Data Structures Queue Homework 1

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Problem #1: Deque

- Deque is a **Double ended queue** where you can add/remove from either rear or front. It is not FIFO anymore, but provides great flexibility
- Change the circular queue to include
 - void enqueue_rear(int value) [same old code]
 - void enqueue_front(int value)
 - o int dequeue_front() [same old code]
 - o int dequeue_rear()
- Front/Rear meanings shouldn't change.
- O(1) time complexity for all methods

```
dq = Deque(6)
dq.enqueue front(3)
dq.display()
                                                       Front 5 - rear 0
dq.enqueue front(2)
dq.enqueue rear(4)
                                                                            FULL
dq.enqueue front(1)
                                                       Front 1 - rear 1
dq.enqueue front(5)
                                                       6 5 1 2 3 4
dq.enqueue front(6)
                                                       4
                                                       Front 1 - rear 0
dq.display() # 1 2 3 4
                                                       6 5 1 2 3
print(dq.dequeue rear())
dq.display() # 1 2 3
                                                       Front 2 - rear 0
print(dq.dequeue_front())
                            # 1
                                                       5 1 2 3
dq.display() # 2 3
print(dq.dequeue rear())
                            # 3
                                                       Front 3 - rear 3
                                                                            EMPTY
print(dq.dequeue front())
                                                       Front 3 - rear 3
                                                                            FULL
while not dq.empty():
                                                       10 11 12 13 14 15
    dq.dequeue rear()
dq.display()
for i in range(0, 6):
    dq.enqueue rear(i + 10)
dq.display()
```

Problem #2: Implement a stack using a single queue

- Let's practice aggregations
- Using Linked-list queue, implement stack functionalities
 - You may add a few extra functionalities to the queue code to make your stack code proper
- What is the time complexity of your push/pop?
- Don't implement display

```
class Stack:
    def init (self):
        self.queue = Queue()
   stk = Stack()
   stk.push(10)
   stk.push(20)
   stk.push(30)
   print(stk.peek())
                       # 30
   stk.push(40)
   print(stk.peek())
                       # 40
   while not stk.empty():
       print(stk.pop(), end=' ')
     40 30 20 10
```

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."