

Václav Alt

alt.vaclav@gmail.com

Teams

web: vaclav-alt.github.io

heslo: nemamradlekorici

2 testy

PT: 80b.

60% = 120b.

PT: 120b.

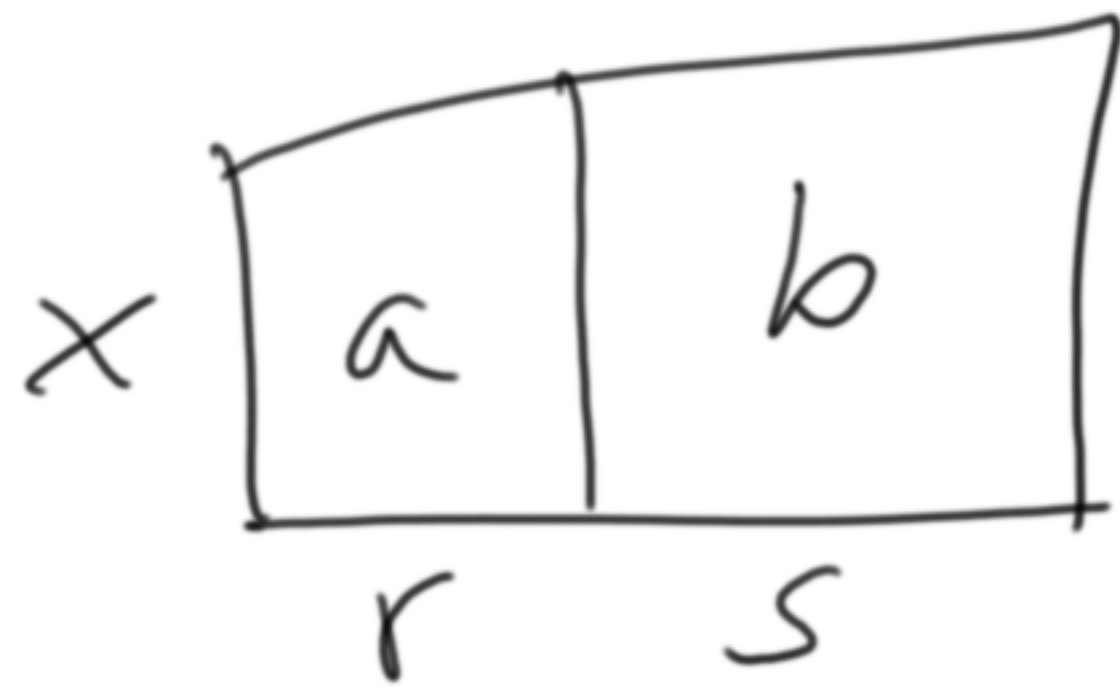
PT: 30.3. 17:30 úterý 2h  
10.4. 9:00 sobota

Obsah: Množiny, vlastnosti čísel, rovnice  
a nerovnice, grafy funkcí  
rámcově po Lin a kvadr. fce (včetně)





$$S = 2000 \text{ m}^2$$



$$S_a, S_b$$

$$\frac{S_b}{S_a} = \frac{3}{2}$$

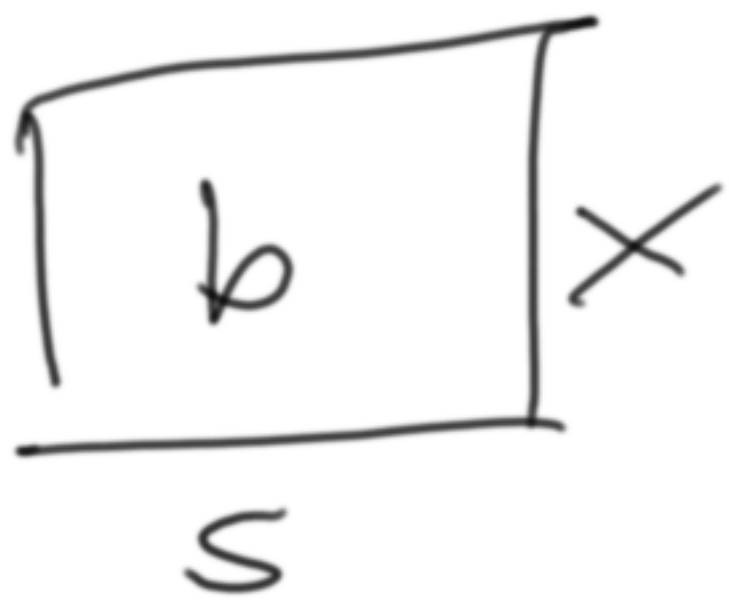
$$s = r + 10$$

$$S_a + S_b = S$$

$$r + s = y$$

$$S_a = x \cdot r$$

$$S_b = x \cdot s$$



$$\frac{s}{x} = ?$$

$$S = x \cdot y = x \cdot (r + s) = x \cdot (r + r + 10) = x \cdot (2r + 10)$$

$$S_a = x \cdot r$$

$$S_b = x \cdot s = x \cdot (r + 10)$$

$$\frac{S_b}{S_a} = \frac{x(r+10)}{x \cdot r} = \left| \frac{r+10}{r} = \frac{3}{2} \right| \quad / \cdot r$$

