

Week-8

K-Nearest Neighbor

Answer the following Multiple-Choice Questions

1. Assume that you are given 100 samples. What is the correct “K” value that you will consider for classifying a new datapoint in this existing dataset?
 - a) 10
 - b) 11
 - c) 9
 - d) Either b or c
2. Multiclass Classification means the label attribute has exactly two class/label values in the dataset.
 - a) True
 - b) False
3. 5-NN means-
 - a) You have 5 samples to calculate Euclidean distance
 - b) You have 5 nearest/closest samples to consider for comparing their labels
 - c) You have at most 5 samples to calculate Euclidean distance
 - d) None of the above
4. Which of the following Machine Learning Algorithm can be used on both Quantitative (Numeric) and Qualitative (Non-numeric) Data?
 - a) K-NN
 - b) Linear Regression
 - c) Both the above
 - d) None of the above
5. Which of the following is true for the Euclidean Distance?
 - a) It can be directly applied on Categorical/Qualitative Data
 - b) It can be directly applied on Continuous/Quantitative Data
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) None of the above
6. Which of the following distance measure is used in case of Categorical/Qualitative attribute in K-NN?
 - a) Euclidean
 - b) Hamming
 - c) Manhattan
 - d) None of the above

7. Which of the following will be the Euclidean Distance between Datapoint (1,3) and a new Datapoint (2,3)?
- a) 1
 - b) 2
 - c) 4
 - d) 8
8. Which of the following statements is true about K-NN?
- a) We can choose an Optimal Value of K based on the number of samples
 - b) Euclidean Distance treats each datapoint equally
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) None of the above
9. The statement 'K-NN does not require an explicit training step' is,
- a) True
 - b) False
10. Which of the following is true for the K-NN classifier?
- a) The Classification Accuracy is better with larger "K" value
 - b) The Classification Accuracy is better with smaller "K" value
 - c) Classification is better with not too large and not too small but optimal "K" value
 - d) None of the above
11. The Euclidean distance between two numerical attributes used to determine the ____ between them:
- a) Validation Data
 - b) Error Rate
 - c) Closeness
 - d) None of the above
12. Which of the following Machine Learning Algorithms can be used for resolving the Missing Values problem for both continuous and categorical attributes?
- a) Linear Regression
 - b) K-Nearest Neighbor
 - c) Logistic Regression
 - d) None of the above
13. K-NN typically requires more time for Classification as compared to other classifiers
- a) True
 - b) False
14. The Classification for any new datapoint may differ when you either increase or, decrease the value of "K" in K-NN.
- a) True
 - b) False
15. Taking K=1 in K-NN can cause Mislabeling for the new datapoint.
- a) True
 - b) False

Answer the following Question

Can you Estimate the Classification for an unseen Datapoint where the first and second attribute values are 9.1 and 11.0 respectively?

Attribute 1	Attribute 2	Class
0.8	6.3	—
1.4	8.1	—
2.1	7.4	—
2.6	14.3	+
6.8	12.6	—
8.8	9.8	+
9.2	11.6	—
10.8	9.6	+
11.8	9.9	+
12.4	6.5	+
12.8	1.1	—
14.0	19.9	—
14.2	18.5	—
15.6	17.4	—
15.8	12.2	—
16.6	6.7	+
17.4	4.5	+
18.2	6.9	+
19.0	3.4	—
19.6	11.1	+