

# *Data Structures*

## Circular Queue Code

**Mostafa S. Ibrahim**

*Teaching, Training and Coaching since more than a decade!*

*Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision Researcher*

*PhD from Simon Fraser University - Canada*

*Bachelor / Msc from Cairo University - Egypt*

*Ex-(Software Engineer / ICPC World Finalist)*



# Circular Queue Code

- We can create an array like Array Section
- For simplicity, let's just use the list to create N initial fixed elements
- `_next`
  - Utility to move the a position one step consider the cycling

```
class Queue:
    def __init__(self, size):
        self.added_elements = 0
        self.rear = self.front = 0
        # Let's use list to express our FIXED array
        self.array = [None] * max(1, size)

    def _next(self, pos):
        pos += 1
        if pos == len(self.array):
            pos = 0
        return pos
    # return (pos + 1) % size    # Or shorter way
```

# How to check empty and full status?

- Trivially handled using `added_elements`

```
def empty(self):  
    return self.added_elements == 0  
  
def full(self):  
    return self.added_elements == len(self.array)
```

# Enqueue and Dequeue

- Enqueue: add to the rear index, and move rear
- Dequeue: get from the front index, and move front
- Maintain the added\_elements variable

```
def enqueue(self, value):  
    assert not self.full()  
    self.array[self.rear] = value  
    self.rear = self._next(self.rear)  
    self.added_elements += 1  
  
def dequeue(self):  
    assert not self.empty()  
    value = self.array[self.front]  
    self.front = self._next(self.front)  
    self.added_elements -= 1  
    return value
```

# Display Queue

- Simply start from the front and count based on added\_elements

```
def display(self):
    print(f"Front {self.front} - rear {self.rear}", end = '\t')

    if self.full():
        print("FULL", end='')
    elif self.empty():
        print("EMPTY\n")
        return

    print("")
    cur = self.front

    for step in range(self.added_elements):
        print(self.array[cur], end=" ")
        cur = self._next(cur)
    print("")
```

# Usage

- Please refer to the attached code
- Read the whole main and check the output

```
qu = Queue(6)

assert qu.empty()
qu.display()

for i in range(1, 7):
    assert not qu.full()
    qu.enqueue(i)
    qu.display()

print()

assert qu.full()
for i in range(1, 7):
    assert not qu.empty()
    qu.dequeue()
    qu.display()
```

*“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”*

*“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”*