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Module End Exam - Practical Machine Learning

- 1. Imported necessary packages: Pandas, NumPy, Seaborn, Plotly Express, and Matplotlib.
- 2. Loaded the dataset named "Fraud.csv" into a DataFrame and displayed its shape and info.
- 3. Checked for null values in the dataset.
- 4. Analyzed the distribution of the 'type' column using value counts and a countplot.
- 5. Analyzed the 'isFlaggedFraud' column, which had only 0 values except for a single instance of 1.
- 6. Analyzed the 'isFraud' column, which represents whether a transaction is fraudulent (1) or not (0).
- 7. Dropped the 'isFlaggedFraud' column as it had very little variation and wouldn't contribute significantly to the analysis.
- 8. Created a new DataFrame 'fraud\_df' containing only the transactions marked as fraudulent.
- 9. Visualized the distribution of fraudulent transactions based on the 'type' column using a histogram and a countplot.
- 10. Replaced all transaction types other than "TRANSFER" and "CASH\_OUT" with "OTHER" in the 'type' column.
- 11. Created two new columns 'NaOr' and 'NaDe' by extracting the first character from 'nameOrig' and 'nameDest' columns, respectively.
- 12. Explored the types of transactions happening between customers and merchants in the 'NaDe' column.
- 13. Dropped irrelevant columns ('NaOr', 'nameOrig', 'nameDest', 'step', 'oldbalanceOrg', 'newbalanceDest') from the DataFrame.
- 14. Encoded categorical variables using one-hot encoding for the 'type' column.
- 15. Split the data into training and testing sets and performed SMOTE oversampling on the training data to handle class imbalance.
- 16. Preprocessed the data using StandardScaler for scaling numerical features.
- 17. Built and evaluated four different classifiers: Logistic Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest, and K-NN.