

MC2MC

Azure Governance – 101



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About Me



- 14+ years of experience across designing and developing enterprise-class applications
- Microsoft Certified Azure Solutions Architect Expert
- Cloud Architect at Kiewit
- Organizer, Omaha Azure User Group
- Listed among the "Top 50 Microsoft Azure Blogs, Websites & Influencers in 2020"
- Speaker | Blogger
- #AzureHeroes Community & Content Hero
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Agenda

- Azure Resource Manager
- Azure Resource Hierarchy / Scopes
- Azure Management Groups / Subscriptions / Resource Groups
- Azure Policies
- Azure Role-based access control
- Azure Resource Graph
- Azure Blueprints
- Azure Cost Management

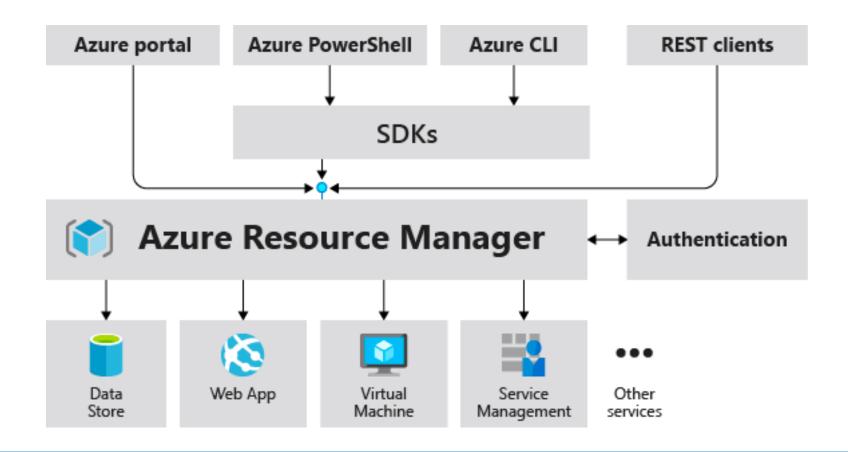


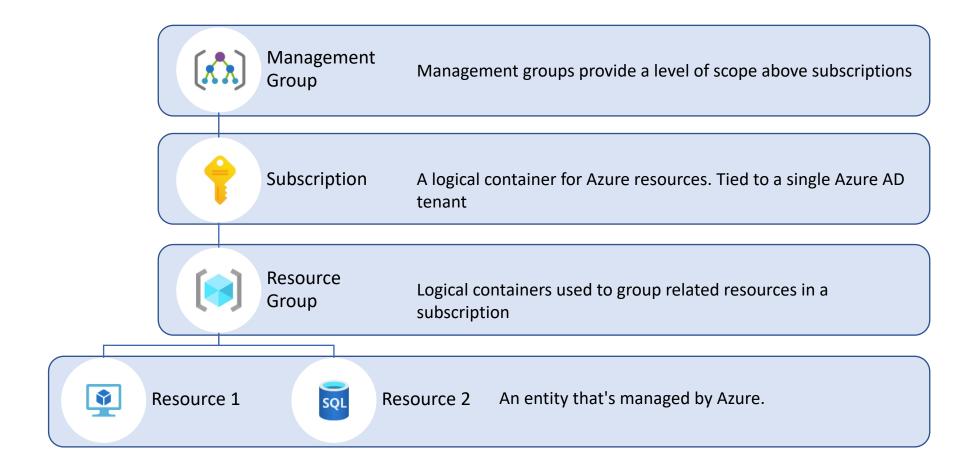
Azure Resource Manager (ARM)

- Resource manager provides template based repeatable deployment model for all Azure resources
- Within Resource Manager, resources can be grouped, deployed, managed and monitored as a resource group
- Reusable/linkable JSON template
- Mark one resource dependable on another
- Supports tagging of resources
- Microsoft recommends all the new Azure resources should be created using ARM



Azure Resource Manager (ARM)







Management Groups

- Group subscriptions into containers called as Management Groups
- Management groups provide a level of scope above subscriptions
- Management groups can be nested
- Removes the need to manage/govern individual subscriptions
- Tenant root group is always created by default and cannot be changed or deleted
- Name of a management group cannot be changed after creation
- All the policies that you define in a management group gets applied to all the underlying management groups and subscriptions
- To delete a management group, first move all the subscriptions out of it



Subscription

- An Azure subscription is a logical container for Azure resources
- Each Azure resource can be associated with only one subscription
- Each azure subscription is linked to an Azure Active Directory tenant
- An Azure subscription is linked to an Azure offer which defines the pricing and other benefits
- An Azure Subscription acts as a boundary of scale with defined scale limits
- An Azure subscription also acts as an administrative boundary

