

## Problem 3 (5 points)

In this problem you will use sklearn's support vector classification to study the effect of changing the parameter  $C$ , which represents inverse regularization strength.

Run the following cell to import libraries, define functions, and load data:

```
In [9]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap

# Plotting functions:
def plot_data(X, c, s=30):
    lims = [0,1]

    markers = [dict(marker="o", color="royalblue"), dict(marker="s", color="crimson"),

    x, y = X[:,0], X[:,1]
    iter = 0
    for i in np.unique(c):
        marker = markers[iter]
        iter += 1
        plt.scatter(x[c==i], y[c==i], s=s, **(marker), edgecolor="black", linewidths=6)

def plot_SVs(svm, s=120):
    sv = svm.support_vectors_
    x, y = sv[:,0], sv[:,1]
    plt.scatter(x, y, s=s, edgecolor="black", facecolor="none", linewidths=1.5)

def plot_SV_decision_boundary(svm, margin=True, extend=True, shade_margins=False, shade_decision=False):
    ax = plt.gca()
    xlim = ax.get_xlim()
    ylim = ax.get_ylim()

    xrange = xlim[1] - xlim[0]
    yrange = ylim[1] - ylim[0]

    x = np.linspace(xlim[0] - extend*xrange, xlim[1] + extend*xrange, 200)
    y = np.linspace(ylim[0] - extend*yrange, ylim[1] + extend*yrange, 200)

    X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)
    xy = np.vstack([X.ravel(), Y.ravel()]).T
    P = svm.decision_function(xy)

    P = P.reshape(X.shape)
    ax.contour(X, Y, P, colors='k', levels=[0], linestyles=['-'])
    if margin:
        ax.contour(X, Y, P, colors='k', levels=[-1, 1], alpha=0.6, linestyles=['--'])

