# Problem staement: The model which is best for the insurance

```
In [78]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   from scipy import stats
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

# **READ THE DATASET**

In [79]: df=pd.read\_csv(r"C:\Users\pucha\Downloads\insurance.csv")
df

Out[79]:

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	female	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	male	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	male	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	male	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	male	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520
1333	50	male	30.970	3	no	northwest	10600.54830
1334	18	female	31.920	0	no	northeast	2205.98080
1335	18	female	36.850	0	no	southeast	1629.83350
1336	21	female	25.800	0	no	southwest	2007.94500
1337	61	female	29.070	0	yes	northwest	29141.36030

1338 rows × 7 columns

# **DATA CLEANINIG AND PREPROCESSING**

```
In [98]: df.head()
```

### Out[98]:

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	0	27.900	0	yes	1	16884.92400
1	18	1	33.770	1	no	3	1725.55230
2	28	1	33.000	3	no	3	4449.46200
3	33	1	22.705	0	no	2	21984.47061
4	32	1	28.880	0	no	2	3866.85520

```
In [80]: ins={"sex":{"male":1,"female":0}}
    df=df.replace(ins)
    print(df)
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	0	27.900	0	yes	southwest	16884.92400
1	18	1	33.770	1	no	southeast	1725.55230
2	28	1	33.000	3	no	southeast	4449.46200
3	33	1	22.705	0	no	northwest	21984.47061
4	32	1	28.880	0	no	northwest	3866.85520
1333	50	1	30.970	3	no	northwest	10600.54830
1334	18	0	31.920	0	no	northeast	2205.98080
1335	18	0	36.850	0	no	southeast	1629.83350
1336	21	0	25.800	0	no	southwest	2007.94500
1337	61	0	29.070	0	yes	northwest	29141.36030

[1338 rows x 7 columns]

```
In [99]: df.tail()
```

### Out[99]:

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
1333	50	1	30.97	3	no	2	10600.5483
1334	18	0	31.92	0	no	4	2205.9808
1335	18	0	36.85	0	no	3	1629.8335
1336	21	0	25.80	0	no	1	2007.9450
1337	61	0	29.07	0	yes	2	29141.3603

```
In [81]: r={"region":{"southwest":1,"northwest":2,"southeast":3,"northeast":4}}
df=df.replace(r)
print(df)
```

	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges
0	19	0	27.900	0	yes	1	16884.92400
1	18	1	33.770	1	no	3	1725.55230
2	28	1	33.000	3	no	3	4449.46200
3	33	1	22.705	0	no	2	21984.47061
4	32	1	28.880	0	no	2	3866.85520
1333	50	1	30.970	3	no	2	10600.54830
1334	18	0	31.920	0	no	4	2205.98080
1335	18	0	36.850	0	no	3	1629.83350
1336	21	0	25.800	0	no	1	2007.94500
1337	61	0	29.070	0	yes	2	29141.36030

[1338 rows x 7 columns]

```
In [122]: df.describe()
```

### Out[122]:

	age	sex	bmi	children	region	charges
count	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000	1338.000000
mean	39.207025	0.505232	30.663397	1.094918	2.513453	13270.422265
std	14.049960	0.500160	6.098187	1.205493	1.104915	12110.011237
min	18.000000	0.000000	15.960000	0.000000	1.000000	1121.873900
25%	27.000000	0.000000	26.296250	0.000000	2.000000	4740.287150
50%	39.000000	1.000000	30.400000	1.000000	3.000000	9382.033000
75%	51.000000	1.000000	34.693750	2.000000	3.000000	16639.912515
max	64.000000	1.000000	53.130000	5.000000	4.000000	63770.428010

# FEATURE SCALLING:-Split the dataset into independent and dependent variables

# Split your dataset in two catagories 1. Train data 2. Test data

```
In [101]: x=["sex","bmi","children","region","charges"]
y=["yes","no"]

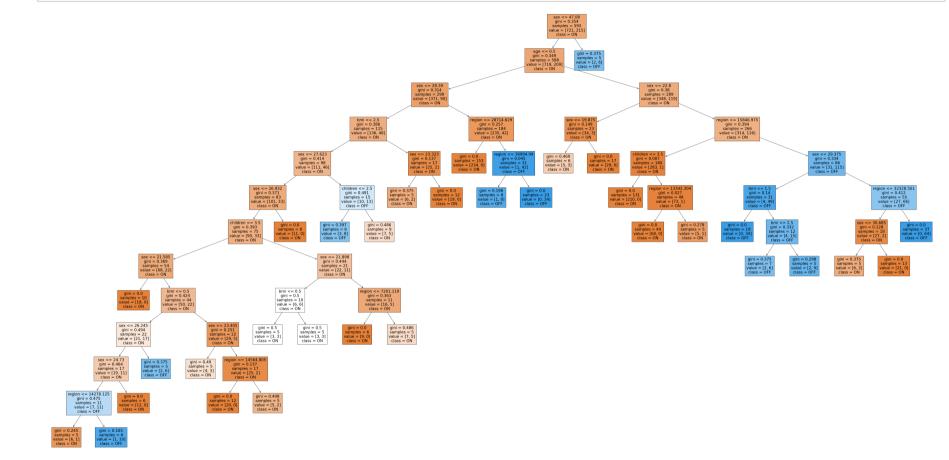
In [109]: all_inputs=df[x]
all_classes=df["smoker"]
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(all_inputs,all_classes,train_size=0.7)
```

