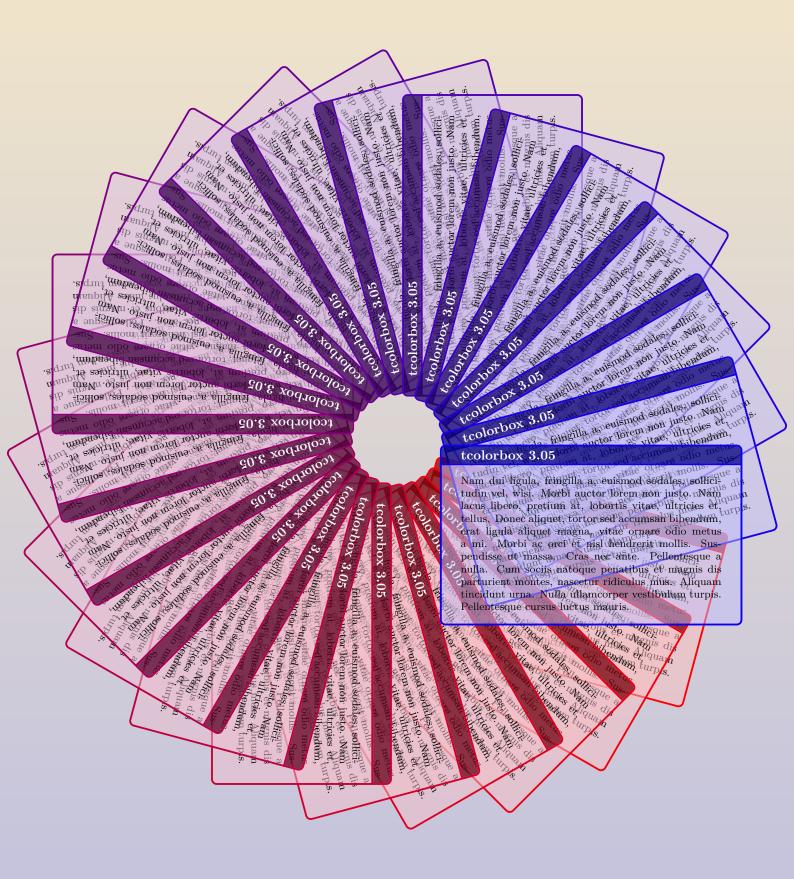
tcolorbox



Manual for version 3.05 (2014/05/28)

```
Cover code
% \usepackage{incgraph}
\begin{inctext}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\definecolorseries{boxcol}{rgb}{last}{red}{blue}
\resetcolorseries[24]{boxcol}
\coordinate (A) at (0,0); \coordinate (B) at (21,29.7);
\path[use as bounding box,top color=Goldenrod!25!white,bottom color=Navy!25!white]
  (A) rectangle coordinate (C) (B);
\foreach \w in \{-15, -30, ..., -360\}
\label{localization} $$ \operatorname{below\ right,rotate\ around={w:(C)}} $$ at ([xshift=1cm]C) {% } $$
  \begin{tcolorbox}[width=8cm,title=tcolorbox \version,
    fontupper=\scriptsize,fonttitle=\small\bfseries,
    colback=boxcol!25!white,colbacktitle=boxcol!!+!50!black,colframe=boxcol,
    enhanced jigsaw,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.75]
    \lipsum[2]
  \end{tcolorbox}};
}
\node[font=\Huge\bfseries] at ([yshift=12cm]C) {|tcolorbox|};
\node[font=\large\bfseries] at ([yshift=-12cm]C)
  {Manual for version \version\ (\datum)};
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{inctext}
```

If you have trouble printing this document, the reason is quite likely the cover page. Printing the pages starting with page 2 or page 3 should work.

The tcolorbox package

Manual for version 3.05 (2014/05/28)

Thomas F. Sturm¹

Abstract

tcolorbox provides an environment for colored and framed text boxes with a heading line. Optionally, such a box can be split in an upper and a lower part. The package tcolorbox can be used for the setting of LATEX examples where one part of the box displays the source code and the other part shows the output. Another common use case is the setting of theorems. The package supports saving and reuse of source code and text parts.

$\overline{}$	Contents	
1	Introduction	6
	1.1 Installation	6
	1.2 Loading the Package	6
	1.3 Libraries	7
2	Macros for Box Creation	9
3	Option Keys	14
	3.1 Title	14
	3.2 Lower Part	16
	3.3 Colors and Fonts	19
	3.4 Geometry	22
	3.5 Transparency	33
	3.6 Height Control	35
	3.7 Box Content Additions	41
	3.8 Overlays	50
	3.9 Floating Objects	55
	3.10 Side by Side	56
	3.11 Embedding into the Surroundings	59
	3.12 Bounding Box	60
	3.13 Layered Boxes and Every Box Settings	66
	3.14 Capture Mode	69
	3.15 Text Characteristics	70
	3.16 Files	71
	3.17 \tcbox Specials	71
	3.18 Counters, Labels and References	72
	3.19 Externalization	74
	3.20 Miscellaneous	74

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4	Initialization Option Keys 4.1 Numbered Boxes	75 75 79
5	Saving and Loading of Verbatim Texts	80
6	Technical Overview and Customization 6.1 Skins and Drawing Engines	81 81 85 88 89
7	Library skins 7.1 Style Option Keys 7.2 Boxed Title Option Keys 7.3 Watermark Option Keys 7.4 Clip Environments 7.5 Border Line Option Keys 7.6 Shadow Option Keys 7.7 TikZ Picture Option Keys 7.8 Underlay Option Keys 7.9 Finish Option Keys 7.10 Jigsaw Skin Variants 7.11 Draft Mode 7.12 Skin Family 'standard' 7.13 Skin Family 'enhanced' 7.14 Skin Family 'bicolor' 7.15 Skin Family 'beamer' 7.16 Skin Family 'widget' 7.17 Skin Family 'empty' 7.18 Skin 'spartan' 7.19 Skin 'draft' 7.20 Skin Family 'freelance'	93 93 99 106 113 118 121 130 133 135 137 139 140 142 155 160 165 169 178 179 181
8	TikZ Image and Picture Fill Extensions 8.1 Fill Plain 8.2 Fill Stretch 8.3 Fill Overzoom 8.4 Fill Zoom 8.5 Fill Shrink 8.6 Fill Tile 8.7 Filling Options	182 183 184 185 186 187 188
9	Libraries listings listingsutf8 and minted 9.1 Loading the Libraries 9.1.1 Loading listings listings 9.1.2 Loading listingsutf8 9.1.3 Loading minted 9.2 Common Macros of the Libraries 9.3 Option Keys of the listings Library 9.4 Option Keys of the listingsutf8 Library 9.5 Library 9.6 Library 9.7 Library 9.8 Library 9.8 Library 9.9 Li	190 190 190 190 191 191 197 199

9.5 Option Keys of the minted Library 9.6 Common Option Keys of all Libraries 9.7 Creation of LATEX Tutorials 9.8 Creation of LATEX Exercises 9.9 List of Exercises 9.10 Solutions for the given LATEX Exercises	202 209 216 219
10 Library theorems 10.1 Macros of the Library 10.2 Option Keys of the Library 10.3 Examples for Definitions and Theorems	226
11 Library breakable 11.1 Technical Overview 11.2 Limitations and Known Bugs 11.3 Main Option Keys 11.4 Option Keys for the Break Appearance 11.5 Break Sequence for the Skins 11.6 Break by Hand (Faked Break)	245 246 249 251
12 Library fitting 12.1 Macros of the Library 12.2 Option Keys of the Library	
13 Library hooks 13.1 Concept of Hooks 13.2 Box Content Additions 13.3 Embedding into the Surroundings 13.4 Overlays 13.5 Watermarks 13.6 Underlays	271 272 273 275
13.7 Finishes 13.8 Skin Code 14 Library xparse	278
14.1 Option Keys 14.2 Producing tcolorbox Environments and Commands 14.3 Producing tcbox Commands 14.4 Producing tcblisting Environments 14.5 Producing tcbinputlisting Commands 14.6 Producing tboxfit Commands	280 282 285 288 290
15 Library documentation 15.1 Macros of the Library	301
A Picture Credits	307
References	308
Index	309

1 Introduction

The package originates from the first edition of my book « \rlap/ET_EX – Einf"uhrung in das Textsatzsystem» [18] in about 2006. For the \rlap/ET_EX examples and tutorials given there, I wanted to have accentuated and colored boxes to display source code and compiled text in combination. Since, in my opinion, this type of boxes is also quite useful to highlight definitions and theorems, I applied them for my lecture notes in mathematics [15–17] as well. With this package, you are invited to apply these boxes for similar projects.

Starting with version 2.00, for all internal calculations ε -TEX [2] expressions are used in replacement of the package calc [20]. The breaking news for version 2.00 is the support for breakable boxes. This new feature allows new applications of the package without affecting the core package too much if you do not need boxes to break automatically. With version 2.20, the often requested 'side by side' mode for listings has been added. With version 3.00, boxed titles are introduced together with improved customization options for overlays, underlays, finishes, and own code extensions.

Since the first public release in 2011, I received a lot of feedback from all over the world. I want to thank all who wrote me for supporting this package by sending bug reports and ideas for new or better features.

1.1 Installation

Typically, tcolorbox will be installed as part of a major LATEX distribution and there is nothing special to do for a user.

If you intend to make a local installation by hand, see the README file of the tcolorbox package for some hints. The short story is: you have to install not only tcolorbox.sty, but also all *.code.tex files in the local texmf tree.

1.2 Loading the Package

The base package tcolorbox loads the packages pgf [19], verbatim [14], etoolbox [7], and environ [12]. tcolorbox itself is loaded in the usual manner in the preamble:

\usepackage{tcolorbox}

The package takes option keys in the key-value syntax. Alternatively, you may use these keys later in the preamble with \tcbuselibrary \(^{\text{P.7}}\) (see there). For example, the key to typeset listings is:

\usepackage[listings]{tcolorbox}

1.3 Libraries

The base package tcolorbox is extendable by program libraries. This is done by using option keys while loading the package or inside the preamble by applying the following macro with the same set of keys.

\tcbuselibrary{ $\langle key \ list \rangle$ }

Loads the libraries given by the $\langle key \ list \rangle$.

\tcbuselibrary{listings,theorems}

The following keys are used inside \tcbuselibrary respectively \usepackage without the key tree path /tcb/library/.

/tcb/library/skins

(skins)

Loads the package tikz [19] and provides additional styles (skins) for the appearance of the colored boxes; see Section 7 from page 93.

/tcb/library/listings

listings)

Loads the package listings [6] and provides additional macros for typesetting listings which are described in Section 9 from page 190.

/tcb/library/listingsutf8

(| listingsutf8)

Loads the packages listings [6] and listingsutf8 [9] for UTF-8 support. This is a variant of the library listings and is described in Section 9 from page 190.

/tcb/library/minted

(minted

Loads the package minted [13] to typeset listings with the Pygments [11] tool, also see Section 9 on page 190.

/tcb/library/theorems

(theorems)

Provides additional macros for typesetting theorems which are described in Section 10 from page 222.

/tcb/library/breakable

= breakable)

Provides support for automatic box breaking from one page to another; see Section 11 from page 244.

/tcb/library/fitting

(fitting)

Provides support for font size adaption of the box content to the box dimensions; see Section 12 from page 260.

/tcb/library/hooks

(hooks)

Extends several option keys to 'hookable' keys; see Section 13 from page 270.

/tcb/library/xparse

(= xparse)

Provides document command production with xparse for tcolorbox; see Section 14 from page 280.

/tcb/library/documentation

(documentation)

Provides additional macros for type setting LATEX documentations which are described in Section 15 from page 293.

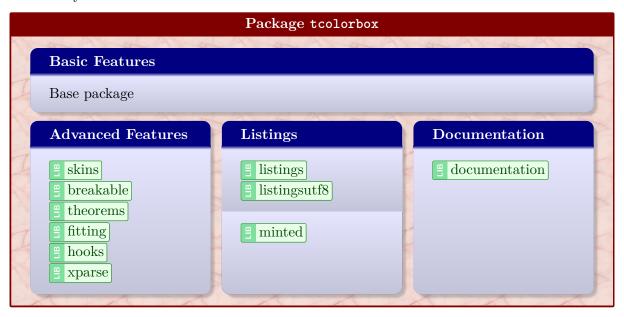
/tcb/library/many (style, no value) Loads the libraries skins, breakable, hooks, theorems, fitting, and xparse. Use this shortcut, if you want to use all features of tcolorbox with exception of typesetting listings and using the specialized documentation library. /tcb/library/most (style, no value) Loads all libraries except minted and documentation. Use this shortcut, if you want to use all features of tcolorbox with exception of using the minted package and using the

/tcb/library/all

specialized documentation library.

(style, no value)

Loads all libraries. Use this shortcut only, if you indend to use the documentation library.



2 Macros for Box Creation

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[\langle options \rangle] \( \langle environment content \rangle \) \( \langle end{tcolorbox} \)
```

This is the main environment to create an accentuated colored text box with rounded corners and, optionally, two parts. The appearance of this box is controlled by numerous options. In the most simple case the source code

```
\begin{tcolorbox}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

creates the following compiled text box:

```
This is a tcolorbox.
```

The text content of the box can be divided in an upper and a lower part by the command \tcblower. Visually, both parts are separated by a line. For example:

```
\begin{tcolorbox}
This is another \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
Here, you see the lower part of the box.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This code gives the following box:

This is another **tcolorbox**.

Here, you see the lower part of the box.

The $\langle options \rangle$ control the appearance and several functions of the boxes, see Section 3 on page 14 for the complete list. A quick example is given here:

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,title=My nice heading]
This is another \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
Here, you see the lower part of the box.
\end{tcolorbox}
My nice heading
This is another tcolorbox.
Here, you see the lower part of the box.
```

\tcblower

Used inside tcolorbox to separate the upper box part from the optional lower box part. The upper and the lower part are treated as separate functional units. If you only want to draw a line, see \tcbline \dagger P.145.

$\tcbset{\langle options \rangle}$

Sets options for every following tcolorbox^{-P.9} inside the current T_EX group. By default, this does not apply to nested boxes, see Section 3.13 on page 66.

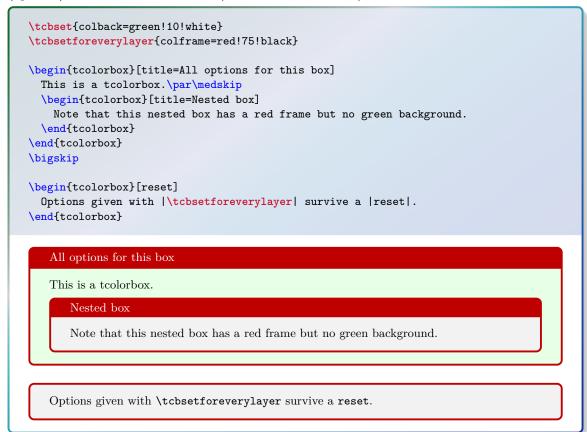
For example, the colors of the boxes may be defined for the whole document by this:

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

$\tcbsetforeverylayer{\langle options \rangle}$

Sets options for every following $tcolorbox^{\rightarrow P.9}$ inside the current TeX group. In contrast to \tcbset, this does also apply to nested boxes, see Section 3.13 on page 66. Technically, the $\langle options \rangle$ are appended to the default values for every tcolorbox which are applied by $/tcb/reset^{\rightarrow P.74}$.

You should not use this macro, if you are not completely sure that you want to have the $\langle options \rangle$ also for boxes in boxes (in boxes in boxes ...).



$\tcbox[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle box\ content \rangle\}$

Hello World

Text

Creates a colored box which is fitted to the width of the given $\langle box\ content \rangle$. In principal, most $\langle options \rangle$ for a tcolorbox^{P.9} can be used for \tcbox with some restrictions. A \tcbox cannot have a lower part and cannot be broken.

My table
One Two Three

Men Mice Lions
Upper Middle Lower



See Section 14.2 on page 282 and Section 14.3 on page 285 for more elaborate methods to create new environments and commands.

$\newtcolorbox[\langle init\ options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] \{\langle options \rangle\}$

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on tcolorbox^{P.9}. Basically, \newtcolorbox operates like \newenvironment. This means, the new environment $\langle name \rangle$ optionally takes $\langle number \rangle$ arguments, where $\langle default \rangle$ is the default value for the optional first argument. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcolorbox. Note that $\langle tcb \rangle$ savedelimiter^{P.18} is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically. The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

\newtcolorbox{mybox}{colback=red!5!white, colframe=red!75!black}

\begin{mybox}
This is my own box.
\end{mybox}

This is my own box.

\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
 title=#1}

\begin{mybox}{Hello there}
This is my own box with a mandatory title.
\end{mybox}

Hello there

This is my own box with a mandatory title.

\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
 colbacktitle=red!85!black,enhanced,
attach boxed title to top center={yshift=-2mm},
 title=#2,#1}

\begin{mybox}[colback=yellow]{Hello there}
This is my own box with a mandatory title
and options.
\end{mybox}

Hello there

This is my own box with a mandatory title and options.

Definition in the preamble:

\newtcolorbox[auto counter,number within=section]{pabox}[2][]{%
colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
title=Examp.~\thetcbcounter: #2,#1}

\begin{pabox}[colback=yellow]{Hello there}
This is my own box with a mandatory
numbered title and options.
\end{pabox}

Examp. 2.1: Hello there

This is my own box with a mandatory numbered title and options.

$\cline{colorbox} [\langle init\ options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] \{\langle options \rangle\}$

Operates like \newtcolorbox, but based on \renewenvironment instead of \newenvironment. An existing environment is redefined.

$\newtcbox[\langle init\ options \rangle] \{ \langle name \rangle \} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] \{ \langle options \rangle \}$

Creates a new macro $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\backslash tcbox^{-P.11}$. Basically, $\backslash newtcbox$ operates like $\backslash newcommand$. The new macro $\backslash \langle name \rangle$ optionally takes $\langle number \rangle + 1$ arguments, where $\langle default \rangle$ is the default value for the optional first argument. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcbox. The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

```
\newtcbox{\mybox}{colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black}
                                                          This is my own box.
\mybox{This is my own box.}
\newtcbox{\mybox}[1]{colback=red!5!white,
                                                          Hello there
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  title=#1}
                                                          This is my own box.
\mybox{Hello there}{This is my own box.}
\newtcbox{\mybox}[2][]{colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
                                                          Hello there
  title=#2,#1}
                                                          This is my own box.
\mybox[colback=yellow]{Hello there}%
  {This is my own box.}
Definition in the preamble:
% counter from previous example
\newtcbox[use counter from=pabox]{\pbbox}[2][]{%
  colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  title=(\thetcbcounter) #2,#1}
                                                          (2.2) Hello there
\pbbox[colback=yellow]{Hello there}%
  {This is my own box.}
                                                          This is my own box.
\newtcbox{\mybox}[1][red]{on line,
 arc=0pt,outer arc=0pt,colback=#1!10!white,colframe=#1!50!black,
  boxsep=Opt,left=1pt,right=1pt,top=2pt,bottom=2pt,
  boxrule=0pt,bottomrule=1pt,toprule=1pt}
\newtcbox{\xmybox}[1][red]{on line,
  arc=7pt,colback=#1!10!white,colframe=#1!50!black,
  before upper={\rule[-3pt]{0pt}{10pt}},boxrule=1pt,
  boxsep=0pt,left=6pt,right=6pt,top=2pt,bottom=2pt}
The \mybox[green]{quick} brown \mybox{fox} \mybox[blue]{jumps} over the
\mybox[green]{lazy} \mybox{dog}.\par
The \xmybox[green]{quick} brown \xmybox[fox] \xmybox[blue]{jumps} over the
\xmybox[green]{lazy} \xmybox{dog}.
The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog.
The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy
                                                  dog
```


Operates like \newtcbox, but based on \renewcommand instead of \newcommand. An existing macro is redefined.

3 Option Keys

For the $\langle options \rangle$ in tcolorbox^{P.9} respectively \tcbset^{P.10} the following pgf keys can be applied. The key tree path /tcb/ is not to be used inside these macros. It is easy to add your own style keys using the syntax for pgf keys, see [18, 19] or the examples starting from page 209.

3.1 Title

 /tcb/title=⟨text⟩
 (no default, initially empty)

 Creates a heading line with ⟨text⟩ as content.

 \begin{tcolorbox}[title=My heading line]

 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

 \end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/notitle (no value, initially set)

Removes the title line if set before.

/tcb/adjusted title= $\langle text \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

Creates a heading line with $\langle text \rangle$ as content. The minimal height of this line is adjusted to fit the text given by /tcb/adjust text. This option makes sense for single line headings if boxes are set side by side with equal height. Note that it is very easy to trick this adjustment.

\tcbset{colback=White,arc=0mm,width=(\linewidth-4pt)/4, equal height group=AT, before=, after=\hfill, fonttitle=\bfseries} The following titles are not adjusted:\\ \foreach \n in {xxx,ggg,AAA,\"Agypten} {\begin{tcolorbox}[title=\n,colframe=red!75!black] Some content.\end{tcolorbox}} Now, we try again with adjusted titles:\\ \foreach \n in {xxx,ggg,AAA,\"Agypten} {\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=\n,colframe=blue!75!black] Some content.\end{tcolorbox}} The following titles are not adjusted: $\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}$ gggAAAÄgypten Some content. Some content. Some content. Some content. Now, we try again with adjusted titles: AAA xxxÄgypten Some content. Some content. Some content. Some content.

/tcb/adjust text= $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially Äpgjy)

This sets the reference text for /tcb/adjusted title. If your texts never exceed 'Äpgjy' in depth and height you don't need to care about this option.

/tcb/detach title (no value)

Detaches the title from its normal position. The text of the title is stored into **\tcbtitletext** and the formatted title is available by **\tcbtitle**. The main application is to move the title from its usual place to another one.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{colbacktitle=red!10!white,
 colback=blue!10!white,coltitle=red!70!black,
 title={#2},fonttitle=\bfseries,#1}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[detach title,before upper={\tcbtitle\quad}]{My title}
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[detach title,after upper={\par\hfill\tcbtitle}]{My title}
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
   My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   My title This is a tcolorbox.
   This is a tcolorbox.
                                                                           My title
```

/tcb/attach title (no value

Attaches the title to its normal position. This option is used to reverse /tcb/detach title.

/tcb/attach title to upper= $\langle text \rangle$ (style, default empty, initially unset)

Attaches the title to the begin of the upper part of the box content. The optional $\langle text \rangle$ is set between the formatted title and the box content.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{colbacktitle=red!10!white,
    colback=blue!10!white,coltitle=red!70!black,
    title={#2},fonttitle=\bfseries,#1}

\begin{mybox}[attach title to upper={\ ---\ }]{My title}
    This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[attach title to upper,after title={:\ }]{My title}
    This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[attach title to upper,after title={:\ }]{My title}
    This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}

My title — This is a tcolorbox.

My title: This is a tcolorbox.
```

More title options are documented in Section 3.7 on page 41 and Section 7.2 on page 99.

3.2 Lower Part

 $/tcb/lowerbox=\langle mode \rangle$

(no default, initially visible)

Controls the treatment of the lower part of the box. Feasible values for $\langle mode \rangle$ are:

- visible: usual type setting of the lower part,
- invisible: empty space instead of the lower part contents,
- ignored: the lower part is not used (here).

The last two values are usually applied in connection with savelowerto.

```
\begin{tcolorbox} [lowerbox=invisible,colback=white]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part (but invisible).
\end{tcolorbox}

\begin{tcolorbox} [lowerbox=ignored,colback=white]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part (but ignored).
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/savelowerto= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

Saves the content of the lower part in a file for an optional later usage.

/tcb/lower separated=true|false

(default true, initially true)

If set to true, the lower part is visually separated from the upper part. It depends on the chosen skin how the visualization of the separation is done.

<pre>% \tcbuselibrary{skins} colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75! width=(\linewidth-4mm)/2,fontlower=\itshap</pre>					
<pre>\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Lower separated] This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox}\hfill \begin{tcolorbox}[title=Lower not separated] This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox} \par\bigskip\par \begin{tcolorbox}[sidebyside,title=Lower separated] This is the upper part.</pre>					
<pre>\tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox}\hfill \begin{tcolorbox}{sidebyside,title=Lower not separated,lower separated=false} This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox} \par\bigskip\par \begin{tcolorbox}{beamer,title=Lower separated} This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox}\hfill \begin{tcolorbox}{beamer,title=Lower not separated,lower separated=false} This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the upper part. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox}</pre>					
Lower separated	Lower not separated				
This is the upper part.	This is the upper part.				
This is the lower part.	This is the lower part.				
Lower separated	Lower not separated				
This is the upper part. This is the lower part.	This is the upper This is the lower part. part.				
Lower separated	Lower not separated				
This is the upper part.	This is the upper part.				
This is the lower part.	This is the lower part.				

```
/tcb/savedelimiter=\langle name \rangle
```

(no default, initially tcolorbox)

Used in connection with new environment definitions which extend tcolorbox and use or allow the option savelowerto. To catch the end of the new box environment $\langle name \rangle$ has to be the name of this environment. Additionally, the environment definition has to use \tcolorbox instead of \begin{tcolorbox} and \endtcolorbox instead of \end{tcolorbox}.

```
\newenvironment{mybox}[1]{%
  \tcolorbox[savedelimiter=mybox,
             savelowerto=\jobname_bspsave2.tex,lowerbox=ignored,
             colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
             title=#1]}%
  {\endtcolorbox}
\begin{mybox}{My Example}
Upper part.
\tcblower
Saved lower part!
\end{mybox}
Now, the saved part is used:
\begin{tcolorbox}[colback=green!5]
\input{\jobname_bspsave2.tex}
\end{tcolorbox}
   My Example
   Upper part.
Now, the saved part is used:
   Saved lower part!
```

The savedelimiter is used implicitely with $\mbox{\ensuremath{\text{newtcolorbox}}}^{P.\,12}$ which allows a more convenient usage:

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{%
             savelowerto=\jobname_bspsave2.tex,lowerbox=ignored,
             colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
             title=#1}%
\begin{mybox}{My Example}
Upper part.
\tcblower
Saved lower part!
\end{mybox}
Now, the saved part is used:
\begin{tcolorbox}[colback=green!5]
\input{\jobname_bspsave2.tex}
\end{tcolorbox}
   My Example
   Upper part.
Now, the saved part is used:
   Saved lower part!
```

3.3 Colors and Fonts

 $/tcb/colframe = \langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially black!75!white)

Sets the frame $\langle color \rangle$ of the box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[colframe=red!50!white]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

 $/tcb/colback = \langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially black!5!white)

Sets the background $\langle color \rangle$ of the box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[colback=red!50!white]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/title filled=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Switches the drawing of the title background according to the given value. This option is set to true automatically by /tcb/colbacktitle, /tcb/opacitybacktitle $^{\rightarrow P.33}$, and /tcb/title style $^{\rightarrow P.96}$, and /tcb/title code $^{\rightarrow P.87}$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,title filled]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,
 title filled=false]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a tcolorbox.

My title

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/colbacktitle= $\langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially black!50!white)

Sets the background $\langle color \rangle$ of the title area of the box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[colbacktitle=red!50!white,
 title=My title,coltitle=black,
 fonttitle=\bfseries]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/colupper=\langle color \rangle

(no default, initially black)

Sets the text $\langle color \rangle$ of the upper part.

\begin{tcolorbox}[colupper=red!75!black]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower

This is the lower part.

\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is the lower part.

/tcb/collower= $\langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially black)

Sets the text $\langle color \rangle$ of the lower part.

\begin{tcolorbox}[collower=red!75!black]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower

This is the lower part.

\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is the lower part.

$/tcb/coltext = \langle color \rangle$

(style, no default, initially black)

Sets the text $\langle color \rangle$ of the box. This is an abbreviation for setting colupper and collower to the same value.

\begin{tcolorbox}[coltext=red!75!black]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower

This is the lower part.

\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is the lower part.

/tcb/coltitle= $\langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially white)

Sets the title text $\langle color \rangle$ of the box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[coltitle=red!75!black,
 colbacktitle=black!10!white,title=Test]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\end{tcolorbox}

Test

This is a **tcolorbox**.

(no default, initially empty) $/tcb/fontupper=\langle text \rangle$ Sets $\langle text \rangle$ before the content of the upper part (e.g. font settings). \begin{tcolorbox}[fontupper=Hello!~\sffamily] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} Hello! This is a tcolorbox. /tcb/fontlower= $\langle text \rangle$ (no default, initially empty) Sets $\langle text \rangle$ before the content of the lower part (e.g. font settings). \begin{tcolorbox}[fontlower=\sffamily\bfseries] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \tcblower This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox} This is a **tcolorbox**. This is the lower part. /tcb/fonttitle= $\langle text \rangle$ (no default, initially empty) Sets $\langle text \rangle$ before the content of the title text (e.g. font settings). \begin{tcolorbox}[fonttitle=\sffamily\bfseries\large,title=Hello] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} Hello This is a tcolorbox.

More color options are provided by using skins documented in Section 7 from page 93.

3.4 Geometry

```
/tcb/width=\langle length \rangle
                                                                        (no default, initially \linewidth)
     Sets the total width of the colored box to \langle length \rangle. See also /tcb/height\stackrel{\circ}{\rightarrow}P.35.
         \tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[width=\linewidth/2]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
         \end{tcolorbox}
             This is a tcolorbox.
/tcb/toprule=\langle length \rangle
                                                                               (no default, initially 0.5mm)
     Sets the line width of the top rule to \langle length \rangle.
         \tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[toprule=3mm]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
         \end{tcolorbox}
             This is a tcolorbox.
/tcb/bottomrule = \langle length \rangle
                                                                               (no default, initially 0.5mm)
     Sets the line width of the bottom rule to \langle length \rangle.
         \tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[bottomrule=3mm]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
         \end{tcolorbox}
             This is a tcolorbox.
/tcb/leftrule=\langle length\rangle
                                                                               (no default, initially 0.5mm)
     Sets the line width of the left rule to \langle length \rangle.
         \tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[leftrule=3mm]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
         \end{tcolorbox}
               This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/rightrule=⟨length⟩ (no default, initially 0.5mm) Sets the line width of the right rule to $\langle length \rangle$. \tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black} \begin{tcolorbox}[rightrule=3mm] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} This is a **tcolorbox**. /tcb/titlerule= $\langle length \rangle$ (no default, initially 0.5mm) Sets the line width of the rule below the title to $\langle length \rangle$. \tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black, colbacktitle=red!90!black} \begin{tcolorbox}[titlerule=3mm,title=This is the title] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} This is the title This is a **tcolorbox**. (style, no default, initially 0.5mm) /tcb/boxrule=\langle length \rangle Sets all rules of the frame to $\langle length \rangle$, i.e. $/tcb/toprule^{\rightarrow P.22}$, $/tcb/bottomrule^{\rightarrow P.22}$,

/tcb/leftrule $^{\rightarrow P.22}$, /tcb/rightrule, and /tcb/titlerule.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black} \begin{tcolorbox}[boxrule=3mm] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} This is a tcolorbox.

More options for drawing a /tcb/borderline P.118 are provided by using skins documented in Section 7 from page 93.

/tcb/arc=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 1mm)

Sets the inner radius of the four frame arcs to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

\begin{tcolorbox}[arc=0mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[arc=4mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/outer arc= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Sets the outer radius of the four frame arcs to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[arc=4mm,outer arc=1mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/auto outer arc

(no value, initially set)

Sets the outer radius of the four frame arcs automatically in dependency of the inner radius given by /tcb/arc.

/tcb/boxsep= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 1mm)

Sets a common padding of $\langle length \rangle$ between the text content and the frame of the box. This value is added to the key values of left, right, top, bottom, and middle at the appropriate places.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,width=(\linewidth-4mm)/2,
    before=,after=\hfill}

\begin{tcolorbox} [boxsep=5mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
    \end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox} [boxsep=5mm,draft]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
    \end{tcolorbox}
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

Imperi v=141.2724pt, h=6.296pt
    interior: w=192.4873pt, h=46.1298pt
```

/tcb/left=\length\rangle

(style, no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the left space between all text parts and frame (additional to boxsep). This is an abbreviation for setting lefttitle, leftupper, and leftlower to the same value.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[left=0mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/lefttitle= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the left space between title text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[lefttitle=3cm,title=My Title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
My Title
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/leftupper=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the left space between upper text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[leftupper=3cm,title=My Title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My Title

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/leftlower=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the left space between lower text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[leftlower=3cm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/right=\langle length \rangle

(style, no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the right space between all text parts and frame (additional to boxsep). This is an abbreviation for setting righttitle, rightupper, and rightlower to the same value.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[width=5cm,right=2cm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/righttitle= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 4mm)

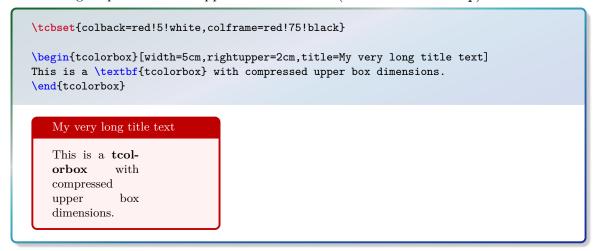
Sets the right space between title text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[width=5cm,righttitle=2cm,title=My very long title text]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox} with standard upper box dimensions.
\end{tcolorbox}
My very long title text
This is a tcolorbox with standard upper box dimensions.
```

/tcb/rightupper=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the right space between upper text and frame (additional to boxsep).



/tcb/rightlower=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 4mm)

Sets the right space between lower text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

\begin{tcolorbox}[width=5cm,rightlower=2cm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox} with standard upper box dimensions.
\tcblower
This is the lower part with large space at right.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox with standard upper box dimensions.

This is the lower part with large space at right.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/top= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 2mm)

Sets the top space between text and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[top=0mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/toptitle= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Sets the top space between title and frame (additional to boxsep).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[toptitle=3mm,title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
My title
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/bottom=⟨length⟩

(no default, initially 2mm)

Sets the bottom space between text and frame (additional to boxsep).

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

\begin{tcolorbox}[bottom=0mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

This is the lower part.

/tcb/bottomtitle=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially Omm)

Sets the bottom space between title and frame (additional to boxsep).

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[bottomtitle=3mm,title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
My title
This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/middle= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 2mm)

Sets the space between upper and lower text to the separation line (additional to boxsep).

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

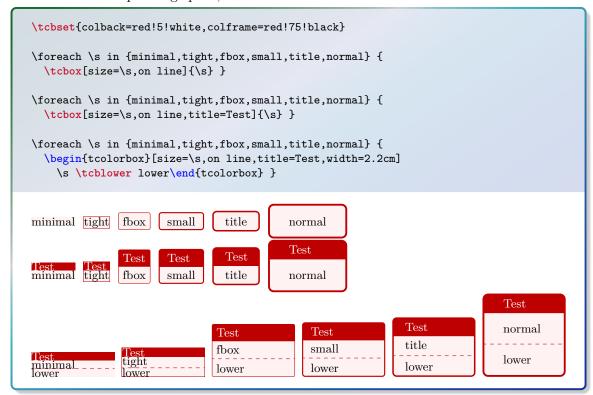
\begin{tcolorbox}[middle=0mm,boxsep=0mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}

- This is a tcolorbox.
- This is the lower part.

```
/tcb/size=\langle name \rangle
```

 $o/size=\langle name \rangle$ (no default, initially normal) Sets all geometry keys with exception of $/tcb/width^{\rightarrow P.22}$ to predefined length values. For $\langle name \rangle$, the following values are feasible:

- normal: normal sized boxes e.g. of width \linewidth.
- title: title line sized boxes.
- small: small boxes e.g. for keyword highlighting.
- fbox: identical to the standard \fbox.
- tight: no padding space at all.
- minimal: no padding space, no box rules.



Predefined values									
	normal	title	small	fbox	tight	minimal			
boxrule	0.5mm	0.4mm	0.3mm	0.4pt	0.4pt	0.0pt			
boxsep	1.0mm	1.0mm	1.0mm	3.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
left	4.0mm	2.0mm	1.Omm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
right	4.0mm	2.0mm	1.0mm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
top	2.0mm	0.25mm	O.Omm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
bottom	2.0mm	0.25mm	O.Omm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
toptitle	O.Omm	O.Omm	O.Omm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
bottomtitle	O.Omm	O.Omm	O.Omm	0.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
middle	2.0mm	0.75mm	0.5mm	1.0pt	0.2pt	0.0pt			
arc	1.0mm	0.75mm	0.5mm	1.0pt	0.0pt	0.0pt			
outer arc	auto	auto	auto	auto	0.0pt	0.0pt			

```
/tcb/oversize=\langle length \rangle
```

(style, default Opt)

Sets the text width of the upper part to the current line width plus an optional $\langle length \rangle$. This is achieved by changing the keys $/ tcb/width^{\rightarrow P.\,22}/tcb/enlarge left$ by $^{\rightarrow P.\,61}$, and / tcb/enlarge right by $^{\rightarrow P.\,61}$ appropriately. The resulting box is overlapping into the left and right margin of the page. Note that this style option has to be given *after* all other geometry keys!

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\textit{Normal text for comparison:}\\
\lipsum[2]

\begin{tcolorbox}[oversize,title=Oversized box]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Normal box]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Normal text for comparison:

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Oversized box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Normal box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
/tcb/toggle left and right=\langle preset\rangle (default evenpage, initially none)
```

According to the $\langle toggle\ preset \rangle$, the left and the right settings of the tcolorbox are switched or not. Feasible values are:

- none: no switching.
- forced: the values of the left and right rules and spaces are switched.
- evenpage: if the page is an even page, the values of the left and right rules and spaces are switched. It is recommended that one use this setting in conjunction with /tcb/check odd page^{-P.73}.

```
% \usepackage{changepage} for 'check odd page'
% \usepackage{lipsum}
% \usetikzlibrary{patterns}
% \tcbuselibrary{skins,breakable}
\begin{tcolorbox}[skin=enhancedmiddle,breakable,
  check odd page, toggle left and right,
  boxrule=0mm,top=0mm,bottom=0mm,left=1mm,right=1mm,
  rightrule=1cm, colupper=blue!25!black,
  interior style={fill overzoom image=lichtspiel.jpg,fill image opacity=0.25},
  frame style={pattern=crosshatch dots light steel blue},
  overlay={%
    \ifoddpage\coordinate (X) at ([xshift=-5mm]frame.east);
         \else\coordinate (X) at ([xshift=5mm]frame.west);\fi
    \fill[shading=ball,ball color=blue!50!white,opacity=0.5] (X) circle (4mm);}]
\lipsum[1-6]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This example switches a 1cm thick rule from the left to the right side depending on the page number. Thereby, the rule is always on the outer side of the double-sided paper. Additionally, a ball is drawn on the outer side with help of an overlay.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim.

Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

3.5 Transparency



Transparency effects are likely to be used in conjunction with *jigsaw* skin variants, see Section 7.10 on page 137.



/tcb/opacityframe= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 1.0)

Sets the frame opacity of the box to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[opacityframe=0.25]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/opacityback= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 1.0)

Sets the background opacity of the box to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[standard jigsaw,
 opacityframe=0.5, opacityback=0.5]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/opacitybacktitle=\langle fraction \rangle

(no default, initially 1.0)

Sets the title background opacity of the box to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[standard jigsaw,
 opacityframe=0.5, opacitybacktitle=0.5,
 title filled, title=This is a title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a title

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/opacityfill= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(style, no default, initially 1.0)

Sets the fill opacity for frame, interior and optionally the title background to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[standard jigsaw,
 opacityfill=0.7, title=This is a title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a title

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/opacityupper= $\langle fraction \rangle$ (no default, initially 1.0) Sets the text opacity of the upper box part to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$. \begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,opacityupper=0.5, interior style={pattern=crosshatch dots } (light steel blue)] This is a tcolorbox. This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} /tcb/opacitylower= $\langle fraction \rangle$ (no default, initially 1.0) Sets the text opacity of the lower box part to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$. \begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,opacitylower=0.5, interior style={pattern=crosshatch dots } This is a tcolorbox. (light steel blue)] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \tcblower This is the lower part. This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox} /tcb/opacitytext=\langle fraction \rangle (no default, initially 1.0) Sets the text opacity of the upper and the lower box part to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$. \begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,opacitytext=0.5, interior style={pattern=crosshatch dots } This is a tcolorbox. (light steel blue)] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \tcblower This is the lower part. This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox} /tcb/opacitytitle= $\langle fraction \rangle$ (no default, initially 1.0) Sets the text opacity of the box title to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$. \begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,opacitytitle=0.7, fonttitle=\bfseries, title=This is a title, title style={pattern=crosshatch dots light } (steel blue)] This is a **tcolorbox**. This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} \begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced jigsaw,fonttitle=\bfseries,title=This is a title, opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.25,opacitybacktitle=0.25,opacitytext=0.8, colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,colbacktitle=yellow!20!red] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox}

This is a title This is a tcolorbox.

3.6 Height Control

In a typical usage scenario, the height of a tcolorbox is computed automatically to fit the content. Nevertheless, the height can be set to a fixed value or to fit commonly for several boxes, e.g. if boxes are set side by side.

The height control keys are only applicable to unbreakable boxes. If a box is set to be /tcb/breakable^{¬P. 246}, the height is always computed according to the *natural height*.

/tcb/natural height

(no value, initially set)

Sets the total height of the colored box to its natural height depending on the box content.

/tcb/height= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default)

Sets the total height of the colored box to $\langle length \rangle$ independent of the box content. $\langle length \rangle$ is the minimum height of the box, if /tcb/height plus is larger than zero.

```
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/3, before=, after=\hfill,
colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}
\begin{tcolorbox}[height=1cm, valign=center]
  This box has a height of 1cm.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox} [height=2cm, valign=center]
  This box has a height of 2cm.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[height=3cm,split=0.5,valign=center,valign lower=center]
  This box has a height of 3cm.
  \tcblower
  Lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                This box has a height of
                                                                3cm.
                                 This box has a height of
                                 2cm.
                                                                Lower part.
   This box has a height of
   1cm.
```

/tcb/height plus= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

The box may extend a given fixed /tcb/height up to the given (length).

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,
  right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,width=3cm,nobeforeafter}
\begin{tcolorbox}[height=1cm]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[height=1cm,height plus=1cm]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[height=1cm,height plus=1cm]
This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                         This is a toolorbox.
 This is a tcolorbox.
                    This is a toolorbox.
                                         This is a toolorbox.
                                         This is a toolorbox.
```

Sets the box height to a dimension between $\langle min \rangle$ and $\langle max \rangle$.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,
  bottom=1mm,right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,width=4.5cm,nobeforeafter,
  height from=2cm to 8cm}

\usepackage{lipsum}
\usepackag
```

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/space= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 0)

If the height of a tcolorbox is not the natural height, the space difference between the forced and the natural size is distributed between the upper and the lower part of the box. This space could also be negative. $\langle fraction \rangle$ with a value between 0 and 1 is the amount of space which is added to the upper part, the rest is added to the lower part. If there is no lower part, then all of the space is added to the upper part always.

```
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/3, before=, after=\hfill,
colframe=blue!75!black, colback=white, height=3cm}

\foreach \f in {0.2,0.4,0.7}
{\begin{tcolorbox}[space=\f]
    This is the upper part.
    \tcblower
    This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}}

This is the lower part.

This is the upper part.

This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/space to upper

(style)

This is an abbreviation for space=1, i.e. all extra space is added to the upper part.

/tcb/space to lower

(style, initially set)

This is an abbreviation for **space=0**, i. e. all extra space is added to the lower part (if there is any).

/tcb/space to both

 $(ext{style}$

This is an abbreviation for space=0.5, i.e. the extra space equally distributed between the upper and the lower part.

```
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/3,before=,after=\hfill,
colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white,height=3cm}

\foreach \myspace in {space to upper,space to both,space to lower}
{\begin{tcolorbox}[\myspace]
    This is the upper part.
    \tcblower
    This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}}

This is the upper part.

This is the upper part.

This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/split=⟨fraction⟩

(no default)

If the height of a tcolorbox is not the natural height, the $\langle fraction \rangle$ with a value between 0 and 1 determines the positioning of the segmentation between the upper and the lower part. Here, 0 stands for top and 1 for bottom. Note that the box is split regardless of the actual dimensions of the text parts!

```
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/3,before=,after=\hfill,height=3cm,
colback=white,colframe=blue!75!black,valign=center,valign lower=center}
\foreach \f in \{0.1, 0.5, 0.8\}
{\begin{tcolorbox}[split=\f]
This is the upper part.
\tcblower
This is the lower part with a lot of text in several lines.
\end{tcolorbox}}
   This is the upper part.
                                  This is the upper part.
                                                                 This is the upper part.
   This is the lower part
   with a lot of text in sev-
                                  This is the lower part
                                                                 This is the lower part
   eral lines.
                                  with a lot of text in sev-
                                                                 with a lot of text in sev-
                                  eral lines.
                                                                  eral lines
```

$/tcb/valign=\langle alignment \rangle$

(no default, initially top)

If the height of a tcolorbox is not the natural height, valign determines the vertical $\langle alignment \rangle$ of the upper part. Feasible values are top, center, and bottom. For a box with natural height, these values are meaningless.

```
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/3, before=, after=\hfill,
colframe=blue!75!black, colback=white, height=2cm}

\foreach \myalign in \{top, center, bottom\}
{\begin{tcolorbox}[valign=\myalign]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}}

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/valign lower= $\langle alignment \rangle$

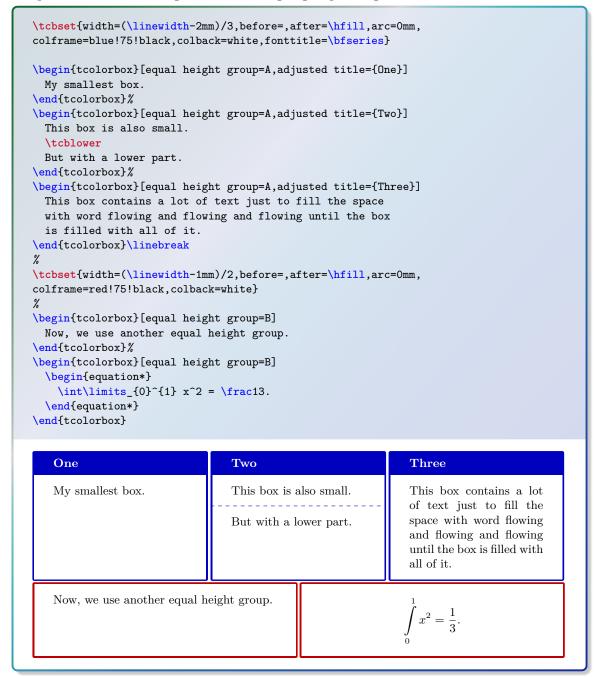
(no default, initially top)

This key has the same meaning for the lower part as valign for the upper part, i.e. it determines the vertical $\langle alignment \rangle$ of the lower part with feasible values top, center, and bottom.

/tcb/equal height group= $\langle id \rangle$

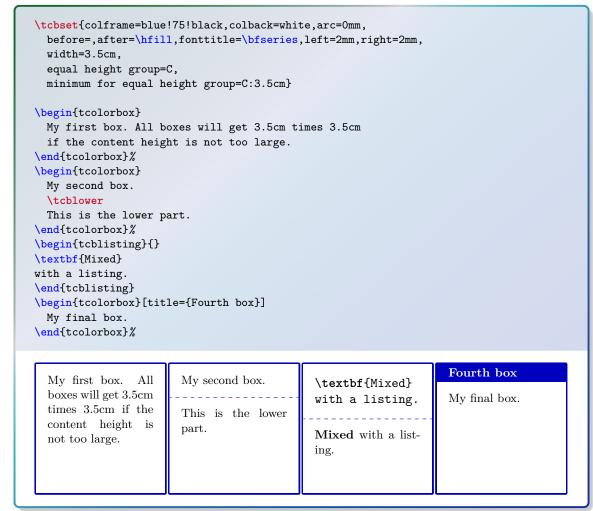
(no default)

Boxes which are members of an equal height group will all get the same height, i.e. the maximum of all their natural heights. The $\langle id \rangle$ serves to distinguish between different height groups. This $\langle id \rangle$ should contain only characters which are feasible for TeX macro names, typically alphabetic characters but no numerals and spaces. Note that you have to compile twice to see changes and that height groups are global definitions.



/tcb/minimum for equal height group= $\langle id \rangle$: $\langle length \rangle$ (no default, initially unset)

Plants a $\langle length \rangle$ into the equal height group with the given $\langle id \rangle$. This ensures that the height will not drop below $\langle length \rangle$. Note that you cannot reduce a computed height value by using this key with a small value. The difference to applying /tcb/height^{\rightarrow P. 35} directly is that the boxes are never too small for their content.



3.7 Box Content Additions

The following options introduce some arbitrary $\langle code \rangle$ to the content of a tcolorbox. These additions can be given at the beginning or at the ending of the title, the upper part, or the lower part.

/tcb/before title= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the color and font settings and before the content of the title.

```
\tcbset{before title={\textcolor{yellow}{\large Important:}~},
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}{title=My title}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
Important: My title
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/after title= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the content of the title.

```
\tcbset{after title={\hfill\colorbox{Navy}{approved}},
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

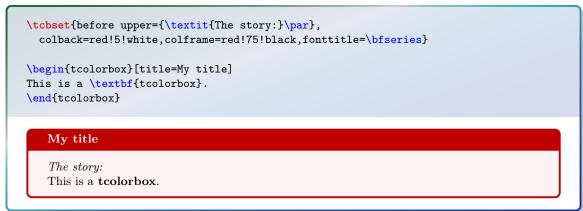
Approved

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/before upper= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the color and font settings and before the content of the upper part.



/tcb/after upper= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the content of the upper part.

```
\tcbset{after upper={\par\hfill\textit{Read more next week}},
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}{title=My title}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a tcolorbox.

Read more next week
```

/tcb/before lower= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the color and font settings and before the content of the lower part.

```
\tcbset{before lower=\textit{Behold:~},colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

Behold: This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/after lower= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is placed after the content of the lower part.

```
\tcbset{after lower=\ \textit{This is the end.},
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}

\begin{tcolorbox}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

This is the lower part. This is the end.
```

/tcb/center title (style, no value, initially unset) This style sets /tcb/before title $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ to \centering. \tcbset{center title,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries} \begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} My title This is a **tcolorbox**. /tcb/center upper (style, no value, initially unset) This style sets /tcb/before upper or to \centering. \tcbset{center upper,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries} \begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \end{tcolorbox} My title This is a **tcolorbox**. /tcb/center lower (style, no value, initially unset) This style sets /tcb/before lower $^{-P.42}$ to \centering. \tcbset{center lower,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries} \begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title] This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. \tcblower

\tcbset{center lower,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a tcolorbox.

This is the lower part.

/tcb/flushleft title

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before title P.41 to \raggedright.

\tcbset{flushleft title,colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title which is
 quite long but always flushed left]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title which is quite long but always flushed left

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/flushleft upper

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before upper $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ to \raggedright.

\tcbset{flushleft upper,colback=red!5!white,
colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. Here, the
content is flushed left.
You see the effect on the right hand side.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**. Here, the content is flushed left. You see the effect on the right hand side.

/tcb/flushleft lower

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before lower → P. 42 to \raggedright.

\tcbset{flushleft lower,colback=red!5!white,
colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}. The upper part is not flushed left or right. This could be unpleasant for small boxes.

\tcblower

This is the lower part. Here, the content is flushed left.
You see the effect on the right hand side.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**. The upper part is not flushed left or right. This could be unpleasant for small boxes.

This is the lower part. Here, the content is flushed left. You see the effect on the right hand side.

/tcb/flushright title

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before title $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ to \raggedleft.

\tcbset{flushright title,colback=red!5!white,
colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/flushright upper

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before upper $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ to \raggedleft.

\tcbset{flushright upper,colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/flushright lower

(style, no value, initially unset)

This style sets /tcb/before lower $^{\rightarrow\,\mathrm{P.\,42}}$ to \raggedleft.

\tcbset{flushright lower,colback=red!5!white,
colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower

This is the lower part. \end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is the lower part.

/tcb/tabularx=\langle preamble \rangle

(style)

This style sets /tcb/before upper $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ and /tcb/after upper $^{\rightarrow P.42}$ and several geometry keys to support a tabularx with the given $\langle preamble \rangle$. The packages tabularx [4], array, and colortbl have to be loaded separately.

```
% \usepackage{array,tabularx}
% \usepackage{colortbl} - or - \usepackage[table]{xcolor}
\newcolumntype{Y}{>{\raggedleft\arraybackslash}X}% see tabularx
\tcbset{enhanced,fonttitle=\bfseries\large,fontupper=\normalsize\sffamily,
  colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black,colbacktitle=Salmon!30!white,
  coltitle=black,center title}
\begin{tcolorbox}[tabularx={X||Y|Y|Y|Y||Y},title=My table]
Group & One & Two & Three & Four
                                            & Sum\\\hline\hline
Red & 1000.00 & 2000.00 & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 10000.00\\hline
Green & 2000.00 & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 5000.00 & 14000.00\\hline
Blue & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 5000.00 & 6000.00 & 18000.00\\hline\hline
Sum & 6000.00 & 9000.00 & 12000.00 & 15000.00 & 42000.00
\end{tcolorbox}
                                   My table
                      One
                                    Two
                                                Three
                                                              Four
                                                                            Sum
 Group
                   1000.00
                                2000.00
                                              3000.00
                                                           4000.00
                                                                        10000.00
 Red
                                3000.00
                                              4000.00
                                                           5000.00
                                                                        14000.00
 Green
                   2000.00
                                                                        18000.00
 Blue
                   3000.00
                                4000.00
                                              5000.00
                                                           6000.00
                                                                        42000.00
 Sum
                   6000.00
                                9000.00
                                             12000.00
                                                          15000.00
```

\t tcb/tabularx*= $\{\langle code \rangle\}\{\langle preamble \rangle\}$

(style)

This is a variant of /tcb/tabularx which adds some $\langle code \rangle$ before the table starts.

My table		
One	Two	Three
1000.00	2000.00	3000.00
2000.00	3000.00	4000.00

```
/tcb/tikz upper=(options)
```

(style)

This style adds a centered tikzpicture environment to the start and end of the upper part. The $\langle options \rangle$ may be given as TikZ picture options.

/tcb/tikz lower=\langle options\rangle

(style)

This style adds a centered tikzpicture environment to the start and end of the lower part. The $\langle options \rangle$ may be given as TikZ picture options.

```
% \usepackage{tikz}
% \usetikzlibrary{skins,listings}
\tcbset{tikz lower, listing side text, fonttitle=\bfseries,
 bicolor,colback=LightBlue!50!white,colbacklower=white,colframe=black,
 righthand width=3cm}
\begin{tcblisting}{title=\tikzname\ drawing}
\path[fill=yellow,draw=yellow!75!red]
    (0,0) circle (1cm);
\fill[red] (45:5mm) circle (1mm);
\fill[red] (135:5mm) circle (1mm);
\draw[line width=1mm,red]
    (215:5mm) arc (215:325:5mm);
\end{tcblisting}
   TikZ drawing
   \path[fill=yellow,draw=yellow!75!red]
       (0,0) circle (1cm);
   \fill[red] (45:5mm) circle (1mm);
   \fill[red] (135:5mm) circle (1mm);
   \draw[line width=1mm,red]
       (215:5mm) arc (215:325:5mm);
```

/tcb/tikznode upper=\langle options \rangle

(style)

This style places the upper part content into a centered TikZ node. The $\langle options \rangle$ may be given as TikZ node options. This style is especially useful for boxes with multiline texts which are fitted to the text width.

```
% \usepackage{tikz}
\newtcbox{\headline}[1][]{enhanced,before=\begin{center},after=\end{center},
    fontupper=\Large\bfseries,colframe=red!50!black,colback=red!10!white,
    drop fuzzy shadow=yellow,tikznode upper,#1}
\headline{Important\\Headline}
Important
Headline
```

/tcb/tikznode lower=\langle options \rangle

style

This style places the lower part content into a centered TikZ node. The $\langle options \rangle$ may be given as TikZ node options.

/tcb/tikznode=\langle options\rangle

(style)

Shortcut for setting /tcb/tikznode upper and /tcb/tikznode lower the same time.

/tcb/varwidth upper= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, default /tcb/width→P. 22)

This style places the upper part content into a varwidth environment. This style needs the varwidth package [1] to be loaded manually. The resulting box has a maximal width of $\langle length \rangle$. This option is only senseful for a $\backslash tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$.

```
% \usepackage{varwidth}
\newtcbox{\varbox}{colframe=red!50!black,
    colback=red!10!white, varwidth upper}

\usepackage{varwidth}
Short text.

Short text.

This box contains is a longer text
    which is broken.}
```

```
/tcb/code=\(code\) (no default, initially unset)
```

The given $\langle code \rangle$ is executed immediately. This option is useful to place some arbitrary code into an option list.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
    code={Useless at this spot but functional.},
    fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[code={\newcommand{\mycommand}{\textit{working}}},
    title=My \mycommand\ title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

Useless at this spot but functional.

My working title
This is a tcolorbox.
```

3.8 Overlays

With an overlay, arbitrary $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ can be added to a tcolorbox. This code is executed after the frame and interior are drawn and before the text content is drawn. Therefore, you can decorate the tcolorbox with your own extensions. Common special cases are watermarks which are implemented using overlays. See Subsection 7.3 from page 106 if you want to add watermarks.

If you use the core package only, the $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ has to be pgf code and there is not much assistance for positioning. Therefore, the usage of the $/\text{tcb/enhanced}^{\to P.142}$ mode from the library skins is recommended which allows tikz code and gives access to /tcb/geometry nodes $^{\to P.84}$ for positioning.

```
/tcb/overlay=\langle graphical\ code \rangle
```

This is a **tcolorbox**.

(no default, initially unset)

Adds $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to the box drawing process. This $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is drawn after the frame and interior and before the text content.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{skins} % preamble
\tcbset{frogbox/.style={enhanced,colback=green!10,colframe=green!65!black,
enlarge top by=5.5mm,
overlay={\foreach \x in {2cm,3.5cm} {
   \begin{scope}[shift={([xshift=\x]frame.north west)}]
   \path[draw=green!65!black,fill=green!10,line width=1mm] (0,0) arc (0:180:5mm);
   \path[fill=black] (-0.2,0) arc (0:180:1mm);
   \end{scope}}}}}
\begin{tcolorbox}[frogbox,title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

```
% \usetikzlibrary{patterns} % preamble
% \tcbuselibrary{skins} % preamble
\tcbset{ribbonbox/.style={enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
 fonttitle=\bfseries,
  overlay={\path[fill=blue!75!white,draw=blue,double=white!85!blue,
    preaction={opacity=0.6,fill=blue!75!white},
    line width=0.1mm, double distance=0.2mm,
    pattern=fivepointed stars,pattern color=white!75!blue]
    ([xshift=-0.2mm,yshift=-1.02cm]frame.north east)
    -- ++(-1,1) -- ++(-0.5,0) -- ++(1.5,-1.5) -- cycle;}}
\begin{tcolorbox}[ribbonbox,title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
   My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/no overlay

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the overlay if set before.

/tcb/overlay broken=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) code is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/overlay $^{\rightarrow P.50}$ overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay unbroken=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 but is not broken actually or if the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/unbreakable}^{\rightarrow P.247}$, then the $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/overlav P. 50 overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay first=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/breakable}^{\rightarrow P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the $\langle qraphical \rangle$ code) is added to the box drawing process for the first part of the break sequence. /tcb/overlay P. 50 overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay middle=⟨graphical code⟩

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) code is added to the box drawing process for the middle parts (if any) of the break sequence. /tcb/overlay → P. 50 overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay last=\(qraphical code\)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable AP. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) code) is added to the box drawing process for the last part of the break sequence. /tcb/overlay P. 50 overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay unbroken and first=(graphical code) (no default, initially unset)

This is an optimized abbreviation for setting /tcb/overlay unbroken and /tcb/overlay first together. /tcb/overlay → P. 50 overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay middle and last= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

This is an optimized abbreviation for setting /tcb/overlay middle and /tcb/overlay last together. /tcb/overlay overwrites this key.

/tcb/overlay unbroken and last=(graphical code) (no default, initially unset)

This is an optimized abbreviation for setting /tcb/overlay unbroken and /tcb/overlay last together. /tcb/overlay P.50 overwrites this key.

This example demonstrates the application of break sequence specific overlay options. Here, we define an environment myexample based on tcolorbox where the visible drawing is done totally by overlay keys.

Here, the first application of myexample produces an unbroken tcolorbox. The frame is drawn by the code given with /tcb/overlay unbroken.

The second application of myexample is broken into several parts which are drawn by the codes given with /tcb/overlay first, /tcb/overlay middle, and /tcb/overlay last.

% Preamble:

%\usepackage{tikz,lipsum}

%\tcbuselibrary{skins,breakable}

%\newcounter{example}

\colorlet{colexam}{red!75!black}

\newtcolorbox[use counter=example]{myexample}{%

empty,title={Example \thetcbcounter},attach boxed title to top left, boxed title style={empty,size=minimal,toprule=2pt,top=4pt,

```
overlay={\draw[colexam,line width=2pt]
      ([yshift=-1pt]frame.north west)--([yshift=-1pt]frame.north east);}},
  coltitle=colexam,fonttitle=\Large\bfseries,
  before=\par\medskip\noindent,parbox=false,boxsep=0pt,left=0pt,right=3mm,top=4pt,
  breakable, pad at break=0mm,
  overlay unbroken={\draw[colexam,line width=1pt]
    ([yshift=-1pt]title.north east)--([xshift=-0.5pt,yshift=-1pt]title.north-|frame.east)
    --([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.south east)--(frame.south west); },
  overlay first={\draw[colexam,line width=1pt]
    ([yshift=-1pt]title.north east)--([xshift=-0.5pt,yshift=-1pt]title.north-|frame.east)
    --([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.south east); },
  overlay middle={\draw[colexam,line width=1pt] ([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.north east)
    --([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.south east); },
  overlay last={\draw[colexam,line width=1pt] ([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.north east)
    --([xshift=-0.5pt]frame.south east)--(frame.south west);},%
\begin{myexample}
\lipsum[1]
\end{myexample}
\begin{myexample}
\lipsum[2-11]
\end{myexample}
\lipsum[12]% following text
```

Example 1

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Example 2

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus.

Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi

dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

Floating box from floatplacement

This floating box is placed at the top of a page.

3.9 Floating Objects

$/tcb/floatplacement=\langle values \rangle$

(no default, initially htb)

Sets $\langle values \rangle$ as default values for the usage of /tcb/float and /tcb/float*. Feasible are the usual parameters for floating objects.

/tcb/float=\langle values \rangle

(default from floatplacement)

Turns the box to a floating object where $\langle values \rangle$ are the usual parameters for such floating objects. If they are not used, the placement uses the default values given by floatplacement.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[float, title=Floating box from |float|,
    enhanced,watermark text={I'm also floating}]
This box floats to a feasible place automatically. You do not have to
    use a numbering for this floating object.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Floating box from float

This box floats to a feasible place automatically. You do not have to use a numbering for this floating object.

/tcb/float*=\(values\)

(default from floatplacement)

Identical to /tcb/float, but for wide boxes spanning the whole page width of two column documents or in conjunction with the packages multicol or paracol. Note that you have to set width=\textwidth additionally, if the box should span the whole page width in these cases!

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[float*=b, title=Floating box from |float*|,width=\textwidth,
    enhanced,watermark text={I'm also floating}]
In this single column document, you will see no difference to |float|.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/nofloat

(style, initially set)

Turns the floating behavior off.

Floating box from float*

In this single column document, you will see no difference to float.

3.10 Side by Side

Further side by side options for code examples are /tcb/listing side text $^{P.205}$, /tcb/text side listing $^{P.205}$, /tcb/listing outside text $^{P.205}$, and /tcb/text outside listing $^{P.205}$.

/tcb/sidebyside=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Normally, the upper part and the lower part of the box have their positions as their names suggest. If sidebyside is set to true, the upper part is drawn *left-handed* and the lower part is drawn *right-handed*. Both parts are drawn together with the geometry settings of the upper part but the space is divided horizontally according to the following options. Colors, fonts, and box content additions are used individually. The resulting box is unbreakable.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,sidebyside]
This is the upper (\textit{left-handed}) part.
\tcblower
This is the lower (\textit{right-handed}) part.
\end{tcolorbox}

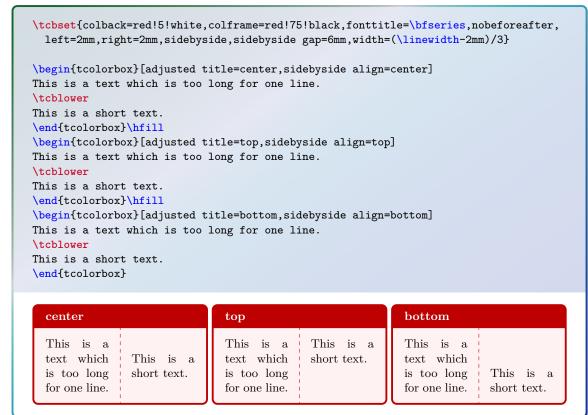
My title
This is the upper (left-handed) part.

This is the upper (left-handed) part.
This is the lower (right-handed) part.
```

/tcb/sidebyside align=\langle alignment value \rangle

(no default, initially center)

Sets the vertical alignment for the left-handed and right-handed part. Feasible values are center, top, and bottom.



/tcb/sidebyside gap=\langle length\rangle

(no default, initially 10mm)

Sets the horizontal distance between the left-handed and right-handed part to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,nobeforeafter,
 sidebyside,width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2}
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=Wide gap, sidebyside gap=30mm]
This is a text which is too long for one line.
\tcblower
This is a short text.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=Narrow gap,sidebyside gap=1mm]
This is a text which is too long for one line.
\tcblower
This is a short text.
\end{tcolorbox}
   Wide gap
   This
        text
                                                Narrow gap
                               This
                                      is
   which is
                                  short
   too long
                                                This is a text which
                               text.
                                                is too long for one This is a short text.
   for
         one
   line.
```

/tcb/lefthand width= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Sets the width of the left-handed part to the given $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,sidebyside,lefthand width=3cm]
This is the upper (\textit{left-handed}) part.
\tcblower
This is the lower (\textit{right-handed}) part.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

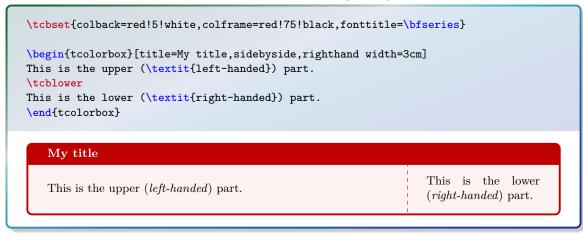
This is the upper (left-handed) part.

This is the upper (left-handed) part.
```

/tcb/righthand width= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Sets the width of the right-handed part to the given $\langle length \rangle$.



/tcb/lefthand ratio= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 0.5)

Sets the width of the left-handed part to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$ of the available space. $\langle fraction \rangle$ is a value between 0 and 1.

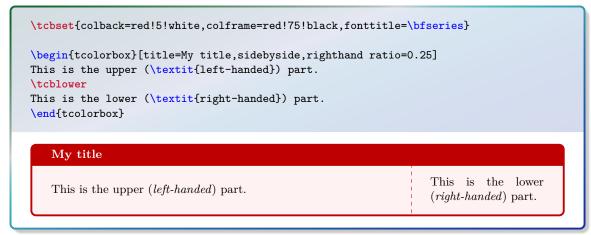
```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,sidebyside,lefthand ratio=0.25]
This is the upper (\textit{left-handed}) part.
\tcblower
This is the lower (\textit{right-handed}) part.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title
This is the upper (left-handed) part.
This is the upper (left-handed) part.
```

/tcb/righthand ratio= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 0.5)

Sets the width of the right-handed part to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$ of the available space. $\langle fraction \rangle$ is a value between 0 and 1.



3.11 Embedding into the Surroundings

Typically, but not necessarily, a tcolorbox is put inside a separate paragraph and has some vertical space before and after it. This behavior is controlled by the keys before and after.

 \t tcb/before= \t code \t (no default, initially see /tcb/autoparskip)

Sets the $\langle code \rangle$ which is executed before the colored box. It is not used for floating boxes.

 \t tcb/after= \t code \t (no default, initially see /tcb/autoparskip)

Sets the $\langle code \rangle$ which is executed after the colored box. It is not used for floating boxes.

/tcb/parskip (style, no value)

Sets the keys before and after to values which are recommended, if the package parskip is used and there is no better idea for before and after.

/tcb/noparskip (style, no value)

Sets the keys before and after to values which are recommended, if the package parskip is *not* used and there is no better idea for before and after.

/tcb/autoparskip

(style, no value, initially set)

Tries to detect the usage of the package parskip and sets the keys before and after accordingly. Actually, the following is done:

- If the length of \parskip is greater than Opt at the beginning of the document, \tcb/parskip is executed. Here, the usage of package parskip is assumed.
- Otherwise, if the length of \parskip is not greater than Opt at the beginning of the document, /tcb/noparskip is executed. Here, the absence of package parskip is assumed

autoparskip is the default for the package tcolorbox, if before or after are not changed otherwise.

/tcb/nobeforeafter (style, no value)

Abbreviation for clearing the keys before and after. The colored box is not put into a paragraph and there is no space before or after the box.

```
\tcbset{myone/.style={colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,
    equal height group=nobefaf,width=\linewidth/4,nobeforeafter}}
\begin{tcolorbox}[myone,title=Box 1]Box 1\end{tcolorbox}%
\begin{tcolorbox}[myone,title=Box 2]Box 2\end{tcolorbox}%
\begin{tcolorbox}[myone,title=Box 3]Box 3\end{tcolorbox}%
\begin{tcolorbox}[myone,title=Box 4]Box 4\end{tcolorbox}
Box 1 Box 2 Box 3 Box 4
Box 1 Box 2 Box 3 Box 4
```

/tcb/baseline= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

Used to set the \pgfsetbaseline value of the resulting tcolorbox.

3.12 Bounding Box

Normally, every tcolorbox has a bounding box which fits exactly to the dimensions of the outer frame. Therefore, LATEX reserves exactly the space needed for the box. This behavior can be changed by enlarging (or shrinking) the bounding box. If the bounding box is enlarged, the tcolorbox will get some clearance around it. If the bounding box is shrunk, i.e. enlarged with negative values, the tcolorbox will overlap to other parts of the page. For example, the tcolorbox could be stretched into the page margin.

The following examples use /tcb/show bounding box^{P.120} to display the actual bounding box. For this, the library skins has to be included and /tcb/enhanced^{P.142} has to be set.

/tcb/enlarge top initially by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the top of the box by $\langle length \rangle$. If the box is break-able, only the first box of the break sequence gets enlarged. /tcb/enlarge top by $^{\rightarrow P.61}$ overwrites this key.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge top initially by=-5mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge top initially by=5mm,enhanced,show bounding box]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/enlarge bottom finally by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the bottom of the box by $\langle length \rangle$. If the box is breakable, only the last box of the break sequence gets enlarged. /tcb/enlarge bottom by $^{-P.61}$ overwrites this key.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge bottom finally by=5mm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge bottom finally by=-5mm,enhanced,show bounding box]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/enlarge top at break by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 0mm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the top of the box by $\langle length \rangle$, if the box is /tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P.246}. In this case, it is applied to *middle* and *last* parts in a break sequence. /tcb/enlarge top by overwrites this key.

/tcb/enlarge bottom at break by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 0mm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the bottom of the box by $\langle length \rangle$, if the box is $/tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P.246}$. In this case, it is applied to first and middle parts in a break sequence. /tcb/enlarge bottom by overwrites this key.

/tcb/enlarge top by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the top of the box by $\langle length \rangle$. /tcb/enlarge top initially by $^{-P.60}$ and /tcb/enlarge top at break by are set to $\langle length \rangle$.

/tcb/enlarge bottom by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the bottom of the box by $\langle length \rangle$. /tcb/enlarge bottom finally by $^{\rightarrow P.60}$ and /tcb/enlarge bottom at break by are set to $\langle length \rangle$.

/tcb/enlarge left by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the left side of the box by $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge left by=2cm,width=5cm,enhanced,show bounding box]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enlarge left by=-2cm,width=\linewidth+2cm]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.
```

This is a **tcolorbox**.

/tcb/enlarge right by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to the right side of the box by $\langle length \rangle$.

/tcb/enlarge by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the bounding box distance to all sides of the box by $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white,width=5cm,nobeforeafter}

\begin{tcolorbox}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}{[enlarge by=5mm,enhanced,show bounding box]}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/grow to left by=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the current box size by $\langle length \rangle$ and enlarges (shrinks) the bounding box distance to the left side of the box by $-\langle length \rangle$.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}
\begin{tcolorbox}[width=5cm,grow to left by=2cm,enhanced,show bounding box]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox} with a width of 7cm.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox with a width of 7cm.
```

/tcb/grow to right by= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Enlarges the current box size by $\langle length \rangle$ and enlarges (shrinks) the bounding box distance to the right side of the box by $-\langle length \rangle$.

Floating box from toggle enlargement

This page is an odd page. Therefore, the left and right enlargements are not toggled (with some luck; otherwise use forced). This box stretches to the right margin on odd pages and to the left margin on even pages. The current document is one-sided – this feature makes sense for two-sided documents only.

\t tcb/toggle enlargement= \t toggle \t preset \t (default evenpage, initially none)

According to the $\langle toggle\ preset \rangle$, the left and the right enlargements of the bounding box are switched or not. Feasible values are:

- none: no switching.
- forced: the values of the left and right enlargement are switched.
- evenpage: if the page is an even page, the values of the left and right enlargement are switched. It is recommended that one use this setting in conjunction with /tcb/check odd page^{→P.73}.

```
% \usepackage{changepage} for 'check odd page'
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white,
    grow to left by=20mm,grow to right by=-5mm}

\usepackage[tcolorbox][toggle enlargement=none,enhanced,show bounding box]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\undersend{tcolorbox}
\undersend{tcolorbox}[toggle enlargement=forced]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\undersend{tcolorbox}
\undersend{tcolorbox}
\undersend{tcolorbox}[toggle enlargement=evenpage,check odd page]
This page is an \ifthenelse{\\isodd{\thepage}}{odd}{even} page.
Therefore, the left and right enlargements
\undersend{ifthenelse{\\isodd{\thepage}}{are not}{are} toggled.
\undersend{tcolorbox}
\und
```

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This page is an odd page. Therefore, the left and right enlargements are not toggled.

```
% \usepackage{changepage} for 'check odd page'
\begin{tcolorbox}[colframe=red!60!black,colback=red!15!white,check odd page,
  fonttitle=\bfseries,title=Floating box from \texttt{toggle enlargement},
  width=\textwidth,grow to right by=2cm,toggle enlargement=evenpage,float=t]
This page is an \ifthenelse{\isodd{\thepage}}{odd}{\thepage}}{odd}{even} page.
Therefore, the left and right enlargements
  \ifthenelse{\isodd{\thepage}}{are not}{are} toggled (with some luck; otherwise
  use |forced|). This box stretches to the right margin on odd pages and to the left
  margin on even pages. The current document is one-sided -- this feature makes
  sense for two-sided documents only.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/shrink tight

(style, no value, initially unset)

The total colored box is shrunk to the dimensions of the upper part. There should be no lower part and no title. This style sets the /tcb/boxsep^{-P.24} to Opt and other geometry keys to fitting values. This option is likely to be used with the following extrusion keys.

/tcb/extrude left by=\langle length\rangle

(style, no default, initially unset)

The (upper part of the) colored box is extruded by the given $\langle length \rangle$ to the left side. The inner width and the bounding box is kept unchanged and the operation is additiv!

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=red,colback=yellow!25!white,
   frame style={opacity=0.25},interior style={opacity=0.5},
   nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,shrink tight,extrude by=2mm}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit,
   vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   \tcbox[extrude left by=1cm]{Curabitur} dictum gravida mauris.
   Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget,
   consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.
```

/tcb/extrude right by= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

The (upper part of the) colored box is extruded by the given $\langle length \rangle$ to the right side. The inner width and the bounding box is kept unchanged and the operation is additiv!

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=red,colback=yellow!25!white,
   frame style={opacity=0.25},interior style={opacity=0.5},
   nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,shrink tight,extrude by=2mm}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit,
   vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   \tcbox[extrude right by=1cm]{Curabitur} dictum gravida mauris.
   Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget,
   consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.
```

/tcb/extrude top by= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

The (upper part of the) colored box is extruded by the given $\langle length \rangle$ to the top side. The inner width and the bounding box is kept unchanged and the operation is additiv!

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=red,colback=yellow!25!white,
   frame style={opacity=0.25},interior style={opacity=0.5},
   nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,shrink tight,extrude by=2mm}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit,
   vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   \tcbox[extrude top by=1cm]{Curabitur} dictum gravida mauris.
   Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget,
   consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.
```

/tcb/extrude bottom by= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

The (upper part of the) colored box is extruded by the given $\langle length \rangle$ to the bottom side. The inner width and the bounding box is kept unchanged and the operation is additiv!

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=red,colback=yellow!25!white,
   frame style={opacity=0.25},interior style={opacity=0.5},
   nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,shrink tight,extrude by=2mm}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit,
   vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   \tcbox[extrude bottom by=1cm]{Curabitur} dictum gravida mauris.
   Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis.
   Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget,
   consectetuer id, vulputate
   a, magna.
```

/tcb/extrude by= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

The (upper part of the) colored box is extruded by the given $\langle length \rangle$ to all sides. The inner width and the bounding box is kept unchanged and the operation is additiv!

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=red,colback=yellow!25!white,
   frame style={opacity=0.25},interior style={opacity=0.5},
   nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,shrink tight,extrude by=2mm}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit,
   vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. \tcbox{Curabitur} dictum
   gravida mauris. \tcbox[colframe=Green,interior style={opacity=0.0}]{Nam}
   arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, \tcbox{vulputate} a, magna. Donec
   vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus
   et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. \tcbox{Mauris ut leo.}
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo.

3.13 Layered Boxes and Every Box Settings

A tcolorbox may contain another tcolorbox and so on. The package takes track of the nesting level using a counter tcblayer. Counter values may be used for doing some fancy things, but you should never change the counter value yourself.

The package takes special care for the first four layers or nesting levels, called managed layers. Here, footnote texts are administrated to find their intended place and specific layer dependent options may be set by changing /tcb/every box on layer $n^{\rightarrow P.67}$. If needed, the number of managed layers can be increased by setting $/tcbsetmanagedlayer^{\rightarrow P.67}$ to a higher value than 4.

The following styles have a considerable influence on how layered boxes are processed. Note especially that nested boxes are getting a /tcb/reset^{-P.74} by default. You can change this, but be prepared for suprises if you do.

If the defaults are *not changed*, a tcolorbox gets its options in the following order. Following options overwrite preceding options.

- 1. On package load, all options are set to default values.
- 2. Every $\tcbset^{\rightarrow P.10}$ command adds or changes options for the following boxes inside the current T_FX group.
- 3. While entering a tcolorbox, a /tcb/every box on layer $n^{\rightarrow P.67}$ or /tcb/every box on higher layers $n^{\rightarrow P.67}$ option list is applied. With default settings this means:
 - For layer 1 (lowest layer), the /tcb/every box option list is applied. Not overwritten options given by a preceding \tcbset^{\top P. 10} survive.
 - For layer 2 and above (nested boxes), a /tcb/reset^{¬P.74} followed by /tcb/every box option list is applied. Every resettable options given by a preceding \tcbset^{¬P.10} and by the sourrounding box(es) are reset.
- 4. The $\langle options \rangle$ given to the tcolorbox are applied. Or, if the box was generated by $\backslash newtcolorbox^{\rightarrow P.12}$ or friends, the $\langle options \rangle$ given there are applied.
- 5. If the box was generated by $\ensuremath{\text{Newtcolorbox}}^{P.12}$ or friends, some automated options are applied.

```
/tcb/every box (style)
```

By default, this style is empty.

```
% default setting:
\tcbset{every box/.style={}}
```

It may be changed by redefining this style.

```
% setting all boxes to be enhanced:
\tcbset{every box/.style={enhanced}}
```

The alternative for setting something for every box (on every layer) is \tcbsetforeverylayer \times P. 10:

```
% setting all boxes to be enhanced:
\tcbsetforeverylayer{enhanced}
```

```
/tcb/every box on layer n
```

(style)

Here, n has to be replaced by a number ranging from 1 to the highest managed layer number (4 by default).

```
% default settings:
\tcbset{
  every box on layer 1/.style={every box},
  every box on layer 2/.style={reset,every box},
  every box on layer 3/.style={reset,every box},
  every box on layer 4/.style={reset,every box},
}
```

/tcb/every box on higher layers

(style

Higher layers are layers above the highest managed layer number (4 by default).

```
\tcbset{every box on higher layers/.style={reset,every box}}
```

$\tcbsetmanagedlayer{\langle number \rangle}$

Replaces the highest managed layer number by $\langle number \rangle$ where 4 is the default. This macro can only be used inside the preamble. Using a $\langle number \rangle$ lower than 4 typically makes no sense, but is not forbidden.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
% \tcbuselibrary{skins,breakable}
\tcbset{enhanced jigsaw,breakable,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  colback=red!5!white,
  every box/.style={enhanced,watermark text=\thetcblayer,
    before=\par\smallskip,after=\par\smallskip},
  every box on layer 2/.style={reset,every box,colback=yellow!10!white,
    drop fuzzy shadow}}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Layer 1 Box]
Here comes a footnote\footnote\footnote from layer 1 box }.
\lipsum[2]
  \begin{tcolorbox}[title=Layer 2 Box]
  abc\footnote{The footnote of abc}
  \end{tcolorbox}
  \begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another Box,ams equation]
    \tcbhighmath{\sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}} = \infty.
  \end{tcolorbox}
Some text\footnote{Footnote from some text}.
  \begin{tcolorbox}[title=Yet Another Box]
    \tcboxfit[height=2cm]{\lipsum[1]}
    My text.
    \begin{tcolorbox}
      Another lipsum text\footnote(A lipsum text). \lipsum[3]
      \begin{tcolorbox}[title=Layer 4,colframe=blue,colback=white]
        Layer 4\footnote{Layer 4 footnote}
      \end{tcolorbox}
      The End\footnote{Last footnote}.
    \end{tcolorbox}
  \end{tcolorbox}
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Layer 1 Box

Here comes a footnote^a. Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies

et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Layer 2 Box $\frac{abc^a}{{}^a\text{The footnote of abc}}$

Another Box

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{1}$$

Some text b .

Yet Another Box

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

My text.

Another lipsum text^a. Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

$\frac{\text{Layer } 4^a}{\frac{a}{\text{Layer 4 footnote}}}$

The End b .

^aA lipsum text

^bLast footnote

^aFootnote from layer 1 box

^bFootnote from some text

3.14 Capture Mode

$/tcb/capture = \langle mode \rangle$ (no default, initially minipage)

The capture $\langle mode \rangle$ defines how the box content is processed.

Feasible values for $\langle mode \rangle$ are:

• minipage:

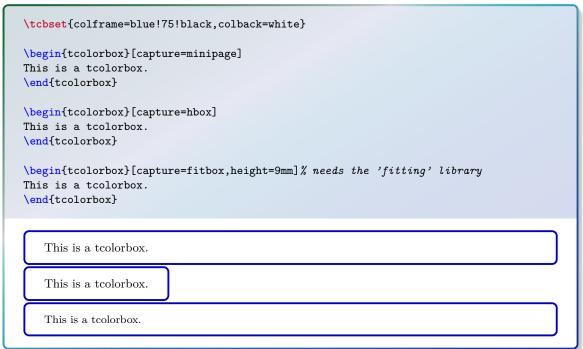
This is the default $\langle mode \rangle$ for tcolorbox^{P.9}. The content may have an upper and a lower part. Optionally, the box can be /tcb/breakable^{P.246}. The box content is put into a minipage or into something similar to a minipage.

• hbox:

This is the default $\langle mode \rangle$ for $\backslash \texttt{tcbox}^{\rightarrow P.11}$. The content cannot have a lower part and cannot be broken. The colored box is sized according to the dimensions of the content. A shortcut to set this mode is / tcb/hbox.

• fitbox: (needs the fitting library)

This is the default $\langle mode \rangle$ for $\tcboxfit^{\to P.260}$. The content cannot have a lower part and cannot be broken. The content is sized according to the dimensions of the colored box. A shortcut to set this mode is $/tcb/fit^{\to P.262}$.



/tcb/hbox (style, no default)

Shortcut for capture=hbox.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}
\begin{tcolorbox}[hbox]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/minipage (style, no default)

Shortcut for capture=minipage.

```
/tcb/parbox=true|false
```

(default true, initially true)

The text inside a tcolorbox is formatted using a LATEX minipage if the box is unbreakable. If breakable, the box tries a mimicry of a minipage. In a minipage or parbox, paragraphs are formatted slightly different as the main text. If the key value is set to false, the normal main text behavior is restored. In some situations, this has some unwanted side effects. It is recommended that one use this experimental setting only where you really want to have this feature.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum} % preamble
\tcbset{width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2,nobeforeafter,arc=1mm,
    colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white,fonttitle=\bfseries,fontupper=\small,
    left=2mm,right=2mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,equal height group=parbox}

\begin{tcolorbox}[parbox,adjusted title={parbox=true (normal)}]
    \lipsum[1-2]
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill%
\begin{tcolorbox}[parbox=false,adjusted title={parbox=false}]
    \lipsum[1-2]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

parbox=true (normal)

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

parbox=false

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/hyphenationfix=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Long words at the beginning of paragraphs in very narrow boxes will not be hyphenated using pdflatex. This problem is circumvented by applying the hyphenationfix option.

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,
 fontupper=\normalsize,
  colback=blue!5!white,width=4cm}
                                                         Rechnungsadjunkten tochter.
                                                         Statthaltereikonzipist.
\begin{tcolorbox}
Rechnungsadjunktentochter.\par
Statthaltereikonzipist.
                                                         Rechnungsad-
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                         junktentochter.
                                                         Statthal-
\begin{tcolorbox}[hyphenationfix]
                                                         tereikonzipist.
Rechnungsadjunktentochter.\par
Statthaltereikonzipist.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

parbox=false and hyphenationfix should not be used together. They are targeting different box types and they do not blend very well.

3.16 Files

/tcb/tempfile=\langle file name \rangle (no default, initially \jobname.tcbtemp)

Sets (file name) as name for the temporary file which is used inside tcbwritetemp P.80 and \t cbusetemp $^{\rightarrow P.80}$ implicitely.

3.17\tcbox Specials

The following options are applicable for \tcbox^\frac{P.11}{} and \tcboxmath^\frac{P.224}{} only.

/tcb/tcbox raise=\langle length \rangle Raises the $\backslash tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$ by the given $\langle length \rangle$.

(no default, initially Opt)

```
\tcbset{colframe=blue!50!black,colback=white,colupper=red!50!black,
        fonttitle=\bfseries,nobeforeafter,center title}
Test\dotfill
\tcbox[tcbox raise base]{Hello World 1}\dotfill
\tcbox{Hello World 2}\dotfill
\tcbox[tcbox raise=5mm]{Hello World 3}
                                                                        Hello World 3
                                            Hello World 2
                Hello World 1
```

/tcb/tcbox raise base

(style, no value, initially unset)

Raises the \tcbox→P.11 such that the base of its content matches the base of the environmental line; see example above.

/tcb/on line

(style, no value, initially unset)

Combines /tcb/tcbox raise base with /tcb/nobeforeafter →P.59. The resulting box behaves analogue to \fbox.

3.18 Counters, Labels and References

/tcb/phantom= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The $\langle code \rangle$ is put in a box at the upper left corner of the tcolorbox. If the tcolorbox is breakable, the $\langle code \rangle$ is executed for the first box of the break sequence only. If there already was some phantom code given, the new $\langle code \rangle$ is appended.

The $\langle code \rangle$ is intended to be used for counter stepping, labelling, and related operations which do not produce visible text.

- The $\langle code \rangle$ is executed before the title and box content, i. e. counter values are ensured to be increased before usage.
- Labels are ensured to reference the correct page number.
- The $\langle code \rangle$ is executed only once even during fitting operations for title and box content.
- In combination with the hyperref package, the hyper anchor is set to the upper left corner of the tcolorbox, i.e. links inside the pdf document will jump to the box pleasantly.
- Since the $\langle code \rangle$ is executed inside a TeX group, only global operations can survive this group.

Examples for the phantom usage are given in Section 9.8 from page 216, e.g. Example 9.1 on page 217.

/tcb/nophantom

(no value, initially set)

Removes the phantom code if set before.

$/tcb/label = \langle marker \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

The $\langle marker \rangle$ is set as label text for a reference with the \ref macro. Typically, this option is used for numbered boxes, see Subsection 4.1 from page 75, e.g. /tcb/new/autocounter $^{-P.75}$.

/tcb/label type= $\langle type \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

This option key can be used only in conjunction with the cleveref package [5] which has to be loaded separately. $\langle type \rangle$ has to be a cross-reference type known to cleveref like theorem, algorithm, result, etc. References made with cleveref will use this type. Note that using label type will result in compilation errors, if cleveref is not loaded. For an example, see Theorem 10.3.5 on page 241.

/tcb/no label type

(no value, initially set)

Removes a /tcb/label type, if set before.

$/tcb/step=\langle counter \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Shortcut for phantom={\refstepcounter{#1}}. The given $\langle counter \rangle$ is increased and ready for labelling. This option is not needed when using the convenient automated numbering introduced with version 2.40, see Subsection 4.1 from page 75.

/tcb/step and label= $\{\langle counter \rangle\} \{\langle marker \rangle\}$

(no default, initially unset)

Shortcut for using /tcb/step and /tcb/label. This option is not needed when using the convenient automated numbering introduced with version 2.40, see Subsection 4.1 from page 75.

```
/tcb/list entry=\langle text \rangle
```

(no default, initially unset)

If the «list of tcolorbox(es)» feature described in Subsection 4.2 from page 79 is used, this key describes the $\langle text \rangle$ for an entry into the generated list, e.g.

```
list entry={\protect\numberline{\thetcbcounter}My beautiful Example}
```

See Section 9.8 from page 216 for a complete example.

```
/tcb/add to list=\{\langle list \rangle\} \{\langle type \rangle\}
```

(no default, initially unset)

If the «list of tcolorbox(es)» feature described in Subsection 4.2 from page 79 is used, list entries are generated automatically. With this key, you can enforce an entry to the given $\langle list \rangle$ with the given $\langle type \rangle$. This issues:

 $\addcontentsline{\langle list \rangle} {\langle type \rangle} {\langle entry \ text \rangle}$

```
/tcb/check odd page=true|false
```

(default true, initially false)

If set to true, the even/odd page testing from the package changepage is applied. The /tcb/toggle enlargement^{¬P.63} check and the /tcb/toggle left and right^{¬P.31} check will use the \ifoddpage macro from this package. This options is independent from /tcb/phantom^{¬P.72}. Note that you have to include the package changepage by hand²:

```
\usepackage{changepage}
\strictpagecheck
```

The macro \ifoddpage can be used inside overlay or watermark code to test if the box is on an odd page. This will work also for boxes in a break sequence. Note that you cannot use the test inside the normal box content.

```
% \usepackage{changepage}
\tcbset{colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,check odd page,
   watermark text={\ifoddpage Odd\else Even\fi\ page!}]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

²If changepage is not included, a compilation error will arise.

3.19 Externalization

If the *externalization* library of the tikz package is used and /tcb/graphical environment is set to tikzpicture, a tcolorbox could trigger the externalization process which will arise a compilation error.

To avoid this, there are two possible strategies:

- Ensure, that \tikzexternaldisable is set before a tcolorbox is used. If you typically use the pattern \tikzexternalenable some picture \tikzexternaldisable, there is nothing to care about.
- If externalization is enabled globally, use /tcb/shield externalize to shield any tcolorbox. The preamble code could look like this:

\usetikzlibrary{external}
\tikzexternalize
\tcbset{shield externalize}

/tcb/shield externalize=true|false

(default true, initially false)

If set to true, the drawing part of the tcolorbox is not being externalized which is a good thing at the current state of art. Nevertheless, if the tcolorbox contains a tikzpicture, this picture is still externalized. Pictures drawn with help of /tcb/tikz upper $^{\rightarrow P.47}$ or alike are *not* externalized.

If a tcolorbox is used inside a node of an encircling tikzpicture which is externalized, do *not* use \tikzexternaldisable in front of the tcolorbox. /tcb/shield externalize is deactivated automatically inside a tikzpicture.

/tcb/external= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Convenience option which calls $\texttt{tikzsetnextfilename}\{\langle file\ name \rangle\}$. Typically, it may be used inside the option list of a tcolorbox to set the externalization $\langle file\ name \rangle$ for the first tikzpicture which is discovered *inside* the box content. The package tikz [19] or the library skins has to be loaded to use this option. Additionally, \usetikzlibrary{external} has to be used.

/tcb/remake=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Convenience option which calls /tikz/external/remake next. Typically, it may be used inside the option list of a tcolorbox to force the remake of the first tikzpicture which is discovered *inside* the box content. The package tikz [19] or the library skins has to be loaded to use this option. Additionally, \usetikzlibrary{external} has to be used.

3.20 Miscellaneous

/tcb/reset

(no value, initially set)

Sets (nearly) all tcolorbox settings (including loaded libraries) back to their default values plus any settings given by $\tcbsetforeverylayer^{\rightarrow P.10}$. /tcb/savedelimiter $^{\rightarrow P.18}$ and /tcb/capture $^{\rightarrow P.69}$ keep their values. This option is useful for boxes in boxes where the inner box should not inherit the settings of the outer box. Note that for boxes inside boxes the reset is done automatically, if the standard settings of the package are used (v2.40 and above), see Section 3.13 from page 66.

4 Initialization Option Keys

The *initialization* options are only applicable for the generation of new environments and commands based on tcolorbox and friends. Particularly, they can be used for

- \newtcolorbox^{→ P. 12},
- $\newtcbox^{\rightarrow P.13}$,
- \newtcblisting → P. 194,
- \newtcbinputlisting^{→ P. 196},
- \newtcbtheorem \times P. 222, and
- \newtcboxfit → P. 261.

Typically, these options may generate counters and alike. It is **strongly** recommended that one use initialization options inside the preamble only. Otherwise, you may get trouble when using LATEX's \include features.

4.1 Numbered Boxes

Counters assigned using the initialization options are administrated automatically. Especially, they are increased for each new box. Independent from the real counter name, the counter value can be referenced by **\thetcbcounter**, e.g. inside the title of the box. The real counter name is stored inside **\tcbcounter**.

/tcb/new/auto counter

(no value, initially unset)

Creates a new counter automatically. With /tcb/new/number format^{P.77} and /tcb/new/number within^{P.77}, the appearance and behavior of the counter can be changed. The counter value is referenced by \text{thetcbcounter}.

Definition in the preamble:

\newtcolorbox[auto counter,number within=section]{pabox}[2][]{%
 colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
 title=Examp.~\thetcbcounter: #2,#1}

\begin{pabox}[label={myautocounter}]{Title with number}
This box is automatically numbered with \ref{myautocounter} on page
\pageref{myautocounter}. Inside the box, the \thetcbcounter\ can
also be referenced by |\thetcbcounter|.
The real counter name is \texttt{\tcbcounter}.
\end{pabox}

Examp. 4.1: Title with number

This box is automatically numbered with 4.1 on page 75. Inside the box, the 4.1 can also be referenced by **\thetcbcounter**. The real counter name is **tcb@cnt@pabox**.

/tcb/new/use counter from= $\langle tcolorbox \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Here, a counter from another $\langle tcolorbox \rangle$ is reused. Note that the setting for /tcb/new/number format $^{\rightarrow P.77}$ and /tcb/new/number within $^{\rightarrow P.77}$ are inherited and cannot be changed. The counter value is referenced by \text{thetcbcounter}.

```
\newtcolorbox[use counter from=pabox]{mybox}[2][]{%
colback=blue!5!white,colframe=blue!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
title=Some Box \thetcbcounter: #2,#1}
\begin{mybox}[label={myusecounterfrom}]{Title with continued number}
This box is automatically numbered with \ref{myusecounterfrom} on page
```

\pageref{myusecounterfrom}. Inside the box, the \thetcbcounter\ can also be referenced by |\thetcbcounter|.

The real counter name is \texttf\tcbcounter\.

The real counter name is \texttt{\tcbcounter}. \end{mybox}

Some Box 4.2: Title with continued number

This box is automatically numbered with 4.2 on page 76. Inside the box, the 4.2 can also be referenced by \thetcbcounter. The real counter name is tcb@cnt@pabox.

/tcb/new/use counter= $\langle counter \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Here, an ordinary existing LATEX counter is used for numbering. With /tcb/new/number format or P.77 and /tcb/new/number within P.77, the appearance and behavior of the counter can be changed. The counter value is referenced by \text{\text{thetcbcounter}}.

```
% \newcounter{myexample}% preamble
\newtcolorbox[use counter=myexample,number format=\Alph]{mybox}[2][]{%
colback=green!5!white,colframe=green!55!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
title=Some Box \thetcbcounter: #2,#1}
```

\begin{mybox}[label={myusecounter}]{Title with \LaTeX\ number}
This box is automatically numbered with \ref{myusecounter} on page
\pageref{myusecounter}. Inside the box, the \thetcbcounter\ can
also be referenced by |\thetcbcounter|.
The real counter name is \texttt{\tcbcounter}.
\end{mybox}

Some Box A: Title with \LaTeX number

This box is automatically numbered with A on page 76. Inside the box, the A can also be referenced by **\thetcbcounter**. The real counter name is myexample.

/tcb/new/no counter

(no value, initially set)

The created boxes are not numbered. This is the default. The option may be used to overrule a previous option.

```
/tcb/new/number within=\(\langle counter \rangle \)
```

(no default, initially unset)

The automatic counter is set to zero, if $\langle counter \rangle$ is increased. Additionally, during output, the value of $\langle counter \rangle$ is prepended to the value of the automatic counter.

To prepend the automatic counter with the chapter number and to reset it with every new chapter, use:

```
number within=chapter
```

See /tcb/new/use counter → P.76 for a complete example.

$/tcb/new/number format = \langle format \ macro \rangle$

(no default, initially \arabic)

Declares the format of the automatic counter. The $\langle format \ macro \rangle$ can be any valid LATEX number formatting macro like $\langle roman \rangle$, roman, etc.

To display the counter value in large roman numbers, use:

```
number format=\Roman
```

See /tcb/new/auto counter → P.75 for a complete example.

/tcb/new/number freestyle= $\langle code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Allows advanced control over the complete number format. This option overrules the format given by /tcb/new/number within and /tcb/new/number format. Nevertheless, you can combine it with /tcb/new/number within to get the desired reset property.

The $\langle code \rangle$ is some formatting code which should contain \tcbcounter to reference the automated counter. Since this $\langle code \rangle$ is expanded, you have to secure each macro with \noexpand with exception of \tcbcounter.

```
Definition in the preamble:
```

```
\newtcolorbox[auto counter,number within=section,
number freestyle={(Q/\noexpand\thesection/\noexpand\Alph{\tcbcounter})},
]{phbox}[2][]{%
colback=yellow!15!white,colframe=blue!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
title=Question~\thetcbcounter: #2,#1}
```

```
\begin{phbox}[label={myfreestyle}]{Title with freestyle number}
This box is automatically numbered with \ref{myfreestyle} on page
\pageref{myfreestyle}. Inside the box, the \thetcbcounter\ can
also be referenced by |\thetcbcounter|.
The real counter name is \texttt{\tcbcounter}.
\end{phbox}
```

Question (Q/4/A): Title with freestyle number

This box is automatically numbered with (Q/4/A) on page 77. Inside the box, the (Q/4/A) can also be referenced by \thetcbcounter. The real counter name is tcb@cnt@phbox.

Th pre

The following options /tcb/new/crefname and /tcb/new/Crefname need to be set inside the preamble.

```
\ttcb/new/crefname=\{\langle singular \rangle\} \{\langle plural \rangle\}
```

(no default, initially unset)

This option key can be used only in conjunction with the cleveref package [5] which has to be loaded separately. It creates a cross-reference type for the new tcolorbox'es, where the lowercase $\langle singular \rangle$ and $\langle plural \rangle$ forms of the cross-reference are given. See /tcb/label type $^{\rightarrow P.72}$ and [5] for more information.

```
\tcb/new/Crefname=\{\langle singular \rangle\} \{\langle plural \rangle\}
```

(no default, initially unset)

This option key can be used only in conjunction with the cleveref package [5] which has to be loaded separately. It creates a cross-reference type for the new tcolorbox'es, where the uppercase $\langle singular \rangle$ and $\langle plural \rangle$ forms of the cross-reference are given. See /tcb/label type $^{\rightarrow P.72}$ and [5] for more information.

```
% \usepackage{cleveref}
% \usepackage{varioref}
\usepackage{varioref}
\usepackage[nypersequel] \text{myreference} \text{myreference} \text{My title}
This is an example.
\usepackage[nypersequel] \text{myreference}, \undersequel] \text{myreference}, \undersequel]
\usepackage{varioref} \text{myreference}, \undersequel]

This is an example.
\undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequel \undersequel]
\undersequel \undersequ
```

Bluebox 4.1: My title

This is an example.

```
Bluebox 4.1, bluebox 4.1.
Page 78, page 78.
Bluebox, bluebox.
4.1, 78.
With varioref:
Bluebox 4.1, bluebox 4.1.
Bluebox 4.1, bluebox 4.1.
```

4.2 Lists of tcolorboxes

For figures and tables, LATEX provides the \listoffigures and \listoftables commands to create lists of these numbered entities. Also, a tcolorbox can be part of such a kind of list.

- 1. Assign a list $\langle name \rangle$ by the *initialization* option /tcb/new/list inside.
- 2. Optionally, a new $\langle type \rangle$ for list entries may be assigned by the *initialization* option /tcb/new/list type.
- 3. List entries a generated automatically within each new tcolorbox using the above initialization.
 - If /tcb/list entry P.73 is set, the entry is generated with it.
 - Otherwise, if /tcb/title^{→P.14} is set, the entry is generated with it.
 - Otherwise, the entry is generated with the current number and the environment name.
- 4. The generated list is displayed by \tcblistof.

/tcb/new/list inside= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Assigns a list or contents file to the generated tcolorboxes. Entries to this list are saved to a file which gets the $\langle name \rangle$ as file name extension. The list is referenced by this name in \tcblistof. For example:

list inside=exam

See Section 9.8 from page 216 for a complete example.

/tcb/new/list type= $\langle type \rangle$

(no default, initially tcolorbox)

Optionally, some $\langle type \rangle$ can be assigned to the list entries. For a new $\langle type \rangle$, a macro $\backslash 10 \langle type \rangle$ has to exist which controls the format of the list entry. The default type is defined by

\newcommand*\l@tcolorbox{\@dottedtocline{1}{1.5em}{2.3em}}

This is identical to the \logsettion setting of \LaTeX X. \logsettion can be redefined or a new $\langle type \rangle$ can be assigned.

$\t \tilde{\langle name \rangle} \{\langle title\ text \rangle\}$

Displays the generated list of tcolorboxes with the given $\langle name \rangle$. The heading is generated by $\langle macro \rangle \{\langle title\ text \rangle\}$ where \section is the default setting for $\langle macro \rangle$.

To display the list inside a subsection, use for example:

\tcblistof[\subsection]{exam}{List of Exercises}

The result of the example is found as Subsection 9.9 on page 219.

The core of the list is generated by $\c (name)$ which can be wrapped into an own macro.

5 Saving and Loading of Verbatim Texts

The following macros are slightly modified versions of the original macros from the known packages moreverb and verbatim. They are used implicitly inside of a tcolorbox environment, but they can be used outside also.

```
\begin{tcbverbatimwrite}{\langle file\ name\rangle}\\ \langle environment\ content\rangle\\ \begin{tcbverbatimwrite}\\ \end{tcbverbatimwrite}\\ \end{tcbverbatimwrite}
```

Saves the $\langle environment\ content \rangle$ to a file named by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. TEX macros inside the environment are not expanded.

```
\begin{tcbverbatimwrite}{\jobname_verbexp.tex}
  This text is saved \textit{as is}.
\end{tcbverbatimwrite}

Now, we are using the file:\par
\input{\jobname_verbexp.tex}

Now, we are using the file:
This text is saved as is.
```

This environment may be used inside an own environment. Note, that inside the environment definition \tcbverbatimwrite has to be used instead of \begin{tcbverbatimwrite} and \endtcbverbatimwrite instead of \end{tcbverbatimwrite}.

```
\newenvironment{myverbatim}{%
   \begingroup\tcbverbatimwrite{\jobname_myverb.tex}}%
   {\endtcbverbatimwrite\endgroup}

\begin{myverbatim}
   This is the text which is saved by my own environment.
\end{myverbatim}

Now, we are using the file:\par
\input{\jobname_myverb.tex}

Now, we are using the file:
This is the text which is saved by my own environment.
```

```
\begin{tcbwritetemp}
  \langle environment content \rangle
  \langle end{tcbwritetemp}
```

Has the same function as tcbverbatimwrite, but uses the key value of tempfile for the file name.

```
\begin{tcbwritetemp}
This text is saved \textit{as is}.
\end{tcbwritetemp}

Now, we are using the file:\par
\tcbusetemp

Now, we are using the file:
This text is saved as is.
```

\tcbusetemp

Loads the current temporary file which was saved by tcbwritetemp.

6 Technical Overview and Customization

This section provides a technical overview of the skin concept of tcolorbox. For most applications of tcolorbox, one will not need to know the bells and whistles described herein. You may proceed to Section 7 on page 93 where the customization options for most users are documented.

The following explanations also cover options and settings from the skins library, see Section 7 on page 93.

6.1 Skins and Drawing Engines

From a technical point of view, a skin is a style definition for the appearance of a tcolorbox. The core package provides some additional option keys for skins but only two skins called standard $^{\rightarrow P.140}$ and standard $jigsaw^{\rightarrow P.141}$. The $gigsaw^{\rightarrow P.141}$ ibbrary adds several more skins. To change to a skin, only one option from the core package has to be set.

/tcb/skin=(name) (style, no default, initially standard)

Sets the current skin to $\langle name \rangle$. This is a style definition which sets all the following keys, i. e. for many use cases there is nothing more to do.



 \t tcb/skin first= \t name \t (style, no default, initially standard)

If the box is set to be $/tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the skin for the first part of the break sequence is set to $\langle name \rangle$, see Subsection 11.5 on page 251. Typically, this key is set by a /tcb/skin.

/tcb/skin middle=\(name\) (style, no default, initially standard)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P.246 and is broken actually, then the skin for the middle parts (if any) of the break sequence is set to $\langle name \rangle$, see Subsection 11.5 on page 251. Typically, this key is set by a /tcb/skin.

/tcb/skin last=\(name\) (style, no default, initially standard)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable $^{-P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the skin for the last part of the break sequence is set to $\langle name \rangle$, see Subsection 11.5 on page 251. Typically, this key is set by a /tcb/skin.

/tcb/graphical environment= $\langle name \rangle$ (no default, initially pgfpicture)

Sets the graphical environment for the tcolorbox to $\langle name \rangle$. Feasible values are pgfpicture and tikzpicture or environments which inherit from one of these two. This key is set by a /tcb/skin and may seldom be used directly.

The skin of a tcolorbox is drawn by up to four *engines*. Afterwards, the text content is drawn which is not part of a skin. The four steps are:

- 1. The frame of the box, drawn by /tcb/frame engine.
- 2. The *interior* of the box. The interior of a box with title is drawn differently from a box without title. /tcb/interior titled engine or /tcb/interior engine → P.83 is used to draw the interior.
- 3. The segmentation (line) of the box, if there is a lower part; drawn by /tcb/segmentation engine P.83.
- 4. The *title area* of the box, if there is a title and /tcb/title filled P. 19 is set to true; drawn by /tcb/title engine P. 83.

