Insertion sort

```
(defun insertion-sort (sequence)
 (let ((end (length sequence)))
  (labels ((insert (x index)
         (if (minusp index)
           (setf (elt sequence (1+ index)) x)
           (let ((y (elt sequence index)))
            (if (< x y)
              (progn
                (setf (elt sequence (1+ index)) y)
                (insert x (1- index)))
              (setf (elt sequence (1+ index)) x)))))
       (repeat-insertion (start)
         (if (= start end)
           (values)
           (progn
            (insert (elt sequence start) (1- start))
            (repeat-insertion (1+ start))))))
   (unless (< end 2)
    (repeat-insertion 1))
   sequence)))
```

output

```
(insertion-sort (8 7 4 3 2 0 9 1 5 6) '<)
(0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9)
```

Merge sort

```
(defun merge-sort (result-type sequence predicate)
 (let ((split (floor (length sequence) 2)))
  (if (zerop split)
    (copy-seq sequence)
    (merge result-type (merge-sort result-type (subseq sequence 0 split) predicate)
              (merge-sort result-type (subseq sequence split) predicate)
              predicate))))
merge is a standard Common Lisp function.
output
> (merge-sort 'list (list 1 3 5 7 9 8 6 4 2) #'<)
(123456789)
Selection sort
(defun selection-sort-list (list predicate)
 (flet ((min-first (list)
      (do ((before-min nil)
         (min (first list))
         (prev list (rest prev))
         (curr (rest list) (rest curr)))
        ((endp curr)
         (if (null before-min) list
          (let ((min (cdr before-min)))
           (rplacd before-min (cdr min))
           (rplacd min list)
           min)))
       (when (funcall predicate (first curr) min)
```

output

```
> (selection-sort (list 8 7 4 3 2 0 9 1 5 6) '<)
(0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9)
```

Quick sort

output

```
(quicksort (8 7 4 3 2 0 9 1 5 6) '<)
(0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9)
```