## **DECISION TREE CALSSIFIER**

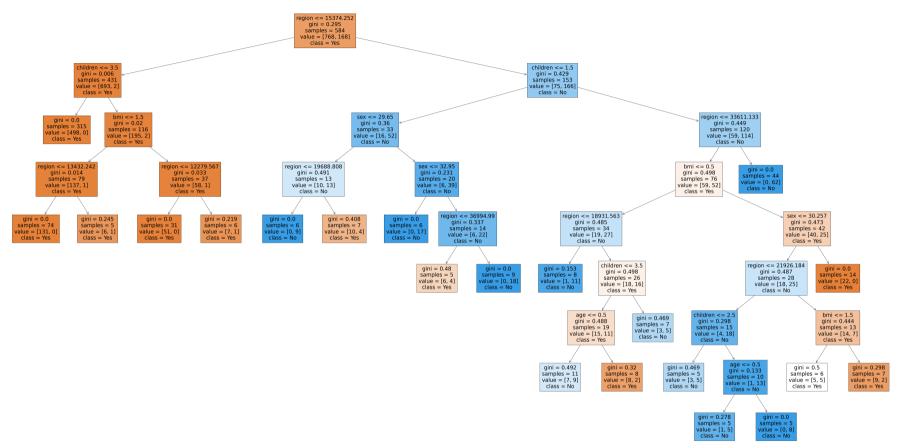
## RANDOM FOREST CLASSIFIER

```
In [108]: from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
          grid_search=GridSearchCV(estimator=rf,param_grid=params,cv=2,scoring="accuracy")
          grid_search.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[108]:
                       GridSearchCV
           ▶ estimator: RandomForestClassifier
                 ▶ RandomForestClassifier
In [112]: grid_search.best_score_
Out[112]: 0.9615384615384615
In [113]: rf_best=grid_search.best_estimator_
          print(rf best)
          RandomForestClassifier(max depth=20, min samples leaf=5)
In [114]: x=df.drop("smoker",axis=1)
          y=df["smoker"]
```

```
In [115]: from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.figure(figsize=(80,40))
    plot_tree(rf_best.estimators_[5],feature_names=x.columns,class_names=['ON','OFF'],filled=True);
```



```
In [116]: from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
    plt.figure(figsize=(80,40))
    plot_tree(rf_best.estimators_[7],feature_names=x.columns,class_names=['Yes','No'],filled=True);
```



```
In [117]: rf_best.feature_importances_
Out[117]: array([0.00799748, 0.09304862, 0.01537871, 0.0113572 , 0.87221798])
In [120]: imp_df=pd.DataFrame({"varname":x_train.columns,"Imp":rf_best.feature_importances_})
```

```
In [121]: imp_df.sort_values(by="Imp",ascending=False)
```

### Out[121]:

	varname	lmp
4	charges	0.872218
1	bmi	0.093049
2	children	0.015379
3	region	0.011357
0	sex	0.007997

ODELS

## **CONCLUSION:-**

FROM THE ABOVE DATASET I HAVE TO DEFINE THAT WHICH MODEL HAS THE BEST ACCURACY FROM THE AMONG M

STEP:-1. IMPORT THE LIBRARY

STEP:-2. I HAVE TO READ THE DATASET

STEP:-3. TAKE DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING

STEP:-4. SPLITING THE DATASET INTO TRAIN DATA AND TEST DATA

STEP:-5. IMPORTING THE DECISIONTREECLASSIFIER

STEP:-6. IMPORTING THE RANDOMFORESTCLASSIFIER

FROM THE DATASET DECISIONTREECLASSIFIER I GOT THE ACCURACY: 0.9328358208955224 AND

RANDOMFORESTCLASSIFIER I GOT THE ACCURACY: 0.9615384615384615.

FINALLY I CONCLUDED THAT RANDOMFORESTCLASSIFIER HAS GOT MORE ACCURACY THAN DECISIONTREECLASSIFIER. SO THE RANDOMFORESTCLASSIFIER THE BEST FIT MODEL FOR THE INSURANCE DATASET

In [ ]: