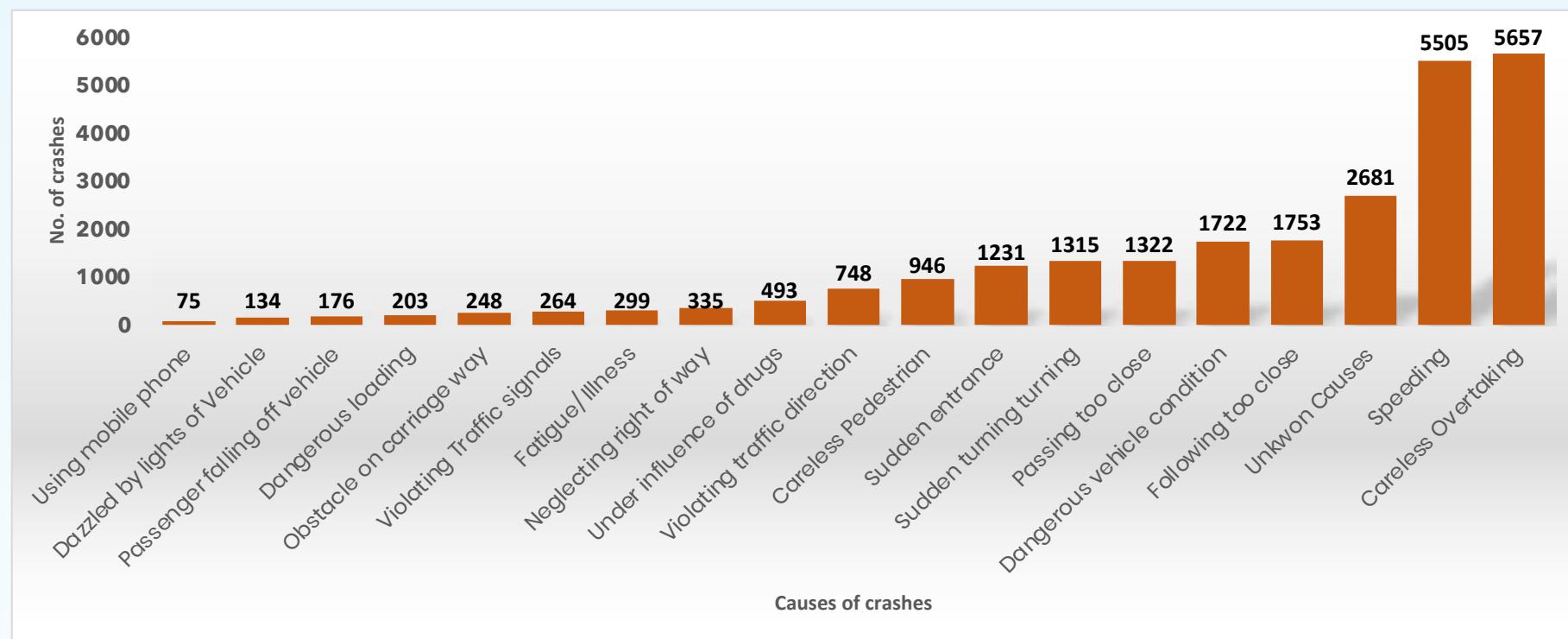




Collisions with pedestrians made up **33.9%** of all fatal crashes. Head on collisions constituted **16.6%** of fatal crashes. This means half of all fatal collisions involved vehicles hitting pedestrians and vehicles crashing head on. The percentages of fatal crashes involving side swipes and rear end collisions were **11%** and **9.4%** respectively. Angle collisions accounted for **5%** whereas single vehicle crashes were **6.9%**.

### 3.8 Causes of Crashes

**Figure 75: Main Causes of Crashes**



Careless Overtaking and Speeding were the leading causes of road crashes in the year 2024 accounting for close to almost half (**44.5%**) of all crashes.



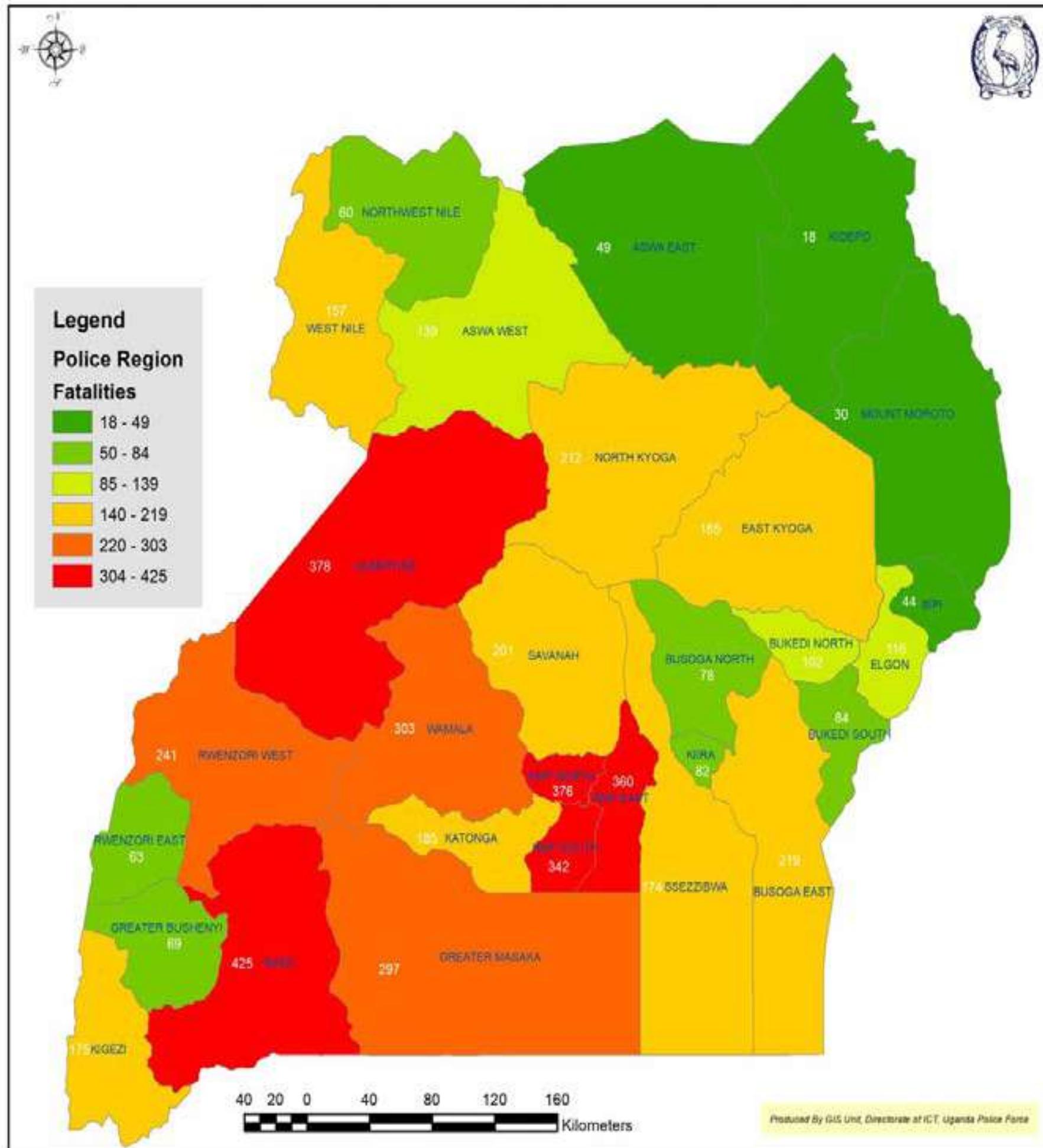


## Distribution of Road Traffic Crashes by Police Region

### 3.9 Distribution of Fatalities by Police Region

The regions of Rwizi, KMP North, KMP East, KMP South, Albertine and Wamala recorded high number of fatal crashes between **303** and **425**. The Regions of Greater Masaka, Rwenzori West, Busoga East, North Kyoga and Savanna had fatal crashes ranging between **201** and **297**. The Regions of Katonga, Kigezi, Sezibwa, East Kyoga, Aswa West, West Nile, Elgon and Bukedi North recorded fatal crashes between **102** and **185**. The Regions of Kiira, Bukedi South, Busoga North, G/Bushenyi, Rwenzori East, North West Nile, Aswa East, Siipi, Mt. Moroto, and Kidepo registered the lowest number of fatal crashes between **18** and **84** as highlighted below.

**Figure 76: Crash Fatalities by Police Region**

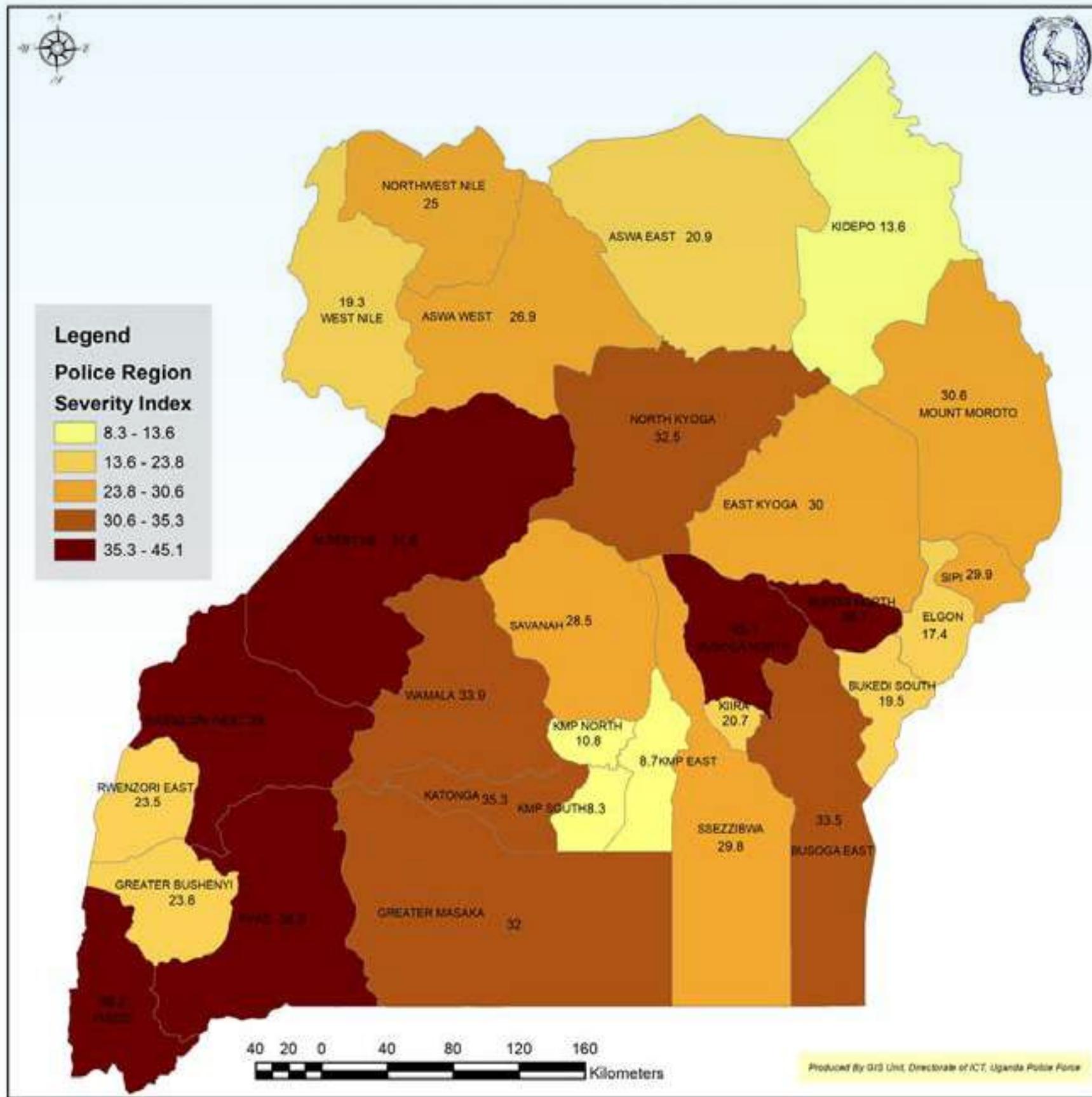




### 3.10 Crash Severity Index by Police Region

The Crash Severity Index measures the likelihood of having fatality/fatalities in any event of a crash happening. It is defined as a number of people killed per 100 crashes. The Crash Severity Index was highest in the regions of Busoga North, Rwenzori West, Rwizi, Kigezi, Albertine, Bukedi North, Katonga, Wamala, Busoga East, North Kyoga, G/Masaka, Mt. Moroto and East Kyoga where between **30-45** people died in every **100** road crashes. These were followed by the Regions of Sipi, Sezibwa, Savanna, Aswa West, North West Nile, G/Bushenyi, Rwenzori East, Aswa East and Kiira where **20-29** people died in every **100** road crashes. The Regions of Bukedi South, Elgon, Kidepo and West Nile had a crash severity index between **13-19**. The Regions of KMP had the lowest crash severity index of **8 -10**.

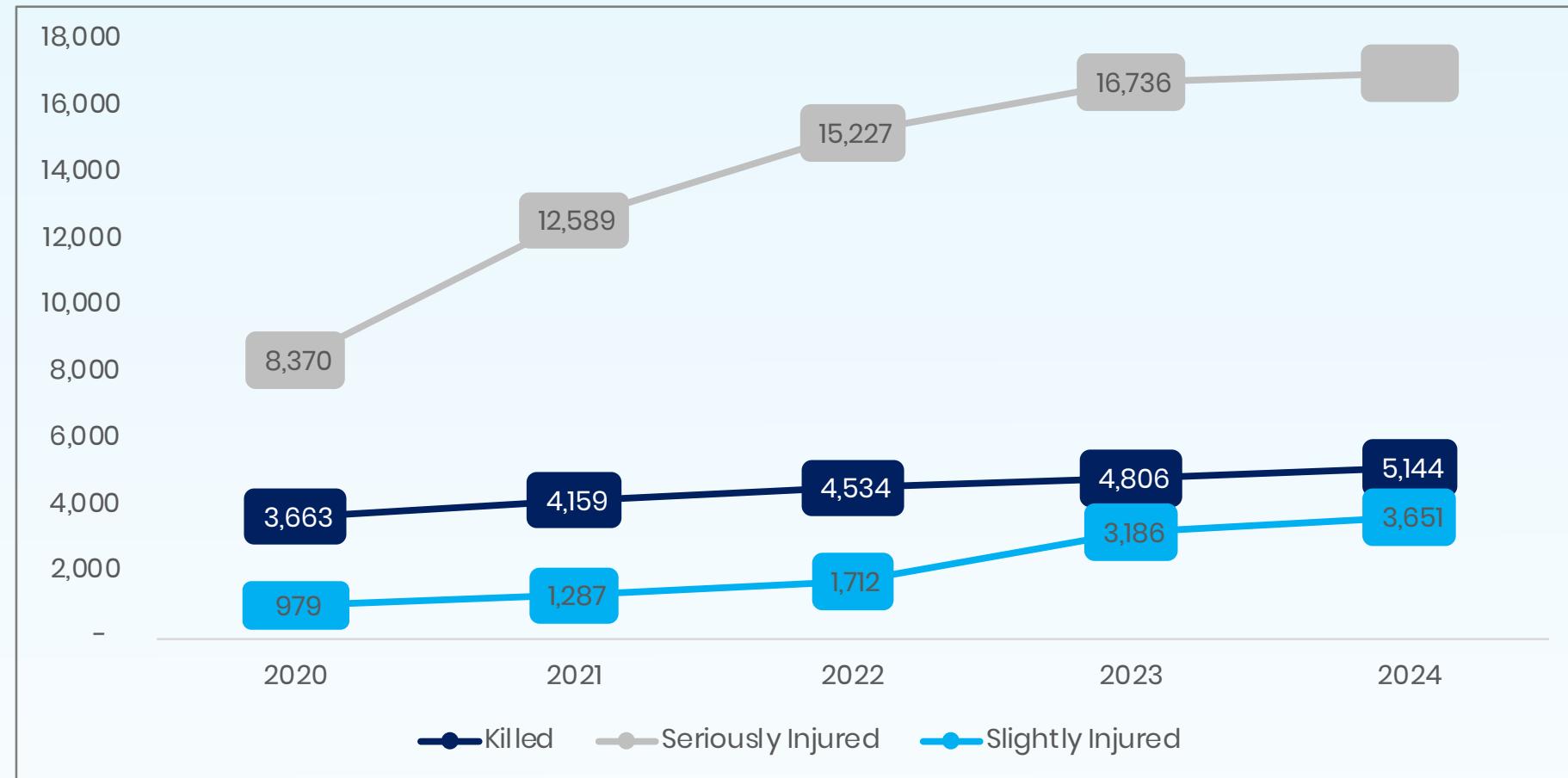
**Figure 77: Crash Severity Index by Police Region**



### 3.11 Road Traffic Deaths and Injuries

The number of reported fatalities in Uganda in the year 2024 increased by **7%**, from **4,806** in 2023 to **5,144** in 2024. The number of serious injuries decreased by **1.7%** from **16,736** in 2023 to **17,013** in 2024 and those that sustained minor injuries increased by **14.6%**, from **3,186** in 2023 to **3,651** in 2024.