    if shade_margins:
        cmap = ListedColormap(["white", "lightgreen"])
        plt.pcolormesh(X, Y, np.abs(P)<1, shading="nearest", cmap=cmap, zorder=-999999)

    if shade_decision:
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cmap = ListedColormap(["lightblue", "lightcoral"])
pred = (svm.predict(xy).reshape(X.shape) == 1).astype(int)
plt.pcolormesh(X, Y, pred, shading="nearest", cmap=cmap, zorder=-1000)

plt.xlim(xlim)
plt.ylim(ylim)

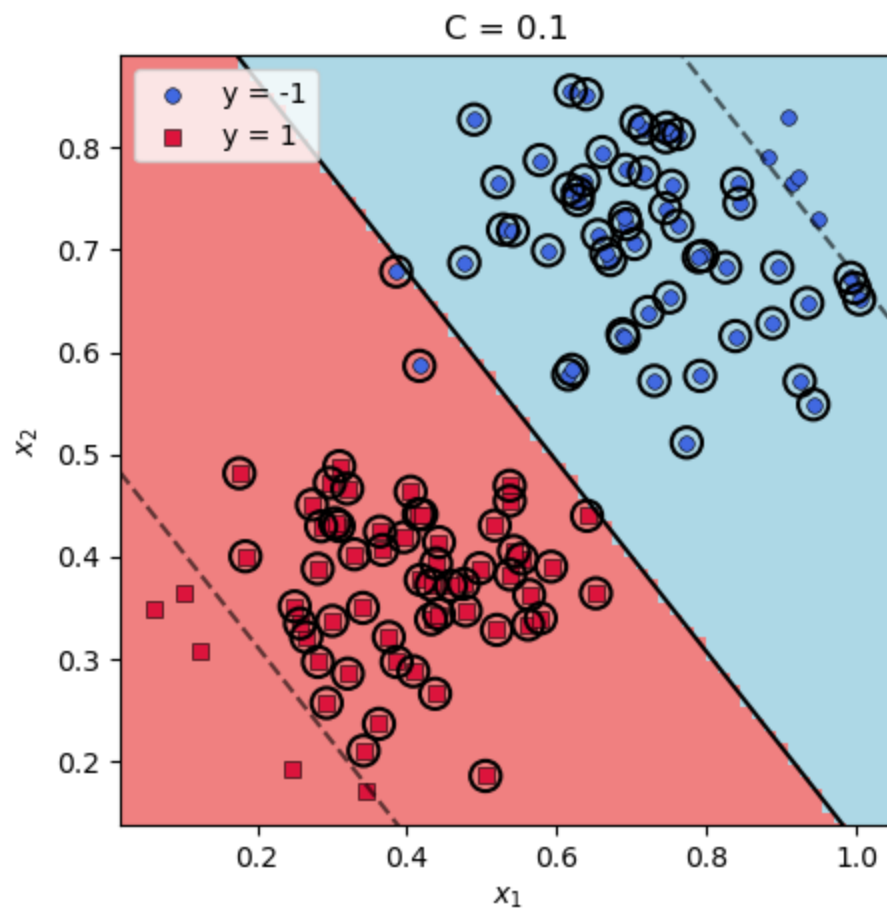
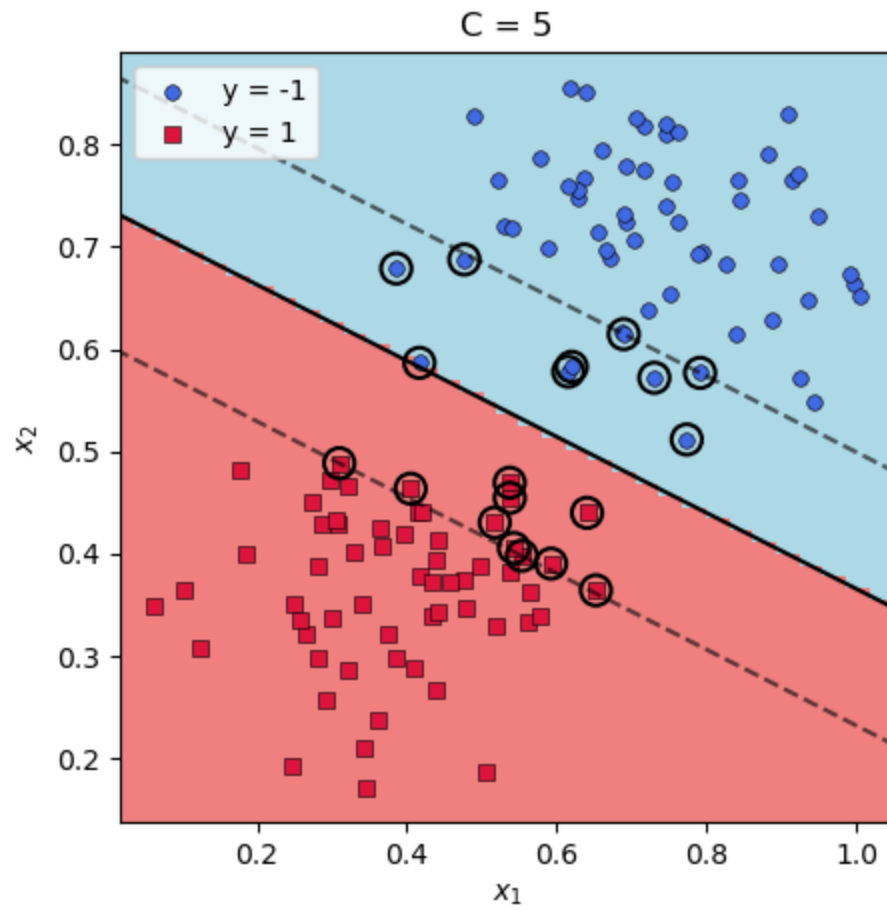
def make_plot(title, svm_model, Xdata, ydata):
    plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
    plot_data(Xdata, ydata)
    plot_SVs(svm_model)
    plot_SV_decision_boundary(svm_model, margin=True, shade_decision=True)
    plt.legend()
    plt.xlabel("$x_1$")
