## L10

[student@servera]\$ #sudo dnf install httpd -y

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo systemctl enable httpd

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo systemctl start httpd

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo vim /etc/httpd/conf.d/www.doesitwork.local.conf

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo mkdir -p/var/www/www.doesitwork.local

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo vim /var/www/www.doesitwork.local/index.html

[student@servera ~]\$ #httpd-t

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo systemctl restart httpd

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd-permanent-add-service=http

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd --reload

[student@servera ~]\$ #ps aux grep httpd

[student@servera ~]\$ #pstreep | grep httpd

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo renice 8 \$(pgrep httpd)

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo vim /etc/security/limits.conf add at the end student soft priority 10

[student@servera 1\$ #ps-u root--soft-comm

[student@servera]\$ #psu root-sort commo comm,args

[student@servera 1\$ #ps-u root-sort=commo comm,args sed 's/%//g

[student@servera]\$ #psu root o args

[student@servera]\$ #pseo pid,ppid,cmd, smem,&cpu-sort=-%cpu head maybe -n 1

[student@servera]\$ #pseo pid,ppid,cmd,%mem,%cpu-sort-%mem | head n 2 | tail -n 1

[student@servera 1\$ #pseo pid,ppid,cmd,etime-sort-etime tail -n 1

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=ssh

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd -permanent-add-service=http

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd --reload

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo vim /etc/firewalld/firewalld.conf and change LogDenied=all

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo firewall-cmd --runtime-to-permanent

[student@servera ~]\$ #sudo journalctl -xe and check website http://serverip:8080

[student@serverb ~]\$ # sestatus getenforce

[student@serverb ~]\$ # sudo setenforce 1

[student@serverb~]\$ # add at the end student soft nofile 10000 next row student hard nofile 10000

[student@serverb ~]\$ # add at the end student soft priority 3 next row student hard priority 3

## ### Rgext:

- 1. Select Rows Containing `fish` grep 'fish' /usr/share/dict/words
- 2. Select Rows Containing `cat` with 2 Rows Before and 1 After:grep -B 2 -A 1 'cat' /usr/share/dict/words
- 3. Number of Occurrences of `cat`:grep -o 'cat' /usr/share/dict/words | wc -l
- 4. Select Rows with `cat` and Show Row Number:grep -n 'cat' /usr/share/dict/words
- 5. Select Rows with `t`, a Vowel After, and Ending with `sh` grep -E 't[aeiou].\*sh\$' /usr/share/dict/words

- 6. Select Specific Words Exactly grep -E '^abominable\$|^abominate\$|^anomie\$|^atomize\$' /usr/share/dict/words
- 7. Count Words with 't', Vowel After, Ending with 'sh' grep -E 't[aeiou].\*sh\$' /usr/share/dict/words | wc -l
- 8. Select Words Exactly 14 Characters Long grep -E '^.{14}\$' /usr/share/dict/words
- 9. Select Rows Starting with 'bl', Vowel After, Anything After Vowel\*\* grep -E '^bl[aeiou].\*' /usr/share/dict/words
- 10. Select Rows Containing a 2-Digit Number grep -E '[0-9]{2}' /usr/share/dict/words
- 11.Begin with Letter Followed by `e`, or Begin with Number\*\*:grep -E '^[A-Za-z]e|^[0-9]' /usr/share/dict/words
- 12. Find Specific Words in a Single Command grep -E 'Bank|Banking|Flunking|Walking' /usr/share/dict/words
- 13. Find Files Ending with 'password find / -type f -name '\*password'
- 14. Find Files Beginning with 'password find / -type f -name 'password\*'
- 15. Find Files Named 'password find / -type f -name 'password'
- 16.Find Files Containing `password grep -r 'password' /

mi2

### 10. Ensure Apache works with SELinux in enforcing mode (on SERVERB) You can check if SELinux is in enforcing mode: sestatus To enable SELinux enforcement sudo setenforce 1 To make it persist after reboot: sudo sed -i 's/SELINUX=permissive/SELINUX=enforcing/g' /etc/selinux/config

- ### 11. Configure Apache to work on port 99 with SELinux enforcing (on SERVERB)
- 1. Edit the Apache config file to listen on port 99: sudo nano /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf Add or modify Listen 99
- 2. Allow the port in SELinux sudo semanage port -a -t http port t -p tcp 99 3. Restart Apache: sudo systemctl restart httpd
- ### 12. Create a new virtual host served from `/web-aplikacija` with SELinux in enforcing mode (on SERVERB)
- 1. Create the directory sudo mkdir -p /web-aplikacija sudo chown apache:apache /web-aplikacija
- 2. Configure SELinux permissions sudo semanage fcontext -a -t httpd\_sys\_content\_t "/web-aplikacija(/.\*)?" sudo restorecon -Rv /web-aplikacija
- 3. Create a virtual host configuration in Apache sudo nano /etc/httpd/conf.d/web-aplikacija.conf DocumentRoot "/web-aplikacija" ServerName your.server.name
- 4. Restart Apache sudo systemctl restart httpd

mi2

:1. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, using the `grep` command (or any other command), display the number of lines in the `/usr/share/dict/words` file that begin with the letters "bird".\*\*

grep -c '^bird' /usr/share/dict/words

2. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, using the `grep` command (or any other command), display all lines that contain the text "food", including the line number.\*\*

grep -n 'food' /usr/share/dict/words

3. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, using the `grep` command (or any other command), display all words that are exactly 12 characters long.\*\*

grep -E '^[a-zA-Z]{12}\$' /usr/share/dict/words

4. \*\*[I9-Ž, 2 points] On SERVERA, using the `find` command (or any other command), display all files in the filesystem that end with ".config".\*\*

find / -name '\*.config'

