```
In [ ]: #strings
        #lists
        #dictionary
        #tuple
        #set
        how to read the strings
        string1="python"
In [1]:
        string1
Out[1]: 'python'
In [3]: |string1='python'
        string1
Out[3]: 'python'
In [ ]: ### triple quotes
        #doc string is used to say some information about your python code
        0.000
In [5]:
        im creating a hello function
        agrumnets: none
        return: none
        def hello():
            print("gm")
        complex()
                      #shift tab
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
         'hello python'
                           #i want to highlight the python word
        string3='hello "python"'
In [6]:
        print(string3)
        hello "python"
In [7]:
        string3="hello 'python'"
        print(string3)
        hello 'python'
        -type -len -max -min
        type
In [9]: string1
Out[9]: 'python'
```

```
In [10]: type(string1)
                           #str
Out[10]: str
In [11]: len(string1)
                         #6 letters
Out[11]: 6
In [12]: max(string1)
                          #alphabets order
Out[12]: 'y'
 In [ ]: string1='p'
                         #complete
         max(string1)
         #ASCII
         #A=65 a:95
In [13]: ord('P')
Out[13]: 80
In [14]: ord('p')
Out[14]: 112
         string1='python'
In [15]:
         max(string1)
Out[15]: 'y'
In [16]: | ord('p'), ord('y'), ord('t'), ord('h'), ord('o'), ord('n')
Out[16]: (112, 121, 116, 104, 111, 110)
In [19]: chr(112),chr(121),chr(116),chr(104),chr(111),chr(110)
Out[19]: ('p', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n')
         how can we implement loop on the string
In [21]: for i in range(len('python')):
             print(i)
         0
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
 In [ ]: |#i want to print p y t h o n
```

in operator

```
string1='python'
In [22]:
          'p' in string1
Out[22]: True
In [23]: 'y' in string1
Out[23]: True
In [24]: 't' in string1
Out[24]: True
In [25]: 'h' in string1
Out[25]: True
In [26]: 'o' in string1
Out[26]: True
In [27]: 'n' in string1 #instead of writing 6 times other way is generalized method
Out[27]: True
 In [ ]: #i in string1 #generalized experssion for varring and common letters
In [28]: for i in (string1):
                         #in operator implemneting in for loop
             print(i)
         p
         У
         t
         h
         0
         n
         note
         -range() :you need to provide numbers inside the range -in : is used only for strings
 In [ ]:
         --if u want to print the letters using for loop go for in operator
```

```
print(ord('p'))
In [106]:
          print(ord('y'))
          print(ord('t'))
          print(ord('h'))
          print(ord('o'))
          print(ord('n'))
          112
          121
          116
          104
           111
          110
 In [30]:
          for i in (string1):
              print(ord(i))
          112
           121
          116
          104
          111
           110
 In [33]: for i in (string1):
              print("the ascii value of{} is{}".format(i,ord(i)))
          the ascii value ofp is112
          the ascii value ofy is121
          the ascii value oft is116
          the ascii value ofh is104
          the ascii value ofo is111
          the ascii value ofn is110
```

```
In [107]:
          #acii value of a to z
          for i in range(65,91):
              print("the ascii value of{} is{}".format(chr(i),i))
          the ascii value ofA is65
          the ascii value ofB is66
          the ascii value ofC is67
          the ascii value ofD is68
          the ascii value ofE is69
          the ascii value ofF is70
          the ascii value ofG is71
          the ascii value ofH is72
          the ascii value ofI is73
          the ascii value ofJ is74
          the ascii value ofK is75
          the ascii value ofL is76
          the ascii value ofM is77
          the ascii value ofN is78
          the ascii value of 0is79
          the ascii value ofP is80
          the ascii value ofQ is81
          the ascii value ofR is82
          the ascii value ofS is83
          for i in "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY":
In [109]:
              print("the ascii value of{} is{}".format(i,ord(i)))
          the ascii value ofA is65
          the ascii value ofB is66
          the ascii value ofC is67
          the ascii value ofD is68
