Table 1: Signal Yields for various model points for  $m_{\gamma\gamma} > 2$  TeV

Model Points	S + B	S
$d_u = 1.1,  \Lambda_u = 2.750  \text{TeV}$	27.42	12.055
$d_u = 1.1,  \Lambda_u = 2.875  \text{TeV}$	23.34	7.98
$d_u = 1.1,  \Lambda_u = 3.000  \text{TeV}$	19.81	4.45
$d_u = 1.5,  \Lambda_u = 1.750  \text{TeV}$	57.60	42.23
$d_u = 1.5,  \Lambda_u = 2.250  \text{TeV}$	25.64	10.27
$d_u = 1.5,  \Lambda_u = 2.500  \text{TeV}$	20.20	4.83
$d_u = 1.9,  \Lambda_u = 2.000  \text{TeV}$	50.46	35.1
$d_u = 1.9,  \Lambda_u = 2.500  \text{TeV}$	24.64	9.27
$d_u = 1.9,  \Lambda_u = 3.000  \text{TeV}$	19.89	4.53

<sup>\*</sup> Here we are assuming that  $n_{obs}=B=15.36$ . The  $95CL_s$  upper limit for S+B is at 24.7 (S=9.7). With this simple counting experiment we can exclude with 95% confidence model points which have S>9.7. Without accounting for systematic uncertainties, we can exclude the following:  $d_u=1.9:\Lambda_u<2500,\ d_u=1.9:\Lambda_u<2500,\ d_u=1.5:\Lambda_u<2250,\ d_u=1.1:\Lambda_u<2875.$