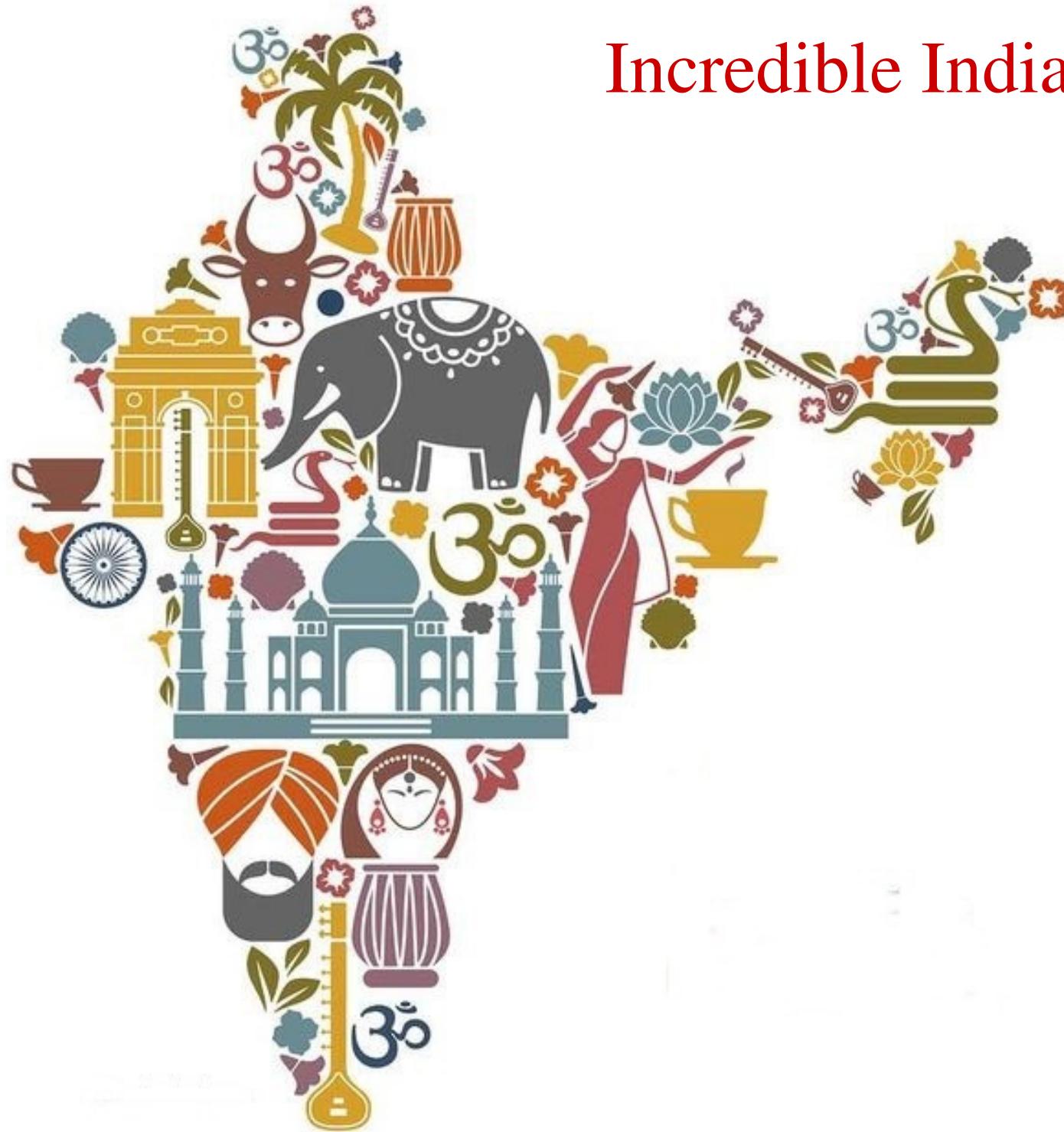
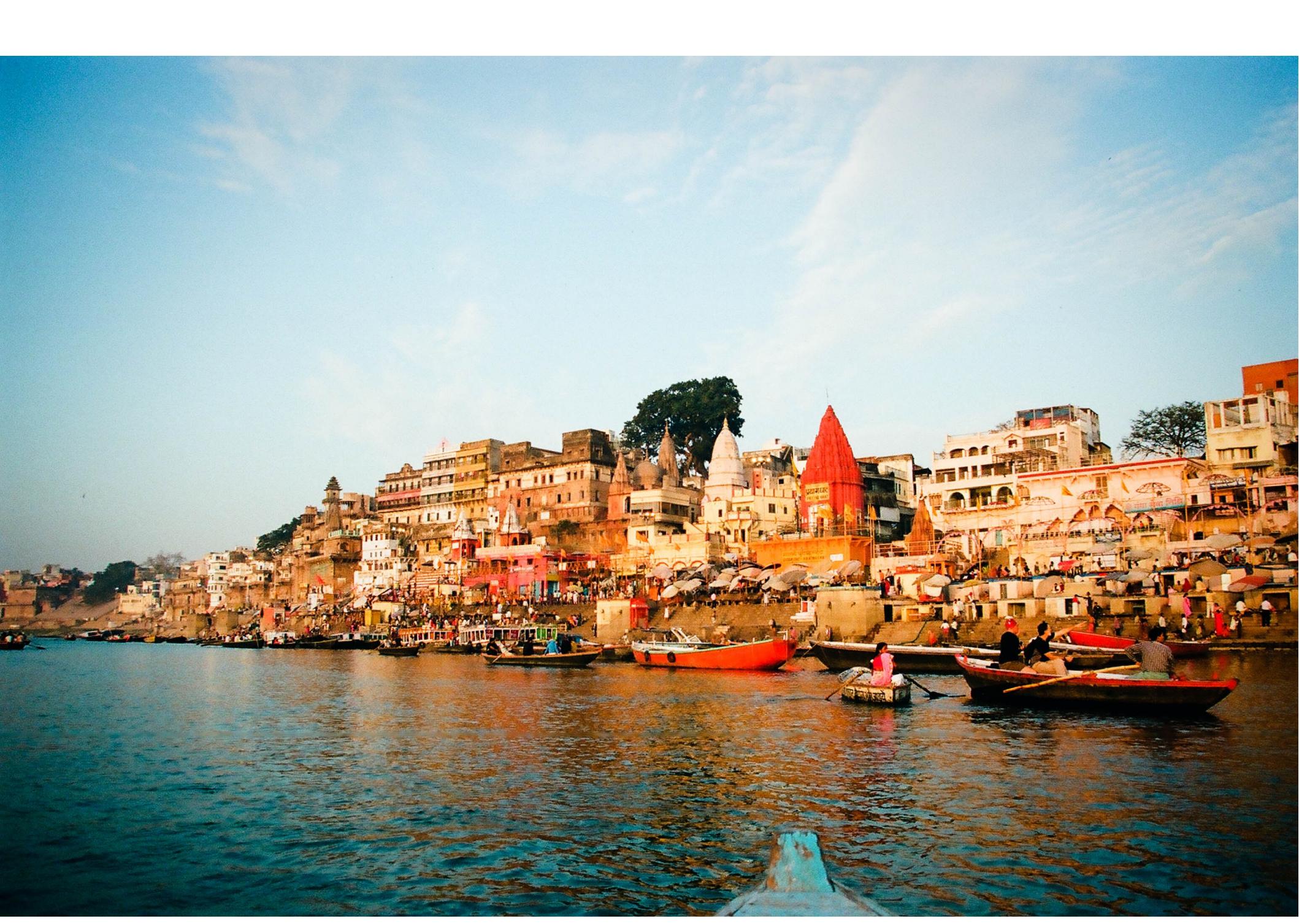


