

Python Programming

Circular Imports 1

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Circular Imports

- We learned python imports a module only once!
- The interpreter checks the module registry in `sys.modules`
 - Is it cached?
 - Yes \Rightarrow Use it
 - No \Rightarrow **1) Mark** in the registry. **2) initialize it**
 - Observe it will be marked although it is **partially initialized** so far
- But what if module A is importing module B which is importing module A?
 - $A \Rightarrow B \Rightarrow A$ Cycle: Circular Import
 - It can be a bigger tricky cycle: **A** \Rightarrow B \Rightarrow C \Rightarrow D \Rightarrow **A**
- This cycle typically causes problems
 - Python itself won't reimport (stops normally - doesn't go forever)
 - But some functions/classes might not be **defined**

Let's run c.py

```
a.py x
1 import b
2 def af():
3     return b.x
4 af()
```

```
b.py x
1 import a
2 x = 1
3 def bf():
4     print(a.af())
5
```

```
c.py x
1 import a
2
```

- c.py
 - c.py: line 1
 - ...
 - a.py: line 1
 - ...
 - b.py line 1
 - b.py line 2
 - b.py line 3
 - a.py: line 2
 - a.py: line 4
 - a.py: line 3
 - c.py: line 2
- Run as a **script**
 - import a
 - Is initialized? No. Mark it & initialize
 - import b
 - Is initialized? No. Mark it & initialize
 - Import a: in-progress - **skip**
 - x = 1
 - def bf():
 - def af()
 - call af()
 - b.x: [get from the module] ⇒ 1

Let's run d.py

```
a.py x
1 import b
2 def af():
3     return b.x
4 af()
```

```
b.py x
1 import a
2 x = 1
3 def bf():
4     print(a.af())
5
```

```
d.py x
1 import b
2
```

- d.py
- d.py: line 1
 - ...
 - b.py: line 1
 - ...
 - a.py line 1
 - a.py line 2
 - a.py line 4
 - a.py line 3
- Run as a **script**
- import b
 - Is initialized? No. Mark it & initialize
 - import a
 - Is initialized? No. Mark it & in
 - Import b: in-progress - **skip**
 - def af()
 - call af()
 - b.x: Error! **partially initialized**
module 'b' has no attribute 'x'
- Observe:
 - Running b.py itself won't cause error
 - As b.py in first run is not marked
 - Script here / NOT imported

Another case

```
x.py x
1 import y
2
3 def f1():
4     y.f2()
5
6 def f3():
7     pass
8
```

```
y.py x
1 import x
2
3 def f2():
4     # Move the above import here
5     x.f3()
```

```
z.py x
1 import x
2
3 x.f1()
4
5 import y
6 y.f2()
7
```

- It works fine.
- When we call functions, all modules will be fully initialized

“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”

“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”