- 5. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, display the status of the SSH daemon (SSHD).\*\* systemctl status sshd
- 6. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, display and explain the status of the `mysql-server` process.\*\* systemctl status mysql Explain the output based on whether the process is running, stopped, or in any other state.
- 7. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERA, set the priority of the `mysql-server` process to the lowest possible value.\*\* renice 19 -p \$(pgrep mysql)
- 8. \*\*[I9-Ž, 1 point] On SERVERA, set the maximum number of open files for the user "ishod3\_remote" to 12,000.\*\*
  - Edit `/etc/security/limits.conf` and add the following line: ishod3\_remote soft nofile 12000
- 9. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERB, configure everything necessary to ensure the Apache web server works with the firewall enabled.\*\*

firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=http firewall-cmd --reload

- 10. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERB, configure everything necessary to ensure the Apache web server works with SELinux in "Enforcing" mode. Set SELinux to start in "Permissive" mode on system startup.\*\*
  - Enable SELinux in enforcing mode temporarily: setenforce 1
  - To set SELinux to permissive mode on startup, edit `/etc/selinux/config` and set: SELINUX=permissive
- 11. \*\*[I9-M, 2 points] On SERVERB, configure everything necessary to ensure the Apache web server works on port 99 with SELinux in "Enforcing" mode.\*\*
  - Allow Apache to listen on port 99:semanage port -a -t http\_port\_t -p tcp 99
- 12. \*\*[I9-Ž, 1 point] On SERVERB, create a new Virtual Host within Apache web server to serve from the `/web-aplikacija` directory. Prove that the Virtual Host works with SELinux in "Enforcing" mode.\*\*
  - Configure a Virtual Host in Apache with a DocumentRoot set to `/web-aplikacija` and verify with curl http://localhost

## MI2

### 14. Set SELinux to Enforcing mode on SERVERB and prove it.

- 1. Check the current SELinux mode sudo sestatus
- 2. If it's not already in \*\*Enforcing\*\* mode, set SELinux to Enforcing sudo setenforce 1
- 3. To ensure SELinux starts in \*\*Enforcing\*\* mode after a reboot, edit the `/etc/selinux/config` file sudo nano /etc/selinux/config Find the line `SELINUX=` and change it to SELINUX=enforcing
- 4. Verify it by running `sestatus` again to confirm SELinux is now in \*\*Enforcing\*\* mode.

### 15. Serve a website using Apache from the '/webapp' directory on port 85.

- 2. Create the `/webapp` directory and add your website content: sudo mkdir -p /webapp echo "Welcome to the website!" | sudo tee /webapp/index.html
- 3. Configure Apache to serve from '/webapp' on port 85:
  - Edit the Apache configuration file, usually located at `/etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf`.
  - Add or modify a VirtualHost block for port 85:
  - ```bash
  - <VirtualHost \*:85>

DocumentRoot "/webapp"

<Directory "/webapp">

Require all granted

</Directory>

</VirtualHost>

### 16. Ensure the web server works with the firewall enabled.

- 1. Allow traffic on port 85 through the firewall: sudo firewall-cmd --add-port=85/tcp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload
- 2. Verify the firewall rule sudo firewall-cmd --list-all

### 17. Set the priority of the web server process to 12.

- 1. Find the Apache (httpd) process ID pgrep httpd
- 2. Set the process priority using `renice` sudo renice 12 -p <PID>

### 18. Set the maximum number of open files for the user "student" to 10,000.

1. Edit '/etc/security/limits.conf' student soft nofile 10000 student hard nofile 10000

### 19. Set the default priority for all processes run by the "student" user to 3.

1. Add the default priority setting to `/etc/security/limits.conf student soft priority 3 student hard priority 3

```
16
```

```
sudo dnf -y install httpd, sudo systemctl enable --now httpd, sudo systemctl status httpd
sudo dnf -y install nginx, sudo systemctl enable --now nginx
sudo vim /etc/httpd/conf.d/www.apache.local.conf
<VirtualHost *.80>
        ServerName www.apache.local
        DocumentRoot /var/www/www.apache.local
</VirtualHost>
sudo mkdir -p /var/www/www.apache.local
sudo vim /var/www/www.apache.local/index.html insert www.apache.local
sudo mkdir -p /var/log/httpd/
sudo httpd -t syntax check
sudo vim /etc/host/ 172.25.250.11 primer-ispita 172.25.250.10 www.apache.local
sudo systemctl restart httpd
curl www.apache.local
sudo vim /etc/nginx/conf.d/www.nginx.local.conf
server {
      server name www.nginx.local;
      root
                        /var/www/www,nginx.local;
sudo mkdir -p /var/www/www.nginx.local
sudo vim /var/www/www.ngix.local/index.html insert www.nginx.local
sudo -R o+r /var/www/
sudo nginx -t
```

sudo vim /etc/host insert 172.25.250.11 www.nginx.local web.nginx.local

sudo systemctl restart nginx