    plt.ylabel("$x_2$")
    plt.title(title)
    plt.show()

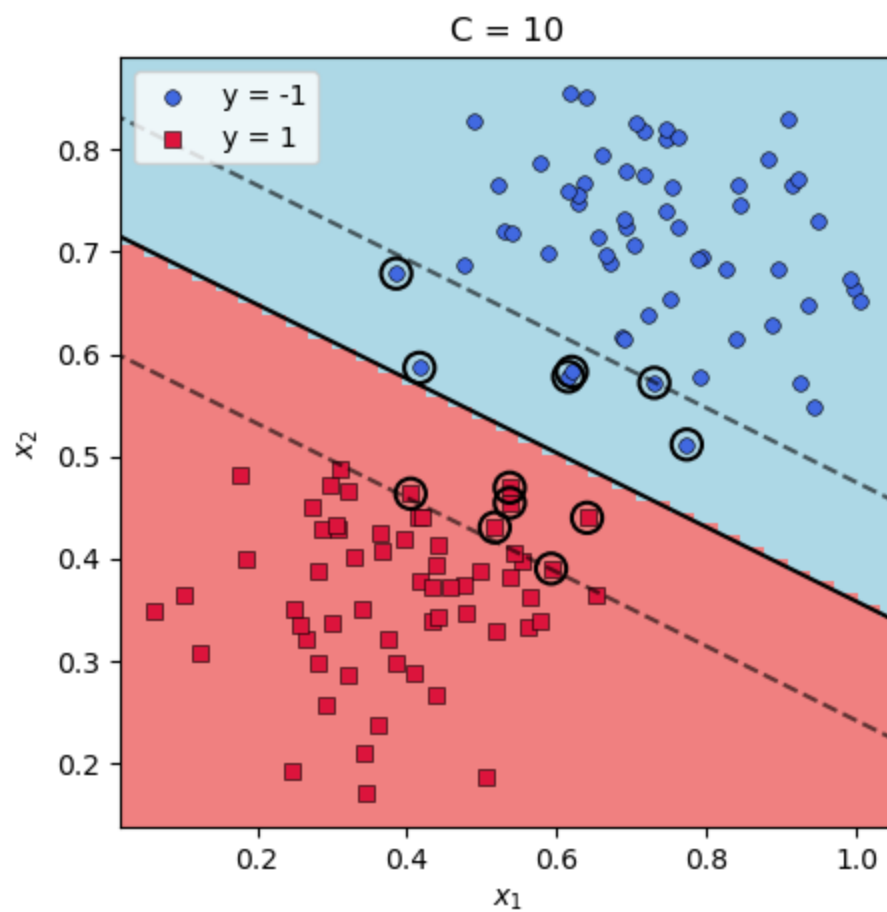
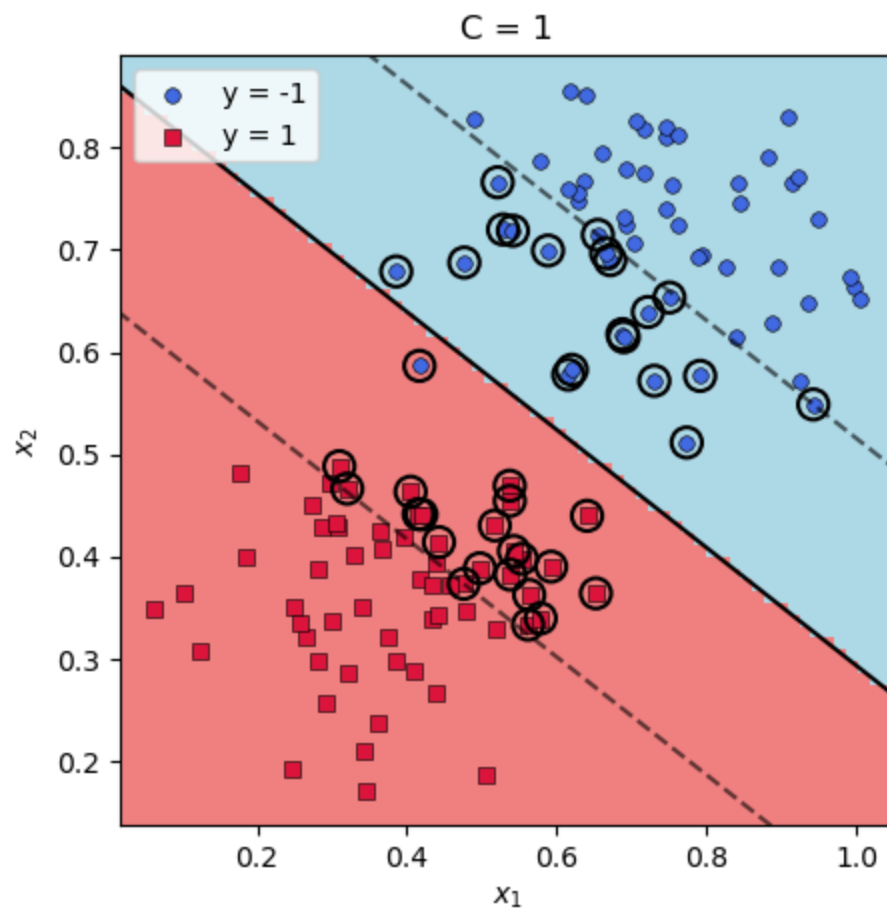
# Dataset 1:
x1 = np.array([0.48949729, 0.93403431, 0.77318605, 0.99708798, 0.7453347 , 0.627
0.74459769, 0.75305792, 0.79103743, 0.63603483, 0.7035605 , 0.84037653, 0
0.69268775, 0.74637666, 0.62823845, 0.92394124, 0.52824645, 0.66571952, 0
0.68742653, 0.79431218, 0.76105703, 0.729959 , 0.58809188, 0.63920244, 0
0.71621743, 0.68913748, 0.94206083, 0.83811487, 0.52095808, 0.72136467, 0
0.660455 , 0.54130881, 0.99176949, 0.41660508, 0.61517452, 0.76214 , 0
0.26571114, 0.51712792, 0.17642698, 0.38630807, 0.27326383, 0.4757757 , 0
0.41828429, 0.55323218, 0.30897445, 0.51987077, 0.25015929, 0.29285768, 0
0.43747171, 0.41560485, 0.40850384, 0.53710681, 0.2458796 , 0.36389757, 0