**Figure 78: Trend of Road Traffic Deaths and Injuries, 2020-2024**



### 3.12 Deaths and Serious Injuries by Road User Category

There was a **7%** increase in the number of people who died from **4,806** in 2023 to **5,144** in 2024. The fatalities in motorcyclists increased by **13.2%** from **1,520** in 2023 to **1,720** in 2024. Passengers on motorcycle who died in road traffic crashes increased by **10%** from **614** in 2023 to **676** in 2024. Passengers in Light Omnibuses who died in crashes increased by **55%** from **93** in 2023 to **144** in 2024. Also the passengers in other categories of vehicles that died in crashes increased by **35%** from **324** in 2023 to **438** in 2024.

However, the fatalities in passengers in heavy omnibus reduced by **38.9%** from **54** passengers in 2023 to **33** passengers in 2024 which is attributed to the step up in the enforcement of bus driver badges thus taming bus driver behaviour on roads. Relatedly, fatalities in passengers in medium omnibus, passengers on tricycles, drivers, pedal cyclists and pedestrians.

**Table 61: Trend of Deaths by Road User Category, 2022-2024**

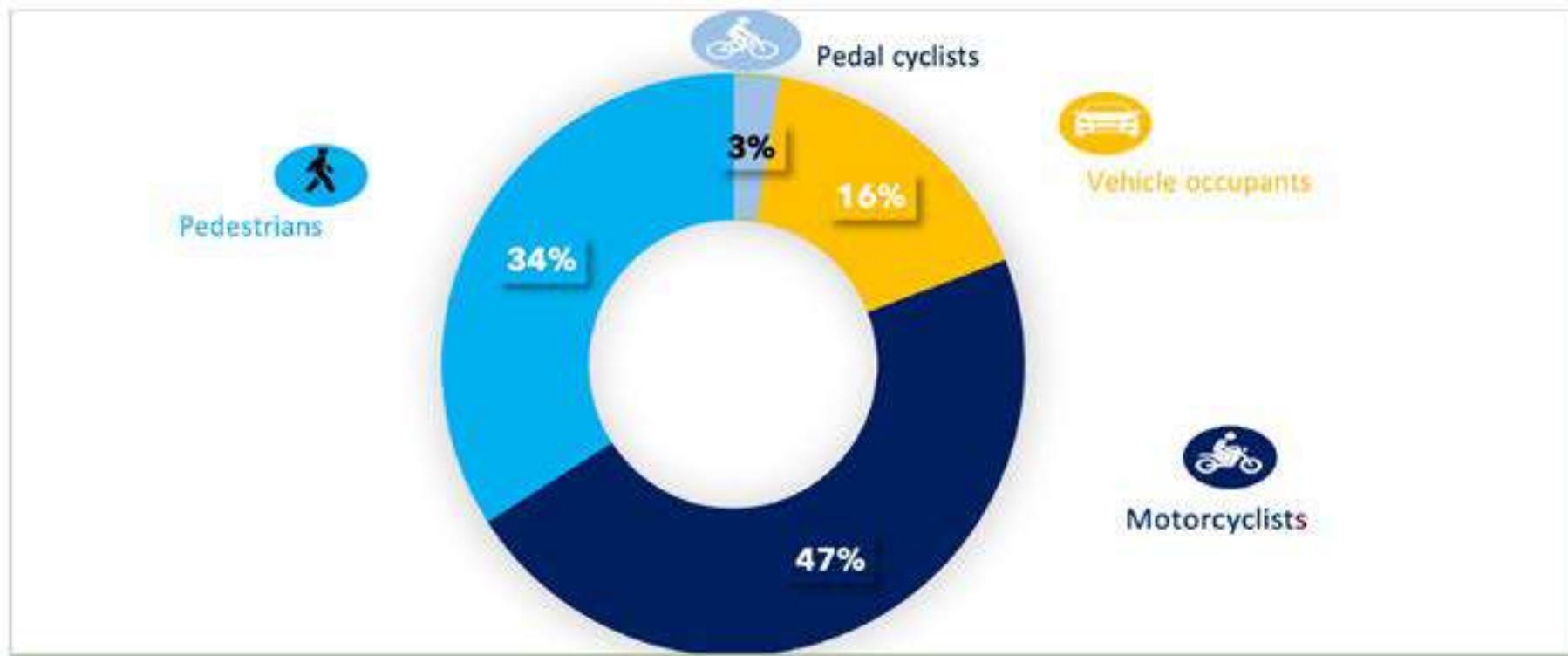
S/No	Road User Category Killed	2024	2023	2022	Percent Change (2023-2024)
1.	Driver	228	232	198	-1.7%
2.	Motorcyclist	1,720	1,520	1,404	13.2%
3.	Pedal cyclist	138	140	164	-1.4%
4.	Passenger on Motorcycle	676	614	552	10.1%
5.	Passenger on tricycle	8	24	N/A	-66.7%
6.	Passenger in light omnibus	144	93	114	54.8%
7.	Passenger in medium omnibus	8	10	24	-20.0%
8.	Passenger in heavy omnibus	33	54	38	-38.9%
9.	Passenger in other vehicles	438	324	461	35.2%



S/No	Road User Category Killed	2024	2023	2022	Percent Change (2023-2024)
10.	Pedestrians	1,666	1675	1579	-0.5%
11.	Other people	85	120	N/A	-29.2%
	Total	5,144	4,806	4,534	7%

Vulnerable road users: motorcyclists, pedestrians, and pedal cyclists - made up **84%** of the reported deaths in the year 2024. Motorcyclists together with their passengers alone accounted for **47%** of these deaths, while pedestrians accounted for **34%**. Vehicle occupants accounted for **16%** of all road traffic deaths while pedal cyclists accounted for **3%** in 2024.

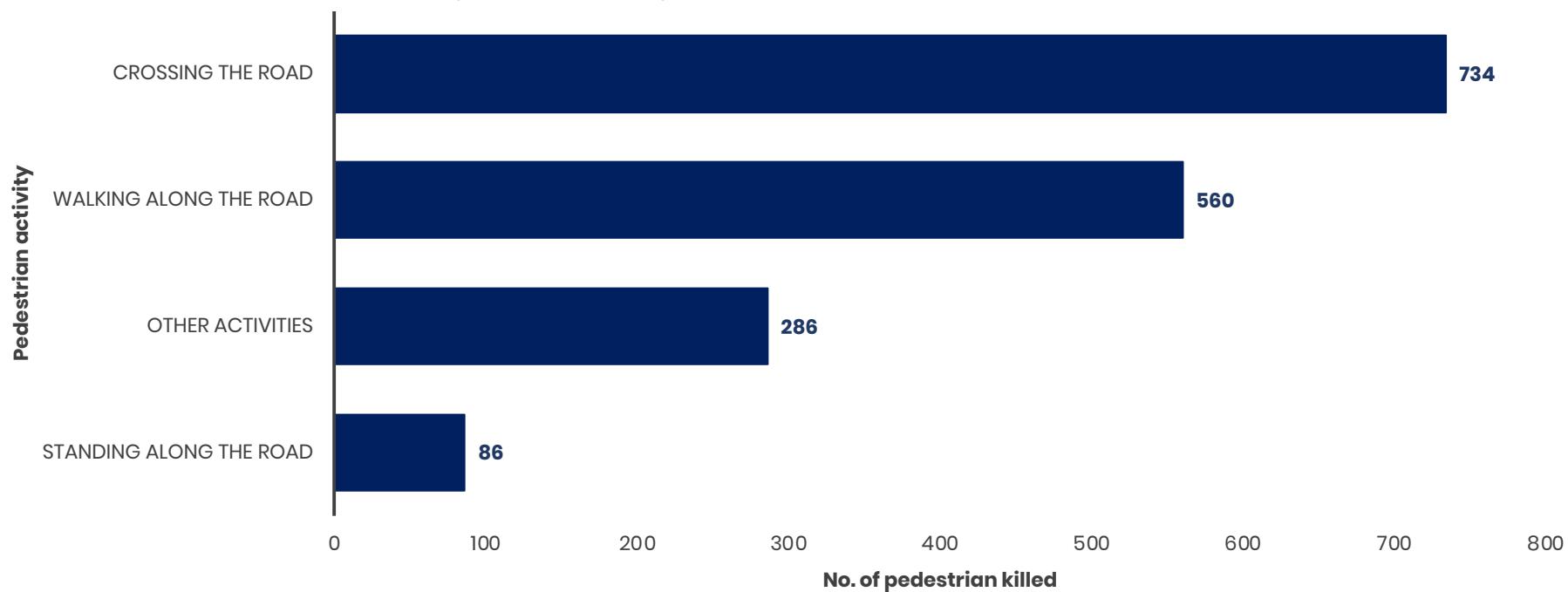
**Figure 79: Percentage Distribution of Deaths by Road User Category, 2024**



### 3.12.1 Pedestrian Fatalities by Road Activity

**734** pedestrians (representing **44%**) were knocked while crossing the road. In addition, **560** pedestrians died (**33.6%**) while walking along the road. **86** pedestrians were fatally knocked down while standing along the road.

**Figure 80: Pedestrian Deaths by Road Activity**



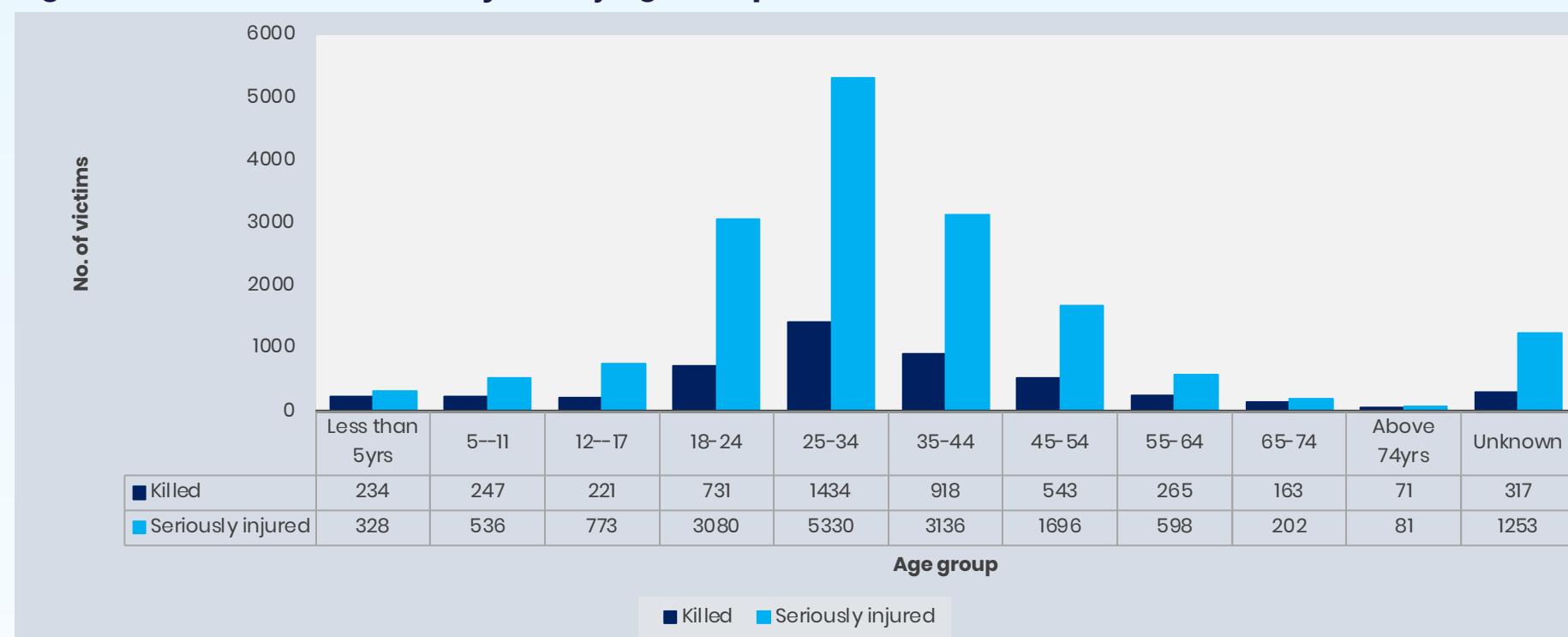
**286 (17.2%)** pedestrian deaths happened while they were other activities like cleaning, jogging and exercising.



### 3.12.2 Deaths and Serious Injuries by Age Group

More fatalities were recorded for persons below the age of 35 years – accounting for **55.7% (2,867)** of all fatalities. **1.4%** of fatalities were recorded for persons aged over 75 years. The age for **317** victims was unknown. There were more victims seriously injured below the age of 35 years at **59% (10,047)** and other age groups constituted **41%**.

**Figure 81: Deaths and Serious Injuries by Age Group**



### 3.13 Common Traffic & Road Safety Offences and Number of Offenders Handled

A total of **426,432** traffic offenders were arrested for various offences compared to **528,025** offenders in 2023, giving a **19.2%** decrease in the number of Traffic & Road Safety offenders.

Among the leading offences, Using a motor vehicle which is not in good condition on the road had the highest number of offenders with **84,156** followed by Careless or Inconsiderate Use of a Motor Vehicle with **67,418** offenders, Riding a motorcycle without a valid driving permit with **41,643** offenders, Driving without a valid driving permit with **38,935** offenders while, Using or permitting use on the road a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant without any insurance law for that use had **35,313** offenders as illustrated below.

**Table 62: Traffic & Road Safety Offences Handled**

S/NO	OFFENCE(S)	2024	Percent
1	Using a motor vehicle which is not in good condition on the road.	84,156	19.70%
2	Careless or inconsiderate use of a motor vehicle.	67,418	15.80%
3	Riding a motorcycle without a valid driving permit.	41,643	9.80%
4	Driving without a valid Driving Permit.	38,935	9.10%
5	Using or permitting use on the road, a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant without any insurance law for that use.	35,313	8.30%
6	Riding a motorcycle without wearing a crash helmet on the head.	32,308	7.60%
7	Using a motor vehicle for the carriage of passengers or goods for hire or reward when it is not licensed to do so.	27,950	6.60%
8	Driver in a vehicle not wearing a safety belt.	21,240	5.00%



S/NO	OFFENCE(S)	2024	Percent
9	Driving excess of the prescribed speed.	17,923	4.20%
10	Using of motor vehicle without reflectors and or warning signs	13,516	3.20%
11	In respect of a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant, obstructing a road or waiting, or being left packed or being loaded or unloaded in a road.	10,209	2.40%
12	Using a vehicle operator license in breach of the license issued.	8,088	1.90%
13	Using a hand-held mobile telephone while driving a motor vehicle.	7,841	1.80%
14	Using goods vehicle on a road in a manner which makes a danger to the other road users	5,822	1.40%
15	Carrying of passengers on a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant in such numbers or in such position as to be likely to interfere with safe driving.	4,375	1.00%
16	Carrying more than one person in addition to the driver, on a motorcycle. carrying a person on a seat not securely fixed to a motorcycle.	3,549	0.80%
17	Passenger in a vehicle not wearing a safety belt.	2,565	0.60%
18	Using or permitting use on the road, a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant whose registration plate or license is obscured or indistinguishable.	2,374	0.60%
19	Permitting driving without a valid driving permit	795	0.20%
20	Driving a motor vehicle, trailer or engineering plant on a road under the influence of alcohol.	227	0.10%
21	Failing to give right of way to authorised emergency vehicles.	77	0.00%
22	Permitting a person not enrolled as a student in a driving school to drive a motorcycle, motor car, dual purpose vehicle or trailer.	53	0.00%
23	Driving public service vehicle without a valid driver's badge and certificate of compliance.	36	0.00%
24	Using motor vehicle for instructing learner drivers without a valid certificate of fitness.	14	0.00%
25	Failing to stop at railway level crossing.	5	0.00%
<b>Grand/Total</b>		<b>426,432</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



### 3.14 Strategies to Reduce Road Crashes

Enforcement of traffic laws and regulations through targeted operations mainly focusing on speeding, boda-boda riders to wear crash helmets and reflective jackets, operations against drivers especially of government vehicles who use one way and have installed swiveling lights on their vehicles, speed enforcement operations and inspection of vehicles suspected to be in a dangerous mechanical condition

#### Capacity Building of Traffic Personnel

The Directorate of Traffic and Road Safety with support from Bloomberg Philanthropies for Global Road Safety together and Global Road Safety Partnership (GRSP) carried out a number of trainings to build capacity of the officers in the various areas.

#### Road Safety Awareness

The Directorate has carried out a number of sensitisation activities with particular focus to vulnerable road users who include riders, pedestrians, school children and market vendors.

A total number of **34** television talk shows, **320** radio talk shows and **830** physical engagements have been carried out during this period.

#### Digitisation of the Road Crash Database System

The Directorate carried out digitisation of the Road Crash Data using the survey 123 software tool. Officers from nine Police Stations within Kampala Metropolitan were trained on using the tool for data collection and entry. This application will help the directorate to know the exact location where crashes are happening in order to deploy its resources appropriately and also carry out targeted enforcement.

#### Community Engagements

The regions all over the country conducted community engagements to bring the public closer to traffic police. This engagement involved Local Council Leaders, Religious Leaders, Community-based Organisation in a bid to take Road Safety to the grassroots.



# 4

## CHAPTER FOUR

### 4.0 FIRE PREVENTION AND RESCUE SERVICES

There was a **13.8%** increase in the number of fires reported from **1,104** in 2023 to **1,280** in 2024. Out of the cases reported, **1,150** were successfully handled, **120** were handled before arrival and **10** were false fictitious fires. **67%** of the fires were reported between 0600hrs and 1200hrs and **33%** were reported between 0001hrs to 0600hrs.

Majority of fires were registered in residential buildings followed by makeshift structures with a total number of **300** and **250** respectively. There was a **9%** increase in school fires from **50** cases in 2023 to **55** cases in 2024.

The major cause of most fires was electricity-related ranging from electrical short circuits (**270**), to electrical appliances left unattended totalling to (**111**) followed by negligence and misuse of wax candles (**217**) among others. Majority of fire occurrences were in Kampala Metropolitan Region with **993** cases.

Fuel fires drastically reduced from **13** cases in 2023 to **03** cases in 2024. Of the **03** cases. The Kigoogwa fuel tank fire that happened on 22<sup>nd</sup> October 2024 claimed **38** lives.

**Table 63: Fire Occurrences by Region**

<b>S/No</b>	<b>KMP</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>% Increase/Decrease</b>
1.	Central	75	102	24.2
2.	Nakawa	84	99	13.4
3.	Rubaga	103	115	7.2
4.	Kawempe	86	132	32.8
5.	Makindye	76	162	53.6
6.	Wakiso	120	113	7.14
7.	Entebbe	60	59	5.2
8.	Mukono	107	112	2.72
9.	Mpigi	103	99	5.1
	<b>Total</b>	<b>814</b>	<b>993</b>	
	Other Regions			
10.	West Nile	15	18	16.6
11.	Aswa	12	15	20.0
12.	North Kyoga	10	14	28.5
13.	East Kyoga	14	10	40.0
14.	Kidepo	10	8	25.0
15.	Elgon	9	11	10.0
16.	Bukedi	16	18	11.1
17.	Kira	24	12	54.1
18.	Wamala	10	14	28.5
19.	Rwizi	19	23	13.6
20.	Greater Masaka	24	21	14.2
21.	Kigezi	18	20	10.0
22.	Greater Bushenyi	17	11	54.5
23.	Rwenzori East	13	10	30.0
24.	Rwenzori West	16	14	23.07
25.	Savannah	15	18	16.6
26.	Albertine	11	19	42.1
27.	Katonga	09	11	72.7
28.	Sezibwa	13	10	10
29.	Busoga East	15	10	66.6
	<b>Total</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>287</b>	
	<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,104</b>	<b>1,280</b>	

**Table 64: Top 7 Devastating Fires Responded**

S/No	Location
1.	Kalerwe Market fire
2.	Nyumba Kubwa Building, Arua Park, Kampala Central Division, Kampala District
3.	Bishop Kihangire Secondary School in Luzira Parish - Dormitory Fire
4.	Fire at Platinum Lounge Bar in Kitintale, Zone 12 Mutungo Parish, Nakawa Division, Kampala District
5.	Ndeeba Timber Yard, Tomusange Zone, Kampala District
6.	Kakunguru Memorial School, Kibuli, Kampala District
7.	Fuel Tank Fire at Kigogwa Town on Kampala-Gulu Highway

**Table 65: Top 8 Buildings and Installations Saved from Fire in 2024**

S/No	Location
1.	Kawacom Building - Namanve
2.	Salla Industrial Village, Kavumba Parish, Wakiso Town Council
3.	Galilaya Commercial Building, Kampala Central Division
4.	American Embassy, Makindye Division, Kampala District
5.	NSSF Building, Kampala Central Division, Kampala District
6.	Cooper Complex, Kampala Central Division, Kampala District
7.	Ham Shopping Grounds, Kampala Central Division, Kampala District
8.	Algerian Embassy, Acacia Avenue, Kampala Central Division, Kampala District

**Table 66: Major Causes of Fires**

S/No	Case	No. of cases
1.	Negligence /candle wax	217
2.	Poor cooking habits (charcoal stoves,cookers,etc)	100
3.	Electrical short circuit	270
4.	Electrical appliances left unattended to	111
5.	Arson	101
6.	Overheating	21
7.	Electrical welding & Gas cutting	76
8.	Causes not readily established / Under investigation	200
9.	Uncontrolled burning	29
10.	Flammable fuel spillage	03
11.	Sparks	150
12.	Gas cylinder explosion	02
13.	Terrorism (Bomb blast)	00
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,280</b>

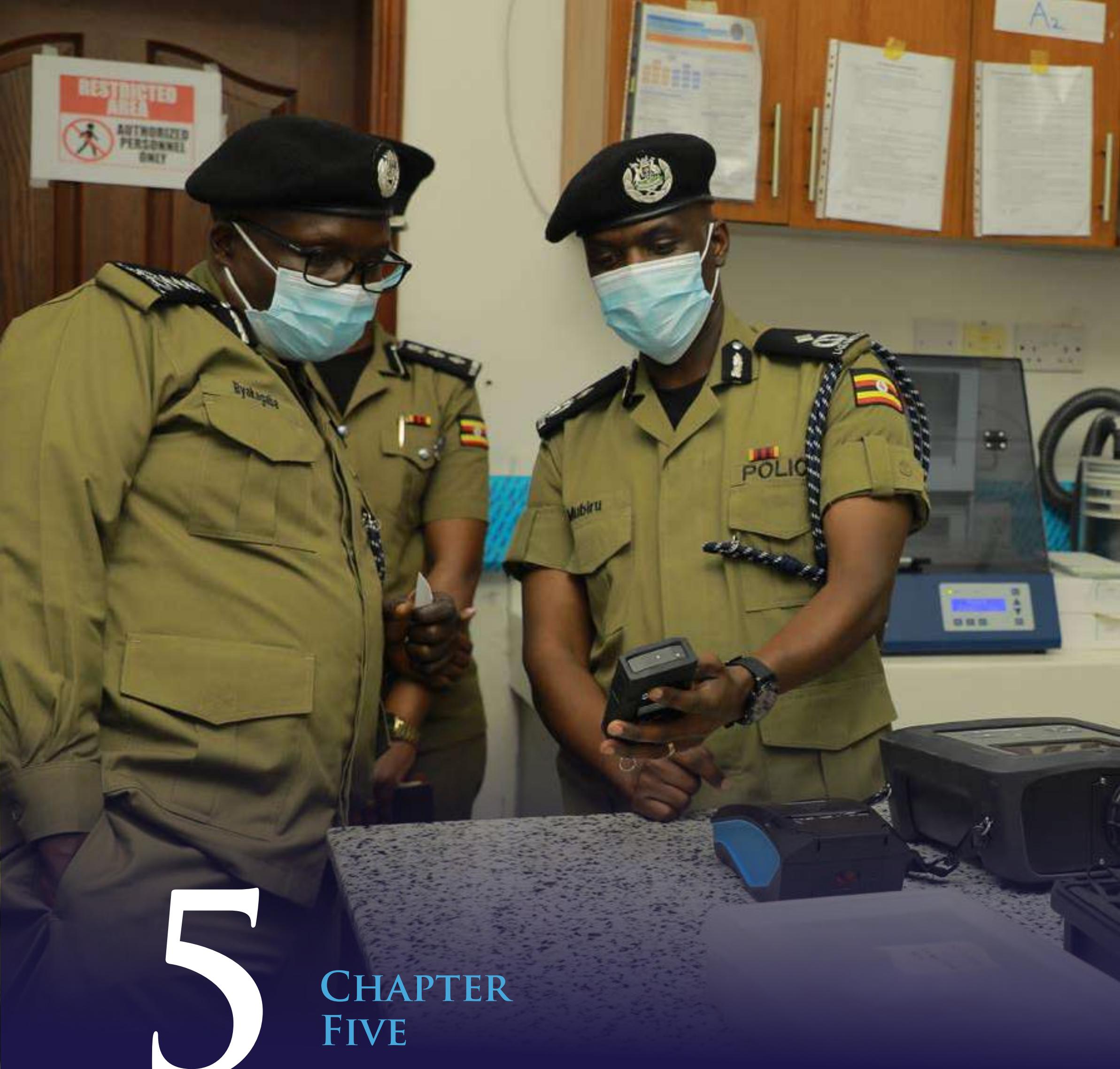
**Table 67: Areas Where Emergency Rescues Were Effectuated**

S/no	Areas	No of Rescues
1	Road Traffic Accidents	02
2	Pits (open/Closed)	200
3	Valley dams/fish ponds	50
4	Trees, House Tops, Busters	06
5	Trenches, Ditches and Channels	06
6	Septic tanks	10
7	Floods	03
8	Lakes and rivers	26
9	Electric installation	01
10	Forced entry	02
11	Electric shock	02
12	Collapsed structure/Soil/Quarry	07
	<b>Total</b>	<b>315</b>

**Table 68: Lives Lost and Saved During Rescue Operations in 2023**

	2023		2024	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Lives saved	150	146	115	48
Lives lost	100	42	40	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>83</b>





# 5

## CHAPTER FIVE

### 5.0 FORENSIC SERVICES

A total of **2,994** requests were received for forensic assistance in 2024. The Directorate released **1,805** expert reports and issued **151,352** Police clearance certificates. **42,416** crime scenes were processed marking an increase of **3,375** from the **39,041** crime scenes processed in 2023. The laboratory had an overall clearance rate of approximately **60.3%** down from **60.8%** in 2023.

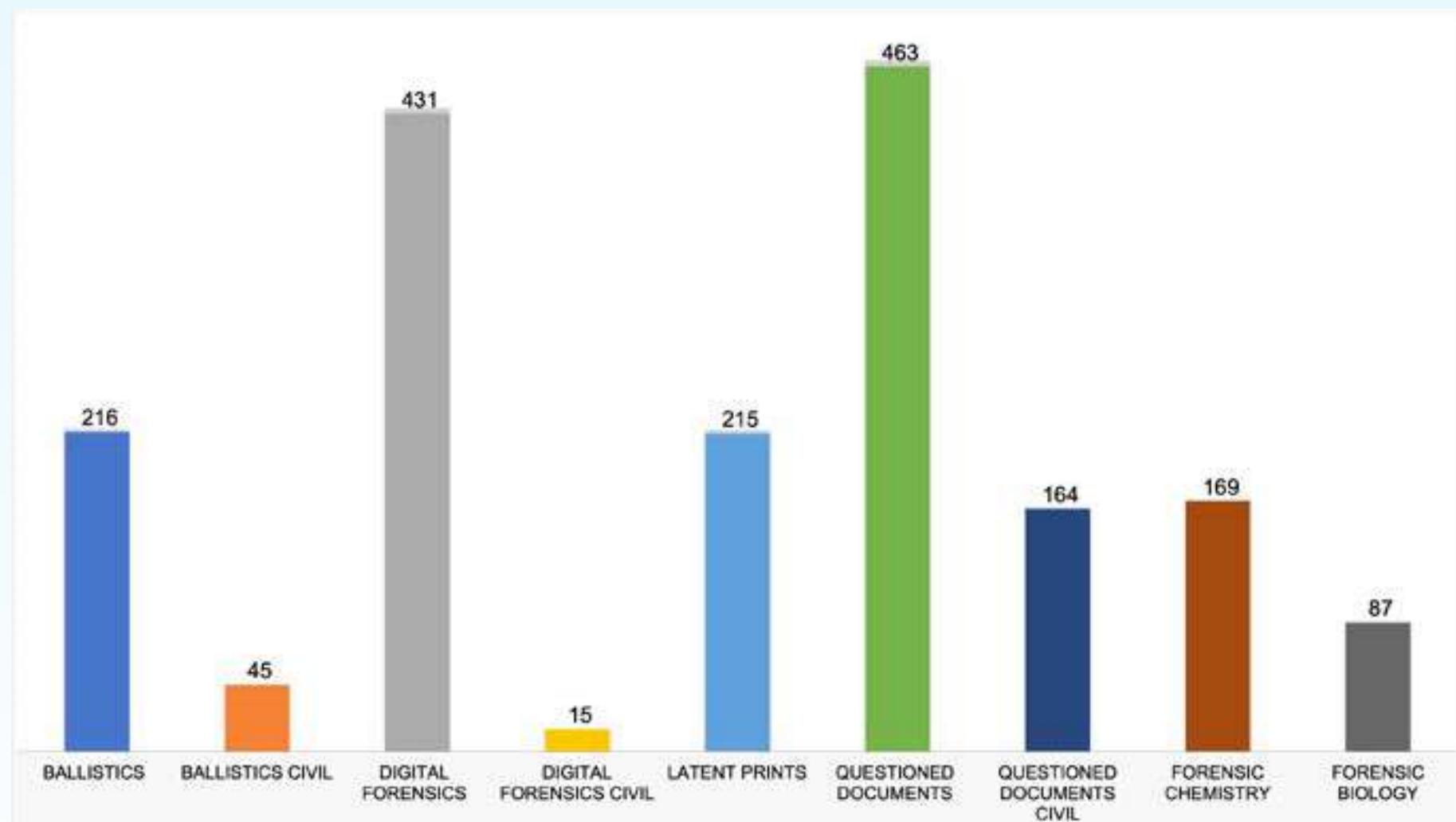
The Department of Questioned Documents issued the most forensic reports with a total of **627** (**463** criminal and **164** civil) reports, followed by Digital forensics with **446** (**431** criminal and **15** civil) reports issued. The department that issued the least reports was CBRNE-A with **256** reports issued.



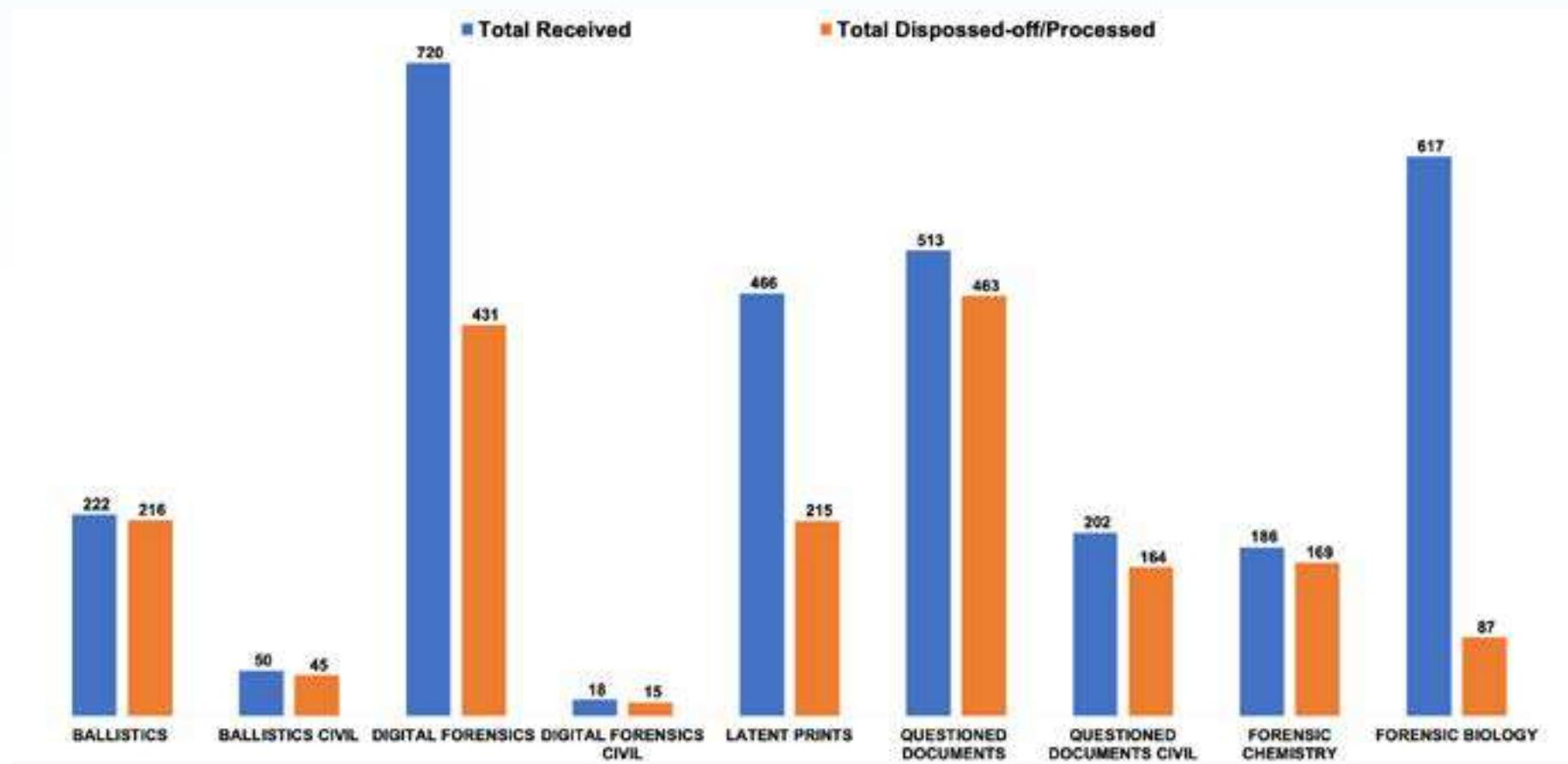
## 5.1 Forensic Reports

The Department of Questioned Documents issued the most forensic reports with a total of **627** reports followed by the Cyber Crime Department with **446**. The CBRNE-A Department issued the fewest number of reports (**256**) as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 82: Forensic Reports Issued per Department Following Requests for Forensic Analysis**



**Figure 83: Analysis of Cumulative Cases Received and Cases Processed per Department**



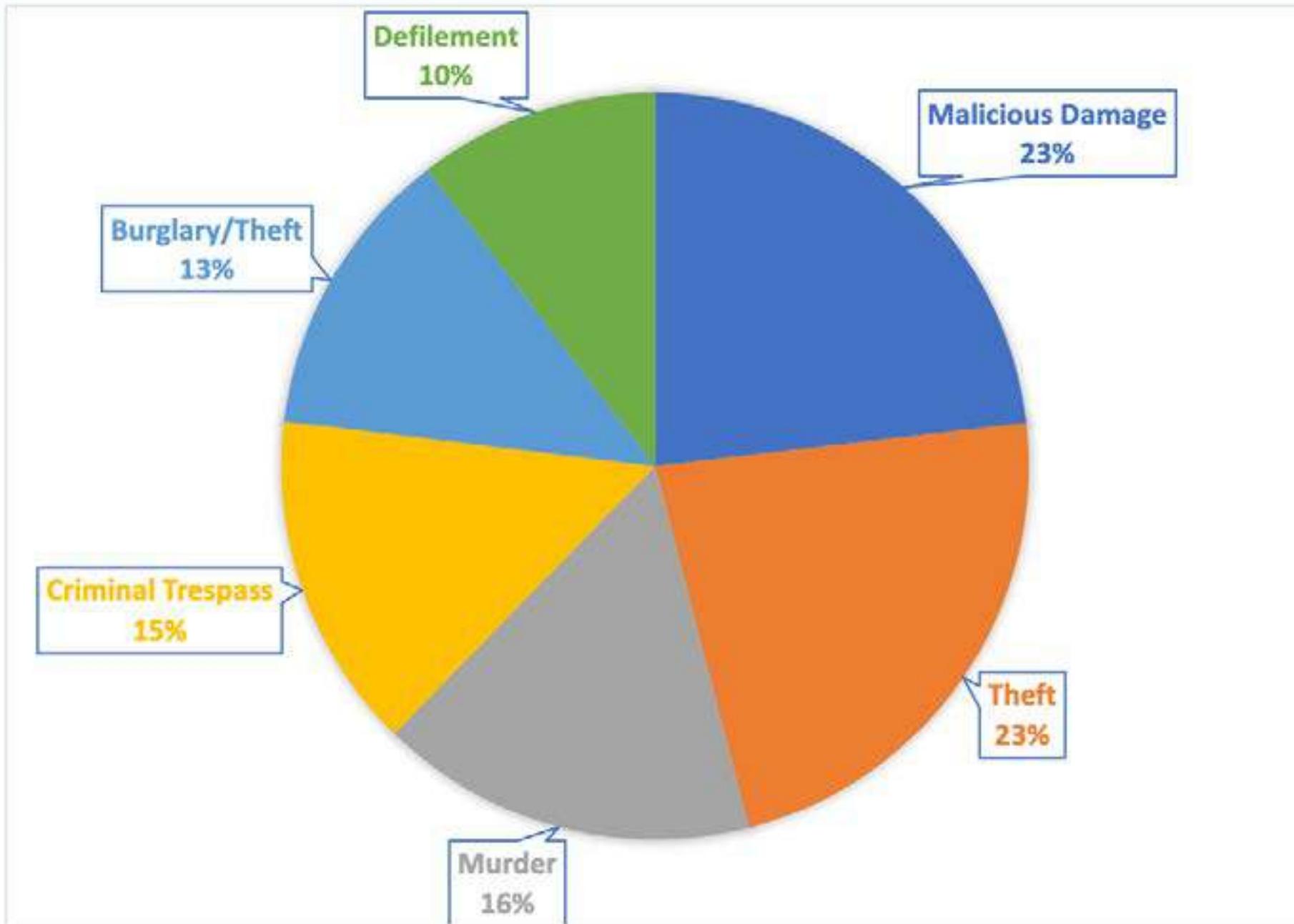
## 5.2 Crime Scenes Processed

January, October and December exhibited the highest number of crime scenes processed with **3715**, **3701**, and **3842** crime scenes processed respectively. The lowest number of crime scenes (**3231**) were processed in February as shown in the figure below.

**Figure 84: Crime Scenes Processed per Month**



**Figure 85: Most Processed Crime Scenes**





### 5.3 Forensic Case Backlog (2019-2024)

Figure 86: Forensic Case Backlog per Department

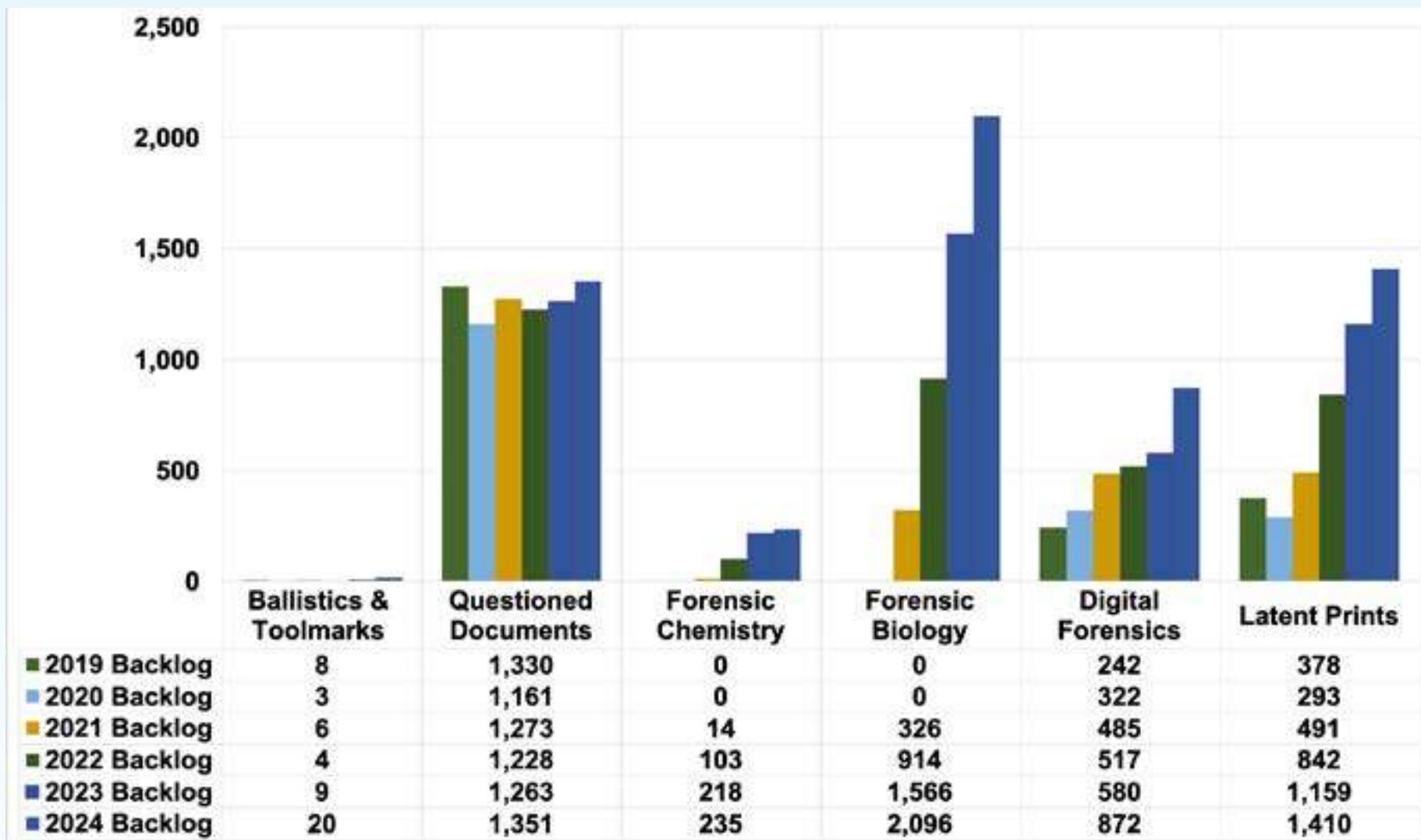
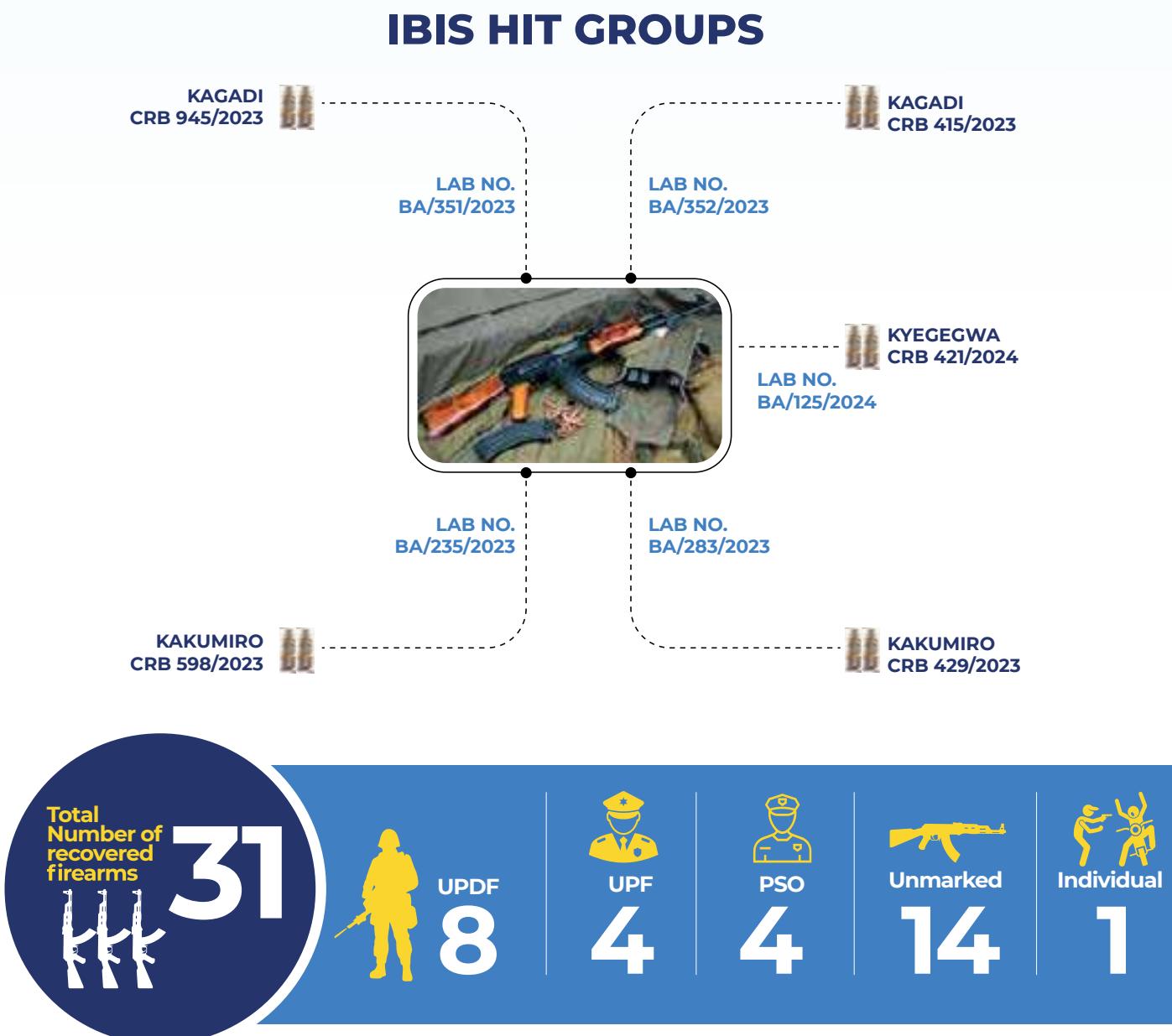


Figure 87: Schematic Representation of the Several Firearm Crimes in Kyegegwaa, Kagadi and Kakumiro Linked to a Rifle Recovered in Kagadi



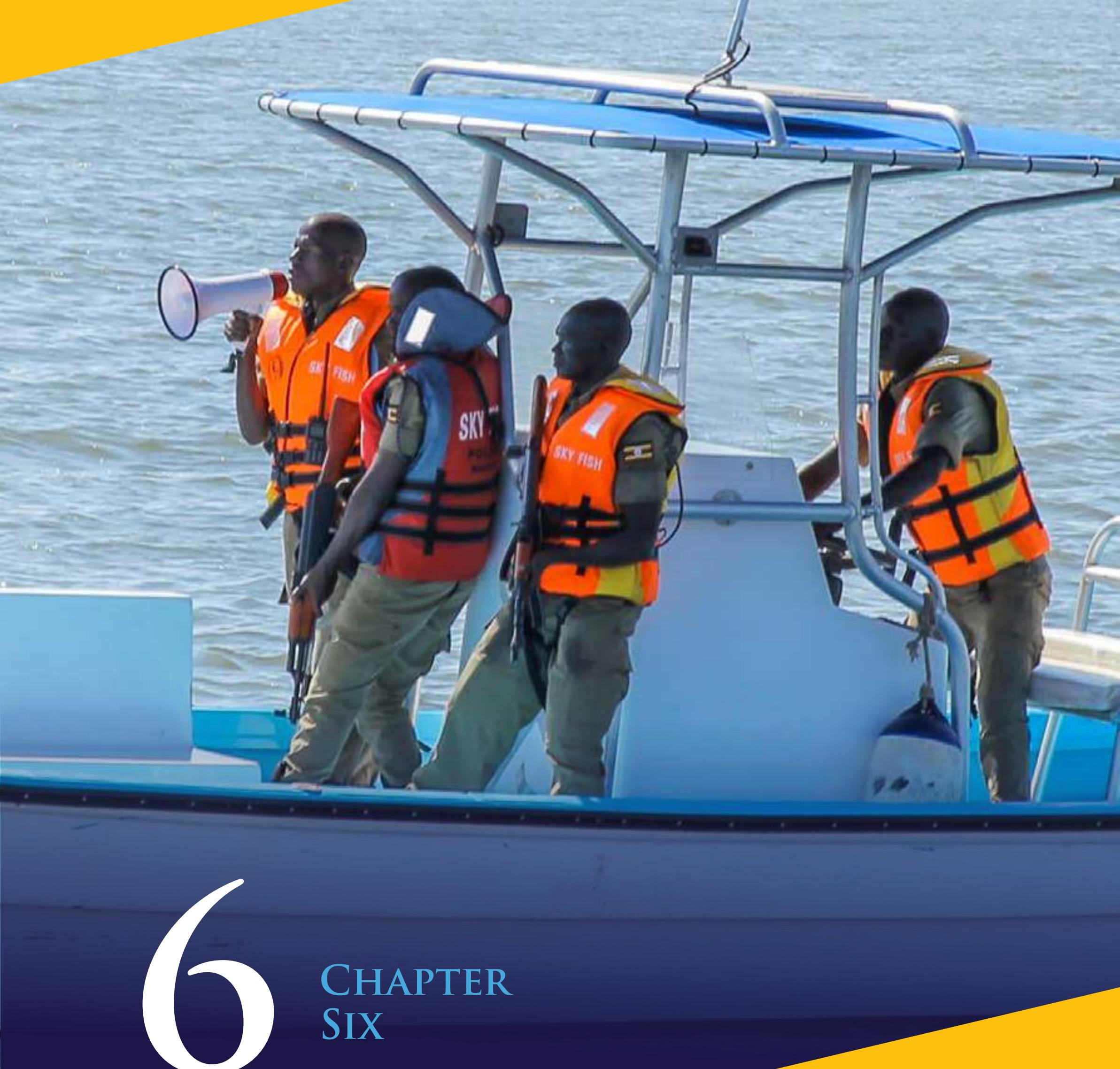
# 6

## CHAPTER SIX

### 6.0 MARITIME CRIMES

#### 6.1 Offences Handled by the Marine Police

A total of **190** offences were handled by the Marines Department in 2024 indicating an **8%** increase compared to **176** offences handled in 2023. Drowning led with **119** cases followed by Robbery on the Water with **34** cases, Armed Robbery and Boat Capsizing with **06** cases each.



**Table 69: Comparison of Offences Handled by the Marine Police**

S/ No	Nature of Incident	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1.	Drowning	06	10	12	10	07	04	17	06	11	14	12	10	119
2.	Robbery	04		01	07	01		01	04	03	01	01	11	34
3.	Armed Robbery								01	02	02		01	06
4.	Boat Capsizing		01	01			02			01		01		06
5.	Wild Animals	01			02			01		01		01	01	07
6.	Murder									03		01		04
7.	Theft							01	02			03	03	09
8.	Assault							01						01
9.	Aggravated Defilement	01											01	02
10.	Abduction		01											01
11.	Child Neglect												01	01
<b>Total</b>		<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>190</b>

## 6.2 Offences Handled in 2024 By Water Body

Majority of the Maritime cases were committed on Lake Victoria with **130** cases followed by Lake Albert with **17** cases and Kyoga with **14** cases as shown in the table below.

