

Data Structures

Abstract Data Type

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What vs How

- Do you care how:
 - a TV/Car work? Google really searches and find results? Browser access the internet?
 - How python computes power function: $2 ** 3.7$
 - How Python handles OS to read/write from files using fstream?
- Most of the time, the user care about WHAT not HOW
 - What = Function takes and return
 - How = it is implemented. But
 - Some implementation can be slow (loop to sum 1 to n) or fast ($\text{sum} = n * (n+1) / 2$)
 - Some might be buggy or stable (internet explorer vs Firefox)
 - Some might takes more memory (chrome vs Firefox)
 - We can **change** the internal implementation of the class **independently** without affecting the user.
 - User depends on **limited visible** functionalities of specific WHAT details

Data Types

- **Primitive Data Type**
 - E.g. int, float
 - Supported Operations: e.g. $x + 2 * y$
- **User-Defined Data Type**
 - E.g. Our Array
 - Supported Operations: append and insert
- What is an **Abstract** Data Type?
 - It is like a user defined data type
 - But we **focus** on the **what**: e.g. append
 - But we **don't** care about **how** (not specified yet)
 - is it slow append or append with capacity trick?
 - There is only ONE what, but MANY how

What is ADT?

- ADTs are a **theoretical** concept. More like logical/mathematical view
 - We specify the **what** part and also potentially the expected **performance**
 - **It is independent** of a programming language and **how** it will be implemented
- Data structures are **concrete**. They are implementing the ADT
 - E.g. providing a append functionality with **capacity** enhancement
- The word abstraction?!
 - Abstraction is about **hiding** unwanted details while **showing** most essential in a given **context**
 - So we show the expected 'what' is supported and hide the how
 - Abstraction = High-level
 - Tip: Senior managers have high abstraction skills
 - They focus on the **big picture** and let the **technical** details for the engineers

Why ADT?

- Recall when you learned list/dict, did u care how it is implemented?
 - Similarly, when you first learned driving, you never care of the inner details of a car
- ADT are acting like an **interface**
 - We as clients: use it based on the agreed provided functionality (interface)
 - The implementer: follow the agreed design (interface)
- In industry
 - You discuss with your team lead the proper interface (provided functionalities / logic)
 - Then implement it

List ADT

- `append(item)`
 - add an element to the end of the list
- `insert(index, item)`
- `remove(item)`
- `index(value)`: Return the **position** of the given value or **fail** if not found
 - In Python, the position will be 0-based index.
 - An exception is thrown if not found

“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”

“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”