

**Question 1**

1. Implement a template class '**Node**' that contains two data members: A template variable 'data' and a Node pointer 'next'. You may define any member functions, if required, for the template class. **(Implemented in previous lab.)**
2. Now using the above class, implement a template class singly linked list with **head** and **tail pointers** which supports the following operations **(Implemented in previous lab using head pointer only)**:
  - a. Insert at start `void insertAtStart(T const element);` Time complexity= O(1)
  - b. Insert at end `void insertAtEnd(T const element);` Time complexity= O(1)
  - c. Copy constructor `linkedList(const linkedlist &old_obj);`
  - d. Print `void print() const;`
  - e. Search an element `bool search(T const& element) const;`
  - f. Check whether the list is empty `bool isEmpty() const;` Time complexity= O(1)
  - g. Insert value v1 before value v2 `bool insertBefore(T const v1, T const v2) const;`
  - h. Delete all occurrences of a given value `void deleteAll(T const value)`
  - i. Destructor
  - j. Reverse Print `void reversePrint();`
  - k. Delete from Start `void DeleteAtStart();`

**Note:** You should update your previous methods by adding tail pointer.

3. Overload following operators:

- 1) +=
- 2) []

A general operator overloading method is like this:

Classname `operator +` (Classname `const` &obj);

4. Now create a main function which has the following instructions:
  - a. Define a linked list object of type **int**.
  - b. Insert 2, 6, and 7 at start
  - c. Insert 9 at the end.
  - d. Now insert 7, 8, and 9 at start.
  - e. Delete all occurrences of 7.
  - f. Now print the linked list.
  - g. Search for 2, 9 and 10.
  - h. Now delete from Start and print the linked list.

**Q # 2:** Implement a template class **circular** singly linked **list** with **head pointer only**.  
(Modifications in your link list implemented in previous lab)

Note: You can use a dummy node and handle all checks or test cases in all methods.