**Table 70: Offences Handled by Marine Police**

S/No	Nature of Incident	Victoria	Kyoga	Albert	Edward And George	Bunyonyi	Wamala	Rivers	Dams & Ponds	Kijanebarola	Total
1.	Drowning	73	13	14	03	04	02	07	02	01	119
2.	Robbery	30		03	01						34
3.	Armed Robbery	06									06
4.	Boat Capsizing	05			01						06
5.	Wild Animals	01	01		05						07
6.	Murder	02					01	01			04
7.	Assault	01									01
8.	Theft	09									09
9.	Abduction				01						01
10.	Defilement	02									02
11.	Child Neglect	01									01
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>130</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>08</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>190</b>

**Table 71: Dead, Rescued Persons and Items Retrieved/Lost in Water Body**

Gender		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
<b>Dead</b>														
Male	M/A	07	18	14	13	07	08	17	06	15	19	10	10	144
	M/J			01				02	01		03		01	08
Female	F/A			05		02				02	02	03		14
	M/J	04	03	01	02					02				12
<b>Rescued</b>														
Male	M/A	10	13	23		04	01	08	02	12	07	12	14	106
	M/J		01			01				04	01			07
Female	M/A	07	02	03							01	02	02	17
	M/J													00
Month	<b>October</b>				<b>November</b>				<b>December</b>					
Items Lost	01(9.9HP) Out Board Engine				04 SMG Guns and 360 Am'n's				04 SMG Guns and 360 Ammunitions, 9.9 HP Out Board Engines					
Items Recovered	01(15HP) Out Board Engine				02(9.9HP) Out Board Engine				03(9.9 &15HP) Out Board Engine					

**Table 72: Boat Outboard Engines Robbed/Stolen and Reported to Marine Police**

S/ No	Engine Type	Victoria	Kyoga	Albert	Edward& George	Wamala	Bunyonyi	Total
1	9.9HP Yamaha Water Engine	03		06				09
2	15HP Yamaha Water Engine	30		01	05			36
3	40HP Yamaha Water Engine							00
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>05</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>45</b>



# 7

## CHAPTER SEVEN

### 7.0 CANINE

Uganda Police Canine Unit is a specialised Unit of Force that works hand in hand with other Departments of Police to prevent, Detect and Investigate crime. The Unit also gives support functions to the anti-narcotics Department by providing narcotics detection dogs at Entebbe International Airport and other border points with Explosive Detection Dogs to the Directorate of Counter Terrorism. Since 2010, the Unit undertook an ambitious expansion program to ensure that every Police Station around the Country has at least two (**02**) Sniffer Dogs. This expansion was achieved through Operationalisation of a Breeding and Training programme at Nagalama.

## 7.1 Performance Report for the Canine Unit (2024)

**Table 73: Tracking Activities**

SN	TRACKING ACTIVITIES	JAN	FEB	MAR	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG	SEPT	OCT	NOV	DEC	TOTAL	
1	Number of Tracking Cases performed	1,717	1,677	1,734	1,745	1,902	1,641	1,622	1,544	1,471	1,706	1,563	1,577	<b>19,899</b>	
2	Number of Persons Arrested	Male Adults	1,205	1,115	1,142	1,182	1,332	1,124	1,007	981	1,005	1,163	1,103	1,050	<b>13,409</b>
		Female Adults	147	122	118	136	152	120	102	72	96	130	74	85	<b>1,354</b>
		Males Juveniles	83	58	70	69	76	82	70	68	65	29	38	35	<b>743</b>
		Female Juveniles	4	6	3	3	11	2	5	7	2	8	13	9	<b>73</b>
	Total No. of Persons Arrested	1,439	1,301	1,333	1,390	1,571	1,328	1,184	1,128	1,168	1,330	1,228	1,179	<b>15579</b>	
3	Number of persons taken to Court	552	498	534	403	554	475	423	401	466	523	229	462	<b>5,520</b>	
4	Number of exhibits recovered	569	527	537	570	581	476	562	515	489	972	525	597	<b>6,920</b>	

**Table 74: Explosive and Narcotic Detection Activities**

S/No	Activity	Station	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
01.	No. of on call response on abandoned items	K-9 Avpol	18	10	07	13	09	10	07	18	15	15	17	20	159
02.	No. of responses on suspicious flights	K-9Avpol	13	10	13	10	10	13	14	15	13	16	13	13	153
03.	No. of on call responses on suspicious cargo	K-9Avpol	255	306	345	375	344	313	326	351	378	359	339	329	4,020
04.	No. of K-9 sweeps performed	K-9Avpol	25	07	14	13	08	11	23	16	16	06	09	33	181
		K-9 Hqters	92	65	58	104	32	70	38	83	80	97	52	48	819

# 8

## CHAPTER EIGHT



### 8.0 INTERPOL AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

#### 8.1 Cross Border Drug Trafficking

INTERPOL intercepted drug traffickers in **07** occasions in 2024. This included **02** cases of cocaine, **02** Methamphetamine, and **01** case of Opium. **08** suspects (**05** males and **03** females) were arrested, charged to Court where **04** suspects were sentenced to a fine between **10–20** million, **01** case was put away while **01** case is still pending in court.



## 8.2 Cross Border Motor Vehicle Theft

**54** cases of cross border Motor Vehicle theft were handled. This involved theft of **48** motor vehicles, **05** Motorcycles and **01** tricycle. Out the stolen vehicles, **21** were recovered, all in Uganda.

**Table 75: Cross-border Motor Vehicle Thefts**

Country of Origin	No. Vehicles	Status	
		Recovered	Not Recovered
Uganda	37	04	33
United Kingdom	06	06	-
Sudan	05	05	-
South Africa	02	02	-
Kenya	02	02	-
Japan	01	01	-
Belize (Central America)	01	01	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>33</b>

## 8.3 Wanted Persons

INTERPOL issued a total of **97** Red Notices that declared **110** persons/suspects wanted. This reduced from **182** persons declared wanted in 2023.

## 8.4 Issuance of Certificates for Motor Vehicles and Good Conduct

A total of **495** vehicle verification certificates were issued and government revenue of **Ugx. 29,700,000** earned. **152,955** Certificates of Good Conduct were issued and revenue of **Ugx 11,624,580,000** earned.

# 9

## CHAPTER NINE



### 9.0 COMMUNITY POLICING

Targeted community policing activities were conducted in some of the crime-prone regions of KMP North, KMP South, KMP East, Greater Masaka, North Kyoga, Rwizi, Aswa East, Busoga East, West Nile and North West Nile in the Districts/Divisions of Kalungu, Masaka, Lira, Oyam, Kole, Mbarara, Ntungamo, Bwizibwera District Ibanda, Kazo, Kitgum, Pader, Agago, Bugiri, and Bidi bidi, Rhino, Imvepi, Palorinya, Lobule and Panyadoli refugee settlements. The sensitisation programme was attended by **203,502** participants, including **91,312** females and **112,190** males.

Through the sub-county policing model, community liaison officers (CLOs) were recruited, trained and deployed at all sub-counties to conduct community policing at the local levels. The same approach will continuously be adopted and rolled out to all regions.

**Table 76: Community Policing Activities Conducted Countrywide**

S/No	Activity	Radio talk-shows	TV talk-shows	School outreaches	Villages engaged	Participants		Police children sch. sensitised
						Male	Female	
1	Community Policing	3,040	222	1,473	10,388	112,190	91,312	-
2	Education and Welfare by CLO's	567	30	431	2,406	-		05 (Ntinda, Masaka, Kito Pioneer, Kibuli, Usaamah)

**Table 77: Other Activities Conducted by CPC**

S/No	Activity	Male attendees	Female attendees	Total Attendance
1	Gender-Based Violence (GBV) & Violence Against Children (VAC) Awareness in Hoima and Kikuube	95	82	177
2	Political Education/ Ideological Rectification campaigns for Mindset Change (West Nile, KMP, Kiira, Busoga East, Busoga North, Albertine, Elgon, Bukedi South, Sipi, Gulu West, Great Bushenyi and Rwenzori West in the Districts/Divisions of Iganga, Tororo, Busia, Mbale, Bugiri, Kamuli, Kalro, Buyende, Rubirizi, Mitoma, Bushenyi , Shema, Fort Portal, Ntoroko, Hoima, Masindi, Gulu West, Gulu North, Gulu CPS, Nwoya, Nebbi, Ayivu West, Ayivu East, Arua, Nagalama, Entebbe and Mukono)	1,331	699	2,030
3	Psycho-social Clinics (spouses sensitised in Positive Parenting)	-	700	-
4	Information and Publication (Police Habari Magazines, Books, Journals published)			200

Police officers in various specialised units were guided and mentored on ideological clarity, conviction and police professional ethics in Entebbe, Nsambya, Fire Brigade, Naguru and Ntinda Barracks communities. **505** personnel were in attendance with **150** female and **356** male respectively. Ideological Baraza's were also rejuvenated in the specialised units of KMP specifically VIPPU CT and Marines. **556** police personnel were in attendance during these Baraza's.

Barracks Action Teams were established and oriented to handle all issues involving spouses and families of police officers resident in the barracks. These teams were established in Naguru, Kireka, Ntinda, Entebbe, Tororo, Busia, Bugiri, Iganga, Kamuli, Jinja, Hoima, Masindi and Mbale respectively. A total of **150** members of the team were established and oriented to enhance indigenous methods of conflict Management to promote cohesiveness in the Police personnel residences.

Alongside the Teams were psycho-social clinics conducted in Kwen, Kapchorwa, Busia, Mbale, Kamuli, Tororo and Naguru, Kireka and Ntinda Barracks targeting spouses of police personnel. **700** spouses of police officers were sensitised in Positive Parenting and Mobilised to form Income generating groups to contribute to household income.



### Child and Family Protection

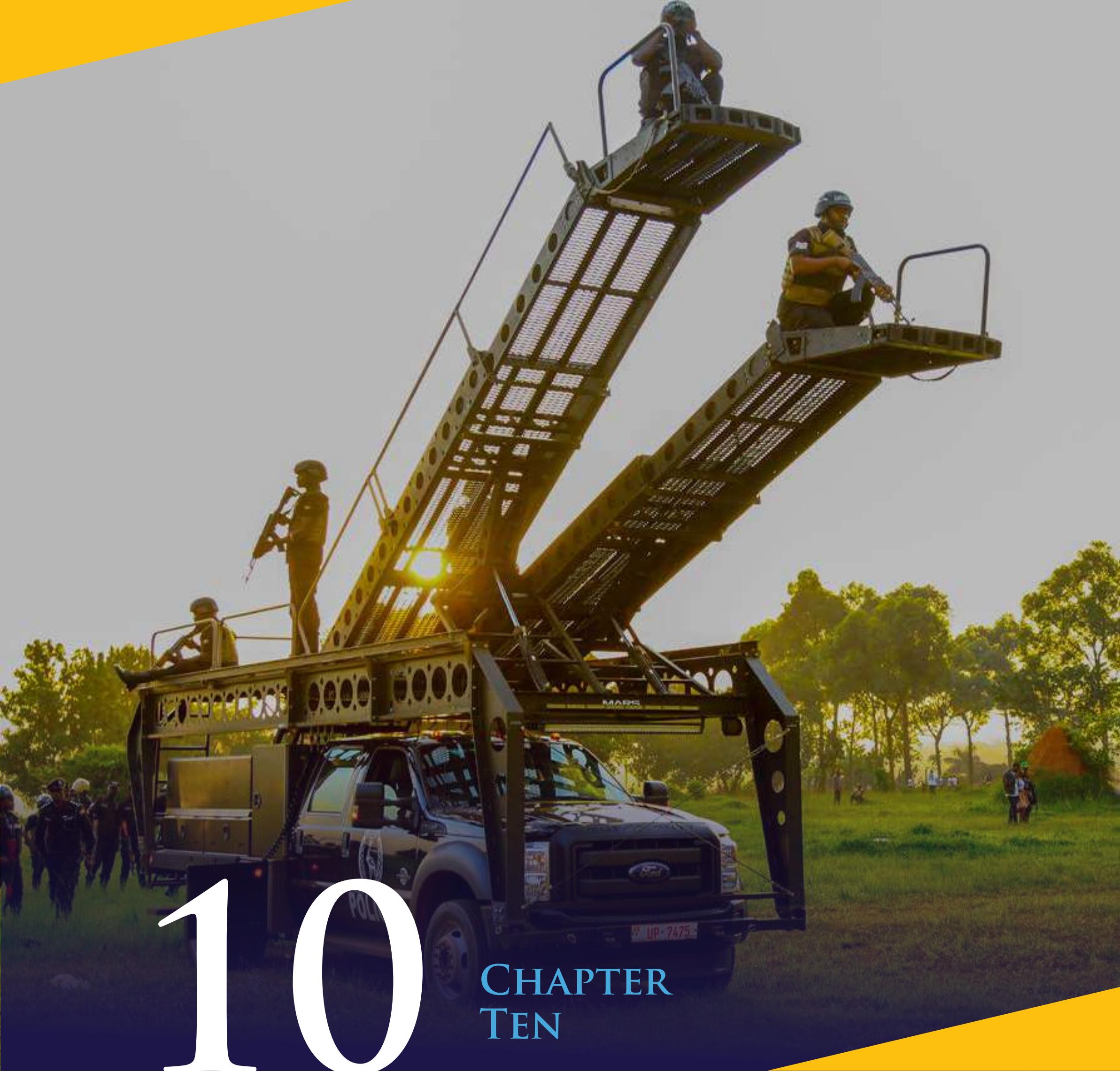
A total of **27,767** child-related incidences were reported to Child and Family Protection Department in 2024. Out of the total cases, **26,152** were managed by CFPD, **1,542** cases were referred for other necessary remedies while **73** cases were diverted for psycho-social support among others.

**Table 78: Breakdown of Incidents Managed by CFPD**

S/No.	Incidences	No. of Incidences Reported
1	Domestic Violence	17,872
2	Child Neglect	5,173
3	Child Desertion/Abandoned	1,722
4	Child Disappearance/Missing	1,562
5	Assault	599
6	Child Stealing	218
7	Harmful Customary Practices	38
8	Harmful Employment	25
9	Child Torture	21
10	Corporal Punishment	12
11	Others	525
	<b>Total</b>	<b>27,767</b>

# 10

## CHAPTER TEN



### 10.0 STRATEGIES FOR ENHANCED IMPLEMENTATION & CRIME PREVENTION

#### 10.1 Crime Prevention

Crime is a symptom of failures in society which manifest themselves through unemployment, moral decadence, juvenile/youth delinquency, institutional failures across society and feeling of exclusion. A sustainable reduction of crime in society shall therefore require effort by all stakeholders to address the identified systematic failures. The UPF is going to contribute towards the cause of reducing crime in society through the following broad strategies.



## Implementation of the Police Sub-county Model

The Police Sub-County Model is a policing strategy that emphasises community-based policing, where police services are decentralised and tailored to meet the specific needs of each sub-county. Its aim is to improve community engagement, enhance crime prevention, enable quick response to emergencies, increase accessibility to policing services, improve intelligence gathering geared towards reducing crime rates. In order to fulfil the directive by H.E. The President of The Republic of Uganda, deployment of Police Officers per Sub-County have so far been fulfilled in thirteen (13) Policing Regions of; North Western Region, Kiira Region, Rwizi, North Kyoga, Wamala, Rwebenzori East, Kidepo, Savannah, Sipi and Aswa West where Police Officers have been deployed in all the sub-counties of these Regions. The major goal is to cover the entire country.

## Ensuring institutional functionality

UPF is in the process of reviewing its doctrine, posture, practices, procedures to ensure that its level of functionality meets public expectation. Key among these reforms is the reorganisation of deployment of resources based on the sub-county policing model that shall ensure existence of basic capacity to counter crime in each of the sub-counties. This is to be accompanied by digitisation. An efficient and properly functioning Police force shall serve as a deterrence to crime in society since it increases the likelihood of getting caught.

## Community Policing

This does not only enhance the functionality of the Police force but also empowers the community to identify and report criminal activity in addition to supporting and monitoring the work of law enforcement agencies leading to a reduction in crime.

## Digitisation

Automation of processes will improve efficiency across the UPF. This is to start with the digitisation of the investigation process right from when a crime is reported to when a convict has completed service of a sentence. It shall ease reporting, detection, tracking, supervision, follow-up and analysis of crime which will improve both crime prevention and investigation besides saving institutional resources that can then be applied elsewhere.

## Recruitment of more detectives

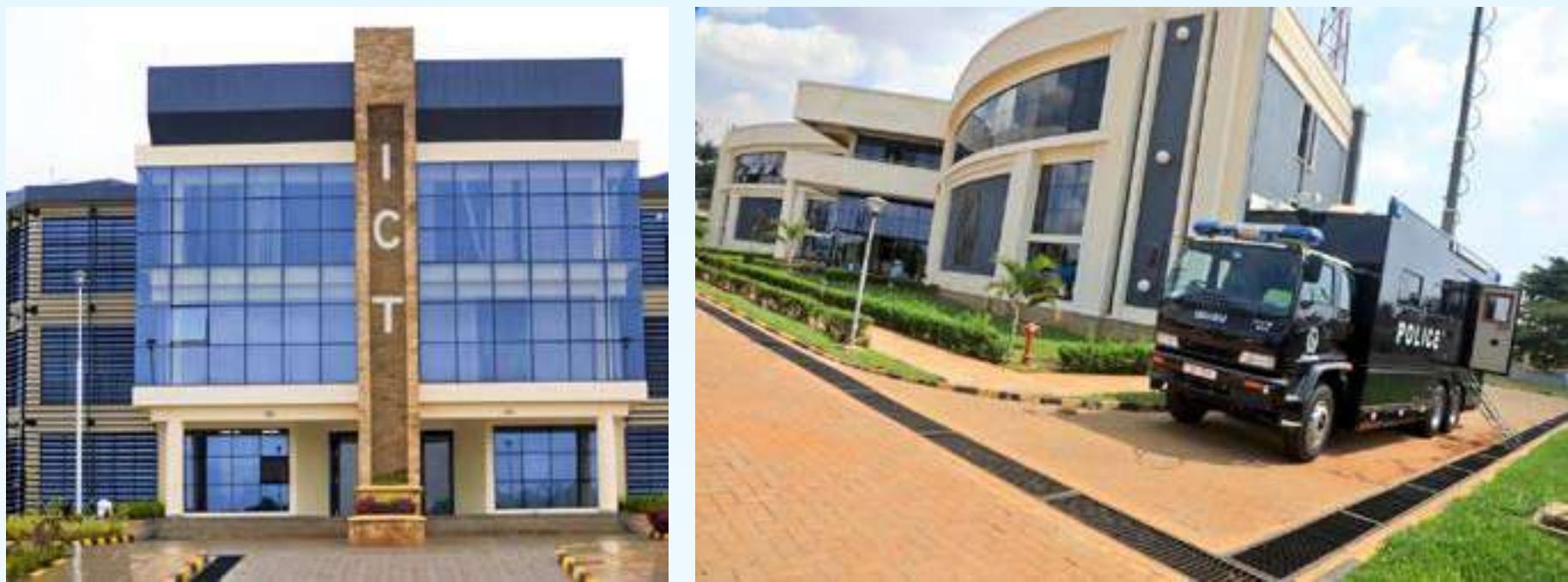
The detective case load stands at **1** detective to **43** cases which is high compared to the UN recommended ratio of **1** detective to **12** cases which affects both the quality and speed of investigations. To mitigate this, more detectives are to be recruited into the CID as the UPF strength grows. This recruitment shall also cover specialists such as pathologists, ballistics experts, handwriting experts and cyber analysts.

## Gaps in other agencies in the justice chain

Gaps in the justice chain affect the successful and timely disposal of investigations. This mainly stems from inadequate numbers and inefficient systems and procedures. The UPF will continue to collaborate with key stakeholders in the justice chain to enhance prosecution-guided investigations.

## Skilling

Crime is very dynamic. Training of detectives therefore needs to be continuous so as to stay ahead of the criminals. This should be in addition to the basic training required for all personnel involved in the management of crime. Detectives shall also be trained in the use and maintenance of scientific aids in addition to mindset and attitude change.



## Tooling

The force is devising means to make available all the basic forms and books key to the conduct of inquiries. It also intends to provide specialised investigative equipment such as CARBIS and IBIS in addition to other basic equipment such as audio/video recorders, spy cameras, motor vehicles, computers and filing cabinets.

## Review and documentation of procedures

In order to address the various gaps in the system and to accommodate many of the innovations adopted, the UPF will undertake a review of all practices and procedures to ensure compliance/compatibility. Good practices are to be documented in procedure manuals. This will facilitate our continued fight against corruption tendencies in the Force.

## Better management of exhibits

The manner in which exhibits are presently managed adversely affects inquiries and the quality of evidence tendered in Court. In addition to development of manuals on exhibit management, the force is establishing exhibit yards at the regional level so as to ensure that the integrity of exhibits is not compromised.

## Enhanced application of science in investigations

UPF is continually integrating the use of science in investigations to support traditional methods of relying on witnesses and confessions. The scientific tools include CCTV cameras, application of forensic science, canine, telephone tracking equipment etc. The plan is to have these widely available across the country fully manned by personnel who can exploit them maximumly.

## Continued emphasis of Prosecution led investigations

Prosecution led investigations should result in more focused inquiries and hence efficiency and better evidence. Collaboration with the Office of the DPP, Auditor General, Attorney General, IGG, Judiciary, Prisons, and other key stakeholders in the justice sector shall be enhanced to improve performance.

## Improvement of welfare

It goes without saying that good welfare arrangements motivate personnel, while a motivated officer is more productive. The UPF intends to provide a decent working environment, decent accommodation, reasonable remuneration, basic medical care, education for children of personnel, psycho – social support, enhancement of family income among others all aimed at raising personnel morale.

## Budget

To be able to achieve all the above, financial resources are required. The finances presently provided to the UPF are inadequate. The UPF therefore is going to continue to engage and lobby all stakeholders both within and outside government to increase allocation of resources to the force.

# APPENDICES

## 11.0 APPENDIX 1: MONTHLY CRIME BY CRIME ANALYSIS

S/NO.	CASE/CRIME INCIDENCES	REPORTED CASES				PERFOMANCE				PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT								SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS						VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY(UGSHS.)					
		TOTALS CASES	CASES UNDER INQUIRY	NOT DETECTED /NPW	CASES TAKEN TO COURT	CASES SUBMITTED TO DPP/RSA	CASES WITH CONVICTIONS	CASES WITH ACQUITTALS	CASES DISMISSED	CASES PENDING IN COURT	ACCUSED CHARGED		ACCUSED CONVICTED		ACQUITTED	DISCHARGED	AWAITING TRIAL	IMPRISONMENT		DEATH	FINED	PROBATION BOUND OVER	CAUTION	COMM. WORK	MALE		FEMALE						
											ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.				ADULT	JUVEN.					ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24								
	HOMICIDES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
1	MURDER BY SHOOTING	188	128	26	34	69	4	2	-	28	20	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	178	7	19	1	-				
2	MURDER BY MOB ACTION	1,016	822	94	100	226	3	3	-	94	112	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	120	-	-	-	-	-	1,005	7	20	-	-				
3	MURDER BY POISONING	106	64	21	21	41	-	-	21	7	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	15	20	10	-				
4	MURDER AGGRAVATED DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	183	77	2	104	131	4	-	100	52	1	25	2	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	16	75	10	-				
5	MURDER BY ARSON	30	20	4	6	15	-	-	6	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	8	12	8	-				
6	STRANGULATION	491	286	41	164	235	2	-	2	160	105	3	33	1	-	-	-	142	-	-	-	-	-	-	295	38	122	36	-				
7	MURDER BY HACKING	310	179	4	127	162	1	3	-	123	76	2	8	2	-	-	-	1	87	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	22	62	9	-			
8	MURDER BY STABBING	268	169	6	93	120	3	-	-	90	70	4	8	-	-	-	-	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	218	6	48	3	-				
9	MURDER BY BLUNT OBJECT	326	205	25	96	134	1	-	-	95	68	2	5	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	265	12	51	3	-				
10	MURDER THROUGH ASSAULT	1,339	723	102	514	740	9	1	4	500	412	17	70	2	-	3	-	498	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1,091	69	156	24	-			
11	RITUAL MURDERS	72	49	8	15	47	-	-	15	15	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	47	9	9	10	-				
	SUB TOTAL (HOMICIDES)	4,329	2,722	333	1,274	1,920	27	9	6	1,232	941	37	167	8	-	3	-	1	1,149	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	3,494	209	594	114	-		
	ECONOMIC CRIMES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
12	EMBEZZLEMENT CAUSING FINANCIAL LOSSS	92	66	20	6	30	1	-	-	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	-	10	-	78,526,543,141	292,020,471			
13	FORGERIES & UTTERING OF DOCUMENTS	76	65	8	3	42	-	-	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	67	-	7	-	79,151,395,319	51,755,000			
14	ABUSE OF OFFICE	101	89	7	5	57	-	-	5	4	-	3	-	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	128	-	36	400,298,099	4,500,000		
15	COUNTERFEITING FORGERIES & UTTERING OF DOCUMENTS	209	108	28	73	106	23	5	20	25	63	-	5	-	2	-	2	-	64	1	-	2	-	-	1	-	164	-	44	1	379,068,200	16,125,000	
16	ISSUING FALSE CHEQUES BANK AND OTHER CORPORATE FRAUDS	894	640	134	120	309	19	1	12	88	97	-	20	-	5	-	3	-	109	2	-	1	-	5	-	-	3,100,000	723	2	158	-	74,222,774,150	14,600,000
17	OBTAINING BY FALSE PRETENCES CYBER (COMPUTER) CRIMES	94	67	15	12	64	2	-	-	10	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	78	-	15	-	2,352,167,453	488,640,000			
18	LAND FRAUDS OTHER ECONOMIC CRIMES	90	51	14	25	47	7	-	3	15	14	-	2	-	1	-	-	15	1	-	-	-	-	-	111	-	49	-	5,268,125,425	249,015,000			
19	72,125,613,915	474	310	97	67	229	21	-	7	39	54	-	23	-	2	-	3	-	-	72	-	-	5	-	-	8,007,000	351	3	140	-	420,030,000		
20	77,411,000	397	230	103	64	223	12	5	4	43	33	-	2	-	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	286	-	101	3	454,498,729	121,500,000			
21	760,000	231	160	38	33	89	13	1	1	18	42	-	3	-	10	-	-	35	5	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	760,000	182	-	43	-	295,166,452,110	155,850,713



S/NO.	CASE / CRIME INCIDENCES	REPORTED CASES			PERFOMANCE			PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT						SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS						VICTIMS OF CRIME			VALUE PROPERTY(UGSHS.)										
		TOTALS CASES	CASES UNDER INQUIRY	NOT DETECTED /N/PW	CASES TAKEN TO COURT	CASES SUBMITTED TO DPP/RSA	CASES WITH CONVICTIONS	CASES WITH ACQUITTALS	CASES DISMISSED	CASES PENDING IN COURT	ACCUSED CHARGED	ACCUSED CONVICTED	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	IMPRISONMENT	MALE	FEMALE	MALE	FEMALE	DEATH	FINED	PROBATION BOUND OVER	CAUTION	COMM. WORK							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.	ADULT	JUVEN.	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
	SUB TOTAL [ECONOMIC CRIMES]	13,107	6,856	2,757	3,494	7,263	1016	64	416	1,998	13	2,446	281	10	248	34	114	1166	77	12	166	16	2,440	14	29	28	20	1,082,773,462	11,900,752,874				
	GENERAL CRIMES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
	(A) SEX RELATED OFFENCES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
23	RAPE	1,667	689	288	690	1,039	22	4	11	653	566	28	-	1	-	-	-	593	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,667	-				
24	AGGRAVATED DEFILEMENT	4,072	1,259	493	2,320	3,008	65	25	57	2,173	1,759	162	12	2	5	1	-	5,1924	5	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3,600,000	66	3,980	-			
25	DEFILEMENT	8,240	2,989	1,849	3,402	5,459	625	21	359	2,397	2,683	101	56	-	114	27	1	19	1	8	2,670	114	-	1	8	29	9	4,000,000	238	8,002	700,002		
26	INDECENT ASSAULT	286	89	76	121	179	28	3	17	73	94	4	5	-	4	-	-	-	1	98	2	-	-	-	1	-	1	300,000	7	7	139	191	
27	INCEST	30	18	5	7	15	3	-	-	4	8	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	14	25	-		
28	UNNATURAL OFFENCES	130	53	33	44	6,584	85	749	6	63	10	454	10	5,318	18	297	2	77	2	124	1	29	1	1	1	19	1	3,600,000	66	3,980	-		
	SUB TOTAL [SEX RELATED]	14,425	5,097	2,744	33	6,584	9,785	749	6	63	10	5,318	18	5,139	29	297	2	77	2	124	1	29	1	1	1	19	1	4,000,000	238	8,002	700,002		
	(B) CHILD RELATED OFFENCES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
29	CHILD NEGLECT	3,663	1,572	1,817	274	524	99	26	30	119	163	1	9	-	13	-	1	-	159	8	-	-	-	1	-	5	-	150,000	2,629	2,530	8,450,002		
30	CHILD DESERTION	1,597	755	772	70	147	20	8	15	27	27	1	21	-	1	-	7	-	1	40	1	-	3	1	-	3	-	1,151	-	894	2,000,000		
31	CHILD STEALING	252	119	79	54	88	12	2	4	36	18	-	29	5	-	-	2	2	-	48	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	136	-	152	10,000,000		
32	CHILD TRAFFICKING	597	253	88	256	397	22	18	30	186	160	7	104	2	4	-	-	-	269	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	389	-	814	1,320,000
33	CHILD ABDUCTION/ KIDNAP	159	95	33	31	50	6	-	2	23	23	4	6	1	-	-	2	-	1	29	-	-	1	-	-	-	81	-	95	-			
34	CHILD DISAPPEARING / MISSING	2,237	1,159	1,054	24	230	4	10	5	5	7	-	5	-	-	-	-	1	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	821	-	1,563	-			
35	CHILD ABUSE / TORTURE	787	345	319	123	195	35	2	4	82	72	2	48	2	7	-	6	-	1	110	7	-	5	-	1	-	300,000	425	411	1			
36	INFANCIIDE	48	30	8	10	16	1	-	2	7	2	-	7	1	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	27	-				
37	ABORTION	68	35	13	20	47	8	66	5	7	10	492	10	492	7	26	1	13	2	19	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	1,151	-	894	2,000,000		
	SUB TOTAL [CHILD RELATED]	9,408	4,363	4,103	20	862	1,694	207	8	66	97	492	10	1,694	47	236	7	13	2	19	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	2,142	-	1,563	-		
		4,103	4,363	4,103	20	862	1,694	207	8	66	97	492	10	1,694	47	236	7	13	2	19	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	6,534	-	25,870,000	-		









S.NO.	CASE / CRIME INCIDENCES	REPORTED CASES				PERSONS TAKEN TO COURT												SENTENCES IMPOSED BY COURTS						VICTIMS OF CRIME				VALUE PROPERTY(UGSHS.)											
		TOTALS CASES		CASES UNDER INQUIRY		NOT DETECTED /N/PW		CASES SUBMITTED TO DPP /RSA			PERFOMANCE			ACCUSED CHARGED			ACCUSED CONVICTED			IMPRISONMENT		MALE		FEMALE		MALE		FEMALE		MALE		FEMALE							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	LOST	RECOVERED												
87	PROMOTING SECTARIASM	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
88	ELECTION OFFENCES	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-										
89	TREASON	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-										
	Sub Total [POLITICAL / MEDIA]	105	78	5	22	49	3	-	8	11	47	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	49	-	-	-	-	-	86	-	10	1	-										
	CORRUPTION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
90	PREVENTION OF CORRUPTION ACT	25	16	4	5	14	-	-	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	3	-	222,580,000	760,000									
	Sub Total (CORRUPTION)	25	16	4	5	14	-	-	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	-	3	-	222,580,000	760,000									
	NARCOTICS/DRUGS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
91	HEROIN	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-									
92	COCAINE	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-									
93	HERBAL CANNABIS	432	192	60	180	324	129	-	20	31	913	4	33	10	211	-	12	8	-	2	727	24	-	-	17	26	164	4,550,000	330	3	12	-							
94	CANNABIS (PLANTS DESTROYED) CASES	29	14	8	7	11	2	-	2	3	42	-	1	4	4	-	-	43	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	28	-	-	-									
95	OTHER NARCOTICS (GENERAL)	1,776	273	196	1,307	1,449	577	10	192	528	4,552	112	65	1	694	10	4	-	3	4,019	331	8	3	-	63	1	26	276	8,050,002	1,573	11	58	-						
	Sub Total(NARCOTICS)	2,240	480	264	1,496	1,784	710	10	214	562	5,509	116	99	15	909	10	16	8	-	5	4,791	357	8	3	-	80	1	52	442	12,600,002	1,933	14	70	-					
	OTHER LAWS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-									
96	IMMIGRATION ACT	170	16	36	118	137	78	-	12	28	205	2	14	-	71	1	7	-	1	141	22	-	-	1	53	3	4,000,000	167	7	30	3								
97	NEMA FISH AND CROCODILES ACT	454	215	55	184	258	131	5	8	40	354	4	50	10	146	3	7	-	262	55	3	-	-	77	5	16	32,210,000	367	1	57	-								
98		831	161	153	517	598	334	-	25	158	1,241	10	13	-	489	4	7	-	4	760	165	3	-	-	246	19	67	76,260,000	791	-	11	-							
99	FIREARMS ACT	83	40	16	27	39	7	-	2	18	53	-	2	-	13	-	-	42	1	-	-	-	-	12	-	73	3	1	-	-									
100	ENGULI ACT	28	11	9	8	11	2	1	1	4	17	-	1	-	4	-	-	14	2	-	-	-	2	-	24	-	-	-	-	-									
101	UWA STATUTE	948	153	20	775	761	479	1	29	266	956	34	51	2	391	26	17	-	1	608	204	5	-	-	178	13	34	63,370,000	887	3	21	180,000,000							
102	LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT	44	9	11	24	33	18	-	-	6	23	-	14	-	10	-	8	-	19	3	-	-	-	13	2	-	4,750,000	40	-	6	-								
103	ALL OTHER ACTS	976	481	99	396	608	2,445	1,197	7	26,328	148	1,510	10,333	97	748	228	3,364	515	7,203	53	1,241	90	37	60	62	34	41	7,304	2,312	466	41	1,256	1,324	2,212	2,212				
	Sub Total (OTHER LAWS)	3,534	1,086	399	2,049	119,939	2,445	1,197	7	26,328	148	1,510	10,333	97	748	228	3,364	515	7,203	53	1,241	90	37	60	62	34	41	7,304	2,312	466	41	1,256	1,324	2,212	2,212				
	GRAND TOTAL	218,715	90,653	46,312	81,750	81,750	1,086	399	2,049	119,939	2,445	1,197	7	26,328	148	1,510	10,333	97	748	228	3,364	515	7,203	53	1,241	90	37	60	62	34	41	7,304	2,312	466	41	1,256	1,324	2,212	2,212
		3,534	1,086	399	2,049	119,939	2,445	1,197	7	26,328	148	1,510	10,333	97	748	228	3,364	515	7,203	53	1,241	90	37	60	62	34	41	7,304	2,312	466	41	1,256	1,324	2,212	2,212				

