## ALGEBRA

## December 13, 2023

- 1. The value(s) of k for which the quadratic equation  $2x^2 + kx + 2 = 0$  has equal roots, is
  - (A) 4
  - (B)  $\pm 4$
  - (C) -4
  - (D) 0
- 2. on dividing a polynomial p(x) by  $x^2 4$ , quotient and remainder are found to be x and 3 respectively. The polynomial p(x) is
  - (A)  $3x^2 + x 12$
  - (B)  $x^3 4x + 3$
  - (C)  $x^2 + 3x 4$
  - (D)  $x^3 4x 3$
- 3. Simplest form of

$$\frac{1 + \tan^2 A}{1 + \cot^2 A}$$

is .

4. Write the value of

$$\sin^2 30^\circ + \cos^2 60^\circ$$

.

- 5. From the quadratic polynomial, the sum and product of whose zeroes are (-3) and 2 respectively.
- 6. If A, B and C are interior angles of  $\triangle ABC$ , then show that

$$\cos\left(\frac{B+C}{2}\right) = \sin\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)$$

7. Prove that:

$$(\sin^4 \theta - \cos^4 \theta + 1) \csc^2 \theta = 2 \tag{1}$$

- 8. Sum of the areas of two squares is  $544m^2$ . If the difference of their perimeters is 32m, find the sides of the two squares.
- 9. A motor boat whose speed is 18km/h in still water takes 1 hour more to go 24km upstream than to return down stream to the same spot. Find the speed of the stream.
- 10. Obtain the zeroes of the polynomial  $p(x) = 2x^4 x^3 11x^2 + 5x + 5$  if two zeroes are  $\sqrt{5}$  and  $-\sqrt{5}$ .
- 11. What minimum is added to  $2x^3 3x^2 + 6x + 7$  so that the resulting polynomial will be divisible by  $x^2 4x + 8$ ?
- 12. If  $\cos\left(\sin^{-1}\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} + \cos^{-1}x\right) = 0$ , then x is equal to
  - (A)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$
  - (B)  $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
  - (C)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$
  - (D) 1