

MSE vs MAE

$$\text{Error/Residual} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2$$

→ Cost function

Loss function

$$\hat{y}_i = mx + c$$

Error ≈ 0

$$m_{\text{new}} = m_{\text{old}} - \eta * \frac{\partial E}{\partial m}$$

$$c_{\text{new}} = c_{\text{old}} - \eta * \frac{\partial E}{\partial c}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = \frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = \frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) x_i$$

MSE (Mean Squared Error)

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2$$

MAE (Mean Absolute Error)

$$MAE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |\hat{y}_i - y_i|$$

More robust to outliers

EDA (Exploratory Data Analysis)

Box Plot

Outliers

Too many

Data Scientist

✓
50k

1 Lakh

2 Lakh

✓
80k

Outlier

1Cr