

Lineární (ne)rovnice

1) $4x + 7 - 7(x - 6) + 5 = 0$ Řešte v \mathbb{R}
 $-3x + 54 = 0 \quad | -54$
 $-3x = -54 \quad | :(-3)$
 $x = 18$

2) $\frac{4x-7}{2} + \frac{x-4}{6} \geq 2x-3 \quad | \cdot 6$
 $12x-21-(x-4) \geq 12x-18$
 $-x \geq -1 \quad | \cdot (-1)$
 $x \leq 1 \quad x \in (-\infty, 1]$

3) $(x-1)^2 - (x+1)^2 < 8$
 $-2x - (2x) < 8$
 $-4x < 8$
 $x > -2 \quad x \in (-2, \infty)$

4) $x^2 + 6x + 8 = 0$
 $x_{1,2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36-4 \cdot 8}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm 2}{2} = \begin{cases} -2 \\ -4 \end{cases}$
 $x^2 + 6x + 8 = (x+2) \cdot (x+4) \rightarrow$
 $x^2 + 6x + 8 = (x+3)^2 + 8-9 = (x+3)^2 - 1^2$
 $= (x+4) \cdot (x+2) \rightarrow$

5) $(x-6)(x+2) > 0$

 $x \in (-\infty, -2) \cup (6, \infty)$

Poznávilka:
 $-1(x-6) = (-x+6)$

6) $(x^2+2)(x+7) \geq 0 \quad | : (x^2+2)$
 $x^2 \geq 0 \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$
 $x^2+2 \geq 2 > 0$
 $\Rightarrow x^2+2 > 0 \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$
 $x+7 \geq 0$
 $x \geq -7$
 $x \in (-7, \infty)$

7) $4x^2 + x = 0$
 $x(4x+1) = 0$
 $x_1 = 0$
 $x_2 = -\frac{1}{4}$

8) $2x^2 - 5 = 0$
 $x^2 = \frac{5}{2}$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$

9) $3x^2 + x - 2 = 0$
 $3(x^2 + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}) = 0$
 $3(x - \frac{2}{3})(x + 1) = 0$
 $x_1 = \frac{2}{3}$
 $x_2 = -1$

10) $\frac{x+3}{x-1} \leq \frac{x+3}{x} \quad | - \frac{x+3}{x}$
 $\frac{x+3}{x-1} - \frac{x+3}{x} \leq 0$
 $\frac{x^2+3x - (x^2+3x-3)}{x(x-1)} \leq 0$
 $\frac{3}{x(x-1)} \leq 0$

 $x \in (-\infty, -3) \cup (0, 1)$

2. způsob: $\frac{x+3}{x-1} \leq \frac{x+3}{x} \quad | \cdot x \cdot (x-1)$
 I) $x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, \infty)$
 $x^2+3x \leq x^2+3x-x-3$
 $x \leq -3$
 $x \in (-\infty, -3]$
 II) $x \in (0, 1)$
 $-x-3 \leq -x-3$
 $x \geq -3$
 $x \in (0, 1)$
 $x \in (-\infty, -3] \cup (0, 1)$

11) $\frac{8}{x^2+4x+1} \leq 0$
 $x_{1,2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-4}}{2}$
 $= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{12}}{2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{3}$
 $\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt{3}$
 $x \in (-2-\sqrt{3}, -2+\sqrt{3})$

Soustavy lineárních rovnic

Řešte v \mathbb{R}^2
 $\begin{cases} 7x - 3y = 15 \\ 5x + 6y = 27 \end{cases} \quad \oplus$
 $x = 3, y = 2$
 $K = \{(3, 2)\}$

$\begin{cases} x - 5y = 7 \\ x - 5y = 6 \end{cases} \quad \ominus$
 $0 = 1$
 \Rightarrow soustava nemá řešení
 $K = \{\} = \emptyset$

$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 5 \\ 4x - 6y = 10 \end{cases} \quad \ominus$
 $0 = 0$
 $K = \{(x, \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{3}) : x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

Soustava má nekonečně mnoho řešení:

Rovnice s neznámou pod odmocninou

$\sqrt{x} + x = 2 \quad |^2$
 $x + 2\sqrt{x} + x^2 = 4$
 $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$
 $(x-4)(x-1) = 0$
 $x_1 = 4$
 $x_2 = 1$

zk: $x = 4$:
 $LS = \sqrt{4} = 2$
 $PS = 2 - 4 = -2$
 $LS \neq PS$
 $x = 1$:
 $LS = \sqrt{1} = 1$
 $PS = 2 - 1 = 1$
 $LS = PS$
 $x = 1$

$\sqrt{2x+7} + \sqrt{x-5} = \sqrt{3x+2} \quad |^2$
 $2x+7 + 2\sqrt{(2x+7)(x-5)} + x-5 = 3x+2$
 $2\sqrt{(2x+7)(x-5)} = 0 \quad |^2$
 $(2x+7)(x-5) = 0$
 $x_1 = -\frac{7}{2}$
 $x_2 = 5$
 zk: $x = -\frac{7}{2}$: $LS = \sqrt{0} + \sqrt{\frac{-7}{2}-5} = \sqrt{\frac{-17}{2}}$ není kořen
 $x = 5$: $LS = \sqrt{17} + \sqrt{0} = \sqrt{17}$
 $PS = \sqrt{17}$
 $LS = PS$
 $x = 5$

Rovnice s abs. hodnotou

$|x| = \begin{cases} x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$

 $|x+4| = 1$
 $|x-(-4)| = 1$
 $x_1 = -3$
 $x_2 = -5$

$|2x-4| - |x+3| = 2 - |x-5|$

 I) $x \in (-\infty, -3)$
 $-(2x-4) - (x+3) = 2 - (x-5)$
 $-2x+4-x-3 = 2-x+5$
 $-3x+1 = 7-x$
 $-2x = 6$
 $x = -3 \notin I$
 II) $x \in (-3, 2)$
 $-(2x-4) - (x+3) = 2 - (x-5)$
 $-2x+4-x-3 = 2-x+5$
 $-3x+1 = 7-x$
 $-2x = 6$
 $x = -3 \notin II$
 III) $x \in (2, 5)$
 $(2x-4) - (x+3) = 2 - (x-5)$
 $2x-4-x-3 = 2-x+5$
 $x-7 = 7-x$
 $2x = 14$
 $x = 7 \notin III$
 IV) $x \in (5, \infty)$
 $(2x-4) - (x+3) = 2 - (x-5)$
 $2x-4-x-3 = 2-x+5$
 $x-7 = 7-x$
 $2x = 14$
 $x = 7 \in IV$
 $K = \{7\}$

Náhled testu

$K = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$
 $L = \{n \in M : n \mid 15\}$
 $M = \{n \in M : n^2 \leq 16\}$
 $K \cap M, L \cup M$

rovnice s $\sqrt{\quad}$ nebo $| \cdot |$
 alg. výraz
 nerovnice
 MSD, nsn
 lečíravnice
 + 2 teor. otázky