/tcb/frame engine= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially standard)

Sets the *frame* drawing engine for a box to $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this key is set by a $/ tcb/skin^{\rightarrow P.81}$. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- standard: the original code from the core package,
- path: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P. 93,
- pathjigsaw: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P. 93,
- pathfirst: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P. 93,
- pathfirstjigsaw: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style -P.93,
- pathmiddle: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P. 93,
- pathmiddlejigsaw: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P.93,
- pathlast: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P.93,
- pathlastjigsaw: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/frame style P.93.
- freelance: deprecated.
- spartan: a quite spartan code.
- empty: draw nothing.

/tcb/interior titled engine= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially standard)

Sets the *interior* drawing engine for a titled box to $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this key is set by a /tcb/skin^{\rightarrow P.81}. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- standard: the original code from the core package,
- path: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style P.94,
- pathfirst: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style -P.94,
- pathmiddle: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style P.94.
- pathlast: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style P.94,
- freelance: deprecated.
- spartan: a quite spartan code.
- empty: draw nothing.

/tcb/interior engine= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially standard)

Sets the *interior* drawing engine for an untitled box to $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this key is set by a $/tcb/skin^{\rightarrow P.81}$. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- standard: the original code from the core package,
- path: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style → P.94,
- pathfirst: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style P. 94,
- pathmiddle: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style -P.94.
- pathlast: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/interior style P.94,
- freelance: deprecated.
- spartan: a quite spartan code.
- empty: draw nothing.

/tcb/segmentation engine= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially standard)

Sets the *segmentation* (line) drawing engine for a box to $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this key is set by a $/ \text{tcb/skin}^{\rightarrow P.81}$. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- standard: the original code from the core package,
- path: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/segmentation style P. 96,
- freelance: deprecated.
- spartan: a quite spartan code.
- empty: draw nothing.

/tcb/title engine= $\langle name \rangle$

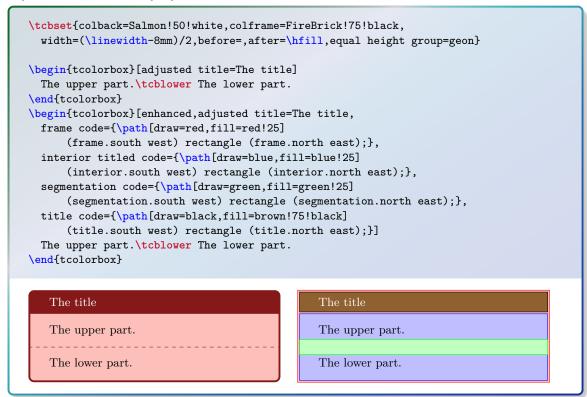
(no default, initially standard)

Sets the *title area* drawing engine for a titled box to $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this key is set by a /tcb/skin^{\rightarrow P. 81}. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- standard: the original code from the core package,
- path: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/title style $^{\rightarrow P.96}$,
- pathfirst: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/title style TP. 96,
- pathmiddle: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/title style P. 96.
- pathlast: a tikz path which is controlled by /tcb/title style P.96,
- freelance: deprecated.
- spartan: a quite spartan code.
- empty: draw nothing.

After an engine is set to an initializing value, the resulting graphical code can be changed using code option keys, see Section 6.2 on page 85.

If set to true, up to four tikz nodes are defined for a tcolorbox which are named frame, interior, segmentation, and title. These nodes describe the boundaries of the equally named parts of a tcolorbox. They are used by most engines based on TikZ. Typically, this key is set automatically by a /tcb/skin $^{-P.81}$.



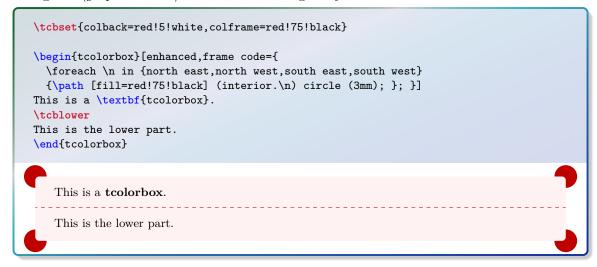
6.2 Code Option Keys

The following code options are applicable for all skins. The used $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ can be any pgf code. For all skins with exception of standard $^{\rightarrow P.\,140}$ and standard jigsaw $^{\rightarrow P.\,141}$, the $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ can also be any TikZ code.

/tcb/frame code= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(code, default from standard)

The given $\langle qraphical\ code \rangle$ is used for drawing the frame of the box.



/tcb/frame empty

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for setting /tcb/frame code to empty. This option removes the drawing of the frame. Alternatively, use /tcb/frame hidden → P. 94.

/tcb/interior titled code= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(code, default from standard)

The given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is used for drawing the *interior* of the box, if the box comes with a title.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox} [enhanced,title=My title,interior titled code={
    \path[draw=red!5!white,line width=5mm,line cap=round]
    ([xshift=3mm,yshift=-3mm]interior.north west)
    --([xshift=-3mm,yshift=3mm]interior.south east)
    ([xshift=3mm,yshift=3mm]interior.north east);}]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower

This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}

My title

This is a tcolorbox.

This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/interior titled empty

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for setting /tcb/interior titled code to empty. This option removes the drawing of the untitled interior. Alternatively, use /tcb/interior hidden - P. 95.

/tcb/interior code=⟨graphical code⟩

(code, default from standard)

The given $\langle qraphical\ code \rangle$ is used for drawing the *interior* of the box, if the box is without a title.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,interior code={
  \path[draw=red!5!white,line width=5mm,line cap=round]
    ([xshift=3mm,yshift=-3mm]interior.north west)
    --([xshift=-3mm,yshift=3mm]interior.south east)
    ([xshift=3mm,yshift=3mm]interior.south west)
    --([xshift=-3mm,yshift=-3mm]interior.north east);}]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
   This is a tcolorbox.
   This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/interior empty

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for setting /tcb/interior code to empty. This option removes the drawing of the interior. Alternatively, use /tcb/interior hidden - P. 95.

/tcb/segmentation code= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$ (code, default from standard)

The given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is used for drawing the segmentation area of the box.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,segmentation code={
  \path[top color=red!5!white,bottom color=red!5!white,middle color=blue]
  (segmentation.south west) rectangle (segmentation.north east);}]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
   My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/segmentation empty

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for setting /tcb/segmentation code to empty. This option removes the drawing of the segmentation line. Alternatively, use /tcb/segmentation hidden → P.96.

/tcb/title code=⟨graphical code⟩

(code, default from standard)

The given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is used for drawing the *title* area of the box.

/tcb/title empty

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for setting /tcb/title code to empty. This option removes the drawing of the title area. Alternatively, use /tcb/title hidden P.97.

6.3 Subskins

A subskin is a new /tcb/skin⁻P.81 based on an existing skin which is extended or changed.

Never use geometry settings or bounding box options inside a subskin definition! If one skin is replaced by another skin, the overall bounding box should stay constant. Especially, if a skin is used for a breakable box, unpredictable and unpleasant results could arise otherwise. If you want to change the geometry also, use an additional style. See the skin beamer $^{-P.160}$ and the style /tcb/beamer $^{-P.160}$ as pattern.

$\t cbsubskin{\langle name \rangle} {\langle base \ skin \rangle} {\langle options \rangle}$

Creates a new skin $\langle name \rangle$ which inherits all properties of an existing $\langle base\ skin \rangle$ plus the given $\langle options \rangle$. The new skin $\langle name \rangle$ can be used as value for the keys $/ tcb/skin^{\rightarrow P.81}$, $/ tcb/skin\ first^{\rightarrow P.81}$, $/ tcb/skin\ middle^{\rightarrow P.81}$, and $/ tcb/skin\ last^{\rightarrow P.81}$. As $\langle base\ skin \rangle$, one can take standard $^{\rightarrow P.140}$, empty $^{\rightarrow P.169}$, enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$, or any skin from the skins library, see Section 7 on page 93.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\tcbsubskin{mycross}{empty}{frame code={%}
  \draw[red,line width=5pt] (frame.south west)--(frame.north east);
  \draw[red,line width=5pt] (frame.north west)--(frame.south east);},
  skin first=mycross,skin middle=mycross,skin last=mycross }

\begin{tcolorbox}[skin=mycross]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/skin first is subskin of= $\{\langle base\ skin \rangle\}$ { $\langle options \rangle\}$ } (no default, initially unset) Creates a new unnamed skin which inherits all properties of an existing $\langle base\ skin \rangle$ plus the given $\langle options \rangle$. This skin is set as /tcb/skin first $^{\rightarrow P.\ 81}$. See a detailed example on page 174.

/tcb/skin middle is subskin of= $\{\langle base\ skin \rangle\}$ { $\langle options \rangle\}$ (no default, initially unset) Creates a new unnamed skin which inherits all properties of an existing $\langle base\ skin \rangle$ plus the given $\langle options \rangle$. This skin is set as /tcb/skin middle^{\rightarrow P. 81}. See a detailed example on page 174.

/tcb/skin last is subskin of= $\{\langle base\ skin\rangle\}$ { $\langle options\rangle\}$ (no default, initially unset) Creates a new unnamed skin which inherits all properties of an existing $\langle base\ skin\rangle$ plus the given $\langle options\rangle$. This skin is set as /tcb/skin last $^{\rightarrow P.81}$. See a detailed example on page 174.

6.4 Drawing Scheme

 \bullet /tcb/frame style $^{\rightarrow\,\mathrm{P.\,93}}$

Depending on the complexity of a tcolorbox definition, the resulting box is drawn in a more or less complex series of steps.

To document and demonstrate these drawing steps, we consider the following box definition:

```
\newtcolorbox{testbox}[1][]{enhanced,title=Test Box,
  boxrule=1mm,titlerule=0.5mm,colframe=blue!50!black,
  interior style={top color=blue!20!green!50!white,bottom color=blue!20!yellow!50!white},
  colbacktitle=blue!50!green!90!white,segmentation style={solid},
  fonttitle=\bfseries,drop fuzzy shadow,borderline={0.3mm}{0.35mm}{yellow!50!white},
  underlay={\path[fill image opacity=0.15,fill image scale=0.9,
    fill stretch picture={\draw[blue,line width=2mm] circle (1);}]
    (interior.south west) rectangle (interior.north east);},
  watermark text={Watermark},watermark color={green!20!white},
  finish={\begin{tcbclipframe}
    \path[bottom color=black,top color=black!50!white,opacity=0.1]
        (frame.south west) -- (frame.south east) -- (frame.north east) -- cycle;
    \path[top color=white,bottom color=black!50!white,opacity=0.1]
        (frame.south west) -- (frame.north east) -- cycle;
  \end{tcbclipframe}},#1}
```

For this definition, we get the maximal number of drawing steps:

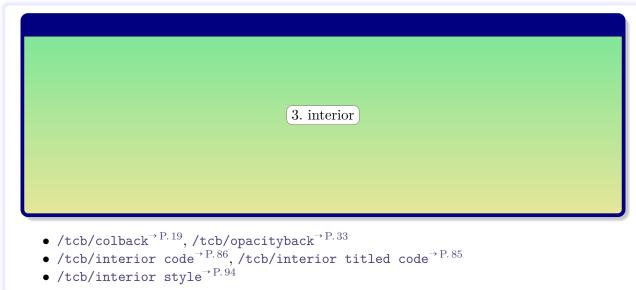
```
1. shadow

• Section 7.6 on page 121

2. frame

• /tcb/colframe → P.19, /tcb/opacityframe → P.33

• /tcb/frame code → P.85
```

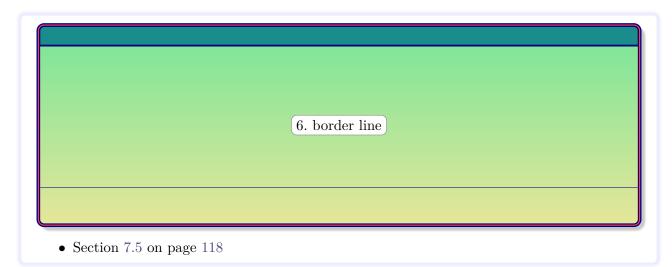


4. title area

- $\bullet \ / \texttt{tcb/colbacktitle}^{\rightarrow \, P. \, 19}, \ / \texttt{tcb/opacitybacktitle}^{\rightarrow \, P. \, 33}$
- \bullet /tcb/title code $^{\rightarrow\,\mathrm{P.\,87}}$
- \bullet /tcb/title style $^{\rightarrow\,P.\,96}$

5. segmentation

- $\bullet \ / \texttt{tcb/lower separated}^{\rightarrow \, P. \, 17}$
- \bullet /tcb/segmentation code $^{\rightarrow}$ P.86
- \bullet /tcb/segmentation style $^{\rightarrow P.96}$



7. underlay

• Section 7.2 on page 99

- Watermark

 8. overlay

 1. over
 - Section 3.8 on page 50

• Section 7.8 on page 133

 \bullet Section 7.3 on page 106

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis 9. text content massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis uis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Lower part

- /tcb/colupper $^{P.20}$, /tcb/collower $^{P.20}$, /tcb/coltitle $^{P.20}$ /tcb/fontupper $^{P.21}$, /tcb/fontlower $^{P.21}$, /tcb/fonttitle $^{P.21}$ /tcb/opacityupper $^{P.34}$, /tcb/opacitylower $^{P.34}$, /tcb/opacitytitle $^{P.34}$

Test Box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. S 10. finish ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Lower part

• Section 7.9 on page 135

All together, the box is drawn:

% \usepackage{lipsum} \begin{testbox} \lipsum[2] \tcblower Lower part \end{testbox}

Test Box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Lower part

7 Library skins

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

\tcbuselibrary{skins}

This also loads the package tikz [19]. Typically but not necessarily, the following skins use tikz instead of pgf.

7.1 Style Option Keys

The following style options are applicable for all skins which use engines of type path, pathfirst, pathmiddle, or pathlast. Especially, the skin enhanced $^{-P.142}$ supports all of them and standard $^{-P.140}$ none.

/tcb/frame style= $\langle \text{tikz } keys \rangle$ (style, no default)

The $\langle \text{tikz } keys \rangle$ are used inside the tikz path command for drawing the *frame* of the box. This option is available if the /tcb/frame engine $^{-P.82}$ is set to path, pathfirst, pathmiddle, or pathlast. It is *not* available for standard.

/tcb/frame style image= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the frame with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use /tcb/frame style together with /tikz/fill stretch image $^{\rightarrow P.\,183}$.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 frame style image=blueshade.png]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/frame style tile={ $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ }{ $\langle file\ name \rangle$ } (no default, initially unset)

Fills the frame with a tile pattern based on an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use /tcb/frame style $^{\rightarrow P.93}$ together with /tikz/fill tile image $^{\rightarrow P.187}$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,coltitle=red!30!black,
    opacityback=0.75,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox} [enhanced,title=My title,
    frame style tile={width=1cm}{pink_marble.png}]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/frame hidden

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for frame style={draw=none,fill=none}. Depending on the skin, this option switches off the drawing of the frame. Alternatively, use /tcb/frame empty - P. 85.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
   fonttitle=\bfseries,coltitle=black}

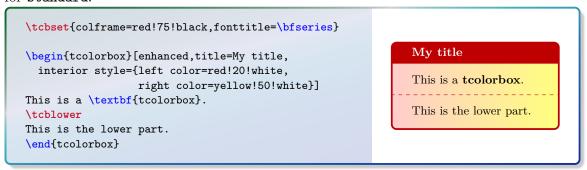
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
   frame hidden]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/interior style=\tikz keys\

(style, no default)

The $\langle \mathtt{tikz} \; keys \rangle$ are used inside the \mathtt{tikz} path command for drawing the *interior* of the box. They are used for the titled and for the untitled version as well.

This option is available if the /tcb/interior titled engine $^{\rightarrow P.82}$ or /tcb/interior engine $^{\rightarrow P.83}$ is set to path, pathfirst, pathmiddle, or pathlast. It is *not* available for standard.



/tcb/interior style image= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the interior with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use /tcb/interior style^{\rightarrow P.94} together with /tikz/fill stretch image^{\rightarrow P.183}.

\tcbset{colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 interior style image=goldshade.png]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \tcblower
This is the lower part.
 \end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/interior style tile={\langle graphics options\rangle} {\langle file name\rangle} \tag{\text{no default, initially unset}} \text{Fills the interior with a tile pattern based on an external image referenced by \langle file name\rangle. The \langle graphics options\rangle are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use /tcb/interior style \(^{\text{P}.94}\) together with /tikz/fill tile image \(^{\text{P}.187}\).

\tcbset{colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 interior style tile={width=2cm}{crinklepaper.png}]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/interior hidden

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for interior style={draw=none,fill=none}. Depending on the skin, this option switches off the drawing of the interior. Alternatively, use /tcb/interior empty P.86 and/or /tcb/interior titled empty P.85.

\tcbset{frame style={top color=red!20!white,
 bottom color=red!20!white!75!black},
 fonttitle=\bfseries,coltitle=black}

\text{begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 interior hidden]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/segmentation style=\tikz keys\

(style, no default)

The $\langle \mathtt{tikz} \; keys \rangle$ are used inside the \mathtt{tikz} path command for drawing the segmentation line of the box.

This option is available if the /tcb/segmentation engine $^{-P.83}$ is set to path. It is *not* available for standard.

/tcb/segmentation hidden

(style, no value)

This is a shortcut for segmentation style={draw=none,fill=none}. Depending on the skin, this option switches off the drawing of the segmentation line. See also /tcb/lower separated $^{P.17}$ which has the same effect for most skins. Alternatively, use /tcb/segmentation empty $^{P.86}$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
  fonttitle=\bfseries}

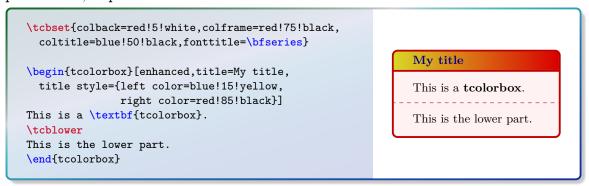
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,
    enhanced,segmentation hidden]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.
```

/tcb/title style=\langle tikz keys\rangle

(style, no default)

The $\langle \mathtt{tikz} \ keys \rangle$ are used inside the \mathtt{tikz} path command for drawing the $title \ area$ of the box.

This option is available if the $/\text{tcb/title engine}^{\rightarrow P.83}$ is set to path, pathfirst, pathmiddle, or pathlast. It is *not* available for standard.



/tcb/title style image=\langle file name \rangle

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the title area with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use /tcb/title style $^{\rightarrow P.96}$ together with /tikz/fill stretch image $^{\rightarrow P.183}$.

\tcbset{colback=blue!5!white,colframe=blue!75!black,
 fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 title style image=blueshade.png]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/title style tile={ $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ }{ $\langle file\ name \rangle$ } (no default, initially unset)

Fills the title area with a tile pattern based on an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. For advanced features like blending of a picture with the background, use / tcb/title style $^{\rightarrow P.\,96}$ together with / tikz/fill tile image $^{\rightarrow P.\,187}$.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
 coltitle=blue!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox} [enhanced,title=My title,
 title style tile={width=1cm}{pink_marble.png}]

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\tcblower

This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

/tcb/title hidden (style, no value)

This is a shortcut for title style={draw=none,fill=none}. Depending on the skin, this option switches off the drawing of the title background. See also /tcb/title filled P.19 for a similar effect. Alternatively, use /tcb/title empty P.87.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
 fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,
 enhanced,title hidden]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is the lower part.

The combined TikZ style applied to frame, interior, and title background can used by authors in customizing code.

```
/tikz/tcb fill frame
```

(style, no value)

This is a TikZ style which is finally applied to the *frame* of the box.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{hooks}
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    frame code app={\path[tcb fill frame]
        ([yshift=-2mm]frame.north)
            circle (8mm); } }

\text{begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tikz/tcb fill interior

(style, no value)

This is a TikZ style which is finally applied to the *interior* of the box.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{hooks}
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  interior titled code app={\path[tcb fill interior]
      ([yshift=-0.1pt]interior.north east)
                                                               My title
     -([yshift=3pt]interior.north)
    --([yshift=-0.1pt]interior.north west)
                                                               This is a tcolorbox.
    --cycle;} }
                                                               This is the lower part.
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tikz/tcb fill title

(style, no value)

This is a TikZ style which is finally applied to the title area of the box.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{hooks}
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    colbacktitle=blue!75!black,
    title code app={\path[tcb fill title]
        (title) circle (5mm); } }

    This is a tcolorbox.

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title]
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\tcblower
This is the lower part.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

7.2 Boxed Title Option Keys

The following options place the title text into an own $\tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$. This boxed title can be customized independently from the main box using /tcb/boxed title style $^{\rightarrow P.101}$. The placement can be influenced by $\langle boxtitle\ options \rangle$.

/tcb/attach boxed title to top left= $\langle boxtitle\ options \rangle$ (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a $\backslash tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$ and attached to the top left corner of the main box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to top left]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/attach boxed title to top center= $\langle boxtitle\ options \rangle$ (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a \tcbox P.11 and attached to the top of the main box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to top center]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/attach boxed title to top right= $\langle boxtitle\ options \rangle$ (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a \tcbox $^{\rightarrow P.\,11}$ and attached to the top right corner of the main box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to top right]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/attach boxed title to bottom left=\langle boxtitle options\rangle (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a $\tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$ and attached to the bottom left corner of the main box

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to bottom left]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
My title

/tcb/attach boxed title to bottom center=\langle boxtitle options\rangle (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a \tcbox^P.11 and attached to the bottom of the main box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to bottom center]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
My title

/tcb/attach boxed title to bottom right=\langle boxtitle options\rangle (style, default empty)

The title is boxed with a \tcbox^\to P.11 and attached to the bottom right corner of the main

The title is boxed with a $\tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$ and attached to the bottom right corner of the main box.

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
 attach boxed title to bottom right]
 This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
 \end{tcolorbox}
My title

The \(\langle boxtitle \ options \rangle \) of the keys described above are shift values. The dimensions of the boxed title are stored into two macros \(\tauconto \text{tcboxedtitleheight} \) and \(\tauconto \text{tcboxedtitlewidth}\). These macros can be used inside the following \(\langle boxtitle \ options \rangle :\)

/tcb/boxtitle/xshift=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially Opt)

The boxed title is shifted by $\langle length \rangle$ in the horizontal direction.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
  attach boxed title to top left={xshift=-2mm},
  boxed title style={size=small,colback=blue}]
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
  \end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox
```

/tcb/boxtitle/yshift= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

The boxed title is shifted by $\langle length \rangle$ in the vertical direction.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
  attach boxed title to top center=
     {yshift=-\tcboxedtitleheight/2},
  boxed title style={size=small,colback=blue}]
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
  \end{tcolorbox}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
```

/tcb/boxtitle/yshifttext= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

The text inside the main box by $\langle length \rangle$ to give room for e.g. a sunken title.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
   attach boxed title to top center=
     {yshift=-3mm,yshifttext=-1mm},
   boxed title style={size=small,colback=blue}]
   This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
   \end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/boxtitle/yshift*= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

Sets /tcb/boxtitle/yshift and /tcb/boxtitle/yshifttext the same time.

/tcb/boxtitle/yshifttext is only set if necessary.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
   attach boxed title to top center={yshift*=-3mm},
   boxed title style={size=small,colback=blue}]
   This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

The bounding box of the resulting total tcolorbox is adapted automatically to the *vertical* dimensions of the boxed title. Possible horizontal enlargements are *not* automatically computed.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
   attach boxed title to top left=
       {xshift=-2mm,yshift=-2mm},
   boxed title style={size=small,colback=blue},
   show bounding box]
   This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
   \end{tcolorbox}
```

The boxed title options are implemented as an underlay, see Section 7.8 on page 133. Therefore, a boxed title is not drawn, if a skin does not support underlays like standard P. 140. Still, the room for the boxed titles gets reserved in these cases.

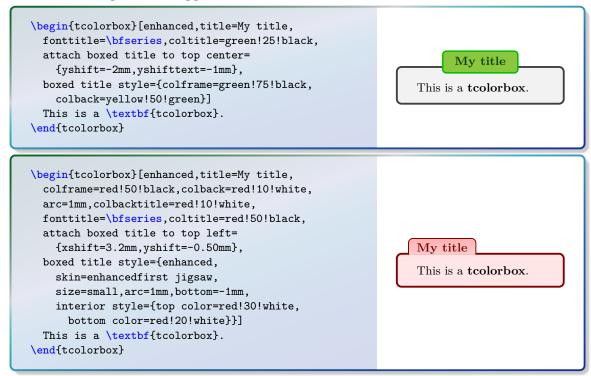
A TikZ node title is produced by a boxed title which can be used inside /tcb/frame $code^{\rightarrow P.85}$, /tcb/interior $code^{\rightarrow P.86}$, underlays, overlays, and finishes.

A boxed title is almost always the first underlay. The only exceptions are underlays defined by /tcb/underlay boxed title P.134 which are drawn before. Additionally, underlays defined by /tcb/underlay boxed title P.134 are only drawn, if a boxed title is actually set. They are ignored, if there is no boxed title.

/tcb/boxed title style=\langle options \rangle

(style, initially empty)

By default, a boxed title is dimensioned with $/tcb/size^{\rightarrow P.29}=title$ and inherits $/tcb/colframe^{\rightarrow P.19}$ of the main box. Also, the $/tcb/colback^{\rightarrow P.19}$ is inherited from the main $/tcb/colbacktitle^{\rightarrow P.19}$. Font and color of the title text are set as usual. All other $\langle options \rangle$ are set by the boxed title style key. Since a boxed title is set by $\backslash tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$, all tcolorbox options are applicable here.



```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
    colframe=blue!50!black,colback=blue!10!white,colbacktitle=blue!5!yellow!10!white,
    fonttitle=\bfseries,coltitle=black,attach boxed title to top center=
        {yshift=-0.25mm-\tcboxedtitleheight/2,yshifttext=2mm-\tcboxedtitleheight/2},
    boxed title style={enhanced,boxrule=0.5mm,
        frame code={ \path[tcb fill frame] ([xshift=-4mm]frame.west)
        -- (frame.north west) -- (frame.north east) -- ([xshift=4mm]frame.east)
        -- (frame.south east) -- (frame.south west) -- cycle; },
        interior code={ \path[tcb fill interior] ([xshift=-2mm]interior.west)
        -- ([xshift=2mm]interior.east) -- (interior.south east) -- (interior.south west)
        -- cycle;} }]
    \lipsum[2]
    \end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
% \usepackage{varwidth}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{enhanced,skin=enhancedlast jigsaw,
  attach boxed title to top left={xshift=-4mm,yshift=-0.5mm},
  fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily, varwidth boxed title=0.7\linewidth,
  colbacktitle=blue!45!white,colframe=red!50!black,
  interior style={top color=blue!10!white,bottom color=red!10!white},
  boxed title style={empty,arc=0pt,outer arc=0pt,boxrule=0pt},
  underlay boxed title={
    \fill[blue!45!white] (title.north west) -- (title.north east)
      -- +(\tcboxedtitleheight-1mm,-\tcboxedtitleheight+1mm)
      -- ([xshift=4mm,yshift=0.5mm]frame.north east) -- +(0mm,-1mm)
      -- (title.south west) -- cycle;
    \fill[blue!45!white!50!black] ([yshift=-0.5mm]frame.north west)
      --+(-0.4,0) --+(0,-0.3) -- cycle;
    \fill[blue!45!white!50!black] ([yshift=-0.5mm]frame.north east)
      --+(0,-0.3) --+(0.4,0) -- cycle; },
  title={#2},#1}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
  \lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
```

My title

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
% \usepackage{varwidth}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{enhanced,
 attach boxed title to top left={xshift=1cm,yshift=-2mm},
 fonttitle=\bfseries, varwidth boxed title=0.7\linewidth,
 colbacktitle=green!45!white,coltitle=green!10!black,colframe=green!50!black,
 interior style={top color=yellow!10!white,bottom color=green!10!white},
 boxed title style={enhanced,boxrule=0.75mm,colframe=white,
    borderline={0.1mm}{0mm}{green!50!black},
    borderline={0.1mm}{0.75mm}{green!50!black},
    interior style={top color=green!10!white,bottom color=green!10!white,
     middle color=green!50!white},
    drop fuzzy shadow},
 title={#2},#1}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
  \lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
```

My title

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
% \usepackage{varwidth}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[2][]{skin=enhancedlast jigsaw,interior hidden,
  boxsep=0pt,top=0pt,colframe=red,coltitle=red!50!black,
  fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily,
  attach boxed title to bottom center,
  boxed title style={empty,boxrule=0.5mm},
  varwidth boxed title=0.5\linewidth,
  underlay boxed title={
    \draw[white,line width=0.5mm]
      ([xshift=0.3mm-\tcboxedtitleheight*2,yshift=0.3mm]title.north west)
      --([xshift=-0.3mm+\tcboxedtitleheight*2,yshift=0.3mm]title.north east);
    \path[draw=red,top color=white,bottom color=red!50!white,line width=0.5mm]
    ([xshift=0.25mm-\tcboxedtitleheight*2,yshift=0.25mm]title.north west)
    cos +(\tcboxedtitleheight,-\tcboxedtitleheight/2)
    sin +(\tcboxedtitleheight,-\tcboxedtitleheight/2)
    -- ([xshift=0.25mm,yshift=0.25mm]title.south west)
    -- ([yshift=0.25mm]title.south east)
    cos +(\tcboxedtitleheight,\tcboxedtitleheight/2)
    sin +(\tcboxedtitleheight,\tcboxedtitleheight/2); },
  title={#2},#1}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
  \lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
```

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

My title

/tcb/hbox boxed title

(no value, initially set)

The title text content is captured with a horizontal box. Especially, there are no linebreak possible.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{hbox boxed title,
    enhanced,attach boxed title to top center=
    {yshift=-3mm,yshifttext=-1mm},
    boxed title style={size=small,colback=red},
    title={#1}}

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\begin{mybox}{Short title}
    This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\end{mybox}\bigskip

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\begin{mybox}{This title is not really very short}
    This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

\end{mybox}

\end{mybox}
```

/tcb/minipage boxed title= $\langle length \rangle$

(initially unset)

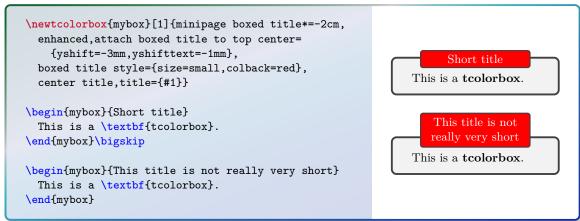
The title text content is captured with a minipage with a width of $\langle length \rangle$. By default, the resulting boxed title is somewhat smaller than the main box.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{minipage boxed title,
  enhanced, attach boxed title to top center=
    {yshift=-3mm,yshifttext=-1mm},
                                                                      Short title
  boxed title style={size=small,colback=red},
                                                                 This is a tcolorbox.
  center title,title={#1}}
\begin{mybox}{Short title}
                                                                  This title is not really
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
                                                                       very short
\end{mybox}\bigskip
                                                                 This is a tcolorbox.
\begin{mybox}{This title is not really very short}
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
```

/tcb/minipage boxed title*= $\langle length \rangle$

(initially unset)

The title text content is captured with a minipage with a width of main box width plus $\langle length \rangle$. By default, the resulting boxed title is somewhat smaller than the main box.



/tcb/tikznode boxed title=\(\langle options \rangle \)

(initially unset)

The title text content is captured with a TikZ node with given TikZ $\langle options \rangle$. The text is centered by default

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{tikznode boxed title,
  enhanced, attach boxed title to top center=
    {yshift=-3mm,yshifttext=-1mm},
                                                                       Short title
  boxed title style={size=small,colback=red},
                                                                 This is a tcolorbox.
  title={#1}}
\begin{mybox}{Short title}
                                                                        This title
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
                                                                       is not really
\end{mybox}\bigskip
                                                                       very short
                                                                 This is a tcolorbox.
\begin{mybox}{This title\\is not really\\very short}
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
```

/tcb/varwidth boxed title= $\langle length \rangle$

(initially unset)

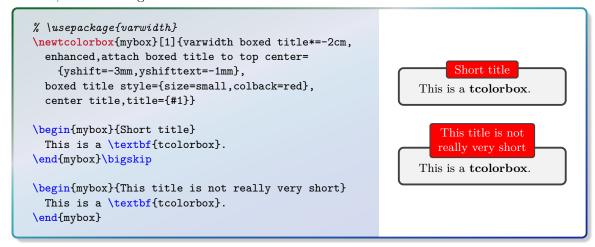
The title text content is captured with a varwidth environment with a width of $\langle length \rangle$. This style needs the varwidth package [1] to be loaded manually. By default, the resulting boxed title is somewhat smaller than the main box.

```
% \usepackage{varwidth}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1]{varwidth boxed title,
  enhanced, attach boxed title to top center=
                                                                      Short title
    {yshift=-3mm,yshifttext=-1mm},
  boxed title style={size=small,colback=red},
                                                                This is a tcolorbox.
  center title,title={#1}}
\begin{mybox}{Short title}
                                                                 This title is not really
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
                                                                       very short
\end{mybox}\bigskip
                                                                This is a tcolorbox.
\begin{mybox}{This title is not really very short}
  This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{mybox}
```

/tcb/varwidth boxed title*= $\langle length \rangle$

(initially unset)

The title text content is captured with a varwidth environment with a width of main box width plus $\langle length \rangle$. This style needs the varwidth package [1] to be loaded manually. By default, the resulting boxed title is somewhat smaller than the main box.



7.3 Watermark Option Keys

The following watermark options are applicable for all skins which use tikzpicture as /tcb/graphical environment Therefore, the skin standard does not support these watermarks, but all other skins, e.g. enhanced P. 142.

The watermark options rely on the more general overlay options described in Section 3.8 from page 50. Therefore, watermarks and overlays cannot be used mixed. But a mixture is possible with the hooks library, see Section 13.

/tcb/watermark text= $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Writes some $\langle text \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox. This $\langle text \rangle$ is written after the frame and interior are drawn and before the text content is drawn. It is zoomed or stretched according the values of /tcb/watermark zoom^{\rightarrow P.109} or /tcb/watermark stretch^{\rightarrow P.111}.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,watermark text=My Watermark]

\lipsum[1]

\tcblower

\lipsum[2]

\end{tcolorbox}

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/watermark text on= $\langle part \rangle$ is $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

This option writes some $\langle text \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox as described for /tcb/watermark text. But this is done only for boxes named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence, see /tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P. 246}.

Feasible values for $\langle part \rangle$ are:

- broken: all broken box parts,
- unbroken: unbroken boxes only,
- first: first parts of a break sequence,
- middle: middle parts of a break sequence,
- last: last parts of a break sequence,
- unbroken and first: unbroken boxes and first parts of a break sequence,
- middle and last: middle and last parts of a break sequence.

```
/tcb/watermark graphics=\langle file name \rangle
```

(no default, initially unset)

Draws an external picture referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox. The picture is drawn after the frame and interior are drawn and before the text content is drawn. It is zoomed or stretched according the values of /tcb/watermark $zoom^{\rightarrow P.109}$ or /tcb/watermark stretch $^{\rightarrow P.111}$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,watermark graphics=Basilica 5.png,
  watermark opacity=0.15]
\lipsum[1-2]
\tcblower
This example uses a public domain picture from//
\url{http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Basilica_5.png}
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

This example uses a public domain picture from http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Basilica_5.png

```
/tcb/watermark graphics on=\langle part \rangle is \langle file\ name \rangle (no default, initially unset)
```

This option draws a picture referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox as described for /tcb/watermark graphics. But this is done only for boxes named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence, see /tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P. 246}.

Feasible values for $\langle part \rangle$ are:

- broken: all broken box parts,
- unbroken: unbroken boxes only,
- first: first parts of a break sequence,
- middle: middle parts of a break sequence,
- last: last parts of a break sequence,
- unbroken and first: unbroken boxes and first parts of a break sequence,
- middle and last: middle and last parts of a break sequence.

```
/tcb/watermark tikz=\( qraphical code \)
```

(no default, initially unset)

Draws the given tikz $\langle qraphical\ code \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox. The code is executed after the frame and interior are drawn and before the text content is drawn. The result is zoomed or stretched according the values of /tcb/watermark $zoom^{\rightarrow P.109}$ or /tcb/watermark stretch $^{\rightarrow P.111}$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,
  watermark tikz={\draw[line width=2mm] circle (1cm)
    node{\fontfamily{ptm}\fontseries{b}\fontsize{20mm}{20mm}\selectfont ?};}]
\lipsum[1]
\tcblower
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
\ttcb/watermark tikz on=\tpart\t is \tgraphical \tcode\t (no default, initially unset)
```

This option draws the given tikz $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$ in the center of the interior region of a tcolorbox as described for /tcb/watermark tikz. But this is done only for boxes named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence, see /tcb/breakable $^{\rightarrow P.246}$.

Feasible values for $\langle part \rangle$ are:

- broken: all broken box parts,
- unbroken: unbroken boxes only,
- first: first parts of a break sequence,
- middle: middle parts of a break sequence,
- last: last parts of a break sequence,
- unbroken and first: unbroken boxes and first parts of a break sequence,
- middle and last: middle and last parts of a break sequence.

/tcb/no watermark

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the watermark if set before. This is an alias for /tcb/no overlay $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{\sim} P.51$.

Sets the opacity value $\in [0, 1]$ for a watermark.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    watermark text=Watermark,nobeforeafter,width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Opacity 1.00,watermark opacity=1.00]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill%
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Opacity 0.50,watermark opacity=0.50]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

Opacity 1.00

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisi hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Opacity 0.50

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/watermark zoom= $\langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially 0.75)

Sets the zoom value for a watermark. The zoom respects the aspect ratio. The value 1.0 means to fill the whole box until the watermark touches the frame.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   watermark text=Watermark,nobeforeafter,width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Zoom 1.0,watermark zoom=1.0]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill%
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Zoom 0.5,watermark zoom=0.5]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

Zoom 1.0

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Zoom 0.5

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisi hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/watermark shrink=\langle fraction \rangle (no default, initially unset)
Identically to /tcb/watermark zoom Pr. 109, but the watermark never gets enlarged. Thus, the watermark keeps its original size or is shrunk.

```
/tcb/watermark overzoom=\langle fraction \rangle
```

(no default, initially unset)

Sets the overzoom value for a watermark. The overzoom respects the aspect ratio. The value 1.0 means to fill the whole box until the watermark touches all four sides of the frame.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=white,colframe=blue!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   watermark opacity=0.5,
   watermark graphics=lichtspiel.jpg,nobeforeafter,width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Zoom 1.0,watermark zoom=1.0]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill%
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Overzoom 1.0,watermark overzoom=1.0]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

Zoom 1.0

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Overzoom 1.0

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If a /tcb/watermark overzoom value of 1.0 is used in connection with invisible top and bottom rules which still have a thickness greater than Opt, the space of these invisible rules may not be covered by the watermark. For example, this situation may occur during the breaking of /tcb/enhanced boxes. To avoid this optical glitch, just set /tcb/pad at break to any desired value.

```
/tcb/watermark stretch=\langle fraction \rangle
```

(no default, initially unset)

Sets the stretch value for a watermark. The stretch value is applied to width and height in relation to the box dimensions. It does not respect the aspect ratio. The value 1.0 means to fill the whole box.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=white,colframe=blue!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   watermark graphics=lichtspiel.jpg,watermark opacity=0.5,
   nobeforeafter,width=(\linewidth-2mm)/2}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Stretch 1.00,watermark stretch=1.00]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill%
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Stretch 0.50,watermark stretch=0.50]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

Stretch 1.00

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Stretch 0.50

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

 \t tcb/watermark color= \t color \t (no default, initially mixed background and frame color) Sets the color for the watermark.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,watermark text=My Watermark,
   watermark color=yellow!50!red]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbitristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum arna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer capien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Sets the watermark to be clipped to the interior area.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=white,colframe=blue!50!white,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   watermark opacity=0.5,watermark stretch=1.00,arc=3mm,
   watermark graphics=lichtspiel.jpg}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Clip (default),clip watermark]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=No clip,clip watermark=false]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}%
```

Clip (default)

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No clip

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7.4 Clip Environments

The following clip environments are applicable for all skins which use engines of type path, pathfirst, pathmiddle, or pathlast. Especially, the skin enhanced $^{-P.142}$ supports all of them and standard $^{-P.140}$ none. The typical area of application is inside overlay code, see Section 3.8 from page 50.

```
\begin{tcbclipframe}
  \langle environment content \rangle
  \langle end{tcbclipframe}
```

Defines a Tikz scope which clips to the frame area path.

```
\makeatletter
\newtcolorbox{picturebox}[2][]{%
  enhanced,frame hidden,interior hidden,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  overlay={\begin{tcbclipframe}\node at (frame)
     {\includegraphics[width=\tcb@width,height=\tcb@height]{#2}};\end{tcbclipframe}%
  \begin{tcbclipinterior}\fill[white,opacity=0.75]
     (frame.south west) rectangle (frame.north east);\end{tcbclipinterior}},#1}
\makeatother

\begin{picturebox}[title=My Picture Box]{lichtspiel.jpg}
\lipsum[1]
  \end{picturebox}
```

My Picture Box

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
\begin{tcbinvclipframe}
  \langle environment content \rangle
\end{tcbinvclipframe}
```

Defines a Tikz scope which clips to the *outside* of the frame area path.

```
\tcbset{enhanced jigsaw,fonttitle=\bfseries,opacityback=0.35,colback=blue!5!white,
  frame style={left color=red!75!black,right color=red!10!yellow}}
\begin{tikzpicture}% draw two balls
  \path[use as bounding box] (0,0.8) rectangle +(0.1,0.1);
  \shadedraw [shading=ball] (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \shadedraw [ball color=red] (3,-2.2) circle (1cm);
\end{tikzpicture}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=A translucent box,
 overlay={\begin{tcbinvclipframe}
    \draw[red,line width=1cm] ([xshift=-2mm,yshift=2mm]frame.north west)
      --([xshift=2mm,yshift=-2mm]frame.south east);
    \draw[red,line width=1cm] ([xshift=-2mm,yshift=-2mm]frame.south west)
      --([xshift=2mm,yshift=2mm]frame.north east);
  \end{tcbinvclipframe}}]
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

A translucent box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
\begin{tcbclipinterior} \( environment content \) \end{tcbclipinterior}
```

Defines a Tikz scope which clips to the interior area path.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My Title,
  overlay={\begin{tcbclipinterior}
     \draw[red,line width=1cm] (interior.north west)--(interior.south east);
     \draw[red,line width=1cm] (interior.south west)--(interior.north east);
  \end{tcbclipinterior}}]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My Title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonuamy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
\begin{tcbcliptitle}
  \langle environment content \rangle
\end{tcbcliptitle}
```

Defines a Tikz scope which clips to the title area path.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My Title,colframe=blue,colback=yellow!10!white,
   overlay={\begin{tcbcliptitle}\node at (title)
   {\includegraphics[width=\linewidth]{lichtspiel.jpg}};\end{tcbcliptitle}}]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My Title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Sets the title to be clipped to the title area.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,width=5cm,colframe=red!50!white,coltitle=black,
    colbacktitle=yellow!50!white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=\mbox{This is a title which is unbreakable and far too long}]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=\mbox{This is a title which is unbreakable and far too long},
    clip title]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a title which is unbreakable and far too long
This is a tcolorbox.

This is a title which is unbreakable and far too long
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/clip upper=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Sets the upper part to be clipped to the interior area.

```
\newcommand{\mygraphics}[2][]{%
    \tcbox[enhanced,boxsep=0pt,top=0pt,bottom=0pt,left=0pt,
        right=0pt,boxrule=0.4pt,drop fuzzy shadow,clip upper,
        colback=black!75!white,toptitle=2pt,bottomtitle=2pt,nobeforeafter,
        center title,fonttitle=\small\sffamily,title=\detokenize{#2}]
    {\includegraphics[width=\the\dimexpr(\linewidth-4mm)/2\relax]{#2}}}

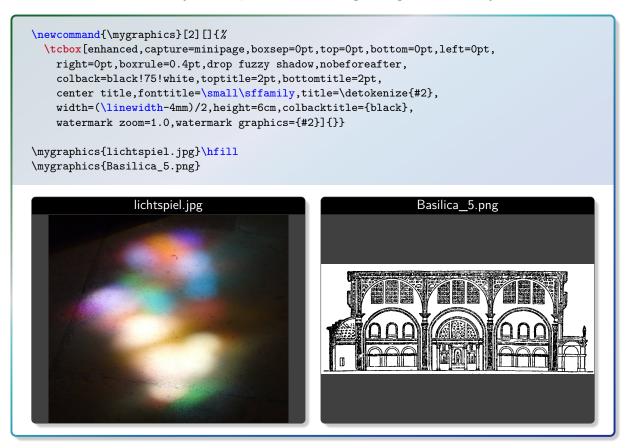
\mygraphics{lichtspiel.jpg}\hfill
\mygraphics{Basilica_5.png}}

lichtspiel.jpg

Basilica_5.png

Basilica_5.png
```

The example for /tcb/clip upper P.116 sizes the box according to the dimensions of the picture. To do it the other way around, the watermark options provide an easy solution.



/tcb/clip lower=true|false

(default true, initially false)

Sets the lower part to be clipped to the interior area.



7.5 Border Line Option Keys

The following border line options are applicable for most skins which use tikzpicture as /tcb/graphical environment^{¬P.81}. Therefore, the skin standard^{¬P.140} does not support these border lines, but most other skins, e.g. enhanced^{¬P.142}.

The border lines are independent from the normal tcolorbox rules. They may be used with or without the /tcb/segmentation engine P.83.

The border lines are stackable, i.e. several different border lines can be used on the same tcolorbox. They are drawn *after* the box frame and box interior and *before* overlays or watermarks.

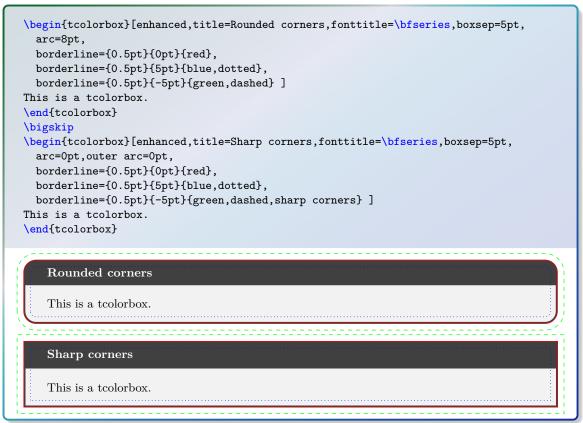
Technically, the normal tcolorbox rules result from a TikZ filling process. The border lines are created by a TikZ drawing process. This can be used to apply different effects.

 $\label{eq:contine} $$ \tcb/borderline={\langle width\rangle} = {\langle offset\rangle} = (no default, initially unset) $$$

Adds a new border line to the stack of border lines. This border line is drawn with the given $\langle width \rangle$ and gets a $\langle offset \rangle$ computed from the frame outline. A positive $\langle offset \rangle$ value moves the borderline inside the tcolorbox and a negative $\langle offset \rangle$ value moves it outside without changing the bounding box.

The border line is drawn along a TikZ path with the given TikZ $\langle options \rangle$. Note that the TikZ line width option should not be used here.

The border lines adapt to the rounded corners of the tcolorbox. An inside border line will switch to sharp corners if necessary, an outside border line will always be rounded if not set to sharp corners.



```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,arc=3mm,boxrule=1.5mm,boxsep=1.5mm,
   colback=yellow!20!white,
   colframe=blue,
   borderline={1mm}{1mm}{white},
   borderline={1mm}{2mm}{red} ]
   \lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,arc=3mm,boxrule=1.5mm,
  frame hidden,colback=blue!10!white,
  borderline={1mm}{0mm}{blue,dotted} ]
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,skin=enhancedmiddle,
  frame hidden,interior hidden,top=0mm,bottom=0mm,boxsep=0mm,
  borderline={0.75mm}{0mm}{red},
  borderline={0.75mm}{0.75mm}{red!50!yellow},
  borderline={0.75mm}{1.5mm}{yellow},
  \ulderline={0.75mm}{1.5mm}{yellow},
  \ulderline={0.75mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5mm}{1.5m
```

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

119

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcolorbox{mygreenbox}[2][]{%
  enhanced, width=\linewidth-6pt,
  enlarge top by=3pt,enlarge bottom by=3pt,
  enlarge left by=3pt,enlarge right by=3pt,
  title={#2},frame hidden,boxrule=0pt,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,
  colframe=green!30!black, colbacktitle=green!50!yellow,
  coltitle=black, colback=green!25!white,
  borderline={0.5pt}{-0.5pt}{green!75!blue},
  borderline={1pt}{-3pt}{green!50!blue},#1}
\begin{mygreenbox}{My title}
  \lipsum[4]
\end{mygreenbox}
    My title
   Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt
   ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea
   dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi.
   Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac
   pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus
   quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.
```

/tcb/no borderline

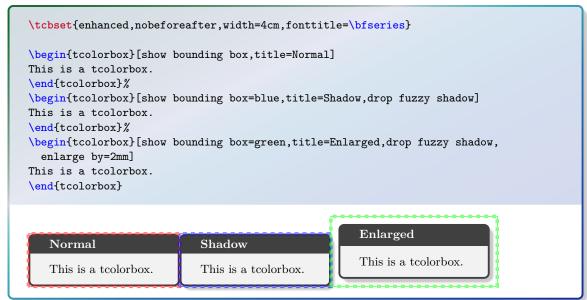
(no default, initially set)

Removes all border lines if set before.

/tcb/show bounding box= $\langle color \rangle$

(default red, initially unset)

Displays the bounding box borderline of a tcolorbox. Its intended use is debugging and fine tuning. It should not be part of a final document. The optional $\langle color \rangle$ is the base color for the bounding box borderline.



7.6 Shadow Option Keys

The following shadow options are applicable for most skins which use tikzpicture as $/\text{tcb/graphical environment}^{\to P.\,81}$. Therefore, the skin standard does not support these shadows, but most other skins, e.g. enhanced $^{\to P.\,142}$.

The shadows are stackable, i.e. several different shadows can be used on the same tcolorbox. They are drawn before the box frame is drawn.

```
/tcb/no shadow (no default)
```

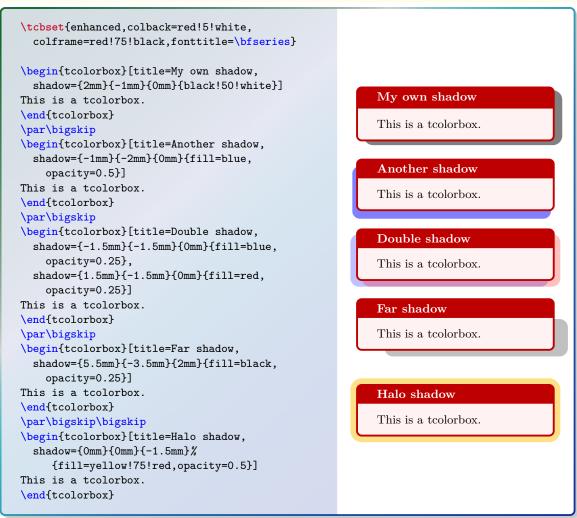
Removes all shadows if set before.

```
\label{eq:continuous} $$ \tcb/shadow={\langle xshift\rangle}_{\langle yshift\rangle}_{\langle offset\rangle}_{\langle options\rangle}$$ (no default)
```

Adds a new shadow to the stack of shadows. This shadow is follows the outline of the tcolorbox but is shifted by $\langle xshift \rangle$ and $\langle yshift \rangle$. The $\langle offset \rangle$ value is a distance value from the frame outline. A positive $\langle offset \rangle$ value shrinks the shadow and a negative $\langle offset \rangle$ value enlarges the shadow. The shadow is filled along a TikZ path with the given TikZ $\langle options \rangle$.

The shadows adapt to the rounded corners of the tcolorbox. An shrinked shadow will switch to sharp corners if necessary, an enlarged shadow may become more rounded depending on several factors.

Shadows are not considered for the bounding box computation by default. Large shadows may be overlaped by the following content. But, the bounding box can be adapted if necessary.



```
\label{eq:continuous_shadow} $$ \operatorname{dow}_{\langle xshift\rangle}_{\langle yshift\rangle}_{\langle offset\rangle}_{\langle offset\rangle}_{\langle options\rangle} $$ (no default)
```

Adds a new fuzzy shadow to the stack of shadows. Actually, this option adds several shadows which appear like a shadow with a fuzzy border. This fuzzy shadow is follows the outline of the tcolorbox but is shifted by $\langle xshift \rangle$ and $\langle yshift \rangle$. The $\langle offset \rangle$ value is a distance value from the frame outline. A positive $\langle offset \rangle$ value shrinks the shadow and a negative $\langle offset \rangle$ value enlarges the shadow. The $\{\langle step \rangle\}$ value describes a shrink offset used for the combination of the partial shadows. The shadow is filled along a TikZ path with the given TikZ $\langle options \rangle$ but any opacity value will be ignored.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My own shadow,
  fuzzy shadow={2mm}{-1mm}{0nm}{0.1mm}%
               {black!50!white}]
                                                           My own shadow
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
\par\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
  fuzzy shadow=\{-1mm\}\{-2mm\}\{0.2mm\}\%
                                                           Another shadow
               {fill=blue}]
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\par\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Double shadow,
                                                           Double shadow
  fuzzy shadow={-1.5mm}{-1.5mm}{0mm}{0.1mm}%
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
               {blue},
  fuzzy shadow={1.5mm}{-1.5mm}{0mm}{0.1mm}%
               {red}]
                                                           Far shadow
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                           This is a tcolorbox.
\par\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Far shadow,
  fuzzy shadow={5.5mm}{-3.5mm}{0mm}{0.3mm}%
               {black}]
                                                           Glow shadow
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
\par\bigskip\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Glow shadow,
  fuzzy shadow=\{0mm\}\{0mm\}\{-1.5mm\}\{0.15mm\}\%
               {yellow!75!red}]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1][]{enhanced,
   fuzzy shadow={1.0mm}{-1.0mm}{0.12mm}{0mm}{blue!50!white},
   fuzzy shadow={-1.0mm}{-1.0mm}{0.12mm}{0mm}{red!50!white},
   fuzzy shadow={-1.0mm}{1.0mm}{0.12mm}{green!50!white},
   fuzzy shadow={1.0mm}{1.0mm}{0.12mm}{omm}{yellow!50!white},#1
}
\begin{mybox}{title=A multi shadow box}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}

A multi shadow box
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/drop shadow=\langle color \rangle

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}\par\bigskip
                                                           Another shadow
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
  drop shadow=blue]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}\par\bigskip
                                                           Another shadow
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
  drop fuzzy shadow=blue]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/drop midday shadow= $\langle color \rangle$

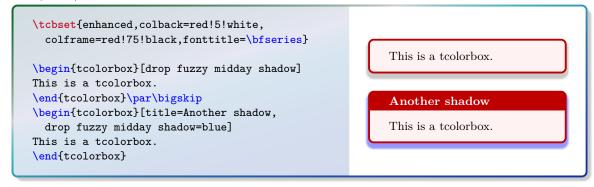
(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop midday shadow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}\par\bigskip
                                                           Another shadow
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
                                                           This is a toolorbox.
  drop midday shadow=blue]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/drop fuzzy midday shadow=\(\color\) (style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.



/tcb/halo= $\langle size \rangle$ with $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default 0.9mm with yellow)

Adds a new halo shadow with the given $\langle color \rangle$ which overlaps the colorbox an all sides by $\langle size \rangle$.

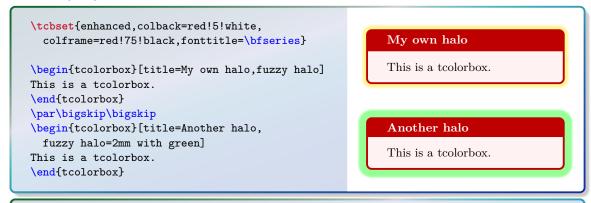
```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My own halo,halo]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\par\bigskip\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another halo,
    halo=2mm with green]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/fuzzy halo= $\langle size \rangle$ with $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default 0.9mm with yellow)

Adds a new fuzzy halo shadow with the given $\langle color \rangle$ which overlaps the colorbox an all sides by $\langle size \rangle$ plus 0.48mm.



\begin{tcolorbox}[blank,enhanced jigsaw,boxsep=2pt,arc=2pt,
 fuzzy halo=2mm with red!50!white,
 fuzzy halo=1mm with white]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

For all following shadows, the optionally given $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed equivalent to the preceding examples.

/tcb/drop shadow southeast= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. This shadow is identical to /tcb/drop shadow $^{\rightarrow P.\,123}$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow southeast,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow south= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. This shadow is identical to $/tcb/drop\ midday\ shadow^{\rightarrow\ P.\ 123}$.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow south,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow southwest= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow southwest,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow west= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow west,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow northwest= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow northwest,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow north= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow north,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow northeast= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow northeast,
  enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
  This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop shadow east= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop shadow east,
  enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
  This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow southeast= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. This shadow is identical to /tcb/drop fuzzy shadow P. 123.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow southeast,
  enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
  This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow south= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. This shadow is identical to /tcb/drop fuzzy midday shadow P. 123.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow south,
  enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
  This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow southwest= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow southwest,
  enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
  This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow west= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow west,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow northwest= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow northwest,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow north= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow north,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow northeast= $\langle color angle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow northeast,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

/tcb/drop fuzzy shadow east= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new fuzzy shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop fuzzy shadow east,
 enhanced,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black]
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

This is a toolorbox.

$/ tcb/lifted shadow = {\langle xshift \rangle} {\langle yshift \rangle} {\langle bend \rangle} {\langle step \rangle} {\langle options \rangle}$ (no default)

Adds a new lifted shadow to the stack of shadows. Actually, this option adds several shadows which appear like a shadow with a fuzzy border. This lifted shadow is follows the outline of the tcolorbox but is shifted by $\langle xshift \rangle$ and $\langle yshift \rangle$ on the lower left corner and by $-\langle xshift \rangle$ and $\langle yshift \rangle$ on the lower right corner. Additionally, there is a $\langle bend \rangle$ in the middle. The $\{\langle step \rangle\}$ value describes a shrink offset used for the combination of the partial shadows. The shadow is filled along a TikZ path with the given TikZ $\langle options \rangle$ but any opacity value will be ignored.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  boxrule=0.1pt,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\text{begin{tcolorbox}[title=My own shadow,
  lifted shadow={1mm}{-2mm}{3mm}{0.1mm}%
      {black!50!white}]

This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

/tcb/drop lifted shadow= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new lifted shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  boxrule=0.4pt,arc=0pt,outer arc=0pt,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

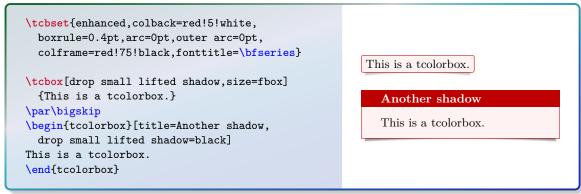
This is a tcolorbox.

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop lifted shadow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}\par\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
  drop lifted shadow=blue]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
```

/tcb/drop small lifted shadow= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new small lifted shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.



/tcb/drop large lifted shadow= $\langle color \rangle$

(style, default black!50!white)

Adds a new large lifted shadow with standard dimensions to the stack of shadows. Optionally, the $\langle color \rangle$ for the shadow can be changed.

\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[drop large lifted shadow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}\par\bigskip
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Another shadow,
 drop large lifted shadow=blue]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

7.7 TikZ Picture Option Keys

The following general options are applicable for skins which use tikzpicture as /tcb/graphical environment $^{\rightarrow P.\,81}$. Therefore, the skin standard $^{\rightarrow P.\,140}$ does not support these options, but most other skins, e.g. enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.\,142}$.

/tcb/tikz=\langle tikz option list\rangle

(no default, initially empty)

Adds the given $\langle tikz \ option \ list \rangle$ to the main tikzpicture environment used to draw the color box, see [19]. If this option is applied a second time, the new $\langle tikz \ option \ list \rangle$ is appended to the current option list.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\text{begin{tcolorbox}[title=Transparent box,
    tikz={opacity=0.5,transparency group}]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  fontupper=\bfseries\Huge,
  center title,center upper}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Rotated box,
    tikz={rotate=30}]

Sold!
\end{tcolorbox}
```



/tcb/tikz reset

Removes all options given by /tcb/tikz.

/tcb/at begin tikz= $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The given $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$ is executed at the beginning of the tikzpicture environment after the TikZ option execute at begin picture was applied. If this option is applied a second time, the new $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$ is appended to the current code.

/tcb/at begin tikz reset

(initially set)

(initially set)

Removes all code given by /tcb/at begin tikz.

/tcb/at end tikz= $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The given $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$ is executed at the ending of the tikzpicture environment before the TikZ option execute at end picture was applied. If this option is applied a second time, the new $\langle tikz \ code \rangle$ is appended to the current code.

/tcb/at end tikz reset

(initially set)

Removes all code given by /tcb/at end tikz.

/tcb/rotate= $\langle angle \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Rotates the tcolorbox by the given $\langle angle \rangle$. Note that this is a TikZ coordinate transformation i.e. not all graphical elements like shadings will really be rotated.

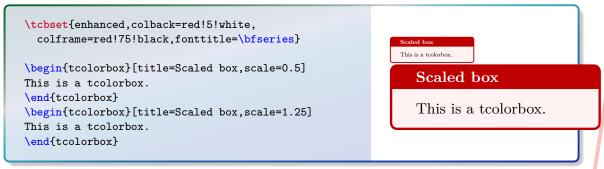
```
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Rotated box,rotate=30]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

$/tcb/scale = \langle fraction \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Scales the tcolorbox by the given $\langle fraction \rangle$. Note that this is a TikZ coordinate transformation i.e. not all graphical elements like line widths will really be scaled.



/tcb/remember

(style, initially unset)

Shortcut for tikz={remember picture}. This allows one to reference nodes in other $\mathrm{Ti}k\mathrm{Z}$ pictures.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,remember,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
  fonttitle=\bfseries,title=The four corners of a paper,
  overlay={\draw[red!50!white,line width=1mm,opacity=0.5,shorten >=3mm]
    (frame.north west) edge[->] (current page.north west)
    (frame.north east) edge[->] (current page.north east)
    (frame.south west) edge[->] (current page.south west)
    (frame.south east) edge[->] (current page.south east);}]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

The four corners of a paper

This is a tcolorbox.

```
/tcb/remember as=\langle name \rangle
```

(style, no default, initially unset)

The frame node will be remembered by the given $\langle name \rangle$ to be referenced in other TikZ pictures.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1][]{enhanced,colframe=blue!75!black,colback=blue!10!white,
  fonttitle=\bfseries,#1}
\begin{mybox} [title=First Box,nobeforeafter,width=\linewidth/4,remember as=one]
This is a test.
\end{mybox}
\hfill
\begin{mybox} [title=Second Box,nobeforeafter,width=\linewidth/4,remember as=two]
This is a test.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox} [title=Third Box,nobeforeafter,width=\linewidth/4,remember as=three]
This is a test.
\end{mybox}
\lipsum[2]
\begin{mybox}[title=Fourth Box,remember as=four]
This is a test.
\end{mybox}
\begin{tikzpicture}[overlay,remember picture,line width=1mm,draw=red!75!black]
  \draw[->] (one.east) to[bend right] node[above] {A} (two.west);
  \draw[->] (two.east) to[bend left] node[above] {B} (three.west);
  \draw[->] (three.east) to[bend left=90] node[right] {C} (four.east);
  \draw[->] (four.west) to[bend left=90] node[left] {D} (one.west);
\end{tikzpicture}
                                                              В
   First Box
                                     Second Box
                                                                        Third Box
   This is a test.
                                     This is a test.
                                                                        This is a test.
Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo.
Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan
bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit
mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et
magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper
vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.
```

D

Fourth Box

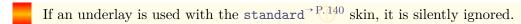
This is a test.

7.8 Underlay Option Keys

Underlays are quite similar to overlays described in Section 3.8 on page 50. Underlays are drawn after the frame and interior are drawn and before overlays and the text content is drawn; see Section 6.4 on page 89 for the general drawing scheme.

The differences between underlays and overlays are:

• Underlays are not applicable for the skins standard $^{\rightarrow P.140}$ and standard $jigsaw^{\rightarrow P.141}$, whereas overlays are applicable also for these skins. The skin spartan $^{\rightarrow P.178}$ supports underlays but no overlays.



- Underlays are stackable, i.e. several different underlays can be used on the same tcolorbox. Overlays are not stackable by default (but with some help of the library hooks).
- Boxed titles are implemented with underlays (Section 7.2 on page 99), watermarks are implemented with overlays (Section 7.3 on page 106).

/tcb/underlay= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Adds $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to the box drawing process. This $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is drawn after the frame and interior and before the text content.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1][]{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
   colbacktitle=red!85!black!50!white,
   colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,watermark color=yellow!50!white,
   underlay={\begin{tcbclipinterior}
      \draw[red!40!white,line width=1cm] (interior.south west)--(interior.north east);
   \end{tcbclipinterior}},
   attach boxed title to top center={yshift=-2mm},#1}

\begin{mybox}[title=My box,watermark text=My Watermark]
\lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
```

My box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/no underlay

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay broken=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle graphical \) code is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/underlay $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{}$ P. 133 overwrites this key.

/tcb/underlay unbroken= $\langle qraphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 but is not broken actually or if the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/unbreakable}^{\rightarrow P.247}$, then the $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/underlay P. 133 overwrites this key.

/tcb/no underlay unbroken

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the unbroken underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay first=⟨graphical code⟩

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle araphical \) code) is added to the box drawing process for the first part of the break sequence. /tcb/underlay → P. 133 overwrites this key.

/tcb/no underlay first

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the first underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay middle= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) code is added to the box drawing process for the middle parts (if any) of the break sequence. /tcb/underlay → P. 133 overwrites this key.

/tcb/no underlay middle

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the middle underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay last= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/breakable}^{\rightarrow P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the $\langle qraphical \rangle$ code) is added to the box drawing process for the last part of the break sequence. /tcb/underlay → P. 133 overwrites this kev.

/tcb/no underlay last

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the last underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay boxed title=\(\rangle qraphical code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box has a boxed title, see Section 7.2 on page 99, then the $\langle qraphical\ code \rangle$ is added to the box drawing process before the boxed title is drawn.

/tcb/no underlay boxed title

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the boxed title underlay if set before.

/tcb/underlay unbroken and first=\(\(graphical \) \(code \) \(\) (no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/underlay unbroken and /tcb/underlay first together. /tcb/underlay P.133 overwrites this key.

\t tcb/underlay middle and last= \t graphical code \t (no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/underlay middle and /tcb/underlay last together. /tcb/underlay P. 133 overwrites this key.

/tcb/underlay unbroken and last=\(\rangle araphical code\) (no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/underlay unbroken and /tcb/underlay last together. /tcb/underlay P.133 overwrites this key.

7.9 Finish Option Keys

Finishes are quite similar to underlays described in Section 7.8 on page 133 and overlays described in Section 3.8 on page 50. Finishes are drawn *after* the text content is drawn; see Section 6.4 on page 89 for the general drawing scheme. Therefore, a finish will reduce the readability of the text content.

Finishes are intended for special effects like highlights or glosses or text over text.

- Finishes are only applicable for the skins enhanced P. 142, empty P. 169, freelance P. 181, bicolor P. 155, beamer P. 160, and widget P. 165.
- If a finish is used with the standard *P. 140 skin, it is silently ignored.
 - Finishes are stackable, i. e. several different finishes can be used on the same tcolorbox.

```
/tcb/finish=\(\rangle graphical \code \rangle \)
```

(no default, initially unset)

Adds $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to the box drawing process. This $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is drawn after the text content.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1][]{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
   colbacktitle=red!85!black!50!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   finish={\begin{tcbclipframe}
        \path[bottom color=black,top color=black!50!white,opacity=0.1]
        (frame.south west) -- (frame.south east) -- (frame.north east) -- cycle;
        \path[top color=white,bottom color=black!50!white,opacity=0.1]
        (frame.south west) -- (frame.north east) -- (frame.north west) -- cycle;
        \end{tcbclipframe},#1}

\begin{mybox}[title=My box]
\lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
\end{mybox}
```

My box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
\newtcolorbox{mybox}[1][]{enhanced,colback=red!5!white,
  colbacktitle=red!85!black!50!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  finish={\node[draw,fill=white,fill opacity=0.85,inner sep=5mm,
      rounded corners] at (frame.center) {\Huge\bfseries Finish!};},#1}
\begin{mybox}[title=My box]
\lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}
```

My box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euis nod sodales, sollicitudin vol, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at hibertis vitae ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula high lacus et mare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

/tcb/no finish

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the finish if set before.

/tcb/finish broken=\(\alpha raphical code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) *code*⟩ is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/finish^{→ P. 135} overwrites this key.

/tcb/finish unbroken=⟨qraphical code⟩

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable P.246 but is not broken actually or if the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/unbreakable}^{\rightarrow P.247}$, then the $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ is added to the box drawing process. /tcb/finish P. 135 overwrites this key.

/tcb/no finish unbroken

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the unbroken finish if set before.

/tcb/finish first=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be $/\text{tcb/breakable}^{\rightarrow P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the $\langle qraphical \rangle$ code) is added to the box drawing process for the first part of the break sequence. /tcb/finish^{→P.135} overwrites this key.

/tcb/no finish first

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the first finish if set before.

/tcb/finish middle= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be /tcb/breakable AP. 246 and is broken actually, then the \(\langle \text{graphical} \) code is added to the box drawing process for the *middle* parts (if any) of the break sequence. /tcb/finish^{→P.135} overwrites this key.

/tcb/no finish middle

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the middle finish if set before.

/tcb/finish last= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

If the box is set to be $/tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P.246}$ and is broken actually, then the $\langle graphical \rangle$ code) is added to the box drawing process for the last part of the break sequence. /tcb/finish^{→P.135} overwrites this key.

/tcb/no finish last

(style, no default, initially set)

Removes the last finish if set before.

/tcb/finish unbroken and first=(graphical code) (no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/finish unbroken and /tcb/finish first together. /tcb/finish P. 135 overwrites this key.

/tcb/finish middle and last=\(\rangle graphical code\) (no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/finish middle and /tcb/finish last together. /tcb/finish^{→P.135} overwrites this key.

/tcb/finish unbroken and last= $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

This is an abbreviation for setting /tcb/finish unbroken and /tcb/finish last together. /tcb/finish P. 135 overwrites this key.

7.10 Jigsaw Skin Variants

As described in Section 6.1 on page 81, a tcolorbox is drawn by up to four *engines*. Typically, the *frame* engine fills the complete box area with color and the other engines fill certain areas with other colors. Finally, only the area which you see as *frame* of the box will display the frame color. For most applications, this is a good approach.

For certain boxes, a more delicate procedure is needed. E.g., if the box should be translucent, an already painted area cannot be made unpainted. Therefore, more elaborate frame engines saw holes into the frame where the interior area and optionally the title area will be painted. The resulting skins are called *jigsaw* skins. For standard and enhanced placed, there are variants called standard jigsaw P. 141 and enhanced jigsaw P. 149.

```
\newcommand{\ballexample}{\begin{tikzpicture}
  \path[use as bounding box] (0,0.8) rectangle +(0.1,0.1);
  \shadedraw [shading=ball] (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \shadedraw [ball color=red] (3,-2.2) circle (1cm);
\end{tikzpicture}}
\tcbset{enhanced,colback=blue!5!white,
 frame style={left color=red!75!black,right color=red!10!yellow},
  fonttitle=\bfseries }
\ballexample
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=A normal box]
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
\ballexample
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=A translucent jigsaw box,
  enhanced jigsaw, opacityback=0.35]
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

A normal box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

A translucent jigsaw box

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit molfis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

\tcbset{enhanced,colback=red!10!white,coltitle=black,
 frame style={left color=red!75!black,right color=red!10!yellow},
 fonttitle=\bfseries,interior hidden,title hidden}

\begin{tcolorbox}{title=A normal box with hidden interior and title}
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}{enhanced jigsaw,
 title=A jigsaw box with hidden interior and title}
 This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}

A normal box with hidden interior and title
 This is a tcolorbox.

A jigsaw box with hidden interior and title
 This is a tcolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox.

\newtcolorbox{mybox}{skin=enhancedmiddle jigsaw,leftrule=5mm,rightrule=5mm,
 boxsep=0mm,top=0mm,bottom=0mm,
 frame style={top color=blue,bottom color=red},interior hidden}
\begin{mybox}

\begin{mybox}
 \lipsum[2]
\end{mybox}

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

7.11 Draft Mode

To reduce the compiliation time while drafting a document, the *draft mode* can be applied. Basically, it changes all skins to spartan and sets the /tcb/fit algorithm to squeeze. Especially, when fuzzy shadows are used, the speedup will be considerable high.

It is strongly recommended that the draft mode is not used for the final document. Use $spartan^{\rightarrow P.178}$ directly, if you want to stay with it. The draft mode implementation may change in future.

Normally, switching to the draft mode should not alter the geometry of your document. Since overlays are deactivated, any code placed there (e.g. counter changes) is not executed anymore! Also, /tcb/remember as P. 132 will not have any effect. You may exclude critical code with \tcbinterruptdraftmode / \tcbcontinuedraftmode from converting to draft mode.

\tcbstartdraftmode

Any following tcolorbox code is put into *draft mode*. All skin settings are overruled with spartan^{¬P.178}. Overlays, watermarks, shadows, borderlines, and rounded corners are deactivated for all tcolorbox layers.

\tcbstopdraftmode

The draft mode is deactivated for the following code.

\tcbinterruptdraftmode

If the compilation is in *draft mode*, the *draft mode* is deactivated until a following \tcbcontinuedraftmode is detected.

If the compilation is not in draft mode, nothing happens and a following \tcbcontinuedraftmode will not start the draft mode.

The pair \tcbinterruptdraftmode and \tcbcontinuedraftmode cannot be used nested.

\tcbcontinuedraftmode

Continues the *draft mode* which was suspended by a preceding \tcbinterruptdraftmode. Nothing happens, if there was no draft mode before \tcbinterruptdraftmode.

Code, which is place between \tcbinterruptdraftmode and \tcbcontinuedraftmode is shielded from *draft mode*.

/tcb/draftmode=true|false

(default true, initially false)

If set to true, the draft mode is started. If set to false, the draft mode is stopped.

7.12 Skin Family 'standard'

Note that the option keys /tcb/frame style $^{-P.93}$, /tcb/interior style $^{-P.94}$, /tcb/segmentation style $^{-P.96}$, and /tcb/title style $^{-P.96}$ are not be applicable to the standard skin. Also, watermarks (see Subsection 7.3) are not usable with the standard skin.

```
/tcb/skin=standard (skin
```

This is the standard skin from the core package. All drawing engines are set to type standard. The drawing is based on pgf commands and does not need the tikz package.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'standard'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: pgfpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: standard
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: standard
/tcb/interior engine P.83: standard
/tcb/segmentation engine Standard
/tcb/title engine Standard
```

/tcb/standard (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=standard.

```
\tcbset{standard, equal height group=standard,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

/tcb/skin=standard jigsaw

(skin)

This is the standard jigsaw skin from the core package. It differs from the skin standard P.140 by its frame engine, see Section 7.10 on page 137.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'standard jigsaw'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: pgfpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: standardjigsaw
/tcb/interior titled engine Standard
/tcb/interior engine P.83: standard
/tcb/segmentation engine standard
/tcb/title engine Standard
```

/tcb/standard jigsaw

(style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=standard jigsaw.

```
\tcbset{standard jigsaw, equal height group=standardjigsaw,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
 opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.5,
 left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        More content.
```

7.13 Skin Family 'enhanced'

If you like the standard appearance of a tcolorbox but you want to have some 'enhanced' features, the enhanced skin is what you are looking for.

/tcb/skin=enhanced (skin)

This skin translates the drawing commands of the core package into tikz path commands. Therefore, it allows all tikz high level options for these paths and has more flexibility compared to the standard skin. You pay for this with some prolonged compilation time. The tikz path options can be given with the option keys /tcb/frame style P.93, /tcb/interior style P.94, /tcb/segmentation style A.96, and /tcb/title style P.96.

```
The second representation and engines for the skin 'enhanced'

/tcb/graphical environment→P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine→P.82: path
/tcb/interior titled engine→P.82: path
/tcb/interior engine→P.83: path
/tcb/segmentation engine→P.83: path
/tcb/title engine→P.83: path
```

/tcb/enhanced (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=enhanced.

```
\tcbset{enhanced, equal height group=enhanced,
        \verb|colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75! LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colframe=
        width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
        left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
       This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
       This is my content.
        \tcblower
       More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
       This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
       This is my content.
        \tcblower
       More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                                                                                                                                                   My title
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 My title
      This is my content.
                                                                                                     This is my content.
                                                                                                                                                                                                   This is my content.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 This is my content.
                                                                                                    More content.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 More content.
```

```
% \usetikzlibrary{shadings}  % preamble
\tcbset{skin=enhanced,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  frame style={upper left=blue,upper right=red,lower left=yellow,lower right=green},
  interior style={white,opacity=0.5},
  segmentation style={black,solid,opacity=0.2,line width=1pt}}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=Nice box in rainbow colors]
  With the 'enhanced' skin, it is quite easy to produce fancy looking effects.
  \tcblower
  Note that this is still a \texttt{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Nice box in rainbow colors

With the 'enhanced' skin, it is quite easy to produce fancy looking effects.

Note that this is still a tcolorbox.

A listing box with shadow and some specials

Of course, skins can be used for listings also. $\begin{equation} \\ \int\limits_1^2 \\ \frac{1}{x}^dx = \\ \lin(2). \\ \end{equation}$

Of course, skins can be used for listings also.

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x} \, dx = \ln(2). \tag{2}$$

/tcb/enhanced standard

(style, no value)

For unbreakable boxes, this is identical to using /tcb/enhanced $^{-P.142}$. But, for breakable boxes, the *break sequence* is identical to the standard $^{-P.140}$ skin, see Section 11.5 from page 251.

/tcb/blank (style, initially unset)

This style relies on the skin enhanced P. 142. All drawing operations are hidden and all margins are set to Opt. See /tcb/blanker P. 170 for switching off the drawing engines.

\begin{tcolorbox}[blank,watermark text=A blank box]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

\tcbline

Sometimes, a line is only a line. With \tcblower \(^{P.9}\) you separate the box content into two functional units. \tcbline draws only a line which looks like the segmentation line between upper and lower part. Furthermore, you can use \tcbline more than just once. \tcbline always uses the path drawing engine. Therefore, the /tcb/segmentation style \(^{P.96}\) can be applied.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,colframe=blue!50!black,colback=white}

\begin{tcolorbox}[colupper=red!50!black,collower=green!50!black]
\lipsum[1]
\tcbline
\lipsum[2]
\tcblower
\lipsum[3]
\tcbline
\lipsum[4]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullam
corper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consecte
tuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

```
/tcb/skin=enhancedfirst
```

This is a flavor of enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$ which is used as a *first* part in a break sequence for enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The skin 'enhancedfirst'

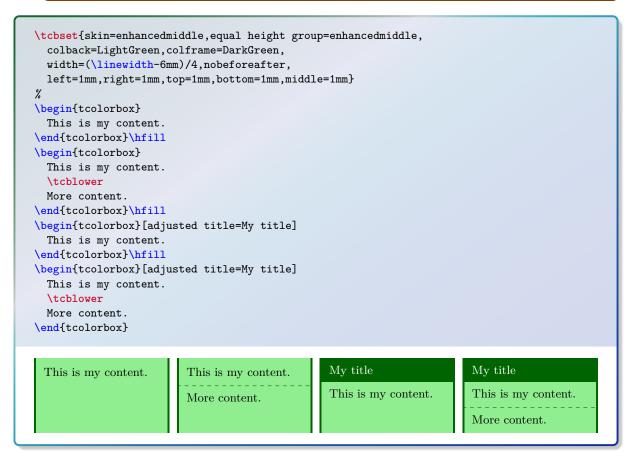
/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: pathfirst
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: path
/tcb/title engine → P.83: path
/tcb/title engine → P.83: path
```



This is a flavor of enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$ which is used as a *middle* part in a break sequence for enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The skin 'enhanced middle'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: pathmiddle
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: path
/tcb/title engine → P.83: pathmiddle
```

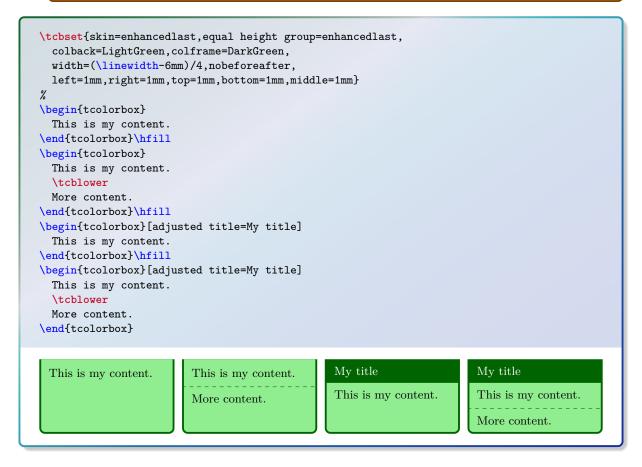


```
/tcb/skin=enhancedlast
```

This is a flavor of enhanced P.142 which is used as a *last* part in a break sequence for enhanced P.142. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'enhancedlast'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior engine P.83: pathlast
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: path
/tcb/title engine P.83: path
```



/tcb/skin=enhanced jigsaw

(skin)

This is the jigsaw variant of skin enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$. It differs by its frame engine, see Section 7.10 on page 137.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'enhanced jigsaw'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: pathjigsaw
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: path
/tcb/interior engine P.83: path
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: path
/tcb/title engine P.83: path
```

/tcb/enhanced jigsaw

(style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=enhanced jigsaw.

```
\tcbset{enhanced jigsaw, equal height group=enhancedjigsaw,
 colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
 opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.5,
 left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        More content.
```

```
/tcb/skin=enhancedfirst jigsaw
```

This is the jigsaw variant of skin enhancedfirst P. 146. It differs by its frame engine, see Section 7.10 on page 137.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'enhancedfirst jigsaw'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: pathfirstjigsaw
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior engine P.83: pathfirst
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: path
/tcb/title engine P.83: path
```

```
\tcbset{skin=enhancedfirst jigsaw,equal height group=enhancedfirstjigsaw,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.5,
 left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        More content.
```

```
/tcb/skin=enhancedmiddle jigsaw
```

This is the jigsaw variant of skin enhanced $middle^{\rightarrow P.147}$. It differs by its frame engine, see Section 7.10 on page 137.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'enhancedmiddle jigsaw'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathmiddlejigsaw
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: pathmiddle
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: path
/tcb/title engine → P.83: path
```

```
\tcbset{skin=enhancedmiddle jigsaw,equal height group=enhancedmiddlejigsaw,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.5,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        More content.
```

/tcb/marker (style, no value)

This styles relies on the skin enhancedmiddle jigsaw. It is intended to be used as an optical marker like a highlighter pen.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[marker]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo.

Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et
```

magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper

vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
This examples demonstrates the creation of several text marker environments based on
\texttt{enhancedmiddle}^{\rightarrow\,\text{P.}\,147}
\tcbset{textmarker/.style={%
    skin=enhancedmiddle jigsaw,breakable,parbox=false,
    boxrule=0mm,leftrule=5mm,rightrule=5mm,boxsep=0mm,arc=0mm,outer arc=0mm,
    left=3mm,right=3mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,toptitle=1mm,bottomtitle=1mm,oversize}}
\newtcolorbox{yellow}{textmarker,colback=yellow!5!white,colframe=yellow}
\newtcolorbox{orange}{textmarker,colback=DarkOrange!5!white,
                         colframe=DarkOrange!75!yellow}
\newtcolorbox{red}{textmarker,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red}
\newtcolorbox{blue}{textmarker,colback=DeepSkyBlue!5!white,colframe=DeepSkyBlue}
\newtcolorbox{green}{textmarker,colback=Chartreuse!5!white,colframe=Chartreuse}
\newtcolorbox{rainbow}{textmarker,interior hidden,
  frame style={top color=blue,bottom color=red,middle color=green}}
\begin{yellow}
  \lipsum[1-3]
\end{yellow}
\begin{orange}
  \lipsum[4]
\end{orange}
\begin{red}
  \lipsum[5]
\end{red}
\begin{green}
  \lipsum[6]
\end{green}
\begin{blue}
  \lipsum[7]
\end{blue}
\begin{rainbow}
  \lipsum[8]
\end{rainbow}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

```
/tcb/skin=enhancedlast jigsaw
```

This is the jigsaw variant of skin enhancedlast^{→P.148}. It differs by its frame engine, see Section 7.10 on page 137.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'enhancedlast'

/tcb/graphical environment→P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine→P.82: pathlastjigsaw
/tcb/interior titled engine→P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior engine→P.83: pathlast
/tcb/segmentation engine→P.83: path
/tcb/title engine→P.83: pathlast
```

```
\tcbset{skin=enhancedlast jigsaw,equal height group=enhancedlastjigsaw,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  colbacktitle=LimeGreen!75!DarkGreen,width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  opacityframe=0.5,opacityback=0.5,opacitybacktitle=0.5,
 left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        More content.
```

7.14 Skin Family 'bicolor'

```
/tcb/skin=bicolor (skin)
```

This skin is quite similar to the standard $^{\rightarrow P.140}$ and enhanced $^{\rightarrow P.142}$ skin. But instead of a segmentation line, the optional lower part of the box is filled with a different color or drawn with a different style.

```
/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: path
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: special
/tcb/interior engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: special
/tcb/title engine P.83: path
```

• The most basic usage of this skin is to set the background color of the lower part by /tcb/colbacklower^{P. 156} and all other options like for the standard^{P. 140} skin.

• The more advanced usage of this skin is to apply the /tcb/frame style P.93 and the /tcb/interior style P.94 like for the enhanced P.142 skin. Also, the /tcb/segmentation style can be used, but it is applied to the whole lower part.

/tcb/bicolor (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=bicolor.

```
\tcbset{bicolor,equal height group=bicolor,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,colbacklower=LimeGreen!75!LightGreen,
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                         My title
                                                 My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

$/tcb/colbacklower=\langle color \rangle$

(no default, initially black!15!white)

Sets the background $\langle color \rangle$ of the lower part. It depends on the skin, if this value is used.

```
\tcbset{gitexample/.style={listing and comment,comment={#1},
  skin=bicolor,boxrule=1mm,fonttitle=\bfseries,coltitle=black,
  frame style={draw=black,left color=Gold,right color=Goldenrod!50!Gold},
  colback=black,colbacklower=Goldenrod!75!Gold,
  colupper=white, collower=black,
  listing options={language={bash},aboveskip=0pt,belowskip=0pt,nolol,
  basicstyle=\ttfamily\bfseries,extendedchars=true}}}
\begin{tcblisting}{title={Snapshot of the staging area},
  gitexample={The option '-a' automatically stages all tracked and modified
              files before the commit.\par
              This can be combined with the message option '-m'
              as seen in the third line.}}
git commit
git commit -a
git commit -am 'changes to my example'
\end{tcblisting}
   Snapshot of the staging area
   git commit
   git commit -a
   git commit -am 'changes to my example'
   The option '-a' automatically stages all tracked and modified files before the commit.
   This can be combined with the message option '-m' as seen in the third line.
```

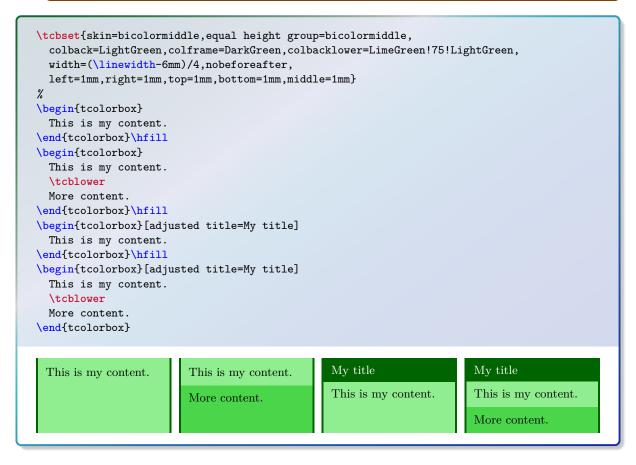
This is a flavor of $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$ which is used as a *first* part in a break sequence for $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The particular of the skin bicolorfirst to the skin bicolorfirst to the particular of the skin bicolorfirst to the skin
```



This is a flavor of $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$ which is used as a *middle* part in a break sequence for $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

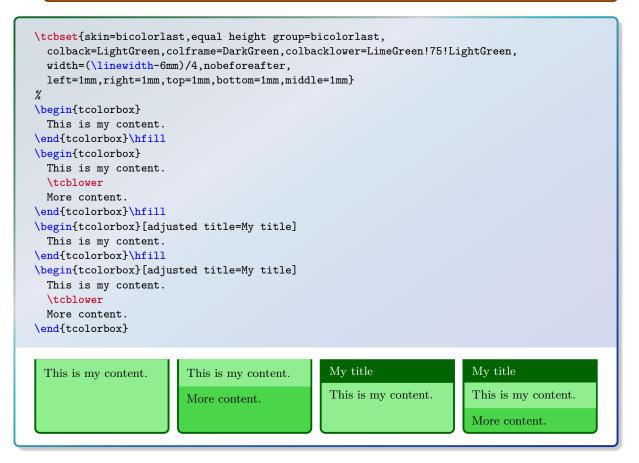
```
The part of the skin bicolormiddle by the skin bicolormiddle by the part of the skin bicolormiddle by the s
```



```
/tcb/skin=bicolorlast
```

This is a flavor of $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$ which is used as a *last* part in a break sequence for $bicolor^{\rightarrow P.155}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior titled engine pecial
/tcb/interior engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine pecial
/tcb/title engine P.83: special
/tcb/title engine P.83: special
```



7.15 Skin Family 'beamer'

```
/tcb/skin=beamer (skin)
```

This skin resembles boxes known from the beamer class and therefore is called 'beamer'. It uses the normal colors from the core package but shades them a little bit. To use this skin, the tikz library shadings has to be included in the preamble by:

```
\usetikzlibrary{shadings}
```

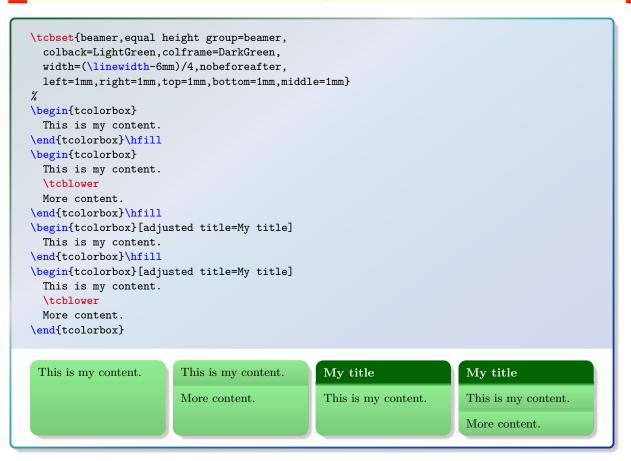
The appearance of the skin can be controlled by $/\text{tcb/frame style}^{\to P.93}$ and $/\text{tcb/interior style}^{\to P.94}$, if needed. Here, the *segmentation* cannot be controlled by a style.

```
/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: path
/tcb/interior titled engine pecial
/tcb/interior engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: special
/tcb/title engine P.83: special
```

/tcb/beamer (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=beamer.

It also changes the geometry and some style options.



```
\begin{tcolorbox}[beamer,colback=Salmon!50!white,colframe=FireBrick!75!black,
   adjusted title=A colored box with the 'beamer' skin]
This box looks like a box provided by the \texttt{beamer} class.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

A colored box with the 'beamer' skin

This box looks like a box provided by the beamer class.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[beamer,colframe=blue,colback=black,
  watermark graphics=lichtspiel.jpg,
  coltext=white,watermark opacity=0.75,watermark stretch=1.0,
  title=Beamer Box with background picture]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Beamer Box with background picture

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
\newtcolorbox{myblock}[2][]{%
  beamer,breakable,colback=LightBlue,colframe=DarkBlue,#1,title=#2}%
\begin{myblock}{Beamerish \texttt{block}: \texttt{myblock}}
\lipsum[1]
\end{myblock}
```

Beamerish block: myblock

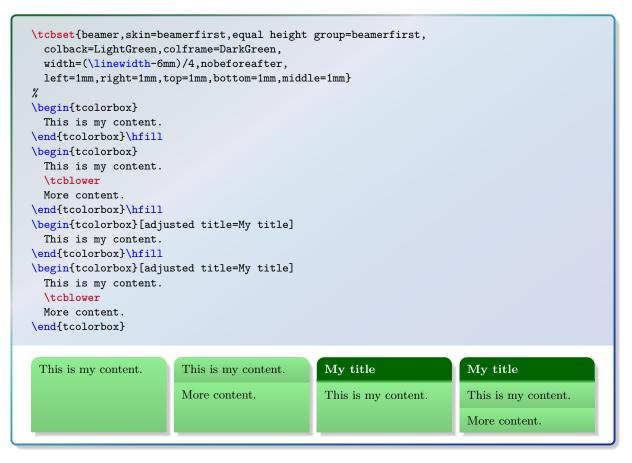
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
/tcb/skin=beamerfirst
```

This is a flavor of beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$ which is used as a *first* part in a break sequence for beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The second representation of the skin 'beamerfirst'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: special
/tcb/interior engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: special
/tcb/title engine P.83: pathfirst
```



This is a flavor of beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$ which is used as a *middle* part in a break sequence for beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The skin 'beamermiddle'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: special
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: special
/tcb/title engine → P.83: pathmiddle
```



```
/tcb/skin=beamerlast
```

This is a flavor of beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$ which is used as a *last* part in a break sequence for beamer $^{\rightarrow P.160}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'beamerlast'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: special
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: special
/tcb/title engine → P.83: pathlast
```

```
\tcbset{beamer, skin=beamerlast, equal height group=beamerlast,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                         This is my content.
                                                My title
                                                                        My title
 This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                                                This is my content.
                                                                        More content.
```

7.16 Skin Family 'widget'

```
/tcb/skin=widget
```

This skin uses the normal colors from the core package but shades them a little bit. To use this skin, the tikz library shadings has to be included in the preamble by:

(skin)

```
\usetikzlibrary{shadings}
```

The appearance of the skin can be controlled by /tcb/frame style^{-P.93}, /tcb/interior style^{-P.94}, and /tcb/segmentation style^{-P.96}, if needed.

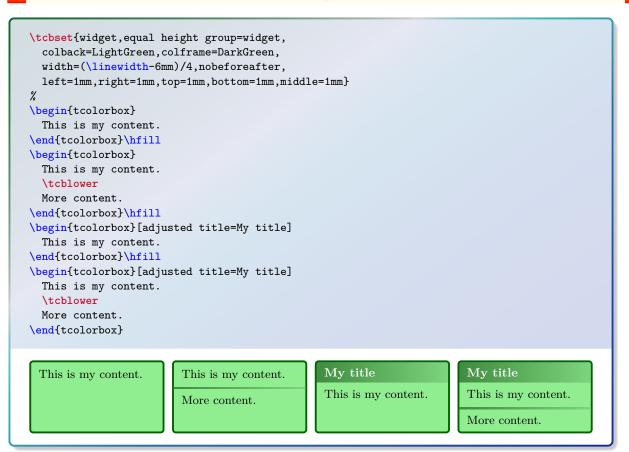
```
Environment and engines for the skin 'widget'

/tcb/graphical environment→P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine→P.82: path
/tcb/interior titled engine→P.82: path
/tcb/interior engine→P.83: path
/tcb/segmentation engine→P.83: special
/tcb/title engine→P.83: special
```

/tcb/widget (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=widget.

It also changes the geometry and some style options.



```
\begin{tcolorbox} [widget,colback=Salmon!50!white,colframe=FireBrick!75!black,
    adjusted title=A colored box with the 'widget' skin]
This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}
A colored box with the 'widget' skin
This is my content.
```

/tcb/skin=widgetfirst

 skin

This is a flavor of $widget^{-P.165}$ which is used as a *first* part in a break sequence for $widget^{-P.165}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'widgetfirst'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: pathfirst
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: pathfirst
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: special
/tcb/title engine → P.83: special
```

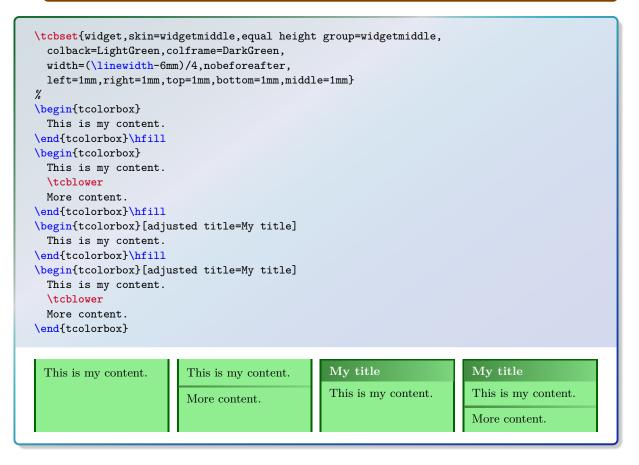
```
\tcbset{widget,skin=widgetfirst,equal height group=widgetfirst,
  colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
 left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
 This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                 My title
                                                                         My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                        This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

```
/tcb/skin=widgetmiddle
```

This is a flavor of widget $^{\rightarrow P.165}$ which is used as a *middle* part in a break sequence for widget $^{\rightarrow P.165}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The skin 'widgetmiddle'

/tcb/graphical environment→P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine→P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior titled engine→P.82: pathmiddle
/tcb/interior engine→P.83: pathmiddle
/tcb/segmentation engine→P.83: special
/tcb/title engine→P.83: special
```

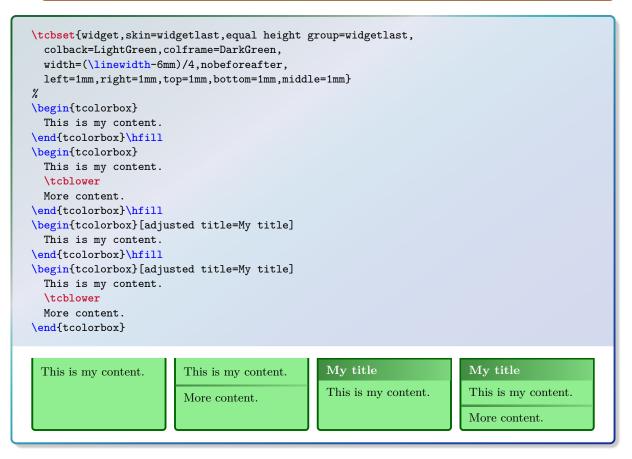


```
/tcb/skin=widgetlast
```

This is a flavor of widget $^{\rightarrow P.165}$ which is used as a *last* part in a break sequence for widget $^{\rightarrow P.165}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
The skin 'widgetlast'

/tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine → P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: pathlast
/tcb/interior engine → P.83: pathlast
/tcb/segmentation engine → P.83: special
/tcb/title engine → P.83: special
```



7.17 Skin Family 'empty'

```
/tcb/skin=empty (skin)
```

This skin sets all engines to empty, i.e. nothing is drawn at all. Therefore, this skin is a good starting point to create a complete new style by yourself.

```
/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: empty
/tcb/title engine P.83: empty
```

```
/tcb/empty (style, no value)
```

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=empty.

```
\tcbset{empty,equal height group=empty,
  coltitle=Navy,borderline={2pt}{0pt}{black!10!white},
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
 More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                 My title
                                                                         My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

(style, initially unset)

This style relies on the skin empty^{P. 169}. All engines are set to empty and all margins are set to Opt. In contrast to /tcb/blank^{P. 144}, the graphical paths are not constructed with exception of the geometry nodes.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[blanker,watermark text=A blank box]
\lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{fitting}
\newtcboxfit{\mybox}[1]{blanker,width=4cm,height=7cm,top=4pt,
    watermark text=#1}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}\hline
A & B & C\\hline
\mybox{A}{\lipsum[1]} & \mybox{B}{\lipsum[2]} & \mybox{C}{\lipsum[3]}\\hline
```

Α

\end{tabular}

В

С

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. rus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et male-suada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tor-tor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mau-

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proinmentum massa ac quam. Proin ferdiam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, cipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu

```
/tcb/skin=emptyfirst
```

This is a flavor of $empty^{\rightarrow P.169}$ which is used as a *first* part in a break sequence for $empty^{\rightarrow P.169}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'emptyfirst'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine empty
```

```
\tcbset{empty,skin=emptyfirst,equal height group=emptyfirst,
  coltitle=Navy,borderline={2pt}{0pt}{black!10!white},
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                 My title
                                                                         My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

```
/tcb/skin=emptymiddle
```

This is a flavor of $empty^{\rightarrow P. 169}$ which is used as a *middle* part in a break sequence for $empty^{\rightarrow P. 169}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'emptymiddle'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine empty
```

```
\tcbset{empty,skin=emptymiddle,equal height group=emptymiddle,
  coltitle=Navy,borderline={2pt}{0pt}{black!10!white},
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                         My title
                                                 My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

```
/tcb/skin=emptylast
```

This is a flavor of $empty^{\rightarrow P.169}$ which is used as a *last* part in a break sequence for $empty^{\rightarrow P.169}$. Nevertheless, this skin can be applied independently.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'emptylast'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: empty
/tcb/interior engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: empty
/tcb/segmentation engine empty
```

```
\tcbset{empty,skin=emptylast,equal height group=emptylast,
  coltitle=Navy,borderline={2pt}{0pt}{black!10!white},
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
  This is my content.
  \tcblower
  More content.
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                         My title
                                                 My title
 This is my content.
                         This is my content.
                                                 This is my content.
                                                                         This is my content.
                         More content.
                                                                         More content.
```

```
This example demonstrates a breakable customized box. Here, we define an environment
freebox. The first application of freebox produces an unbroken tcolorbox. The box is
drawn by the code given by /tcb/frame code P.85 and /tcb/interior code P.86.
The second application of freebox is broken into several parts which are drawn by the
codes given by /tcb/skin first is subskin of P.88, /tcb/skin middle is subskin
of ^{-P.88}, and /tcb/skin last is subskin of ^{-P.88}.
% Preamble:
%\usepackage{tikz,lipsum}
%\tcbuselibrary{skins,breakable}
\tikzset{coltria/.style={fill=red!15!white}}
\newtcolorbox{freebox}[1][]{empty,breakable,leftrule=5mm,left=2mm,
  frame style={fill,top color=red!75!black,bottom color=red!75!black,middle color=red},
  colback=yellow!50!white,
  watermark color=red!50!yellow!75!white,
  watermark text on=unbroken is unbroken box,
  watermark text on=first is first part,
  watermark text on=middle is middle part,
  watermark text on=last is last part,
  % code for unbroken boxes:
  frame code={\path[tcb fill frame] (frame.south west)--(frame.north west)
    --([xshift=-5mm]frame.north east)--([yshift=-5mm]frame.north east)
    --([yshift=5mm]frame.south east)--([xshift=-5mm]frame.south east)--cycle; },
  interior code={\path[tcb fill interior] (interior.south west)--(interior.north west)
    --([xshift=-4.8mm]interior.north east)--([yshift=-4.8mm]interior.north east)
    --([yshift=4.8mm]interior.south east)--([xshift=-4.8mm]interior.south east)
    --cycle; },
  % code for the first part of a break sequence:
  skin first is subskin of={emptyfirst}{%
    frame code={\path[tcb fill frame] (frame.south west)--(frame.north west)
      --([xshift=-5mm]frame.north east)--([yshift=-5mm]frame.north east)
      --(frame.south east)--cycle;
      \path[coltria] ([xshift=2.5mm,yshift=1mm]frame.south west) -- +(120:2mm)
      -- + (60:2mm) -- cycle; },
    interior code={\path[tcb fill interior] (interior.south west|-frame.south)
      --(interior.north west)--([xshift=-4.8mm]interior.north east)
      --([yshift=-4.8mm]interior.north east)--(interior.south east|-frame.south)
      --cycle; },
 },%
  % code for the middle part of a break sequence:
  skin middle is subskin of={emptymiddle}{%
   frame code={\path[tcb fill frame] (frame.south west)--(frame.north west)
      --(frame.north east)--(frame.south east)--cycle;
      \path[coltria] ([xshift=2.5mm,yshift=-1mm]frame.north west) -- +(240:2mm)
        -- +(300:2mm) -- cycle;
      \path[coltria] ([xshift=2.5mm,yshift=1mm]frame.south west) -- +(120:2mm)
        -- +(60:2mm) -- cycle;
   interior code={\path[tcb fill interior] (interior.south west|-frame.south)
      --(interior.north west|-frame.north)--(interior.north east|-frame.north)
      --(interior.south east|-frame.south)--cycle; },
   },
  % code for the last part of a break sequence:
  skin last is subskin of={emptylast}{%
    frame code={\path[tcb fill frame] (frame.south west)--(frame.north west)
      --(frame.north east)--([yshift=5mm]frame.south east)
      --([xshift=-5mm]frame.south east)--cycle;
     \path[coltria] ([xshift=2.5mm,yshift=-1mm]frame.north west) -- +(240:2mm)
      -- +(300:2mm) -- cycle;
     },
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phaselfus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam

175

in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

7.18 Skin 'spartan'

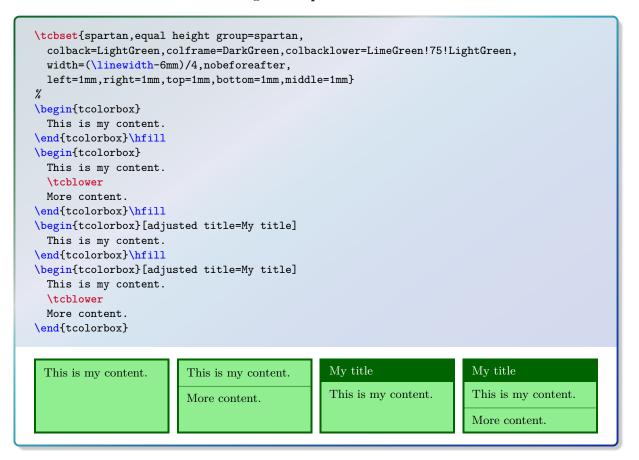
/tcb/skin=spartan (skin)

This skin is quite ... spartan. It supports no rounded corners, no overlays, no shadows, no borderlines, and no finishes. The only exception are underlays. One cannot do very fancy things with this skin, but it compiles very fast. Therefore, the **spartan** skin is used for the draft mode, see Section 7.11 on page 139. Nevertheless, it can be used as a normal skin.

```
/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: spartan
/tcb/interior titled engine spartan
/tcb/interior engine P.83: spartan
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: spartan
/tcb/title engine P.83: spartan
/tcb/title engine P.83: spartan
```

/tcb/spartan (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=spartan.



