Python Programming Reading from files

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Reading: open, read and close

```
path = 'data.txt'  # relative path (to running point)
file = open(path, 'r') # r is the mode argument for reading
for line in file: # iterate on files
# notice, each line has \n in its end
print(line, end='')
file.close()
Observe printed as lines
hello
I am
mostafa
saad ibrahim
12345
 1111111
```

data.txt ×		6 01.py
1	hello	
2	I am	
3	mostaf	a
4 5		
6 7	saad i 12345	.brahim

readline and readlines Methods

Readlines method read all the file content!

```
path = 'data.txt'  # relative path (to running point)
file = open(path, 'r')
string = file.readline()

print(string)  # hello

lines = file.readlines()
print(lines)
# ['I am\n', 'mostafa\n', '\n', '\n', 'saad ibrahim\n', '12345\n']
# pileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: 'notexist.txt'
# open('notexist.txt', 'r')
```

Pythonic way

- The with statement guarantees for us the file close
 - Stick to use it. Many guys forget to close or wrongly handle the close with exceptions
 - Leaving too many files not closed may cause problems

```
pythonic way: use with statement
    # no need for file.close

path = 'data.txt'
lines = []
with open(path, 'r') as file:
    lines = file.readlines()

#['hello\n', 'I am\n', 'mostafa\n', '\n', '\n', 'saad ibrahim\n', '12345\n']
print(lines)
```

.read().splitlines

- One of the very common ways to read the file content
- read() return whole file as a string, then you can do whatever
 - E.g. split based on commas

```
path = 'data.txt'
lines = []
with open(path, 'r') as file:
    lines = file.read().splitlines()

# removing the end of line
# ['hello', 'I am', 'mostafa', '', '', 'saad ibrahim', '12345']
print(lines)

# you can then do whatever on list
# strip, iterate in reversed way, etc
```

Encoding: UTF-8

```
path = 'data_utf8.txt'

with open(path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
    lines = file.read().splitlines()
    print(lines)

# ['Dürst. 'markvs', 'Σ∀x∈R H₂ ði ὅ Σὲ ὅτ ແμ']

# UnicodeDecodeError: 'ascii' codec can't decode

# byte 0xc3 in position 1: ordinal not in range(128)

with open(path, 'r', encoding='ASCII') as file:
    lines = file.read().splitlines()
    print(lines)
```

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."