$$r + 10 = \frac{3}{2}r \quad / \cdot 2$$

$$2r + 20 = 3r$$

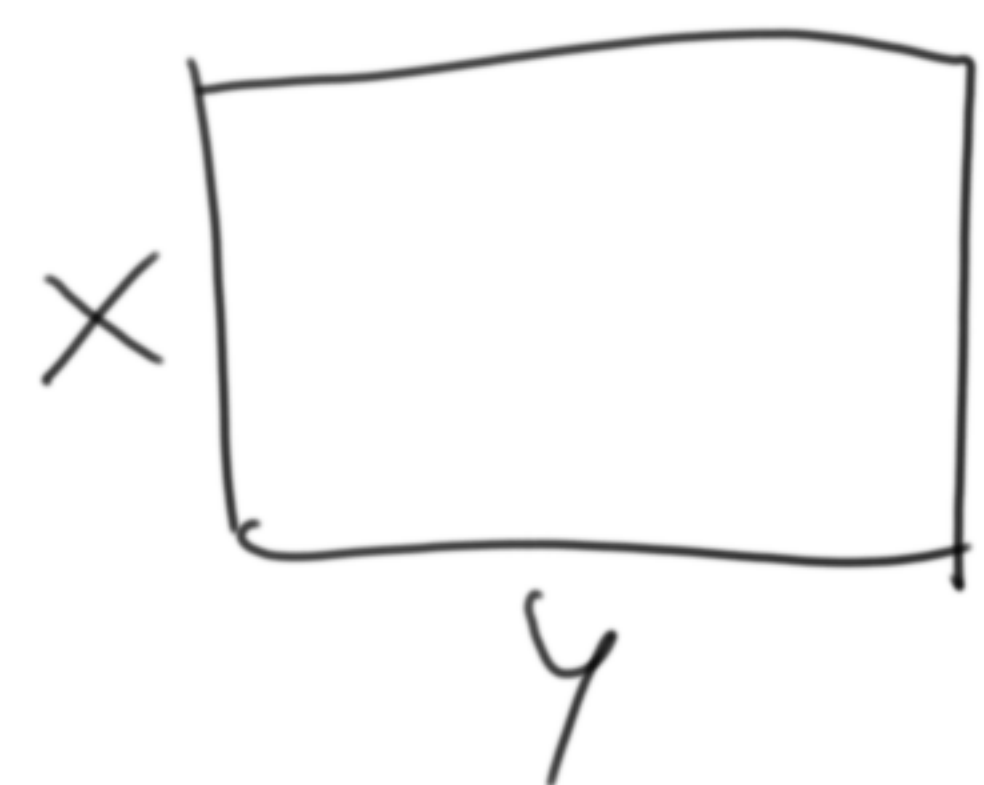
$$\boxed{r = 20}$$

$$s = r + 10$$

$$\boxed{s = 30}$$

$$y = r + s$$

$$y = 20 + 30 = 50 \text{ m}$$



$$S = 2000 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= x \cdot y$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{x} = \frac{S}{y} = \frac{2000}{50} = 40 \text{ m}$$

$$x = \frac{S}{y} = \frac{2000 \text{ m}^2}{50 \text{ m}} = \frac{2000}{50} \cdot \frac{\text{m} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{m}} = 40 \text{ m}$$

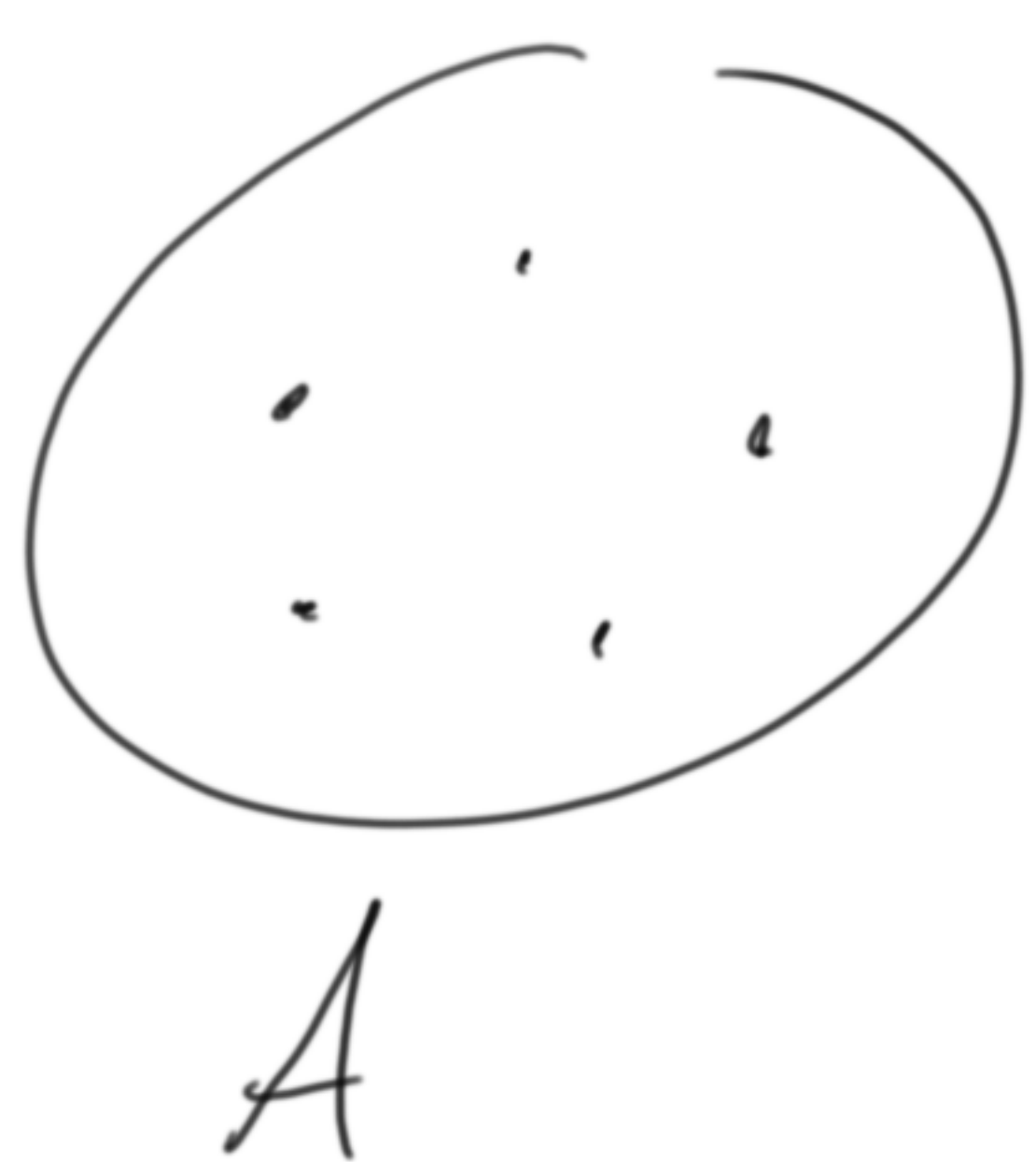
$$\boxed{x = 40 \text{ m}}$$



$$\frac{s}{x} = \frac{30}{40} = \frac{3}{4}$$



# Zobrazení a množiny



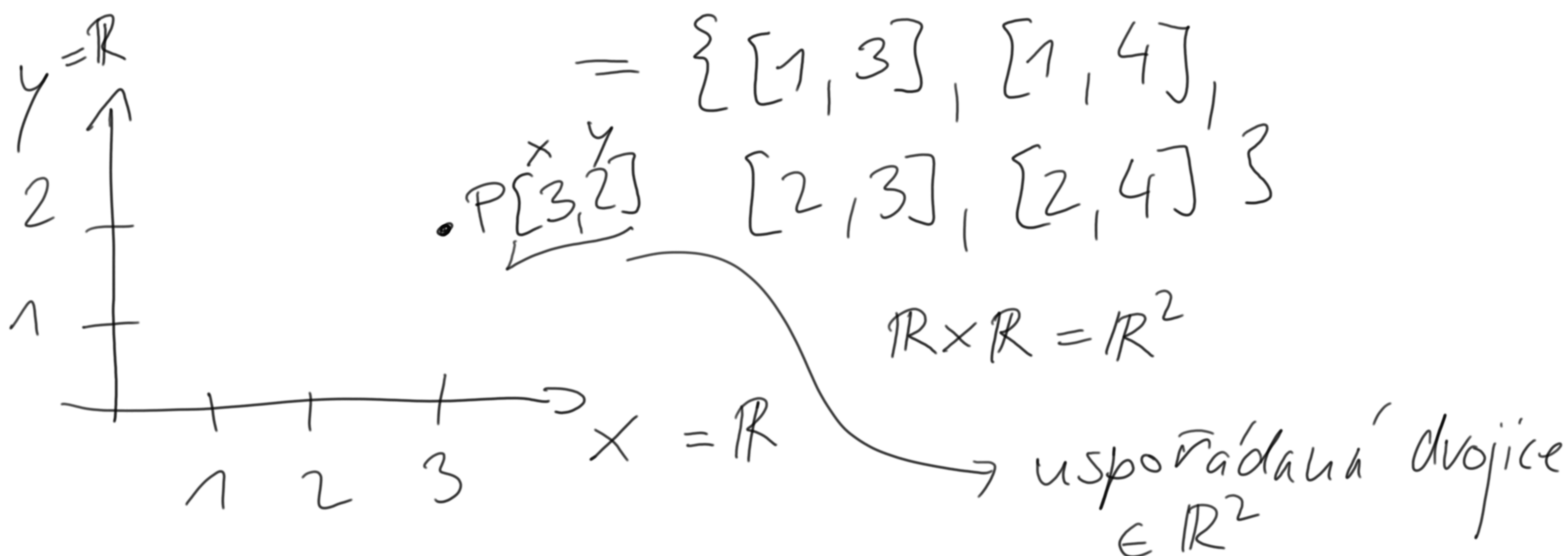
Kartézský součin

$$A = \{1, 2\}$$

$$B = \{3, 4\}$$

$$A \times B = \{[a, b] : a \in A \wedge b \in B\}$$

$$= \{[1, 3], [1, 4], [2, 3], [2, 4]\}$$



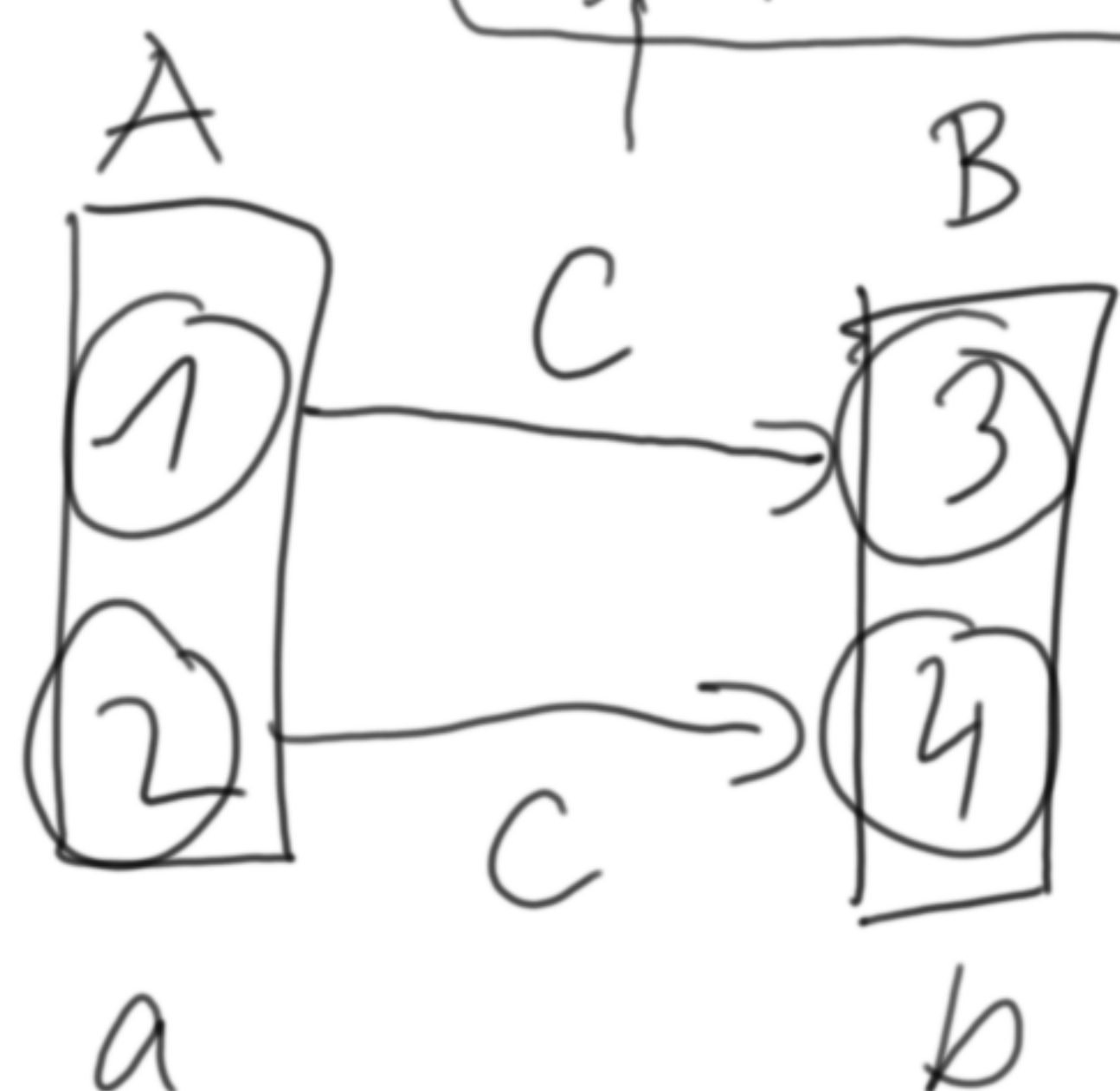
$$A \times B, \quad C \subset A \times B$$