          the ascii value ofE is69
          the ascii value ofF is70
          the ascii value ofG is71
          the ascii value ofH is72
          the ascii value ofI is73
          the ascii value ofJ is74
          the ascii value ofK is75
          the ascii value ofL is76
          the ascii value ofM is77
          the ascii value ofN is78
          the ascii value of 0is79
          the ascii value ofP is80
          the ascii value ofQ is81
          the ascii value ofR is82
          the ascii value ofS is83
          the ascii value ofT is84
          the ascii value ofU is85
          the ascii value ofV is86
          the ascii value ofW is87
          the ascii value ofX is88
          the ascii value ofY is89
 In [37]: import string
```

```
In [38]:
          dir(string)
Out[38]: ['Formatter',
            'Template',
            '_ChainMap',
              _all__',
              _builtins___',
             __cached__',
              _doc__',
            ____',
'__file__',
'__loader__',
            '__name__',
            '__package__',
             __spec__',
            '_re',
            _
'_sentinel_dict',
            '_string',
            'ascii_letters',
            'ascii_lowercase',
            'ascii_uppercase',
            'capwords',
            'digits',
            'hexdigits',
            'octdigits',
            'printable',
            'punctuation',
            'whitespace']
In [41]: | string.ascii_uppercase
```

```
In [110]:
          for i in string.ascii_uppercase:
              print("the ascii value of{} is{}".format(i,ord(i)))
          the ascii value ofA is65
          the ascii value ofB is66
          the ascii value ofC is67
          the ascii value ofD is68
          the ascii value ofE is69
          the ascii value ofF is70
          the ascii value ofG is71
          the ascii value ofH is72
          the ascii value ofI is73
          the ascii value ofJ is74
          the ascii value ofK is75
          the ascii value ofL is76
          the ascii value ofM is77
          the ascii value ofN is78
          the ascii value of 0is79
          the ascii value ofP is80
          the ascii value ofQ is81
          the ascii value ofR is82
          the ascii value ofS is83
          the ascii value ofT is84
          the ascii value ofU is85
          the ascii value ofV is86
          the ascii value ofW is87
          the ascii value ofX is88
          the ascii value ofY is89
          the ascii value ofZ is90
In [111]: for i in string.ascii_lowercase:
              print("the ascii value of{} is{}".format(i,ord(i)))
          the ascii value ofa is97
          the ascii value ofb is98
          the ascii value ofc is99
          the ascii value ofd is100
          the ascii value ofe is101
          the ascii value off is102
          the ascii value ofg is103
          the ascii value ofh is104
          the ascii value ofi is105
          the ascii value ofj is106
          the ascii value ofk is107
          the ascii value ofl is108
          the ascii value ofm is109
          the ascii value ofn is110
          the ascii value ofo is111
          the ascii value ofp is112
          the ascii value ofq is113
          the ascii value ofr is114
          the ascii value ofs is115
          the ascii value oft is116
          the ascii value ofu is117
          the ascii value ofv is118
          the ascii value ofw is119
          the ascii value ofx is120
          the ascii value ofy is121
          the ascii value ofz is122
```

```
In [45]: string.punctuation
Out[45]: '!"#$%&\'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^_`{|}~'
In [46]: #start and end of ascii numbers
ord('a')
Out[46]: 97
In [48]: chr(1)
Out[48]: '\x01'
```

```
In [50]:
         for i in range(1,50):
              print(i,chr(i))
          1 ?
          2 🛭
          3 🛭
          4 ?
          5 🛭
          6 🛭
          7 2
          8
          9
          10
          11 ?
          12
          13
          14 🛭
          15 🛭
          16 🛭
          17 🛭
          18 🛭
          19 🛭
          20 🛭
          21 🛭
          22 🛭
          23 🗈
          24 🛭
          25 🛭
          26 🛭
          27 🛭
          28 🛭
          29 🛭
          30 🛭
          31 🛭
          32
          33 !
          34 "
          35 #
          36 $
          37 %
          38 &
          39 '
          40 (
          41 )
          42 *
          43 +
          44 ,
          45 -
          46 .
