Opdrachten – dag 1

introduction to JavaScript - comparisons with the logical Or Operator

Quoting Strings with Single Quotes

Opdrachten – dag 2 en 4

Write reusable JavaScript - Assignment with a Returned value

Accessing Object Properties with Dot Notation

Accessing Object Properties with Bracket Notation

```
// Setup
var testObj = {
  "an entree": "hamburger",
  "my side": "veggies",
 "the drink": "water"
};
// Only change code below this line
var entreeValue = testObj["an entree"];  // Change this line
var drinkValue = testObj["the drink"];  // Change this line
Accessing Object Properties with Variables
// Setup
var testObj = {
  12: "Namath",
  16: "Montana",
  19: "Unitas"
};
// Only change code below this line
var playerNumber = 16;  // Change this line
var player = testObj[playerNumber];  // Change this line
Using Objects for Lookups
// Setup
function phoneticLookup(val) {
  var result = "";
  // Only change code below this line
    var lookup = {
    "alpha": "Adams",
    "bravo": "Boston",
    "charlie": "Chicago",
```

```
"delta":"Denver",
    "echo":"Easy",
    "foxtrot":"Frank",
};
return lookup[val];

// Only change code above this line
return result;
}

phoneticLookup("charlie");
```

Testing Objects for Properties

```
function checkObj(obj, checkProp) {
    // Only change code below this line
    if(obj.hasOwnProperty(checkProp)) {
        return obj[checkProp];
    }
    else {
        return "Not Found";
    }
    // Only change code above this line
}
```

Manipulating Complex Objects

Let op: You will need to place a comma after every object in the array, unless it is the last object in the array

```
],
    "gold": true
},
{
    "artist": "Pearl Jam",
    "title": "Yield",
    "release_year": 1998,
    "formats": [
        "CD",
        "8T",
        "LP",
        "iTunes"
    ]
}
];
```

Opdrachten - dag 3

Build JavaScript objects - Record Collection

Accessing Object Properties with Dot Notation

Accessing Object Properties with Bracket Notation

```
// Setup
var testObj = {
   "an entree": "hamburger",
```

```
"my side": "veggies",
  "the drink": "water"
};
// Only change code below this line
var entreeValue = testObj["an entree"];  // Change this line
var drinkValue = testObj["the drink"];  // Change this line
Accessing Object Properties with Variables
// Setup
var testObj = {
  12: "Namath",
  16: "Montana",
  19: "Unitas"
};
// Only change code below this line
var playerNumber = 16;  // Change this line
var player = testObj[playerNumber]; // Change this line
Using Objects for Lookups
// Setup
function phoneticLookup(val) {
  var result = "";
  // Only change code below this line
    var lookup = {
    "alpha": "Adams",
    "bravo": "Boston",
    "charlie": "Chicago",
    "delta": "Denver",
    "echo": "Easy",
    "foxtrot": "Frank",
```

```
};
return lookup[val];

// Only change code above this line
return result;
}

phoneticLookup("charlie");
```

Testing Objects for Properties

```
function checkObj(obj, checkProp) {
    // Only change code below this line
    if(obj.hasOwnProperty(checkProp)) {
        return obj[checkProp];
    }
    else {
        return "Not Found";
    }
    // Only change code above this line
}
```

Manipulating Complex Objects

Let op: You will need to place a comma after every object in the array, unless it is the last object in the array

```
{
   "artist": "Pearl Jam",
   "title": "Yield",
   "release_year": 1998,
   "formats": [
        "CD",
        "8T",
        "LP",
        "iTunes"
   ]
}
```

iterate - profile lookup

Iterate with JavaScript While Loops

The first type of loop we will learn is called a while loop because it runs "while" a specified condition is true and stops once that condition is no longer true.

```
// Setup
var myArray = [];

// Only change code below this line
var i = 5;
while(i >= 0) {
   myArray.push(i);
   i--;
}
```