Pr.  $C = \{[1, 3], [2, 4]\}$

Zobrazení  $F \subseteq A$  do  $B$   $F: A \rightarrow B$

podmnožina  $A \times B$ :

$$\underbrace{[a, b_1], [a, b_2]}_{\in F} \Rightarrow \underbrace{b_1 = b_2}$$



$$[1, 3]$$

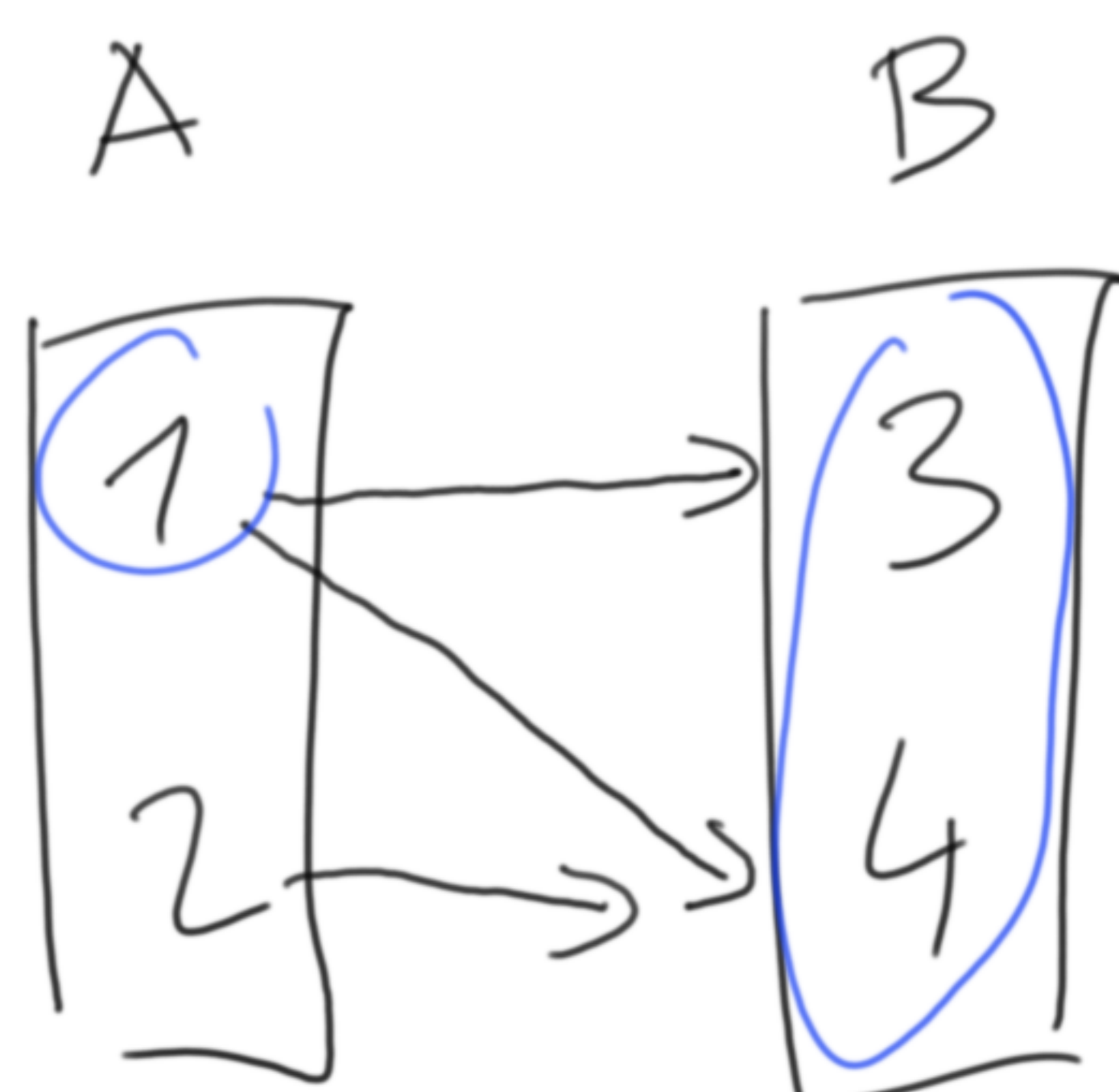
$$[2, 4]$$

$C$  je zobrazení



$$A \times B = \{[1,3], [1,4], [2,3], [2,4]\}$$

$$G \subset A \times B = \{[1,3], [1,4], [2,3]\}$$



$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 3 & & 1 & 4 \\ [a, b_1], & [a, b_2] \in G \end{matrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow b_1 = b_2$$

$$3 \neq 4$$

definice  
zobrazení

$\Rightarrow G$   
není ~~zobrazení~~  
zobrazení

$a \dots$  "vzor"

