

```
In [1]: import pandas as tian
tian.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
import numpy as lumpnump
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder, MinMaxScaler, QuantileTrans
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Concatenate
from tensorflow.keras.activations import relu, sigmoid
from tensorflow.keras.losses import CategoricalCrossentropy, MeanSquaredError
from tensorflow.keras.metrics import Precision, Recall
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import l2
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import TensorBoard
import seaborn as sns

import datetime
import gcsfs
from google.cloud import storage as gcs
from google.oauth2 import service_account as gsa

import os
from dotenv import load_dotenv
import certifi

os.environ['SSL_CERT_FILE'] = certifi.where()
top_tracks_stem = os.getenv('TOP_TRACKS_STEM')
```

```
In [2]: load_dotenv()
# System variables
google_client_id = os.getenv('GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID')
google_client_secret = os.getenv('GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET')
google_project_id = os.getenv('GOOGLE_MUSIC_PROJECT')
google_bucket = os.getenv('GOOGLE_PRIMARY_BUCKET')
os.environ['GOOGLE_APPLICATION_CREDENTIALS'] = os.getenv('GOOGLE_SERVICE_CRE

# GCS setup details
bucket_file_base = f"gs://{google_bucket}/"
gcp_storage = gcs.Client()
gcp_primary_bucket = gcp_storage.bucket(google_bucket)
gcp_file_system = gcsfs.GCSFileSystem()
```

importing bigger files and creating subset I want for
neural network

I only did this part once but kept it here so you can see what happened. It's commented out so I can hit "run all cells" without running these.

```
In [ ]: # toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_csv = f"gs://{google_bucket}/silent_ascent_filesto
# toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df = f"gs://{google_bucket}/silent_ascent_filesto
# toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df_csv = '/Users/kevinkirby/Desktop/ml_local_csvs/
# toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df = tian.read_csv(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df_csv)

# #matrix
# try:
#     fs = gcsfs.GCSFileSystem(project=google_project_id, token=os.getenv('GOC
#     with fs.open(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_csv, 'rb') as f:
#         toptracks_bpmeta_matrix = lumpnump.genfromtxt(f, delimiter=',')
#         print('Download complete')
# except Exception as e:
#     print(f"Error: {e}")

# #df
# try:
#     fs = gcsfs.GCSFileSystem(project=google_project_id, token=os.getenv('GOC
#     with fs.open(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df, 'rb') as f:
#         toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df = tian.read_csv(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df)
#         print('Download complete')
# except Exception as e:
#     print(f"Error: {e}")
```

```
In [ ]: # toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df.head()
```

```
In [ ]: # toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df_columns = toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df.columns
# toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df_dict = {name: idx for idx, name in enumerate(tc
# toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df_dict
```

eda + smaller file

eda

```
In [ ]: # toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df.nunique()
```

```
In [ ]: # # creates some charts to help figure out where the data hangs out
# def metric_breakouts(dataframe, metric, percent_intervals):
#     interval = tian.cut(dataframe[metric], bins=percent_intervals)
#     metric_rows = dataframe.groupby(interval, observed=False).size()
#     intervals_df = metric_rows.reset_index()
#     intervals_df.columns = [f'{metric} range', 'row_count']
#     all_rows = intervals_df['row_count'].sum()
#     intervals_df['% of total'] = (intervals_df['row_count'] / all_rows) *
#     intervals_df = intervals_df.sort_values(by='row_count', ascending=False)
#     return intervals_df

# def count_unique_in_intervals(dataframe, interval_field, count_field, inte
#     dataframe = dataframe.sort_values(by=interval_field, ascending=False)
#     num_intervals = 100 // interval
```

```
# intervals = tian.cut(range(len(dataframe)), bins=num_intervals, labels=
# dataframe['interval'] = intervals
# unique_rows = dataframe.groupby('interval')[count_field].nunique().res
# return unique_rows
```

```
In [ ]: # label_points = toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df.groupby('label_id')['points'].su
# total_points = label_points.sum()
# top_20_labels = label_points.nlargest(20)
# top_20_labels_percentage = (top_20_labels / total_points) * 100
# top_labels_df = tian.DataFrame({
#     'points_sum': top_20_labels,
#     'percentage_of_total': top_20_labels_percentage
# })
# print(top_labels_df)
```

```
In [ ]: # label_df = count_unique_in_intervals(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df, 'points',
# print(label_df)
```

```
In [ ]: # bpm_interval = range(0, 310, 10)
# bpm_metrics_df = metric_breakouts(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df, 'bpm', bpm_i
# bpm_metrics_df = bpm_metrics_df.sort_values(by='bpm range', ascending=True)
# print(bpm_metrics_df)
```

histogram and box plots by metric

```
In [ ]: histo_box_plot(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df, metric_ids)
```

time series histogram by metric and year

```
In [ ]: time_series_histo(toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df, metric_ids, 'release_year')
```

smaller df/matrix based on eda

```
In [ ]: # #columns to have in final new df
# selected_columns = ['isrc_numeric', 'release_year', 'label_percent_interva
#                     'duration', 'bpm_group', 'key_id', 'mode', 'valence',

# # clearing out years that I don't need
# filtered_df = toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df.loc[
#     (toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df['release_year'] >= 2019.0) &
#     (toptracks_bpmeta_matrix_df['release_year'] <= 2024.0)
# ].copy()

# # grouping labels in % intervals based on points
# filtered_df.loc[:, 'label_percent_interval'] = tian.qcut(filtered_df['poin

# #bpm range
# bpm_range = [0, 60, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 300]
# filtered_df.loc[:, 'bpm_group'] = tian.cut(filtered_df['bpm'], bpm_range,

# # smashing bpm ranges together to create float
```

```
# filtered_df['bpm_group'] = filtered_df['bpm_group'].apply(lambda x: float(

# pogi_soar_matrix_df = filtered_df[selected_columns]
# pogi_soar_matrix = pogi_soar_matrix_df.to_numpy()
```

```
In [ ]: # pogi_soar_matrix_df.head()
```

```
In [ ]: # print(pogi_soar_matrix_df.isna().sum())
```

```
In [ ]: # gcp export
# pogi_soar_matrix_df_csv = "pogi_soar_matrix_df.csv"
# pogi_soar_matrix_csv = "pogi_soar_matrix.csv"

# pogi_soar_matrix_df.to_csv(pogi_soar_matrix_df_csv, index=False)
# lumpnump.savetxt(pogi_soar_matrix_csv, pogi_soar_matrix, delimiter=',')

# # Upload to Google Cloud Storage
# def upload_to_gcs(source_file_name, destination_blob_name):
#     blob = gcp_primary_bucket.blob(destination_blob_name)
#     blob.upload_from_filename(source_file_name)

# upload_to_gcs(pogi_soar_matrix_df_csv, f"top_tracks_tables/{pogi_soar_matr
# upload_to_gcs(pogi_soar_matrix_csv, f"top_tracks_tables/{pogi_soar_matrix_

# print("upload complete")
```

