

SECTION 2

Part A:

Clear environment

```
rm(list = ls())
```

Set working directory

```
setwd("/Users/vishvraval/Desktop/R")
```

Load the dataset

```
inputData <- read.table("data.txt")
```

Assign each column to a variable

```
col1 <- inputData[, 1]
```

```
col2 <- inputData[, 2]
```

```
col3 <- inputData[, 3]
```

Install and load the ggplot2 package for plotting

```
install.packages("ggplot2")
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

Generate histograms for each column

Column 1

```
hist(col1, main = "Histogram: Data Column 1", xlab = "Values", col = "red")
```

Column 2

```
hist(col2, main = "Histogram: Data Column 2", xlab = "Values", col = "blue")
```

Column 3

```
hist(col3, main = "Histogram: Data Column 3", xlab = "Values", col = "green")
```

Calculate mean and variance for each column

```
col1Mean <- mean(col1)
```

```
col1Var <- var(col1)
```

```
col2Mean <- mean(col2)
```

```
col2Var <- var(col2)
```

```
col3Mean <- mean(col3)
```

```
col3Var <- var(col3)
```

Display the mean and variance for each column

```
cat("Column 1 - Mean:", col1Mean, "Variance:", col1Var, "\n")
```

```
cat("Column 2 - Mean:", col2Mean, "Variance:", col2Var, "\n")
```

```
cat("Column 3 - Mean:", col3Mean, "Variance:", col3Var, "\n")
```

Shapiro-Wilk test for normality on each column

Column 1

```
shapiro_test_col1 <- shapiro.test(col1)
```

```
cat("Column 1 - Shapiro-Wilk p-value:", shapiro_test_col1$p.value, "\n")
```

Column 2

```
shapiro_test_col2 <- shapiro.test(col2)
```

```
cat("Column 2 - Shapiro-Wilk p-value:", shapiro_test_col2$p.value, "\n")
```

Column 3

```
shapiro_test_col3 <- shapiro.test(col3)
```

```
cat("Column 3 - Shapiro-Wilk p-value:", shapiro_test_col3$p.value, "\n")
```

Part B:

Select data from Column 1

```
sampleData <- inputData[, 1]
```

Sample size, mean, and standard deviation

```
ssize <- length(sampleData)
```

```
smean <- mean(sampleData)
```

```
ssd <- sd(sampleData)
```

Calculate Confidence Interval for the Mean (99%)

```
confidenceLevel <- 0.01
```

```
critical_t <- qt(1 - confidenceLevel / 2, df = ssize - 1)
```

Calculate lower and upper bounds of the confidence interval

```
ci_lowerBound <- smean - critical_t * (ssd / sqrt(ssize))
```

```
ci_upperBound <- smean + critical_t * (ssd / sqrt(ssize))
```

```
cat("Confidence Interval: [", ci_lowerBound, ", ", ci_upperBound, "]\n")
```

Hypothesis Test for Variance($\sigma^2 = 0.5$)

```
hypothesizedVar <- 0.5
```

```
chi_squareStat <- (ssize - 1) * var(sampleData) / hypothesizedVar
```

Compute p-value

```
pvalueVar <- 2 * min(
```

```
  pchisq(chi_squareStat, df = ssize - 1, lower.tail = TRUE),
```

```
  pchisq(chi_squareStat, df = ssize - 1, lower.tail = FALSE))
```

```
cat("Variance Test p-value:", pvalueVar, "\n")
```

Part C:

Analysis on column 3

```
col3 <- inputData[, 3]
```

Calculate the proportion of defective parts

```
proportionDefect <- mean(col3 == 0)
```

```
ssize_col3 <- length(col3)
```

Hypothesis Test for Proportion of Defective Parts

```
proportionHypothesized <- 0.10
```

```
Zscore <- (proportionDefect - proportionHypothesized) / sqrt(proportionHypothesized * (1 -  
proportionHypothesized) / ssize_col3)
```

Calculate p-value for the hypothesis test

```
proportionPvalue <- pnorm(Zscore, lower.tail = TRUE)
```

```
cat("Proportion Test p-value:", proportionPvalue, "\n")
```