$b \dots$  "obraz"

Zobrazení jednomu vzoru ( $a$ ) přiřadí právě jeden obraz.  
důležitě

$A, B$  jsou číselné množiny : zobrazení  $\rightarrow$  "funkce"



# Množiny

Určete  $K \cup M$ ,  $L \cap K$ ,  $L \setminus M$

1.  $K = (0, 5)$ ,  $L = (\pi, 2\pi)$ ,  $M = \mathbb{R}^+$

$$(a, b) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a < x < b\}$$

$$[a, b] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid a \leq x \leq b\}$$

$<$   $>$

$\mathbb{R}$  blackboard bold

$\mathbb{R}$   $\mathcal{R}$   **$\mathbb{R}$**

$$\mathbb{R}^+ = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : x > 0\}$$

reálná čísla

$$\mathbb{R}_0^+ = \mathbb{R}^+ \cup \{0\}$$

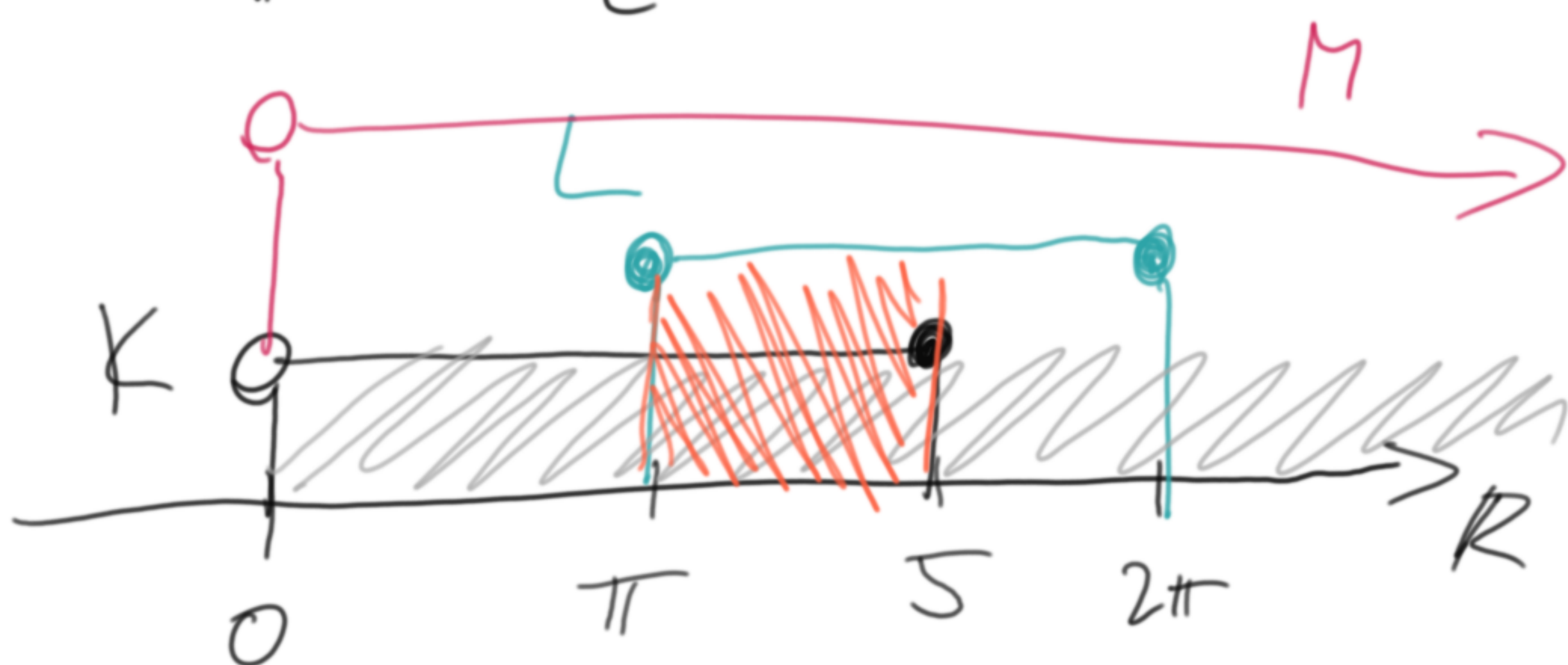
$$\pi = 3,1415926...$$

$$K \cup M = (0, \infty) = \mathbb{R}^+ = M$$

$$K \cap L = (\pi, 5)$$

$$L \setminus M = \{\} = \emptyset$$

$\{\emptyset\}$  takhle se to nepíše





$$K \cup M, L \cap K, L \setminus M$$

$$K = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^+ : |x| \leq 5\} = (0, 5]$$

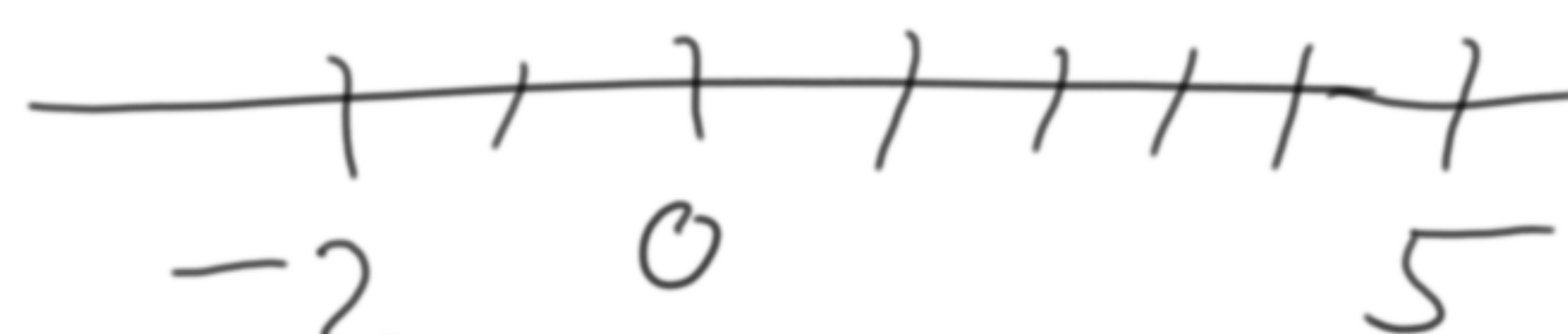
$$L = (-5, 5)$$

$$M = \mathbb{R}^+$$

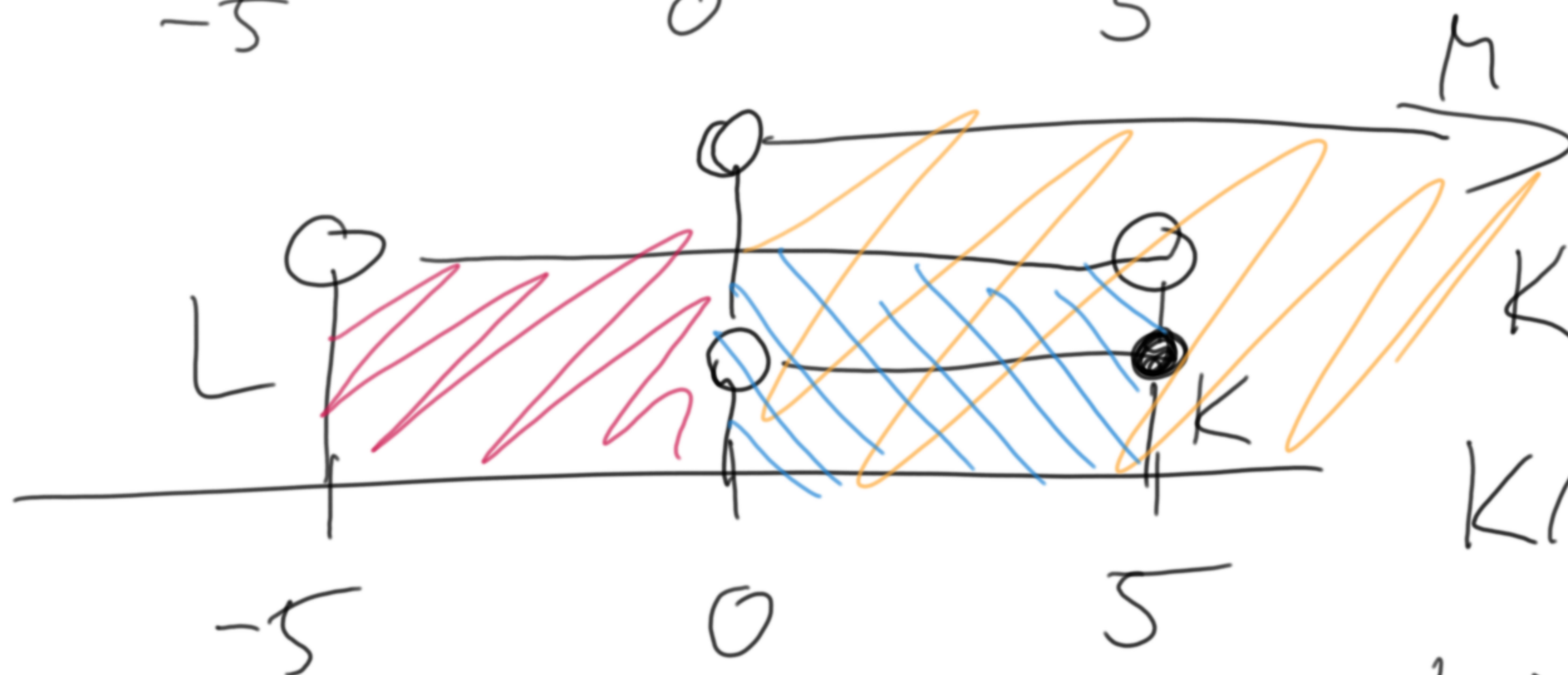
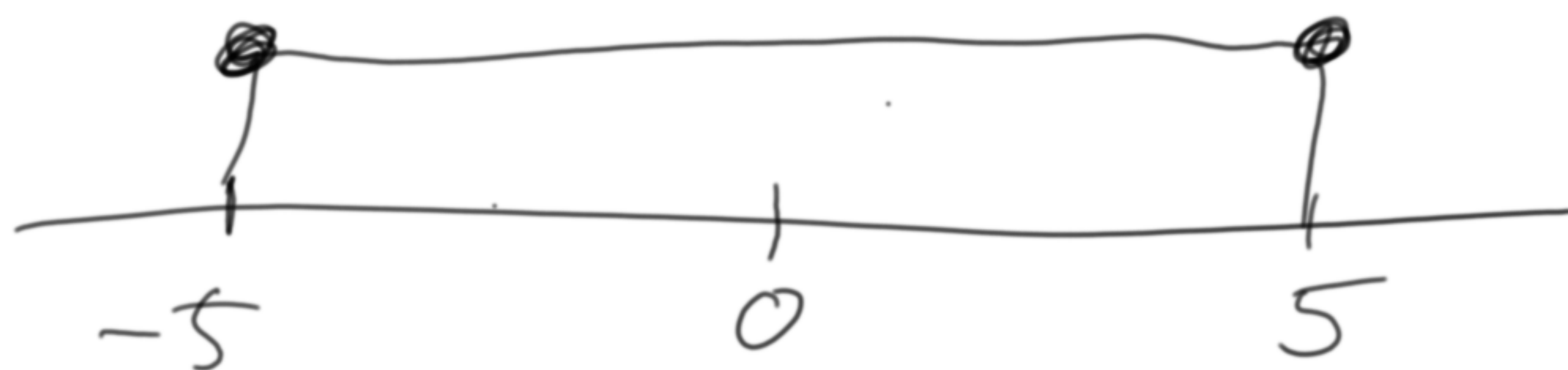
abs. hodnota:

$$|x| = \begin{cases} x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$|5| = 5, \quad |-2| = 2$$



$$S = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : |x| \leq 5\}$$



$$K \cup M = (0, \infty) = \mathbb{R}^+ = M$$

$$K \cap L = (0, 5)$$

$$L \setminus M = (-5, 0)$$

Otevřený interval  $(a, b)$

neobsahuje a ani b

$$\boxed{(-\infty, \infty), (-\infty, \infty)}$$

Uzavřený interval  $[a, b]$

obsahuje a i b

$$(0, 5)$$



$$[a, b)$$

obsahuje a, ale ne b



$$K \cup M, L \cap K, K \setminus M$$

$$K = \{n \in \mathbb{N} : \underline{n \mid 30}\}, L = \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$M = \{n \in \mathbb{N} : n \mid 25\}$$

$a \mid b$  : "a dělí b"

$$(\Leftrightarrow) \underline{\exists c \in \mathbb{N} : b = a \cdot c}$$

$$3 \mid 6, \text{ protože } \exists c (c=2)$$

$$\underline{6 = 2 \cdot 3}$$

$$\mathbb{R} \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\mathbb{N} \longrightarrow \mathbb{N}$$

přirozená čísla

$$\mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{Z}$$

$$K = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30\}$$

$$L = \{2, 3, 4, 5\} \quad M = \{1, 5, 25\}$$

$$K \cup M = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 25, 30\}$$

$$L \cap K = \{2, 3, 5\} \quad K \setminus M = \{2, 3, 6, 10, 15, 30\}$$

Sbírka úloh:

Petáková: Příprava k maturitě