Import of new and smaller matrix from GCP

This is so I don't have to run all of the above every time. I've saved it to show my work.

```
In [3]: pogi_soar_matrix_csv = f"gs://{google_bucket}/silent_ascent_files/pogi_soar_

try:
    fs = gcsfs.GCSFileSystem(project=google_project_id, token=os.getenv('GOOGLE
    with fs.open(pogi_soar_matrix_csv, 'rb') as f:
        pogi_soar_matrix = lumpnump.genfromtxt(f, delimiter=',')
        print('Download complete')
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error: {e}")
```

Download complete

```
In [4]: #this is a dictionary of indexes from the matrix and a corresponding df not
pogi_soar_dict = {
    0: {'name': 'isrc_numeric',
        'sample_value_df': 7218192100041,
        'sample_value_matrix': 7218192100041,
        'unique_count': 75701},
    1: {'name': 'release_year',
        'sample_value_df': 2021,
        'sample_value_matrix': 2021,
        'unique_count': 5},
    2: {'name': 'label_percent_interval',
```

```

        'sample_value_df': 0.95,
        'sample_value_matrix': 0.95,
        'unique_count': 20},
3: {'name': 'genre_id_x',
    'sample_value_df': 12,
    'sample_value_matrix': 12,
    'unique_count': 32},
4: {'name': 'duration',
    'sample_value_df': 445,
    'sample_value_matrix': 445,
    'unique_count': 693},
5: {'name': 'bpm_group',
    'sample_value_df': 120130.0,
    'sample_value_matrix': 120120.0,
    'unique_count': 8},
6: {'name': 'key_id',
    'sample_value_df': 4,
    'sample_value_matrix': 4,
    'unique_count': 34},
7: {'name': 'mode',
    'sample_value_df': 0,
    'sample_value_matrix': 0,
    'unique_count': 2},
8: {'name': 'valence',
    'sample_value_df': 0.473,
    'sample_value_matrix': 0.473,
    'unique_count': 1678},
9: {'name': 'points',
    'sample_value_df': 35920,
    'sample_value_matrix': 35920,
    'unique_count': 7286}
}

```

neural work

```

In [5]: two_layer_inputs = [1, 2, 6, 7]
        inputs = pogi_soar_matrix[:, two_layer_inputs]

        # genre ID, bpm_group, valence as targets
        two_layer_targets = [3, 5, 8]
        targets = pogi_soar_matrix[:, two_layer_targets]

        # Get unique categories (sanity check)
        year_uniques = set(inputs[:, 0])
        label_percent_uniques = set(inputs[:, 1])
        key_uniques = set(inputs[:, 2])
        mode_uniques = set(inputs[:, 3])

        print(f'input years: {year_uniques}')
        print(f'input label %: {label_percent_uniques}')
        print(f'input keys: {key_uniques}')
        print(f'input modes: {mode_uniques}')

        genre_uniques = set(targets[:, 0])
        bpm_uniques = set(targets[:, 1])

```

```
valence_uniques = list(set(targets[:, 2]))

print(f'target genres: {genre_uniques}')
print(f'target bpm: {bpm_uniques}')
print(f'target valence (example): {valence_uniques[:, 10]}')
```

```
input years: {2019.0, 2020.0, 2021.0, 2022.0, 2023.0}
input label %: {0.95, 0.9, 0.85, 0.8, 0.75, 0.7, 0.65, 0.6, 0.55, 0.5, 0.25, 0.0, 0.35, 0.05, 0.45, 0.2, 0.15, 0.1, 0.3, 0.4}
input keys: {1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.0, 15.0, 16.0, 17.0, 18.0, 19.0, 20.0, 21.0, 22.0, 23.0, 24.0, 25.0, 26.0, 27.0, 28.0, 29.0, 30.0, 31.0, 32.0, 33.0, 34.0}
input modes: {0.0, 1.0}
target genres: {1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 11.0, 12.0, 13.0, 14.0, 15.0, 18.0, 37.0, 38.0, 39.0, 50.0, 81.0, 85.0, 86.0, 89.0, 90.0, 91.0, 92.0, 93.0, 94.0, 95.0, 96.0, 97.0, 98.0, 99.0}
target bpm: {120130.0, 60100.0, 110120.0, 100110.0, 130140.0, 60.0, 140150.0, 150300.0}
target valence (example): [0.375, 0.593, 0.5, 0.125, 0.25, 0.875, 0.75, 0.625, 0.718, 0.968]
```

```
In [7]: def quantile_transform_data(data):
        transformer = QuantileTransformer(output_distribution='normal')
        return transformer.fit_transform(data.reshape(-1, 1)).flatten()

# valence quantile transform
valence_index = two_layer_targets.index(8)
valence_data = targets[:, valence_index]
valence_transformed = quantile_transform_data(valence_data)
targets[:, valence_index] = valence_transformed

# transformers for categorical and numerical data
categorical_transformer = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
numerical_transformer = MinMaxScaler()

input_preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ('categorical', categorical_transformer, [0, 1, 2, 3])
    ]
)

target_preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ('categorical', categorical_transformer, [0, 1]),
        ('numerical', numerical_transformer, [2])
    ]
)

# check original shape
print("Original matrix shape:", pogi_soar_matrix.shape)

# transform inputs and outputs
inputs_transformed = input_preprocessor.fit_transform(inputs)
print("Transformed inputs shape:", inputs_transformed.shape)

targets_transformed = target_preprocessor.fit_transform(targets)
```

```

print("Transformed targets shape:", targets_transformed.shape)

# train/validate/test split
X_train, X_temp, y_train, y_temp = train_test_split(inputs_transformed, targets_transformed, test_size=0.50, random_state=42)
X_cv, X_test, y_cv, y_test = train_test_split(X_temp, y_temp, test_size=0.50, random_state=42)

# post-split check
print("X_train.shape:", X_train.shape)
print("y_train.shape:", y_train.shape)
print("X_cv.shape:", X_cv.shape)
print("y_cv.shape:", y_cv.shape)
print("X_test.shape:", X_test.shape)
print("y_test.shape:", y_test.shape)

# train, validate, and test input sets based on where each feature lies as columns
X_train_year = X_train[:, :4]
X_train_label = X_train[:, 4:24]
X_train_key = X_train[:, 24:58]
X_train_mode = X_train[:, 58:]

print("X_train_year:", X_train_year.shape)
print("X_train_label:", X_train_label.shape)
print("X_train_key:", X_train_key.shape)
print("X_train_mode:", X_train_mode.shape)

X_cv_year = X_cv[:, :4]
X_cv_label = X_cv[:, 4:24]
X_cv_key = X_cv[:, 24:58]
X_cv_mode = X_cv[:, 58:]

print("X_cv_year:", X_cv_year.shape)
print("X_cv_label:", X_cv_label.shape)
print("X_cv_key:", X_cv_key.shape)
print("X_cv_mode:", X_cv_mode.shape)

X_test_year = X_test[:, :4]
X_test_label = X_test[:, 4:24]
X_test_key = X_test[:, 24:58]
X_test_mode = X_test[:, 58:]
print("X_test_year:", X_test_year.shape)
print("X_test_label:", X_test_label.shape)
print("X_test_key:", X_test_key.shape)
print("X_test_mode:", X_test_mode.shape)

# train, validate, and test output sets based on where each feature lies as columns
y_train_genre = y_train[:, :len(genre_uniques)]
y_train_bpm = y_train[:, len(genre_uniques):(len(genre_uniques) + len(bpm_uniques))]
y_train_valence = y_train[:, -1] # Last column for valence

print("y_train_genre:", y_train_genre.shape)
print("y_train_bpm:", y_train_bpm.shape)
print("y_train_valence:", y_train_valence.shape)

y_cv_genre = y_cv[:, :len(genre_uniques)]
y_cv_bpm = y_cv[:, len(genre_uniques):(len(genre_uniques) + len(bpm_uniques))]
y_cv_valence = y_cv[:, -1]

```

```

y_test_genre = y_test[:, :len(genre_uniques)]
y_test_bpm = y_test[:, len(genre_uniques):(len(genre_uniques) + len(bpm_uniques))]
y_test_valence = y_test[:, -1]

print("y_cv_genre:", y_cv_genre.shape)
print("y_cv_bpm:", y_cv_bpm.shape)
print("y_cv_valence:", y_cv_valence.shape)

print("y_test_genre:", y_test_genre.shape)
print("y_test_bpm:", y_test_bpm.shape)
print("y_test_valence:", y_test_valence.shape)

```

```

Original matrix shape: (89932, 10)
Transformed inputs shape: (89932, 61)
Transformed targets shape: (89932, 41)
X_train.shape: (53959, 61)
y_train.shape: (53959, 41)
X_cv.shape: (17986, 61)
y_cv.shape: (17986, 41)
X_test.shape: (17987, 61)
y_test.shape: (17987, 41)
X_train_year: (53959, 4)
X_train_label: (53959, 20)
X_train_key: (53959, 34)
X_train_mode: (53959, 3)
X_cv_year: (17986, 4)
X_cv_label: (17986, 20)
X_cv_key: (17986, 34)
X_cv_mode: (17986, 3)
X_test_year: (17987, 4)
X_test_label: (17987, 20)
X_test_key: (17987, 34)
X_test_mode: (17987, 3)
y_train_genre: (53959, 32)
y_train_bpm: (53959, 8)
y_train_valence: (53959,)
y_cv_genre: (17986, 32)
y_cv_bpm: (17986, 8)
y_cv_valence: (17986,)
y_test_genre: (17987, 32)
y_test_bpm: (17987, 8)
y_test_valence: (17987,)

```

```

In [11]: def pogi_prep(input_shape):
          soigneur = Sequential([
              Input(shape=input_shape),
              Dense(25, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l2(0.01)),
              Dense(17, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l2(0.01)),
          ])
          return soigneur

```

```

In [12]: def pogi_slay():
          label_input = Input(shape=(20,), name='label_percent_interval')
          key_input = Input(shape=(34,), name='key')
          mode_input = Input(shape=(3,), name='mode')

```



```

release_year_input = Input(shape=(4,), name='release_year') # One-hot e

# uae pogi_prep to create subnetwork for each input
label_features = pogi_prep(20)(label_input)
key_features = pogi_prep(34)(key_input)
mode_features = pogi_prep(3)(mode_input)
release_year_features = pogi_prep(4)(release_year_input)

# string together the different features for use in combined model
false_flat = Concatenate()([label_features, key_features, mode_features,

# combined model hidden layers
dolly_hidden = Dense(13, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l2(0.1))(
pogi_hidden = Dense(10, activation='relu', kernel_regularizer=l2(0.1))(c

# final outputs

#32 genres
genre_slay = Dense(32, activation='softmax', name='genre_id')(pogi_hidden

# 8 BPM groups created
bpm_4tofloor = Dense(8, activation='softmax', name='bpm_group')(pogi_hidden

#single output ranging from 0 to 1 on continuous scale
valence_smile = Dense(1, activation='sigmoid', name='valence')(pogi_hidden

# defines final model
pogi_wheels = Model(inputs=[label_input, key_input, mode_input, release_
                      outputs=[genre_slay, bpm_4tofloor, valence_smile])

return pogi_wheels

```

```

In [13]: #executes and compiles final model
ventoux_summit = pogi_slay()

ventoux_summit.compile(
    #adamds optimizer alllows for automatic adjustments of learning rate in
    optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.001),
    loss={
        'genre_id': CategoricalCrossentropy(),
        'bpm_group': CategoricalCrossentropy(),
        'valence': MeanSquaredError()
    },
    metrics={
        'genre_id': ['accuracy', Precision(), Recall()],
        'bpm_group': ['accuracy', Precision(), Recall()],
        'valence': 'mean_squared_error'
    }
)

```

```

2024-08-15 00:46:07.209961: I metal_plugin/src/device/metal_device.cc:1154]
Metal device set to: Apple M3 Max
2024-08-15 00:46:07.210015: I metal_plugin/src/device/metal_device.cc:296] s
ystemMemory: 128.00 GB
2024-08-15 00:46:07.210026: I metal_plugin/src/device/metal_device.cc:313] m
axCacheSize: 48.00 GB
2024-08-15 00:46:07.210063: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/pluggable_devic
e/pluggable_device_factory.cc:305] Could not identify NUMA node of platform
GPU ID 0, defaulting to 0. Your kernel may not have been built with NUMA sup
port.
2024-08-15 00:46:07.210086: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/pluggable_devic
e/pluggable_device_factory.cc:271] Created TensorFlow device (/job:localhos
t/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:0 with 0 MB memory) -> physical PluggableDevic
e (device: 0, name: METAL, pci bus id: <undefined>)

```

model run

```

In [14]: pogi_stem = f'{bucket_file_base}/silent_ascent_files/pogi_logs'
pogi_logger = f'{pogi_stem}/{datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S")}

pogi_monitoring = TensorBoard(log_dir=pogi_logger, histogram_freq=1)

#fitting
pogi_soar = ventoux_summit.fit(
    [X_train_label, X_train_key, X_train_mode, X_train_year],
    {'genre_id': y_train_genre, 'bpm_group': y_train_bpm, 'valence': y_train_valence},
    epochs=10,
    batch_size=100,
    validation_data=(
        [X_cv_label, X_cv_key, X_cv_mode, X_cv_year],
        {'genre_id': y_cv_genre, 'bpm_group': y_cv_bpm, 'valence': y_cv_valence},
    ),
    callbacks=[pogi_monitoring]
)

```

Epoch 1/10

```

2024-08-15 00:46:16.673604: I tensorflow/core/grappler/optimizers/custom_gra
ph_optimizer_registry.cc:117] Plugin optimizer for device_type GPU is enable
d.

```

540/540 ————— **44s** 78ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4058 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0462 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 7.3870 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0105 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 5.0403 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 2/10

540/540 ————— **40s** 74ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4235 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0509 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9933 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0096 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0533 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9708 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 3/10

540/540 ————— **41s** 77ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4192 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0528 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9626 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0093 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0563 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9673 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 4/10

540/540 ————— **40s** 74ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4220 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0510 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9606 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0093 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9675 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 5/10

540/540 ————— **40s** 74ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4211 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0513 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9609 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0094 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9668 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 6/10

540/540 ————— **41s** 76ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4222 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0523 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9648 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0094 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9664 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 7/10

540/540 ————— **41s** 76ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4230 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_

accuracy: 0.0509 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9548 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0096 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9665 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 8/10

540/540 ————— **41s** 76ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4245 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0506 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9584 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0094 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9672 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 9/10

540/540 ————— **43s** 80ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4225 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0532 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9537 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0094 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0530 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9664 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

Epoch 10/10

540/540 ————— **43s** 80ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4203 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0532 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9615 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0094 - val_bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4175 - val_bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_accuracy: 0.0537 - val_genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - val_genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - val_loss: 4.9674 - val_valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0095

plot predict

In [15]: `predictions = ventoux_summit.predict([X_test_label, X_test_key, X_test_mode,`

563/563 ————— **1s** 2ms/step

In [16]: `ventoux_evaluation = ventoux_summit.evaluate(
 [X_test_label, X_test_key, X_test_mode, X_test_year],
 {'genre_id': y_test_genre, 'bpm_group': y_test_bpm, 'valence': y_test_valence})`

563/563 ————— **7s** 13ms/step - bpm_group_accuracy: 0.4164 - bpm_group_precision_1: 0.0000e+00 - bpm_group_recall_1: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_accuracy: 0.0546 - genre_id_precision: 0.0000e+00 - genre_id_recall: 0.0000e+00 - loss: 4.9721 - valence_mean_squared_error: 0.0096

In [17]: `history = pogi_soar.history`

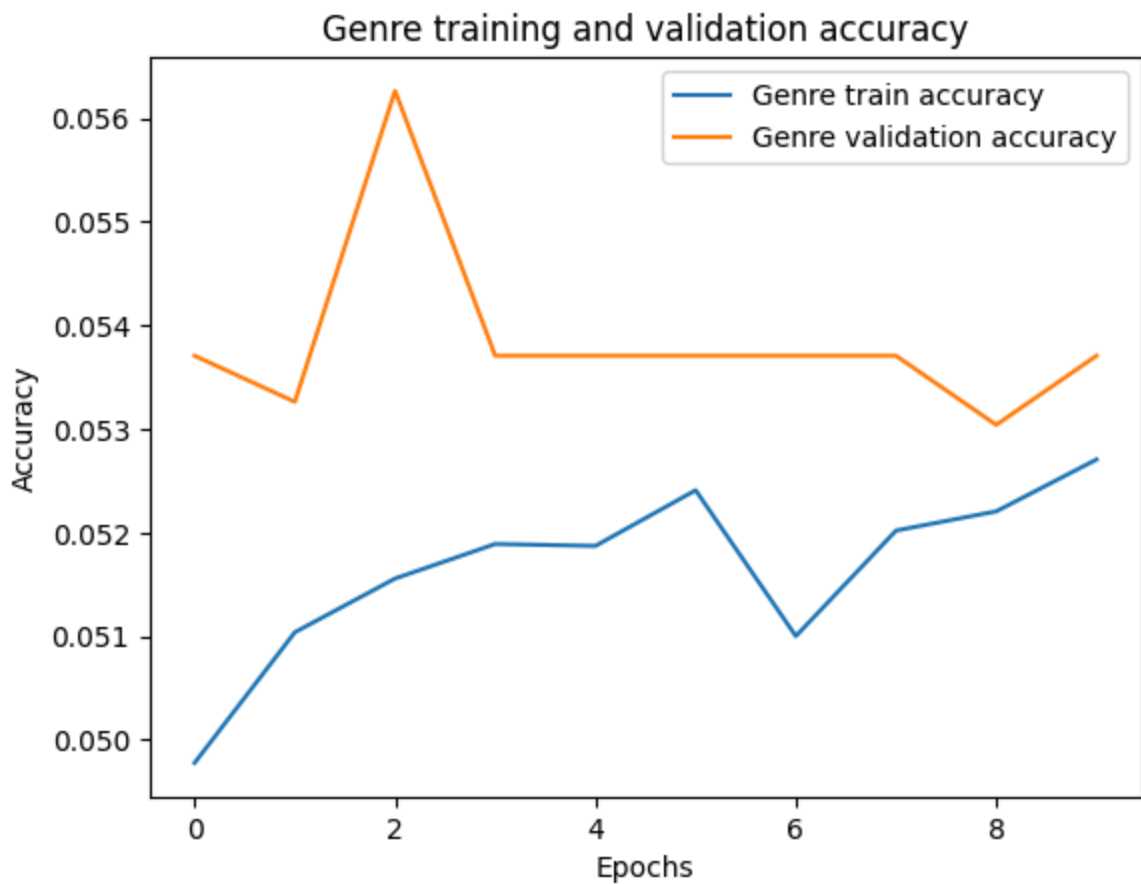
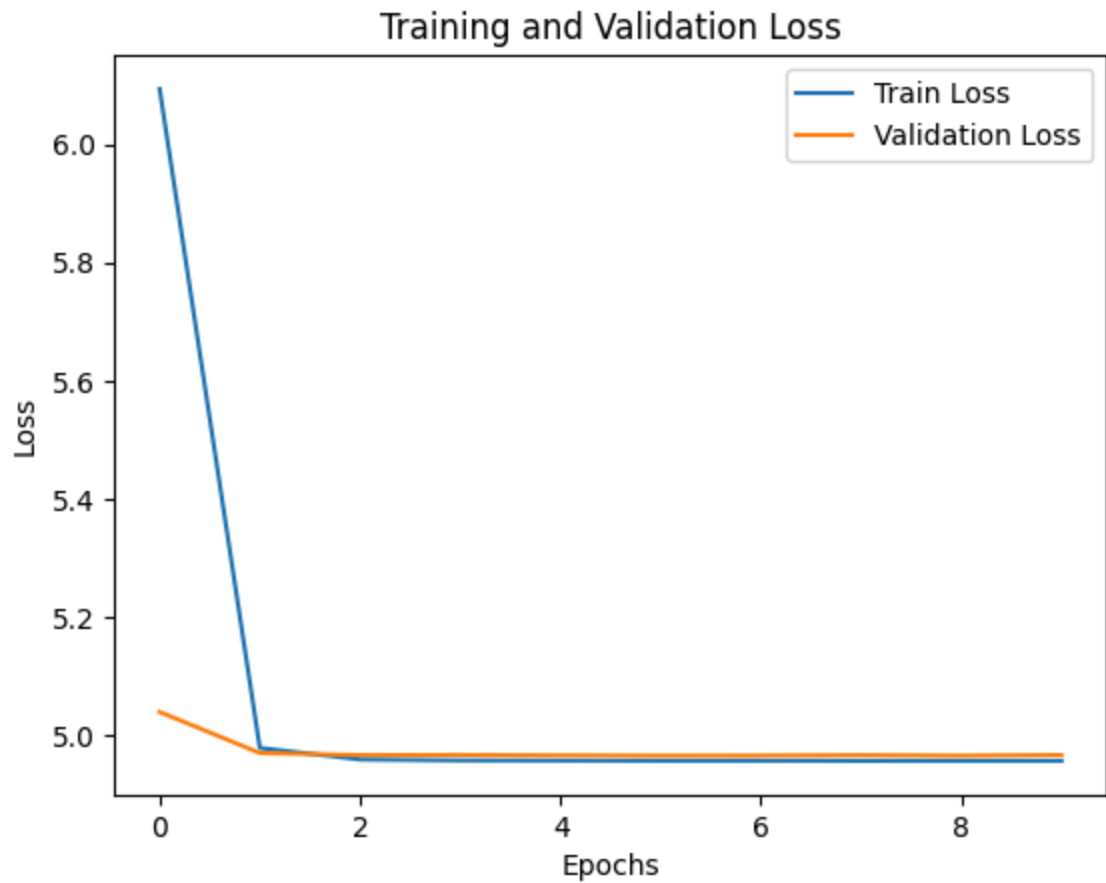
```
# Plot training & validation loss values
plt.plot(history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
```

