Assignment 2

Objectives

In this assignment, we continue to explore parallel programming in OpenMP. We will apply different software optimizations we learned to algorithms operating on two-dimensional arrays.

Background

Many scientific (ex: heat transfer), image processing (ex: edge detection), and cryptographic algorithms operate on two-dimensional arrays, where the algorithm updates each element in the array based on the state of its neighbors. The algorithm usually runs for N iterations. In each iteration, n, the value of each element in the array is updated based on the value of a fixed set of its neighbors (and its own value) from the previous iteration, n-1.

In a simple example, consider an algorithm that updates each element as the average of its value and all coinciding neighbors. Assume that such an algorithm is operating on the two-dimensional array shown in Figure 1. In each iteration, the element (3,3) is updated as the average of elements {(2,2), (2,3), (2,4), (3,2), (3,3), (3,4), (4,2), (4,3), (4,4)} from the previous iteration. This set is marked in red. All elements in the array are updated based on their neighbors' values in a similar fashion.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	2.7	4.6	7.2	7.1	2.3	5.2	4.8	8.5
1	1.9	6.6	8.3	2.7	6.8	2.0	1.7	8.7
2	4.5	2.1	2.8	1.2	8.4	9.7	2.4	1.1
3	8.9	4.3	5.6	1.9	9.7	2.8	1.0	5.2
4	5.0	7.7	7.9	6.4	2.6	8.0	2.7	8.6
5	7.3	1.2	4.3	1.6	1.5	4.2	6.1	3.0
6	6.5	1.0	4.3	4.0	5.6	4.9	9.5	7.0
7	2.6	4.9	8.2	6.3	1.2	8.2	4.4	7.9

Figure 1: An example of simple algorithm operating on a two-dimensional array

Assignment

Let us consider a heat transfer example. Assume we have a square surface with a heat generator at its center and a heat sink at its edges. The hot core transmits energy and remains at maximum temperature. The heat sink temperature remains zero. Initially, all other points on the surface are at zero degrees. This is illustrated in figure 2. Over time, the temperature changes at each point on the surface in accordance to the algorithm discussed in the background section. Figure 3 illustrates how the temperature will appear after a period of time.

In this assignment, you will write a parallel program in OpenMP that simulates the heat transfer example presented above and optimizes it using the various software optimization techniques you learned in Lecture 4. The program will operate on a variable sized square-shaped two-dimensional array and will run the simulation for N iterations. For simplicity, the length of the array is always even. The program must write the value of each element in the two-dimensional array in a comma-separated values (csv) file, to check for correctness. It must also report the time it takes to run the algorithm for N iterations to measure performance.

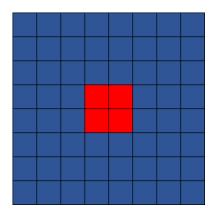


Figure 3: Initial state of the surface

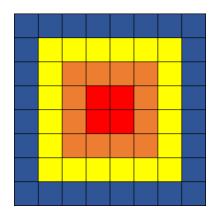


Figure 2: The surface after a period of time