7.19 Skin 'draft'

```
/tcb/skin=draft (skin)
```

This skin is intended to be used while drafting new geometric settings for a tcolorbox.

```
Environment and engines for the skin 'draft'

/tcb/graphical environment P.81: tikzpicture
/tcb/frame engine P.82: special
/tcb/interior titled engine P.82: special
/tcb/interior engine P.83: special
/tcb/segmentation engine P.83: path
/tcb/title engine P.83: path
```

/tcb/draft (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=draft.

```
\tcbset{draft,equal height group=draft,
                    colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,
                    width=(\linewidth-6mm)/4,nobeforeafter,
                   left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
             \begin{tcolorbox}
                   This is my content.
              \end{tcolorbox}\hfill
             \begin{tcolorbox}
                   This is my content.
                   \tcblower
                   More content.
             \end{tcolorbox}\hfill
             \begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
                    This is my content.
              \end{tcolorbox}\hfill
             \begin{tcolorbox}[adjusted title=My title]
                    This is my content.
                    \tcblower
                    More content.
              \end{tcolorbox}
 frame: w=101.71863pt, h=56frah206pvt=101.71863pt, h=56frah206pvt=101.71863pt, h=56frah206pvt=101.71863pt, h=56.11296p
                                                                                upper:hw=87,49234pt;h=7,94;he:\w=87,49234pt, h=9.242;tte:\w=87,49234pt, h=9.242;pt
                  This is my content.
                                                                                                                                                                  This is my content. upper hw=8749234ptent=7.95pt
  upper: w=87.49234pt, h=41.8866 More content
                                                                           lower: w=87.49234pt, h=22.55310 = -
interior w=98.87338pt, h=5302677rt-w=98.87338pt, h=5302677rt-w=98.87338pt, h=36034297rt w=98.87338pt, h=36034297878338pt, h=53026778338pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=5302677838pt, h=530267788pt, h=53026788pt, h=530267888pt, h=53026788pt, h=53026788pt
```

\vspace*{3mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}[draft,title=A colored box with the 'draft' skin]
\lipsum[1-3]
\tcblower
\lipsum[4-6]
\end{tcolorbox}

frame: w=423.94617pt, h=506.20157pt

A colored box with the 'draft' skintitle: w=392.64822pt, h=6.2pt

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbitristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet torton gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliqueppengwa392t64822ptph=24995ptus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula. Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in digwirsiw=392.64822pty.ht=205.95ptagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

Skin Family 'freelance' 7.20

This skin family 'freelance' is deprecated with tcolorbox 3.00. It is not longer needed, because /tcb/frame code $^{\rightarrow P.85}$, /tcb/interior code $^{\rightarrow P.86}$, /tcb/interior titled code $^{\rightarrow P.85}$, and /tcb/title code P. 87 can be applied to every skin now. In this sense, everything has become freelance now.

For users of /tcb/freelance: Old code should continue to work. There may be exceptions for breakable freelance boxes under certain circumstances. For new code, use /tcb/empty or /tcb/enhanced P. 142 where you would have used /tcb/freelance before.

/tcb/skin=freelance

(skin)

This skin gives full freedom for the appearance of the tcolorbox. All drawing engines are set to type freelance; they use the tikz package and compute the /tcb/geometry $nodes^{\rightarrow P.84}$.

Environment and engines for the skin 'freelance' /tcb/graphical environment → P.81: tikzpicture /tcb/frame engine $^{\rightarrow P.82}$: freelance /tcb/interior titled engine → P.82: freelance /tcb/interior engine $^{-P.83}$: freelance /tcb/segmentation engine $^{-P.83}$: freelance /tcb/title engine $^{\rightarrow P.83}$: freelance

/tcb/freelance (style, no value)

This is an abbreviation for setting skin=freelance.

/tcb/skin=freelancefirst

(skin)

This skin equals freelance with exception of the break sequence, see Section 11.5 on

/tcb/skin=freelancemiddle

(skin)

This skin equals freelance with exception of the break sequence, see Section 11.5 on

/tcb/skin=freelancelast

(skin)

This skin equals freelance with exception of the break sequence, see Section 11.5 on

/tcb/extend freelance= $\langle options \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The $\langle options \rangle$ are added to the skin definition of freelance.

/tcb/extend freelancefirst=\langle options \rangle

(no default, initially empty)

The *(options)* are added to the skin definition of freelancefirst which is used as first part of the break sequence of freelance. See /tcb/skin first is subskin of P.88 for a substitute of this key.

/tcb/extend freelancemiddle= $\langle options \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The $\langle options \rangle$ are added to the skin definition of freelancemiddle which is used as middle part of the break sequence of freelance. See /tcb/skin middle is subskin of P.88 for a substitute of this key.

/tcb/extend freelancelast=\langle options \rangle (no default, initially empty)

The *(options)* are added to the skin definition of freelancelast which is used as last part of the break sequence of freelance. See /tcb/skin last is subskin of → P.88 for a substitute of this key.

8 TikZ Image and Picture Fill Extensions

```
\tcbuselibrary{skins}
```

See Section 7 on page 93 for the documentation of all other options of the 🗒 skins library.

8.1 Fill Plain

/tikz/fill plain image=\langle file name \rangle

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is put in the center of the path, but it is not resized to fit into the path area.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill plain image=goldshade.png]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill plain image*= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is put in the center of the path, but it is not resized to fit into the path area. The $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command.

/tikz/fill plain picture=\(graphical code \)

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$. The result is put in the center of the path, but it is not resized to fit into the path area. Note that this is almost identical to the standard path picture option.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill plain picture={%
    \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
        (0,0) circle (1cm);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,1);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
    }]
    (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
    \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
        { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
    \end{tikzpicture}
```

8.2 Fill Stretch

/tikz/fill stretch image=(file name) (no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is stretched to fill the path area.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill stretch image=goldshade.png]
  (2.75, -0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75, 0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

 $\tikz/fill stretch image*={\langle graphics options \rangle} {\langle file name \rangle}$ (no default, initially unset) Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics$ options are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. The image is stretched to fill the path area.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill stretch image*=
 {angle=90,origin=c}{goldshade.png}]
 (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
 \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
   \{ -- (\w:1.5cm) \} -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill stretch picture=(graphical code)

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$. The result is stretched to fill the path area.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill stretch picture={%
 \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
    (0,0) circle (1cm);
 \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,1);
 \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
 (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
 \foreach \w in \{45,90,...,315\}
   { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

8.3 Fill Overzoom

/tikz/fill overzoom image=\langle file name \rangle (no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is zoomed such that the path area fills the image.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill overzoom image=goldshade.png]
  (2.75, -0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75, 0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    \{ -- (\w:1.5cm) \} -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill overzoom image*={ $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ }{ $\langle file\ name \rangle$ } (no default, initially unset) Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics$ options are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. The image is zoomed such that the path area fills the image.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill overzoom image*=
 {angle=90,origin=c}{goldshade.png}]
  (2.75, -0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75, 0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    \{ -- (\w:1.5cm) \} -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill overzoom picture=\(\rangle qraphical \code \rangle \)

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$. The result is zoomed such that the path area fills the image.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill overzoom picture={%
 \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
    (0,0) circle (1cm);
 \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,1);
 \draw[red, line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
 (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
 \foreach \w in \{45,90,...,315\}
   { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

8.4 Fill Zoom

/tikz/fill zoom image= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill zoom image=goldshade.png]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

$\texttt{/tikz/fill zoom image*=}\{\langle graphics\ options\rangle\}\{\langle file\ name\rangle\}\$ (no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. The image is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill zoom image*=
    {angle=90,origin=c}{goldshade.png}]
    (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
    \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
        { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
    \end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill zoom picture=\(graphical code \)

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$. The result is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill zoom picture={%
    \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
        (0,0) circle (1cm);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,1);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
}]
(2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
\foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Fill Shrink 8.5

/tikz/fill shrink image= $\langle file \ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The image is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area, but it never gets enlarged. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill shrink image=goldshade.png]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
 \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
   { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill shrink image*=\langle file name\rangle

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$. The $\langle graphics$ options are given to the underlying \includegraphics command. The image is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area, but it never gets enlarged. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill shrink )
      \( \image \times = \{ \text{width=1.5cm} \{ \text{goldshade.png} \} \]
  (2.75, -0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75, 0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    \{ -- (\w:1.5cm) \} -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill shrink picture=\(graphical code\) (no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with the given $\langle graphical \ code \rangle$. The result is zoomed such that it fits inside the path area, but it never gets enlarged. Typically, some parts of the path area will stay unfilled.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill shrink picture={%
  \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
    (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \frac{\text{draw}[\text{red,line width=5mm}]}{(-1,-1)} -- (1,1);
  \frac{\text{draw}[\text{red,line width=5mm}]}{(-1,1)} -- (1,-1);
  }]
  (2.75, -0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75, 0.75)
  \foreach \w in \{45,90,...,315\}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill tile image= $\langle file\ name \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with a tile pattern using an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$.

```
begin{tikzpicture}

\path[fill tile image=pink_marble.png]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill tile image*= $\{\langle graphics\ options\rangle\}$ $\{\langle file\ name\rangle\}$ (no default, initially unset) Fills the current path with a tile pattern using an external image referenced by $\langle file\ name\rangle$. The $\langle graphics\ options\rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill tile image*={width=1cm}{pink_marble.png}]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill tile picture=(graphical code)

(no default, initially unset)

Fills the current path with a tile pattern using the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill tile picture={%
    \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
        (0,0) circle (1cm);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,-1);
    \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
}]
    (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
    \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
        { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
\end{tikzpicture}
```

/tikz/fill tile picture*= $\{\langle fraction \rangle\}$ $\{\langle graphical\ code \rangle\}$ (no default, initially unset) Fills the current path with a tile pattern using the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$. The graphic is resized by $\langle fraction \rangle$.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill tile picture*={0.25}{%
  \draw[red!50!yellow,line width=2mm]
     (0,0) circle (1cm);
  \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,-1) -- (1,1);
  \draw[red,line width=5mm] (-1,1) -- (1,-1);
}]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
     { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

8.7 Filling Options

/tikz/fill image opacity=\langle fraction\rangle (no default, initially 1.0)
Sets the fill opacity for the image or picture fill options to the given \langle fraction\rangle.

/tikz/fill image scale=\langle fraction \rangle

(no default, initially 1.0)

Stretches, zooms, overzooms or shrinks the image or picture to the given $\langle fraction \rangle$ of the width and height of the current path.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[draw,fill zoom image=goldshade.png]
  (0,0) rectangle +(2,2);

\path[draw,fill zoom image=goldshade.png,fill image scale=0.75]
   (3,0) rectangle +(2,2);

\path[draw,fill zoom image=goldshade.png,fill image scale=1.5]
   (6,0) rectangle +(2,2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

$\texttt{/tikz/fill image options=}\langle graphics\ options \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The $\langle graphics\ options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \includegraphics command for the image fill options. This can be just together with /tikz/fill stretch image $^{-P.\,183}$, /tikz/fill overzoom image $^{-P.\,184}$, /tikz/fill zoom image $^{-P.\,185}$, and /tikz/fill tile image $^{-P.\,187}$.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill image options={width=1cm},
  fill tile image=pink_marble.png]
  (2.75,-0.75) -- (3,0) -- (2.75,0.75)
  \foreach \w in {45,90,...,315}
    { -- (\w:1.5cm) } -- cycle;
  \end{tikzpicture}
```

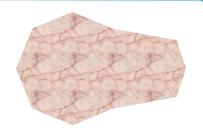


Image blending example \begin{tikzpicture} [every node/.style= {circle,minimum width=2cm}] \node[fill stretch image=blueshade.png] (A) at (120:3cm) {A}; \node[fill stretch image=goldshade.png] (B) at (60:3cm) {B}; \node[preaction={fill stretch image=blueshade.png}, fill stretch image=goldshade.png, fill image opacity=0.5] (C) {C}; \path (A) -- node{\$+\$} (B); \draw[->,very thick] (A)--(C); \draw[->,very thick] (B)--(C); \end{tikzpicture}

9 Libraries listings, listingsutf8, and minted

9.1 Loading the Libraries

In contrast to other tcolorbox libraries, the libraries listings, listingsutf8, and minted are concurrent in the sense that they all do the same thing, i. e. displaying listings with or without typesetting the listing in LATEX parallel. The difference is the underlying LATEX package which does the core job for displaying a listing. So, typically, you need just one of these libraries. If you do not have a clue, which one of them you should use, you should take listingsutf8.

The order in which the libraries are included influences the default settings and the /tcb/reset^{P.74} behavior. The settings of a later loaded library overwrite the settings of a previous loaded library. A library is never loaded twice.

9.1.1 Loading | listings

This library uses the package listings [6] to typeset listings. It is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{listings}
```

This also loads the package listings [6].

The /tcb/listing engine P. 202 is set to listings by the library. To reactivate this setting, if overwritten by other libraries, use

```
\tcbset{listing engine=listings}
```

9.1.2 Loading | listingsutf8

To extend listings for UTF-8 encoded sources, you can use the support from the package listingsutf8 [9] by loading the library variant [9] listingsutf8.

```
\tcbuselibrary{listingsutf8}
\tcbset{listing utf8=latin1}% optional; 'latin1' is the default.
```

This also loads the library = listings and the packages listings [6] and listingsutf8 [9].

The /tcb/listing engine P. 202 is set to listings by the library. To reactivate this setting, if overwritten by other libraries, use

\tcbset{listing engine=listings}

9.1.3 Loading minted

This library uses the package minted [13] to typeset listings. It is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

\tcbuselibrary{minted}

This also loads the package minted [13].

The minted package uses the external tool Pygments [11] to apply syntax highlighting. It has to be installed and set up, before the library can be used, see [13] and [11]. The tcolorbox library minted does not work, if the package minted [13] does not work.

The /tcb/listing engine →P.202 is set to minted by the library. To reactivate this setting, if overwritten by other libraries, use

\tcbset{listing engine=minted}

9.2 Common Macros of the Libraries

\begin{tcblisting}{⟨options⟩}
⟨environment content⟩
\end{tcblisting}

Creates a colored box based on a tcolorbox^{P.9}. Controlled by the given $\langle options \rangle$, the environment content is typeset normally and/or as a listing. Furthermore, the $\langle options \rangle$ control appearance and functions of the tcolorbox. By default, the listing is interpreted as a LATEX listing.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code
and in compiled form.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a $\LaTeX\$ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

This is a LATEX example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=yellow!5,colframe=yellow!50!black,listing only,
   title=This is source code in another language (XML), fonttitle=\bfseries,
 listing options={language=XML,columns=fullflexible,keywordstyle=\color{red}}}
<?xml version="1.0"?>
project name="Package tcolorbox" default="documentation" basedir=".">
 <description>
   Apache Ant build file (http://ant.apache.org/)
 </description>
</project>
\end{tcblisting}
   This is source code in another language (XML)
   <?xml version="1.0"?>
   cproject name="Package_tcolorbox" default="documentation" basedir=".">
    <description>
      Apache Ant build file (http://ant.apache.org/)
    </description>
   </project>
% \usetikzlibrary{minted}
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=yellow!5,colframe=yellow!50!black,listing only,
   title=This is source code in another language (XML), fonttitle=\bfseries,
 listing engine=minted,minted language=xml}
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<description>
   Apache Ant build file (http://ant.apache.org/)
 </description>
</project>
\end{tcblisting}
   This is source code in another language (XML)
   <?xml version="1.0"?>
   <description>
      Apache Ant build file (http://ant.apache.org/)
     </description>
   </project>
% This box is as wide as needed (listing only !!)
% \usetikzlibrary{skins}
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=green!5!white,colframe=green!50!black,listing only,
 hbox, enhanced, drop fuzzy shadow, before=\begin{center}, after=\end{center}}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{tcblisting}
                     \begin{tikzpicture}
                     \fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1);
                     \end{tikzpicture}
```

\begin{tcboutputlisting} \ \ \ environment content \ \ \end{tcboutputlisting}

Saves the environment content to a file which is named by the key value of listing file. Later, this file can be loaded by \tcbinputlisting or \tcbuselistingtext or \tcbuselistinglisting.

```
\begin{tcboutputlisting}
This \textbf{text} is written to a standardized file for later usage.
\end{tcboutputlisting}
```

$\texttt{\tcbinputlisting}\{\langle options \rangle\}$

Creates a colored boxed based on a tcolorbox. The text content is read from a file named by the key value of listing file. Apart from that, the function is equal to that of tcblisting $^{-P.191}$.

```
\tcbinputlisting{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text only}
\tcbinputlisting{colback=green!5,colframe=green!75!black,listing only}

\text{\login{tikzpicture}}
\fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
\e
```

\tcbuselistingtext

Loads text from a file named by the key value of listing file.

```
\tcbuselistingtext
```

\tcbuselistinglisting

Typesets text as listing from a file named by the key value of listing file.

```
\tcbuselistinglisting

\begin{tikzpicture}
\fill[red] (0,0) rectangle (1,1);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

\tcbusetemplisting

Typesets text as listing from a temporary file which was written by tcbwritetemp P.80.

See Section 14.4 on page 288 and Section 14.5 on page 290 for more elaborate methods to create new environments and commands.

If a new sort of tcblisting environments should be created with one optional argument only, one is highly recommended to use \DeclareTCBListing \, P. 288 or \NewTCBListing \, P. 288 instead of \newtcblisting to avoid content scanning problems.

$\mbox{\ listing } [\langle init\ options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] \{\langle options \rangle\}$

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on tcblisting $^{-P.191}$. Basically, \newtcblisting operates like \newenvironment. This means, the new environment $\langle name \rangle$ optionally takes $\langle number \rangle$ arguments, where $\langle default \rangle$ is the default value for the optional first argument. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcblisting. Note that /tcb/savedelimiter $^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically. The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

\newtcblisting{mybox}{% colback=red!5!white, This is my \LaTeX\ box. colframe=red!75!black} \begin{mybox} This is my \LaTeX box. This is my \LaTeX\ box. \end{mybox} \newtcblisting{mybox}[1]{% colback=red!5!white,

colframe=red!75!black, fonttitle=\bfseries, title=#1}

\begin{mybox}{Listing Box} This is my \LaTeX\ box. \end{mybox}

Listing Box

This is my \LaTeX\ box.

This is my \LaTeX box.

\newtcblisting{mybox}[2][]{% colback=red!5!white, colframe=red!75!black, fonttitle=\bfseries, title=#2,#1} \begin{mybox}[listing only] {Listing Box} This is my \LaTeX\ box. \end{mybox} \bigskip \begin{mybox}[listing side text] {Listing Box} This is my \LaTeX\ box. \end{mybox}

Listing Box

This is my \LaTeX\ box.

Listing Box

This is my This is mv \LaTeX\ box. \LaTeX box.

```
Definition in the preamble:
\newtcblisting[auto counter]{mycbox}[1]{%
  colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  title=Listing \thetcbcounter: #1}
                                                 Listing 1: Listing Box
\begin{mycbox}{Listing Box}
                                                 This is my \LaTeX\ box.
This is my \LaTeX\ box.
\end{mycbox}
                                                 This is my \LaTeX box.
```

 $\label{limit} $$ \operatorname{like \ newtcblisting} (\operatorname{init\ options}) = (\operatorname{number}) = (\operatorname{default}) = (\operatorname{options}) $$ Operates like \ \operatorname{newtcblisting}^{\rightarrow P.194}, but based on \ \operatorname{newtcblisting}^{\rightarrow P.194} $$ of $$$ \newenvironment. An existing environment is redefined.

```
\mbox{\tt newtcbinputlisting}[\langle init\ options \rangle] {\tt (name)}[\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] {\tt (options)}
```

Creates a new macro $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\mathsf{tcbinputlisting}^{-P.193}$. Basically, $\mathsf{newtcbinputlisting}$ operates like $\mathsf{newcommand}$. The new macro $\langle name \rangle$ optionally takes $\langle number \rangle$ arguments, where $\langle default \rangle$ is the default value for the optional first argument. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying $\mathsf{tcbinputlisting}$. The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

```
\newtcbinputlisting[use counter from=mycbox]{\mylisting}[2][]{%
 listing file={#2},
 title=Listing (\text{#2},
 colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
 listing only,breakable,#1}
\mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
         {\jobname.tcbtemp}
   Listing (2) of tcolorbox.tcbtemp
   This is the included file content:
   \newtcbinputlisting[use counter from=mycbox]{\mylisting}[2][]{%
     listing file={#2},
     title=Listing (\thetcbcounter) of \texttt{#2},
     colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
     listing only,breakable,#1}
   \mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
             {\jobname.tcbtemp}
```

```
\newtcbinputlisting[use counter from=mycbox]{\mylisting}[2][]{%
 listing engine=minted, minted language=latex, minted style=colorful,
 listing file={#2},
 title=Listing (\text{#2},
 colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
 listing only, breakable, #1}
\mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
         {\jobname.tcbtemp}
   Listing (3) of tcolorbox.tcbtemp
   This is the included file content:
   \newtcbinputlisting[use counter from=mycbox]{\mylisting}[2][]{%
     listing engine=minted,minted language=latex,minted style=colorful,
     listing file={#2},
     title=Listing (\thetcbcounter) of \texttt{#2},
     colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
     listing only,breakable,#1}
   \mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
             {\jobname.tcbtemp}
```

```
\ensuremath{\mbox{renewtcbinputlisting}} [\langle init\ options \rangle] {\ensuremath{\mbox{\langle name \rangle}}} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] {\ensuremath{\mbox{\langle options \rangle}}}
```

Operates like \newtcbinputlisting, but based on \renewcommand instead of \newcommand. An existing macro is redefined.

9.3 Option Keys of the glistings Library

/tcb/listing options= $\langle key \ list \rangle$

(no default, initially style=tcblatex)

Sets the options from the package listings [6] which are used during typesetting of the listing. For LATEX listings, there is a predefined listings style named tcblatex which can be used.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!25,left=6mm,
listing options={style=tcblatex,numbers=left,numberstyle=\tiny\color{red!75!black}}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code
and in compiled form. Additionally, we use line numbers here.
\end{tcblisting}

1 This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code
2 and in compiled form. Additionally, we use line numbers here.

This is a LATEX\ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form. Additionally, we use line numbers here.
```

/tcb/no listing options

(no value, initially unset)

Abbreviation for listing options={}. This removes all options for the listings package. This includes the tcblisting standard style tcblatex and the encoding presets. Use this option, if you want to set the listings options outside of tcblisting, e.g. globally in the preamble.

```
\begin{tcblisting} {no listing options}
All \textit{listings} options removed.
\end{tcblisting}

All \textit{listings} options removed.

All listings options removed.
```

/tcb/listing style= $\langle style \rangle$

(no default, initially tcblatex)

Abbreviation for listing options={style=...}. This key sets a $\langle style \rangle$ for the listings package, see [6]. For LATEX, there is a predefined style named tcblatex.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
listing style=tcblatex}
Here, we use the predefined style.
\end{tcblisting}
Here, we use the predefined style.

Here, we use the predefined style.

Here, we use the predefined style.
```

/tcb/listing inputencoding=\langle encoding\rangle (no default, initially \inputencodingname)

Sets the input encoding value for the predefined listing style tcblatex and tcbdocumentation from the library documentation. The initial value is derived from the package inputenc if used.

/tcb/listing remove caption=true|false

(default true, initially true)

If set to true, some part of the caption building code of the listings package is silenced to prevent some unwanted interaction with the hyperref package resulting in additional vertical space. If set to false, the listings package code is kept unchanged. Note that listings outside tcblisting P. 191 and \tcbinputlisting P. 193 are always processed normally. Typically, a user is not expected to use this key at all.

/tcb/every listing line= $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially unset/empty)

Inserts some $\langle text \rangle$ to the begin of every line of a listing. Note that this a hack of the listings package code. This may become unusable or superfluous in the future.

```
\newtcblisting{commandshell}{colback=black,colupper=white,colframe=yellow!75!black,
    listing only,listing options={style=tcblatex,language=sh},
    every listing line={\textcolor{red}{\small\ttfamily\bfseries root \$> }}}

\begin{commandshell}
    ls -al
    cd /usr/lib
    \end{commandshell}

root $> ls -al
    root $> cd /usr/lib
```

/tcb/every listing line*= $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially unset/empty)

Identical to /tcb/every listing line plus additional enlargement of /tcb/rightupper by the width of $\langle text \rangle$. Therefore, this option has to be used after the geometry settings are done. This option is intended to be used in conjunction with /tcb/hbox $^{-P.69}$.

```
\newtcblisting{commandshell}{colback=black,colupper=white,colframe=yellow!75!black,
    listing only,listing options={style=tcblatex,language=sh},hbox,
    every listing line*={\textcolor{red}{\small\ttfamily\bfseries root \$> }}}

\begin{commandshell}
    ls -al
    cd /usr/lib
    \end{commandshell}

root $> ls -al
    root $> cd /usr/lib
```

See further options in Section 9.6 on page 202.

For an combined example of using \lstinline inside a tcolorbox, see \DeclareTotalTCBox $^{\rightarrow$ P. 286

9.4 Option Keys of the | listingsutf8 Library

The listingsutf8 library is an extension of the listings library, so all options from Section 9.3 on page 197 are applicable.

/tcb/listing utf8=\(\lambda one-byte-encoding\) (style, no default, initially latin1)
Abbreviation for using /tcb/listing inputencoding P. 198 together with UTF-8 support from the package listingsutf8 [9]. This option is available only for the library variant listingsutf8. The \(\lambda one-byte-encoding\rang\rangle\) is one of the applicable encodings from [9], e.g. latin1.

See further options in Section 9.6 on page 202.

9.5 Option Keys of the minted Library

/tcb/minted language=\language \language \lang

```
begin{tcblisting}{listing engine=minted,minted style=trac,
    minted language=java,
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing only}
public class HelloWorld {
    // A 'Hello World' in Java
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello World!");
     }
} cend{tcblisting}

public class HelloWorld {
    // A 'Hello World' in Java
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println("Hello World!");
     }
}
```

/tcb/minted options=\langle key list\rangle (no default, initially tabsize=2,fontsize=\small)

Sets the options from the package minted [13] which are used during typesetting of the listing.

```
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcblisting{myjava}{listing engine=minted,minted style=colorful,
 minted language=java,minted options={fontsize=\small,linenos,numbersep=3mm},
 colback=blue!5!white,colframe=blue!75!black,listing only,
 left=5mm,enhanced,
 overlay = \{ \begin{tcbclip} interior \} \\ fill[red!20!blue!20!white] \ (frame.south west) \} \\ \end{tcbclip} 
   \begin{myjava}
public class HelloWorld {
 // A 'Hello World' in Java
 public static void main(String[] args) {
   System.out.println("Hello World!");
\end{myjava}
  public class HelloWorld {
     // A 'Hello World' in Java
     public static void main(String[] args) {
 3
       System.out.println("Hello World!");
 4
 5
 6 }
```

/tcb/minted style= $\langle style \rangle$

(no default, initially unset)

Sets a $\langle style \rangle$ known to Pygments [11]. This is independent from /tcb/minted options P.200. Note that styles are always applied globally; all following examples will be set in the given $\langle style \rangle$ until a new style is set. Also note that setting \usemintedstyle{\langle style \rangle} only once per document is more economic, if all styles in a document are the same. For examples of different styles, see /tcb/minted language P.200 and /tcb/minted options P.200.

See further options in Section 9.6 on the following page.

9.6 Common Option Keys of all Libraries

For the $\langle options \rangle$ in tcblisting P. 191 respectively \tcbinputlisting P. 193 the following pgf keys can be applied. The key tree path /tcb/ is not to be used inside these macros.

/tcb/listing engine= $\langle engine \rangle$

Sets the $\langle engine \rangle$ which typesets the listings. Feasible values are

- listings, if library | listings or | listingsutf8 is loaded.
- minted, if library = minted is loaded.

/tcb/listing file=\langle file name \rangle

(no default, initially \jobname.listing)

Sets the $\langle file\ name \rangle$ of the file which is used to save listings.

/tcb/listing and text

(no value, initially set)

(no default)

Typesets the environment content as listing in the upper part and as compiled text in the lower part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing and text}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/text and listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as compiled text in the upper part and as listing in the lower part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text and listing}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a IATEX example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing only

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as listing.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing only}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
```

This is a $\LaTeX\$ example.

/tcb/text only (no value)

Typesets the environment content as compiled text.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text only}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a LATeX example.
```

$/tcb/comment = \langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

Records a comment with $\langle text \rangle$ as content. The comment is displayed e.g. in conjunction with /tcb/listing and comment $^{\rightarrow P.204}$ and /tcb/comment and listing $^{\rightarrow P.204}$.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{comment = This comment is really only a comment},
    colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.

This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
```

\t tcb/image comment= $\{\langle options \rangle\}$ $\{\langle filename \rangle\}$

(style, no default, initially unset)

Uses an image denoted by $\langle filename \rangle$ as *comment* for the listing. The image is included by the standard \includegraphics macro with given $\langle options \rangle$.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!\text{white,colframe=red!75!\text{black,listing side comment,}}
 image comment={\text{width=2.5cm}{example-image-a.pdf},center lower}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.

/tcb/listing and comment

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as listing in the upper part and a given comment in the lower part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing and comment,
    comment={This is my comment. It may contain line breaks.\par
        It can even use the environment content
        \flqq\ignorespaces\tcbuselistingtext\unskip\frqq}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is my comment. It may contain line breaks.
        It can even use the environment content «This is a LATEX example.»
```

/tcb/comment and listing

(no value)

Typesets a given comment in the upper part and the environment content as listing in the lower part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,comment and listing,
comment={This is my comment.}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is my comment.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing side text

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in the left (upper) part and as compiled text in the right (lower) part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing side text}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/text side listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as compiled text in the left (upper) part and as listing in the right (lower) part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text side listing}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a LATeX\ example.

This is a LATeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing outside text

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in a tcolorbox and as compiled text outside the box in the right part of the page. Nevertheless, the outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The space partitioning is done with the side by side options from Section 3.10, see page 56.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing outside text}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/text outside listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in a tcolorbox and as compiled text outside the box in the left part of the page. Nevertheless, the outside text is treated as lower part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The space partitioning is done with the side by side options from Section 3.10, see page 56.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text outside listing}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a LATeX\ example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing side comment

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in the left (upper) part and a given comment in the right (lower) part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing side comment,
    righthand width=1.5cm,image comment={width=1.5cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/comment side listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side with a given comment in the left (upper) part and as listing in the right (lower) part.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,comment side listing,
  lefthand width=1.5cm,image comment={width=1.5cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing outside comment

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in a tcolorbox and a given comment outside the box in the right part of the page. Nevertheless, the outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The space partitioning is done with the side by side options from Section 3.10, see page 56.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing outside comment,
    righthand width=1.5cm,image comment={width=1.5cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/comment outside listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content side by side as listing in a tcolorbox and a given comment outside the box in the left part of the page. Nevertheless, the outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The space partitioning is done with the side by side options from Section 3.10, see page 56.

```
\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,comment outside listing,
   lefthand width=1.5cm,image comment={width=1.5cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

/tcb/listing above text

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as listing in a tcolorbox and as compiled text outside and below the box. The outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The distance between box and text is controlled by /tcb/middle^{¬P.28}.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing above text}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a **\LaTeX** example.

This is a LATEX example.

/tcb/text above listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as listing in a tcolorbox and as compiled text outside and above the box. The outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The distance between box and text is controlled by /tcb/middle^{¬P.28}.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,text above listing}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a LATEX example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

Typesets the environment content as listing in a tcolorbox and a given comment outside and below the box. The outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The distance between box and comment is controlled by $/tcb/middle^{-P.28}$.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,listing above comment,
 center lower,image comment={width=3cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a **\LaTeX** example.



/tcb/comment above listing

(no value)

Typesets the environment content as listing in a tcolorbox and a given comment outside and above the box. The outside text is treated as *lower* part of the tcolorbox and can be formatted with all lower part options. The distance between box and comment is controlled by $/tcb/middle^{-P.28}$.

\begin{tcblisting}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,comment above listing,
 center lower,image comment={width=3cm}{example-image-a.pdf}}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{tcblisting}



This is a \LaTeX\ example.

9.7 Creation of LATEX Tutorials

The following source code gives a guideline for the creation of LATEX tutorials. In the next section, a framework for LATEX exercises is described. All examples shall be numbered optionally.

Firstly, some additional tcb keys are defined for the appearance. For the examples, three environments texexp, texexptitled, and texexptitledspec are defined with automatic numbering.

- texexp is used for untitled examles,
- texexptitled is used for titled examles,
- texexptitledspec is used for titled examles with special treatment.

```
Definition in the preamble:

\tcbset{
  texexp/.style={colframe=red!50!yellow!50!black, colback=red!50!yellow!5!white,
       coltitle=red!50!yellow!3!white,
       fonttitle=\small\sffamily\bfseries, fontupper=\small, fontlower=\small},
  example/.style 2 args={texexp,
       title={Example \thetcbcounter: #1},label={#2}},
}

\newtcblisting{texexp}[1]{texexp,#1}
\newtcblisting[auto counter,number within=section]{texexptitled}[3][]{%
  example={#2}{#3},#1}
\newtcolorbox[use counter from=texexptitled]{texexptitledspec}[3][]{%
  example={#2}{#3},#1}
```

```
\begin{tcblisting}{texexp}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.
\end{tcblisting}

This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

This is a IATeX example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.
```

```
\begin{texexptitled}{First example with a title line}{firstExample}
Here, we use Example \ref{firstExample} with a title line.
\end{texexptitled}

Example 9.1: First example with a title line

Here, we use Example \ref{firstExample} with a title line.

Here, we use Example 9.1 with a title line.
```

\begin{texexp}{}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code
and in compiled form.
\end{texexp}

This is a $\LaTeX\$ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

This is a LATEX example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

\begin{texexp}{text and listing}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code
and in compiled form.
\end{texexp}

This is a LATEX example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

This is a $\LaTeX\$ example which displays the text as source code and in compiled form.

\begin{texexp}{listing only}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code only.
\end{texexp}

This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text as source code only.

\begin{texexp}{text only}
This is a \LaTeX\ example which displays the text in compiled form only.
\end{texexp}

This is a \LaTeX example which displays the text in compiled form only.

\begin{texexptitled}{An Example with a Heading}{heading1}
This is a \LaTeX\ example with a numbered heading line
which can be referred to.
\end{texexptitled}
Here, we see Example \ref{heading1}.

Example 9.2: An Example with a Heading

This is a $\LaTeX\$ example with a numbered heading line which can be referred to.

This is a LATEX example with a numbered heading line which can be referred to.

Here, we see Example 9.2.

\begin{texexptitled}[listing only]{Another Example with a Heading}{heading2}
The keys can be used in combination. Here, an example with a heading line
and source code only is given.
\end{texexptitled}

Here, we see Example $\rfill \operatorname{Fef} \{ heading 2 \}$.

Example 9.3: Another Example with a Heading

The keys can be used in combination. Here, an example with a heading line and source code only is given.

Here, we see Example 9.3.

\begin{texexptitled}[float]{A floating Example with a Heading}{heading3}
This is another \LaTeX\ example with numbered heading line.
But now, the box is a floating object.
\end{texexptitled}

Example 9.4: A floating Example with a Heading

This is another \LaTeX\ example with numbered heading line. But now, the box is a floating object.

This is another LATEX example with numbered heading line. But now, the box is a floating object.

The floating box of the last example is seen as Example \ref{heading3} on page \pageref{heading3}.

The floating box of the last example is seen as Example 9.4 on page 211.

```
\begin{texexptitledspec}{Special application}{texexpbox1}
\begin{1stlisting}[style=tcblatex]
Some \LaTeX\ source code.
\end{lstlisting}
\tcblower
For special cases, the environment | texexptitledspec| with style
|example| can be used directly. As one can see, the upper and the lower
part of the box can be used uncoupled also.
\end{texexptitledspec}

Example 9.5: Special application

Some \LaTeX\ source code.

For special cases, the environment texexptitledspec with style example can be used directly. As one can see, the upper and the lower part of the box can be used uncoupled also.
```

The following series of examples demonstrate the application of tcolorbox^{¬P.9} options for diversification.

```
\begin{texexptitled}{How to use options (1):\par The basic example}{options1}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
   Example 9.6: How to use options (1):
   The basic example
   \begin{tikzpicture}
   \path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
   \path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
   \foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
   {\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
   \end{tikzpicture}
```

```
\begin{texexptitled}[center lower,enhanced,segmentation hidden,middle=0mm]
    {How to use options (2):\par The text output is centered and the
        segmentation line has vanished.}{options2}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
```

Example 9.7: How to use options (2):

The text output is centered and the segmentation line has vanished.

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
```

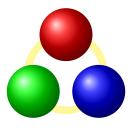


```
\begin{texexptitled}[tikz lower,bicolor,colbacklower=white]
  {How to use options (3):\par Here, the |tikzpicture| is totally hidden.
    The |bicolor| skin highlights the output.}{options3}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{texexptitled}
```

Example 9.8: How to use options (3):

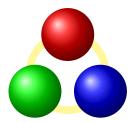
Here, the tikzpicture is totally hidden. The bicolor skin highlights the output.

```
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
```



```
\begin{texexptitled} [center lower, listing side text, righthand width=3.5cm,
  bicolor,colbacklower=white]
  {How to use options (4):\par The |bicolor| skin also works with side
   by side mode}{options4}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in \{90/red, 210/green, 330/blue\}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c]
    (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
   Example 9.9: How to use options (4):
   The bicolor skin also works with side by side mode
   \begin{tikzpicture}
   \path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
   \path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
   foreach \w/c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
```

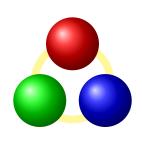
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);} \end{tikzpicture}



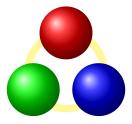
```
\begin{texexptitled} [center lower, listing outside text, righthand width=3.5cm]
  {How to use options (5):\par Putting our picture outside is just
    a matter of one word.}{options5}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in \{90/red, 210/green, 330/blue\}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c]
    (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
```

Example 9.10: How to use options (5): Putting our picture outside is just a matter of one word.

\begin{tikzpicture} \path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm); \path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm); $\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}$ {\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c] (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);} \end{tikzpicture}

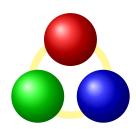


```
\begin{texexptitled}[center lower,text above listing]
  {How to use options (6):\par The picture may also be put above
      the listing box.}{options6}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c]
      (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
```



Example 9.11: How to use options (6): The picture may also be put above the listing box.

```
\begin{texexptitled}[beamer,center lower,text outside listing,lefthand width=3.5cm]
{How to use options (7):\par Our style is easily transformed into
    a beamerish one.}{options7}
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[fill=yellow!50!white] (0,0) circle (11mm);
\path[fill=white] (0,0) circle (9mm);
\foreach \w/\c in {90/red,210/green,330/blue}
{\path[shading=ball,ball color=\c]
    (\w:1cm) circle (7mm);}
\end{tikzpicture}
\end{texexptitled}
```



Example 9.12: How to use options (7): Our style is easily transformed into a beamerish one.

9.8 Creation of LATEX Exercises

In the following, a guideline is given for the creation of LATEX exercises with solutions. These solutions are saved to disk for application at a place of choice. Therefore, all used exercises are logged to a file \jobname.sol for automatic processing. The solution contents themselves are saved to a subdirectory named solutions.

```
%\newcounter{texercise} % preamble

\newwrite\solout
\def\openoutsol{\immediate\openout\solout\jobname.sol}
\def\solfile#1{solutions/texercise#1.tex}
\def\writesol#1{\immediate\write\solout{\noexpand\processsol{\thetcbcounter}{#1}}}%
\def\closeoutsol{\immediate\closeout\solout}
\def\inputsol{\IffileExists{\jobname.sol}{\input{\jobname.sol}}{}}
```

- Before the first exercise is given, \openoutsol has to be called to start logging.
- The solution is given as content of a tcboutputlisting P. 193 environment. Note, that you can use this content also inside the exercise with \tcbuselistingtext P. 193 in compiled form.
- After the last exercise is given (and before using the solutions), \closeoutsol has to be called to stop logging.
- The solutions are loaded by \inputsol.

Inside the exercise text, there may be text parts which are needed as \LaTeX source code and as compiled text as well. These parts can be saved by $\texttt{tcbwritetemp}^{\to P.\,80}$ and used in compiled form by $\texttt{tcbusetemp}^{\to P.\,80}$ or as source code by $\texttt{tcbusetemplisting}^{\to P.\,193}$.

At first, we generate some a common style for the exercises and the solutions. Further, since exercises and solutions should be numbered, we force to use a label $\langle marker \rangle$. Automatically, the label $exe:\langle marker \rangle$ is used to mark the exercise and the label $sol:\langle marker \rangle$ is used to mark the solution.

```
\tcbset{texercisestyle/.style={arc=0.5mm, colframe=blue!25!yellow!90!white,
   colback=blue!25!yellow!5!white, coltitle=blue!25!yellow!40!black,
   fonttitle=\small\sffamily\bfseries, fontupper=\small, fontlower=\small}}
```

With these preparations, the kernel environment texercise for our exercises is created quickly:

```
\newtcolorbox{texercise}[2][]{texercisestyle,
    listing file={\solfile\thetexercise},
    phantom={\refstepcounter{texercise}\label{exe:#2}\writesol{#2}},
    title={Exercise \arabic{texercise}%
    \hfill\mdseries Solution on page \pageref{sol:#2}},#1}
```

The following examples demonstrate the application.

```
\begin{texercise}{tabular_example}
\textit{Create the following table:}\par\smallskip%
\begin{tcboutputlisting}
\begin{tabular}{|p{3cm}|p{3cm}|p{3cm}|}\hline
\multicolumn{2}{|c|}{\bfseries Antike} &
\multicolumn{2}{c|}{\bfseries Mittelalter}\\hline
\multicolumn{1}{|c|}{\itshape Republik}&
\multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape Franken}&
\multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape Teilstaaten}\\\hline
In den Zeiten der r\"{o}mischen Republik standen dem Staat jeweils zwei
Konsuln vor, deren Machtbefugnisse identisch waren. &
Das r\"{o}mische Kaiserreich wurde von einem Alleinherrscher, dem Kaiser,
regiert.
& In der V''(0)lkerwanderungszeit ''(u)bernahmen die Goten und sp''(a)ter die
Franken die Vorherrschaft.
& Im sp\"{a}teren Mittelalter regierten F\"{u}rsten einen Fleckenteppich
von Einzelstaaten.\\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{tcboutputlisting}
\tcbuselistingtext%
\end{texercise}
```

Exercise 9.1

Solution on page 220

Create the following table:

Das alte Italien					
Antike		Mittelalter			
Republik	Kaiserreich	Franken	Teilstaaten		
In den Zeiten der	Das römische	In der Völker-	Im späteren Mit-		
römischen Repub-	Kaiserreich wurde	wanderungszeit	telalter regierten		
lik standen dem	von einem Allein-	übernahmen die	Fürsten einen		
Staat jeweils zwei	herrscher, dem	Goten und später	Fleckenteppich von		
Konsuln vor, deren	Kaiser, regiert.	die Franken die	Einzelstaaten.		
Machtbefugnisse		Vorherrschaft.			
identisch waren.					

```
\begin{texercise}{macro_oneparam}
\begin{tcboutputlisting}
\newcommand{\headingline}[1]{%
  \begin{center}\Large\bfseries #1\end{center}}
\end{tcboutputlisting}
\tcbuselistingtext%

Create a new macro \verb+\headingline+ which produces the following output:\par\smallskip
\begin{tcbwritetemp}
\headingline{Very important heading}
\end{tcbwritetemp}
\tcbusetemplisting\tcbusetemp%
\end{tcbusetemplisting\tcbusetemp%
\end{texercise}
```

Exercise 9.2

Solution on page 220

Create a new macro \headingline which produces the following output:

\headingline{Very important heading}

Very important heading

```
\begin{texercise}{macro_twoparam}
\begin{tcboutputlisting}
\newcommand{\minitable}[2]{%
  \begin{center}\begin{tabular}{p{10cm}}\hline%
  \multicolumn{1}{c}{\bfseries#1}\\hline%
  #2\\\hline%
  \end{tabular}\end{center}}
\end{tcboutputlisting}
\tcbuselistingtext%
Create a new macro \verb+\minitable+ which produces the
following output:\par\smallskip
\begin{tcbwritetemp}
\minitable{My heading}{In this tiny tabular, there is only a heading
  and some text below which has a width of ten centimeters.}
\end{tcbwritetemp}
\tcbusetemplisting\par\smallskip\tcbusetemp%
\end{texercise}
```

Exercise 9.3

Solution on page 220

Create a new macro \minitable which produces the following output:

\minitable{My heading}{In this tiny tabular, there is only a heading
and some text below which has a width of ten centimeters.}

My heading

In this tiny tabular, there is only a heading and some text below which has a width of ten centimeters.

```
\begin{texercise}{macro_threeparam}
\begin{tcboutputlisting}
\newcommand{\synop}[3]{%
 p{(\linewidth-\tabcolsep*2-\arrayrulewidth)/2}0{}}\hline
  \multicolumn{2}{c}{\bfseries #1}\\hline
  \multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape English}&
 \multicolumn{1}{c}{\itshape German}\\\hline
 #2 & #3
 \end{tabular}}
\end{tcboutputlisting}
\tcbuselistingtext%
Create a new macro \verb+\synop+ which typesets a synoptic text according
to the following example. Base your macro on a tabular which takes the
total line width.\par\smallskip
\begin{tcbwritetemp}
\synop{Neil Armstrong}%
{That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind.}%
{Das ist ein kleiner Schritt f\"{u}r einen Mann,
  ein riesiger Sprung f\"{u}r die Menschheit.}
\end{tcbwritetemp}
\tcbusetemplisting\par\smallskip\tcbusetemp%
\end{texercise}
   Exercise 9.4
                                                               Solution on page 221
   Create a new macro \synop which typesets a synoptic text according to the following
   example. Base your macro on a tabular which takes the total line width.
   \synop{Neil Armstrong}%
   {That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind.}%
   {Das ist ein kleiner Schritt f\"{u}r einen Mann,
```

Neil Armstrong			
English	German		
That's one small step for a man, one giant	Das ist ein kleiner Schritt für einen Mann,		
leap for mankind.	ein riesiger Sprung für die Menschheit.		

Now, we give a list of all exercises with:

\tcblistof[\subsection]{exam}{List of Exercises%
 \label{listofexercises}}

ein riesiger Sprung f\"{u}r die Menschheit.}

9.9 List of Exercises

9.1	Exercise with solution on page 220	217
9.2	Exercise with solution on page 220	218
9.3	Exercise with solution on page 220	218
9.4	Exercise with solution on page 221	219

9.10 Solutions for the given LATEX Exercises

For all solutions, a macro \processsol was written to the file \jobname.sol. Now, we need a definition for this macro to use the solutions.

```
% \usepackage{hyperref} % for \phantomsection
\newcommand{\processsol}[2]{%
  \tcbinputlisting{texercisestyle,listing only,
    phantom={\phantomsection\label{sol:#2}},%
    title={Solution for Exercise \ref{exe:#2} on page \pageref{exe:#2}},
    listing file={\solfile{#1}}}}
```

The loading of all solutions is done by:

Solution for Exercise 9.1 on page 217

```
\inputsol
```

With this, we get:

```
\begin{tabular}{|p{3cm}|p{3cm}|p{3cm}|}\hline
\multicolumn{4}{|c|}{\bfseries\itshape Das alte Italien}\\hline
\multicolumn{2}{|c|}{\bfseries Antike} &
\multicolumn{2}{c|}{\bfseries Mittelalter}\\hline
\multicolumn{1}{|c|}{\itshape Republik}&
\multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape Kaiserreich}&
\multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape Franken}&
\multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape Teilstaaten}\\hline
In den Zeiten der r\"{o}mischen Republik standen dem Staat jeweils zwei
Konsuln vor, deren Machtbefugnisse identisch waren. &
Das r\"{o}mische Kaiserreich wurde von einem Alleinherrscher, dem Kaiser,
regiert.
& In der V\"{o}lkerwanderungszeit \"{u}bernahmen die Goten und sp\"{a}ter die
Franken die Vorherrschaft.
```

& Im sp\"{a}teren Mittelalter regierten F\"{u}rsten einen Fleckenteppich

Solution for Exercise 9.2 on page 218

von Einzelstaaten.\\hline

\end{tabular}

```
\newcommand{\headingline}[1]{%
  \begin{center}\Large\bfseries #1\end{center}}
```

```
Solution for Exercise 9.3 on page 218
```

```
\newcommand{\minitable}[2]{%
  \begin{center}\begin{tabular}{p{10cm}}\hline%
  \multicolumn{1}{c}{\bfseries#1}\\hline%
  #2\\hline%
  \end{tabular}\end{center}}
```

Solution for Exercise 9.4 on page 219

```
\newcommand{\synop}[3]{%
  \begin{tabular}{@{}p{(\linewidth-\tabcolsep*2-\arrayrulewidth)/2}|%
    p{(\linewidth-\tabcolsep*2-\arrayrulewidth)/2}@{}}\hline
  \multicolumn{2}{c}{\bfseries #1}\\hline
  \multicolumn{1}{c|}{\itshape English}&
  \multicolumn{1}{c}{\itshape German}\\hline
  #2 & #3
  \end{tabular}}
```

10 Library theorems

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{theorems}
```

This also loads the package amsmath.

10.1 Macros of the Library

Creates new environments $\langle name \rangle$ and $\langle name \rangle *$ based on tcolorbox to frame a (mathematical) theorem. The $\langle display \ name \rangle$ is used in the title line with a number, e.g. «Theorem 5.1». The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcolorbox to control the appearance. The $\langle init \ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 on page 75. The new environment $\langle name \rangle$ takes one optional and two mandatory parameters. The optional parameter supplements the options and should be used only in rare cases. The first mandatory parameter is the title text for the theorem and the second mandatory parameter is a $\langle marker \rangle$. The theorem is automatically labeled with $\langle prefix \rangle : \langle marker \rangle$. The new environment $\langle name \rangle *$ takes one optional and one mandatory parameter and represents an unnumbered variant of the environment $\langle name \rangle$. This variant is not labeled and not listed in lists of theorems.

Definition in the preamble:

\newtcbtheorem[number within=section]{mytheo}{My Theorem}%
{colback=green!5,colframe=green!35!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}{th}

\begin{mytheo}{This is my title}{theoexample}
This is the text of the theorem. The counter is automatically assigned and,
in this example, prefixed with the section number. This theorem is numbered with
\ref{th:theoexample} and is given on page \pageref{th:theoexample}.
\end{mytheo}

My Theorem 10.1: This is my title

This is the text of the theorem. The counter is automatically assigned and, in this example, prefixed with the section number. This theorem is numbered with 10.1 and is given on page 222.

\begin{mytheo}[label=myownlabel]{This is my title}{}
 The label parameter can be left empty without \LaTeX\ error.
 Or you may use an own label to reference Theorem \ref{myownlabel}.
\end{mytheo}

My Theorem 10.2: This is my title

The label parameter can be left empty without LATEX error. Or you may use an own label to reference Theorem 10.2.

```
\begin{mytheo}{}{}
  The title can also be left empty without problem. Note that the ':'
  vanished magically.
\end{mytheo}
```

My Theorem 10.3

The title can also be left empty without problem. Note that the ':' vanished magically.

```
\begin{mytheo*}{Unnumbered Theorem}
  This theorem is not numbered.
\end{mytheo*}
```

My Theorem: Unnumbered Theorem

This theorem is not numbered.

```
\begin{mytheo*}{}
  This theorem has no number and no title.
\end{mytheo*}
```

My Theorem

This theorem has no number and no title.

Operates like \newtcbtheorem \delta P.222, but based on \renewenvironment instead of \newenvironment. An existing environment is redefined.

$\tcbmaketheorem{\langle name \rangle}{\langle display \ name \rangle}{\langle options \rangle}{\langle counter \rangle}{\langle prefix \rangle}$

\newtcbtheorem \times P. 222 supersedes this macro.

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on tcolorbox to frame a (mathematical) theorem. The $\langle display \; name \rangle$ is used in the title line with a number, e.g. «Theorem 5.1». The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcolorbox to control the appearance. The $\langle counter \rangle$ is used for automatic numbering. The new environment $\langle name \rangle$ takes one optional and two mandatory parameters. The optional parameter supplements the options and should be used only in rare cases. The first mandatory parameter is the title text for the theorem and the second mandatory parameter is a $\langle marker \rangle$. The theorem is automatically labeled with $\langle prefix \rangle$: $\langle marker \rangle$.

$\t \sum_{\alpha \in A} [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle mathematical\ box\ content \rangle\}$

Creates a $tcolorbox^{P.9}$ which is fitted to the width of the given $\langle mathematical\ box\ content \rangle$. This box is intended to be applied as part of a larger formula and may be used as replacement for the \boxed macro of amsmath.

```
\label{lem:colored} $$ \end{equation} $$ \colored a = 16 } $$ $$ \colored a
```

$\t cbhighmath[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle mathematical\ box\ content \rangle\}$

This is a special case of the \tcboxmath macro which uses the style /tcb/highlight math $^{-P.231}$. It is intended to provide context sensitive highlighting of formula parts. The color settings via /tcb/highlight math style $^{-P.231}$ may be different inside theorems or other colored areas and outside.

\tcbhighmath \(^{\text{P.224}}\) can be used in symbiosis with the empheq package which allows to specify own boxing commands to mark multiline formulas.

```
% \usepackage{empheq}
\begin{empheq}[box=\tcbhighmath]{align}
a\&=\sin(z)\
E\&=mc^2 + \int a^b x \, dx
\end{empheq}
\tcbset{highlight math style={enhanced,
  colframe=red!60!black,colback=yellow!50!white,arc=4pt,boxrule=1pt,
  drop fuzzy shadow}}
\begin{empheq}[box=\tcbhighmath]{align}
a\&=\sin(z)
E\&=mc^2 + \int a^b x \, dx
\end{empheq}
                                     a = \sin(z)
                                                                                         (8)
                                    E = mc^2 + \int_a^b x \, dx
                                                                                         (9)
                                     a = \sin(z)
                                                                                        (10)
                                    E = mc^2 + \int^b x \, dx
                                                                                        (11)
```

Besides \tcbhighmath \(^{P.224}\), one can easily define an independent new box based on \tcbox \(^{P.11}\) which acts like \tcbhighmath \(^{P.224}\):

```
% \usepackage{empheq}
\newtcbox{\otherbox}[1][]{nobeforeafter,math upper,tcbox raise base,
 enhanced, frame hidden, boxrule=Opt, interior style={top color=green!10!white,
 bottom color=green!10!white,middle color=green!50!yellow},
 fuzzy halo=1pt with green,#1}
\begin{empheq}[box=\otherbox]{align}
a\&=\sin(z)
E\&=mc^2 + \int a^b x \, dx
\end{empheq}
\begin{equation}
\tcbhighmath{E} = \otherbox{mc^2}
\end{equation}
                                   a = \sin(z)
                                                                                    (12)
                                                                                    (13)
                                                                                    (14)
```

10.2 Option Keys of the Library

/tcb/separator sign= $\langle sign \rangle$

```
The given \langle sign \rangle is used inside the title text of a theorem as separater between display name
    combined with number and the specific title text. It is omitted, if there is no specific title
    text.
        % \usepackage{amssymb}
        \newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
         {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
           separator sign={\ $\blacktriangleright$}}{theo}
       \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
       My theorem text.
       \end{sometheorem}
           Theorem 10.4 \triangleright My example
           My theorem text.
/tcb/separator sign colon
                                                                    (style, no value, initially set)
    Sets /tcb/separator sign to the default colon : sign.
/tcb/separator sign dash
                                                                                 (style, no value)
    Sets /tcb/separator sign to an en-dash sign.
        \newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
          {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
           separator sign dash}{theo}
       \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
       My theorem text.
        \end{sometheorem}
           Theorem 10.5 - My example
           My theorem text.
/tcb/separator sign none
                                                                                 (style, no value)
    Sets /tcb/separator sign to empty.
        \newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
          {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
           separator sign none}{theo}
       \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
       My theorem text.
        \end{sometheorem}
           Theorem 10.6 My example
           My theorem text.
```

(no default, initially:)

/tcb/description delimiters= $\{\langle left \rangle\} \{\langle right \rangle\}$

(no default, initially empty)

The given $\langle left \rangle$ and $\langle right \rangle$ delimiter signs are used to frame the descriptive title text of a theorem.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
    {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    description delimiters={\flqq}{\frqq}}{theo}
\begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
    My theorem text.
\end{sometheorem}

Theorem 10.7: «My example»
My theorem text.
```

/tcb/description delimiters parenthesis

(style, no value)

Sets /tcb/description delimiters to (and).

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
    {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    description delimiters parenthesis}{theo}
    \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
    My theorem text.
    \end{sometheorem}
Theorem 10.8: (My example)
    My theorem text.
```

/tcb/description delimiters none

(style, no value, initially set)

Sets /tcb/description delimiters to the default empty texts.

/tcb/description color= $\langle color \rangle$

(default empty, initially empty)

Sets the $\langle color \rangle$ of the descriptive title text deviating from /tcb/coltitle^{\rightarrow P. 20}. The color is reset to /tcb/coltitle^{\rightarrow P. 20}, if description color is used without value.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
    {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    description color=red!25!yellow}{theo}
\begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}

My theorem text.
\end{sometheorem}

Theorem 10.9: My example

My theorem text.
```

/tcb/description font= $\langle text \rangle$

(default empty, initially empty)

Sets $\langle text \rangle$ (e.g. font settings) before the descriptive title text deviating from $/ \text{tcb/fonttitle}^{\rightarrow P.21}$. The $\langle text \rangle$ is removed, if description font is used without value.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
   {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    description delimiters={\glqq}{\grqq},
    description font=\mdseries\itshape}{theo}
\begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
   My theorem text.
\end{sometheorem}

Theorem 10.10: "My example"
My theorem text.
```

/tcb/description formatter= $\langle macro \rangle$

(default empty, initially empty)

Sets $\langle macro \rangle$ as formatter for the descriptive title text. The $\langle macro \rangle$ has to take one mandatory argument (the description text).

Note that /tcb/description delimiters P.227, /tcb/description color P.227, and /tcb/description font are ignored, if this option is used.

If description formatter is used without value, the formatter is reset to its standard behavior.

```
\newtcbox{\formbox}{enhanced,frame empty,size=minimal,boxsep=2pt,arc=1pt,
  on line,interior style image=goldshade.png}
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
  {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    description formatter=\formbox}{theo}
\begin{sometheorem}{muse counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{muse counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}}

We sample {
    Theorem 10.11: My example
    My theorem text.
```

/tcb/terminator sign= $\langle sign \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The given $\langle sign \rangle$ is used as terminator at the end of the title text of a theorem.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
   {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    terminator sign={.}}{theo}
   \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
   My theorem text.
   \end{sometheorem}
Theorem 10.12: My example.
My theorem text.
```

(style, no value, initially set)

Sets /tcb/terminator $\operatorname{sign}^{\to P.228}$ to the colon : sign.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
   {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    separator sign dash,terminator sign colon}{theo}
   \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
   My theorem text.
   \end{sometheorem}
Theorem 10.13 - My example:
My theorem text.
```

/tcb/terminator sign dash

(style, no value)

Sets /tcb/terminator sign^{→ P. 228} to an en-dash sign.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
   {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
    terminator sign dash}{theo}
   \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
   My theorem text.
   \end{sometheorem}

Theorem 10.14: My example —
My theorem text.
```

/tcb/terminator sign none

(style, no value)

Sets /tcb/terminator sign^{→ P. 228} to the default empty text.

/tcb/theorem name and number

(style, no value, initially set)

Prints theorem name followed by theorem number inside the title.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
   {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
        theorem name and number}{theo}
   \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
   My theorem text.
   \end{sometheorem}

Theorem 10.15: My example
My theorem text.
```

(style, no value)

Prints theorem number followed by theorem name inside the title.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
    {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
        theorem number and name}{theo}
    \begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
    My theorem text.
    \end{sometheorem}

10.16 Theorem: My example
    My theorem text.
```

/tcb/theorem name

(style, no value)

Prints theorem name without number inside the title.

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{sometheorem}{Theorem}%
    {colback=white,colframe=red!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
        theorem name,enhanced,watermark text={\thetcbcounter}}{theo}
\begin{sometheorem}{My example}{}
        My theorem text.
\end{sometheorem}

Theorem: My example
My theorem text.
My theorem text.
```

```
\label{theorem} $$ \tcb/theorem = {\langle display \ name \rangle} {\langle counter \rangle} {\langle title \rangle} {\langle marker \rangle} $$
```

(no default)

This key is internally used by $\tcbmaketheorem^{\to P.223}$, but can be used directly in a tcolorbox for a more flexible approach. The $\langle display \ name \rangle$ is used together with the increased $\langle counter \rangle$ value and the $\langle title \rangle$ for the title line of the box. Additionally, a \tlabel with the given $\langle marker \rangle$ is created.

For a common appearance inside the document, the key theorem should not be used directly as in the example above, but as part of a new environment created by hand or using \tcbmaketheorem \times P. 223 or using its successor \newtcbtheorem \times P. 222.

```
/tcb/highlight math
```

(style, no value)

Predefined style which is used for $\tcbhighmath^{\rightarrow P.224}$. It can be changed comfortable with $\tcb/highlight$ math style.

/tcb/highlight math style=\(style \, definition\)

(style, no default)

Changes the definition for /tcb/highlight math to the given $\langle style \ definition \rangle$. See \tcbhighmath $^{\rightarrow P.224}$ for another example.

```
% \tcbset{highlight math style={enhanced,%<-- needed for the 'remember' options colframe=red,colback=red!10!white,boxsep=0pt}} \equiv \text{light} \text{light} \text{colframe} \text{remember as=fx]{f(x)}} \text{light} \text{limits_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{t^2}^{dt}} \text{limits_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{t^2}^{x}} \text{dt} \text{lift}^{2}^{dt} \text{limits_{1}^{x} \frac{1}{t^2} \text{lift}^{2}^{dt}} \text{dt} \text{lift}^{2} \text{dt} \text{lift}^{2} \text{dt} \text{lift}^{2} \text{dt} \text{lift}^{2} \t
```

/tcb/math upper

(style, no value)

Sets the upper part to mathematical mode with font \displaystyle.

/tcb/math lower

(style, no value)

Sets the lower part to mathematical mode with font \displaystyle.

/tcb/math

(style, no value)

Sets the upper part and lower part to mathematical mode with font \displaystyle.

```
\label{local_continuous_collection} $$ \left( \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}^{\left( \frac{1}{n} \right)} \right) \\ \left( \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \right) \\ \left( \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1
```

The following styles are only tested to work with the original amsmath environments. If e.g. the equation environment is redefined as gather, then /tcb/ams equation should / could not be used. Obviously, you are encouraged to use /tcb/ams gather P.234 in this case.

/tcb/ams equation upper

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath equation environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams equation lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath equation environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams equation

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath equation environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

\begin{tcolorbox}[ams equation,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black]
 \sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.
\end{tcolorbox}

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{15}$$

/tcb/ams equation* upper

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath equation* environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams equation* lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath equation* environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams equation*

(style, no value

Adds an amsmath equation* environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

\begin{tcolorbox}[ams equation*,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black]
 \sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.
\end{tcolorbox}

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.$$

```
/tcb/ams align upper
```

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams align lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams align

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

 $\begin{tcolorbox}[ams align,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black] $$ \sum_{n=1}^{\left(\right) } \frac{k= \inf_{x^2 - \text{d}x} \\ & & \text{frac} \\ x^2 - \text{d}x \\ & & \text{frac} \\ x^3 + c. \\ & & \text{frac} \\ x^3 + c. \\ & & \text{frac} \\ x^4 + c. \\ & & \text{frac} \\ x^5 + c.$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{16}$$

$$\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c. \tag{17}$$

/tcb/ams align* upper

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align* environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams align* lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align* environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams align*

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath align* environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.$$

$$\int x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c.$$

```
/tcb/ams gather upper
```

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams gather lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams gather

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

 $\begin{tcolorbox}[ams gather,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black] $$ \sum_{n=1}^{\left(n+y\right) \frac{1}{n} = \inf_{x^2 - \frac{d}x = \frac{3x^3 + c.}{c}} $$ \end{tcolorbox}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{18}$$

$$\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c. \tag{19}$$

/tcb/ams gather* upper

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather* environment to the start and end of the upper part.

/tcb/ams gather* lower

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather* environment to the start and end of the lower part.

/tcb/ams gather*

(style, no value)

Adds an amsmath gather* environment to the start and end of the upper and lower part.

\begin{tcolorbox}[ams gather*,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black]
 \sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.\\
 \int x^2 ~\text{d}x = \frac13 x^3 + c.
 \end{tcolorbox}

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.$$

$$\int x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c.$$

/tcb/ams nodisplayskip upper

(style, no value)

Neutralizes the \abovedisplayskip of a following align or gather environment for the upper part. Note that the text content has to start with such a formula.

/tcb/ams nodisplayskip lower

(style, no value)

Neutralizes the \abovedisplayskip of a following align or gather environment for the lower part. Note that the text content has to start with such a formula.

/tcb/ams nodisplayskip

(style, no value)

Neutralizes the \abovedisplayskip of a following align or gather environment for the upper part and lower part. Note that the text content has to start with such a formula.

\begin{tcolorbox}[ams nodisplayskip,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black]
 \begin{gather}
 \sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.\\
 \int x^2 ~\text{d}x = \frac13 x^3 + c.
 \end{gather}
 And now for something completely different.
\end{tcolorbox}

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{20}$$

$$\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c. \tag{21}$$

And now for something completely different.

New colored mathematical environments are easily created using \newtcolorbox^{→P.12}:

\newtcolorbox{mymath}{ams gather*,colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black}
\begin{mymath}
 \sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.\\
 \int x^2 ~\text{d}x = \frac13 x^3 + c.
\end{mymath}

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty.$$

$$\int x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c.$$

All described options like /tcb/ams gather upper $^{-P.234}$, /tcb/ams gather lower $^{-P.234}$, /tcb/ams gather $^{-P.234}$ are (partially) setting (overwriting) the keys /tcb/before upper $^{-P.41}$, /tcb/after upper $^{-P.42}$, /tcb/before lower $^{-P.42}$, /tcb/after lower $^{-P.42}$.

Therefore, e.g. \tcbset{ams gather,before upper={\text{Pythagoras:}}} produces an invalid result. For this case, you are invited to use

\tcbset{ams gather,before upper app={\text{Pythagoras:}}}, see /tcb/before upper app P.271.

/tcb/theorem style= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially standard)

Applies a predefined style $\langle name \rangle$ to the theorem environment. Some of the feasible $\langle name \rangle$ values resemble style names from the packages theorem and ntheorem to give convenient access to known patterns.

The styles alter /tcb/separator sign $^{\to P.226}$, /tcb/description delimiters $^{\to P.227}$, /tcb/terminator sign $^{\to P.228}$, and more. Therefore, one should apply such keys *after* a theorem style.

For the following examples, we use:

Definition in the preamble:

```
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=mytheo]{theorem}{fnottitle=\bfseries\upshape,fontupper=\itshape,
    colframe=green!50!black,colback=green!10!white,
    colbacktitle=green!20!white,coltitle=blue!75!black}{theo}
```

The predefined styles are:

• standard: This is the initial value.

```
\begin{theorem}[theorem style=standard]{standard}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}
```

Theorem 10.18: standard

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• change standard

 $\begin{theorem} [theorem style=change standard] {change standard} {} \\ This is my theorem. \\begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \\end{equation*} \\ \end{theorem}$

10.19 Theorem: change standard

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• plain

\begin{theorem} [theorem style=plain] {plain} {}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*} \end{theorem}

Theorem 10.20 (plain): This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• break

 $\begin{theorem}[theorem style=break]{break}{}\\ This is my theorem. \\begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \\end{theorem}\\ \end{theorem}$

Theorem 10.21 (break):

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• plain apart

 $\begin{theorem}[theorem style=plain apart]{plain apart}{} \\ This is my theorem. \\begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \\end{theorem} \\ \\ \end{theorem}$

Theorem 10.22 (plain apart)

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• change

\begin{theorem} [theorem style=change] {change}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}

10.23 Theorem (change): This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• change break

 $\begin{theorem} [theorem style=change break] {change break}{} \\ This is my theorem. \\begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \\end{equation*} \\ \end{theorem}$

10.24 Theorem (change break):

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$
.

• change apart

 $\begin{theorem} theorem style=change apart]{change apart}{} This is my theorem. <math display="block">\begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*} \end{theorem}$

10.25 Theorem (change apart)

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• margin

begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin,left=10mm]{margin}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}
\begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin,left=10mm,oversize]{margin}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}

10.26 Theorem (margin): This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

10.27 Theorem (margin): This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• margin break

begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin break,left=10mm]{margin break}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}
\begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin break,left=10mm,oversize]{margin break}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}

10.28 Theorem (margin break):

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

10.29 Theorem (margin break):

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

• margin apart

\begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin apart,left=10mm]{margin apart}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}

\begin{theorem}[theorem style=margin apart,left=10mm,oversize]{margin apart}{}
This is my theorem. \begin{equation*} a^2 + b^2 = c^2. \end{equation*}
\end{theorem}

10.30 Theorem (margin apart)

 $This \ is \ my \ theorem.$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

10.31 Theorem (margin apart)

This is my theorem.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$
.

10.3 Examples for Definitions and Theorems

In the following, the application of \tcbmaketheorem \(^{\text{P.}223}\) to highlight mathematical definitions, theorems, or the like is demonstrated.

At first, additional tcb keys are created for the appearance of the colored boxes. It is assumed that theorems and corollaries should be identically colored. All following environments are numbered with a common counter, but this can be changed easily. Here, the counter output is supplemented by the subsection number.

By \newtcbtheorem^{\top P. 222}, commonly numbered theorem environments are created now. defstyle and theostyle are used for the appearance.

Now, everything is prepared for the following examples.

```
The following theorem is numbered as Theorem \ref{theo:diffbarstetig} and referenced with the marker \texttf{theo:diffbarstetig}.\bigskip \begin{Theorem}{Differenzierbarkeit bedingt Stetigkeit, wobei diese Benennung zu Testzwecken ungew\"{o}hnlich lang ist}{diffbarstetig}% Eine Funktion $f:I\to\mathbb{R}\$ ist in $x_0\in I\$ stetig, wenn $f\$ in $x_0\$ differenzierbar ist. \end{Theorem}

The following theorem is numbered as Theorem 10.3.1 and referenced with the marker theo:diffbarstetig.

Theorem 10.3.1: Differenzierbarkeit bedingt Stetigkeit, wobei diese Benennung zu Testzwecken ungewöhnlich lang ist

Eine Funktion f: I \to \mathbb{R} ist in x_0 \in I stetig, wenn f in x_0 differenzierbar ist.
```

```
The following definition is numbered as Definition \ref{def:diffbarkeit} and
referenced with the marker \texttt{def:diffbarkeit}.\bigskip
\begin{Definition}{Differenzierbarkeit}{diffbarkeit}
 Eine Funktion $f:~I\to\mathbb{R}$ auf einem Intervall $I$ hei\ss{}t in
  $x_0\in I$ differenzierbar oder linear approximierbar,
  wenn der Grenzwert
  \begin{equation*}
  \lim \lim_{x\to x_0} \frac{f(x)-f(x_0)}{x-x_0} =
  \left( \frac{h \to 0}{frac} (x_0+h) - f(x_0) \right) 
  \end{equation*}
  existiert. Bei Existenz hei\ss{}t dieser Grenzwert Ableitung
  oder Differentialquotient von $f$ in $x_0$ und man
  schreibt f\"\{u\}r ihn
  \begin{equation*}
  f'(x_0)\quad dt = f'(x_0) \cdot dt = f'(x_0).
  \end{equation*}
\end{Definition}
```

The following definition is numbered as Definition 10.3.2 and referenced with the marker def:diffbarkeit.

Definition 10.3.2: Differenzierbarkeit

Eine Funktion $f:I\to\mathbb{R}$ auf einem Intervall I heißt in $x_0\in I$ differenzierbar oder linear approximierbar, wenn der Grenzwert

$$\lim_{x \to x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0} = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x_0 + h) - f(x_0)}{h}$$

existiert. Bei Existenz heißt dieser Grenzwert Ableitung oder Differentialquotient von f in x_0 und man schreibt für ihn

$$f'(x_0)$$
 oder $\frac{df}{dx}(x_0)$.

The following corollary is numbered as Corollary \ref{cor:nullstellen} and referenced with the marker \texttt{cor:nullstellen}.\bigskip

 $\begin{Corollary}{Nullstellenexistenz}{nullstellen} \\ Ist $f:[a,b]\to\mathbb{R}$ stetig und haben $f(a)$ und $f(b)$ entgegengesetzte Vorzeichen, also $f(a)f(b)<0$, so besitzt f eine Nullstelle $x_0\in\mathbb{R}, also $f(x_0)=0$. \\ \end{Corollary}$

The following corollary is numbered as Corollary 10.3.3 and referenced with the marker cor:nullstellen.

Corollary 10.3.3: Nullstellenexistenz

Ist $f:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$ stetig und haben f(a) und f(b) entgegengesetzte Vorzeichen, also f(a)f(b) < 0, so besitzt f eine Nullstelle $x_0 \in]a,b[$, also $f(x_0) = 0$.

Theorem 10.3.4: Hinreichende Bedingung für Wendepunkte

f sei eine auf einem Intervall]a,b[dreimal stetig differenzierbare Funktion. Ist $f''(x_0)=0$ in $x_0 \in]a,b[$ und $f'''(x_0) \neq 0$, so ist $(x_0,f(x_0))$ ein Wendepunkt von f.

```
% \usepackage{varioref}
% \usepackage{cleveref}
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=Definition]{YetAnotherTheorem}{Theorem}%
  {theorem style=plain apart, label type=theorem, enhanced, frame hidden,
  boxrule=2mm,titlerule=0mm,toptitle=1mm,bottomtitle=1mm,
  fonttitle=\bfseries\large,fontupper=\normalsize,
  coltitle=green!35!black,colbacktitle=green!15!white,
  colback=green!50!yellow!15!white,borderline={1pt}{0pt}{green!25!blue},
  }{theo}
\begin{YetAnotherTheorem}{Mittelwertsatz f\"{u}r $n$ Variable}{meanvaluetheorem}%
  Es sei $n\in\mathbb{N}$, $D\subseteq\mathbb{R}^n$ eine offene Menge und
  $f\in C^{1}(D, \mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke
  [x_0,x]\subset D einen Punkt xi\in [x_0,x], so dass gilt
  \begin{equation*}
  f(x)-f(x_0) = \operatorname{qrad} f(xi)^{\cot}(x-x_0)
  \end{equation*}
\end{YetAnotherTheorem}
\medskip
Here, |cleveref| support is used to reference \Cref{theo:meanvaluetheorem}
on \Cpageref{theo:meanvaluetheorem}. This \namecref{theo:meanvaluetheorem}
can also be referenced by |\Vref| resulting in \Vref{theo:meanvaluetheorem}.
```

Theorem 10.3.5 (Mittelwertsatz für *n* Variable)

Es sei $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ eine offene Menge und $f \in C^1(D, \mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke $[x_0, x] \subset D$ einen Punkt $\xi \in [x_0, x]$, so dass gilt

$$f(x) - f(x_0) = \text{grad } f(\xi)^{\top} (x - x_0)$$

Here, cleveref support is used to reference Theorem 10.3.5 on Page 241. This theorem can also be referenced by \Vref resulting in Theorem 10.3.5.

Note that /tcb/label type P.72 was used in the example above to feed cleveref [5] with the needed name information.

Here, using |\Vref| resulting in \Vref{theo:meanvaluetheorem} is more interesting\ldots

Here, using \Vref resulting in Theorem 10.3.5 on page 241 is more interesting...

```
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=Definition]{YetAnotherTheorem}{Theorem}%
  {theorem style=change apart,enhanced,arc=0mm,outer arc=0mm,
  boxrule=0mm,toprule=1mm,bottomrule=1mm,left=1mm,right=1mm,
  titlerule=0mm,toptitle=0mm,bottomtitle=1mm,top=0mm,
  colframe=red!50!black,colback=red!5!white,coltitle=red!50!black,
  title style={top color=yellow!50!white,bottom color=red!5!white,
   middle color=yellow!50!white},
  fonttitle=\bfseries\sffamily\normalsize,fontupper=\normalsize\itshape,
  }{theo}
\begin{YetAnotherTheorem}{Mittelwertsatz f\"{u}r $n$ Variable}{mittelwertsatz_n2}%
  Es sei n\in\mathbb{R}^n eine offene Menge und
  $f\in C^{1}(D, \mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke
  [x_0,x]\subset D einen Punkt x\in [x_0,x], so dass gilt
  \begin{equation*}
  f(x)-f(x_0) = \operatorname{qrad} f(xi)^{\cot}(x-x_0)
  \end{equation*}
\end{YetAnotherTheorem}
```

10.3.6 Theorem (Mittelwertsatz für *n* Variable)

Es sei $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ eine offene Menge und $f \in C^1(D,\mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke $[x_0, x] \subset D$ einen Punkt $\xi \in [x_0, x]$, so dass gilt

$$f(x) - f(x_0) = \operatorname{grad} f(\xi)^{\top} (x - x_0)$$

```
% \usepackage{varwidth} \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=Definition]{YetAnotherTheorem}{Theorem}%
{enhanced, frame empty, interior empty, colframe=ForestGreen!50!white,
  coltitle=ForestGreen!50!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,colbacktitle=ForestGreen!15!white,
  borderline={0.5mm}{0mm}{ForestGreen!15!white},
  borderline={0.5mm}{0mm}{ForestGreen!50!white,dashed},
  attach boxed title to top center={yshift=-2mm},
  boxed title style={boxrule=0.4pt}, varwidth boxed title}{theo}
\begin{YetAnotherTheorem}{Mittelwertsatz f\"{u}r $n$ Variable}{mittelwertsatz_n2}%
  Es sei $n\in\mathbb{N}$, $D\subseteq\mathbb{R}^n$ eine offene Menge und
  $f\in C^{1}(D, \mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke
  [x_0,x]\subset D einen Punkt xi\in [x_0,x], so dass gilt
  \begin{equation*}
  f(x)-f(x_0) = \operatorname{qrad} f(xi)^{\tau}(x-x_0)
  \end{equation*}
\end{YetAnotherTheorem}
                     Theorem 10.3.7: Mittelwertsatz für n Variable
```

Es sei $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ eine offene Menge und $f \in C^1(D, \mathbb{R})$. Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke $[x_0, x] \subset D$ einen Punkt $\xi \in [x_0, x]$, so dass gilt

$$f(x) - f(x_0) = \text{grad } f(\xi)^{\top} (x - x_0)$$

You need more attention for your theorems? Here, you are ...

```
% tcbuselibrary{skins} % preamble
\begin{Theorem}[enhanced,
    fuzzy halo=3mm with yellow,
    fuzzy halo=2mm with red,
    fuzzy halo=1mm with yellow,
    watermark color=red!35!white,
    watermark text={Overacting\\Fundamental Theorem}]%
{Fundamental Theorem of Theorems}{fundamental}%
    \lipsum[1-2]
\end{Theorem}
```

Theorem 10.3.8: Fundamental Theorem of Theorems

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Let's try a more conservative approach:

```
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcbtheorem[use counter from=Definition]{YetAnotherTheorem}{Theorem}%
  {theorem style=plain,enhanced,colframe=blue!50!black,colback=yellow!20!white,
   coltitle=red!50!black,fonttitle=\upshape\bfseries,fontupper=\itshape,
   drop fuzzy shadow=blue!50!black!50!white,boxrule=0.4pt}{theo}
\begin{YetAnotherTheorem}{Mittelwertsatz f\"{u}r $n$ Variable}{mittelwertsatz_n3}%
  Es sei n\in\mathbb{R}^n eine offene Menge und
  f\in C^{1}(D,\mathbb{R}). Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke
  [x_0,x]\subset D einen Punkt xi\in [x_0,x], so dass gilt
  \begin{equation*}
  f(x)-f(x_0) = \operatorname{qrad} f(xi)^{\cot}(x-x_0)
  \end{equation*}
\end{YetAnotherTheorem}
   Theorem 10.3.9 (Mittelwertsatz für n Variable): Es sei n \in \mathbb{N}, D \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n eine offene Menge
   und f \in C^1(D,\mathbb{R}). Dann gibt es auf jeder Strecke [x_0,x] \subset D einen Punkt \xi \in [x_0,x], so dass gilt
                                f(x) - f(x_0) = \text{grad } f(\xi)^{\top} (x - x_0)
```

11 Library | breakable

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

\tcbuselibrary{breakable}

11.1 Technical Overview

The library breakable supports the automatic breaking of a tcolorbox. This feature is enabled by /tcb/breakable P. 246 and disabled by /tcb/unbreakable P. 247.

If a tcolorbox is set to be /tcb/breakable P.246, then the following algorithm is executed:

- 1. The box content is read to a box register similar but not identical to the unbreakable case.
- 2. If the total box fits into the current page, it is shipped out visibly unbroken and the algorithm stops.



- 3. Otherwise, it is checked if at least /tcb/lines before break →P.247 of the upper box can be placed on the current page. If not, a page break is inserted and the algorithm goes back to Step 2.
- 4. Now, the *break sequence* starts. The upper box part or the lower box part is split such that it fits into the current page. The fitting part is named *first part* of the *break sequence* and shipped out.



- 5. If the remaining content of the total box fits into the current page, the algorithm continues with Step 7, else with Step 6.
- 6. The upper box part or the lower box part is split such that it fits into the current page. The fitting part is named *middle part* of the *break sequence* and shipped out. Then, the algorithm goes back to Step 5.



7. The remaining part is named *last part* of the *break sequence* and shipped out. The algorithm stops.

The box. last

The algorithm takes care that the optional segmentation line never appears at the end of a box. The optional lower box part is also checked to have at least /tcb/lines before break P. 247.

In principal, all boxes of the *break sequence* share the same geometric parameters. The differences are:

- The given /tcb/before P.59 and /tcb/after P.59 values are used only before the first and after the last part of the break sequence.
- A special behavior between the parts of the *break sequence* can be given by /tcb/toprule at break^{¬P.249}, /tcb/bottomrule at break^{¬P.249}, /tcb/enlarge top at break by ¬P.61, and /tcb/enlarge bottom at break by ¬P.61.
- The /tcb/skin^{P.81} decides how the first, middle, and last part look like. Actually, every part type has its own skin given by the options /tcb/skin first^{P.81}, /tcb/skin middle^{P.81}, and /tcb/skin last^{P.81}. Typically, these options are set automatically by the main skin, see Subsection 11.5 from page 251.

11.2 Limitations and Known Bugs

- The box content is a T_EX \vbox register which has a restricted capacity. Therefore, you cannot place hundreds of pages inside a tcolorbox.
- You can nest an unbreakable tcolorbox inside another tcolorbox, even inside a breakable one. But you cannot not nest a breakable box inside a breakable box. The /tcb/breakable^{¬P. 246} key for a nested box is ignored automatically³, i.e. inner boxes are always unbreakable.

After all, in the unlikely case you really want to have the nested box to be breakable, use /tcb/enforce breakable $^{\rightarrow P.247}$ for the nested box⁴. But, a breakable box inside a breakable box will usually give a mess.

• If your text content contains some text color changing commands, your color will not survive the break to the next box.

³Until tcolorbox 3.04, the /tcb/breakable → P. 246 key was not ignored for nested boxes.

⁴ /tcb/enforce breakable → P. 247 acts like /tcb/breakable → P. 246 until tcolorbox 3.04.

11.3 Main Option Keys

```
/tcb/breakable=true|false
```

(default true, initially false)

Allows the tcolorbox to be breakable. If the box is larger than the available space at the current page, the box is automatically broken and continued to the next next page. All sorts of tcolorbox can be made breakable. It depends on the skin how the breaking looks like. If you do not know better, use /tcb/enhanced^{-P. 142} for breaking a box. The parts of the *break sequence* are numbered by the counter tcbbreakpart.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum} % preamble
\tcbset{enhanced jigsaw,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,
   watermark color=yellow!25!white,watermark text=\arabic{tcbbreakpart},
   fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[breakable,title=My breakable box]
\lipsum[1-6]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My breakable box

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leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

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/tcb/unbreakable

(no value, initially set)

Sets the tcolorbox to be unbreakable.

/tcb/enforce breakable

(no value)

A tcolorbox inside a tcolorbox is automatically set to be unbreakable. Using $/\text{tcb/breakable}^{\rightarrow P.246}$ on such an inner box has no effect. If one *really* wants the inner box to be breakable, use /tcb/enforce breakable. This will usually give a mess of shattered boxes. You are advised to not use this option.

Note that /tcb/enforce breakable has the functionality that /tcb/breakable^{¬P. 246} had until package version 3.04 and exists for backward compatibility.

/tcb/title after break= $\langle text \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

The $/\text{tcb/title}^{\rightarrow P.14}$ is used only for the *first* part of a *break sequence*. Use title after break to create a heading line with $\langle text \rangle$ as content for all following parts.

/tcb/notitle after break

(no value, initially set)

Removes the title line or following parts in a break sequence if set before.

/tcb/adjusted title after break= $\langle text \rangle$

(style, no default, initially unset)

Works like /tcb/adjusted title →P.14 but applied to /tcb/title after break.

/tcb/lines before break= $\langle number \rangle$

(no default, initially 2)

Assures that the given $\langle number \rangle$ of lines of the upper box part or the lower box part are placed before a break happens.

/tcb/enlargepage= $\langle length \rangle / \langle length \rangle \dots / \langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

Inserts a $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{\sim}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\sim}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\sim}}\ensuremath{\$

\begin{tcolorbox}[breakable,enlargepage=0mm/\baselineskip/2\baselineskip/0mm,...

The example code enlarged the second partial box by one line, the third partial box by two lines, and all following parts are not enlarged.

If an automated page break occures before the first partial box, the page enlargement is applied to the page before the first partial box and again to the page of the first partial box. Insert a manual break to prevent this.

In general, enlargepage should be used at the final stage of a document for fine-tuning only.

/tcb/shrink break goal= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Opt)

This is an emergency parameter if the break algorithm produces unpleasant breaks. It shrinks the goal height of the current box part by $\langle length \rangle$ which may result in smaller boxes. Never use negative values.

11.4 Option Keys for the Break Appearance

/tcb/toprule at break= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 0.5mm)

Sets the line width of the top rule to $\langle length \rangle$ if the box is $/tcb/breakable^{-P.246}$. In this case, it is applied to *middle* and *last* parts in a break sequence. Note that $/tcb/toprule^{-P.22}$ overwrites this value if used afterwards.

/tcb/bottomrule at break= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially 0.5mm)

Sets the line width of the bottom rule to $\langle length \rangle$ if the box is /tcb/breakable^{\rightarrow P.246}. In this case, it is applied to *first* and *middle* parts in a break sequence. Note that /tcb/bottomrule^{\rightarrow P.22} overwrites this value if used afterwards.

/tcb/topsep at break= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Additional vertical space of $\langle length \rangle$ which is added at the top of *middle* and *last* parts in a break sequence. In general, it is not advisable to change this value if these parts start with a rule or a title.

/tcb/bottomsep at break= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially Omm)

Additional vertical space of $\langle length \rangle$ which is added at the bottom of *first* and *middle* parts in a break sequence. In general, it is not advisable to change this value if these parts end with a rule.

/tcb/pad before break= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially 3.5mm)

Sets the total amount of vertical space after the text content and before the break point to $\langle length \rangle$. This style sets /tcb/toprule at break to Opt and changes /tcb/topsep at break as required. In general, it is not advisable to change this value if the *middle* and *last* parts in a break sequence start with a rule or a title.

/tcb/pad after break= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially 3.5mm)

Sets the total amount of vertical space after the break point and before the text content to $\langle length \rangle$. This style sets /tcb/bottomrule at break to Opt and changes /tcb/bottomsep at break as required. In general, it is not advisable to change this value if the *first* and *middle* parts in a break sequence end with a rule.

/tcb/pad at break= $\langle length \rangle$

(style, no default, initially 3.5mm)

Abbreviation for setting (length) to /tcb/pad before break and /tcb/pad after break.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum} % preamble
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced jigsaw,breakable,pad at break=0mm,
    title={For this box, the pad space at the break point is set to 0mm}]
    \lipsum[1-2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

For this box, the pad space at the break point is set to 0mm

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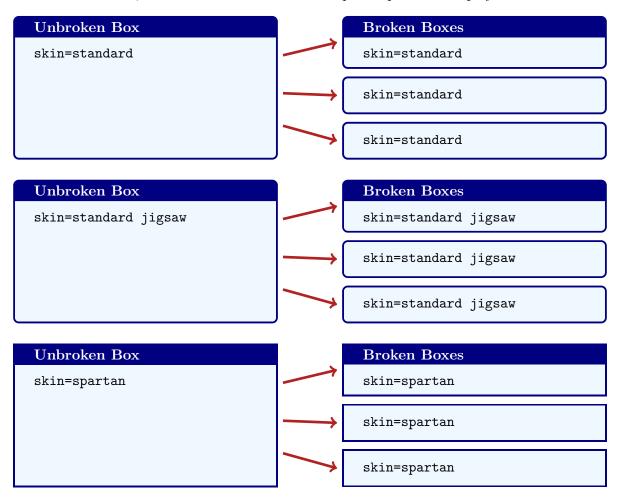
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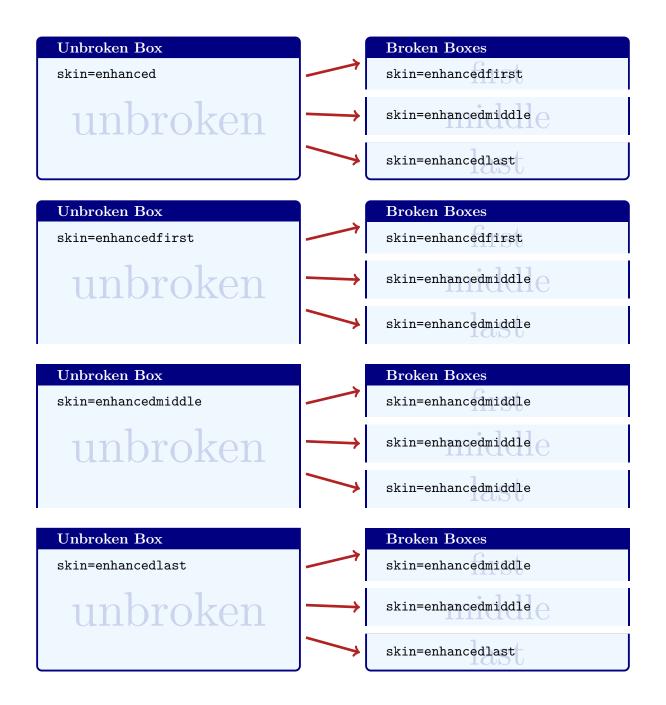
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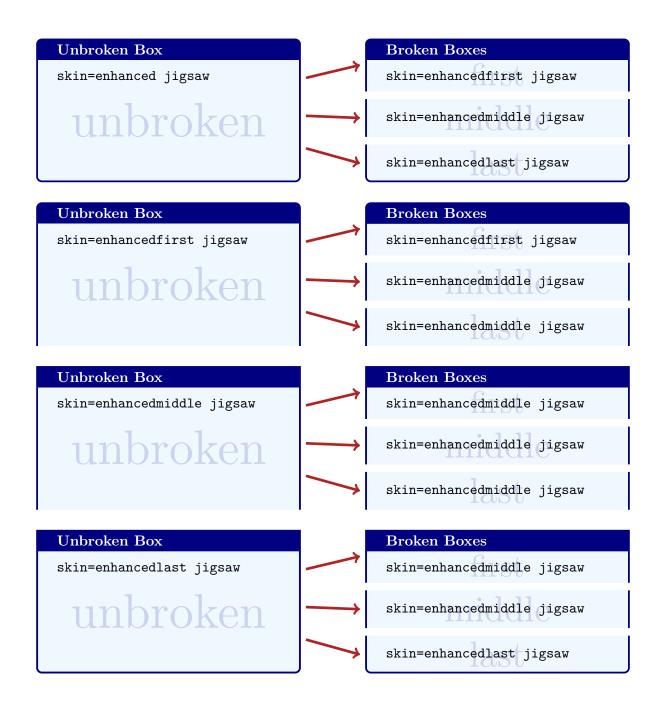
Also see /tcb/enlarge top at break by $^{P.61}$ and /tcb/enlarge bottom at break by $^{P.61}$.

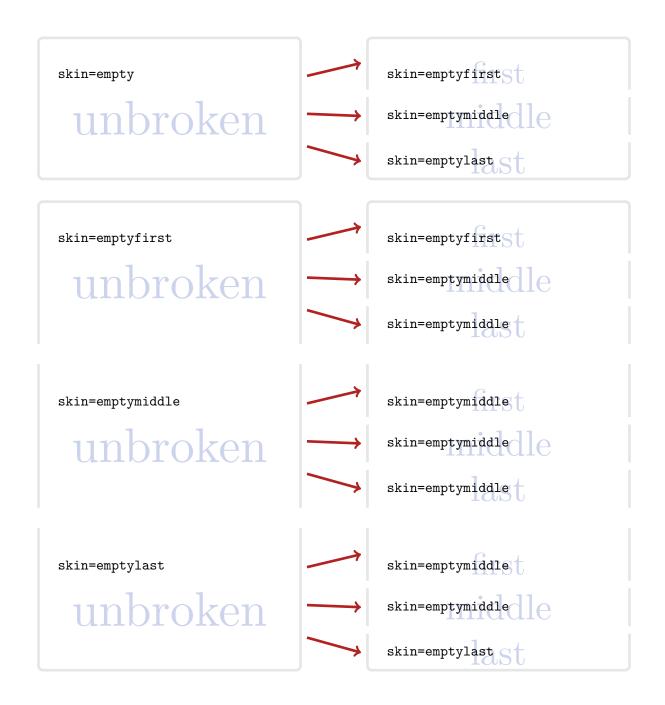
11.5 Break Sequence for the Skins

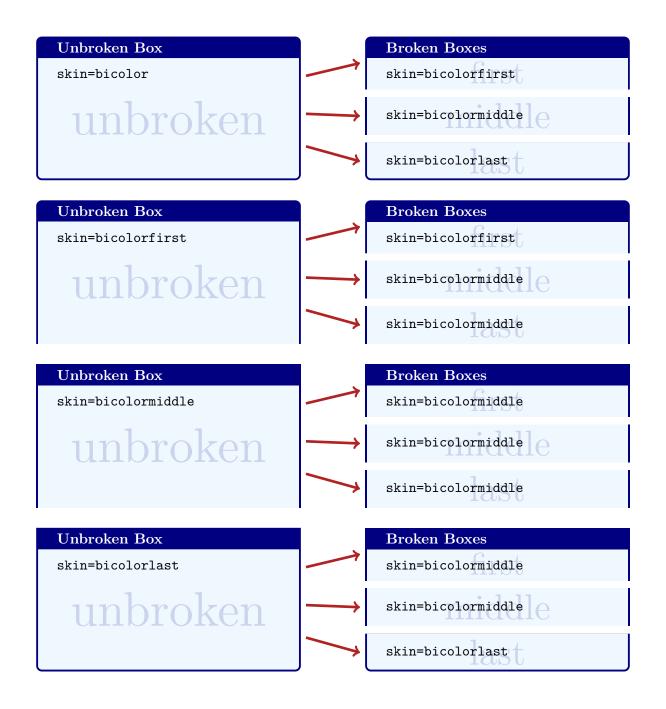
The following diagrams document the *break sequence* for different skins. Depending on the main skin of a tcolorbox, the actual skins of the *break sequence* parts are displayed.

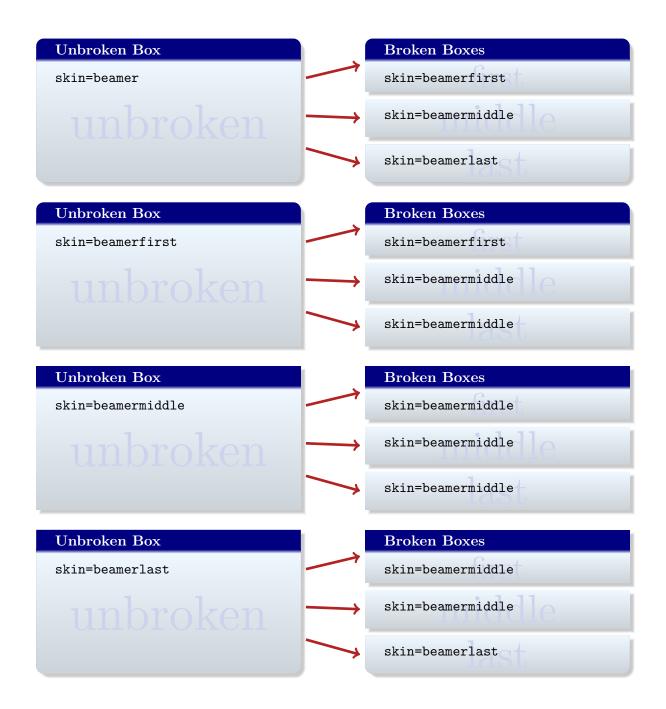


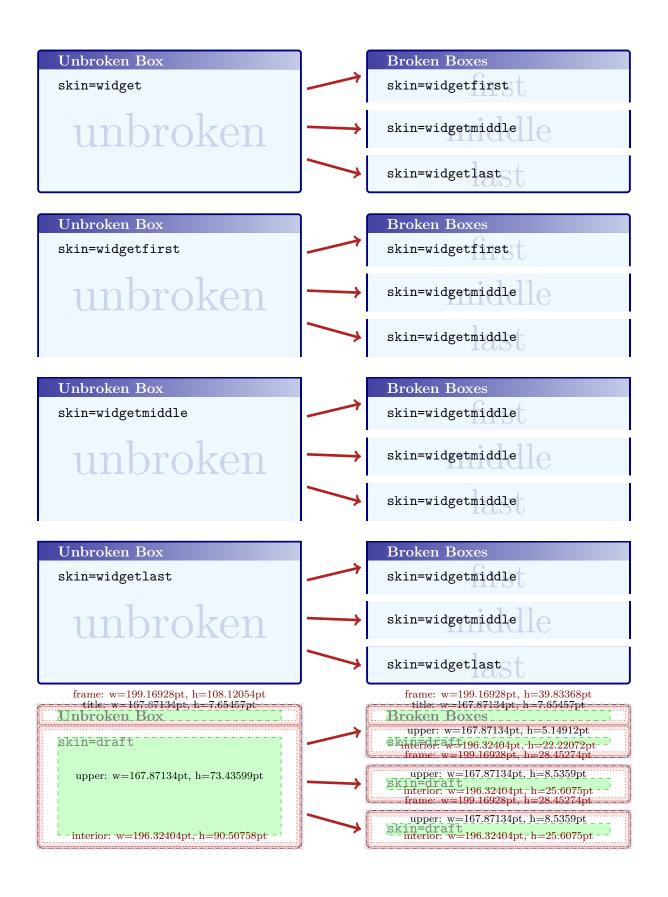


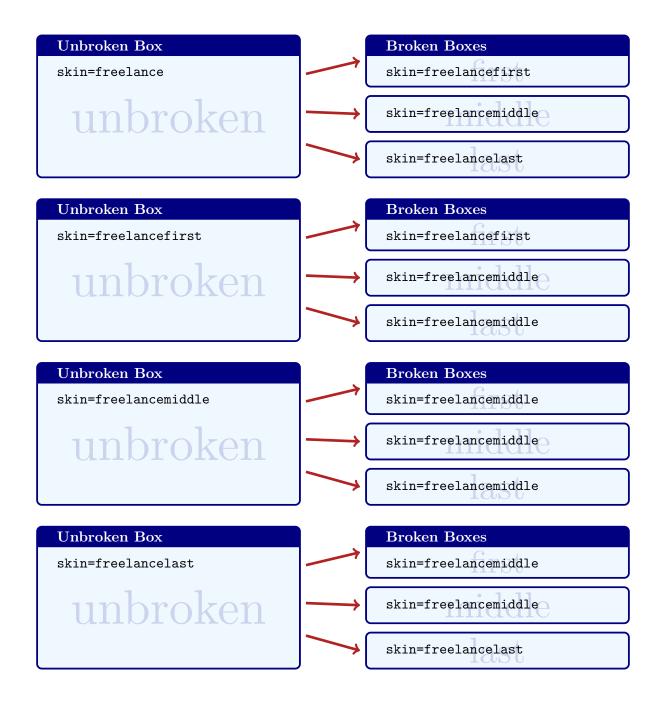












11.6 Break by Hand (Faked Break)

Since the appearance of broken boxes is done by skins, it is quite easy to 'fake a break'. For this, you actually don't need the breakable library at all.

```
\tcbset{enhanced,equal height group=fakedbreak,
  {\tt colback=LightGreen,colframe=DarkGreen,}
  width=(\linewidth-6mm)/3,nobeforeafter,
  left=1mm,right=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,middle=1mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My broken box,skin=enhancedfirst]
This is a box which breaks from one column to another
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[skin=enhancedmiddle]
column. I am sorry to say that this is a trick.
Nevertheless, you may use this trick for your
\end{tcolorbox}\hfill
\begin{tcolorbox}[skin=enhancedlast]
own purposes.
\end{tcolorbox}
 My broken box
                                                                 own purposes.
                                 column. I am sorry to say that
                                 this is a trick. Nevertheless,
 This is a box which breaks
                                 you may use this trick for your
 from one column to another
```

12 Library fitting

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{fitting}
```

12.1 Macros of the Library

```
\tcboxfit[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle box\ content \rangle\}
```

Creates a colored box where the given $\langle box\ content \rangle$ is fitted to the width and height of the box. A tcboxfit has to have a fixed height. If no fixed height is given, a square box is constructed. In principal, most $\langle options \rangle$ for a tcolorbox^{-> P.9} can be used for \tcboxfit with some restrictions. A \tcboxfit cannot have a lower part and cannot be broken.

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With a title

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$\newtcboxfit[\langle init\ options \rangle] \{ \langle name \rangle \} [\langle number \rangle] [\langle default \rangle] \{ \langle options \rangle \}$

Creates a new macro $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\mathsf{tcboxfit}^{\to P.260}$. Basically, $\mathsf{newtcboxfit}$ operates like $\mathsf{newcommand}$. The new macro $\langle name \rangle$ optionally takes $\langle number \rangle + 1$ arguments, where $\langle default \rangle$ is the default value for the optional first argument. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying $\mathsf{tcboxfit}$. The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

```
\newtcboxfit{\mybox}{colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,width=4cm,
  height=1.5cm,center upper}

\mybox{This is my own box.}\par
\mybox{This is my own box with more text
```

to be written.}

This is my own box.

This is my own box with more text to be written.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcboxfit{\mybox}[2]{colback=red!5!white,
   colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
   boxsep=1mm,left=0mm,right=0mm,top=0mm,
   bottom=0mm,center upper,valign=center,
   nobeforeafter,width=#1,height=#2}

\mybox{2.5cm}{1cm}{First box}%
\mybox{2.5cm}{1cm}{Second box with more text}\\mybox{5cm}{2cm}{Third box with text}\\mybox{5cm}{3cm}{\lipsum[1]}
```

 $First\ box$

Second box with more text

Third box with text

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Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitas, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu magna. Donoc vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitans morbi trisciques augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitans morbi trisciques senduris ut letus ctra wivudra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Alle present est, aculis con ultrices bibendum. Alle proposition de la consideration de la considerat

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcboxfit{\mybox}[2][]{colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,
    width=#2,height=#2/3*2,#1}

\mybox[colback=yellow]{5cm}%
    {\lipsum[2]}
```

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Operates like \newtcboxfit, but based on \renewcommand instead of \newcommand. An existing macro is redefined.

\tcbfontsize $\{\langle factor \rangle\}$

Selects a font size inside a toolorbox which is scaled with the given $\langle factor \rangle$ relative to $\backslash tcbfitdim$.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit basedim=10pt]
   {\tcbfontsize{0.25} Very tiny,}\\
   {\tcbfontsize{0.5} Small,}\\
   {\tcbfontsize{1} Normal,}\\
   {\tcbfontsize{2} Large,}\\
   {\tcbfontsize{4} Huge.}
\end{tcolorbox}
```

 $\overset{\text{\tiny Normal,}}{\text{\tiny Large,}}\\ Huge.$

12.2 Option Keys of the Library

The font size for the content of a box with fixed width and fixed height can be adjusted automatically. This is called the *fitbox capture mode*. Note that the fit control algorithm constructs a series of versions for the box and selects the 'best'. Therefore, the compilation time is quite longer than for a normal box. The algorithm will fail, if a different selected font size does not change the overall size of the box content. The \tcboxfit^P.260 macro uses this algorithm by default.

The fit control keys are only applicable to unbreakable boxes without a lower part. The box content should not change counters.

/tcb/fit (style, initially unset)

Sets the $/\text{tcb/capture}^{\to P.69}$ mode to fitbox, i.e. enables the font size adjustment algorithm. Thereby, a $\text{tcolorbox}^{\to P.9}$ acts like $\text{\tcboxfit}^{\to P.260}$ where the given $\langle box\ content \rangle$ is fitted to the width and height of the box. Therefore, the box has to have a fixed height. If no fixed height is given, a square box is constructed. The font dimension \tcbfitdim can also be used to adjust the margins of the box since a box with a tiny font may not need large margins. The number of constructed boxes is saved to the macro \tcbfitsteps for analysis.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
% \tcbuselibrary{skins}
\newtcolorbox{fitting}[2][]{fit,height=#2,boxsep=1pt,valign=center,opacityupper=0.5,
    top=0.4\tcbfitdim,bottom=0.4\tcbfitdim,left=0.75\tcbfitdim,right=0.75\tcbfitdim,
    enhanced,watermark text={\tcbfitsteps},colframe=blue!75!black,colback=white,#1}

\begin{fitting}{4cm}
\lipsum[1]
\end{fitting}
\begin{fitting}{2cm}
\lipsum[2]
\end{fitting}
\begin{fitting}{1cm}
\lipsum[3]
\end{fitting}
\lipsum[3]
\end{fitting}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellu adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitac, placerat a., molestie nec, leo. Maccenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula fengiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lot que, Sed lacin nulla vitac entim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non emim Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinas lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu

/tcb/fit to= $\langle width \rangle$ and $\langle height \rangle$

(style, initially unset)

Shortcut for using $/\text{tcb/fit}^{\rightarrow P.262}$ and setting the $\langle width \rangle$ and $\langle height \rangle$ values separately.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
```

\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to=3cm and 2cm]
This box content is fitted to the given
dimensions.

\end{tcolorbox}

This box content is fitted to the given dimensions.

/tcb/fit to height= $\langle height \rangle$

(style, initially unset)

Shortcut for using $/ \text{tcb/fit}^{\rightarrow P.262}$ and setting the $\langle height \rangle$ value separately.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to height=2cm]
This box content is fitted to the given height.
```

This box content is fitted to the given height.

/tcb/fit basedim= $\langle length \rangle$

\end{tcolorbox}

(no default, initially 10pt)

Sets the starting font dimension for the font size adjustment algorithm to $\langle length \rangle$. The algorithm never enlarges this dimension.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to=4cm and 2cm]
Too few words for the box.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Too few words for the box.

\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to=4cm and 2cm,
 fit basedim=50pt]
 Enough words for the box.
\end{tcolorbox}

Enough words for the box.

/tcb/fit skip=\(real value\)

(no default, initially 1.2)

Sets the skip value of the selected font to \(\langle real value \rangle \) times \tcbfitdim.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,
    colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,
    right=1mm,boxsep=0mm}

\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to=5cm and 4cm,
    fit skip=1.0 ]
    \lipsum[1]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula angue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Redefines the standard LATEX font size macros \tiny, \scriptsize, \footnotesize, \small, \normalsize, \large, \Large, \LARGE, \huge, and \Huge, to set font sizes relative to the current \tcbfitdim. Note that the display skip values for mathematical formulas are respected by the redefined macros.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,
  right=1mm,boxsep=0mm}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to height=4cm]
  {\Large\bfseries This text is
             not adapted:\par}
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit to height=4cm,
  fit fontsize macros ]
  {\Large\bfseries This text is adapted:\par}
  \lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
```

This text isnot adapted:

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo.
Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl
hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec
ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur
ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus
luctus mauris.

This text is adapted:

This text is adapted:

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis patogue penatibus et magna. a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,
  right=1mm,boxsep=0mm}
\let\realHuge=\Huge
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit basedim=7pt,
  fontupper=\normalsize,
  fit fontsize macros]
The relative relative font size macros
are also usable without the
\textit{fit} algorithm.\par
{\Huge Adapted Huge} ---
{\realHuge Original Huge}
\end{tcolorbox}
```

The relative relative font size macros are also usable without the fit algorithm. Huge Adapted

/tcb/fit height plus=⟨dimension⟩

(no default, initially Opt)

The box is allowed to enlarge the fixed height up to the given $\langle dimension \rangle$, before a font size fit is applied. An optional /tcb/fit width plus is tried after the height adaption.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,
      right=1mm, boxsep=0mm, width=3cm, height=3cm, nobeforeafter}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{t.colorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit,fit height plus=1cm]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit,fit height plus=1cm]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                                                                                                                                 Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.
                                                                                                                             m dui ligula, fringilla a, cuis-
d sodales, sollicitudin vol, wisi,
rbi auctor lorem non justo.
m lacus libero, pretium at,
rotis vitae, ultricles et, tellus.
me alquet, tortor sed accum-
bibendum, crat ligula aliquet
gna, vitae ornare odio metus a
Morbia cor cie tinia hendrerit
lis. Suspendisse ut massa.
la. Cum sociis natoque pe-
ibus et magnis dis parturient
nes, nascetur ridiculus mus.
quam tincidunt urna. Nulla ul-
corper vestibulum turpis. Pe-
tesque cursus luctus mauris.
                                                              This is a tcolor-
   This is a tcolor-
   box.
                                                             box.
```

/tcb/fit width plus=⟨dimension⟩

(no default, initially Opt)

The box is allowed to enlarge the fixed width up to the given $\langle dimension \rangle$, before a font size fit is applied. An optional /tcb/fit height plus is tried before the width adaption.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,
     right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,width=3cm,height=3cm,nobeforeafter}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit,fit width plus=1cm]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit,fit width plus=1cm]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}
                                                                                                                                                                Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod so-
dales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auc-
tor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero,
pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et,
tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed ac-
cumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet
magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi.
Morbi ac orci et nisi hendretir molis.
Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante.
Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis na-
toque penatibus et magnis dis parturi-
ent montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ali-
quam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper
vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus
luctus mauris.
                                                                                                             Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euis-
mod sodales, sollicitudin vel, visi.
Morbi auctor lorem non justo.
Il describe de la comparation de la
lobortis vitae, ultricies et tellus.
Donce aliquet, tortor sed accum-
san bibendum, erat ligula aliquet
magna, vitae ornare odio metus a
mi. Morbi ac orci et nisi hendrerit
millis. Suspendisse ut massa.
  This is a tcolor-
                                                       This is a tcolor-
   box.
                                                       box.
```

Typically, the optional title of a tcolorbox is not part of the fit operation. If a /tcb/fit width plus is applied, the title is also adapted to the new width. If counters are increased inside the title text, they may be increased more than one time. To avoid this, you are encouraged to use /tcb/phantom^{P.72} or /tcb/step and label^{P.72} to set counters or use automatic numbering, see Subsection 4.1 from page 75.

```
/tcb/fit width from=\langle min \rangle to \langle max \rangle (style, no default)
Sets the box width to \langle min \rangle and allows the width to grow up to \langle max \rangle.
```

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,bottom=1mm,
    right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,height=4cm}

\begin{tcolorbox}[fit,width=\linewidth/2]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}\par
\begin{tcolorbox}[fit width from=\linewidth/2 to \linewidth]
\lipsum[2]
\end{tcolorbox}\par
```

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullam-corper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Sets the box height to $\langle min \rangle$ and allows the height to grow up to $\langle max \rangle$.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\newtcolorbox{mybox}{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,
  bottom=1mm,right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,width=4cm,nobeforeafter,
  fit height from=1cm to 8cm}

\usepackage{lipsum}
\underline{lipsum}
\underline{lip
```

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

This is a toolorbox.

This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox. This is a tcolorbox.

/tcb/fit algorithm= $\langle name \rangle$

(no default, initially fontsize)

Sets the algorithm for the fitting process *after* optionally width and height are adapted. Feasible values for $\langle name \rangle$ are:

- fontsize (initial): The algorithm is a bisection method that adapts the font size until certain stop conditions are fulfilled. This is the most time-consuming method but it is robust and gives pleasant results.
- The used font has to be freely scalable for this method! Other content than text is not scaled down. The aspect ratio is fully garanteed.
 - areasize: The algorithm calculates the area size for the text without scaling the font. The text box is shaped for the needed aspect ratio in one or two steps. Finally, it is scaled down with a standard \resizebox macro.
- The used font has not to be scalable. Every box content is scaled down. The aspect ratio cannot be fully garanteed.
 - hybrid: First, this algorithm estimates the needed font size in one or two steps. Then an areasize fitting as above is a applied.
- The used font has to be freely scalable for this method! Other content than text may be slightly rescaled. The aspect ratio cannot be fully garanteed.
 - squeeze: The text box is brutally scaled down to fit.
- The aspect ratio is very likely to be horrible. You should not use this method for final documents.

% \usepackage{lipsum}

\newtcboxfit{mybox}[1]{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,left=1mm,top=1mm,
bottom=1mm,right=1mm,boxsep=0mm,width=3.5cm,height=7cm,nobeforeafter,
before upper=\textcolor{blue}{\rule{5mm}{5mm}}\,
enhanced,watermark text={\tcbfitsteps},
fonttitle=\bfseries,adjusted title=#1,fit algorithm=#1}

\mybox{fontsize}{\lipsum[2]}\hfill
\mybox{hybrid}{\lipsum[2]}\hfill
\mybox{areasize}{\lipsum[2]}\hfill
\mybox{squeeze}{\lipsum[2]}

Quality \dotfill versus \dotfill Speed

${\bf fontsize}$

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla vestibulum ullamcorper turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

hybrid

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus

areasize

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, telultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, lus. erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

squeeze

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris

 The following options set control parameters for the fit algorithm. Mainly, they apply to the fontsize variant, see /tcb/fit algorithm P.268. The options should be seen as experimental and are likely to change in future versions, if necessary.

/tcb/fit maxstep= $\langle number \rangle$

(no default, initially 20)

Sets the maximal step size for the font size adjustment algorithm. In normal situations, the algorithm stops before reaching the intial value of 20 steps. If the box content does not shrink, this value prevents an endless loop.

/tcb/fit maxfontdiff=⟨dimension⟩

(no default, initially 0.1pt)

The algorithm stops, if the font size is determined within a deviation of $\langle dimension \rangle$.

/tcb/fit maxfontdiffgap=\langle dimension \rangle

(no default, initially 1pt)

The algorithm stops, if the number of lines is determined and the font size is determined within a deviation of $\langle dimension \rangle$.

/tcb/fit maxwidthdiff= $\langle dimension \rangle$

(no default, initially 1pt)

The algorithm stops, if the (optionally) flexible box width is determined within a deviation of $\langle dimension \rangle$.

/tcb/fit maxwidthdiffgap=\langle dimension \rangle

(no default, initially 10pt)

The algorithm stops, if the number of lines is determined and the (optionally) flexible box width is determined within a deviation of $\langle dimension \rangle$.

/tcb/fit warning= $\langle value \rangle$

(no default, initially off)

Typically, the fit control algorithm constructs several auxiliary boxes to determine the optimal one. If not switched off, the construction of the auxiliary boxes may produce many hbox warnings. This option key changes the \hbadness value.

- off: Most of 'Underfull \hbox' and 'Overfull \hbox' warnings are switched off (including the ones for the finally used box).
- on: All warnings for all auxiliary boxes are displayed.
- final: Only warnings for the finally used box are displayed. Note that an additional box has to be contructed for theses messages.

13 Library hooks

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{hooks}
```

For the skin related options, the library $\frac{1}{2}$ skins has to be loaded separately.

13.1 Concept of Hooks

A hook is a placeholder in some LATEX code where additional code can be added. For example, the LATEX macro \AtBeginDocument adds code to a hook which is placed at the beginning of every document.

Several option keys of tcolorbox allow providing some code which is added to specific places of a colored box. For example, /tcb/before upper^{-P.41} places code before the content of the upper part. A following usage of this key overwrites any prior settings.

The library $\frac{1}{2}$ hooks extends /tcb/before upper $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ and several more existing keys to 'hookable' versions, e.g. /tcb/before upper app $^{\rightarrow P.271}$ and /tcb/before upper pre $^{\rightarrow P.271}$. The 'hookable' keys don't overwrite prior settings but either *app*end or *pre*pend the newly given code to the existing code.

The general naming convention (with some small exceptions) is:

- $\langle option \ key \rangle$ app: works like $\langle option \ key \rangle$ but appends its code to the existing code.
- $\langle option \ key \rangle$ pre: works like $\langle option \ key \rangle$ but prepends its code to the existing code.

If the original $\langle option \; key \rangle$ is used (again), all code will be overwritten. Therefore, the order of the option key usage is crucial.

```
% \usepackage{array, tabularx}
\newcolumntype{Y}{>{\raggedleft\arraybackslash}X}% see tabularx
\tcbset{enhanced,fonttitle=\bfseries\large,fontupper=\normalsize\sffamily,
  colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black,colbacktitle=Salmon!30!white,
  coltitle=black, center title,
  tabularx={X||Y|Y|Y|Y||Y},% this sets 'before upper' and 'after upper'
  before upper app={Group & One & Two & Three & Four & Sum\\hline\hline} }
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My table]
Red & 1000.00 & 2000.00 & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 10000.00\\hline
Green & 2000.00 & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 5000.00 & 14000.00\\hline
Blue & 3000.00 & 4000.00 & 5000.00 & 6000.00 & 18000.00\\hline\hline
    & 6000.00 & 9000.00 & 12000.00 & 15000.00 & 42000.00
\end{tcolorbox}
                                      My table
                                       Two
                                                   Three
                                                                                  Sum
 Group
                        One
                                                                   Four
 Red
                     1000.00
                                   2000.00
                                                  3000.00
                                                                4000.00
                                                                              10000.00
 Green
                                                                              14000.00
                     2000.00
                                   3000.00
                                                  4000.00
                                                                5000.00
                                   4000.00
                                                  5000.00
                                                                              18000.00
 Blue
                     3000.00
                                                                6000.00
                                                                              42000.00
                     6000.00
                                   9000.00
                                                 12000.00
                                                               15000.00
 Sum
```

13.2 Box Content Additions

The following option keys extend the options given in Subsection 3.7 from page 41.

/tcb/before title app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/before title}^{\rightarrow P.41}$ after the color and font settings and before the content of the title.

/tcb/before title pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/before title}^{\rightarrow P.41}$ after the color and font settings and before the content of the title.

/tcb/after title app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/after title $^{\rightarrow P.41}$ after the content of the title.

/tcb/after title pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/after title}^{\rightarrow P.41}$ after the content of the title.

/tcb/before upper app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/before upper}^{\rightarrow P.41}$ after the color and font settings and before the content of the upper part.

/tcb/before upper pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/before upper}^{\rightarrow P.\,41}$ after the color and font settings and before the content of the upper part.

/tcb/after upper app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/after upper $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{}^{P.42}$ after the content of the upper part.

/tcb/after upper pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/after upper $^{\rightarrow P.42}$ after the content of the upper part.

```
% \tcbset{ams align,% this sets 'before upper' and 'after upper'
colback=yellow!10!white,colframe=red!50!black,
before upper app={\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}&=\sqrt{2}.\\},
after upper pre={\\\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)&=1.},
}
\begin{tcolorbox}
\sum\limits_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} &= \infty.\\
\int x^2 ~\text{d}x &= \frac13 x^3 + c.
\end{tcolorbox}
```

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}.\tag{22}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} = \infty. \tag{23}$$

$$\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + c. \tag{24}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 1. \tag{25}$$

 $/\text{tcb/before lower app} = \langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/before lower $^{\rightarrow P.42}$ after the color and font settings and before the content of the lower part.

/tcb/before lower pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/before lower^{\rightarrow P.42} after the color and font settings and before the content of the lower part.

/tcb/after lower app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/after lower $^{\rightarrow P.42}$ after the content of the lower part.

/tcb/after lower pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/\text{tcb/after lower}^{\rightarrow P.42}$ after the content of the lower part.

13.3 Embedding into the Surroundings

The following option keys extend the options given in Subsection 3.11 from page 59.

The 'hookable' versions are usable inside the document. In the preamble, they can only be used after explicit setting of /tcb/before^{¬P.59} and /tcb/after^{¬P.59} or by e.g. /tcb/parskip^{¬P.59}.

/tcb/before app= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to /tcb/before $^{\rightarrow P.59}$ before the colored box.

/tcb/before pre= $\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ tcb/before^{\rightarrow P.59}$ before the colored box.

 $/tcb/after app=\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Appends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ tcb/after^{\rightarrow P.59}$ after the colored box.

 $/\text{tcb/after pre=}\langle code \rangle$ (no default)

Prepends the given $\langle code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/after}^{\rightarrow P.59}$ after the colored box.

\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,before app={The box follows:\\[4pt]},
 after app={This is the end.}]

This is a $\text{textbf}\{\text{tcolorbox}\}.$

\end{tcolorbox}

The box follows:

My title

This is a **tcolorbox**.

This is the end.

13.4 Overlays

The following option keys extend the options given in Subsection 3.8 from page 50.

```
/tcb/overlay app=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                (no default)
     Appends the given \langle graphical \ code \rangle to / tcb/overlay^{\rightarrow P.50}.
         % \usetikzlibrary{patterns} % preamble
         % \tcbuselibrary{skins} % preamble
         \tcbset{frogbox/.style={enhanced,colback=green!10,colframe=green!65!black,
           enlarge top by=5.5mm,
           overlay={\foreach \x in \{2cm, 3.5cm\} {
             \begin{scope}[shift={([xshift=\x]frame.north west)}]
                \path[draw=green!65!black,fill=green!10,line width=1mm] (0,0) arc (0:180:5mm);
                \path[fill=black] (-0.2,0) arc (0:180:1mm);
             \end{scope}}}]}}
         \tcbset{ribbon/.style={overlay app={%
           \path[fill=blue!75!white,draw=blue,double=white!85!blue,
             preaction={opacity=0.6,fill=blue!75!white},
             line width=0.1mm,double distance=0.2mm,
             pattern=fivepointed stars,pattern color=white!75!blue]
             ([xshift=-0.2mm,yshift=-1.02cm]frame.north east)
              -- ++(-1,1) -- ++(-0.5,0) -- ++(1.5,-1.5) -- cycle;}}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[frogbox,title=My title]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.
         \end{tcolorbox}
         \begin{tcolorbox}[frogbox,ribbon,title=My title]
         This is a \textbf{tcolorbox}.\par
         Here, we apply a second overlay.
         \end{tcolorbox}
            My title
             This is a tcolorbox.
            My title
            This is a tcolorbox.
             Here, we apply a second overlay.
/tcb/overlay pre=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                (no default)
     Prepends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to /tcb/overlay^{\rightarrow P.50}.
/tcb/overlay unbroken app=\langle qraphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                (no default)
     Appends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to / tcb/overlay\ unbroken^{\rightarrow P.51}.
/tcb/overlay unbroken pre=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                (no default)
     Prepends the given \langle graphical \ code \rangle to / \text{tcb/overlay unbroken}^{\rightarrow P. 51}.
/tcb/overlay first app=\(\rangle graphical \code \rangle \)
                                                                                                (no default)
     Appends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to / tcb/overlay\ first^{\rightarrow P.51}.
```

Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/ tcb/overlay\ first^{\rightarrow P.51}$.

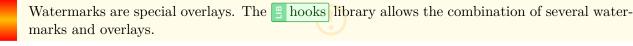
(no default)

/tcb/overlay first pre=\(\rangle graphical \code \rangle \)

/tcb/overlay middle app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay middle $^{\rightarrow$ P.51.	(no default)
/tcb/overlay middle pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay middle ^{\rightarrow P.51} .	(no default)
/tcb/overlay last app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay last $^{\rightarrow P.51}$.	(no default)
/tcb/overlay last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay last $^{\rightarrow P.51}$.	(no default)
/tcb/overlay broken app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay broken ^{\rightarrow P.51} .	(no default)
/tcb/overlay broken pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay broken ^{\rightarrow P.51} .	(no default)
/tcb/overlay unbroken and first app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay unbroken and first	(no default) P. 51.
/tcb/overlay unbroken and first pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay unbroken and first	(no default)
/tcb/overlay middle and last app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay middle and last $^{\rightarrow}$ P.51	(no default)
/tcb/overlay middle and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay middle and last $^{\rightarrow\mathrm{P.5}}$	(no default) 1.
/tcb/overlay unbroken and last app= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Appends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay unbroken and last $^{\rightarrow}$ F	(no default)
/tcb/overlay unbroken and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/overlay unbroken and last	(no default)

13.5 Watermarks

The following option keys extend the options given in Subsection 7.3 from page 106.



/tcb/watermark text app= $\langle text \rangle$ (no default)

Appends a /tcb/watermark text→P.106 to the colored box.

```
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries}

\begin{tcolorbox}[enhanced,title=My title,watermark graphics=Basilica_5.png,
    watermark opacity=0.25,
    watermark text app=Basilica,watermark color=Navy
    ]

\lipsum[1-2]
\tcblower

This example uses a public domain picture from\\
\url{http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Basilica_5.png}
\end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

This example uses a public domain picture from http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Basilica_5.png

```
/tcb/watermark text pre=\langle text \rangle (no default)
Prepends a /tcb/watermark text \(^{\text}\) P. 106 to the colored box.

/tcb/watermark text app on=\langle part \rangle is \langle text \rangle (no default)
Appends a /tcb/watermark text on \(^{\text}\) P. 106 the named \(\langle part \rangle \) of a break sequence.

/tcb/watermark text pre on=\langle part \rangle is \langle text \rangle (no default)
Prepends a /tcb/watermark text on \(^{\text}\) P. 106 the named \(\langle part \rangle \) of a break sequence.
```

```
/tcb/watermark graphics app=\langle file name \rangle (no default)
```

Appends a /tcb/watermark graphics $^{\rightarrow P.107}$ referenced by (file name) to the colored box.

```
/tcb/watermark graphics pre=\langle file \ name \rangle (no de
```

Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics

```
/tcb/watermark graphics app on=\langle part \rangle is \langle file\ name \rangle (no default)
```

Appends a /tcb/watermark graphics on $^{\rightarrow P.107}$ the named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence. The picture is referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$.

```
/tcb/watermark graphics pre on=\langle part \rangle is \langle file\ name \rangle (no default)
```

Prepends a /tcb/watermark graphics on $^{\rightarrow P.107}$ the named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence. The picture is referenced by $\langle file\ name \rangle$.

```
/tcb/watermark tikz app=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
```

(no default)

Appends a /tcb/watermark tikz $^{-P.108}$ with the given tikz $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to the colored box

/tcb/watermark tikz pre=\(\rangle qraphical code \rangle \)

(no default)

Prepends a /tcb/watermark tikz $^{-P.108}$ with the given tikz $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to the colored box.

```
% \usepackage{tikz}
\tcbset{colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,fonttitle=\bfseries,
  watermark color=Navy,watermark opacity=0.25,
  smiley/.style={watermark tikz pre={%
     \path[fill=yellow,draw=yellow!75!red] (0,0) circle (1cm);
     \fill[red] (45:5mm) circle (1mm);
     \fill[red] (135:5mm) circle (1mm);
     \draw[line width=1mm,red] (215:5mm) arc (215:325:5mm);}}}

\begin{tcolorbox} [enhanced,title=My title, watermark text=Watermark,
     smiley]
     \lipsum[1-2]
     \end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

```
/tcb/watermark tikz app on=\langle part \rangle is \langle graphical \ code \rangle
```

(no default)

Appends a /tcb/watermark tikz on $^{\rightarrow P.108}$ the named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence.

```
/tcb/watermark tikz pre on=\langle part \rangle is \langle graphical\ code 
angle
```

no default)

Prepends a /tcb/watermark tikz on $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{P}$. 108 the named $\langle part \rangle$ of a break sequence.

13.6 Underlays

The following option keys extend the options given in Section 7.8 on page 133. There are no app type keys since underlays are stackable by default.

/tcb/underlay pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay $^{\rightarrow P.133}$.	
/tcb/underlay unbroken pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay unbroken $^{\rightarrow P.134}$.	,
/tcb/underlay first pre= $\langle graphical\ code angle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay first ^{\rightarrowP. 134} .	
/tcb/underlay middle pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay middle $^{\rightarrow}$ P. 134.	
/tcb/underlay last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay last ^{\rightarrow P. 134} .	`
/tcb/underlay boxed title pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay boxed title ${}^{\rightarrow}$ P. 134.	
/tcb/underlay broken pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay broken ^{\rightarrow P. 134} .	
/tcb/underlay unbroken and first pre= $\langle graphical\ code angle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle \mathit{graphical\ code} \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay unbroken and first	→ P. 134
/tcb/underlay middle and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay middle and last $^{ op P.1}$	134.
/tcb/underlay unbroken and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no default)
Prepends the given $\langle \mathit{graphical\ code} \rangle$ to /tcb/underlay unbroken and last	P. 134

13.7 Finishes

The following option keys extend the options given in Section 7.9 on page 135. There are no app type keys since finishes are stackable by default.

$/tcb/finish pre=\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/ tcb/finish^{\rightarrow P.135}$.		
/tcb/finish unbroken pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/tcb/finish\ unbroken^{\rightarrow P.136}$.		
/tcb/finish first pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/finish}\ \text{first}^{\rightarrow P.136}$.		
/tcb/finish middle pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/finish middle ^{\rightarrowP. 136} .		
/tcb/finish last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/finish}\ last^{\rightarrow P.136}$.		
/tcb/finish broken pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(no c	default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to $/ \text{tcb/finish}\ \text{broken}^{\rightarrow\text{P.}136}$.		
/tcb/finish unbroken and first pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$		default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/finish unbroken and first $^{\rightarrow\mathrm{Pr}}$		
/tcb/finish middle and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$		default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/finish middle and last $^{\rightarrow\mathrm{P.136}}$.		
/tcb/finish unbroken and last pre= $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$	(default)
Prepends the given $\langle graphical\ code \rangle$ to /tcb/finish unbroken and last $^{ ightarrow\mathrm{P.1}}$	36.	

13.8 Skin Code

The following option keys extend the options given in Subsection 6.2 from page 85.

```
\begin{tcolorbox}[title=My title,enhanced,colframe=Navy,
  frame code app={\draw[yellow,line width=1cm] (
    frame.south west)--(frame.north east);},
  interior titled code app={\draw[red,line width=1cm]
      (frame.north west)--(frame.south east);},
  ]
  \lipsum[1]
  \end{tcolorbox}
```

My title

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Denec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

```
/tcb/interior titled code pre=\(\rangle qraphical code \rangle \)
                                                                                                                 (no default)
     Prepends the given \langle qraphical\ code \rangle to /tcb/interior\ titled\ code^{\rightarrow P.85}.
/tcb/interior code app=\langle qraphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                                 (no default)
      Appends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to /tcb/interior code<sup>\rightarrowP.86</sup>.
/tcb/interior code pre=\(\rangle qraphical code \rangle \)
                                                                                                                 (no default)
     Prepends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to /tcb/interior\ code^{\rightarrow P.86}.
/tcb/segmentation code app=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                                 (no default)
      Appends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to /tcb/segmentation code<sup>\rightarrowP.86</sup>.
/tcb/segmentation code pre=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                                 (no default)
      Prepends the given \langle graphical\ code \rangle to / \text{tcb/segmentation}\ code^{\rightarrow P.\,86}.
/tcb/title code app=\langle graphical \ code \rangle
                                                                                                                 (no default)
      Appends the given \langle graphical \ code \rangle to / \text{tcb}/ \text{title } \text{code}^{\rightarrow P.87}.
/tcb/title code pre=⟨graphical code⟩
                                                                                                                 (no default)
      Prepends the given \langle graphical \ code \rangle to /tcb/title \ code^{\rightarrow P.87}.
```

14 Library xparse

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{xparse}
```

This also loads the package xparse [10].

The purpose of this library is to give comfortable access to the powerful document command production with xparse for tcolorbox. See the xparse package documentation [10] for details about the argument $\langle specification \rangle$ used in this section.

14.1 Option Keys

/tcb/verbatim (style, no value)

Sets options for a *verbatim* style $\tcbox^{P.11}$. Since the indented boxes may contain only very few words, the dimensions are made smaller and $/tcb/nobeforeafter^{P.59}$ and /tcb/tcbox raise base $^{P.71}$ are set.

```
\DeclareTotalTCBox{\myverb}{ v }{verbatim, colframe=red!75!black,colupper=blue}{#1} \textbf is a \LaTeX command. \myverb{\textbf} is a \myverb{\LaTeX} command.
```

Wraps the \IfNoValueTF command of xparse for option setting. If the $\langle argument \rangle$ has no value, the $\langle true\ options \rangle$ are set. Otherwise, the $\langle false\ options \rangle$ are set.



\t tcb/IfValueTF= $\{\langle argument \rangle\}$ $\{\langle true\ options \rangle\}$ $\{\langle false\ options \rangle\}$

(no default)

Wraps the \IfValueTF command of xparse for option setting. If the $\langle argument \rangle$ has a value, the $\langle true\ options \rangle$ are set. Otherwise, the $\langle false\ options \rangle$ are set.

```
\DeclareTColorBox{mybox}{ o }{colframe=red!75!black,colback=red!5!white,
    IfValueTF={#1}{title={\flqq #1\frqq},fonttitle=\bfseries}{}}

\begin{mybox}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}

This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}

This is a tcolorbox.
```

$\label{lem:tcb/IfBooleanTF=} $$ \left(argument \right) = \left(\left(true \ options \right) \right) = \left(\left(true \ options \right) \right) = \left(true \ options \right) = \left(tr$

(no default)

Wraps the \IfBooleanTF command of xparse for option setting. If the $\langle argument \rangle$ is \BooleanTue, the $\langle true\ options \rangle$ are set. If the $\langle argument \rangle$ is \BooleanFalse, the $\langle false\ options \rangle$ are set.



14.2 Producing tcolorbox Environments and Commands

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on $tcolorbox^{\rightarrow P.9}$.

Basically, \DeclareTColorBox operates like \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. This means, the new environment $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcolorbox $^{\rightarrow P.9}$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new environment is always created, irrespective of an already existing environment with the same name.

```
% counter from previous example
\DeclareTColorBox[use counter from=pabox]{mybox}{ O{red} m d"" O{} }
  {enhanced,colframe=#1!75!black,colback=#1!5!white,
   fonttitle=\bfseries,title={\thetcbcounter~#2},
   IfValueTF={#3}{watermark text={#3}}{},#4}
\begin{mybox}{My title}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[blue]{My title}
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[green]{My title}"My Watermark"
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox} [yellow] {My title} [colbacktitle=yellow!50!white,coltitle=black]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
\begin{mybox}[purple]{My title}"All together"[coltitle=yellow]
This is a tcolorbox.
\end{mybox}
   14.1 My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   14.2 My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   14.3 My title
                             Mv Watermark
   This is a tcolorbox.
   14.4 My title
   This is a tcolorbox.
   14.5 My title
                                All together
   This is a tcolorbox.
```

of \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTColorBox \(^{\text{P.282}}\), but based on \RenewDocumentEnvironment instead of \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. An existing environment is redefined.

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{Contons}_{\langle init\ options\rangle}_{\langle anme\rangle}_{\langle specification\rangle}_{\langle options\rangle}_{\langle options$ instead of $\ensuremath{\texttt{Name}}$ is only created if it is not already defined.

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on tcolorbox $^{\rightarrow P.9}$. In contrast to $\langle DeclareTColorBox ^{\rightarrow P.282}$, also the $\langle content \rangle$ of the tcolorbox is specified.

Basically, \DeclareTotalTColorBox operates like \DeclareDocumentCommand. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcolorbox $^{\rightarrow P.9}$ which is filled with the specified $\langle content \rangle$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name.



Operates like \DeclareTotalTColorBox, but based on \NewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTotalTColorBox, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

$\ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \label{tikzpic} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{tikzpicture} \ensuremath{\mbox{\begin{t$

Operates like \DeclareTotalTColorBox, but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

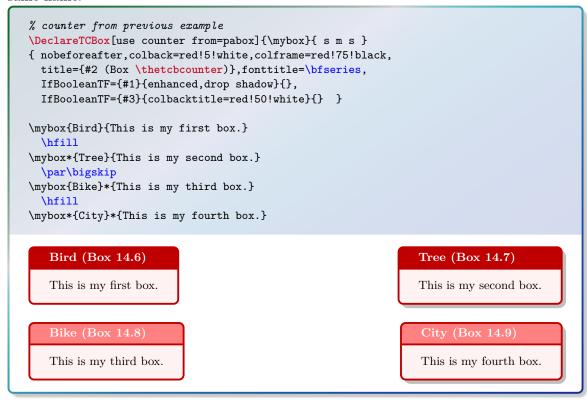
14.3 Producing tcbox Commands

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\backslash \text{tcbox}^{\rightarrow P.11}$. Basically, $\backslash \text{DeclareTCBox}$ operates like $\backslash \text{DeclareDocumentCommand}$. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying $\backslash \text{tcbox}^{\rightarrow P.11}$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name.



Operates like \DeclareTCBox, but based on \NewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTCBox, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

Operates like \DeclareTCBox, but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

$\DeclareTotalTCBox[\langle init\ options \rangle] {\langle name \rangle} {\langle specification \rangle} {\langle options \rangle} {\langle content \rangle}$

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\backslash \text{tcbox}^{\rightarrow P.11}$. In contrast to $\backslash \text{DeclareTCBox}^{\rightarrow P.285}$, also the $\langle content \rangle$ of the tcbox is specified.

Basically, \DeclareTotalTCBox operates like \DeclareDocumentCommand. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \tcbox $^{\rightarrow P.11}$ which is filled with the specified $\langle content \rangle$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name.

```
\DeclareTotalTCBox{\myverb}{ 0{red} v 0{} }
{ fontupper=\ttfamily,nobeforeafter,tcbox raise base,arc=0pt,outer arc=0pt,
    top=0pt,bottom=0pt,left=0mm,right=0mm,
    leftrule=0pt,rightrule=0pt,toprule=0.3mm,bottomrule=0.3mm,boxsep=0.5mm,
    colback=#1!10!white,colframe=#1!50!black,#3}{#2}

To set a word \textbf{bold} in \myverb{\LaTeX}, one uses
    \myverb[green]{\textbf{bold}}. Alternatively, write
    \myverb[blue]{\LaTeX}[enhanced,fuzzy halo], other font settings are
    done in the same way, e.\,g. \myverb{\textit}, \myverb{\itshape}\\\
    or \myverb[brown]{\texttt}, \myverb[brown]{\ttfamily}.

To set a word bold in \( \LaTeX\), one uses \( \textit\) ttfamily}. Alternatively, write \( \textit\), write \( \textit\), \myverb[brown] \( \textill\), \myverb[brown] \( \textit\), \myverb[brown] \( \textil
```

The next example uses \lstinline from the listings package to typeset the verbatim content.

```
% \usepackage{listings} or \tcbuselibrary{listings}
\DeclareTotalTCBox{\commandbox}{ s v }
{verbatim,colupper=white,colback=black!75!white,colframe=black}
{\lfBooleanTF{#1}{\textcolor{red}{\ttfamily\bfseries > }}{\gammandbox*{colmandbox*{cd "My Documents"} changes to directory \commandbox{My Documents}.

\commandbox*{dir /A} lists the directory content.

\commandbox*{copy example.txt d:\target} copies \commandbox{example.txt} to \commandbox{d:\target}.

\square cd "My_Documents" changes to directory My Documents
\square dir /A lists the directory content.

\square copy example.txt d:\target copies \commandbox{example.txt} to \commandbox{example.txt} to \commandbox{example.txt} to \commandbox{example.txt} \cdots \commandbox{example.txt} \commandbox{example.
```

\DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTotalTCBox→P.286, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

Operates like \DeclareTotalTCBox \(^{\text{P.286}}\), but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

$\tcboxverb[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle verbatim\ box\ content \rangle\}$

plus the given $\langle options \rangle$. The difference to $\backslash tcbox^{\rightarrow P.11}$ is that the $\langle verbatim\ box\ content \rangle$ is interpreted *verbatim*. Therefore, \tcboxverb acts similar to \verb.

\tcboxverb{\LaTeX}, \tcboxverb[colback=blue!10!white,colupper=blue]{\LaTeX}, \tcboxverb[blank,fuzzy halo]{\LaTeX}, \tcboxverb[beamer]{\LaTeX}, \tcboxverb[enhanced,skin=enhancedmiddle jigsaw,colframe=red]{\LaTeX}. \LaTeX , \LaTeX, \LaTeX , \LaTeX

14.4 Producing tcblisting Environments

The following commands need the filtering library to be included.

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on tcblisting $\stackrel{\rightarrow}{\sim}$ P. 191.

Basically, \DeclareTCBListing operates like \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. This means, the new environment $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying tcblisting $^{\rightarrow P.191}$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new environment is always created, irrespective of an already existing environment with the same name.

```
\DeclareTCBListing{mybox}{ s O{} m }{%
  colback=red!5!white,
  colframe=red!75!black,
  fonttitle=\bfseries,
                                                   Listing Box
  IfBooleanTF={#1}
    {listing side text}
    {text side listing},
                                                   This is
                                                                       This is my
                                                            my
  title=#3,#2}
                                                   LATEX pox.
                                                                       \LaTeX\ box.
\begin{mybox}{Listing Box}
This is my
                                                   Listing Box
\LaTeX\ box.
\end{mybox}
                                                   This is my
                                                                       This
                                                                             is
                                                                                  my
\bigskip
                                                                       \LaTeX box.
                                                   \LaTeX\ box.
\begin{mybox}*{Listing Box}
This is my
\LaTeX\ box.
                                                   Listing Box
\end{mybox}
\bigskip
                                                   This is
                                                                       This is my
                                                   ĿT<sub>F</sub>X box.
                                                                       \LaTeX\ box.
\begin{mybox} [colback=yellow]
  {Listing Box}
This is my
\LaTeX\ box.
\end{mybox}
```

$\NewTCBListing[\langle init\ options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle specification \rangle\} \{\langle options \rangle\}$

Operates like \DeclareTCBListing, but based on \NewDocumentEnvironment instead of \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

$\label{listing} $$ \ensuremath{\tt NenewTCBListing} [\langle init\ options \rangle] $$ {\langle name \rangle} $$ {\langle specification \rangle} $$ {\langle options \rangle} $$$

Operates like \DeclareTCBListing, but based on \RenewDocumentEnvironment instead of \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. An existing environment is redefined.

$\label{listing} $$ \ProvideTCBListing[\langle init\ options \rangle] {\langle name \rangle} {\langle specification \rangle} {\langle options \rangle} $$$

Operates like \DeclareTCBListing, but based on \ProvideDocumentEnvironment instead of \DeclareDocumentEnvironment. The environment $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

Caveats of using an environment ending with an optional argument \DeclareTCBListing{mybox}{ O{} }{listing only,#1} \begin{mybox}[colframe=red] \good \end{mybox} \begin{mybox}[colframe=red]\good\end{mybox} **\begin**{mybox} \good \end{mybox} \begin{mybox} \good\end{mybox} \begin{mybox}\bad!\end{mybox} \begin{mybox} [\good] \end{mybox} \begin{mybox} [\good]\end{mybox} \begin{mybox}[\bad!]\end{mybox}

14.5 Producing tcbinputlisting Commands

The following commands need the [3] library to be included.

$\label{lem:limit} $$ \DeclareTCBInputListing[\langle init\ options\rangle] {\continuous} {\conti$

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\mathsf{tcbinputlisting}^{\to P.193}$. Basically, $\mathsf{DeclareTCBInputListing}$ operates like $\mathsf{DeclareDocumentCommand}$. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying $\mathsf{tcbinputlisting}^{\to P.193}$.

The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75. The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name.

```
% counter from previous example
\DeclareTCBInputListing[use counter from=pabox] {\mylisting}{ 0{} 0{} red} m }{%
 listing file={#3},title=Listing~\thetcbcounter,
 colback=#2!5!white,colframe=#2!50!black,colbacktitle=#2!75!black,
 fonttitle=\bfseries,listing only,#1}
\mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
  [blue] {\jobname.tcbtemp}
   Listing 14.10
   This is the included file content:
   % counter from previous example
   \DeclareTCBInputListing[use counter from=pabox]{\mylisting}{ O{}}
       O{red} m }{%
     listing file={#3},title=Listing~\thetcbcounter,
     colback=#2!5!white,colframe=#2!50!black,colbacktitle=#2!75!black,
     fonttitle=\bfseries,listing only,#1}
   \mylisting[before upper=\textit{This is the included file content:}]
     [blue] {\jobname.tcbtemp}
```

$\label{lem:listing} $$ \operatorname{CBInputListing} [\langle init\ options \rangle] {\ \langle name \rangle} {\ \langle specification \rangle} {\ \langle options \rangle} $$$

Operates like \DeclareTCBInputListing, but based on \NewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

$\label{lem:listing} $$ \ensuremath{\mbox{\conson}} {\consons} {\$

Operates like \DeclareTCBInputListing, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

\P

Operates like \DeclareTCBInputListing, but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

14.6 Producing tboxfit Commands

The following commands need the fifting library to be included.

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\texttt{\tcboxfit}^{P.260}$. Basically, $\texttt{\DeclareTCBoxFit}$ operates like $\texttt{\DeclareDocumentCommand}$. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying $\texttt{\tcboxfit}^{P.260}$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The $\langle init\ options \rangle$ allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name

% \usepackage{lipsum}

\DeclareTCBoxFit{\mybox}{ O{} m o }
{colback=red!5!white,
 colframe=red!75!black,
 width=#2,height=#2/3*2,
 IfValueTF={#3}{height=#3}{},
 #1}

\mybox[colback=yellow]{5cm}%
 {\lipsum[2]}

\mybox[colback=yellow]{5cm}[4cm]{\lipsum[2]}

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi aucter lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricles et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci en tisì hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

$\label{lem:newTCBoxFit} $$ \left(init\ options \right) = \left(continuous \right) + \left(continuous \right) +$

Operates like \DeclareTCBoxFit, but based on \NewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTCBoxFit, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

$\ProvideTCBoxFit[\langle init\ options \rangle] \{\langle specification \rangle\} \{\langle options \rangle\} \}$

Operates like \DeclareTCBoxFit, but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

$\label{local_content} $$ \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit[\langle init\ options \rangle] {\content} {\content$

Creates a new command $\langle name \rangle$ based on $\backslash \text{tcboxfit}^{\to P.260}$. In contrast to $\backslash \text{DeclareTCBoxFit}^{\to P.291}$, also the $\langle content \rangle$ of the tcboxfit is specified.

Basically, \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit operates like \DeclareDocumentCommand. This means, the new command $\langle name \rangle$ is constructed with the given argument $\langle specification \rangle$. The $\langle options \rangle$ are given to the underlying \tcboxfit^{-P.260} which is filled with the specified $\langle content \rangle$.

Note that $/\text{tcb/savedelimiter}^{\rightarrow P.18}$ is set to the given $\langle name \rangle$ automatically.

The (init options) allow setting up automatic numbering, see Section 4 from page 75.

The new command is always created, irrespective of an already existing command with the same name.

```
% \usepackage{lipsum}
\DeclareTotalTCBoxFit{\multibox}{ O{} m O{10} m }
   {nobeforeafter,colback=red!5!white,colframe=red!75!black,width=#2,height=#2/3*2,
     valign=center,#1}
   { \foreach \n in {1,...,#3} { #4} }
\multibox{5cm}{I shall not repeat.}
\multibox[colback=yellow,height=5cm]{14cm}[100]{I shall not repeat.}
         I shall not repeat. I shall
                                                                                               shall not repeat. I
                                                                                                                               shall not repeat.
         not repeat. I shall not re-
                                                                                            I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
                                                                                            I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
         peat. I shall not repeat. I
                                                                                            I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
                                                                                            I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat. I shall not
                                                                                            I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
         repeat. I shall not repeat. I
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         shall not repeat. I shall not
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         repeat. I shall not repeat.
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         I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
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        shall not repeat. I shall 
                                                                                                                                                                                      I shall not repeat.
I shall not repeat.
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         shall not repeat.
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         shall not repeat.
                                          I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat.
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                                                                                                               I shall not repeat.
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         shall not repeat.
                                          I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
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         shall not repeat. shall not repeat.
                                         I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                               I shall not repeat.
I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                                                                   I shall not repeat.
I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                                                                                                      I shall not repeat.
I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                               I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat.
                                         I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
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                                                                                                                                                                                      I shall not repeat
                                         I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
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                                                                                                                                                                                       I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat.
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                                         I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                               I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat.
                                                                                                                                                   I shall not repeat.
                                                                                                                                                   I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
         shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat. I shall not repeat.
```

$\label{lem:newTotalTCBoxFit} $$ \left(\left(init\ options \right) \right] \left(\left(anne \right) \right) \left(\left(anne \right)$

Operates like \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, but based on \NewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An error is issued if $\langle name \rangle$ has already been defined.

Operates like \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, but based on \RenewDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. An existing command is redefined.

Operates like \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, but based on \ProvideDocumentCommand instead of \DeclareDocumentCommand. The command $\langle name \rangle$ is only created if it is not already defined.

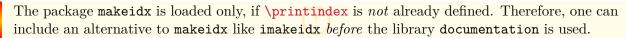
15 Library documentation

This library has the single purpose to support IATEX package documentations like this one. Actually, the visual nature follows the approach from Till Tantau's pgf [19] documentation. Typically, this library is assumed to be used in conjunction with the class ltxdoc or alike.

The library is loaded by a package option or inside the preamble by:

```
\tcbuselibrary{documentation}
```

This also loads the library $\frac{2}{5}$ listings, see Section 9 on page 190, the library $\frac{2}{5}$ skins, see Section 7 on page 93, and a bunch of packages, namely doc, pifont, marvosym, makeidx, refcount, and hyperref.



For UTF-8 support, load:

```
\tcbuselibrary{listingsutf8,documentation}
```

For minted [13] support, load:

```
\tcbuselibrary{documentation,minted}
\tcbset{listing engine=minted}
```

15.1 Macros of the Library

```
\begin{command} [\langle options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle parameters \rangle\} \\ \langle command\ description \rangle \\ \begin{command} \{docCommand} \} \\ \begin{com
```

Documents a LaTeX macro with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is written without backslash. The given $\langle options \rangle$ are set with $\backslash tcbset^{\rightarrow P.10}$. This macro takes mandatory or optional $\langle parameters \rangle$. It is automatically indexed and can be referenced with $\backslash tefCom^{\rightarrow P.299} \{\langle name \rangle\}$.

```
\begin{docCommand}{foomakedocSubKey}{\marg{name}\marg{key path}}
Creates a new environment \meta{name} based on \refEnv{docKey} for the documentation of keys with the given \meta{key path}.
\end{docCommand}
\foomakedocSubKey{\langle name \rangle} \footnote{\langle key path}}
Creates a new environment \langle name \rangle based on docKey \rightarrow P. 294 for the documentation of keys with the given \langle key path \rangle.
```

```
\begin{docCommand} [color definition=blue] {foomakedocSubKey*}% {\marg{name}\marg{key path}} Creates a new environment \meta{name} based on \refEnv{docKey} for the documentation of keys with the given \meta{key path}. \end{docCommand} \foomakedocSubKey*{\langle name \rangle} \{\langle key path \rangle} \cdot Creates a new environment \langle name \rangle based on docKey \footnote P. 294 for the documentation of keys with the given \langle key path \rangle.
```

```
\begin{command*}[\langle options \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\} \{\langle parameters \rangle\} \\ \langle command\ description \rangle \\ \begin{command*} \b
```

Identical to docCommand → P. 293, but without index entry.

```
\label{local_continuous} $$ \left( \operatorname{contions} \right) \left( \operatorname{contions} \right) \left( \operatorname{contions} \right) \left( \operatorname{contions} \right) \\ \left( \operatorname{continuous} \right) \left( \operatorname{continuous} \right) \\ \left( \operatorname{conti
```

Documents a LATEX environment with given $\langle name \rangle$. The given $\langle options \rangle$ are set with $\tcbset^{\rightarrow P. 10}$. This environment takes mandatory or optional $\langle parameters \rangle$. It is automatically indexed and can be referenced with $\tcbset^{\rightarrow P. 299} \{\langle name \rangle\}$.

```
\begin{docEnvironment}{foocolorbox}{\oarg{options}}
This is the main environment to create an accentuated colored text box with
rounded corners and, optionally, two parts.
\end{docEnvironment}

\begin{foocolorbox}[\langle options \rangle]
\langle environment content \rangle
\end{foocolorbox}
This is the main environment to create an accentuated colored text box with rounded corners
and, optionally, two parts.
```

```
\begin{docEnvironment}%
    [doclang/environment content=My content text]%
    {foocolorbox*}{\oarg{options}}
    This is the main environment to create an accentuated colored text box with rounded corners and, optionally, two parts.
\end{docEnvironment}

\begin{foocolorbox*}{\langle options \rangle} \langle \langle options \rangle \langle \langle options \rangle \langle \langle options \rangle \langle \langle options \rangle \rangle \langle options \rangle \rangle \rangle options \rangle \rangle \rangle options \rangle \ra
```

```
\begin{docEnvironment*} [\langle options \rangle] {\langle parameters \rangle}
\langle environment description \rangle
\end{docEnvironment*}
Identical to docEnvironment, but without index entry.
\begin{docKey} [\langle key path \rangle] {\langle parameters \rangle} {\langle description \rangle}
\key description \rangle
\end{docKey}
\end{docKey}
```

Documents a key with given $\langle name \rangle$ and an optional $\langle key\ path \rangle$. This key takes mandatory or optional $\langle parameters \rangle$ as value with a short $\langle description \rangle$. It is automatically indexed and can be referenced with $refKey^{\rightarrow P.300}\{\langle name \rangle\}$.

```
\begin{docKey}[foo]{footitle}{=\meta{text}}{no default, initially empty}

Creates a heading line with \meta{text} as content.
\end{docKey}

/foo/footitle=\langle text \rangle (no default, initially empty)

Creates a heading line with \langle text \rangle as content.
```

```
\begin{docKey*} [\langle key \; path \rangle] {\langle name \rangle} {\langle parameters \rangle} {\langle description \rangle} \\ \langle key \; description \rangle \\ \\ \begin{docKey*} \end{docKey*} \en
```

Identical to docKey P. 294, but without index entry.

$\docValue\{\langle name \rangle\}$

Documents a value with given $\langle name \rangle$. Typically, this is a value for a key. This value is automatically indexed.

A feasible value for \refKey{/foo/footitle} is \docValue{foovalue}.

A feasible value for /foo/footitle P. 294 is foovalue.

$\docValue*{\langle name \rangle}$

Identical to \docValue, but without index entry.

$\docAuxCommand{\langle name \rangle}$

Documents an auxiliary or minor LaTeX macro with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is written without backslash. This macro is automatically indexed.

The macro \docAuxCommand{fooaux} holds some interesting data.

The macro \fooaux holds some interesting data.

$\docAuxCommand*{\langle name \rangle}$

Identical to \docAuxCommand, but without index entry.

$\docAuxEnvironment{\langle name \rangle}$

Documents an auxiliary or minor LaTeX environment with given $\langle name \rangle$. This macro is automatically indexed.

The environment \docAuxEnvironment{fooauxenv} holds some interesting data.

The environment ${\tt fooauxenv}$ holds some interesting data.

$\docAuxEnvironment*[\langle key\ path \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\}$

Identical to \docAuxEnvironment, but without index entry.

$\docAuxKey[\langle key\ path \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\}$

Documents an auxiliary key with given $\langle name \rangle$ and an optional $\langle key\ path \rangle$. It is automatically indexed.

The key \docAuxKey[foo]{fooaux} holds some interesting data.

The key /foo/fooaux holds some interesting data.

$\docAuxKey*[\langle key\ path \rangle] \{\langle name \rangle\}$

Identical to \docAuxKey, but without index entry.

$\docColor\{\langle name \rangle\}$

Documents a color with given $\langle name \rangle$. The color is automatically indexed.

```
The color \docColor{foocolor} is available.
```

The color **foocolor** is available.

$\docColor*{\langle name \rangle}$

Identical to \docColor, but without index entry.

$\cs\{\langle name \rangle\}\$

Macro from ltxdoc [3] to typeset a command word $\langle name \rangle$ where the backslash is prefixed. The library overwrites the original macro.

```
This is a \cs{foocommand}.
```

This is a \foocommand.

$\mbox{\tt meta}\{\langle text\rangle\}$

Macro from doc [8] to typeset a meta $\langle text \rangle$. The library overwrites the original macro.

```
This is a \meta{text}.
```

This is a $\langle text \rangle$.

$\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{}marg}{\langle text \rangle}}$

Macro from ltxdoc [3] to typeset a $\langle text \rangle$ with curly brackets as a mandatory argument. The library overwrites the original macro.

```
This is a mandatory \marg{argument}.
```

This is a mandatory $\{\langle argument \rangle\}$.

$\operatorname{loarg}\{\langle text \rangle\}$

Macro from ltxdoc [3] to typeset a $\langle text \rangle$ with square brackets as an optional argument. The library overwrites the original macro.

```
This is an optional \oarg{argument}.
```

This is an optional $[\langle argument \rangle]$.

$\brackets{\langle text \rangle}$

Sets the given $\langle text \rangle$ with curly brackets.

Here we use \brackets{some text}.

Here we use {some text}.

```
\begin{dispExample} \\ \( environment \ content \) \\ \end{dispExample}
```

Creates a colored box based on a tcolorbox^{P.9}. It displays the environment content as source code in the upper part and as compiled text in the lower part of the box. The appearance is controlled by /tcb/documentation listing style^{P.301} and the style /tcb/docexample^{P.301}. It may be changed by redefining this style.

```
\begin{dispExample}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{dispExample}

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a LATeX\ example.
```

```
\begin{dispExample*}{\langle options \rangle} \\ \langle environment\ content \rangle \\ \\ \begin{dispExample*}\\ \end{dispExample*} \\ \end{dispExample*}
```

The starred version of dispExample takes $tcolorbox^{\rightarrow P.9} \langle options \rangle$ as parameter. These $\langle options \rangle$ are executed after $/tcb/docexample^{\rightarrow P.301}$.

```
\begin{dispExample*}{sidebyside}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{dispExample*}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a \LaTeX\ example.

This is a LATEX\ example.
```

```
\begin{dispListing}
\\ \( environment \ content \)
\\ \end{\dispListing}
```

Creates a colored box based on a $tcolorbox^{\rightarrow P.9}$. It displays the environment content as source code. The appearance is controlled by $/tcb/documentation listing <math>style^{\rightarrow P.301}$ and the $style /tcb/docexample^{\rightarrow P.301}$. It may be changed by redefining this style.

```
\begin{dispListing}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{dispListing}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

```
\begin{dispListing*}{\langle options\rangle}
\langle environment content\rangle
\end{dispListing*}
```

The starred version of dispListing takes $tcolorbox^{P.9} \langle options \rangle$ as parameter. These $\langle options \rangle$ are executed after $/tcb/docexample^{P.301}$.

```
\begin{dispListing*}{title=My listing}
This is a \LaTeX\ example.
\end{dispListing*}

My listing

This is a \LaTeX\ example.
```

\begin{absquote} \langle environment content \rangle \end{absquote}

Used to typeset an abstract as quoted and small text.

```
\begin{absquote}
|tcolorbox| provides an environment for colored and framed text boxes with a
heading line. Optionally, such a box can be split in an upper and a lower part.
\end{absquote}

tcolorbox provides an environment for colored and framed text boxes
with a heading line. Optionally, such a box can be split in an upper and
a lower part.
```

$\tcbmakedocSubKey{\langle name \rangle} {\langle key path \rangle}$

Creates a new environment $\langle name \rangle$ based on docKey^{P.294} for the documentation of keys with the given $\langle key\ path \rangle$ as default. The new environment $\langle name \rangle$ takes the same parameters as docKey^{P.294} itself. A second starred environment $\langle name \rangle$ is also created, which is identical to $\langle name \rangle$ but without index entry.

```
\tcbmakedocSubKey{docFooKey}{foo}

\begin{docFooKey}{foodummy}{=\meta{nothing}}{no default, initially empty}
Some key.
\end{docFooKey}

\begin{docFooKey*}{foo another dummy}{=\meta{nothing}}{no default, initially empty}
Some key (not indexed).
\end{docFooKey*}

/foo/foodummy=\nothing\
Some key.

/foo/foo another dummy=\nothing\
Some key.

/foo/foo another dummy=\nothing\
Some key (not indexed).

(no default, initially empty)

Some key (not indexed).
```

$\rcdot {name}$

References a documented LaTeX macro with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is written without backslash. The page reference is suppressed if it links to the same page.

```
We have created \refCom{foomakedocSubKey} as an example.

We have created \foomakedocSubKey→P.293 as an example.
```

$\rcdot {\langle name \rangle}$

References a documented LATEX macro with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is written without backslash. There is no page reference.

```
We have created \refCom*{foomakedocSubKey} as an example.

We have created \foomakedocSubKey as an example.
```

$\rchar` \{\langle name \rangle\}$

References a documented LaTeX environment with given $\langle name \rangle$. The page reference is suppressed if it links to the same page.

```
We have created \refEnv{foocolorbox} as an example.

We have created foocolorbox or P. 294 as an example.
```

\rcleant (name)

References a documented LATEX environment with given $\langle name \rangle$. There is no page reference.

```
We have created \refEnv*\{foocolorbox\} as an example.