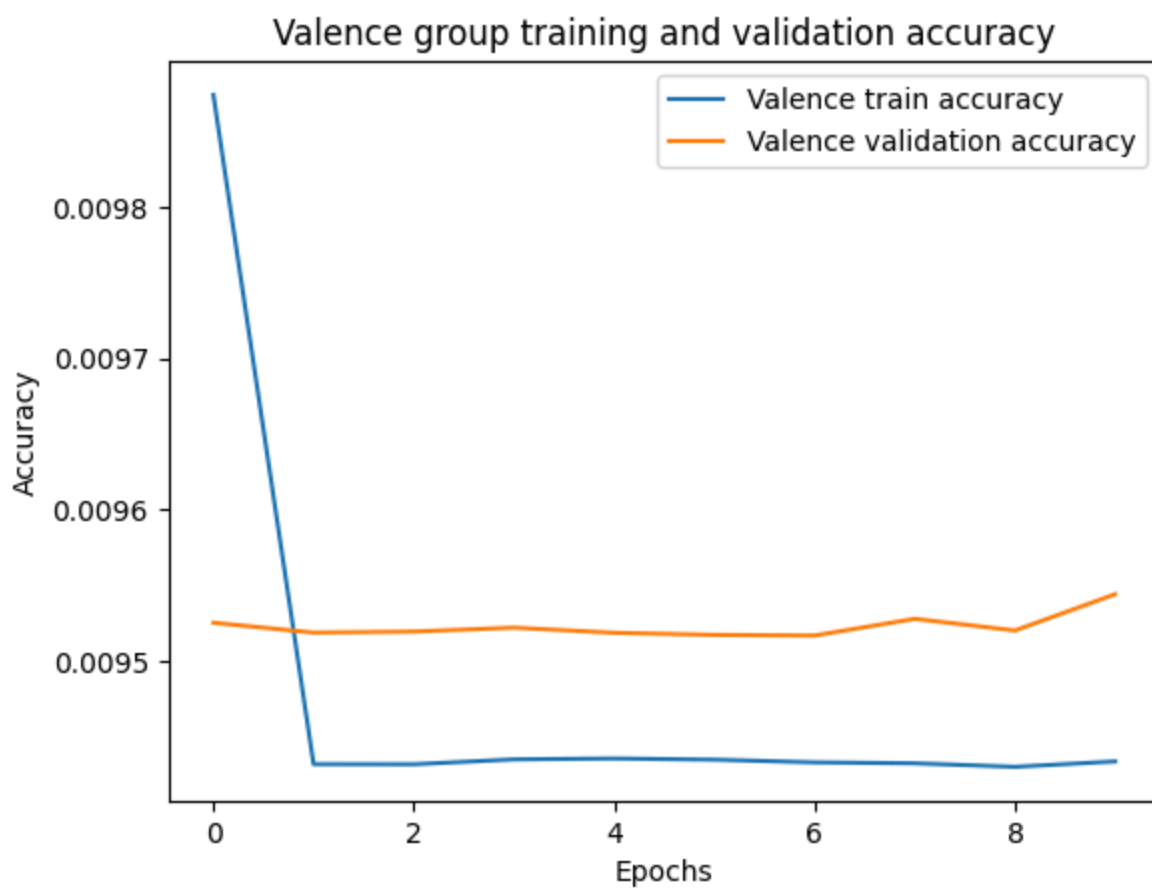
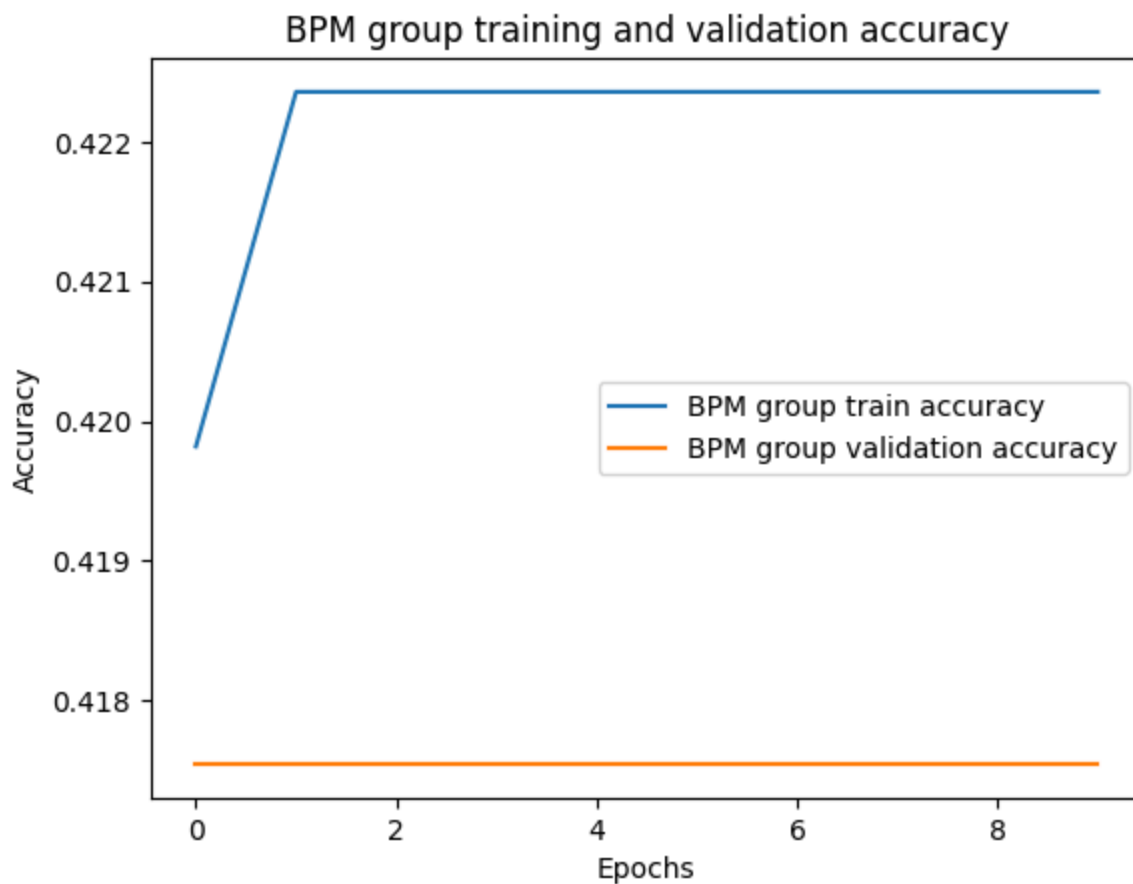
```
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

# You can also plot the metrics for each output (genre_id, bpm_group, valence)
plt.plot(history['genre_id_accuracy'], label='Genre train accuracy')
plt.plot(history['val_genre_id_accuracy'], label='Genre validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Genre training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

plt.plot(history['bpm_group_accuracy'], label='BPM group train accuracy')
plt.plot(history['val_bpm_group_accuracy'], label='BPM group validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('BPM group training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

plt.plot(history['valence_mean_squared_error'], label='Valence train accuracy')
plt.plot(history['val_valence_mean_squared_error'], label='Valence validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title('Valence group training and validation accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



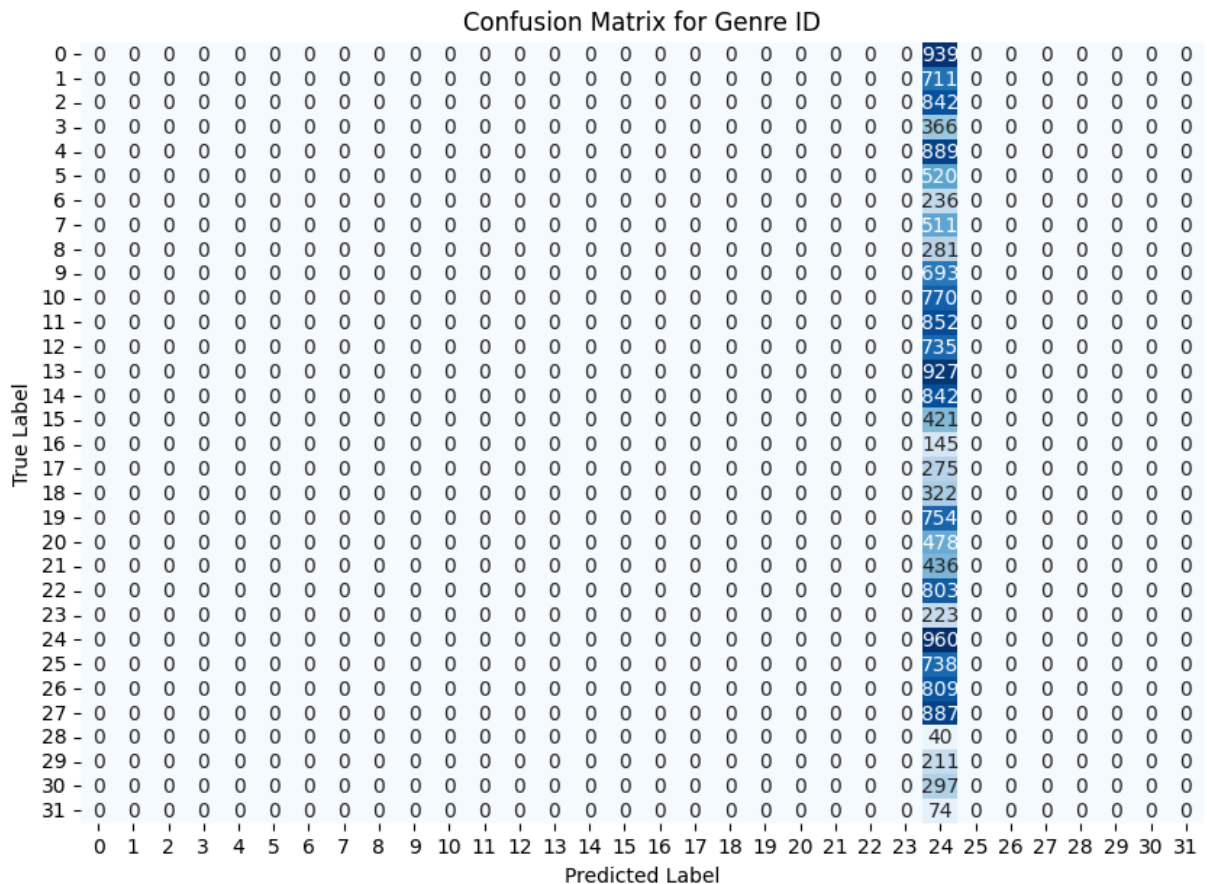


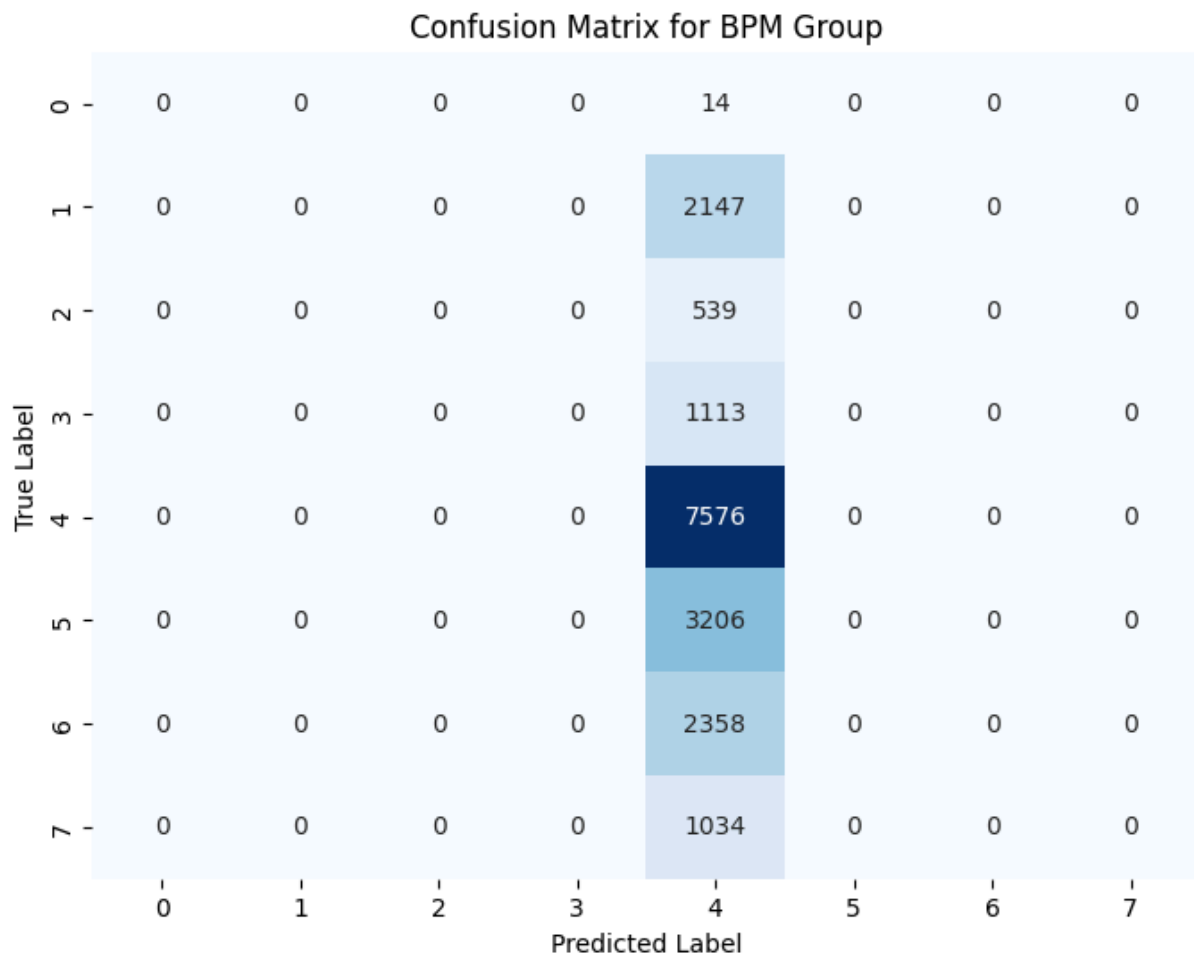
```
In [18]: #predicted and actual genre and bpm group values
y_pred_genre = lumpnump.argmax(predictions[0], axis=1)
y_true_genre = lumpnump.argmax(y_test_genre, axis=1)

y_pred_bpm = lumpnump.argmax(predictions[1], axis=1)
y_true_bpm = lumpnump.argmax(y_test_bpm, axis=1)

# confusion matrices for genre and bpm group
cm_genre = confusion_matrix(y_true_genre, y_pred_genre)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
sns.heatmap(cm_genre, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Genre ID')
plt.ylabel('True Label')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.show()

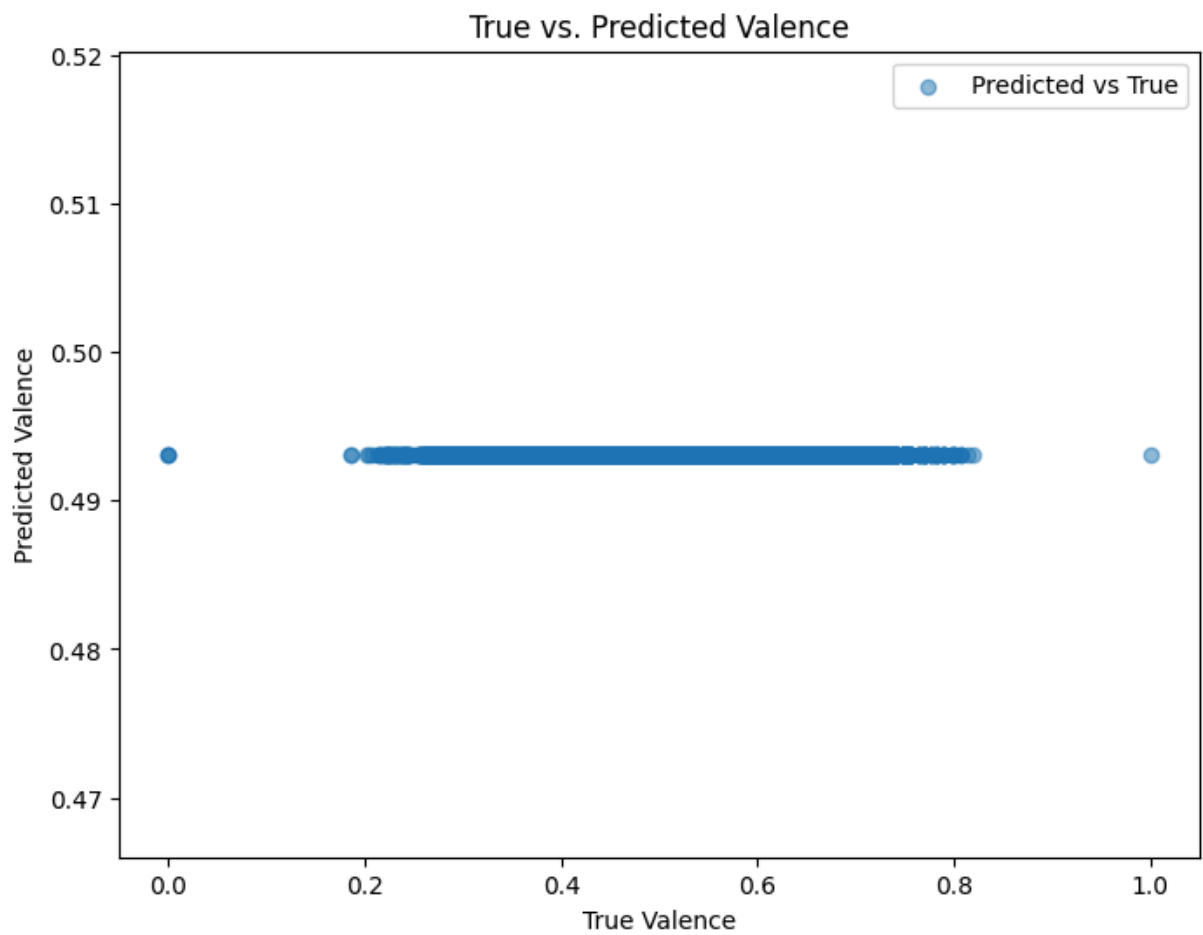
# Plot confusion matrix for bpm_group
cm_bpm = confusion_matrix(y_true_bpm, y_pred_bpm)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cm_bpm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', cbar=False)
plt.title('Confusion Matrix for BPM Group')
plt.ylabel('True Label')
plt.xlabel('Predicted Label')
plt.show()
```





```
In [19]: #prediction and actual values for valence
y_pred_valence = predictions[2].flatten()
y_true_valence = y_test_valence

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.scatter(y_true_valence, y_pred_valence, alpha=0.5, label='Predicted vs True')
plt.xlabel('True Valence')
plt.ylabel('Predicted Valence')
plt.title('True vs. Predicted Valence')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



In []: