Student ID: 202312014

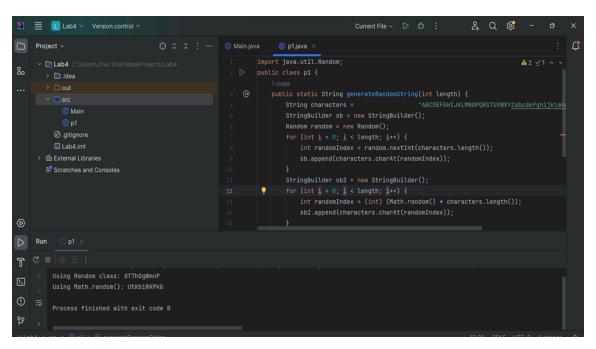
# **OOP Assignment 04**

1. Generate 2 random alphanumeric strings, one using Random class from util package and other using Math package.

## Code:

```
import java.util.Random;
public class p1 {
  public static String generateRandomString(int length) {
     String characters =
"ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyz0123456789";
     StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
     Random random = new Random();
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       int randomIndex = random.nextInt(characters.length());
       sb.append(characters.charAt(randomIndex));
     StringBuilder sb2 = new StringBuilder();
     for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
       int randomIndex = (int) (Math.random() * characters.length());
       sb2.append(characters.charAt(randomIndex));
     return "Using Random class: " + sb.toString() + "\nUsing Math.random(): "
          + sb2.toString();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int length = 10;
     System.out.println(generateRandomString(length));
  }
}
```

Student ID: 202312014



2. Take a string input from the user and randomize it and add 5 numbers to it to create a password.

#### Code:

```
import java.util.Random;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class p2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a string: ");
     String input = scanner.nextLine();
     scanner.close();
     String randomizedString = randomizeString(input);
     String numbers = generateRandomNumbers(5);
     String password = randomizedString + numbers;
     System.out.println("Generated Password: " + password);
  public static String randomizeString(String input) {
     char[] chars = input.toCharArray();
     Random random = new Random();
    for (int i = 0; i < chars.length; i++) {
       int randomIndex = random.nextInt(chars.length);
```

Name: VAGHAMASHI KISHAN RAJESHBHAI Student ID: 202312014

```
char temp = chars[i];
    chars[i] = chars[randomIndex];
    chars[randomIndex] = temp;
}
    return new String(chars);
}

public static String generateRandomNumbers(int length) {
    StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
    Random random = new Random();
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++) {
        sb.append(random.nextInt(10));
    }
    return sb.toString();
}</pre>
```

Student ID: 202312014

3. Take a sentence from the user and replace a word in that sentence with "Mississippi". User should enter the word to be replaced. Do not use StringBuilder class.

### Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class p3 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter a sentence: ");
     String sentence = scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter the word to be replaced: ");
     String wordToReplace = scanner.next();
     scanner.close();
     String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
     for (int i = 0; i < words.length; i++) {
       if (words[i].equalsIgnoreCase(wordToReplace)) {
          words[i] = "Mississippi";
          break;
       }
     }
     String modifiedSentence = "";
     for (String word : words) {
       modifiedSentence += word + " ";
     System.out.println("Modified Sentence: " + modifiedSentence.trim());
}
```

Student ID: 202312014

```
Project V SMain ShahldesProjectsLabd

| Import java.util.Scanner; | Import java.util.S
```

4. Take a sentence and a word from the user. Count the number of occurrences of that word in the sentence. Do not use StringBuilder class.

#### Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class p4 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
      System.out.print("Enter a sentence: ");
      String sentence = scanner.nextLine();
      System.out.print("Enter a word: ");
      String word = scanner.next();
      scanner.close();
```

Student ID: 202312014

```
String[] words = sentence.split(" ");
int count = 0;
for (String w : words) {
    if (w.equalsIgnoreCase(word)) {
       count++;
    }
}
System.out.println("Number of occurrences of "" + word + "": " + count);
}
```

Student ID: 202312014

5. Use function overloading to create a method "Area" which calculates the area of the following figures :-

- a. Rectangle
- b. Circle
- c. Ellipse

## Code:

```
public class p5 {
  public static double areaRectangle(double length, double width) {
     return length * width;
  }
  public static double areaCircle(double radius) {
     return Math.PI * radius * radius;
  }
  public static double areaEllipse(double semiMajorAxis, double
       semiMinorAxis) {
     return Math.PI * semiMajorAxis * semiMinorAxis;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     double length = 5.0;
     double width = 3.0;
     double radius = 4.0;
     double semiMajorAxis = 6.0;
     double semiMinorAxis = 2.0;
     double rectangleArea = areaRectangle(length, width);
     System.out.println("Area of the rectangle: " + rectangleArea);
     double circleArea = areaCircle(radius);
     System.out.println("Area of the circle: " + circleArea+ "\n");
     double ellipseArea = areaEllipse(semiMajorAxis, semiMinorAxis);
     System.out.println("Area of the ellipse: " + ellipseArea);
  }
}
```

Student ID: 202312014

Student ID: 202312014

```
6. Create 3 functions :-
```

Add(int x, int y)

Add(double x, double y)

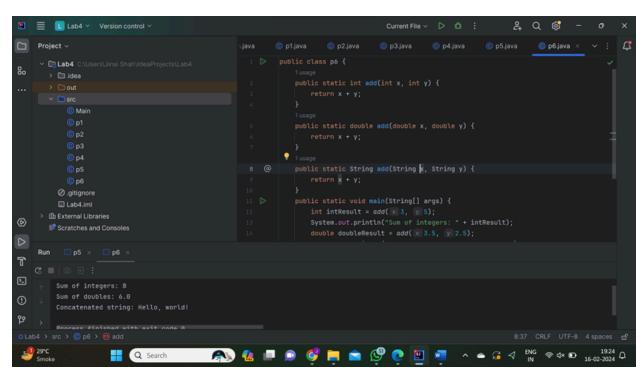
Add(String x, String y)

For int and double, return the sum of 2 values. For string return the concatenated string. The name of the 3 functions must be the same(function overloading).

#### Code:

```
public class p6 {
  public static int add(int x, int y) {
     return x + y;
  public static double add(double x, double y) {
     return x + y;
  }
  public static String add(String x, String y) {
     return x + y;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int intResult = add(3, 5);
     System.out.println("Sum of integers: " + intResult);
     double doubleResult = add(3.5, 2.5);
     System.out.println("Sum of doubles: " + doubleResult);
     String stringResult = add("Hello, ", "world!");
     System.out.println("Concatenated string: " + stringResult);
  }
}
```

Student ID: 202312014



- 7. Using awt package, draw the following figures after taking appropriate inputs from the user :-
- a. Rectangle
- b. Circle
- c. Ellipse

#### Code:

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
import javax.swing.*;
public class Main extends JPanel{
    private int shapeType;
    private int x, y, width, height;
    public Main(int shapeType, int x, int y, int width, int height) {
        this.shapeType = shapeType;
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }
}
```

```
Name: VAGHAMASHI KISHAN RAJESHBHAI
Student ID: 202312014
    this.width = width:
    this.height = height;
 }
  @Override
  protected void paintComponent(Graphics g) {
    super.paintComponent(g);
    switch (shapeType) {
      case 1: // Rectangle
         g.drawRect(x, y, width, height);
         break;
      case 2: // Circle
         g.drawOval(x, y, width, height);
         break;
      case 3: // Ellipse
         g.drawOval(x, y, width, height);
         break;
    }
 }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Get shape type from the user
    System.out.println("Enter shape type (1: Rectangle, 2: Circle, 3: Ellipse): ");
    int shapeType = scanner.nextInt();
    // Get shape dimensions from the user
    System.out.println("Enter x-coordinate: ");
    int x = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter y-coordinate: ");
    int y = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter width: ");
    int width = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter height: ");
    int height = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.close();
    // Create JFrame and add DrawingShapes panel
    JFrame frame = new JFrame();
    frame.setSize(500, 500);
    frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    Main panel = new Main(shapeType, x, y, width,height);
    frame.add(panel);
    frame.setVisible(true);
 }
}
```

Student ID: 202312014

