

For minimize optimality condition $C_j - Z_j \geq 0$

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Solve following LPP By simplex method.

⇒ Minimize $Z = -40x_1 - 100x_2$

sub to

$$10x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 250$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 100$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 90$$

where $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

Step 1 check for standard form of LPP

2. Remove inequality constraints.

Minimize

$$Z = -40x_1 - 100x_2 + 0 \cdot s_1 + 0 \cdot s_2 + 0 \cdot s_3$$

sub. to

$$10x_1 + 5x_2 + s_1 = 250$$

$$2x_1 + 5x_2 + s_2 = 100$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + s_3 = 90$$

where $x_1, x_2, s_1, s_2, s_3 \geq 0$

								Ratio = $\frac{\text{soln}}{\text{corresponding key column value}}$	
C_B	C_j	-40	-100	0	0	0	Soln	Ratio	
	Basic Variable	x_1	x_2	s_1	s_2	s_3	rhs	0	
0	s_1	10	5	1	0	0	250	$250/5 = 50$	
0	s_2	2	5	0	1	0	100	$100/5 = 20$	
0	s_3	2	3	0	0	1	90	$90/3 = 30$	
$Z_j = \sum C_B \cdot a_{ij}$		0	0	0	0	0	0		
$C_j - Z_j$		-40	-100	0	0	0			

↑ most -ve key column

Incoming variable

soln

Ratio = $\frac{\text{corresponding key column value}}{\text{key column value}}$

Leaving var

Pivot element

the

least

Ratio

Key Row

In the above table all the values of $C_j - Z_j$ are not greater than or equal to zero

∴ Find Incoming variable = x_2

Leaving variable = S_1

Key Element or pivot element = 5

CB _j	C _j	-40	-100	0	0	0	Soln
	B.V.	x_1	x_2	S_1	S_2	S_3	
0	S_1	8	0	1	-1	0	150
-100	x_2	2/5	1	0	1/5	0	20
0	S_3	4/5	0	0	-3/5	1	30
Z_j		-40	-100	0	-20	0	-2000
$C_j - Z_j$		0	0	0	20	0	

Now make pivot element 1 by following formula
& corresponding key column value as zero

$$\textcircled{1} R_2(\text{New}) = \frac{R_2(\text{old})}{\text{Key Element}}$$

$$x_1 \quad 2/5 = 2/5$$

$$\text{soln} = b \frac{100}{5} = 20$$

$$x_2 \quad 5/5 = 1$$

$$S_1 \quad 0/5 = 0$$

$$S_2 \quad 1/5 = 1/5$$

$$S_3 \quad 0/5 = 0$$

make zero

$$(2) R_1(\text{New}) = R_1(\text{old}) - 5 R_2(\text{New})$$

$$x_2 = 5 - 5(1) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 10 - 5\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) = 10 - 2 = 8$$

$$S_1 = 1 - 5(0) = 1$$

$$S_2 = 0 - 5\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = -1$$

$$S_3 = 0 - 5(0) = 0$$

$$\text{soln} = 250 - 5(20) = 150$$

$$(3) R_3(\text{New}) = R_3(\text{old}) - R_2(\text{New})$$

$$x_2 = 3 - 3(1) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 2 - 3\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) = 2 - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$S_1 = 0 - 3(0) = 0$$

$$S_2 = 0 - 3\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = -3/5$$

$$S_3 = 1 - 3(0) = 1$$

$$\text{soln} = 90 - 3(20) = 30$$

calculation of z_j

$$z_1 = 0 \times 8 + (-100)\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) + 0 \times \frac{4}{5} = -40$$

$$z_2 = 0 \times 0 + (-100) \times 1 + 0 \times 0 = -100$$

$$S_1 = 0 \times 1 + (-100) \times 0 + 0 \times 0 = 0$$

$$S_2 = 0 \times (-1) + (-100) \times \frac{1}{5} + 0 \times \frac{-3}{5} = -20$$

$$S_3 = 0 \times 0 + (-100) \times 0 + 0 \times 1 = 0$$

$$\text{soln} = 0 \times 150 + (-100) \times 20 + 0 \times 250 = -2000$$

Now check all the values of
 $c_j - z_j \geq 0 \therefore$ optimality reached & we stop
Here

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 20 \quad z = -2000$$

(Optimum)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } z &= -40x_1 - 100x_2 \\ &= -40 \times 0 - 100 \times 20 \\ &= 0 - 2000 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore z_{\text{(Optimum)}} = -2000$$

② solve the following L.P.P by using simplex method

Minimize $z = 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 6x_3$
Sub to

$$3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 7$$

$$2x_1 + 4x_2 \geq -12$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 10$$

$$x_1, x_2 \text{ \& } x_3 \geq 0$$

In simplex method all R.H.s values of constraint must be positive

In this example ① & ③ constraint R.H.s. value is positive but in second constraint R.H.s. value is -12

∴ you need to convert -ve value into positive value by multiplying (-1) to the entire constraint i.e eqn ②

Soln:-

$$3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 7$$

$$-2x_1 - 4x_2 \leq 12$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 10$$

} All +ve.

Now convert this into standard form by converting inequality to equality form by adding slack variable s_1, s_2, s_3

min $Z = 2x_1 - 3x_2 + 6x_3 + 0 \cdot s_1 + 0 \cdot s_2 + 0 \cdot s_3$
 sub to.

$$3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 + s_1 = 7$$

$$-2x_2 - 4x_3 + s_2 = 12$$

$$-4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 + s_3 = 10$$

check optimality condition for minimization problem

For minimization problem

All the $C_j - Z_j \geq 0$

Ans $x_1 = 3/5$

$x_2 = \frac{58}{5}$ $x_3 = 0$

$Z = -112/5$

For maximization problem

All the $C_j - Z_j \leq 0$

(select most -ve value for key column)

Initial table

always select least +ve Ratio

CB _i	C _j	2	-3	6	0	0	0		
	B.V.	x_1	x_2	x_3	s_1	s_2	s_3	Soln b	Ratio
0	s_1	3	-1	2	1	0	0	7	$7/-1 = -7$
0	s_2	-2	-4	0	0	1	0	12	$12/-4 = -3$
0	s_3	-4	3	8	0	0	1	10	$10/3 = 3.33 \leftarrow$
	Z_j	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	$C_j - Z_j$	2	-3	6	0	0	0		

* \uparrow Most -ve key column

** key row