Programming Exercise 01 – Basic Java

Authors: Ruchi, Ricky, Daniel

Topics: variables, assignments, expressions, comments

Problem Description

In this assignment, you'll write two basic classes that involve creating variables, writing expressions using arithmetic operators, assignment, and string output to perform some calculations.

Solution Description

You will complete and turn in 2 classes: ShoppingMall.java and TimeCalculator.java.

Part 1: ShoppingMall.java

A simulated shopping experience.

- 1. Create a class called ShoppingMall.
- 2. Write a comment (single-line or block) within the class that includes your name and a fun fact about you.
- 3. Create the main method inside the ShoppingMall class all the following steps should be written within the main method.
- 4. Create a variable named cash and assign to it a value of 100.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for integer literals.
- 5. Create a variable named taxRate and assign to it a value of 1.13.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 6. Create a variable named subtotal and assign to it a value of 58.62.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 7. Create a String variable named name and assign to it your name.
- 8. Store the amount of cash remaining after taxes into a variable of appropriate type named change, calculated using the following formula:
 - change = cash subtotal * taxRate
- 9. Create a variable named changeTrunc of appropriate type for the following calculation. Using the change variable calculated above, *truncate* the decimal portion to **two decimal places** and assign the truncated value to this variable. You must use basic arithmetic operators (i.e., +, -, *, /) and casting to accomplish this. Keep in mind that casting is NOT the same as rounding (e.g., 3.519 truncated to two decimal places is 3.51).
 - **Hint:** Think about how we can "move" a decimal point left or right, and how we can remove the digits following the decimal point.

10. Finally, use the following statement (type it out, do not copy and paste) to print information about your spending:

The output should be as follows, but with your name at the beginning of the line:

```
Daniel has $33.75 dollars remaining! Daniel started with $100 dollars!
```

Part 2: TimeCalculator.java

- 1. Create a class called TimeCalculator.
- 2. Create the main method inside the TimeCalculator class all the following steps should be written within the main method.
- 3. Create a variable named homeworkTime and assign to it a value of 3.99.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 4. Create a variable named lectureTime and assign to it a value of 1.25.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 5. Create a variable named numLectures and assign to it a value of 4.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for integer literals.
- 6. Create a variable named breakTime and assign to it a value of 0.53.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 7. Create a variable named travelAdjustment and assign to it a value of 0.08.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 8. Create a variable named timeTotal and assign to it a value of 0.0.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for floating-point literals.
- 9. Using compound assignment operators (i.e., +=, -=, etc.), perform the following calculations in the specified order to timeTotal. Use exactly one compound assignment operator for each of the following statements.
 - a. Add homeworkTime divided by 2 (your homework took half as long as expected!).
 - b. Add lectureTime multiplied by numLectures (you go to numLectures classes).
 - c. Subtract breakTime multiplied by 3 (you take three study breaks).
 - d. Multiply by 1 + travelAdjustment (you move to and from classes).
- 10. Create a variable named timeTotalTrunc of appropriate type and assign to it the value of timeTotal truncated to two decimal places. You must use basic arithmetic operators (i.e., +, -, *, /) and casting to accomplish this.
- 11. Use the following statement (type it out, do not copy and paste) to print the number of hours you are busy:

- 12. Create a variable named totalHours and assign to it a value of 24.
 - The type of this variable should be the default type used for integer literals.

THIS GRADED ASSESSMENT IS NOT FOR DISTRIBUTION.

ANY DUPLICATION OUTSIDE OF GEORGIA TECH'S LMS IS UNAUTHORIZED

- 13. Using a compound assignment operator, subtract timeTotalTrunc from totalHours.
- 14. Use the following statement (type it out, do not copy and paste) to print the number of hours remaining in the day.

The output should be as follows:

```
You're busy for 5.83 hours.
You have 18 hours remaining in the day.
```

Submission

To submit, upload the files listed below to the corresponding assignment on Gradescope:

- ShoppingMall.java
- TimeCalculator.java

Make sure you see the message stating the assignment was submitted successfully. From this point, Gradescope will run a basic autograder on your submission as discussed in the next section. Any autograder tests are provided as a courtesy to help "sanity check" your work and you may not see all the test cases used to grade your work. You are responsible for thoroughly testing your submission on your own to ensure you have fulfilled the requirements of this assignment. If you have questions about the requirements given, reach out to a TA or Professor via the class forum for clarification.

You can submit as many times as you want before the deadline, so feel free to resubmit as you make substantial progress on the assignment. We will only grade your <u>latest submission</u>. **Be sure to submit every file each time you resubmit**.

Gradescope Autograder

If an autograder is enabled for this assignment, you may be able to see the results of a few basic test cases on your code. Typically, tests will correspond to a rubric item, and the score returned represents the performance of your code on those rubric items only. If you fail a test, you can look at the output to determine what went wrong and resubmit once you have fixed the issue. We reserve the right to hide any or all test cases, so you should make sure to test your code thoroughly against the assignment's requirements.

The Gradescope tests serve two main purposes:

- Prevent upload mistakes (e.g., non-compiling code)
- Provide basic formatting and usage validation

In other words, the test cases on Gradescope are by no means comprehensive. Be sure to thoroughly test your code by considering edge cases and writing your own test files. You also should avoid using Gradescope to compile, run, or Checkstyle your code; you can do that locally on your machine.

Other portions of your assignment can also be graded by a TA once the submission deadline has passed, so the output on Gradescope may not necessarily reflect your grade for the assignment.

Burden of Testing

You are responsible for thoroughly testing your submission against the written requirements to ensure you have fulfilled the requirements of this assignment.

Be **very careful** to note the way in which text output is formatted and spelled. Minor discrepancies could result in failed autograder cases.

If you have questions about the requirements given, reach out to a TA or Professor via the class forum for clarification.

Allowed Imports

To prevent trivialization of the assignment, you may not import any classes for this assignment.

Feature Restrictions

There are a few features and methods in Java that overly simplify the concepts we are trying to teach or break our autograder. For that reason, do not use any of the following in your final submission:

- var (the reserved keyword)
- System.exit
- System.arraycopy

Collaboration

Only discussion of the assignment at a conceptual high level is allowed. You can discuss course concepts and assignments broadly; that is, at a conceptual level to increase your understanding. If you find yourself dropping to a level where specific Java code is being discussed, that is going too far. Those discussions should be reserved for the instructor and TAs. To be clear, you should never exchange code related to an assignment with anyone other than the instructor and TAs.

You **MAY NOT** use code generation tools to complete this assignment. This includes generative AI tools such as ChatGPT.

Important Notes (Don't Skip)

- Non-compiling files will receive a 0 for all associated rubric items.
- Do not submit .class files.
- Test your code in addition to the basic checks on Gradescope.
- Submit every file each time you resubmit.
- Read the "Allowed Imports" and "Restricted Features" to avoid losing points.
- Check on Ed Discussion for a note containing all official clarifications and sample outputs.

It is expected that everyone will follow the Student-Faculty Expectations document and the Student Code of Conduct. The professor expects a **positive**, **respectful**, **and engaged academic environment** inside the classroom, outside the classroom, in all electronic communications, on all file submissions, and on any document submitted throughout the duration of the course. **No inappropriate language is to be used**, **and any assignment deemed by the professor to contain inappropriate offensive language or threats will get a zero.** You are to use professionalism in your work. Violations of this conduct policy will be turned over to the Office of Student Integrity for misconduct.