## 12.0 APPENDIX 2: DISTRICT/REGION CRIME STATISTICS

REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
C.I.D Headquarters	<b>706</b>	3	309	5	5	3	63	7	16	121	5	0	6	6	156
<b>C.I.D</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>156</b>
Jinja Road	<b>2324</b>	22	364	86	37	126	876	126	218	409	0	0	1	43	16
Kira Division	<b>2197</b>	46	176	136	34	154	756	227	104	418	0	1	0	138	7
Kira Road	<b>2109</b>	34	186	115	25	110	836	142	177	415	0	1	0	33	35
Mukono	<b>2926</b>	80	284	215	30	228	1017	142	319	479	0	0	0	84	48
Nagalama	<b>1651</b>	45	87	138	45	91	449	62	253	428	0	0	0	50	3
<b>KMP EAST</b>	<b>11207</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>1097</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>709</b>	<b>3934</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>1071</b>	<b>2149</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>109</b>
CPS Kampala	<b>2199</b>	4	673	8	13	28	918	60	107	313	0	6	0	30	38
Katwe	<b>3584</b>	67	324	201	84	168	1084	341	325	784	0	5	0	118	83
Kabalagala	<b>2272</b>	41	238	89	65	118	776	168	240	449	0	0	0	58	30
Kajjansi	<b>1349</b>	10	141	64	13	88	436	64	106	396	0	0	0	22	9
Entebbe	<b>2277</b>	27	298	147	21	123	635	68	226	682	0	3	0	29	18
Nsangi	<b>1452</b>	23	160	92	14	81	459	103	99	363	0	1	0	48	9
Natete	<b>2051</b>	21	235	89	53	93	759	127	120	521	0	2	0	28	3
<b>KMP SOUTH</b>	<b>15184</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>2069</b>	<b>690</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>5067</b>	<b>931</b>	<b>1223</b>	<b>3508</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>190</b>
Old Kampala	<b>3604</b>	56	499	94	171	101	1443	202	333	619	0	8	0	72	6
Wakiso	<b>2118</b>	44	222	117	52	127	633	173	99	609	0	0	0	26	16
Wandegeya	<b>1711</b>	11	249	54	68	72	585	98	110	389	0	1	0	74	0
Kawempe	<b>3362</b>	22	472	159	124	203	1067	260	225	734	0	5	0	89	0
Nansana	<b>2162</b>	25	187	174	108	122	695	172	182	415	0	1	0	66	15
Kakiri	<b>1256</b>	24	46	61	67	89	267	43	243	408	0	0	0	7	1
Kasangati	<b>2529</b>	41	239	135	116	131	693	149	205	783	0	0	0	37	0
<b>KMP NORTH</b>	<b>16742</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>1914</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>706</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>5383</b>	<b>1097</b>	<b>1397</b>	<b>3957</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>371</b>	<b>38</b>
Luwero	<b>3374</b>	86	226	221	241	199	1083	135	238	932	0	1	0	10	2
Nakaseke	<b>1421</b>	50	77	126	51	69	395	35	182	431	0	0	0	0	5
Nakasongola	<b>1373</b>	31	51	89	141	38	339	32	148	403	0	0	0	5	96



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
<b>SAVANNAH</b>	<b>6168</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>306</b>	<b>1817</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>1766</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>103</b>
Buikwe	<b>1641</b>	27	119	119	41	96	423	46	204	475	0	0	0	9	82
Kayunga	<b>1219</b>	34	70	103	26	95	391	51	102	337	0	1	0	8	1
Njeru	<b>1331</b>	23	50	69	50	116	408	63	118	389	0	1	0	23	21
Buvuma	<b>877</b>	14	41	81	55	45	235	10	93	259	0	0	0	1	43
<b>SEZIBWA</b>	<b>5068</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>1457</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>1460</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>147</b>
Butambala	<b>529</b>	3	20	40	9	50	156	18	37	177	0	0	1	18	0
Gomba	<b>899</b>	34	42	72	5	71	322	27	45	278	0	0	0	2	1
Mpigi	<b>1846</b>	49	144	134	15	125	600	61	91	549	0	0	0	10	68
<b>KATONGA</b>	<b>3274</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>1078</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>1004</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>69</b>
Kiboga	<b>985</b>	37	45	78	31	58	354	32	92	253	0	0	0	5	0
Mubende	<b>1962</b>	56	81	175	38	196	761	62	145	440	0	4	0	0	4
Kassanda	<b>1467</b>	38	61	102	19	131	529	68	160	343	0	0	0	5	11
Mityana	<b>2370</b>	56	89	135	178	99	553	115	220	884	0	0	0	13	28
Kyankwanzi	<b>1015</b>	33	58	107	35	66	340	31	113	208	0	0	0	7	17
<b>WAMALA</b>	<b>7799</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>2537</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>2128</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>60</b>
Rakai	<b>1032</b>	26	52	85	23	77	371	22	85	289	0	0	0	0	2
Lyantonde	<b>926</b>	15	38	62	95	42	247	32	154	226	0	3	0	5	7
Masaka City	<b>734</b>	8	87	47	25	35	231	29	54	188	0	2	2	6	20
Masaka Rural	<b>661</b>	14	52	59	6	52	278	20	25	149	0	0	0	2	4
Masaka kabonero-kimanya	<b>582</b>	7	24	29	28	28	140	13	142	163	0	0	0	5	3
Masaka-Nyendo Division	<b>939</b>	15	41	63	24	39	323	49	132	171	0	1	0	26	55
Kyotera	<b>1492</b>	37	90	118	45	96	498	72	97	418	0	0	0	14	7
Sembabule	<b>1558</b>	42	66	154	36	82	608	38	125	384	0	1	0	3	19
Bukomansimbi	<b>1144</b>	12	32	96	81	84	331	24	128	351	0	1	0	3	1
Kalungu	<b>1086</b>	22	33	93	29	67	374	34	135	285	0	0	1	10	3
Lwengo	<b>1223</b>	32	48	104	28	97	423	38	112	329	0	0	0	12	0



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Kalangala	507	8	16	41	4	39	109	10	65	126	0	0	0	0	89
<b>GREATER MASAKA</b>	<b>11884</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>3933</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>1254</b>	<b>3079</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>210</b>
Kisoro	985	32	64	32	26	76	209	59	122	328	0	0	1	17	19
Kabale	1466	27	39	44	131	58	268	77	343	452	0	1	0	20	6
Rukiga	463	21	11	25	7	18	98	17	68	197	0	0	0	0	1
Rubanda	703	28	15	27	21	24	121	33	128	303	0	0	0	2	1
Kanungu	1397	40	36	70	7	87	408	35	347	331	0	0	0	4	32
Rukungiri	1620	51	36	100	15	111	499	57	209	518	0	0	0	7	17
<b>KIGEZI</b>	<b>6634</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>207</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>1603</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>1217</b>	<b>2129</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>76</b>
Mbarara Central	1888	14	220	103	78	99	656	116	172	357	0	0	0	22	51
Mbarara City North	725	20	15	20	85	29	210	19	53	258	0	0	0	5	11
Mbarara Rural	1024	20	28	52	5	23	454	27	162	251	0	0	0	0	2
Mbarara City South	769	24	33	33	40	54	300	48	41	181	0	0	0	12	3
Ibanda	2222	36	64	69	74	172	689	88	322	701	0	0	0	6	1
Ntungamo	2552	91	72	104	15	197	861	58	417	709	0	1	0	13	14
Kazo	934	27	16	56	35	41	269	22	96	366	0	0	0	3	3
Rwampara	3877	19	246	46	95	169	1499	137	653	933	0	0	0	14	66
Kiruhura	991	42	31	51	1	48	364	24	102	250	0	1	0	0	77
Isingiro	2123	63	71	136	34	188	631	58	258	657	0	0	1	7	19
<b>RWIZI</b>	<b>17105</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>796</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>1020</b>	<b>5933</b>	<b>597</b>	<b>2276</b>	<b>4663</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>247</b>
Bushenyi	1158	27	47	52	13	100	409	34	151	312	0	0	0	0	13
Mitooma	1013	26	15	49	64	62	230	26	186	349	0	0	0	1	5
Rubirizi	873	10	20	50	39	41	250	18	113	265	0	0	0	5	62
Buhweju	829	26	18	36	16	51	214	26	128	308	0	1	0	2	3
Sheema	999	27	25	44	13	93	304	22	143	319	0	0	0	1	8
<b>GREATER BUSHENYI</b>	<b>4872</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>347</b>	<b>1407</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>721</b>	<b>1553</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>91</b>
Masindi	1574	42	56	98	53	118	414	38	179	377	0	1	1	10	187
Kiryandongo	1713	46	79	153	23	103	604	72	183	356	0	0	0	8	86



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Kibaale	<b>949</b>	30	9	77	30	63	186	13	167	353	0	0	0	5	16
Kakumiro	<b>1304</b>	50	63	114	24	134	400	46	133	321	0	0	0	6	13
Kagadi	<b>1535</b>	49	47	132	50	170	528	51	126	353	0	0	0	12	17
Kikuube	<b>1615</b>	46	55	109	115	157	398	50	204	425	0	2	0	2	52
Hoima Rural	<b>849</b>	25	20	48	16	86	232	25	155	224	0	0	0	1	17
Hoima Central	<b>1046</b>	14	74	59	135	68	296	45	233	114	0	2	0	4	2
Hoima East	<b>392</b>	5	9	14	25	25	113	17	73	105	0	0	0	0	6
Hoima West	<b>179</b>	3	11	4	1	16	65	12	20	47	0	0	0	0	0
Buliisa	<b>308</b>	13	9	19	0	22	95	5	35	59	0	0	0	3	48
<b>ALBERTINE</b>	<b>11464</b>	<b>323</b>	<b>432</b>	<b>827</b>	<b>472</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>3331</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>1508</b>	<b>2734</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>444</b>
Kabarole	<b>449</b>	17	14	28	2	21	148	9	72	127	0	0	0	0	11
Kyegegwa	<b>1362</b>	57	56	91	60	117	318	33	193	389	0	0	0	10	38
Bunyagabu	<b>738</b>	13	17	74	11	81	256	21	70	187	0	0	0	6	2
Kitagwenda	<b>908</b>	11	27	58	16	46	257	15	167	292	0	0	1	1	17
Kamwenge	<b>1582</b>	36	66	99	73	153	418	40	140	532	0	0	2	12	11
Bundibugyo	<b>633</b>	15	30	27	1	55	307	12	71	99	0	0	0	0	16
Kyenjojo	<b>1765</b>	51	43	128	46	122	491	32	252	585	0	2	0	0	13
Ntoroko	<b>370</b>	14	8	41	6	30	129	8	24	53	0	0	0	1	56
Fortportal Central	<b>1101</b>	17	64	62	18	122	391	42	119	247	0	0	0	4	15
Fortportal North	<b>517</b>	13	19	38	33	31	120	9	62	181	0	0	0	4	7
Fortportal East	<b>312</b>	8	11	23	10	31	110	6	40	61	0	0	0	3	9
<b>RWENZORI WEST</b>	<b>9737</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>2945</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>1210</b>	<b>2753</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>195</b>
Hima	<b>630</b>	8	9	63	7	80	222	14	50	162	0	1	0	4	10
Katwe Kabatoro	<b>407</b>	1	8	36	4	33	66	3	39	100	0	0	0	2	115
Kasese	<b>964</b>	16	48	82	17	59	335	23	65	241	0	0	0	4	74
Bwera	<b>787</b>	15	55	62	12	81	349	10	39	161	0	0	0	0	3



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
<b>RWENZORI EAST</b>	<b>2788</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>972</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>664</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>202</b>
Arual Rural	1110	12	63	53	4	59	347	71	222	167	0	0	0	83	29
Ayivu East	324	12	12	20	22	13	59	10	80	89	0	0	0	7	0
Arua Vurra	367	19	20	51	6	15	86	11	42	90	0	0	0	3	24
Arua West	306	13	25	39	5	15	71	14	23	92	0	0	0	0	9
Maracha	312	15	4	29	7	14	80	11	55	93	0	0	0	2	2
Zombo	728	11	33	55	69	21	141	9	82	297	0	3	0	3	4
Nebbi	723	23	25	52	19	39	146	12	129	272	0	1	0	2	3
Pakwach	949	15	29	57	44	65	223	23	94	352	0	1	0	1	45
Terego	517	13	4	44	37	33	111	18	73	183	0	0	1	0	0
Madi Okolo	226	8	4	38	1	7	48	8	31	77	0	0	0	1	3
Koboko	536	16	16	60	9	18	209	18	36	145	0	1	0	8	0
<b>WEST NILE</b>	<b>6098</b>	<b>157</b>	<b>235</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>223</b>	<b>299</b>	<b>1521</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>1857</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>119</b>
Yumbe	1821	9	46	104	90	116	485	65	355	504	0	0	0	25	22
Moyo	495	7	10	54	13	39	121	16	86	144	0	1	0	2	2
Obongi	645	14	15	61	18	44	199	18	71	162	0	0	0	34	9
Adjumani	887	39	20	125	37	41	243	24	143	203	0	0	0	1	11
<b>NORTH WEST NILE</b>	<b>3848</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>344</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1048</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>655</b>	<b>1013</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>44</b>
Lamwo	735	34	21	84	37	49	107	22	110	264	0	0	0	6	1
<b>Agago</b>	<b>1173</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>324</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>
Nwoya	827	20	20	89	22	57	143	22	87	245	0	0	0	1	121
Amuru	781	16	23	89	7	38	183	28	112	232	0	0	0	1	52
Omoro	931	22	31	90	40	54	126	35	158	371	0	0	0	2	2
<b>Kitgum</b>	<b>1622</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Pader</b>	<b>1071</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>10</b>
Gulu Rural	347	11	5	49	7	25	71	13	52	110	0	0	0	0	4
Gulu East	628	8	18	40	73	27	79	11	107	265	0	0	0	0	0
Gulu West	425	7	14	32	7	69	107	15	33	135	0	1	0	1	4
Gulu Central	639	10	62	27	10	61	251	22	22	145	0	1	0	0	28



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
<b>ASWA</b>	<b>9179</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>805</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>1843</b>	<b>319</b>	<b>1401</b>	<b>3002</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>233</b>
lira cps	1189	20	70	60	186	100	383	36	69	226	0	1	0	25	13
Lira Rural	1425	11	31	81	66	58	243	45	462	424	0	0	1	1	2
Lira City East	1821	17	72	83	136	46	354	62	496	552	0	2	0	1	0
Lira City West	1592	30	96	116	121	209	493	78	103	306	0	0	0	33	7
Apac	1460	31	34	75	121	84	333	27	412	336	0	0	0	1	6
Oyam	1530	45	19	140	22	150	446	44	219	427	0	0	0	0	18
Kwania	1008	15	6	36	138	46	98	15	169	481	0	0	0	0	4
Amolatar	829	15	28	33	94	20	175	22	131	259	0	0	0	1	51
Kole	918	26	25	54	40	77	249	21	153	263	0	0	0	0	10
Alebtong	2217	20	14	94	119	96	612	35	759	466	0	0	0	0	2
Otuke	928	13	29	68	20	47	185	30	183	341	0	0	0	4	8
Dokolo	1303	20	38	63	91	68	298	48	287	365	0	1	0	1	23
<b>NORTH KYOGA</b>	<b>16220</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>903</b>	<b>1154</b>	<b>1001</b>	<b>3869</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>3443</b>	<b>4446</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>144</b>
Abim	418	15	7	42	13	7	50	4	131	130	0	0	2	1	16
Kotido	580	22	10	35	61	20	90	10	141	171	0	0	1	0	19
Karenga	134	3	5	14	1	3	25	1	30	39	0	0	0	0	13
Kaabong	287	10	11	22	8	7	54	14	70	90	0	0	0	0	1
<b>KIDEPO</b>	<b>1419</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>49</b>
Nakapiripirit	681	23	16	30	74	19	65	5	131	288	0	0	0	0	30
Amudat	687	16	32	39	61	20	119	6	207	181	0	1	0	1	4
Napak	802	11	29	42	43	16	124	20	302	206	0	0	0	0	9
Nabilatuk	386	13	8	17	29	13	66	13	103	111	0	0	1	0	12
Moroto	1136	34	20	48	111	26	122	11	419	326	0	0	0	1	18
<b>MT MOROTO</b>	<b>3692</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>496</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>1162</b>	<b>1112</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>73</b>
Soroti Katine	772	19	8	77	110	23	84	19	240	189	0	0	0	3	0
Soroti Central	429	1	35	19	32	9	122	21	45	136	0	1	0	2	6
Soroti East	601	21	38	37	68	50	116	22	41	195	0	0	0	9	4



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
Soroti West	213	10	9	36	1	19	63	8	13	57	0	0	0	3	0
Kapelebyong	794	11	19	46	6	22	181	18	310	177	0	0	0	4	0
Kabermaido	407	8	17	46	11	44	77	13	82	99	0	1	0	9	0
Katakwi	715	10	59	72	31	20	154	9	146	210	0	0	0	2	2
Ngora	867	6	25	63	33	25	133	9	297	261	0	1	0	9	4
Serere	680	25	21	80	12	41	177	16	79	188	0	2	0	28	11
Amuria	406	12	9	56	10	27	93	9	72	111	0	0	0	6	1
Kalaki	345	8	10	32	2	13	96	7	73	92	0	0	0	12	0
Bukedea	623	20	36	101	17	28	187	11	78	137	0	0	0	2	6
Kumi	1137	21	21	71	117	90	220	17	236	330	0	0	0	9	5
<b>EAST KYOGA</b>	<b>7989</b>	<b>172</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>1703</b>	<b>179</b>	<b>1712</b>	<b>2176</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>39</b>
Kapchorwa	1405	9	94	114	168	74	337	57	143	383	0	0	0	1	25
Kween	2244	21	107	114	221	57	361	59	459	824	0	0	0	6	15
Bukwo	2431	13	218	111	155	87	387	36	621	791	0	0	0	4	8
<b>SIPI</b>	<b>6080</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>339</b>	<b>544</b>	<b>218</b>	<b>1085</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>1223</b>	<b>1998</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>48</b>
Mbale Rural - Busoba	634	13	45	120	17	34	133	17	95	149	0	0	0	4	7
Mbale Nothern Division	1019	4	46	61	83	70	245	54	127	318	0	0	0	9	2
Mbale Industrial Division	390	7	17	31	25	19	114	9	40	123	0	0	0	2	3
Mbale Central	1063	11	110	37	71	45	390	49	92	247	0	0	0	6	5
Namisindwa	924	8	30	139	46	65	160	21	124	323	0	0	0	2	6
Manafwa	516	11	9	50	5	36	139	14	106	145	0	1	0	0	0
Bududa	810	11	44	138	97	43	164	16	79	208	0	0	0	0	10
Sironko	1207	26	39	203	36	69	297	27	160	339	0	0	0	6	5
Bulambuli	774	17	44	95	37	56	174	9	97	240	0	0	0	0	5
<b>ELGON</b>	<b>7337</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>874</b>	<b>417</b>	<b>437</b>	<b>1816</b>	<b>216</b>	<b>920</b>	<b>2092</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>43</b>
Butaleja	574	7	34	96	5	45	149	10	60	136	0	2	0	0	30
Tororo	2259	31	94	171	36	226	600	51	363	672	0	0	0	11	4
Busia	2083	23	104	96	299	63	438	70	268	627	0	0	0	87	8



REGIONS/DISTRICTS	TOTAL CASES	HOMICIDES	ECONOMIC	SEX REL	CHILD REL	BREAKINGS	THEFTS	ROBBERIES	ASSAULTS	OTHER CRIMES	TERRORISM	POL/MEDIA	CORRUPTION	NARCOTICS	OTHER LAWS
<b>BUKEDI SOUTH</b>	<b>4916</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>1187</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>1435</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>42</b>
Budaka	<b>1076</b>	18	57	98	107	42	209	18	180	342	0	0	0	4	1
Butebo	<b>577</b>	7	25	59	42	59	113	4	97	169	0	0	1	0	1
Kibuku	<b>1318</b>	12	37	131	15	70	367	33	338	309	0	0	0	3	3
Pallisa	<b>680</b>	12	23	55	38	84	140	14	131	169	0	0	0	4	10
<b>BUKEDI NORTH</b>	<b>3651</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>829</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>746</b>	<b>989</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>15</b>
Kamuli	<b>1465</b>	26	125	128	32	113	432	58	153	317	0	4	0	40	36
Kaliro	<b>840</b>	17	27	57	91	61	145	13	104	317	0	0	0	2	6
Buyende	<b>2882</b>	17	136	230	133	133	680	31	727	717	0	4	0	5	69
Luuka	<b>689</b>	16	60	47	15	65	144	20	84	225	0	0	0	11	2
<b>BUSOGA NORTH</b>	<b>5876</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>348</b>	<b>462</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>1401</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>1068</b>	<b>1576</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>113</b>
Iganga	<b>1410</b>	31	137	101	25	150	474	62	114	275	0	0	0	41	0
Bugiri	<b>1108</b>	36	68	102	59	91	265	36	144	293	0	1	0	5	8
Mayuge	<b>2399</b>	48	158	172	222	222	624	127	169	507	0	1	0	7	142
Namutumba	<b>795</b>	10	32	86	66	70	165	5	110	243	0	1	0	7	0
Bugweri	<b>745</b>	12	40	34	50	51	194	17	99	237	0	0	0	8	3
Namayingo	<b>815</b>	12	35	51	69	67	201	18	102	206	0	3	0	9	42
<b>BUSOGA EAST</b>	<b>7272</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>1923</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>738</b>	<b>1761</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>195</b>
Jinja	<b>2646</b>	48	252	97	221	194	674	216	147	699	0	3	0	59	36
Buwenge	<b>763</b>	14	52	56	4	62	222	35	69	233	0	2	0	10	4
Kakira	<b>1097</b>	12	72	51	67	74	233	31	292	261	0	0	0	4	0
<b>KIIRA</b>	<b>4506</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>376</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>292</b>	<b>330</b>	<b>1129</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>1193</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>218715</b>	<b>4329</b>	<b>13107</b>	<b>14425</b>	<b>9408</b>	<b>13511</b>	<b>61529</b>	<b>8163</b>	<b>29580</b>	<b>58754</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>105</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>2240</b>	<b>3534</b>



## Important Telephone and Emergency Contacts

OFFICE (EMERGENCY)	MTN	AIRTEL	UTCL
FIRE CONTROL ROOM	0783738496	0741893910	
		0709010820	
NATIONAL EMERGENCY CALL CENTER	0776999141	0707600774	0718946018
	0779999999		
JOINT OPERATIONS CENTER	0776993204	0707876668	
	0761006886	0700519300	
		0741559741	
999 CPS	0776993234	0700519317	0718642443
			0414254561
			0414254562
			0414698010
SIMBA - NAGURU	0776999136	0707600773	
TRAFFIC HEADQUARTERS	0393242500	0700519368	0414671672

OFFICE (TOLL FREE)	NUMBER	OFFICE (TOLL FREE)	NUMBER
FIRE AND RESCUE SERVICES	800121222	OPERATIONS - RWENZORI EAST	800300106
EMERGENCY INFORMATION ROOM - CPS	800122291	OPERATIONS - KMP SOUTH	800300107
PARLIAMENT OF UGANDA - COMMAND CENTRE	800133155	VIPPU	800300108
TRAFFIC HEADQUARTERS	800199099	CHIEF POLITICAL COMMISSARIAT	800300109
CHILD FAMILY PROTECTION UNIT	800199195	FIRE BUSIA	800300110
PSU BUKOTO	800199199	CID - PRO	800300111
	800199299	OPERATIONS - ASTU	800300112
PARLIAMENT OF UGANDA - RADIO ROOM	800199388	MARINES	800300113
NATIONAL EMERGENCY CALL CENTER	800199399	OPERATIONS - SEZIBWA	800300114
OPERATIONS - GREATER MASAKA	800199599	DIGP CALL CENTER	800300115
OPERATIONS - POLICE HEADQUARTERS	800199699	FFU HEADQUARTERS	800300116
JOC CENTRAL CELL	800199990	TOURISM POLICE	800300117
KIDNAP RESPONSE TEAM	800199991	OPERATIONS - WAMALA	800300118
KIDNAP RESPONSE TEAM	800199992	PSU HEADQUARTERS	800300119
JOC HEADQUARTERS	800300100	OPERATIONS - ELEGU BORDER	800300120
OPERATIONS - BUNDIBUGYO	800300101	OPERATIONS - WAMALA REGION	800300700
KMP 999	800300102	CANINE HEADQUARTERS	800300900
OPERATIONS - SIIPI	800300103	OPERATIONS - 999	800300999
OPERATIONS - KIGEZI	800300104	OPERATIONS - POLICE HEADQUARTERS	800199699

## Field Commanders

KMP EAST REGION		KMP NORTH REGION		WANDEGEYA	
RPC	707712028			DPC	741566280
JINJA ROAD				WAKISO	
DPC	740440568			DPC	740437800
KIRA				KMP SOUTH REGION	
DPC	740440599			RPC	701745291
KIRA ROAD				KATWE	
DPC	740440636			DPC	741566129
NAGALAMA				KAJJANSI	
DPC	707770287			DPC	741566128
MUKONO				ENTEBBE	
DPC	740440671			DPC	741566205



KABALAGALA		
DPC	757718830	
NSANGI		
DPC	700816637	
CPS		
DPC	740440693	
<b>ALBERTINE</b>		
RPC	701537226	
BULIISA		
DPC	701537285	
HOIMA EAST DIVISION-KINUBBI		
DPC	741559854	
HOIMA CENTRAL		
DPC	707772681	
HOIMA RURAL		
DPC	740439419	
HOIMA WEST-KABINGO		
DPC	740439513	
KAGADI		
DPC	701537271	
KAKUMIRO		
DPC	701537379	
KIBAALE		
DPC	701537329	
KIKUUBE		
DPC	707712107	
KIRYANDONGO		
DPC	701537284	
MASINDI		
DPC	707772735	
<b>WEST ASWA REGION</b>		
RPC	707600862	
AMURU		
DPC	707600868	
GULU CITY		
DPC	707600863	
GULU EAST DIVISION		
DPC	741999782	
GULU DISTRICT		
DPC	741999790	
GULU WEST DIVISION		
DPC	741999664	
NWOYA		
DPC	707600854	
OMORO		
DPC	701536973	
<b>EAST ASWA REGION</b>		
RPC	743343421	786232265
AGAGO		
DPC	707600860	
<b>KITGUM</b>		
DPC	707600867	
LAMWO		
DPC	707600853	
PADER		
DPC	707600864	
<b>BUSOGA EAST REGION</b>		
RPC	757719124	
IGANGA		
DPC	753172536	
NAMAYINGO		
DPC	707309897	
NAMUTUMBA		
DPC	753172510	
BUGIRI		
DPC	753172498	
MAYUGE		
DPC	753172616	
BUGWERI		
DPC	753172761	
<b>BUKEDI NORTH REGION</b>		
RPC	707600500	776478772
BUDAKA		
DPC	757719496	
KIBUKU		
DPC	752014768	
PALLISA		
DPC	709010824	
BUTEBO		
DPC	752009342	
<b>BUSOGA NORTH REGION</b>		
RPC		783764969
KAMULI		
DPC	741999723	
KALIRO		
DPC	741999754	
BUYENDE		
DPC	741999706	781406336
LUUKA		
DPC	741999731	
DCI	741999732	
<b>BUKEDI SOUTH REGION</b>		
RPC	740438148	
BUSIA		
DPC	752010046	
BUTALEJA		
DPC	709010856	
TORORO		
DPC	701537241	
<b>EAST KYOGA REGION</b>		
RPC	707770221	781404166
AMURIA		
DPC	740438398	781404056
KUMI		
DPC	740438428	
SERERE		
DPC	707770225	781403978
BUKEDEA		
DPC	740438460	784948625
KABERAMAIDO		
DPC	740438506	
NGORA		
DPC	701537279	
KALAKI		
DPC	709010971	
KAPELEBYONG		
DPC	740438518	781404025
SOROTI CBD		
DPC	752009449	
SOROTI DISTRICT KATINE		
DPC	741243428	393240957
SOROTI EAST		
DPC	741999620	
SOROTI WEST		
DPC	741999614	
KATAKWI		
DPC	741243418	
<b>ELGON REGION</b>		
RPC	741887834	
MBALE CPS		
DPC	740438582	
MBALE DISTRICT-BUSOBA		
DPC	740438614	
NORTHERN DIV-NAKALOKE		
DPC	740438677	
<b>INDUSTRIAL DIV</b>		
DPC	740438738	
MANAFWA DISTRICT		
DPC	707268090	
NAMISINDWA DISTRICT		
DPC	707712064	
SIRONKO DISTRICT		
DPC	740438845	
BULAMBULI DISTRICT		
DPC	740438872	
BUDUDA DISTRICT		
DPC	754887398	
<b>GREATER BUSHENYI</b>		
RPC	740438902	781406471
BUSHENYI		
DPC	753172755	
RUBIRIZI		
DPC	700816839	781406470
MITOOMA		
DPC	740438955	781406422
SHEEMA		
DPC	741559751	
BUHWEJU		
DPC	707600950	781406503
<b>GREATER MASAKA REGION</b>		
RPC	700519312	
MASAKA CPS		
DPC	707601013	
NYENDO-MUKUNGWE DISTRICT		
DPC	741445532	
KIMAANYA KABONERA DIVISION		
DPC	741559744	
MASAKA RURAL		
DPC	700816688	
KALUNGU DISTRICT		
DPC	754887313	
KALANGALA DISTRICT		
DPC	754887244	
SSEMBALE DISTRICT		
DPC	707101554	
BUKOMANSIMBI		
DPC	754887497	
RAKAI DISTRICT		
DPC	707712169	
KYOTERA		
DPC	750308121	
LWENGO DISTRICT		
DPC	700519297	
LYANTONDE DISTRICT		
DPC	707101490	
<b>KATONGA REGION</b>		
RPC	702012980	782186453
MPIGI		
DPC	700373112	
BUTAMBALA		
DPC	702693868	
GOMBA		
DPC	705731592	
<b>KIDEPO REGION</b>		
RPC	706524447	781405084
ABIM		
DPC	707601048	781405168



KARENGA		
DPC	707601043	776478677
KOTIDO		
DPC	701537273	781405138
KAABONG		
DPC	700816736	781405141
<b>KIGEZI</b>		
RPC		782552601
KISORO		
DPC	706640038	781406037
RUKUNGIRI		
DPC		781405913
KANUNGU		
DPC		781405957
RUKIGA		
DPC	707712003	781406185
KABALE		
DPC		782231944
RUBANDA		
DPC		781406089
<b>KIIRA</b>		
RPC	707772740	
KIIRA EAST-KAKIRA		
DPC	707876569	
KIIRA CENTRAL-JINJA		
DPC	707876568	
KIIRA NORTH-BUWENGE		
DPC	707876570	
<b>MT.MOROTO REGION</b>		
RPC	757710990	
MOROTO		
DPC	757711181	
NAKAPIRIPIRIT		
DPC	700816784	
AMUDAT		
DPC	750308212	781405656
NAPAK		
DPC	757711547	776478836
NABILATUK		
DPC	701537102	
<b>NORTH KYOGA REGION</b>		
RPC	707712119	
ALEBTONG		
DPC	703001163	
AMOLATAR		
DPC	707712081	
APAC		
DPC	707712177	
DOKOLO		
DPC	707601064	
KOLE		
DPC	707712182	
KWANIA		
DPC	707600484	781404882
LIRA CENTRAL		
DPC	702712175	
LIRA EAST		
DPC	740439351	
LIRA RURAL		
DPC	740439182	
LIRA WEST		
DPC	741871190	
OTUKE		
DPC	707712072	
OYAM		
DPC	707712057	
<b>NORTH WEST NILE REGION</b>		
RPC	757430400	772656255
MOYO		
DPC	752293120	782293120
OBONGI		
DPC	751616740	776771683
ADJUMANI		
DPC	702819764	782818764
YUMBE		
DPC	704227063	776227063
<b>RWENZORI EAST REGION</b>		
RPC	0750300856	
RCLO	740439603	
C/FPU	0753172712	
KASESE		
DPC	0750308132	
HIMA DIV		
DPC	0741999807	
BWERA DIV		
DPC	0757719703	
KATWE KABATORO		
DPC	750308193	
<b>RWENZORI WEST</b>		
RPC	707772919	
KYELEGWA		
DPC	707712052	
BUNYANGABU		
DPC	757720400	
BUNDIBUGYO		
DPC	741566047	776478455
NTOROKO		
DPC		776771431
KITAGWENDA		
DPC	707101542	
KAMWENGE		
DPC	700816642	776478450
KYENJOJO		
DPC	707716072	
KABAROLE		
DPC		776479061
FORTPORTAL CENTRAL		
DPC	740439854	
FORTPORTAL EAST		
DPC	740440255	
FORTPORTAL NORTH		
DPC	740440327	
RWIZI REGION		
RPC	707772839	
MBARARA CENTRAL		
DPC	707876696	
MBARARA RURAL		
DPC	740439696	
MBARARA NORTH		
DPC	740439761	
MBARARA SOUTH		
DPC	740439803	
NTUNGAMO		
DPC	707600901	
IBANDA		
DPC	704440740	
KIRUHURA		
DPC	707772862	
ISINGIRO		
DPC	704440753	
RWAMPARA		
DPC	707772907	
KAZO		
DPC	741445626	
<b>SAVANNAH</b>		
RPC		781405535
LUWERO		
DPC	707600467	
NAKASEKE		
DPC	700816827	
NAKASONGOLA		
DPC	741566133	
<b>SEZIBWA REGION</b>		
RPC	707601061	
BUIKWE		
DPC	741566272	
BUVUMA		
DPC	707600941	
KAYUNGA		
DPC	741559705	
NJERU		
DPC	741559713	
<b>SICI REGION</b>		
RPC SICI	700519274	781405715
KAPCHORWA		
DPC	750145554	781405762
KWEEN		
DPC	706640177	
BUKWO		
DPC	706640179	781405781
<b>WAMALA REGION</b>		
RPC	757719965	
MITYANA		
DPC	706034158	
MUBENDE		
DPC	706034097	
KIBOGA		
DPC	706034050	
KYANKWANZI		
DPC	700519354	
KASSANDA		
DPC	753997744	
<b>WEST NILE</b>		
RPC	707600715	
ARUA		
DPC	754705962	
KOBOKO		
DPC	757710861	
ZOMBO		
DPC	757719484	776478168
MARACHA		
DPC	750143980	776478933
NEBBI		
DPC	741566277	
PAKWACH		
DPC	707707900	781406413
MADI-OKOLO		
DPC		779478876
TEREGO		
DPC		771636279
ARUA CENTRAL		
DPC	740440449	
AYIVU EAST		
DPC	740440379	
AYIVU WEST		
DPC	740440437	



*President Museveni at the closing ceremony of CID-ODPP Coordination meeting at CID Headquarters in Kibuli on 5th September 2024*



*The newly promoted Assistant Inspector Generals of Police (AIGPs) with IGP Byakagaba Abas and DIGP Ocaya James after the ceremony that took place at Police Headquarters Naguru on December 5, 2024.*



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