0.53785843, 0.56305326, 0.18442455, 0.4783044 , 0.341153 , 0.59226031, 0
0.54259663, 0.36260852, 0.28089588, 0.28126787, 0.5046967 , 0.32032048, 0
0.37573027, 0.43281125, 0.10385945, 0.45855828, 0.12496919, 0.43889099, 0
x2 = np.array([0.82692832, 0.64782992, 0.51168806, 0.66255369, 0.80959079, 0.748
0.74030383, 0.76234673, 0.57673835, 0.76739864, 0.70551825, 0.76417749, 0
0.72477217, 0.81890284, 0.75486623, 0.57160741, 0.71961768, 0.69643131, 0
0.6174821 , 0.69385581, 0.72352607, 0.57192729, 0.69906178, 0.85159439, 0
0.81828425, 0.61449583, 0.54882155, 0.61557563, 0.76571808, 0.63905784, 0
0.79516325, 0.71840235, 0.67254172, 0.58651416, 0.5778736 , 0.8128274 , 0
0.3216439 , 0.43068008, 0.48166151, 0.29743746, 0.45100559, 0.37373449, 0
0.3776663 , 0.39820282, 0.43011064, 0.32873478, 0.35169937, 0.25739568, 0
0.26646292, 0.44178363, 0.28835415, 0.45468991, 0.19393014, 0.42472115, 0
0.38262922, 0.36293124, 0.4006077 , 0.34750469, 0.35023348, 0.3905313 , 0
0.40579986, 0.23702401, 0.38844385, 0.29752652, 0.18619147, 0.46662002, 0
0.32186971, 0.37281822, 0.36488808, 0.37194919, 0.30829606, 0.39365028, 0
y1 = np.array([-1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
-1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1]))
X1 = np.vstack([x1, x2]).T

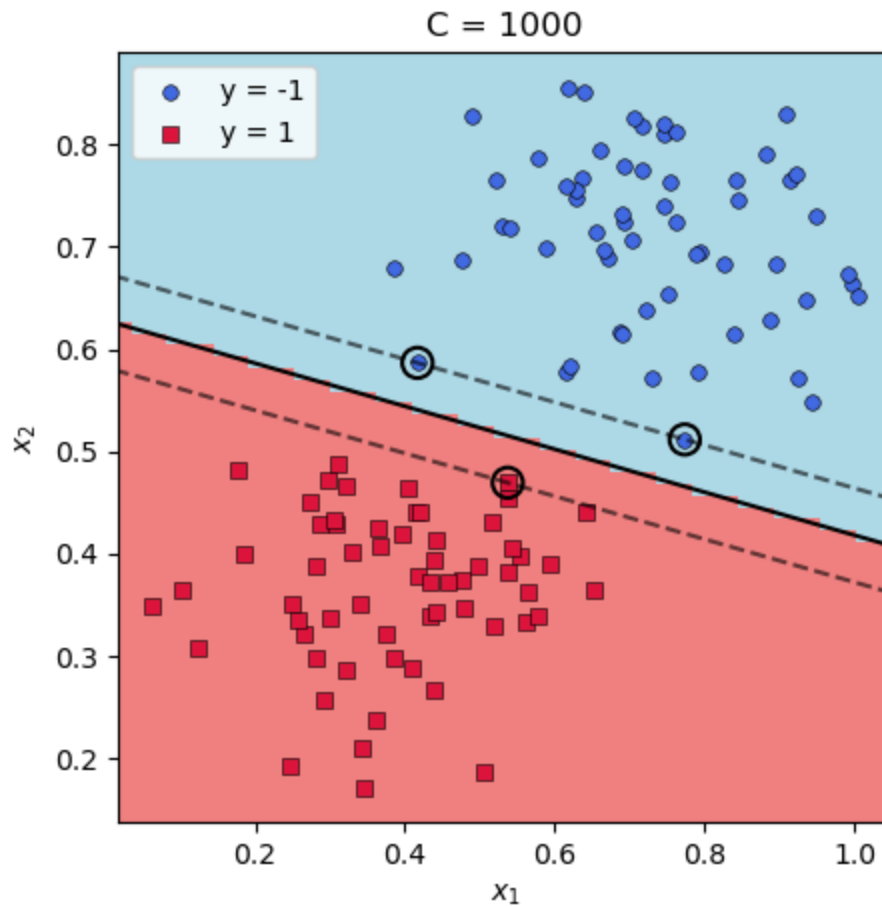
# Dataset 2:
z1 = np.array([0.4623709 , 0.68787981, 0.22665386, 0.42140211, 0.30510439, 0.534
0.58131992, 0.21989461, 0.41031163, 0.2825145 , 0.71079507, 0.4301869 , 0
0.25007082, 0.40050165, 0.45727726, 0.45009186, 0.3127013 , 0.24118917, 0