          47 /
          48 0
          49 1
```

```
In [51]: for i in range(100,150):
              print(i,chr(i))
          100 d
          101 e
          102 f
          103 g
          104 h
          105 i
          106 j
          107 k
          108 1
          109 m
          110 n
          111 o
          112 p
          113 q
          114 r
          115 s
          116 t
          117 u
          118 v
          119 w
          120 x
          121 y
          122 z
          123 {
          124 |
          125 }
          126 ~
          127
          128 🗈
          129 🛭
          130 🛭
          131 🛭
          132 2
          133 🛭
          134 🛭
          135 🖸
          136 🛭
          137 🖸
          138 🛭
          139 🛭
          140 🛚
          141 🛭
          142 2
          143 🖸
          144 🛭
          145 🖸
          146 🛚
          147 🖸
          148 🛭
          149 🛚
```

```
In [52]: for i in range(33,126):
    print(i,chr(i))
    #start with 33
#end with 126
#ascii:93
```

- 33 !
- 34 "
- 35 #
- 36 \$
- 37 %
- 38 &
- 39 '
- 40 (
- 41)
- 42 *
- 43 +
- 44 ,
- 45 -
- 1.5
- 46 .
- 47 /
- 48 0
- 49 1
- 50 2
- 51 3
- 52 4
- 53 5
- 54 6
- 55 7
- 56 8
- 57 9
- 58:
- 59;
- 60 <
- 61 =
- 62 >
- 63 ?
- 64 @
- 65 Å
- 66 B
- 67 C
- 68 D
- 69 E
- 70 F
- 71 G
- 72 H
- 73 I
- 74 J
- 75 K
- 76 L
- 77 M
- 78 N
- 79 0
- 80 P
- 81 Q
- 82 R
- 83 S
- 84 T
- 85 U
- 86 V
- 87 W 88 X
- 89 Y
- 90 Z
- 91 [
- 92 \
- 93]

```
94 ^
95
96 <sup>–</sup>
97 a
98 b
99 c
100 d
101 e
102 f
103 g
104 h
105 i
106 j
107 k
108 1
109 m
110 n
111 o
112 p
113 q
114 r
115 s
116 t
117 u
118 v
119 w
120 x
121 y
122 z
123 {
124 |
125 }
```

```
In [53]: string.ascii_letters
```

Out[53]: 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'

```
In [54]: string.printable
  #digits
  #Lower
  #upp
  #punctuation
```

```
Out[54]: '0123456789abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ!"#$%&\'()* +,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^_`{|}~ \t\n\r\x0b\x0c'
```

```
#wap ask the user find number of a letters in a given string
In [114]:
          #string=hai how are you and how do u do
          count1=0
          string4="hai how are you and how do u do"
          for i in string4:
              if i=="a":
                  print(i)
                  count1=count1+1
          print(count1)
          а
          а
          а
          3
 In [76]: #wap count the number of vowels in a given string
          string5="hai how are you"
          count=0
          for i in string5:
              if i in"aeiou":
                  count=count+1
          print(count)
          7
In [137]:
          #wap count the number of vowels in a given string
          string5="hai how are you"
          str6=""
          count=0
          for i in string5:
              if i in"aeiou":
                  count=count+1
                   str6=str6+i
          print(count)
          print(str6)
```

7 aioaeou

```
In [140]:
          string6="hai how are you"
           str7=""
           count1=0
           for i in string6:
               print(i)
               if i in"aeiou" and i not in str7:
                   count1=count1+1
                   str7=str7+i
           print(str7)
           print(count1)
           h
           а
           i
           h
           0
           W
           а
           r
           e
           У
           0
           u
           aioeu
In [143]: string6="hai how are you"
           str7=""
           count1=0
           for i in string6:
               print(i)
               if i in"aeiou" :
                     if i not in str7:
                       count1=count1+1
                       str7=str7+i
           print(str7)
          print(count1)
           h
           а
           i
           h
           0
           W
           а
           e
           у
           0
           u
           aioeu
           5
```

```
In [131]:
          str1='hai'
          str2='how'
          str1+str2
Out[131]: 'haihow'
 In [90]:
          (str1*str2)
                                                      Traceback (most recent call las
          TypeError
          t)
          Cell In[90], line 1
          ----> 1 (str1*str2)
          TypeError: can't multiply sequence by non-int of type 'str'
 In [89]: 3*str2
 Out[89]: 'howhowhow'
  In [ ]: |-how to read
          -single/double/triple
          -type
          -len
          -max
          -in
          -concatenation
          index
 In [91]: string1="python"
  In []: python
          0 1 2 3 4 5
          string1[0], string1[1], string1[2], string1[3], string1[4], string1[5]
 In [97]:
          string1[i]
 Out[97]: 'o'
 In [93]: for i in range(5):
              print(i)
          0