namaste

Incredible India



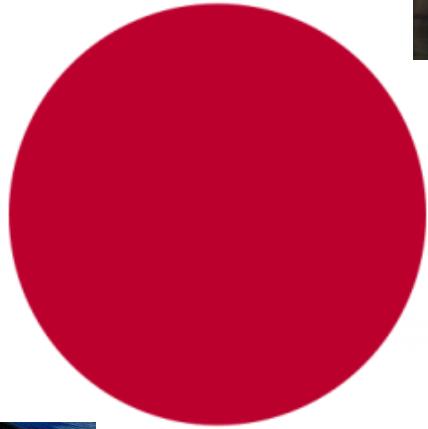


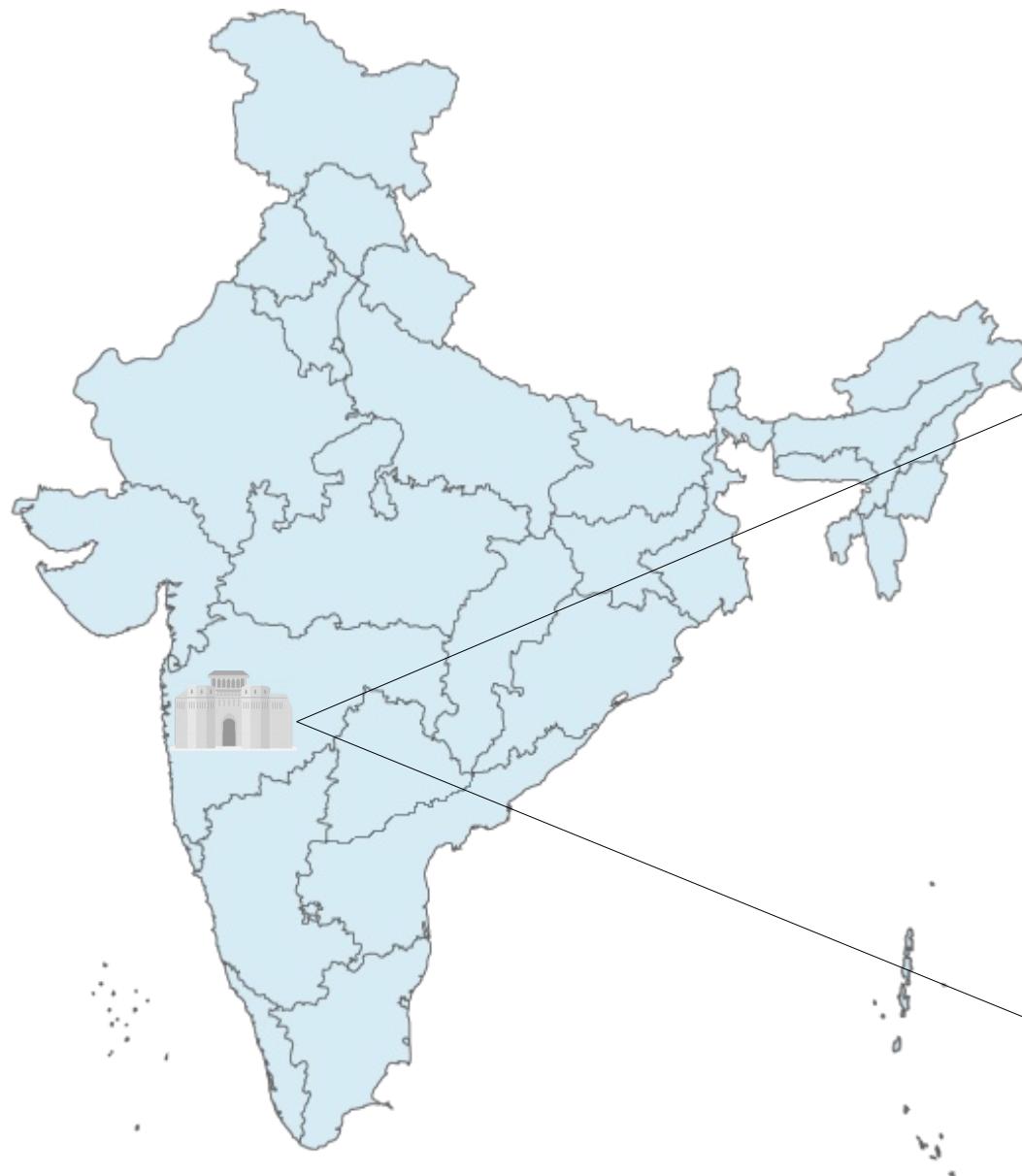




What India Dreams

India must master Western science and
yet preserve its Culture and Heritage.





City of Pune.