Azure Account Offer Types

- Free Account
- Sign up for a free trial at https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/free/ to receive 200\$ free credit for one month.
- Certain services are free for 12 months and 25+ services are always free.
- Pay-As-You-Go Account
- Create a pay-as-you-go account directly -or- convert your free account to payas-you-go account.
- Can be cancelled at any time.
- Credit card on file is billed on a monthly basis.
- Visual Studio Subscribers
- \$50 or \$150 credit per month



Azure Billing Account Types

- Microsoft Online Services Program: A individual billing account for a Microsoft Online Services Program is created when you sign up for Azure through the Azure website.
- Enterprise Agreement: A billing account for an Enterprise Agreement is created when your organization signs an Enterprise Agreement (EA) to use Azure.
- Microsoft Customer Agreement: A billing account for a Microsoft Customer Agreement is created when your organization works with a Microsoft representative to sign a Microsoft Customer Agreement.

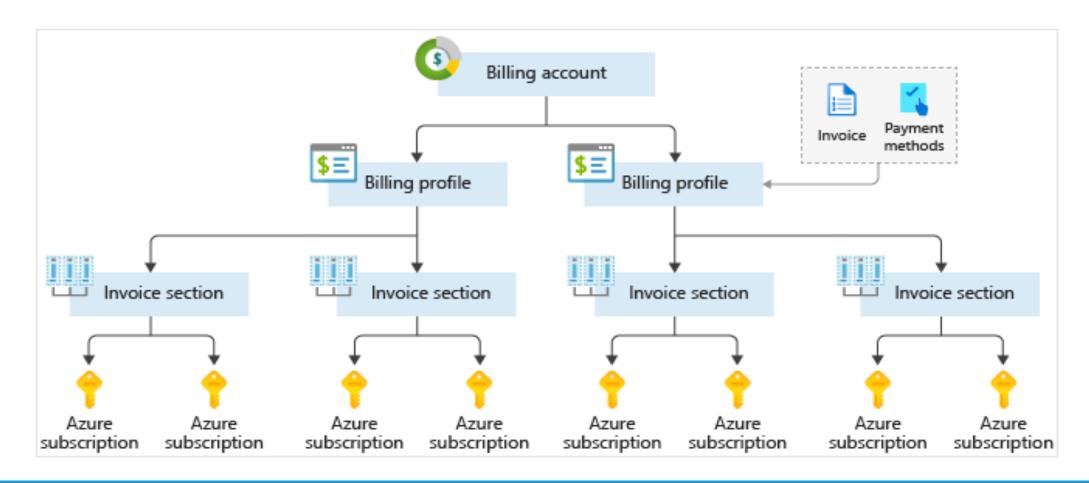


Azure Account vs Azure Subscription?

Azure Billing Account

- A billing account is created when you sign up to use Azure.
- Billing account is used to manage invoices, payments, and track costs.
- You can have access to multiple billing accounts.
- Azure Subscription
- An Azure subscription is a logical container used to provision resources in Azure.
- When you sign up for an account, an Azure subscription is created by default.
- There can be multiple subscriptions under an account.
- Any resource that you create in Azure must be created within a subscription.

