#### 1

# Assignment 5

# V.Samyuktha - MS20BTECH11024

Download python code from

https://github.com/v-samyuktha/AI1103/blob/main/ Assignment5/Assignment-5.py

and latex-tikz code from

https://github.com/v-samyuktha/AI1103/blob/main/ Assignment5/Assignment-5.tex

## 1 QUESTION

Let X be a binomial random variable with parameters  $\left(11, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ . At which value(s) of k is Pr(X = k) maximized?

- 1) k = 2
- 2) k = 3
- 3) k = 4
- 4) k = 5

### 2 SOLUTION

The binomial distribution is given by:

$$Pr(X = k) = {}^{n}C_{k} \times p^{k} \times q^{n-k}$$
 (2.0.1)

We are given n = 11,  $p = \frac{1}{3}$  and hence  $q = \frac{2}{3}$ 

$$\Pr(X = k) = {}^{11}C_k \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{11-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^k \tag{2.0.2}$$

To maximise Pr(X = k),

$$\Pr(X = k) \ge \Pr(X = k + 1)$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\frac{\Pr(X=k)}{\Pr(X=k+1)} = \frac{{}^{11}\text{C}_k \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{11-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^k}{{}^{11}\text{C}_{k+1} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{10-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{k+1}} \ge 1 \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\frac{2(k+1)}{11-k} \ge 1\tag{2.0.5}$$

$$k \ge 3 \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\Pr(X = k) \ge \Pr(X = k - 1)$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\frac{\Pr(X=k)}{\Pr(X=k-1)} = \frac{{}^{11}C_k \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{11-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^k}{{}^{11}C_{k-1} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{12-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{k-1}} \ge 1 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\frac{12 - k}{2k} \ge 1\tag{2.0.9}$$

$$k \le 4 \tag{2.0.10}$$

From equations (2.0.6) and (2.0.10) we see that Pr(X = k) is maximized for k = 3, k = 4. Hence, options 2 and 3 are correct.