          1
          2
          3
```

```
In [104]: for i in range(5):
              print(string1[i])
          р
          У
          t
          h
          0
In [105]: strin1="python"
          #i want to print letters using in operator
          #i wnt to print letters range operator
          for i in string1:
              print(i)
          for i in range(len(string1)):
              print(i,string1[i])
          р
          У
          t
          h
          0
          n
          0 p
          1 y
          2 t
          3 h
          4 o
          5 n
  In [ ]: #if youn want to print only letters:in
          #if you want to print only idex:range
          #if you want to print both index and range:use range
          10-11-2023
  In [2]:
          string1='python'
          #i want to print the letters using for loop
          #in
          #range
  In [6]: for i in string1:
                                #i means each letter
              print(i,end=" ")
          for i in range(len('python')): #i means numbers 0 to Len-1
              print(i)
          python0
          2
          3
          4
          5
```

```
In [8]: for i in string1:
                             #i means each letter
            print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(len('python')): #i means numbers 0 to len-1
             print(i,string1[2])
         python0t
         1 t
         2 t
         3 t
         4 t
         5 t
In [10]: string1[2]
Out[10]: 't'
In [14]: #the index of p is zero
         #the index of y is 1
                              #i means each letter
         for i in string1:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(len('python')): #i means numbers 0 to Len-1
             print("the index of {} is{}".format(string1[i],i))
         p y t h o n the index of p is0
         the index of y is1
         the index of t is2
         the index of h is3
         the index of o is4
         the index of n is5
 In []: -6-5-4-3-2-1=====>negative index
         py thon
         0 1 2 3 4 5=====>positive index
In [15]: |string1[-6],string1[-5],string1[-4],string1[-3],string1[-2],string1[-1]
Out[15]: ('p', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n')
In [21]: #iterate the for loop on string1
         #print the letters using negative index
         #the idea is first you need print the numbers between-6 to -1 using for Loop
         string2="python"
         for i in string2:
            print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(-6,0):
             print(i,string2[i])
         python-6p
         -5 y
         -4 t
         -3 h
         -2 o
         -1 n
```

```
string2="python"
In [24]:
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(-len(string2),0):
             print("the negative index {} is{}".format(string2[i],i))
         p y t h o n the negative index p is-6
         the negative index y is-5
         the negative index t is-4
         the negative index h is-3
         the negative index o is-2
         the negative index n is-1
In [26]: for i in range(-6,0):
             print(i,end="")
         -6-5-4-3-2-1
In [29]: | for i in range(6,0):
             print(i,end="")
In [30]: | for i in range(0,6):
             print(i-6,end=" ")
         -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
        string2="python"
In [34]:
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(len(string2)):
             print("the negative index {} is{}".format(string2[i],i-6))
         p y t h o n the negative index p is-6
         the negative index y is-5
         the negative index t is-4
         the negative index h is-3
         the negative index o is-2
         the negative index n is-1
In [38]: string2="python"
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(len(string2)):
             print("the positive index is{} and negative index is {}".format(i,stri
         p y t h o n the positive index is0 and negative index is p
         the positive index is1 and negative index is y
         the positive index is2 and negative index is t
         the positive index is3 and negative index is h
         the positive index is4 and negative index is o
         the positive index is5 and negative index is n
```

```
string2="python"
In [41]:
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(-len(string2),0):
             print("the negative index {} is{}".format(string2[i],i+6))
         string2="python"
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(-len(string2),0):
             print("the negative index {} is{}".format(string2[i],i))
         string2="python"
         for i in string2:
             print(i,end=" ")
         for i in range(-len(string2),0):