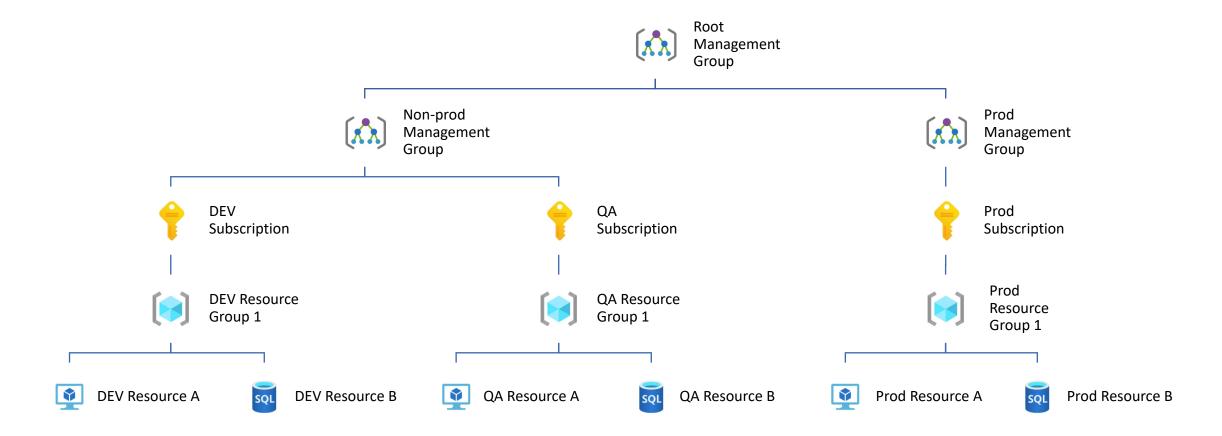
Azure Account Structure



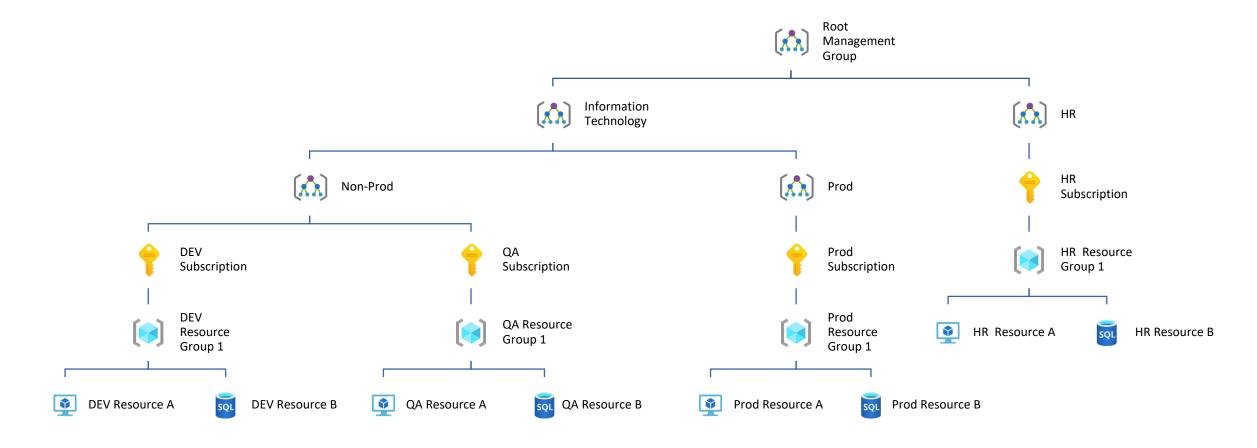
Resource Groups

- Under ARM, all the resources are grouped into a Resource Group
- All of the resources in a resource group share the same lifecycle
- A resource can only be assigned to one group at a time
- Most types of resource can be moved to a different resource group at any time
- The resources in a resource group can be in different regions
- You can use a resource group to control access for the resources therein

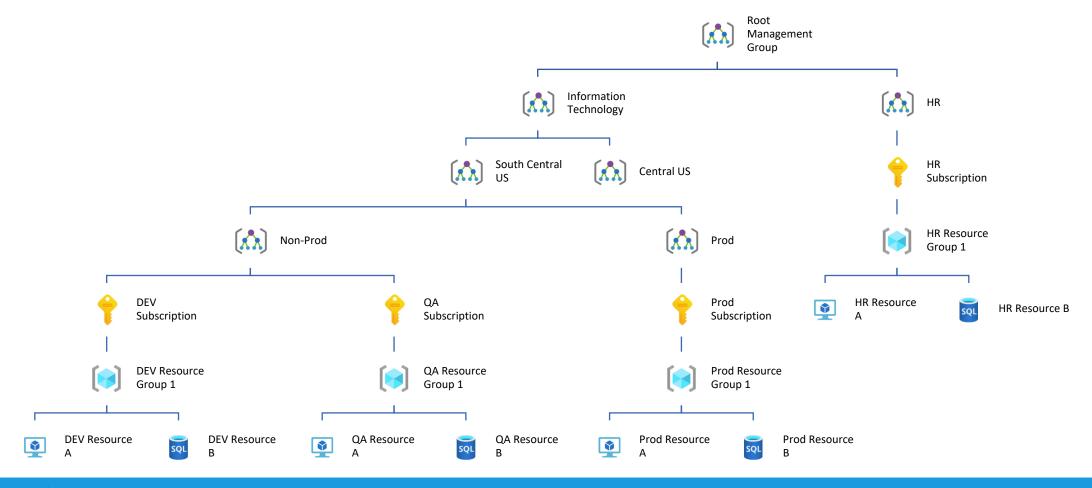














Demo - 1

Azure resource hierarchy

Defines set of rules for enforcing organizational standards and assessing compliance

Scans Azure Resources and provides compliance reports in a dashboard

Supports remediation

Examples –

- Allowed resource types
- Allowed Locations
- Allowed Virtual Machines SKUs



Assignment Options –

- 1. Policy
- 2. Initiative Group of policies

Three parts of a policy:

- 1. Policy Definition
- 2. Policy Assignment
- 3. Policy Parameters

List of Built-in Policies: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/samples/built-in-policies

Assignment Options –

- 1. Policy
- 2. Initiative Group of policies

Three parts of an initiative:

- 1. Initiative Definition
- 2. Initiative Assignment
- 3. Initiative Parameters

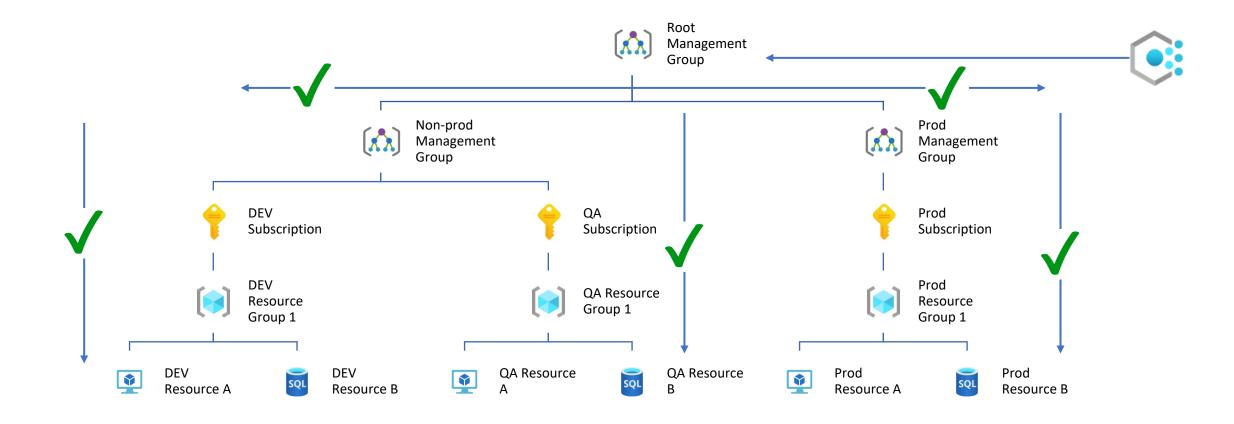
List of Built-in Initiatives: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/samples/built-in-initiatives



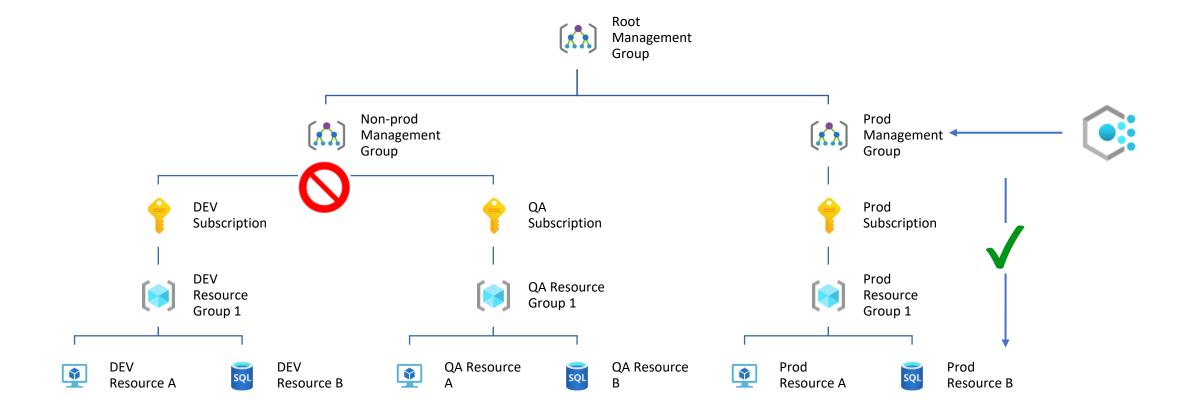
```
1
 2
        "properties": {
         "displayName": "Allowed virtual machine size SKUs",
 3
 4
         "policyType": "BuiltIn",
 5
          "mode": "Indexed",
          "description": "This policy enables you to specify a set of virtual machine size SKUs that your organization can deploy.",
 6
          "metadata": {
           "version": "1.0.1",
 8
 9
            "category": "Compute"
10
11
          "parameters": {
12
            "listOfAllowedSKUs": {
13
             "type": "Array",
             "metadata": {
14
15
               "description": "The list of size SKUs that can be specified for virtual machines.",
16
               "displayName": "Allowed Size SKUs",
17
                "strongType": "VMSKUs"
18
19
20
          "policyRule": {
21
           "if": {
22
23
             "allOf": [
24
25
                 "field": "type",
                 "equals": "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines"
26
27
                },
28
29
30
                   "field": "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/sku.name",
                    "in": "[parameters('listOfAllowedSKUs')]"
31
32
33
34
35
           "then": {
36
             "effect": "Deny"
37
38
```