We have created foocolorbox as an example.
```

$\r (name)$

References a documented key with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is the full path name of the key. The page reference is suppressed if it links to the same page.

We have created \refKey{/foo/footitle} as an example.

We have created /foo/footitle P. 294 as an example.

$\r (name)$

References a documented key with given $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is the full path name of the key. There is no page reference.

We have created \refKey*{/foo/footitle} as an example.

We have created /foo/footitle as an example.

$\r (name)$

References some auxiliary environment, key, value, or color. The hyperlink color is used, but there is no real link.

Some pages back, one can see \refAux{/foo/footitle} as an example.

Some pages back, one can see /foo/footitle as an example.

$\r (name)$

References some auxiliary macro $\langle name \rangle$ where $\langle name \rangle$ is written without backslash. The hyperlink color is used, but there is no real link.

Some pages back, one can see \refAuxcs{fooaux} as an example.

Some pages back, one can see \fooaux as an example.

$\colDef{\langle text \rangle}$

Sets $\langle text \rangle$ with the command color, see /tcb/color command $^{\rightarrow P.301}$.

This is my \colDef{text}.

This is my text.

$\color= \{\langle text \rangle\}$

Sets $\langle text \rangle$ with the option color, see /tcb/color option $^{\rightarrow P.301}$.

This is my \colOpt{text}.

This is my text.

15.2 Option Keys of the Library

```
/tcb/docexample
                                                                               (style, no value)
    Sets the style for dispExample {}^{\rightarrow} P. 297 and dispListing {}^{\rightarrow} P. 298 with the colors ExampleBack
    and ExampleFrame. To change the appearance of the examples, this style can be redefined.
/tcb/documentation listing options=\langle key \ list \rangle
                                                                                         (no default,
                                                               initially style=tcbdocumentation)
    Sets the options from the package listings [6]. They are used inside dispExample → P. 297
    and dispListing P. 298 to typeset the listings. Note that this is not identical to the key
     /tcb/listing options → P. 197 which is used for 'normal' listings.
    Used for /tcb/listing engine P. 202 = listings only.
/tcb/documentation listing style=(listing style) (no default, initially tcbdocumentation)
     Abbreviation for documentation listing options={style=...}. This key sets a \langle style \rangle.
     for the listings package, see [6]. Note that this is not identical to the key /tcb/listing
     style<sup>→P. 197</sup> which is used for 'normal' listings.
     Used for /tcb/listing engine P. 202 = listings only.
/tcb/documentation minted style=\langle key | list \rangle
                                                                    (no default, initially unset)
     Sets a \langle style \rangle known to Pygments [11] for the package minted [13], if used. Note that this
    is not identical to the key /tcb/minted style P.201 which is used for 'normal' listings.
    Used for /tcb/listing engine P. 202 = minted only.
/tcb/documentation minted options=\langle minted \ style \rangle
                                                                                         (no default,
                                                           initially tabsize=2,fontsize=\small)
    Sets the options from the package minted [13] which are used during typesetting of the
    listing, if used. Note that this is not identical to the key /tcb/minted options P. 200
     which is used for 'normal' listings.
    Used for /tcb/listing engine P. 202=minted only.
/tcb/color command=\langle color \rangle
                                                                  (no default, initially Definition)
    Sets the highlight color used by macro definitions.
/tcb/color environment=\langle color \rangle
                                                                  (no default, initially Definition)
    Sets the highlight color used by environment definitions.
/tcb/color key=\langle color \rangle
                                                                  (no default, initially Definition)
    Sets the highlight color used by key definitions.
/tcb/color value=\langle color \rangle
                                                                  (no default, initially Definition)
    Sets the highlight color used by value definitions.
/tcb/color color=\langle color \rangle
                                                                  (no default, initially Definition)
    Sets the highlight color used by color definitions.
/tcb/color definition=\langle color \rangle
                                                                 (no default, initially Definition)
     Sets the highlight color for /tcb/color command, /tcb/color environment, /tcb/color
    key, /tcb/color value, and /tcb/color color.
/tcb/color option=\langle color \rangle
                                                                      (no default, initially Option)
    Sets the color used for optional arguments.
/tcb/color hyperlink=\langle color \rangle
                                                                   (no default, initially Hyperlink)
    Sets the color for all hyper-links, i. e. all internal and external links.
/tcb/before example=\langle macros \rangle
                                                            (no default, initially \par\smallskip)
    Sets the \langle macros \rangle which are executed before dispExample ^{\rightarrow P.\,297} and dispListing ^{\rightarrow P.\,298}
    additional to /tcb/before P. 59.
```

/tcb/after example= $\langle macros \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

Sets the $\langle macros \rangle$ which are executed after dispExample $^{\rightarrow P.297}$ and dispListing $^{\rightarrow P.298}$ additional to /tcb/after $^{\rightarrow P.59}$.

/tcb/index format= $\langle format \rangle$

(no default, initially pgf)

Determines the basic $\langle format \rangle$ of the generated index. Feasible values are:

- pgfsection: The index is formatted like in the pgf documentation (as a section).
- pgfchapter: The index is formatted like in the pgf documentation (as a chapter).
- pgf: Alias for pgfsection.
- doc: The index is assumed to be formatted by doc or ltxdoc. The usage of makeindex with -s gind.ist is assumed. The package hypdoc has to be loaded before tcolorbox.
- off: The index is not formatted by tcolorbox.

/tcb/index actual= $\langle character \rangle$

(no default, initially 0)

Sets the character for 'actual' in automatic indexing.

/tcb/index quote=⟨character⟩

(no default, initially ")

Sets the character for 'quote' in automatic indexing.

/tcb/index level= $\langle character \rangle$

(no default, initially!)

Sets the character for 'level' in automatic indexing.

/tcb/index default settings

(style, no value)

Sets the makeindex default values for /tcb/index actual, /tcb/index quote, and /tcb/index level.

/tcb/index german settings

(style, no value)

Sets the makeindex values recommended for German language texts. This is identical to setting the following:

\tcbset{index actual={=},index quote={!},index level={>}}

/tcb/index annotate=true|false

(default true, initially true)

If set to true, the index entries are annotated with short descriptions given by /tcb/doclang/environment^{P.303}, /tcb/doclang/key^{P.303}, and others.

/tcb/index colorize=true|false

(default true, initially false)

If set to true, the index entries colorized according to the color settings given by /tcb/color environment $^{P.301}$, /tcb/color key $^{P.301}$, and others.

The following keys are provided for language specific settings. The English language is predefined.

/tcb/english language	(style, no value)
Sets all language specific settings to English.	
/tcb/doclang/color= $\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially color)
Text used in the index for colors.	
/tcb/doclang/colors= $\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially Colors)
Heading text in the index for colors.	
/tcb/doclang/environment content= $\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially environment content)
Text used in docEnvironment→P.294.	
/tcb/doclang/environment= $\langle text \rangle$ Text used in the index for environments.	(no default, initially environment)
/tcb/doclang/environments= $\langle text \rangle$ Heading text in the index for environments.	(no default, initially Environments)
/tcb/doclang/key= $\langle text \rangle$ Text used in the index for keys.	(no default, initially key)
$/tcb/doclang/keys=\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially Keys)
Heading text used in the index for keys.	(no default, initially keys)
/tcb/doclang/value= $\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially value)
Text used in the index for values.	(======================================
/tcb/doclang/values= $\langle text angle$	(no default, initially Values)
Heading text in the index for values.	, i
/tcb/doclang/index= $\langle text angle$	(no default, initially Index)
Heading text for the index.	
/tcb/doclang/pageshort= $\langle text \rangle$	(no default, initially P.)
Short text for page references.	

```
/tcb/doc left=\langle length\rangle
```

(no default, initially 2em)

Sets the left hand offset of the documentation texts from docCommand P. 293, $docEnvironment^{\rightarrow P.294}$, $docKey^{\rightarrow P.294}$, etc, to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\begin{docCommand*}[doc left=2cm,doc left indent=-2cm]{myCommandA}{\marg{argment}}
             This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandA} which takes one \meta{argument}.
              \refCom{myCommandA} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}.
\end{docCommand*}
\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\mbox{$\m
                                                                                   This is the documentation of \mbox{myCommandA} which takes one \langle argument \rangle. \mbox{myCommandA}
```

does some funny things with its $\langle argument \rangle$.

/tcb/doc right=\langle length \rangle

(no default, initially 0em)

Sets the right hand offset of the documentation texts from docCommand P.293, docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, docKey $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, etc, to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\begin{docCommand*}[doc right=2cm]{myCommandB}{\marg{argment}}
           This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandB} which takes one \meta{argument}.
           \refCom{myCommandB} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}.
\end{docCommand*}
\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{}myCommandB}} {\mbox{\mbox{}commandB}} {\mbox{\mbox
                        This is the documentation of \myCommandB which takes one \(\lambda argument \rangle \).
                         \myCommandB does some funny things with its \langle argument \rangle.
```

/tcb/doc left indent= $\langle length \rangle$

(no default, initially -2em)

Sets the left hand indent of documentation heads from docCommand P. 293, docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, docKey $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, etc, to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\begin{docCommand*}[doc left indent=2cm] {myCommandC} {\marg{argment}}}
  This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandC} which takes one \meta{argument}.
  \refCom{myCommandC} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}.
\end{docCommand*}
                   \mbox{\mbox{\mbox{}myCommandC}} \{ \langle argment \rangle \}
    This is the documentation of \myCommandC which takes one \( \argument \). \myCommandC does some
    funny things with its \langle argument \rangle.
```

/tcb/doc right indent= $\langle length \rangle$

Sets the right hand indent of documentation heads from docCommand $^{\circ}$ P. 293, docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, docKey $^{\rightarrow P.294}$, etc, to $\langle length \rangle$.

```
\begin{docCommand*}[doc right indent=-10mm,doc right=10mm,
    doc description=test value]{myCommandD}{\marg{argment}}
  This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandD} which takes one \meta{argument}.
  \refCom{myCommandD} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}.
\end{docCommand*}
\mbox{myCommandD}{\langle argment \rangle}
                                                                                     (test value)
    This is the documentation of \myCommandD which takes one \( \argument \). \myCommandD
    does some funny things with its \langle argument \rangle.
```

The head lines of the main documentation environments docCommand $^{P.293}$, docEnvironment $^{P.294}$, docKey $^{P.294}$, etc, are set inside tcolorboxes. Options to these tcolorboxes can be given using the following keys.

```
/tcb/doc head command=\langle options \rangle (no default, initially empty) Sets \langle options \rangle for the head line of docCommand^{\rightarrow P.293} and docCommand*^{\rightarrow P.294}.
```

```
\tcbset{doc head command={interior style={fill,left color=red!20!white,
    right color=blue!20!white}}}

\begin{docCommand*}{myCommandE}{\marg{argment}}
    This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandE} which takes one \meta{argument}.
    \refCom{myCommandE} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}.
\end{docCommand*}

\myCommandE{\langle argment \rangle}

This is the documentation of \myCommandE which takes one \langle argument \rangle. \myCommandE does some
funny things with its \langle argument \rangle.
```

/tcb/doc head environment= $\langle options \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

Sets $\langle options \rangle$ for the head line of docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.294}$ and docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.294}$.

```
\tcbset{doc head environment={beamer,boxsep=2pt,arc=2pt,colback=green!20!white,
    after=\par\smallskip}}

\begin{docEnvironment*} {marg{argment}}
    This is the documentation of \refEnv{myEnvironment} which
    takes one \meta{argument}.
    \end{docEnvironment*}

\begin{myEnvironment*} {\argment} \
    \end{myEnvironment} {\argment} \
    \end{myEnvironment}

This is the documentation of myEnvironment which takes one \argment\argment.
```

/tcb/doc head key=(options)

(no default, initially empty)

Sets $\langle options \rangle$ for the head line of docKey^{\rightarrow P. 294} and docKey* $^{\rightarrow$ P. 295.

/tcb/doc head= $\langle options \rangle$

(no default, initially empty)

Shortcut for setting the same $\langle options \rangle$ for /tcb/doc head command, /tcb/doc head environment, and /tcb/doc head key.

/tcb/doc description=\langle text \rangle

(no default, initially empty)

Sets a (short!) additional description $\langle text \rangle$ for docCommand $^{\rightarrow P.\ 293}$ or docEnvironment $^{\rightarrow P.\ 294}$. Such a description is mandatory for docKey $^{\rightarrow P.\ 294}$.

```
\begin{docCommand*}[doc description=my description] {myCommandF} {\marg{argment}} 
This is the documentation of \refCom{myCommandF} which takes one \meta{argument}. 
\refCom{myCommandF} does some funny things with its \meta{argument}. 
\end{docCommand*}

\myCommandF{\argment\} \ (my description) 
This is the documentation of \myCommandF which takes one \argment\). \myCommandF does some funny things with its \argument\).
```

Note that the description $\langle text \rangle$ may overlap with the text on the left hand side if too long. Linebreaks can be used inside the $\langle text \rangle$.

/tcb/doc into index=true|false

(default true, initially true)

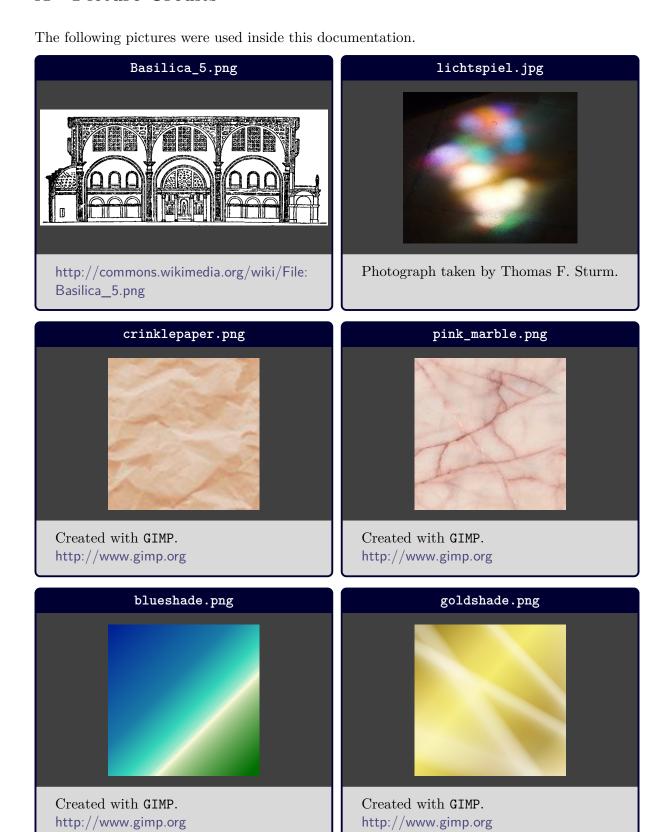
If set to false, no index entries are written for the main documentation environments. The same effect is achieved by using e.g. docCommand* P. 294 instead of docCommand P. 293.

15.3 Predefined Colors of the Library

The following colors are predefined. They are used as default colors in some library commands.

Option , Definition , ExampleFrame , ExampleBack , Hyperlink . .

A Picture Credits



References

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Index

absquote environment, 298	auto outer arc key, 24
add to list key, 73	autoparskip key, 59
adjust text key, 14	
adjusted title key, 14	baseline key, 59
adjusted title after break key, 247	beamer key, 160
after key, 59	beamer Skin, 160
after app key, 272	beamerfirst Skin, 162
after example key, 302	beamerlast Skin, 164
after lower key, 42	beamermiddle Skin, 163
after lower app key, 272	before key, 59
after lower pre key, 272	before app key, 272
after pre key, 272	before example key, 301
after title key, 41	before lower key, 42
after title app key, 271	before lower app key, 272
after title pre key, 271	before lower pre key, 272
after upper key, 42	before pre key, 272
after upper app key, 271	before title key, 41
after upper pre key, 271	before title app key, 271
all key, 8	before title pre key, 271
ams align key, 233	before upper key, 41
ams align lower key, 233	before upper app key, 271
ams align upper key, 233	before upper pre key, 271
ams align* key, 233	bicolor key, 155
ams align* lower key, 233	bicolor Skin, 155
ams align* upper key, 233	bicolorfirst Skin, 157
ams equation key, 232	bicolorlast Skin, 159
ams equation lower key, 232	bicolormiddle Skin, 158
ams equation upper key, 232	blank key, 144
ams equation* key, 232	blanker key, 170
ams equation* lower key, 232	borderline key, 118
ams equation* upper key, 232	bottom key, 28
ams gather key, 234	bottom value, 56
ams gather lower key, 234	bottomrule key, 22
ams gather upper key, 234	bottomrule at break key, 249
ams gather* key, 234	bottomsep at break key , 249
ams gather* lower key, 234	bottomtitle key, 28
ams gather* upper key, 234	boxed title style \ker , 101
ams nodisplayskip key, 235	boxrule key, 23
ams nodisplayskip lower key, 235	boxsep key, 24
ams nodisplayskip upper key, 235	\brackets, 296
arc key, 24	break value, 237
areasize value, 268	breakable key, 7, 246
at begin tikz key, 130	broken value, 106–108
at begin tikz reset key, 130	
at end tikz key, 130	capture key, 69
at end tikz reset key, 130	center value, 56
attach boxed title to bottom center key,	center lower key, 43
99	center title key, 43
attach boxed title to bottom left key, 99	center upper key, 43
attach boxed title to bottom right key, 99	change value, 237
attach boxed title to top center key, 99	change apart value, 237
attach boxed title to top left key, 99	change break value, 237
attach boxed title to top right key, 99	change standard value, 236 check odd page key, 73
attach title key, 15	clip lower key, 117
attach title to upper key, 15	clip title key, 116
auto counter key, 75	
	clip upper key, 116

clip watermark key, 112	doc description key, 306
code key, 49	doc head key, 305
colback key, 19	doc head command key, 305
colbacklower key, 156	doc head environment key, 305
colbacktitle key, 19	doc head key key, 305
\colDef, 300	doc into index key, 306
colframe key, 19	doc left key, 304
collower key, 20	doc left indent key, 304
\colOpt, 300	doc right key, 304
color key, 303	doc right indent key, 304
color color key, 301	\docAuxCommand, 295
color command key, 301	\docAuxCommand*, 295
¥ ·	
color definition key, 301	\docAuxEnvironment, 295
color environment key, 301	\docAuxEnvironment*, 295
color hyperlink key, 301	\docAuxKey, 295
color key key, 301	\docAuxKey*, 295
color option key, 301	\docColor, 296
color value key, 301	\docColor*, 296
Colors	docCommand environment, 293
Definition, 306	docCommand* environment, 294
ExampleBack, 306	docEnvironment environment, 294
ExampleFrame, 306	docEnvironment* environment, 294
foocolor, 296	docexample key, 301
Hyperlink, 306	docKey environment, 294
Option, 306	docKey* environment, 295
colors key, 303	documentation key, 7
coltext key, 20	documentation listing options key, 301
coltitle key, 20	documentation listing style key, 301
colupper key, 20	documentation minted options key, 301
comment key, 203	documentation minted style key, 501
comment key, 203 comment above listing key, 208	documentation minted style key, 301 \docValue, 295
comment above listing key, 208	\docValue, 295
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204	$\label{eq:localue} $$\docValue*, 295$$
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTCCOlorBox, 282	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBox, 286	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCOlorBox, 284	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 128
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCOlorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCOlorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters none key, 227	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 128
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters none key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key,	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow key, 123
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters none key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126 drop shadow north key, 125
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTCalorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228 description formatter key, 228	\docValue, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop large lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow key, 123 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northeast key, 126
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTColorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters none key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228	\docValue*, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop large lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 125
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTCalorBox, 282 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTColorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228 description formatter key, 228	\docValue*, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop fuzzy shadow key, 128 drop shadow key, 123 drop shadow hey, 123 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 125 drop shadow south key, 125 drop shadow south key, 125
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTCaltCBox, 286 \DeclareTotalTCBox, 286 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCOlorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228 description formatter key, 228 detach title key, 15	\docValue*, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southwest key, 125
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 \cs, 296 \DeclareTCBInputListing, 290 \DeclareTCBListing, 288 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBox, 285 \DeclareTCBoxFit, 291 \DeclareTCaltCBox, 286 \DeclareTotalTCBox, 286 \DeclareTotalTCBoxFit, 292 \DeclareTotalTCOlorBox, 284 Definition color, 306 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters none key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228 description formatter key, 228 detach title key, 15 dispExample environment, 297	\docValue*, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southeast key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 125 drop shadow south key, 125 drop shadow southwest key, 125
comment above listing key, 208 comment and listing key, 204 comment outside listing key, 206 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 comment key, 78 crefname key, 78 crefname key, 78 comment key, 78 comment side listing key, 206 Crefname key, 78 comment key, 286 comment key, 285 comment key, 285 comment key, 285 comment key, 285 comment key, 286 comment key, 286 comment key, 286 comment key, 286 comment key, 284 comment key, 227 description color key, 227 description delimiters key, 227 description delimiters parenthesis key, 227 description font key, 228 description formatter key, 228 detach title key, 15 dispExample environment, 297 dispExample* environment, 297	\docValue*, 295 \docValue*, 295 draft key, 179 draft Skin, 179 draftmode key, 139 drop fuzzy midday shadow key, 123 drop fuzzy shadow east key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow north key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northeast key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow northwest key, 127 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow south key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow southwest key, 126 drop fuzzy shadow west key, 126 drop large lifted shadow key, 129 drop lifted shadow key, 128 drop midday shadow key, 123 drop shadow east key, 126 drop shadow north key, 125 drop shadow northwest key, 126 drop shadow northwest key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southeast key, 125 drop shadow southwest key, 125

empty Skin, 169	every box on layer n key, 67
empty value, 82, 83	every listing line key , 198
emptyfirst Skin, 171	every listing line* key, 198
emptylast Skin, 173	ExampleBack color, 306
emptymiddle Skin, 172	ExampleFrame color, 306
enforce breakable key, 247	extend freelance key, 181
english language key, 303	extend freelancefirst key, 181
enhanced key, 142	extend freelancelast key, 181
enhanced Skin, 142	extend freelancemiddle key, 181
enhanced jigsaw key, 149	external key, 74
enhanced jigsaw Skin, 149	extrude bottom by key, 65
enhanced standard key, 144	extrude by key, 65
enhancedfirst Skin, 146	extrude left by key, 64
enhancedfirst jigsaw Skin, 150	extrude right by key, 64
enhancedlast Skin, 148	extrude top by key , 65
enhancedlast jigsaw Skin, 154	
enhancedmiddle Skin, 147	fbox value, 29
enhancedmiddle jigsaw Skin, 151	fill image opacity key , 188
enlarge bottom at break by key, 61	fill image options key , 188
enlarge bottom by key, 61	fill image scale key, 188
enlarge bottom finally by key, 60	fill overzoom image key, 184
enlarge by key, 62	fill overzoom image* key, 184
enlarge left by key, 61	fill overzoom picture key, 184
enlarge right by key, 61	fill plain image key, 182
enlarge top at break by key, 61	fill plain image* key, 182
enlarge top by key, 61	fill plain picture $key, 182$
enlarge top initially by key, 60	fill shrink image key, 186
enlargepage key, 248	fill shrink image* key , 186
environment key, 303	fill shrink picture key , 186
environment content key, 303	fill stretch image key, 183
Environments	fill stretch image* key, 183
absquote, 298	fill stretch picture key, 183
${\tt dispExample},297$	fill tile image key, 187
${\tt dispExample*},297$	fill tile image* key, 187
$\mathtt{dispListing},298$	fill tile picture key, 187
${\tt dispListing*},298$	fill tile picture* key, 187
${\tt docCommand},293$	fill zoom image key, 185
${\tt docCommand*},294$	fill zoom image* key, 185
${\tt docEnvironment},294$	fill zoom picture key, 185
docEnvironment*, 294	final value, 269
docKey, 294	finish key, 135
$\mathtt{docKey*},\ 295$	finish broken key, 136
fooauxenv, 295	finish broken pre key, 278
foocolorbox, 294	finish first key, 136
foocolorbox*, 294	finish first pre key, 278
tcbclipframe, 113	finish last key, 136
tcbclipinterior, 115	finish last pre key, 278
tcbcliptitle, 115	finish middle key, 136
tcbinvclipframe, 114	finish middle and last key, 136
tcblisting, 191	finish middle and last pre key, 278
tcboutputlisting, 193	finish middle pre key, 278
tcbverbatimwrite, 80	finish pre key, 278
tcbwritetemp, 80	finish unbroken key, 136
tcolorbox, 9	finish unbroken and first key, 136
environments key, 303	finish unbroken and first pre key, 278
equal height group key, 39	finish unbroken and last key, 136
evenpage value, 31, 63	finish unbroken and last pre key, 278
every box key, 66	finish unbroken pre key, 278 first value, 106-108
every box on higher layers key, 67	
	fit key, 262

fit algorithm key, 268	fuzzy shadow key, 122
fit basedim key, 263	
fit fontsize macros key, 264	geometry nodes key, 84
fit height from key, 267	graphical environment key, 81
fit height plus key, 265	grow to left by ${ m key},62$
fit maxfontdiff key, 269	grow to right by key, 62
fit maxfontdiffgap key, 269	
fit maxstep key, 269	halo key, 124
fit maxwidthdiff key, 269	hbox key, 69
fit maxwidthdiffgap key, 269	hbox value, 69
fit skip key, 263	hbox boxed title key, 104
fit to key, 263	height key, 35
fit to height key, 263	height from key, 36
fit warning key, 269	height plus key, 35
fit width from key, 266	highlight math key, 231
fit width plus key, 265	highlight math style key, 231
fitbox value, 69	hooks key, 7
fitting key, 7	hybrid value, 268
float key, 55	Hyperlink color, 306
float* key, 55	hyphenationfix key, 71
floatplacement key, 55	
flushleft lower key, 44	IfBooleanTF key, 281
flushleft title key, 44	IfNoValueTF key, 280
flushleft upper key, 44	IfValueTF key, 281
flushright lower key, 45	ignored value, 16
flushright title key, 45	image comment key, 203
flushright upper key, 45	index key, 303
fontlower key, 21	index actual key, 302
fontsize value, 268	index annotate key, 302
fonttitle key, 21	index colorize key , 302
fontupper key, 21	index default settings key , 302
\fooaux, 295	index format key, 302
fooaux key, 295	index german settings key, 302
fooauxenv environment, 295	index level key, 302
foocolor color, 296	index quote key, 302
foocolorbox environment, 294	interior code key, 86
foocolorbox* environment, 294	interior code app key, 279
foodummy key, 299	interior code pre key, 279
\foomakedocSubKey, 293	interior empty key, 86
\foomakedocSubKey*, 293	interior engine key, 83
footitle key, 294	interior hidden key, 95
foovalue value, 295	interior style key, 94
forced value, 31, 63	interior style image key, 95
frame code key, 85	interior style tile key, 95
frame code app key, 278	interior titled code key, 85
frame code app key, 278	interior titled code app key, 278
frame empty key, 85	interior titled code pre key, 279
_ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	interior titled empty key, 85
frame engine key, 82	interior titled engine key, 82
frame hidden key, 94	invisible value, 16
frame style key, 93	
frame style image key, 93	key key, 303
frame style tile key, 94	Keys
freelance key, 181	/foo/
freelance Skin, 181	fooaux, 295
freelance value, 82, 83	foodummy, 299
freelancefirst Skin, 181	footitle, 294
freelancelast Skin, 181	/tcb/
freelancemiddle Skin, 181	add to list, 73
fuzzy halo key, 124	adjust text, 14

adjusted title, 14 before example, 301 before lower, 42 adjusted title after break, 247 after, 59 before lower app, 272 after app, 272 before lower pre, 272 after example, 302 before pre, 272 after lower, 42before title, 41 after lower app, 272 before title app, 271 after lower pre, 272 before title pre, 271 after pre, 272 before upper, 41 after title, 41 before upper app, 271 after title app, 271 before upper pre, 271 after title pre, 271 bicolor, 155 after upper, 42 blank, 144 after upper app, 271 blanker, 170 after upper pre, 271 borderline, 118 ams align, 233 bottom, 28 ams align lower, 233 bottomrule, 22 ams align upper, 233bottomrule at break, 249 ams align*, 233 bottomsep at break, 249 ams align* lower, 233 bottomtitle, 28 ams align* upper, 233boxed title style, 101 ams equation, 232 boxrule, 23 ams equation lower, 232 boxsep, 24 breakable, 246 ams equation upper, 232 ams equation*, 232 capture, 69 ams equation* lower, 232 center lower, 43 ams equation* upper, 232 center title, 43 ams gather, 234 center upper, 43 ams gather lower, 234 check odd page, 73 ams gather upper, 234 clip lower, 117 ams gather*, 234clip title, 116 ams gather* lower, 234clip upper, 116 ams gather* upper, 234 clip watermark, 112 ams nodisplayskip, 235 code, 49 ams nodisplayskip lower, 235 colback, 19 ams nodisplayskip upper, 235 colbacklower, 156 arc, 24 colbacktitle, 19 at begin tikz, 130 colframe, 19 collower, 20 at begin tikz reset, 130 at end tikz, 130 color color, 301 at end tikz reset, 130 color command, 301 attach boxed title to bottom color definition, 301 color environment, 301 center, 99 attach boxed title to bottom left, color hyperlink, 301 color key, 301attach boxed title to bottom right, color option, 301 color value, 301 attach boxed title to top center, coltext, 20 coltitle, 20 attach boxed title to top left, 99 colupper, 20 attach boxed title to top right, 99 comment, 203 attach title, 15 comment above listing, 208 attach title to upper, 15 comment and listing, 204 auto outer arc, 24 comment outside listing, 206 autoparskip, 59 comment side listing, 206 baseline, 59 description color, 227beamer, 160 description delimiters, 227 before, 59 description delimiters none, 227 before app, 272

description delimiters parenthesis, enlarge top initially by, 60 enlargepage, 248 description font, 228equal height group, 39 description formatter, 228 every box, 66 detach title, 15 every box on higher layers, 67 doc description, 306 every box on layer n, 67 doc head, 305every listing line, 198 doc head command, 305 every listing line*, 198 doc head environment, 305 extend freelance, 181 $doc\ head\ key, 305$ extend freelancefirst, 181 doc into index, 306 extend freelancelast, 181 doc left, 304extend freelancemiddle, 181 doc left indent, 304 external, 74 doc right, 304 extrude bottom by, 65 doc right indent, 304 extrude by, 65docexample, 301 extrude left by, 64 documentation listing options, 301 extrude left by, 64 documentation listing style, 301 extrude right by, 64 documentation minted options, 301 finish, 135 documentation minted style, 301 finish broken, 136 finish broken pre, 278 **draft**, 179 draftmode, 139
drop fuzzy midday shadow, 123
drop fuzzy shadow east, 127
drop fuzzy shadow north, 127
drop fuzzy shadow north, 127
drop fuzzy shadow northeast, 127
drop fuzzy shadow northwest, 127
drop fuzzy shadow northwest, 127
drop fuzzy shadow south, 126
drop fuzzy shadow southeast, 126
drop fuzzy shadow southeast, 126
drop fuzzy shadow southeast, 126
drop fuzzy shadow southwest, 126
drop fuzzy shadow southwest, 126
drop fuzzy shadow west, 126
finish unbroken and first, 136
drop large lifted shadow, 129
drop lifted shadow, 128
finish unbroken and last, 136
drop midday shadow, 123
finish unbroken and last pre, 278
drop shadow, 123
finish unbroken pre, 278 finish first, 136 draftmode, 139 drop shadow, 123 finish unbroken pre, 278 drop shadow north, 125
drop shadow northeast, 126
drop shadow northwest, 125
drop shadow south, 125
drop shadow south, 125
drop shadow southeast, 125
drop shadow southeast, 125
drop shadow southwest, 125
drop shadow southwest, 125
drop shadow west, 126
drop shadow west, 127
drop shadow west, 128
drop shadow west, 129
drop shadow drop shadow east, 126 fit, 262 fit maxwidthdiffgap, 269 english language, 303 fit skip, 263enhanced, 142 fit to, 263fit to height, 263 enhanced jigsaw, 149 enhanced jigsaw, 149 enhanced standard, 144 enlarge bottom at break by, 61 fit warning, 269 fit width from, 266 ${\tt fit\ width\ plus},\,265$ enlarge bottom by, 61 float, 55enlarge bottom finally by, 60 float*, 55enlarge by, 62 enlarge left by, 61 floatplacement, 55 enlarge right by, 61 flushleft lower, 44 enlarge top at break by, 61 flushleft title, 44 enlarge top by, 61 flushleft upper, 44

flushright lower, 45 left, 25 flushright title, 45 lefthand ratio, 58 flushright upper, 45 lefthand width, 57 fontlower, 21 leftlower, 25 fonttitle, 21 leftrule, 22 lefttitle, 25 fontupper, 21 frame code, 85leftupper, 25 frame code app, 278 lifted shadow, 128 frame code pre, 278 lines before break, 247 ${\tt frame\ empty},\,85$ list entry, 73 frame engine, 82 listing above comment, 208 frame hidden, 94 listing above text, 207 frame style, 93 listing and comment, 204 frame style image, 93 listing and text, 202 frame style tile, 94 listing engine, 202 freelance, 181 listing file, 202 fuzzy halo, 124 listing inputencoding, 198 listing only, 202fuzzy shadow, 122 geometry nodes, 84 listing options, 197 graphical environment, 81 listing outside comment, 206 listing outside text, 205 grow to left by, 62 grow to right by, 62 listing remove caption, 198 halo, 124 listing side comment, 206 hbox, 69 listing side text, 205hbox boxed title, 104 listing style, 197 $\mathtt{height},\,35$ listing utf8, 199 height from, 36 lower separated, 17 height plus, 35 lowerbox, 16 highlight math, 231 marker, 151 highlight math style, 231 math, 231 hyphenationfix, 71 math lower, 231 IfBooleanTF, 281 math upper, 231 IfNoValueTF, 280 middle, 28 IfValueTF, 281 minimum for equal height group, 40 image comment, 203 minipage, 69 index actual, 302 minipage boxed title, 104 index annotate, 302minipage boxed title*, 104 index colorize, 302 minted language, 200 index default settings, 302 minted options, 200 index format, 302minted style, 201 index german settings, 302 natural height, 35 index level, 302 no borderline, 120 index quote, 302 no finish, 136 interior code, 86 no finish first, 136 interior code app, 279 no finish last, 136 interior code pre, 279 no finish middle, 136 interior empty, 86 no finish unbroken, 136 interior engine, 83 no label type, 72 interior hidden, 95 no listing options, 197 interior style, 94 no overlay, 51 interior style image, 95 no shadow, 121 interior style tile, 95 no underlay, 133 no underlay, 133
no underlay boxed title, 134
no underlay first, 134
no underlay last, 134
no underlay middle, 134
no underlay unbroken, 134 interior titled code, 85 interior titled code app, 278 interior titled code pre, 279 interior titled empty, 85 interior titled engine, 82 no underlay unbroken, 134 label, 72 no watermark, 108 nobeforeafter, 59 label type, 72

nofloat, 55	rightupper, 26
noparskip, 59	rotate, 131
nophantom, 72	savedelimiter, 18
notitle, 14	savelowerto, 16
notitle after break, 247	scale, 131
on line, 71	segmentation code, 86
opacityback, 33	segmentation code app, 279
opacitybacktitle, 33	segmentation code pre, 279
opacityfill, 33	segmentation empty, 86
opacityframe, 33	segmentation empty, 66
opacitylower, 34	segmentation hidden, 96
opacitytext, 34	segmentation style, 96
opacitytitle, 34	separator sign, 226
opacityupper, 34	separator sign colon, 226
outer arc, 24	separator sign dash, 226
overlay, 50	separator sign dash, 226 separator sign none, 226
overlay app, 273	shadow, 121
overlay broken, 51	shield externalize, 74
overlay broken app, 274 overlay broken pre, 274	show bounding box, 120 shrink break goal, 248
overlay first, 51 overlay first app, 273	shrink tight, 64 sidebyside, 56
overlay first app, 273	sidebyside, 50 sidebyside align, 56
overlay last, 51	sidebyside gap, 57
overlay last app, 274	size, 29
overlay last pre, 274	skin, 81
overlay middle, 51	skin first, 81
overlay middle and last, 51 overlay middle and last app, 274	skin first is subskin of, 88
overlay middle and last app, 274	skin last, 81 skin last is subskin of, 88
overlay middle app, 274	skin middle, 81
overlay middle pre, 274	skin middle is subskin of, 88
overlay pre, 273	space, 37
overlay unbroken, 51	space to both, 37
overlay unbroken and first, 51	space to lower, 37
overlay unbroken and first app, 274	space to upper, 37
overlay unbroken and first pre, 274	spartan, 178
overlay unbroken and last, 51	split, 38
overlay unbroken and last app, 274	standard, 140
overlay unbroken and last pre, 274	standard jigsaw, 141
overlay unbroken app, 273	step, 72
overlay unbroken pre, 273	step and label, 72
oversize, 30	tabularx, 46
pad after break, 249	tabularx*, 46
pad at break, 249	tcbox raise, 71
pad before break, 249	tcbox raise base, 71
parbox, 70	tempfile, 71
parskip, 59	terminator sign, 228
phantom, 72	terminator sign colon, 229
remake, 74	terminator sign dash, 229
remember, 131	terminator sign none, 229
remember as, 132	text above listing, 207
reset, 74	text and listing, 202
right, 26	text only, 203
righthand ratio, 58	text outside listing, 205
righthand width, 57	text side listing, 205
rightlower, 27	theorem, 230
rightrule, 23	theorem name, 230
righttitle, 26	theorem name and number, 229

	40=
theorem number and name, 230	watermark graphics, 107
theorem style, 236	watermark graphics app, 276
tikz, 130	watermark graphics app on, 276
tikz lower, 47	watermark graphics on, 107
tikz reset, 130	watermark graphics pre, 276
tikz upper, 47	watermark graphics pre on, 276
tikznode, 48	watermark opacity, 109
tikznode boxed title, 105	watermark overzoom, 110
tikznode lower, 48	watermark shrink, 110
tikznode upper, 48	watermark stretch, 111
title, 14	watermark text, 106
title after break, 247	watermark text app, 275
title code, 87	watermark text app on, 275
title code app, 279	watermark text on, 106
title code pre, 279	watermark text pre, 275
title empty, 87	watermark text pre on, 275
title engine, 83	watermark tikz, 108
title filled, 19	watermark tikz app, 276
title hidden, 97	watermark tikz app on, 276
title style, 96	watermark tikz on, 108
title style image, 97	watermark tikz pre, 276
title style tile, 97	watermark tikz pre on, 276
titlerule, 23	watermark zoom, 109
toggle enlargement, 63	widget, 165
toggle left and right, 31	width, 22
top, 27	/tcb/boxtitle/
- ·	xshift, 100
toprule, 22	
toprule at break, 249	yshift, 100
topsep at break, 249	yshift*, 100
toptitle, 27	yshifttext, 100
unbreakable, 247	/tcb/doclang/
underlay, 133	color, 303
underlay boxed title, 134	colors, 303
underlay boxed title pre, 277	environment, 303
underlay broken, 134	environment content, 303
underlay broken pre, 277	environments, 303
underlay first, 134	index, 303
underlay first pre, 277	key, 303
underlay last, 134	keys, 303
underlay last pre, 277	pageshort, 303
underlay middle, 134	value, 303
underlay middle and last, 134	values, 303
underlay middle and last pre, 277	/tcb/library/
underlay middle pre, 277	all, 8
underlay pre, 277	breakable, 7
underlay unbroken, 134	documentation, 7
underlay unbroken and first, 134	fitting, 7
underlay unbroken and first pre,	hooks, 7
277	listings, 7
underlay unbroken and last, 134	listingsutf8, 7
underlay unbroken and last pre, 277	many, 8
underlay unbroken pre, 277	minted, 7
valign, 38	most, 8
valign lower, 38	skins, 7
varwidth boxed title, 105	theorems, 7
varwidth boxed title*, 105	xparse, 7
varwidth upper, 48	/tcb/new/
verbatim, 280	auto counter, 75
watermark color, 111	Crefname, 78
,	,

crefname, 78	listing options key, 197
list inside, 79	listing outside comment key, 206
list type, 79	listing outside text key, 205
no counter, 76	listing remove caption key, 198
number format, 77	listing side comment key, 206
number freestyle, 77	listing side text key, 205
number within, 77	listing style key, 197
use counter, 76	listing utf8 key, 199
use counter from, 76	listings key, 7
/tikz/	listings value, 202
fill image opacity, 188	listingsutf8 key, 7
fill image options, 188	lower separated key, 17
fill image scale, 188	lowerbox key, 16
fill overzoom image, 184	,,
fill overzoom image*, 184	many key, 8
fill overzoom picture, 184	\marg, 296
fill plain image, 182	margin value, 238
fill plain image*, 182	margin apart value, 238
fill plain picture, 182	margin break value, 238
fill shrink image, 186	marker key, 151
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	math key, 231
fill shrink image*, 186	math lower key, 231
fill shrink picture, 186	math upper key, 231
fill stretch image, 183	meta, 296
fill stretch image*, 183	•
fill stretch picture, 183	middle key, 28
fill tile image, 187	middle value, 106–108
fill tile image*, 187	middle and last value, 106-108
fill tile picture, 187	minimal value, 29
fill tile picture*, 187	minimum for equal height group key, 40
fill zoom image, 185	minipage key, 69
fill zoom image*, 185	minipage value, 69
fill zoom picture, 185	minipage boxed title key, 104
$\verb tcb fill frame , 98 $	minipage boxed title* key, 104
tcb fill interior, 98	minted key, 7
${ t tcb}$ fill ${ t title}, 98$	minted value, 202
keys key, 303	minted language key, 200
	minted options key, 200
label key, 72	minted style key, 201
label type key, 72	most key, 8
last value, 106–108	
left key, 25	natural height key, 35
lefthand ratio key, 58	\NewTCBInputListing, 290
lefthand width key, 57	\newtcbinputlisting, 196
leftlower key, 25	\NewTCBListing, 288
leftrule key, 22	\newtcblisting, 194
lefttitle key, 25	\NewTCBox, 285
leftupper key, 25	\newtcbox, 13
lifted shadow key, 128	\NewTCBoxFit, 291
lines before break key, 247	\newtcboxfit, 261
list entry key, 73	\newtcbtheorem, 222
list inside key, 79	\NewTColorBox, 283
list type key, 79	\newtcolorbox, 12
listing above comment key, 208	\NewTotalTCBox, 287
listing above text key, 207	\NewTotalTCBoxFit, 292
listing and comment key, 204	\NewTotalTColorBox, 284
listing and text key, 202	no borderline key, 120
listing engine key, 202	no counter key, 76
listing file key, 202	no finish key, 136
listing inputencoding key, 198	no finish first key, 136
listing only key, 202	no finish last key, 136
∵	· ·

```
no finish middle key, 136
                                                  overlay unbroken and first pre key, 274
no finish unbroken key, 136
                                                  overlay unbroken and last key, 51
no label type key, 72
                                                  overlay unbroken and last app key, 274
no listing options key, 197
                                                  overlay unbroken and last pre key, 274
no overlay key, 51
                                                  overlay unbroken app key, 273
                                                  overlay unbroken pre key, 273
no shadow key, 121
                                                  oversize key, 30
no underlay key, 133
no underlay boxed title key, 134
                                                  pad after break key, 249
no underlay first key, 134
                                                  pad at break key, 249
no underlay last key, 134
no underlay middle key, 134
                                                  pad before break key, 249
                                                  pageshort key, 303
no underlay unbroken key, 134
                                                  parbox key, 70
no watermark key, 108
                                                  parskip key, 59
nobeforeafter key, 59
                                                  path value, 82, 83
nofloat key, 55
                                                  pathfirst value, 82, 83
none value, 31, 63
                                                  pathfirstjigsaw value, 82
noparskip key, 59
                                                  pathjigsaw value, 82
nophantom key, 72
                                                  pathlast value, 82, 83
normal value, 29
                                                  pathlastjigsaw value, 82
notitle key, 14
notitle after break key, 247
                                                  pathmiddle value, 82, 83
                                                  pathmiddlejigsaw value, 82
number format key, 77
                                                  pgf value, 302
number freestyle key, 77
                                                  pgfchapter value, 302
number within key, 77
                                                  pgfsection value, 302
\oarg, 296
                                                  phantom key, 72
off value, 269, 302
                                                  plain value, 236
on value, 269
                                                  plain apart value, 237
on line key, 71
                                                  \ProvideTCBInputListing, 290
opacityback key, 33
                                                  \ProvideTCBListing, 288
opacitybacktitle key, 33
                                                  \ProvideTCBox, 285
opacityfill key, 33
                                                  \ProvideTCBoxFit, 291
opacityframe key, 33
                                                  \ProvideTColorBox, 283
opacitylower key, 34
                                                  \ProvideTotalTCBox, 287
opacitytext key, 34
                                                  \ProvideTotalTCBoxFit, 292
opacitytitle key, 34
                                                  \ProvideTotalTColorBox, 284
opacityupper key, 34
                                                  \refAux. 300
Option color, 306
                                                  \refAuxcs, 300
outer arc key, 24
                                                  \refCom, 299
overlay key, 50
                                                  \refCom*, 299
overlay app key, 273
                                                  \refEnv, 299
overlay broken key, 51
                                                  \refEnv*, 299
overlay broken app key, 274
                                                  \refKey, 300
overlay broken pre key, 274
                                                  \refKey*, 300
overlay first key, 51
                                                  remake key, 74
overlay first app key, 273
                                                  remember key, 131
overlay first pre key, 273
                                                  remember as key, 132
overlay last key, 51
                                                  \RenewTCBInputListing, 290
overlay last app key, 274
                                                  \renewtcbinputlisting, 196
overlay last pre key, 274
                                                  \RenewTCBListing, 288
overlay middle key, 51
                                                  \renewtcblisting, 195
overlay middle and last key, 51
                                                  \RenewTCBox, 285
overlay middle and last app key, 274
                                                  \renewtcbox, 13
overlay middle and last pre key, 274
overlay middle app key, 274
                                                  \RenewTCBoxFit, 291
overlay middle pre key, 274
                                                  \renewtcboxfit, 261
                                                  \renewtcbtheorem, 223
overlay pre key, 273
                                                  \RenewTColorBox, 283
overlay unbroken key, 51
                                                  \renewtcolorbox, 12
overlay unbroken and first key, 51
                                                  \RenewTotalTCBox, 287
overlay unbroken and first app key, 274
```

\RenewTotalTCBoxFit, 292	enhancedlast, 148
\RenewTotalTColorBox, 284	enhancedlast jigsaw, 154
reset key, 74	enhancedmiddle, 147
right key, 26	enhancedmiddle jigsaw, 151
righthand ratio key, 58	freelance, 181
righthand width key, 57	freelancefirst, 181
rightlower key, 27	freelancelast, 181
rightrule key, 23	freelancemiddle, 181
righttitle key, 26	spartan, 178
rightupper key, 26	standard, 140
rotate key, 131	standard jigsaw, 141
*	widget, 165
savedelimiter key, 18	widgetfirst, 166
savelowerto key, 16	widgetlast, 168
scale key, 131	widgetmiddle, 167
segmentation code key, 86	skins key, 7
segmentation code app key, 279	small value, 29
segmentation code pre key, 279	space key, 37
segmentation empty key, 86	space to both key, 37
segmentation engine key, 83	space to lower key, 37
segmentation hidden key, 96	space to upper key, 37
segmentation style key, 96	spartan key, 178
separator sign key, 226	spartan Skin, 178
separator sign colon key, 226	spartan value, 82, 83
separator sign dash key, 226	split key, 38
separator sign none key, 226	squeeze value, 268
shadow key, 121	standard key, 140
shield externalize key, 74	standard Skin, 140
show bounding box key, 120	standard value, 82, 83, 236
shrink break goal key, 248	standard jigsaw key, 141
shrink tight key, 64	standard jigsaw Skin, 141
sidebyside key, 56	step key, 72
sidebyside align key, 56	step and label key, 72
sidebyside gap key, 57	step and label key, 12
size key, 29	tabularx key, 46
skin key, 81	tabularx* key, 46
skin first key, 81	tcb fill frame key, 98
skin first is subskin of key, 88	tcb fill interior key, 98
skin last key, 81	tcb fill title key, 98
skin last is subskin of key, 88	tcbclipframe environment, 113
skin middle key, 81	tcbclipinterior environment, 115
skin middle is subskin of key, 88	tcbcliptitle environment, 115
Skins	\tcbcontinuedraftmode, 139
beamer, 160	\tcbcounter, 75
beamerfirst, 162	\tcbfitdim, 261-264
beamerlast, 164	\tcbfitsteps, 262
beamermiddle, 163	\tcbfontsize, 261
bicolor, 155	\tcbhighmath, 224
bicolorfirst, 157	\tcbingmath, 224 \tcbinputlisting, 193
bicolorlast, 159	\tcbinterruptdraftmode, 139
bicolormiddle, 158	tcbinvclipframe environment, 114
draft, 179	\tcbline, 145
empty, 169	tcblisting environment, 191
emptyfirst, 171	\tcblistof, 79
emptylast, 173	\tcblower, 9
emptymiddle, 172	\tcbmakedocSubKey, 299
enhanced, 142	\tcbmaketheorem, 223
enhanced jigsaw, 149	tcboutputlisting environment, 195
enhancedfirst, 146	\tcbox, 11
enhancedfirst jigsaw, 150	tcbox raise key, 71

tcbox raise base key, 71	title style image key, 97
\tcboxedtitleheight, 100	title style tile key, 97
\tcboxedtitlewidth, 100	titlerule key, 23
\tcboxfit, 260	toggle enlargement key, 63
\tcboxmath, 224	toggle left and right key, 31
\tcboxverb, 287	top key, 27
\tcbset, 10	top value, 56
\tcbset, 10 \tcbsetforeverylayer, 10	
	toprule key, 22
\tcbsetmanagedlayer, 67	toprule at break key, 249
\tcbstartdraftmode, 139	topsep at break key, 249
\tcbstopdraftmode, 139	toptitle key, 27
\tcbsubskin, 88	
\tcbtitle, 15	unbreakable key, 247
\tcbtitletext, 15	unbroken value, 106–108
\tcbuselibrary, 7	unbroken and first value, 106-108
\tcbuselistinglisting, 193	underlay key, 133
\tcbuselistingtext, 193	underlay boxed title key, 134
\tcbusetemp, 80	underlay boxed title pre key, 277
\tcbusetemplisting, 193	underlay broken key, 134
tcbverbatimwrite environment, 80	underlay broken pre key, 277
tcbwritetemp environment, 80	underlay first key, 134
tcolorbox environment, 9	underlay first pre key, 277
tempfile key, 71	underlay last key, 134
terminator sign key, 228	underlay last pre key, 277
terminator sign colon key, 229	underlay middle key, 134
terminator sign dash key, 229	underlay middle and last key, 134
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	underlay middle and last pre key, 277
terminator sign none key, 229	underlay middle pre key, 277
text above listing key, 207	underlay pre key, 277
text and listing key, 202	underlay unbroken key, 134
text only key, 203	
text outside listing key, 205	underlay unbroken and first key, 134
text side listing key, 205	underlay unbroken and first pre key, 277
theorem key, 230	underlay unbroken and last key, 134
theorem name key, 230	underlay unbroken and last pre key, 277
theorem name and number key, 229	underlay unbroken pre key, 277
theorem number and name key, 230	use counter key, 76
theorem style key, 236	use counter from key, 76
theorems key, 7	
\thetcbcounter, 75, 76	valign key, 38
tight value, 29	valign lower key, 38
tikz key, 130	value key, 303
tikz lower key, 47	Values
tikz reset key, 130	areasize, 268
tikz upper key, 47	bottom, 56
tikznode key, 48	break, 237
tikznode boxed title key, 105	broken, 106-108
tikznode lower key, 48	center, 56
	change, 237
tikznode upper key, 48	change apart, 237
title key, 14	change break, 237
title value, 29	change standard, 236
title after break key, 247	doc, 302
title code key, 87	empty, 82, 83
title code app key, 279	
title code pre key, 279	evenpage, 31, 63
title empty key, 87	fbox, 29
title engine key, 83	final, 269
title filled key, 19	first, 106-108
title hidden key, 97	fitbox, 69
title style key, 96	fontsize, 268
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	foovalue, 295

```
forced, 31, 63
                                                   watermark stretch kev, 111
    freelance, 82, 83
                                                   watermark text key, 106
    hbox, 69
                                                   watermark text app key, 275
    hybrid, 268
                                                   watermark text app on key, 275
    ignored, 16
                                                   watermark text on key, 106
                                                   watermark text pre key, 275
    invisible, 16
    last, 106-108
                                                   watermark text pre on key, 275
    listings, 202
                                                   watermark tikz key, 108
    margin, 238
                                                   watermark tikz app key, 276
    margin apart, 238
                                                   watermark tikz app on key, 276
    margin break, 238
                                                  watermark tikz on key, 108
                                                  watermark tikz pre key, 276
    middle, 106-108
    middle and last, 106-108
                                                   watermark tikz pre on key, 276
    minimal, 29
                                                   watermark zoom key, 109
    minipage, 69
                                                   widget key, 165
    minted, 202
                                                   widget Skin, 165
    none, 31, 63
                                                   widgetfirst Skin, 166
    normal, 29
                                                   widgetlast Skin, 168
    off, 269, 302
                                                   widgetmiddle Skin, 167
    on, 269
                                                   width key, 22
    path, 82, 83
                                                   xparse key, 7
    pathfirst, 82, 83
                                                   xshift key, 100
    pathfirstjigsaw, 82
    pathjigsaw, 82
                                                   yshift key, 100
    pathlast, 82, 83
                                                   yshift* key, 100
    pathlastjigsaw, 82
                                                   yshifttext key, 100
    pathmiddle, 82, 83
    pathmiddlejigsaw, 82
    pgf, 302
    pgfchapter, 302
    pgfsection, 302
    plain, 236
    plain apart, 237
    small, 29
    spartan, 82, 83
    squeeze, 268
    standard, 82, 83, 236
    tight, 29
    title, 29
    top, 56
    unbroken, 106-108
    unbroken and first, 106-108
    visible, 16
values key, 303
varwidth boxed title key, 105
varwidth boxed title* key, 105
varwidth upper key, 48
verbatim key, 280
visible value, 16
watermark color key, 111
watermark graphics key, 107
watermark graphics app key, 276
watermark graphics app on key, 276
watermark graphics on key, 107
watermark graphics pre key, 276
watermark graphics pre on key, 276
watermark opacity key, 109
watermark overzoom key, 110
watermark shrink key, 110
```