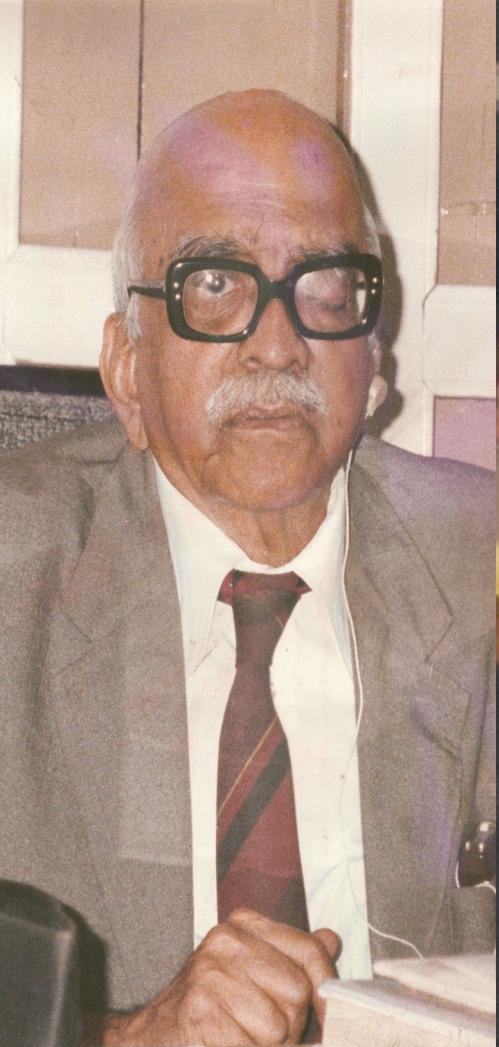
Population: 6 million.
Oxford of the East.

Sameer Deshmukh

 github.com/v0dro

 @v0dro





Dr. Gopal
Deshmukh



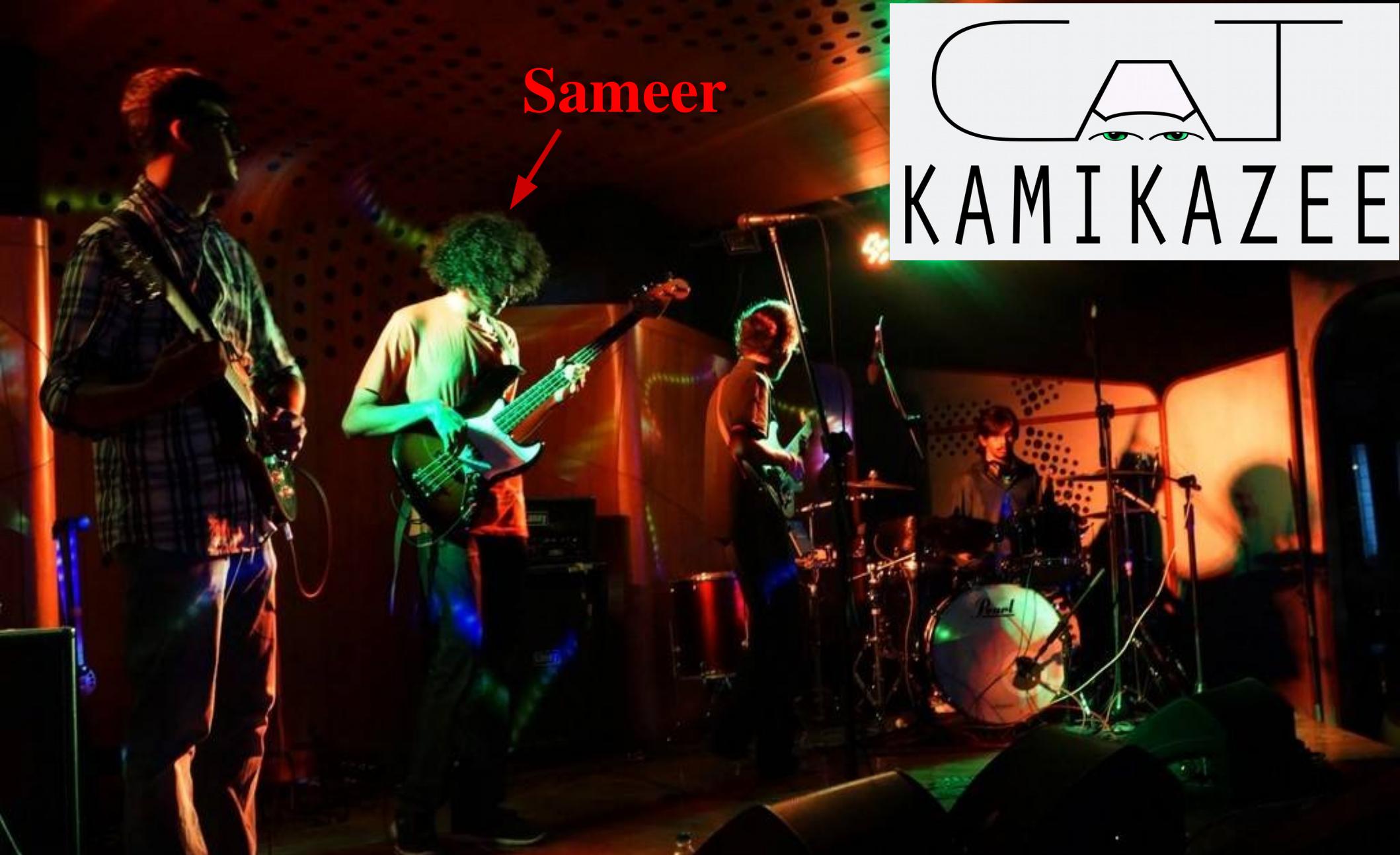
Dr. Hemchandra
Deshmukh



Dr. Satish
Deshmukh



Sameer
Desmukh



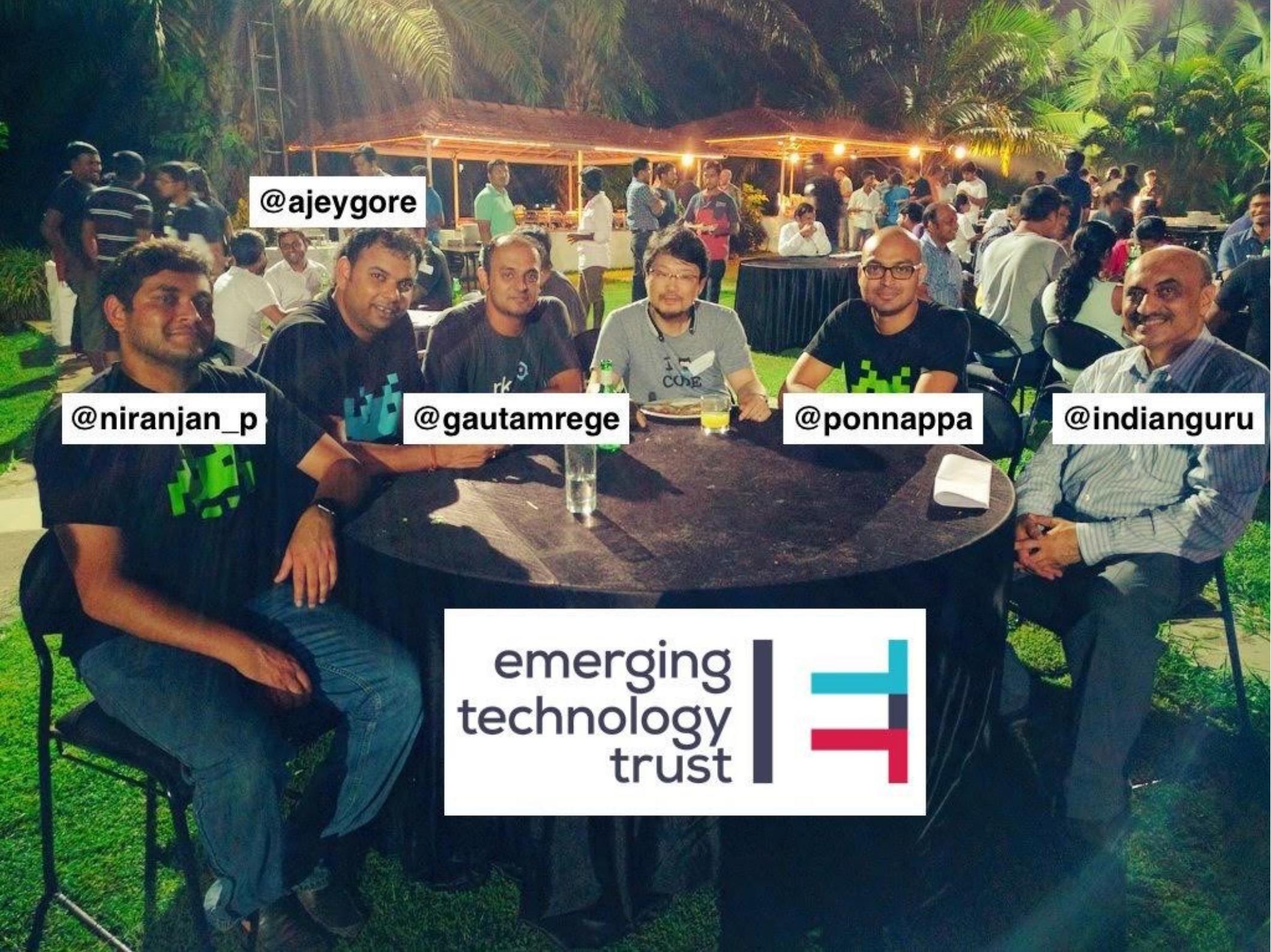
Sameer



www.soundcloud.com/catkamikazee

emerging
technology
trust





@ajeygore

@niranjan_p

@gautamrege

@ponnappa

@indianguru

emerging
technology
trust



Pune Ruby Users Group



@punerb



@punerb

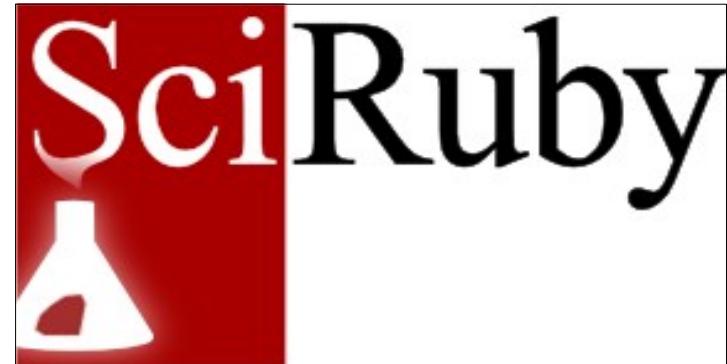
www.punerb.org



@deccanrubyconf

www.deccanrubyconf.org

Ruby Science Foundation



 @sciruby
 @sciruby

www.sciruby.com



Scientific Computing In Ruby

iruby notebook

Browser based Ruby REPL
for interactive computing.

A screenshot of a Jupyter Notebook interface. At the top, the URL bar shows "localhost:8888/notebooks/Untitled2.ipynb?kernel_name=ruby". Below it is a browser toolbar with various icons. The main title is "jupyter Untitled2 Last Checkpoint: 02/07/2016 (unsaved changes)". The menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Insert, Cell, Kernel, and Help. The toolbar below has buttons for New, Open, Save, Cell Type, Cell Selection, Cell Execution, Cell Kernel, and Cell Toolbar dropdowns set to "None". The notebook content area shows an input cell (In [1]) containing Ruby code to require 'matrix' and create a 3x3 matrix. The output cell (Out[1]) displays the resulting 3x3 matrix with values 1, 2, 3 in each row. Three red arrows point from the explanatory text below to the output cell, the input cell, and the kernel status bar respectively.

```
In [1]: require 'matrix'  
Matrix[[1,2,3], [1,2,3], [1,2,3]]
```

```
Out[1]: 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

```

Output cell – can
render HTML/CSS/JS

Input cell – accepts
Ruby code

Runs in your
browser



The Everything Form

Marvel at the strange and varied inputs!

Date	
File	<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen
Username	
Password	
Textarea	
Radio	<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 10
Animals	<input type="checkbox"/> Fish <input type="checkbox"/> Cat <input type="checkbox"/> Dog
Color	<input type="text" value="blue"/> ▾

nmatrix

n-dimensional array object.

Interface Ruby with
high speed C libraries.

```
require 'nmatrix'
```

```
n = NMatrix.new(
```

```
[2,2],
```

```
[1,2,3,4],
```

```
dtype: :float32,
```

```
stype: :dense
```

```
)
```

```
n[0,1] # => 2.0
```

Data Types

:int8

:float32

:int16

:float64

:int32

:complex64

:int64

:complex128

Storage types

Dense

Dense matrix.

List

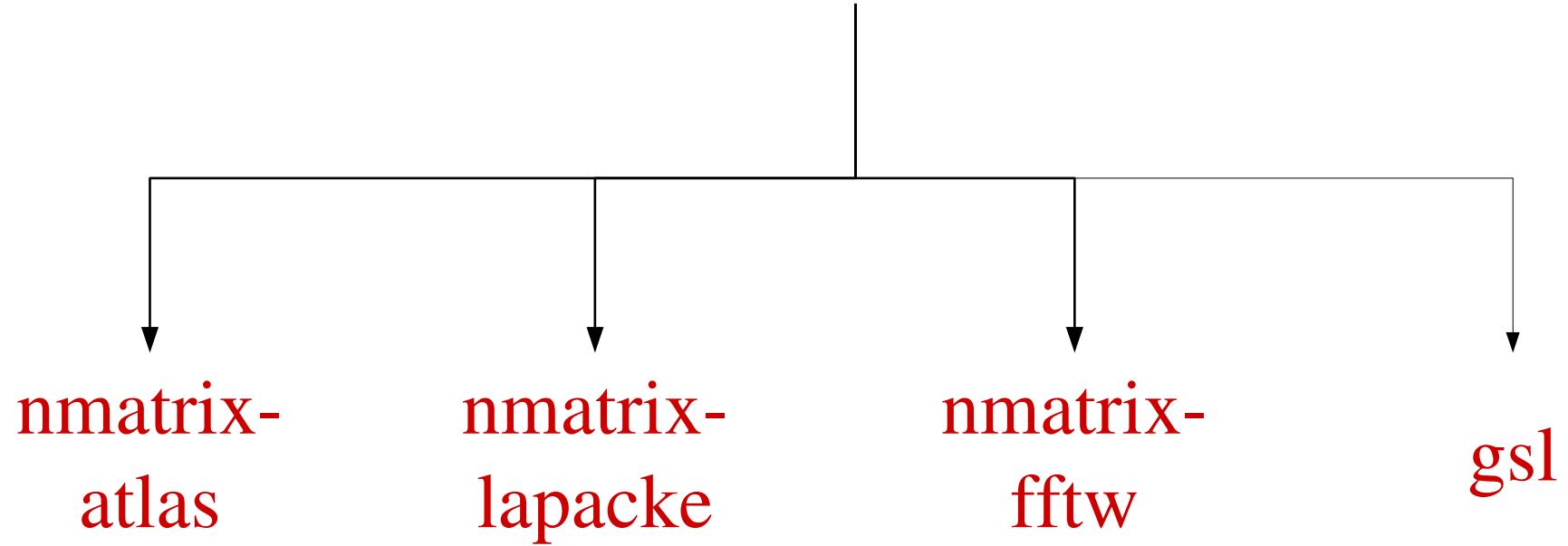
Sparse matrix type storing data as a linked list.

Yale

Sparse type storing data in the 'New Yale' format.

NMatrix C API

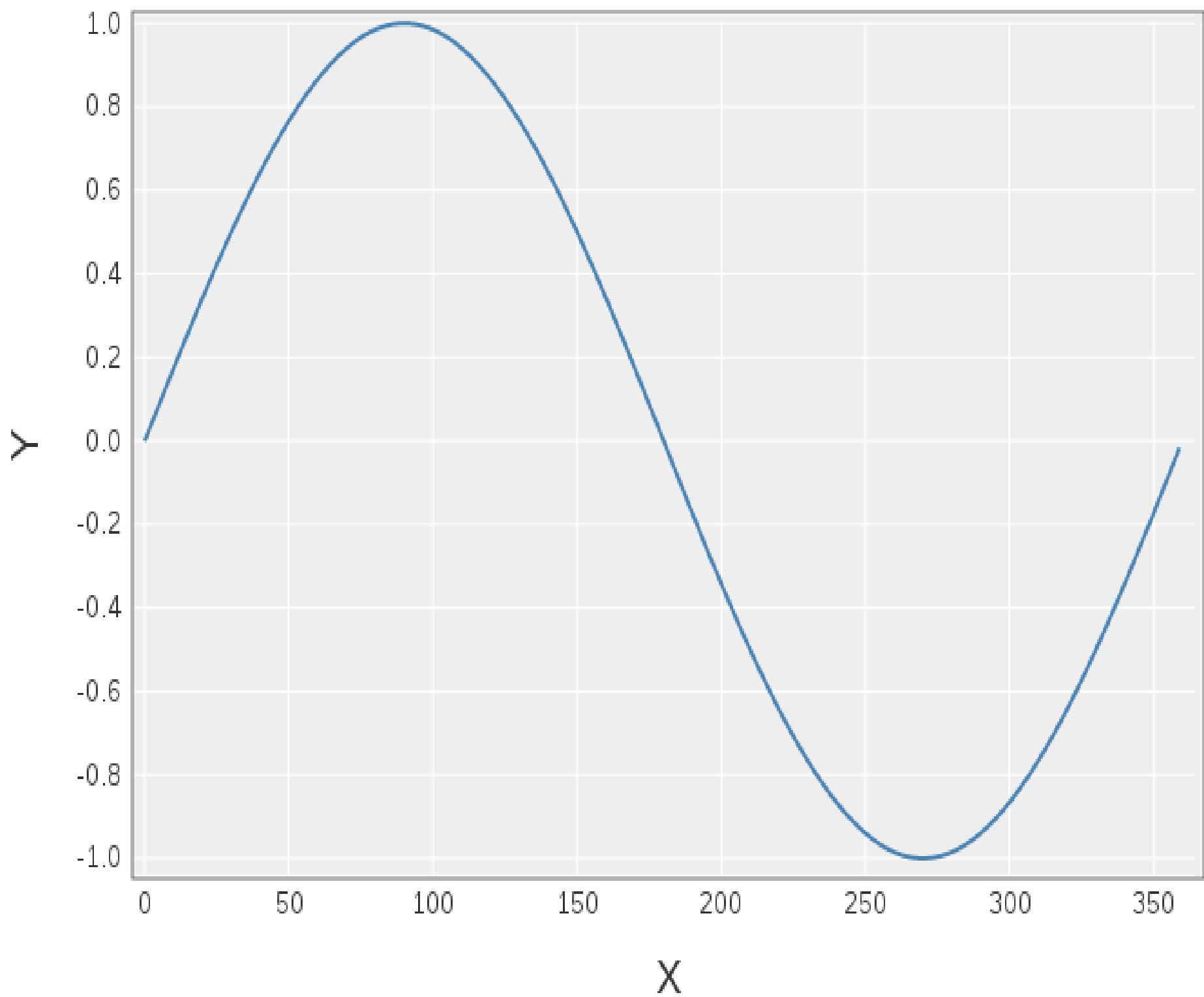
nmatrix



nyaplot

Interactive plotting
tool for Rubyists.

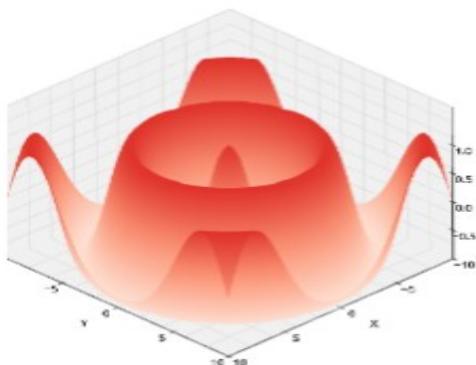
interactive
HTML and JavaScript plots
that can be displayed in your
browser.





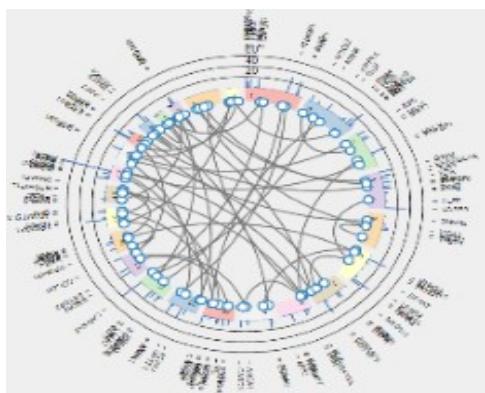
Mapnya

Map visualizations with inbuilt country charts.



Nyaplot3D

Three Dimensional interactive plots.



Bionya

Biology plots for visualizing relationships of genes.

daru

(Data Analysis in RUbY)

daru

दारु

(Hindi)

— —



sake

alcohol

library for
analysis, cleaning, manipulation and
visualization
of data.

Data indexing

Read/write many data sources

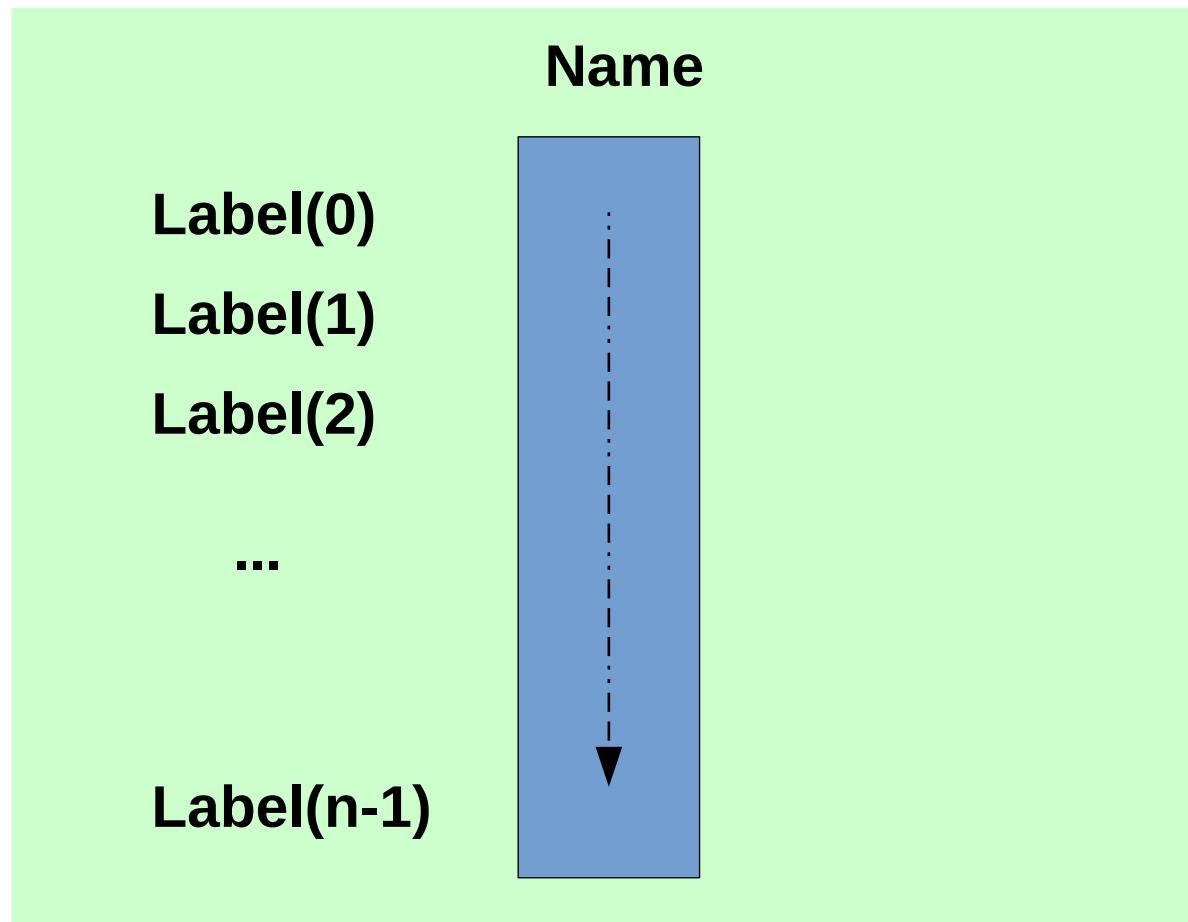
Works well with 'wild' data

Ephemeral statistics functions

Acts as glue between other
SciRuby libraries.

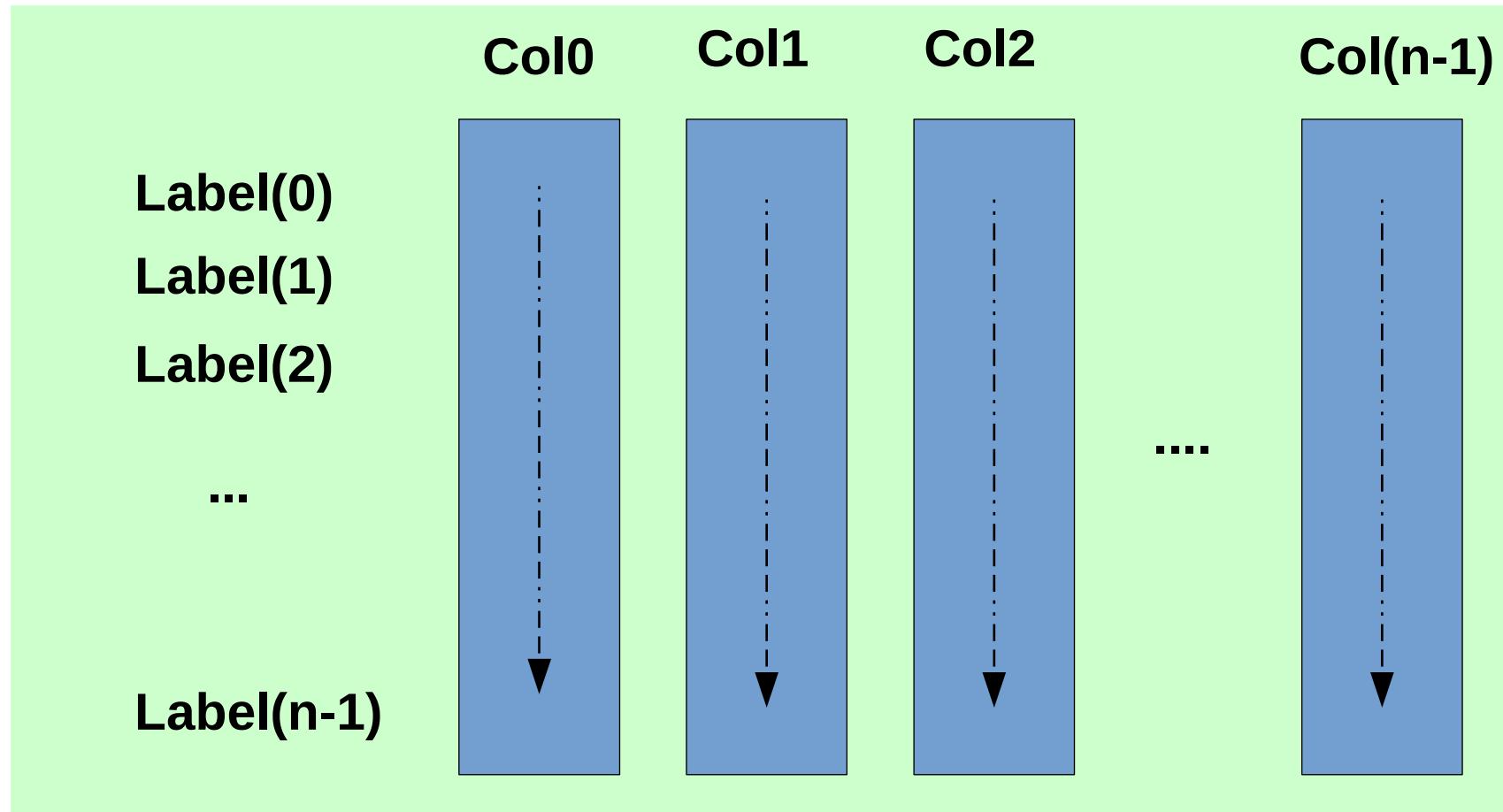
Daru::Vector

Heterogenous Array that can be indexed on any Ruby object.



Daru::DataFrame

2D spreadsheet like data structure indexed by rows or columns.



New Ideas for better Ruby

“Any sufficiently advanced
technology is indistinguishable
from magic.”

- Arthur C. Clarke

Writing C extensions

- FFI gem.
- Rice.
- SWIG.
- Writing C bindings manually.



Rubyist!
Write me a C extension!

```
def factorial n  
  n > 1 ? n*factorial(n-1) : 1  
end
```

```
unsigned long long int
calc_factorial(unsigned long long int n)
{
    return (n > 1 ? n*calc_factorial(n-1) : 1);
}

static VALUE
cffactorial(VALUE self, VALUE n)
{
    return ULL2FIX(
        calc_factorial(NUM2ULL(n)));
}
```

```
void Init_factorial()
{
    VALUE cFact = rb_define_class("Fact",
rb_cObject);

    rb_define_method(cFact, "factorial",
cfactorial, 1);
}
```

```
a = Fact.new  
a.factorial(8000)
```

Big Problems

- Difficult and irritating to write.
- Time consuming to debug.
- Tough to trace memory leaks.
- Change mindset from high level to low level language.
- Need to care about small things.^{TM*}

*Matz – Keynote at Red Dot Ruby Conf 2016, Singapore.

Rubex

v0dro / rubex

Unwatch ▾ 1

Star 4

Fork 0

Code

Issues 0

Pull requests 0

Wiki

Pulse

Graphs

Settings

rubex - A Crystal-inspired language for writing Ruby extensions. — Edit

4 commits

1 branch

0 releases

1 contributor

Branch: master ▾

New pull request

Create new file

Upload files

Find file

Clone or download ▾

Rubex is a Crystal-inspired superset of
Ruby that compiles to C.

```
class Fact

def factorial(unsigned long long int n)
    n > 1 ? n*factorial(n-1) : 1
end

end
```

Create a C static array and return a Ruby Array

```
def adder(n)
```

```
    a = StaticArray(i32, n)
```

```
    i32 i = 0
```

```
    i32 sum = 0
```

```
    a.each(n) { a[i] = i*5 }
```

```
    for 0 <= i < n do
```

```
        sum += a[i]
```

```
    end
```

```
    sum
```

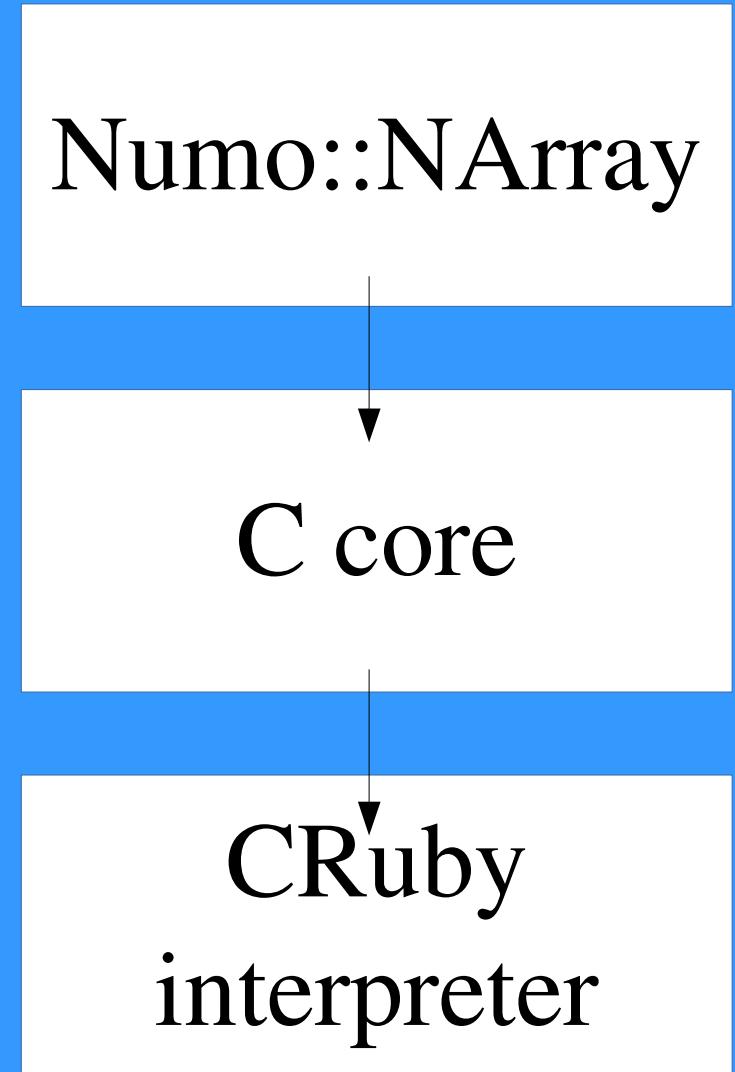
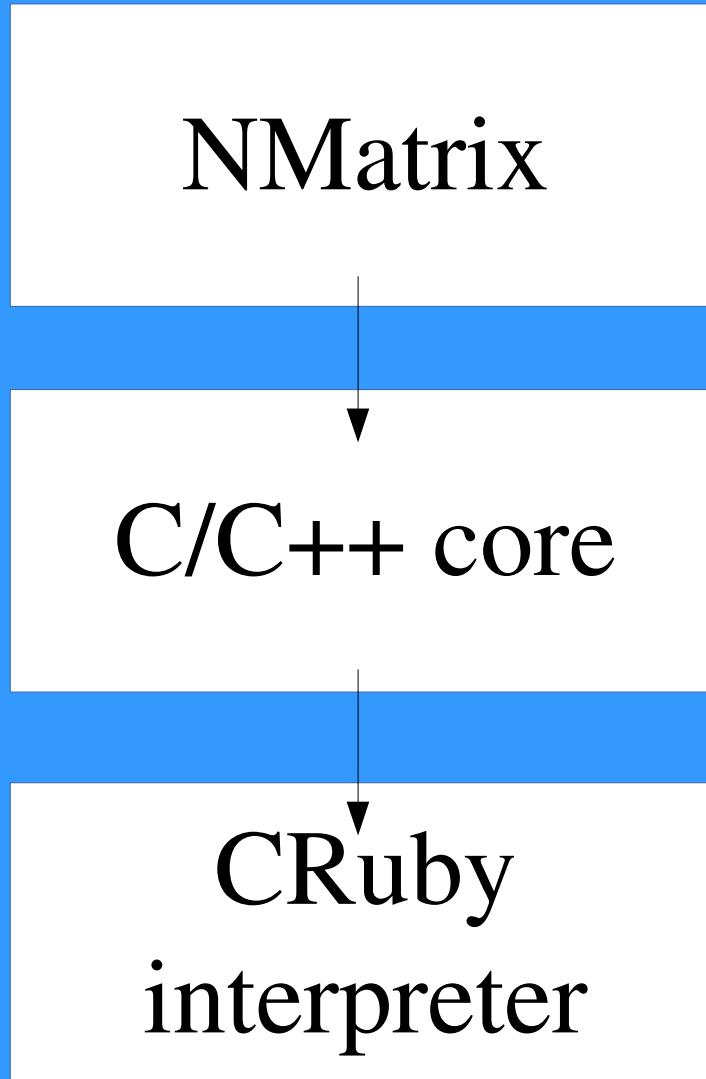
```
end
```

Received the
Ruby Association Grant 2016
for development of Rubex

<https://github.com/v0dro/rubex>

Scientific Computing on JRuby

NMatrix and NArray are a linear algebra libraries for Ruby similar to numpy.



JRuby backend for the NMatrix
Ruby API –
Sci. Computing on JVM.

Uses Apache Commons Math library for storage and operations on internal Java arrays.

Allows interfacing JRuby libraries with jBLAS for performance.

https://github.com/prasunanand/nmatrix/tree/jruby_port

Symbolic Computation in Ruby with `symengine.rb`

$$(x - y) * (x ** y / z)$$

```
require 'symengine'
```

```
x = SymEngine::Symbol.new("x")
```

```
y = SymEngine::Symbol.new("y")
```

```
z = SymEngine::Symbol.new("z")
```

```
f = (x - y) * (x ** y / z)
```

```
f.expand.to_s
```

```
# x**(1 + y)/z - x**y*y/z
```

```
f == - (x**y*y/z) + (x**y*x/z)
```

```
# true
```

[https://github.com/symengine/
symengine.rb](https://github.com/symengine/symengine.rb)

Ruby in Space

NASA SPICE

Ruby wrapper `spice_rub`

```
require 'spice_rub'

k_pool = SpiceRub::KernelPool.instance
k_pool.load_folder("spec/data/kernels")

epoch = SpiceRub::Time.now
moon = SpiceRub::Body.new(:moon)
earth = SpiceRub::Body.now(:earth)

earth.position_at(epoch)
moon.distance_from(:earth, epoch)
# 395791.1464913574 (Km)
```

https://github.com/gau27/spice_rub

Cool SciRuby Stickers



Thank You
Ruby World Conf!



Any questions?