0.62142011, 0.24273132, 0.63236235, 0.39114511, 0.48803606, 0.51600837, 0
0.779535 , 0.94994687, 0.73010308, 0.61598114, 0.61310177, 0.51381933, 0
0.51162408, 0.62770167, 0.80566504, 0.53683386, 0.48664659, 0.66135962, 0
0.82291395, 0.6414185 , 0.54730993, 0.67858451, 0.53265047, 0.49505561, 0
0.64641634, 0.41411608, 0.64992294, 0.60316402, 0.88008764, 0.75418984, 0
z2 = np.array([0.83290004, 0.66234451, 0.65801115, 0.84029466, 0.70126933, 0.822
0.81111503, 0.69181695, 0.81230644, 0.68982279, 0.70037483, 0.79716711, 0

```







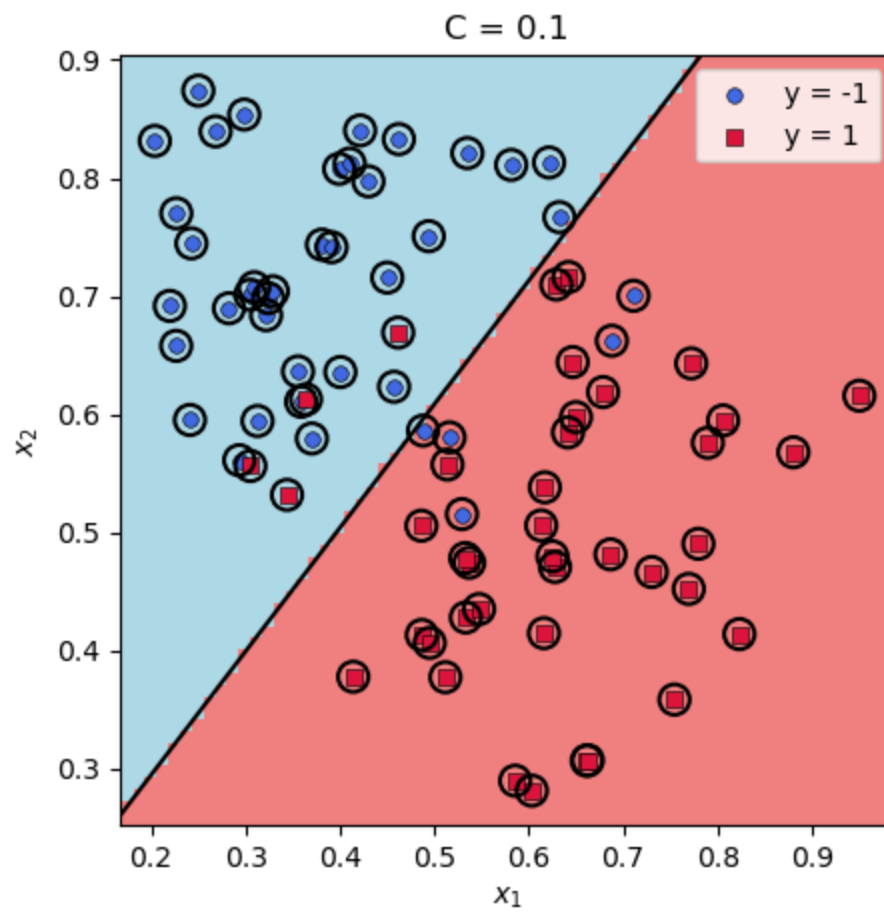
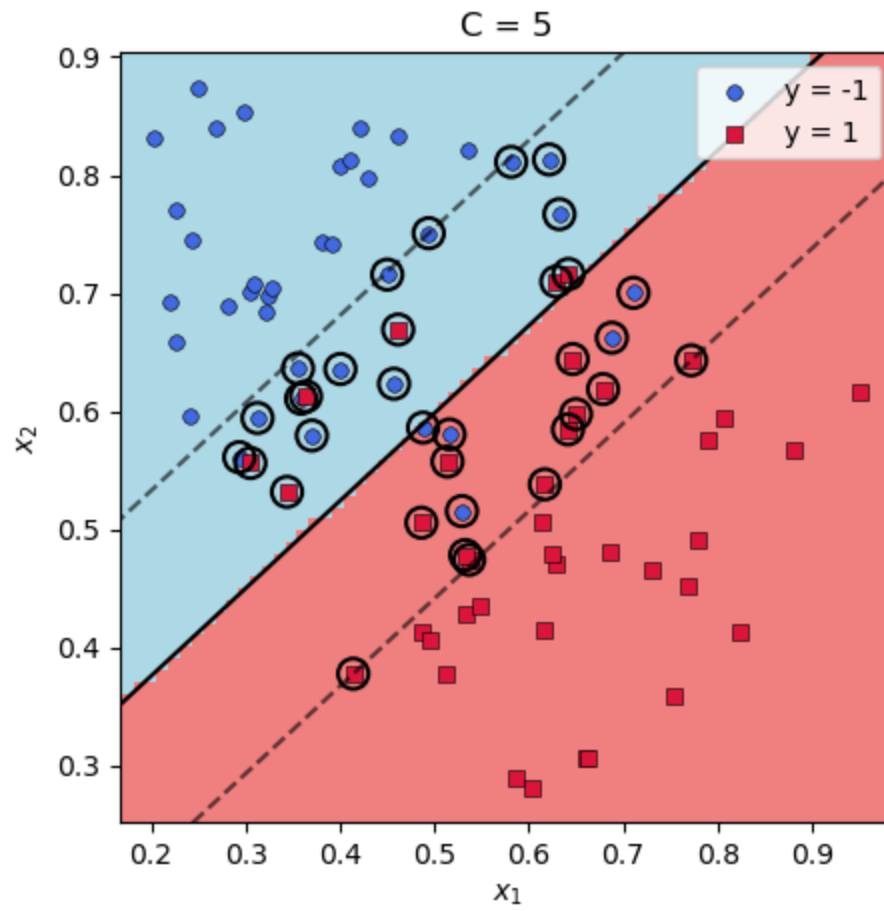


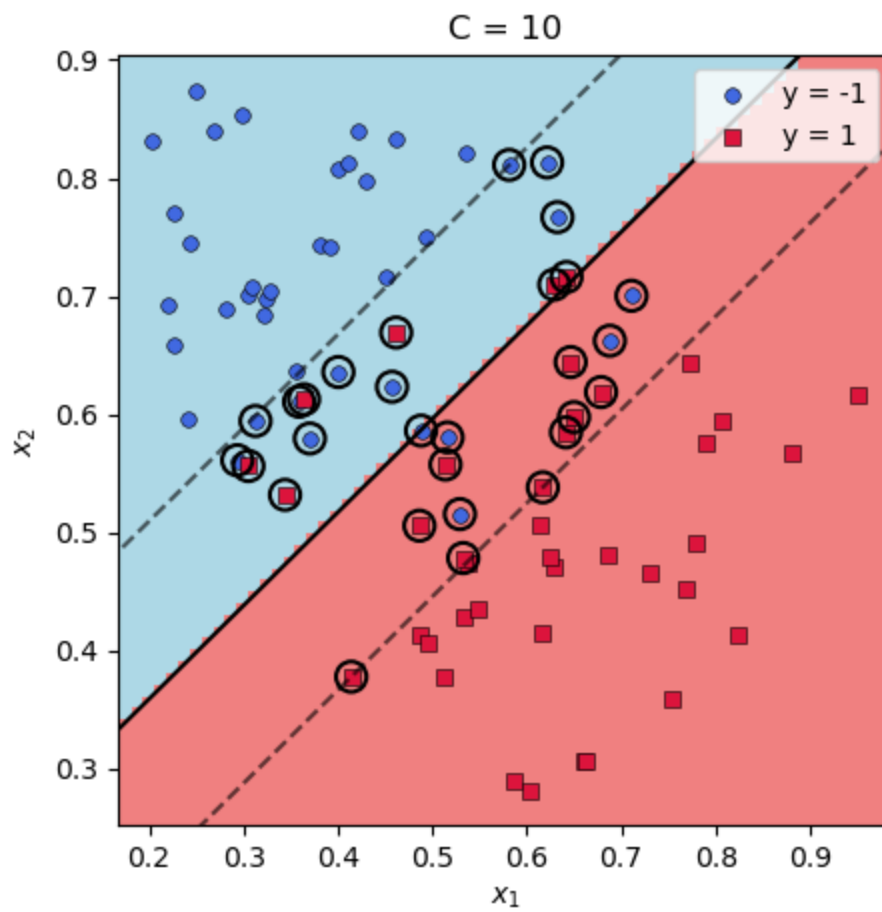
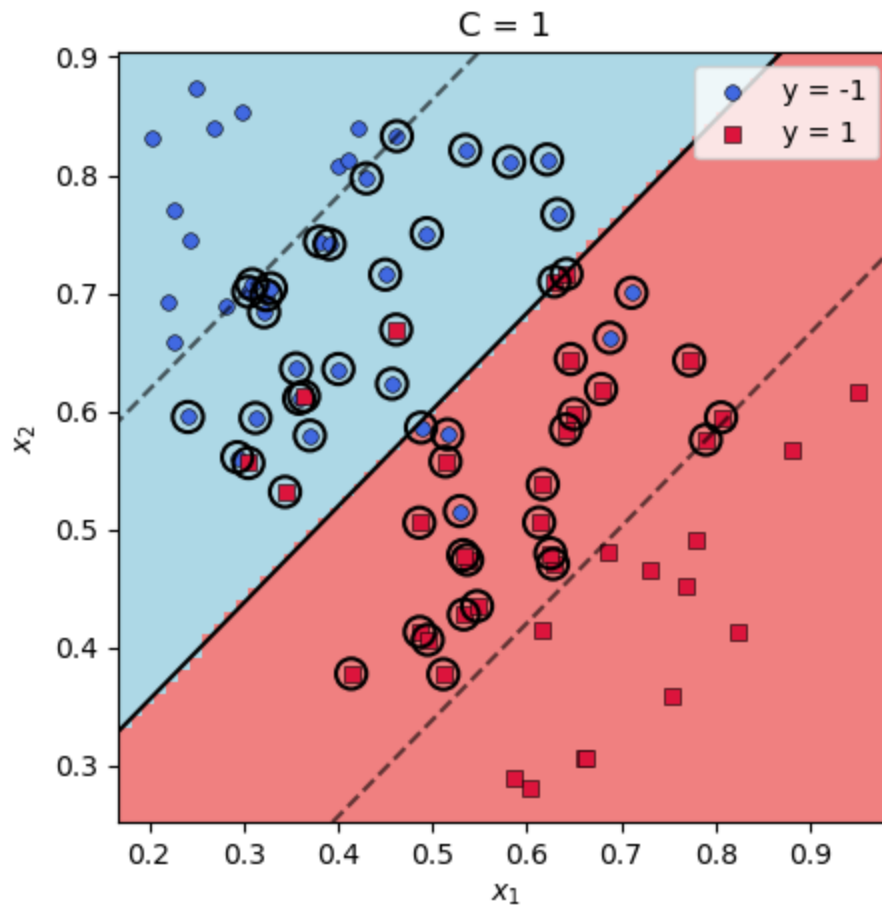
## Linearly Non-Separable Dataset

Repeat the above for the linearly non-separable dataset (  $x_2$  and  $y_2$  ).

