

Exercise Data Management in RDBMS using SQL**Week- 2****Answer the following Questions****1. Answer the statements as TRUE/FALSE. If FALSE, then give the correct answer:**

- a) The operation that impacts the entire table is DML.
- b) "TRUNCATE" operation and "Drop" operation has the same kind of impact on database table.
- c) While doing insertion operation the default order of the attributes in the table is maintained.
- d) Deletion Operation removes the entire table from the database.
- e) It is possible to have more than one Primary Key Constraint to be present in the same table.
- f) It is possible to have more than one Unique Key Constraint to be present in the same table.
- g) DQL does "Read only" operations on the database table/tables for generating business reports or small analytical outputs by retrieving the stored data.

2. The DDL commands are:

- a) CREATE, ALTER, DELETE
- b) INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
- c) CREATE, UPDATE, DROP
- d) CREATE, ALTER, DROP

3. The DML commands are:

- a) CREATE, UPDATE, DELETE
- b) INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
- c) SELECT, UPDATE, DROP
- d) SELECT, CREATE, UPDATE

4. Which one from the following is from DQL (Data Query Language)?

- a) CREATE
- b) SELECT
- c) UPDATE
- d) None

5. The languages that are used to modify data on row/rows from a Database table is referred to as:
- a) DML
 - b) DDL
 - c) Query Language
 - d) None
6. Which of the following clause is used to limit the rows while performing any DML/DQL operations?
- a) USE
 - b) WHERE
 - c) INTO
 - d) None of the above
7. DML stands for:
- a) Data Management Language
 - b) Data Manipulation Language
 - c) Data Moderation Language
 - d) None of the above