

1 The problem

This is a problem 87 from Project Euler.

2 Definitions

```
import Control.Monad (guard)
import Math.Sieve.Factor
import qualified Data.Set as Set
```

```
max_n = 50000000
```

Let's generate a global sieve:

```
si = sieve max_n
```

And use it to get some primes:

```
primes = filter (isPrime si) [1..max_n `div` 10]
```

3 Straight solution

We can just enumerate all triples (p_1, p_2, p_3) :

```
enumerate_triples :: [(Int, Int, Int)]
enumerate_triples = do p1 ← takeWhile ( $\lambda p1 \rightarrow (p1 \uparrow 4 < max\_n)$ ) primes
  p2 ← takeWhile ( $\lambda p2 \rightarrow (p1 \uparrow 4 + p2 \uparrow 3 < max\_n)$ ) primes
  p3 ← takeWhile ( $\lambda p3 \rightarrow (p1 \uparrow 4 + p2 \uparrow 3 + p3 \uparrow 2 < max\_n)$ ) primes
  return (p1, p2, p3)
```

```
convert_triple :: (Int, Int, Int) → Int
convert_triple (p1, p2, p3) = p1  $\uparrow$  4 + p2  $\uparrow$  3 + p3  $\uparrow$  2
```

```
main :: IO ()
main = do print $ length primes
  print $ Set.size $ Set.fromList $ map convert_triple enumerate_triples
```

I'm using a *Set* because *nub* is too slow. 30 seconds - not to be ashamed.