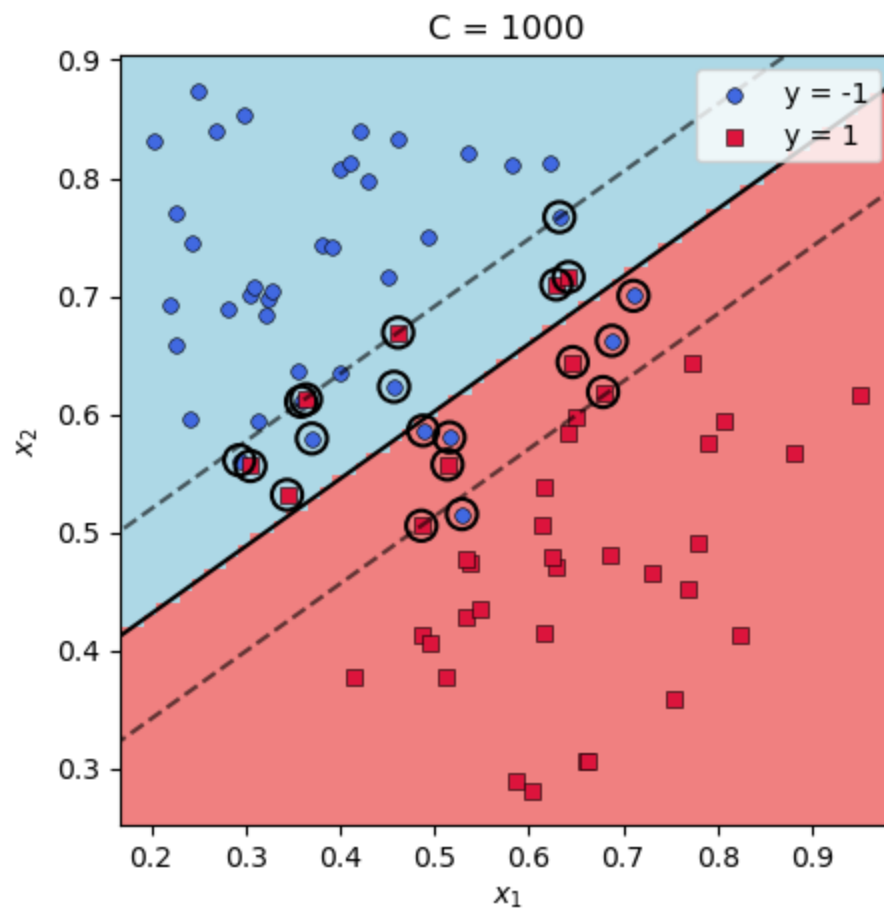
```
In [13]: C = 5
svm = SVC(C=C, kernel="linear")
svm.fit(X2, y2)
make_plot(f"C = {C}", svm, X2, y2)

for C in [0.1, 1, 10, 1000]:
    model = SVC(C=C, kernel = "linear")
    model.fit(X2, y2)
    make_plot(f"C = {C}", model, X2, y2)
```









In [ ]: