

Name: _____

1. A student engagement committee at Clemson decides to conduct a survey to learn about how students are involved in campus clubs and organizations. The committee randomly selects 125 students and finds that 73% report being involved in at least one club or organization on campus.
 - (a) Who are the **individuals** in this example?
 - (b) Identify the **sample** in this situation.
 - (c) Describe the **population of interest** in this situation.
 - (d) Identify the **statistic** in this study.
 - (e) Describe the **parameter** in this study.
2. Identify whether the following are examples of **descriptive** or **inferential** statistics. Describe **why** you give your answer.
 - (a) A researcher wants to study the exercise habits of residents in Pickens County. She randomly selects a sample of residents using phone book listings and conducts short phone interviews with 203 residents who answer the phone, asking them about their weekly exercise routine. Using her sample, she estimates that 62% of residents in Pickens County exercise 2-3 times per week.
 - (b) The owner of a small start-up business with 19 employees asks each of them to submit a timesheet logging their hours worked each day. Summarizing the data he has collected, he finds that, in the last week, his employees worked an average of 9.5 hours per day.

3. Identify whether the described scenario is an **observational study** or an **experiment** and explain how you know.
- (a) A marine biologist wishes to study the effectiveness of two different dolphin training methods. She randomly selects three dolphins at the aquarium to be trained under the first method and three dolphins to be trained under the second. She works with each dolphin using the assigned method and records the length of time required for the dolphin to learn to toss a ball through a hoop on signal.
 - (b) 4-H is a youth development program that equips young people with life skills they need to be successful. A university wishes to study the effects of being involved in 4-H growing up on college preparedness. Researchers identify 54 college students who are 4-H alumni and 52 students who are not and ask them each whether they felt they had the necessary skills to succeed in college when they began as a freshman.
4. Identify each of the following variables as **qualitative** or **quantitative** and specify its **level of measurement** (nominal, ordinal, interval, or ratio).
- (a) A stressed-out college student records the **amount of sleep** she gets per night during a semester.
 - (b) A chemist records the **temperature** (in °C) of a heated solution every 30 seconds as it cools.
 - (c) A researcher records whether a sample of Clemson students purchases their textbooks **online or from the campus bookstore**.
 - (d) A coffee shop owner records the **number of caramel macchiatos** that are ordered each day by customers.
 - (e) An instructor records the responses to a **satisfaction** evaluation (Very Satisfied, Satisfied, Neutral, Slightly Dissatisfied, Very Dissatisfied).
 - (f) The county elections commission divides the county up by **zip codes** to identify potential polling places.
5. Random sampling is powerful because it increases our likelihood of obtaining a representative sample of our population. Using your own words, describe what it means to have a **representative sample**.