Github Project: Git Commands Documentation Template

Programming for Data Science Nanodegree Program

You will use this template to copy and paste the git commands you used to complete all tasks on your local and remote git repository for this project. This file will serve as your submission for the GitHub project.

Instructions:

- 1. Make a copy of this Git Commands Documentation template on your Google Drive.
- 2. Complete the four sections in this document with the appropriate git commands. 3. Download this document as a PDF file.
- 4. Submit this on the Project Submission page within the Udacity Classroom.

1. Set Up Your Repository

The following are the steps you will take to create your git repository, add your python code, and post your files on GitHub.

Step 1. Create a GitHub profile (if you don't already have one).

Step 2. Fork a repository from Udacity's <u>GitHub Project repository</u> and provide a link to your forked GitHub repository here:

GitHub Repository Link

https://github.com/uzchss22/Udacity-programming-for-Data-Science-With-Python-Nanodegree

Step 3. Complete the tasks outlined in the table below and copy and paste your git commands into the "Git Commands" column. The first git command is partially filled out for you.

Tasks Git Commands

A.	Clone the GitHub repository to your local repository.	git clone https://git hub.com/ uzchss22/ Udacity-p rogrammi ng-for-Da ta-Scienc e-With-Py thon-Nan odegree
В.	Move your bikeshare.py and data files into No git command needed (you of your local repository. use cp or a GUI)	
C.	Create a .gitignore file containing the nar of your data file.	ne No git command needed (you can use touch or a GUI)
D. E.	List the file names associated with the da	No git command needed (add the file names into your .gitignore file)
F. G.	Check the status of your files to make sur your files are not being tracked Stage your changes. git add .	re git status
	Commit your changes with a descriptive message.	git commit -m "first"

H. Push your commit to your remote repository. git push origin master

2. Improve Documentation

Now you will be working in your local repository, on the BikeShare python file and the README.md file. You should repeat steps C through E three times to make at least three commits as you work on your documentation improvements.

	Tasks Git Commands	
A.	Create a branch named <i>documentation</i> on git branch documentation	
	your local repository.	
В.	Switch to the documentation branch. git checkout documentation	
C.	Update your README.md file. No git command needed (edit the text in your README.md file)	
D.	Stage your changes. git add README.md	
E.	Commit your work with a descriptive git commit -m "documentation" message.	
F.	Push your commit to your remote repository git push origin documentation	
G.	branch.	
G.	Switch back to the master branch. git checkout master	

3. Additional Changes to Documentation

In a real world situation, you or other members of your team would likely be making other changes to documentation on the documentation branch. To simulate this follow the tasks below.

	Tasks Git Commands
A.	Switch to the <i>documentation</i> branch. git checkout documentation

B.	Make at least 2 additional changes to the	No git command needed (modify	
	documentation - this might be additional		
	changes to the README or changes to the document strings and line comments of the bikeshare file.	.py and README.md)	
C.	After each change, stage and commit your	git add .	
	changes. When you commit your work, you	git add .	
	egeee., yea eee, yea, yea	git commit -m "modify"	
	should use a descriptive message of the changes made. Your changes should be small and aligned with your commit message.		
D.	Push your changes to the remote repository		
 E.	branch.	git push origin documentation	
	Switch back to the <i>master</i> branch. git checkout master		
F.	Check the local repository log to see how all		
	the branches have shanged	git log -all -decorate -oneline	
G.	the branches have changed.	-graph	
	Go to Github. Notice that you now have two	No git command needed	
	branches available for your project, and when you change branches the README changes.	TTO BIT COMMINIANTA MECACA	

4. Refactor Code

Now you will be working in your local repository, on the code in your BikeShare python file to make improvements to its efficiency and readability. You should repeat steps C through E three times to make at least three commits as you refactor.

Tasks Git Commands

A.	Create a branch named <i>refactoring</i> on your	git branch refactoring	
	local repository.	git branch relactoring	
B.	Switch to the <i>refactoring</i> branch. git checkout refactoring		
C.		No git command needed (edit the records)	
	the documentation changes, make 2 or more		
	changes in refactoring your code.	, , o p , o ,	
D.	For each change, stage and commit your work		
	with a descriptive message of the changes git co	ommit -m "refactor"	
E.	made.	ŭ	
	Push your commits to your remote git po	ush origin refactoring	
	repository branch.		

F. Switch back to the *master* branch. git checkout master

G. Check the local repository log to see

change as you move through the

branches.

how all the branches have changed.

git log -all -decorate -oneline -graph

H. Go to GitHub. Notice that you now have 3 branches. Notice how the files

No git command needed

5. Merge Branches

	Tasks Git Commands
A.	Switch to the <i>master</i> branch. git checkout master
B.	Pull the changes you and your coworkers git pull might have made in the passing days (in this case, you won't have any updates, but pulling changes is often the first thing you do each day).

C.	Since your changes are all ready to go, merge git merge documentation	
	all the branches into the master. Address any	
D.	merge conflicts. If you split up your work among your branches correctly, you should have no merge conflicts.	gitmerge relactoring
	You should see a message that shows the	No git command needed
E.	changes to the files, insertions, and deletions.	No git communa necaea
	Push the repository to your remote	git push origin master
	repository.	8 F

F. Go to GitHub. Notice that your master branch has all of the changes.

This concludes the project.

No git command needed

Submission:

- Please review this document to make sure you entered all the required response fields in all four sections.
- Download this document as a PDF file.
- Submit the PDF file on the Project Submission page within the Udacity Classroom.