             print("the positive index is{} and negative index is {}".format(i+6,st
         p y t h o n the negative index p is0
         the negative index y is1
         the negative index t is2
         the negative index h is3
         the negative index o is4
         the negative index n is5
         p y t h o n the negative index p is-6
         the negative index y is-5
         the negative index t is-4
         the negative index h is-3
         the negative index o is-2
         the negative index n is-1
         p y t h o n the positive index is0 and negative index is p
         the positive index is1 and negative index is y
         the positive index is2 and negative index is t
         the positive index is3 and negative index is h
         the positive index is4 and negative index is o
         the positive index is5 and negative index is n
In [61]: #string2="python"
         #for i in string2:
          # print(i,end=" ")
         #for i in range(-len(string2),0):
          # print("the negative index {} is{}".format(string2[i],i+6))
         #while loop
         i=0
         string2="python"
         while (i<len(string2)):</pre>
             print("the negative index {} is{}".format(i,i-6,string2[i],))
             i=i+1
         the negative index 0 is-6
         the negative index 1 is-5
         the negative index 2 is-4
         the negative index 3 is-3
         the negative index 4 is-2
         the negative index 5 is-1
```

```
string3="hai how are you"
In [68]:
         count=0
         for i in range(len(string3)):
             if string3[i]=="a":
                 count+=1
         print(count)
         2
 In [ ]: | mutable and immutable concept
         mutable=====we can change
         immutable=====we can not change the value index operation
         strings are immutable
In [69]: string1="python"
         #i want change 'p'======"P"
         #o/p:"Python"
         string1[0]="p"
         TypeError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call las
         t)
         Cell In[69], line 4
               1 string1="python"
               2 #i want change 'p'======"P"
               3 #o/p:"Python"
         ----> 4 string1[0]="p"
         TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment
        list1=[100,200,300] #100=====1000
In [70]:
         list1[0]=1000
         list1
Out[70]: [1000, 200, 300]
         slice
In [71]: string1="hai how are you"
         string1[2:10]
Out[71]: 'i how ar'
In [73]: |string1[2:10:3]
Out[73]: 'ioa'
In [78]: |string1[:] #full string will print
Out[78]: 'hai how are you'
```

```
string1[::] #full string will print
 In [75]:
 Out[75]: 'hai how are you'
 In [76]:
          string1[2:10:-3]
 Out[76]:
 In [77]: for i in range(2,10,-3):
              print(i)
           -15 -14 -13 -12
                               -11 -10 -9
                                            -8 -7 -6
  In [ ]:
                                                       -5
                                                           -4 -3 -2
                 a
                               h
                                     0
                                                    r
                                         W
                                                a
                                                        e
                                                                У
                                                               12 13 14
            0
                 1
                         3
                               4
                                     5
                                          6
                                                8 9
                     2
                                              7
                                                        10 11
In [119]:
          string1="hai how are you"
          string1[-10]
Out[119]: 'o'
  In [ ]: | string1[2:14:2] #p
          string1[2:14:-2]#np
          string1[2:-14:2]#np
          string1[2:-14:-2]#
          string1[-2:14:2]#p
          string1[-2:-14:2]#np
          string1[-2:-14:-2]#p
 In [82]: string1[2:-14:-2]
          #start=2
          #stop=-14+1=-13
 Out[82]: 'i'
 In [83]: string1[3:-14:-2]
          #start=2
          #stop=-14+1=-13
          #2
 Out[83]: ''
          -reading methods
  In [ ]:
          -single/double/triple(doc string)
          -type/len/max/min
          -concatenation
          -subtraction/mul/div
          -in
          -index
          -mutable
          -slice
```

string methods

```
In [ ]: import <package_name>
    dir(<package_name>)
    help(<package_name.<method_name>)
```

In [84]: dir('')

```
Out[84]: ['__add__',
                _class__',
              '__contains__',
'__delattr__',
'__dir__',
               __doc__',
              '__eq__',
              '__format__',
             '__ge__',
             '__getattribute__',
'__getitem__',
'__getnewargs__',
'__getstate__',
              '__gt__',
              ___
'__hash__
              '__hash__',
'__init__',
                __init_subclass___',
              '__iter__',
              '_le_',
              '_len_',
                _lt__',
               __mod_
                _{	t mul}
                _ne__
              '__ne__',
'__new__',
              '__reduce_
                _reduce_ex__',
                _repr__
              '__rmod__',
'__rmul__',
              '__setattr__',
              ____sizeof__',
             '__str__',
'__subclasshook__',
              'capitalize',
              'casefold',
              'center',
              'count',
             'encode',
              'endswith',
              'expandtabs',
             'find',
             'format',
              'format_map',
              'index',
             'isalnum',
             'isalpha',
             'isascii',
             'isdecimal',
             'isdigit',
             'isidentifier',
              'islower',
             'isnumeric',
             'isprintable',
             'isspace',
             'istitle',
             'isupper',
              'join',
              'ljust',
              'lower',
              'lstrip',
```

'maketrans',

```
'partition',
           'removeprefix',
           'removesuffix',
           'replace',
           'rfind',
           'rindex',
           'rjust',
           'rpartition',
           'rsplit',
           'rstrip',
           'split',
           'splitlines',
           'startswith',
           'strip',
           'swapcase',
           'title',
           'translate',
           'upper',
           'zfill']
          capitalized
In [85]: | string1="welcome"
          string1.capitalize()
          #only starting letter will be captale
Out[85]: 'Welcome'
         string1="welcome"
In [86]:
          string1.upper()
Out[86]: 'WELCOME'
In [87]: | string1.lower()
Out[87]: 'welcome'
In [90]: string1="welCome"
          print(string1.capitalize())
          print(string1.upper())
          print(string1.lower())
          Welcome
          WELCOME
          welcome
In [92]: string1="hai how are you"
          string1.count('a')
Out[92]: 2
```

```
count=0
 In [95]:
          for i in string1:
              if i=="a":
                  count+=1
          print(count)
          2
In [115]: #string1="welcome"
          #weLcome
          #index
          #slice
          #concatenation
          string1="welcome"
          str1=(string1[:2])
          str2=(string1[3:])
          str1+"L"+str2
Out[115]: 'weLcome'
In [116]: string1.replace("l","L")
Out[116]: 'weLcome'
In [120]: | string1[-2:14:2]#p
Out[120]: 'o'
  In [ ]:
           -15 -14 -13 -12
                               -11 -10 -9
                                            -8 -7 -6
                                                       -5
                                                               -3
                                                                   -2
                                                                       -1
             h
                 a i
                               h
                                     0
                                                a
                                                        e
                                                                у о
                                                                       u
                         3
                                     5
                                              7
                                                8 9
                                                        10 11 12
            0
                     2
                                          6
                                                                   13 14
          14-11-2023
          case fold
  In [1]: string1="welcome"
          string1.casefold()
  Out[1]: 'welcome'
  In [2]:
          string2="welcome"
          string2
  Out[2]: 'welcome'
```

lower case and casefold both are same

```
In [ ]:
         -capitalize -first letter as capital
         -upper
                    -all letters are in upper case
         -lower
                    -all letters are in lower case
         -casefold
                    -case less comparision(lower case)
         count
 In [3]: string1="hai how are you"#how many "A" are there
         string1.count("a")
 Out[3]: 2
 In [4]: |string1.count("hai")
 Out[4]: 1
In [12]: string1="ola ola ola"
         print(string1.count('ola'))
                                        #3
         print(string1.count(' ola')) #2
         print(string1.count('ol'))
                                       #3
         print(string1.count('oa'))
                                       #0
         3
         2
         3
         0
In [19]: | string1='ola ola ola'
         #ola
               ola
                       ola
         #012 3 456 7 8910
         print(string1.count("a",4))
                                        #we are counting the number of "a" from index
         print(string1.count("a",6))
         print(string1.count("a",4,6))
         print(string1.count("a",4,7))
         2
         2
         0
         1
In [20]: print(string1.count("A".lower(),4))
         2
In [22]: string1="ola ola ola"
         count=0
         for i in string1:
             if i=="a":
                 count=count+1
         print(count)
         3
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/Desktop/Data science/strings-9-11-2023 %2C10-11-2023%2C14-11-2023.ipynb

```
string1="ola ola ola"
In [30]:
         count=0
         for i in range(len(string1)):
             if string1[i:i+3]=="ola":
                 count=count+1
         print(count)
         3
 In [ ]: |#i=0 string1[0:3]: 0 1 2:ola
         #i=1 string1[1:4]: 1 2 3:la
         #single letter in operator
         #multi letters slice operator
In [31]: | string1.count("a") #this a developer
         string1.count("ola") #as developer mode
Out[31]: 3
         replace
In [32]: string1="welcome"
         #replace "l" with "L"
         string1.replace("l","L")
Out[32]: 'weLcome'
In [33]: |string1="restart"
         string1.replace("r","$")
Out[33]: '$esta$t'
In [34]: string1="restart"
         string1.replace("r","$",1)
         #str.replace() will not take key word arguments ---count=1
Out[34]: '$estart'
In [35]: string1="restart rrr"
         string1.replace("r","$",-1)
         #-1 means all the occuranceses
Out[35]: '$esta$t $$$'
In [47]: string1="restart"
         s1=string1[0]
         s2=string1[1:].replace("r","$")
         s1+s2
Out[47]: 'resta$t'
```

```
In [48]: string1[::-1].replace("r","$",1)[::-1]
Out[48]: 'resta$t'
         index
In [53]: string1="welcome python"
         string1.index("c")
Out[53]: 3
In [54]: string1="welcome python"
         string1.index("z")
         ValueError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call las
         t)
         Cell In[54], line 2
               1 string1="welcome python"
         ----> 2 string1.index("z")
         ValueError: substring not found
In [56]: string1="hai how are you and"
         count=0
         for i in string1:
             if i=="a":
                 count+=1
         print(count)
         string1.count("a")
         3
Out[56]: 3
```

```
In [60]:
         for i in range(len(string1)):
             if string1[1]=="a":
                  print(i)
         0
         1
         2
         3
         4
         5
         6
         7
         8
         9
         10
         11
         12
         13
         14
         15
         16
         17
         18
In [62]: string1.index("a")#only first occurance
Out[62]: 1
In [63]: string1="hai hai hai hai"
         i1=string1.index("a")
         i2=string1.index("a",i1+1) #1+1=5
         i3=string1.index("a",i2+1) #5+1===9
         i4=string1.index("a",i3+1)
                                       #9+1===10
         i5=string1.index("a",i4+1)
         print(i1,i2,i3,i4,i5)
         1 5 9 13 17
In [64]: | string1.index("a", string1.index("a")+1)
Out[64]: 5
         string1="welcome helo"
In [74]:
         string1.index("1")
         string1.index("l",string1.index("l")+1)
         string1.index("l", string1.index("l", string1.index("l")+1)+1)
         ValueError
                                                     Traceback (most recent call las
         t)
         Cell In[74], line 4
                2 string1.index("1")
                3 string1.index("l",string1.index("l")+1)
         ---> 4 string1.index("l", string1.index("l", string1.index("l")+1)+1)
         ValueError: substring not found
```

find

```
In [79]: string1="hello"
         string1.find("e")
Out[79]: 1
In [81]: |string1="hello"
         string1.find("z")
         #if substring not found it returns -1
         string1.index("z")
         #valueerror:substring not found
         ValueError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call las
         t)
         Cell In[81], line 4
               2 string1.find("z")
               3 #if substring not found it returns -1
         ----> 4 string1.index("z")
         ValueError: substring not found
In [82]: string1.count("z")
         #zero
Out[82]: 0
 In [ ]: -capitalize/upper/lower/casefold
         -index/find
         -count
         -replace
```