Effects of an Azure Policy:

- 1. Append
- 2. Audit
- 3. AuditIfNotExists
- 4. Deny
- 5. DeployIfNotExists
- 6. Disabled
- 7. Modify







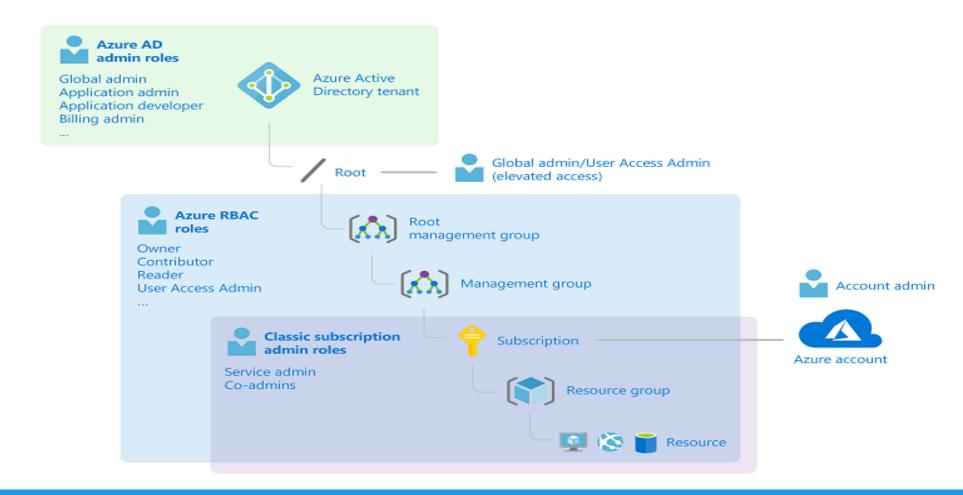


Demo - 2

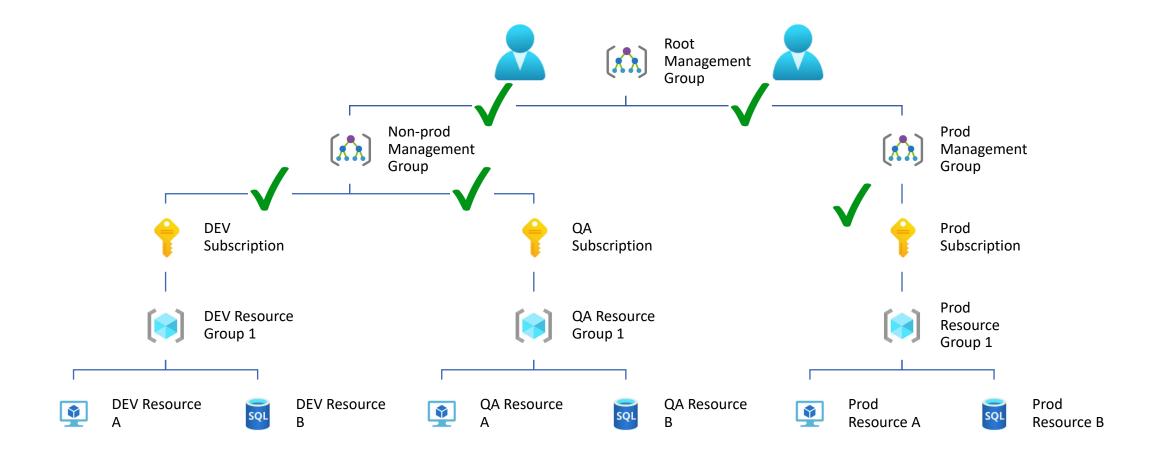
Azure Policies

Azure Role based Access Control

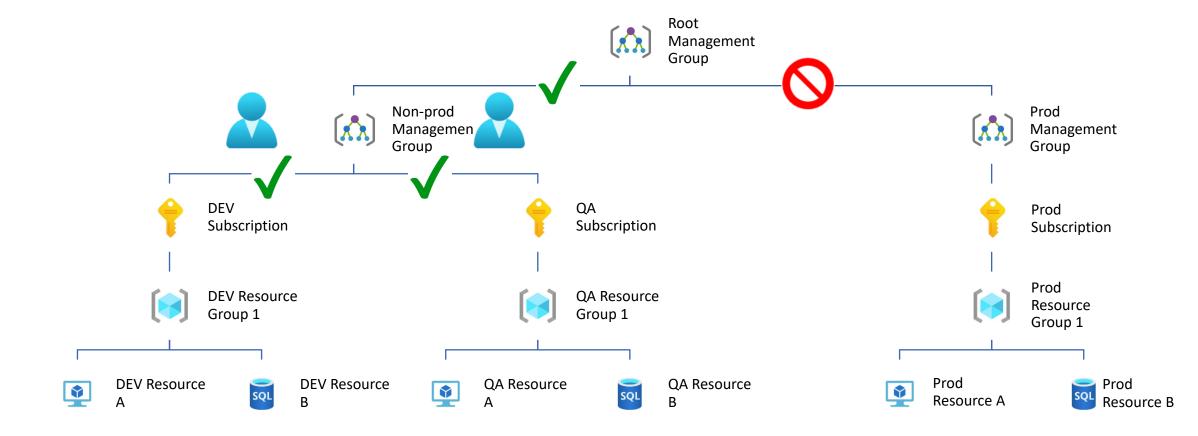
- Fine-grained control over the operations and scope with which a user can perform an action
- Supported roles-
 - Owner
 - Reader
 - SQL DB contributor
 - SQL Security Manager
 - Storage Account Contributor
 - VM Contributor
 - Custom Roles
- Applies to any security principal like user, group and service principal
- Different roles from Azure Active Directory roles



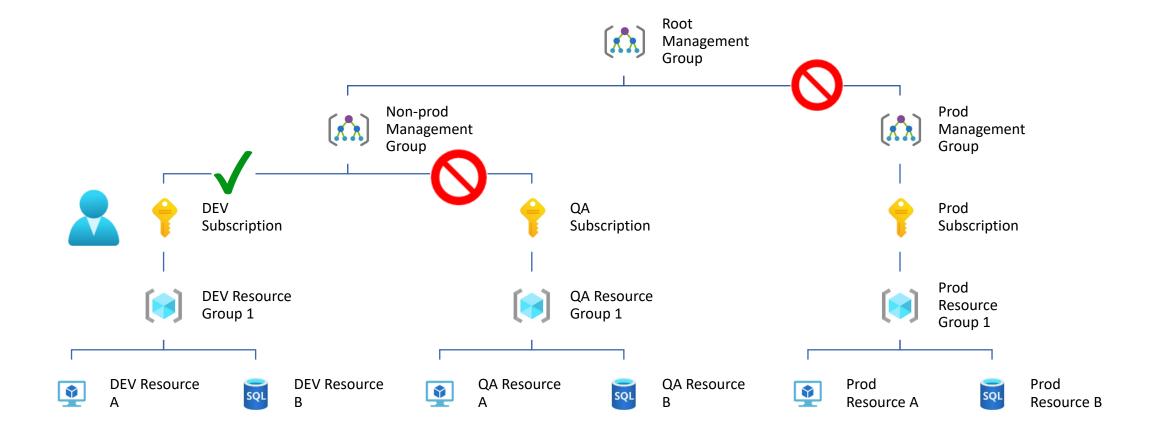














DEMO - 3

Role-based access control

Azure Blueprints

Blueprints offer a declarative way to orchestrate the deployment of artifacts enabling quick repeatable creation of fully governed environments. Artifacts include:

- 1. Role Assignments (RBAC)
- 2. Policy Assignments (Azure Policies)
- 3. ARM templates
- 4. Resource groups

Lifecycle –

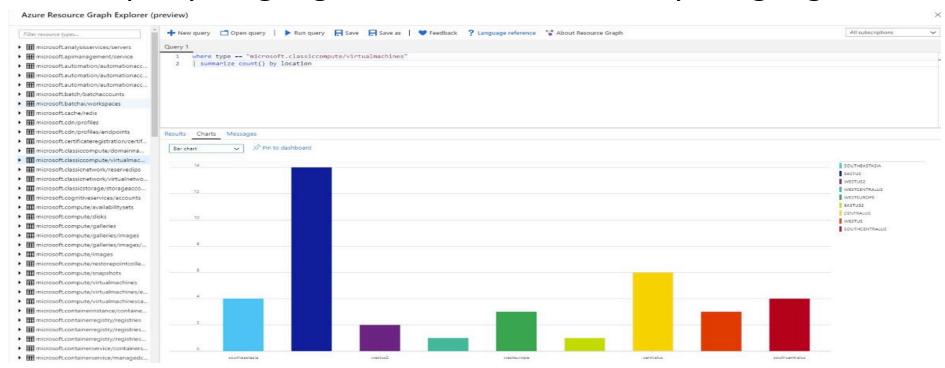
- 1. Create and Edit
- 2. Publish



Azure Resource Graphs

Powerful resource exploration tool

Uses a query language based on Kusto Query Language

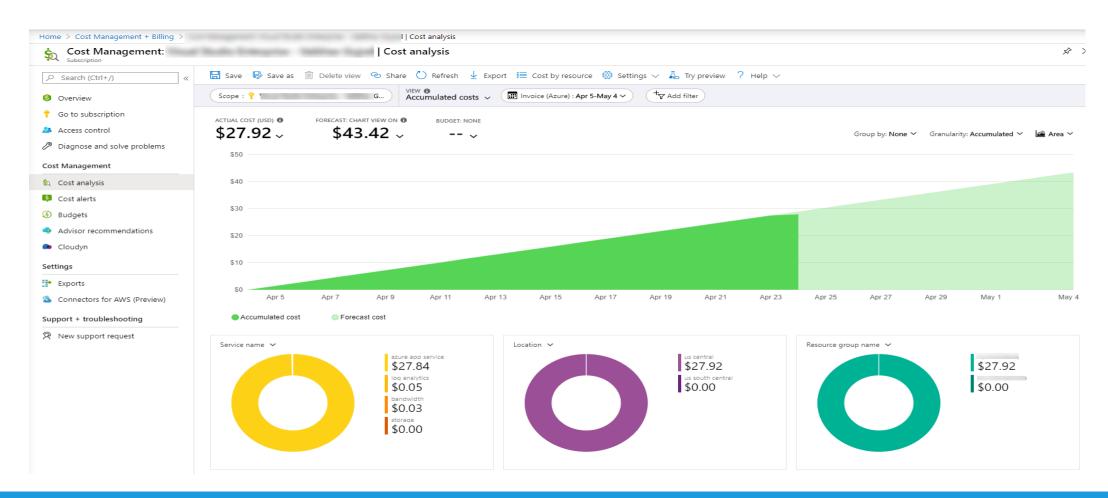




Demo - 4

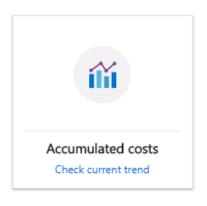
Azure Resource graph

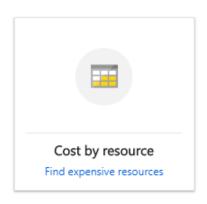
Azure Cost Management

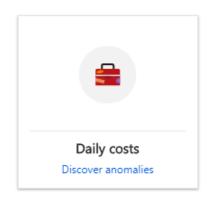


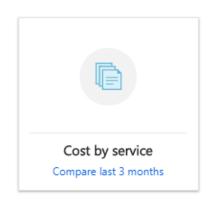


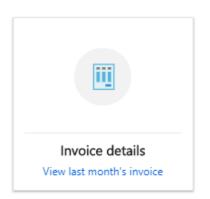
Azure Cost Management











Tags

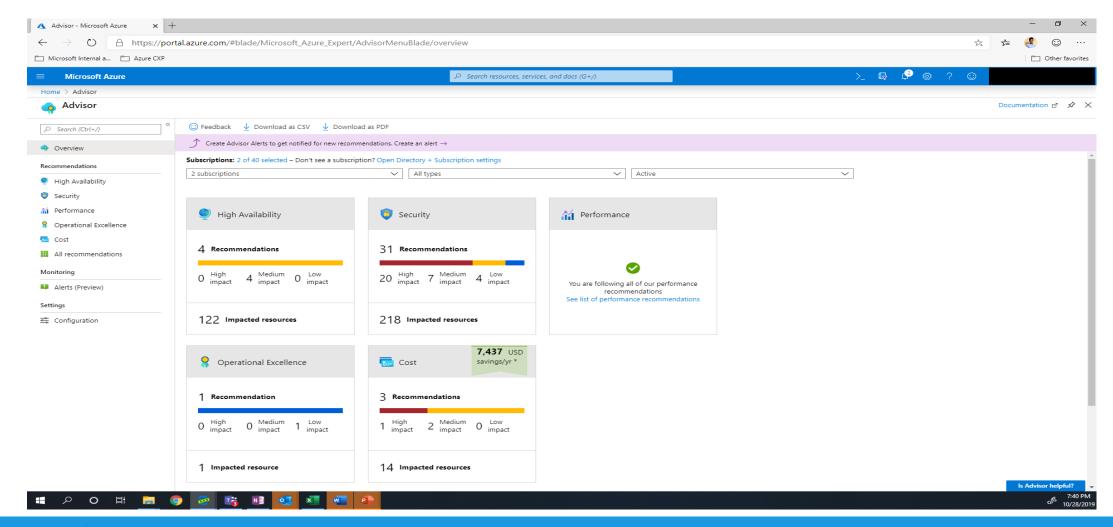
Tags can be applied to logically organize Azure resources into taxonomy Tags can be applied to –

- 1. Subscriptions
- 2. Resource Groups
- 3. Resources

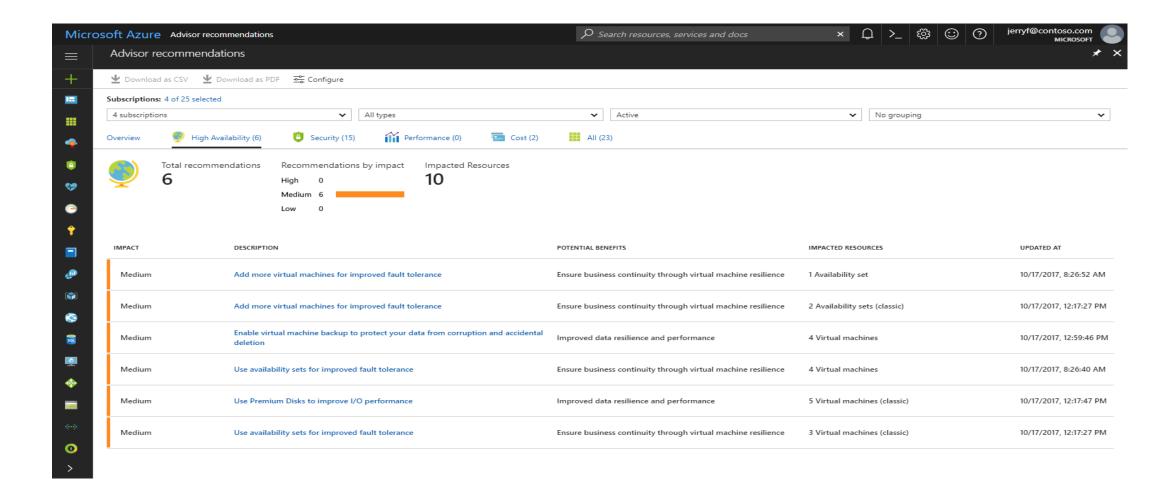
Examples – costcenter, env, owner, department

Tagging Decision Guide - https://bit.ly/30BR75x

Azure Advisor



Azure Advisor





Demo - 5

Azure Cost management

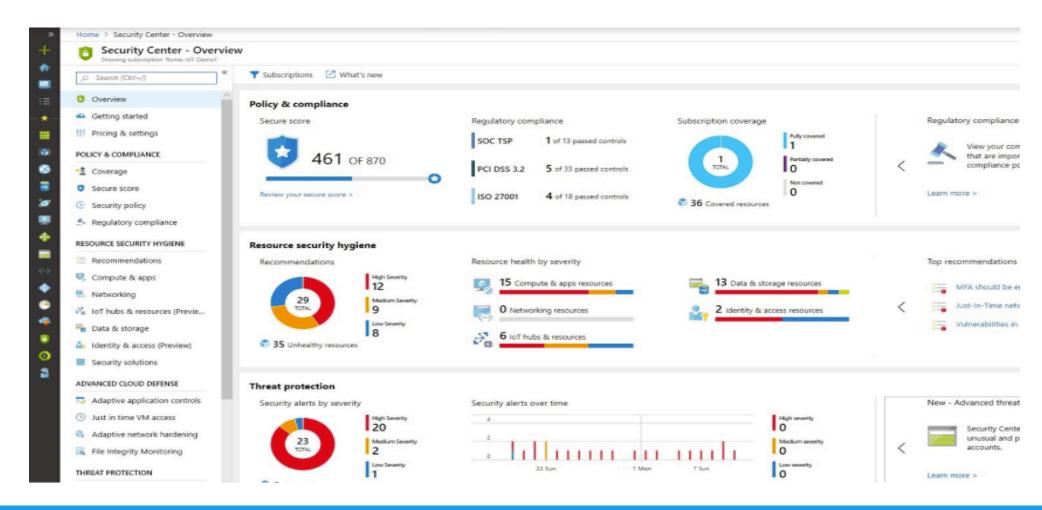
Resource Locks

Lock resources to prevent accidental deletion or modification Two Lock levels:

- <u>CanNotDelete</u> Authorized users can read and modify but cannot delete the resource
- <u>ReadOnly</u> Authorized users can read a resource but cannot delete or update

Only an Owner or User Access Administrator can create or delete resource locks

Azure Security Center



Resources for further reading

- 1. Cloud Adoption Framework: https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/cloud-adoption-framework/
- 2. Azure Governance: https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/solutions/governance/
- 3. Azure Architecture Center: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/
- 4. Microsoft Azure Documentation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/



Q&A



