

# Open Drain PowerBoard®

for Arduino, Raspberry Pi and Domoticz i2c and MODBUS controlled







### Product description

12 channel open drain Power Board® for Arduino- i2c - MODBUS with POWER MOSFET STB16NE06L transistors.

The controller can work with any device (PLC, HMI) that supports the MODBUS protocol (PLC-> MASTER / Power Board® -> SLAVE) or I2C bus. The system is equipped with 12 MOSFET channels in an open drain system, which allows individual power supply of each channel from an external power source or directly from the PCB board

# Board specification

- 12 high quality transistors Power MOSFET STB16NF06L VDSS 60V, ID 16A
- Operating voltage 5-24V
- Overload protection with polymer fuse
- Overvoltage protection with Transil diode TVS
- Protection against reverse polarity
- i2c You can connect up to 8 boards to one i2c bus up to 96 open drain outputs.
- MODBUS The board is equipped with SN75176A Differential Bus Transceiver

   so the board can communicate with other devices with MODBUS
   communication protocol.
- I2c and MODBUS buses communication noise protected by SM712 ESD + diode - 30kV
- Fan connect option to cooling the transistors. Fan is controlled by a thermistor smooth increase of the fan's rotation as the temperature rises.
- The board is designed for the ITALTRONIC 05.0901530 DIN Rail Modulbox.





# MODBUS

Using the MODBUS protocol it is possible to connect up to 16 PowerBoard® devices on one bus (what makes 192 separate controlled circuits in total). The device supports the basic functions of MODBUS RTU:

- 0x03 read registers,
- 0x06 write one register,
- 0x10 write multiple registers.

Each channel can be controlled individually according to the following table:

Registry address	Value	Description
&H10	> 0	Turn on the output
&H10	0	Turn off output
&H30	> 0	Timer - setting the output ON time
&H31	> 0	Timer - setting the output OFF time
&H32	> 0	Pulse length
&H34	1	Reset the output parameters

# i2c bus

The default i2c board address is set to 0x27.

#### Controlling with ARDUINO:

- 1. Connect board SDA to Arduino pin PC4
- 2. Connect board SCL to Arduino pin PC5

**Example Arduino Sketch Link** 

The board must be powered from the same power source as Arduino or have the common ground!

Contact us: support@pcblab.io



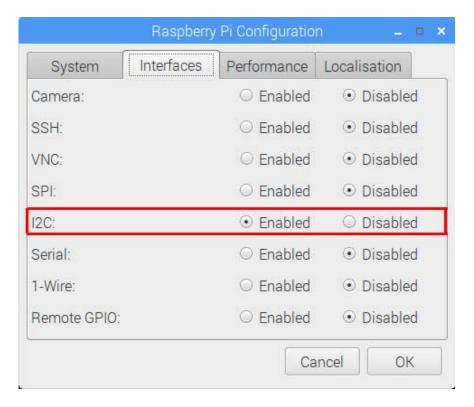
Skontaktuj się z nami: pomoc@pcblab.io



#### Controlling with Raspberry Pi:

- 1. Connect board SDA to RPi pin 3 GPIO2
- 2. Connect board SCL to RPi pin 5 GPIO3

#### Make sure you have turned the i2c on in Raspberry Pi settings



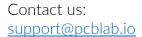
The board must be powered from the same power source as Raspberry Pi or have the common ground!

Now you cant use this example commands:

- i2cdetect -y -1 to check if the board is detected
- i2cset -y 1 0x20 0x12 0x00 where 0x20 is i2c board address, 0x12 is MCP port A address, 0x00 is port valute (0b00000000 set all outputs to off).
- i2cset -y 1 0x27 0x13 0xFF where 0x27 is i2c board address, 0x13 is MCP port B address, 0xFF if port value (0b11111111 set all outputs to on).

#### **Example Python Code**

For more i2c bus settings check the MCP23016 datasheet.



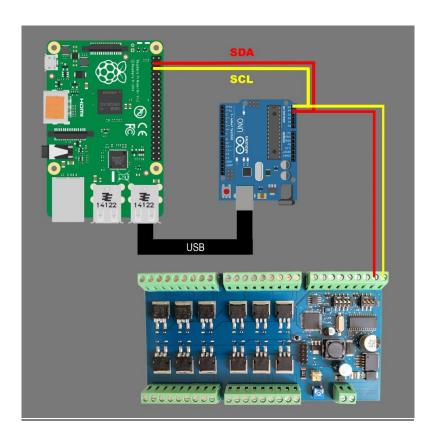




# DOMOTICZ

To use PowerBoard® with Domoticz the best way is to use MySensors Library. Below is an example of configuration.

#### Connection:



#### Code:

### Arduino Example Code

#### Domoticz:

- 1. Go to the Hardware tab and add hardware: MySensors Gateway USB
- 2. Then go to the Switches tab and press **LEARN Light/Switch button**. Then press the button connected to arduino. Do it with all the buttons you have connected to arduino and want to add them to Domoticz.

If you have any further questions feel free to contact us.

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