

# COMP9418 Quiz 2

Advanced Topics in Statistical Machine Learning, 17s2, UNSW Sydney

Last Update: Tuesday 12<sup>th</sup> September, 2017 at 16:25

**Submission deadline:** Monday September 18th, 2017 at 23:59:59

**Late Submission Policy:** One mark will be deducted from the total for each day late, up to a total of four days. If five or more days late, a zero mark will be given.

**Form of Submission:** You should submit your solution in one single file in pdf format with the name `solution.pdf`. No other formats will be accepted (scanned versions of legible handwritten answers are accepted). There is a maximum file size cap of 2MB so make sure your submission does not exceed this size.

Submit your files using `give`. On a CSE Linux machine, type the following on the command-line:

```
$ give cs9418 quiz2 solution.pdf
```

Alternative, you can submit your solution via the course website

<https://webcms3.cse.unsw.edu.au/COMP9418/17s2/resources/12517>

*Recall the guidance regarding plagiarism in the course introduction: this applies to this homework and if evidence of plagiarism is detected it may result in penalties ranging from loss of marks to suspension.*

1. Consider the hyperbolic secant distribution with parameters  $\mu$  and  $\sigma$ :

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2\sigma} \operatorname{sech}\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \frac{z - \mu}{\sigma}\right), \quad (1)$$

where

$$\operatorname{sech}(z) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{1}{\cosh(z)} = \frac{2}{\exp(z) + \exp(-z)}. \quad (2)$$

This distribution has mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . In this exercise, we will consider an instance of the distribution in Equation (1) as the source distribution for an ICA model:

$$p_k(z) = \frac{2}{\pi (\exp(z) + \exp(-z))}. \quad (3)$$

In particular, we will assume iid observations,  $\mathcal{D} = \{\mathbf{x}^{(n)}\}_{n=1}^N$  and the ICA model:

$$p_z(\mathbf{z}^{(n)}) = \prod_{k=1}^K p_k(z_k^{(n)}), \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{x}^{(n)} = \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{z}^{(n)}, \quad (5)$$

where each  $p_k$  is given by Equation (3) and  $\mathbf{V}$  is an orthogonal matrix.

- (a) [0.5 marks] Generate a plot of  $p_k(z)$  along with that of a Gaussian with the same mean and variance.
- (b) [0.5 marks] Is  $p_k(z)$  a suitable source distribution for ICA? Explain your reasoning.
- (c) [1 mark] write down the log likelihood  $\mathcal{L} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \log p(\mathcal{D}|\mathbf{V})$ .
- (d) [3 marks] Show that the gradients of the log likelihood above wrt the model parameters can be written as:

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial V_{ij}} = NV_{ij} - \sum_{n=1}^N \tanh(\mathbf{v}_i^T \mathbf{x}^{(n)}) x_j^{(n)}, \quad (6)$$

where  $V_{ij}$  is the  $(i, j)$ th entry of the matrix  $\mathbf{V}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_i$  is the  $i$ th row of matrix  $\mathbf{V}$  and

$$\tanh(z) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \frac{\exp(z) - \exp(-z)}{\exp(z) + \exp(-z)}. \quad (7)$$