

DevOps Engineer Technical Assessment

Objective

The objective was to deploy simple web application securely "Hello World" on AWS using VPC, private EC2 instances with Nginx as service, and Application Load Balancer(ALB). Everything done with best practices with no direct internet access to your servers Using AWS console.

Architecture Diagram

- **Traffic flow**

Internet → ALB → EC2 (Private)

- **VPC (10.0.0.0/16)**

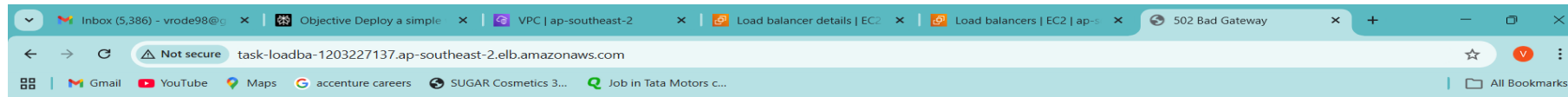
- 2 Public Subnets**

- Public Subnet 1 (AZ-a) – 10.0.1.0/24
- Public Subnet 2 (AZ-b) – 10.0.2.0/24
- Application Load Balancer

- 2 Private Subnets**

- Private Subnet 1 (AZ-a) – 10.0.3.0/24 → EC2 + Nginx
- Private Subnet 2 (AZ-b) – 10.0.4.0/24 → EC2 + Nginx

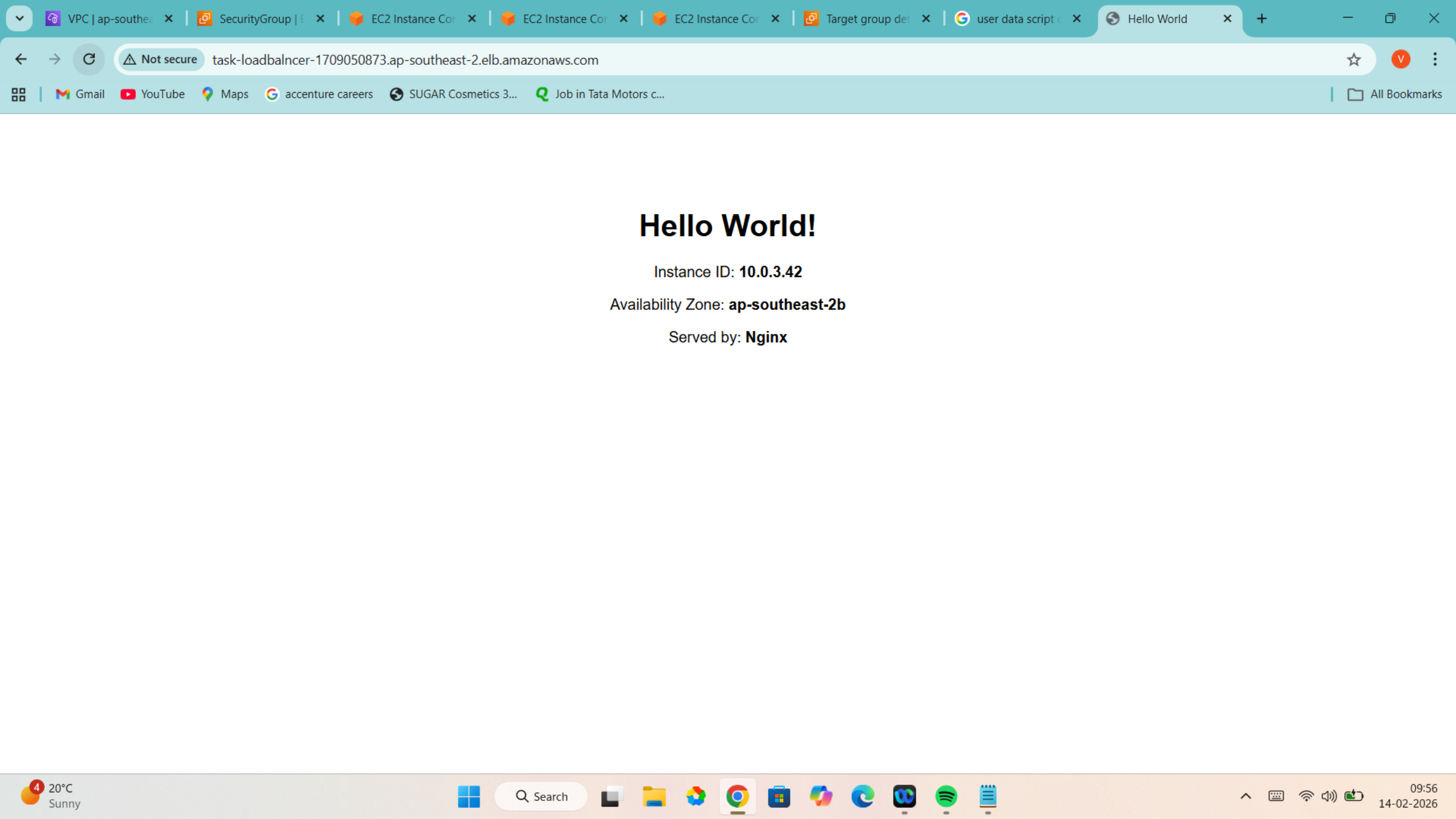
Working Application



502 Bad Gateway



As working of loadbancer URL, it showing 502 Bad Gateway means alb is not getting nginx. It will resolve



Hello World!

Instance ID: 10.0.3.42

Availability Zone: ap-southeast-2b

Served by: Nginx

Hello World!

Instance ID: **10.0.4.9**

Availability Zone: **ap-southeast-2b**

Served by: **Nginx**

Load balancer URL

The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for a load balancer. The browser address bar shows the URL: `ap-southeast-2.console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/home?region=ap-southeast-2#LoadBalancer:loadBalancerArn=arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:ap-southeast-2:503561453516:loadbalancer/app/loadbalncr-task`. The console header includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and the user's profile (nikitajenekar). The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with categories like Capacity Manager, Images, Elastic Block Store, Network & Security, Load Balancing, and Auto Scaling. The main content area is titled 'loadbalncr-task' and contains a 'Details' section with the following information:

Details	
Load balancer type Application	Status Active
Scheme Internet-facing	Hosted zone Z1GM3OXH4ZPM65
Load balancer ARN <code>arn:aws:elasticloadbalancing:ap-southeast-2:503561453516:loadbalancer/app/loadbalncr-task/902df78ab2133d3a</code>	VPC <code>vpc-0456fee817bb6393d</code>
Availability Zones <code>subnet-00df1ef1408692668</code> ap-southeast-2b (apse2-az1) <code>subnet-0fe9b08bd8669adfe</code> ap-southeast-2a (apse2-az3)	
Load balancer IP address type IPv4	
Date created February 9, 2026, 08:57 (UTC+05:30)	
DNS name <code>loadbalncr-task-227538438.ap-southeast-2.elb.amazonaws.com</code> (A Record)	

Below the details section, there are tabs for 'Listeners and rules', 'Network mapping', 'Resource map', 'Security', 'Monitoring', 'Integrations', 'Attributes', 'Capacity', and 'Tags'. The 'Listeners and rules' tab is active, showing a description: 'A listener checks for connection requests on its configured protocol and port. Traffic received by the listener is routed according to the default action and any additional rules.' There are buttons for 'Manage rules', 'Manage listener', and 'Add listener'.

The bottom of the screenshot shows the Windows taskbar with the Start button, search bar, and various application icons. The system clock indicates the time is 09:16 on 09-02-2026.

Step-by-step guide to perform task

- I login to aws console with help of login credentials and went to VPC dashboard to create vpc, create VPC → Resources to create - Vpc only → give name – (Task-01) to identify easily. Set IPv4 CIDR – 10.0.0.0/16 → create vpc and vpc created.
- Now create 2 public and 2 private subnet such that 1 public & 1 private in same availability zone and another 2 in different availability zone.

Create subnet → select Vpc Id (to Create subnets in this VPC that created) → give name as public-01 → select availability zone to where this subnet will reside (ap-southeast-2a) → IPv4 subnet CIDR block – 10.0.1.0/24 then go to create subnet ,subnet is created.

Follow the same procedure for creating subnet for,

Public-02—(ap-southeast-2b) —(10.0.2.0/24)

Private-01—(ap-southeast-2a) —(10.0.3.0/24)

Private-02 —(ap-southeast-2a) —(10.0.4.0/24)

- Now create internet gateway to enables communication between VPC and the internet. Create internet gateway → name for gateway – (gateway-task) → Create internet gateway. Now select the gateway and go to action and attach to the vpc for communication.
- Create route table to determine where network traffic from your subnet or gateway is directed.

Go to create route table → give name (rt-public) → select the vpc to connect for this route table → create route table → select public1 subnet go to → Actions to edit subnet association → select subnet save association. And save it.

Now in route table → go routes → edit route → select destination (0.0.0.0/0) → target (internet gateway) → select gateway Id → save changes.

- Do same for rt-private.

- Now create security groups to act as a virtual firewall that controls the traffic for one or more instances.

SG Name	Inbound Rules	Purpose
loadbalnce-sg	HTTP 80 from 0.0.0.0/0	ALB (internet-facing)
ec2-sg	HTTP 80 from loadbalnce-sg only	EC2 (ALB → EC2 only)
VPC-sg	HTTP 80 from vpc i.d	Ec2 (vpc → private instance)

Launch EC2 Instances (Private Subnets)

- Now launch instance Give name (Private-01) select AMI: Amazon Linux 2023
→ Instance type: t2.micro → Network: VPC as created (task-01) → Subnet: Private-01
→ Auto-assign public IP: Disabled → Security group: ec2-sg and vpc-sg

Now add user data script to host desired page

Below are the script,

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
yum update -y
```

```
yum install -y nginx
```

```
# Start and enable nginx
```

```
systemctl start nginx
```

```
systemctl enable nginx
```

Now launch instance tab and instance will be created with running status.

Take SSH with help of endpoint as instance is in private state

Do changes in nginx config. File index.html by taking nginx path /usr/share/nginx/html

Vim index.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<title>Hello World</title>
```

- Now create loadbalancer so give name as loadbalnce-task → select security groups for ALB (internet-facing) → add target groups for this we have to create target group and attach to loadbalncer. Then go to register ,select both instance and create target group.
- It will take some time to active ate the status of loadbalncer after showing active copy the DNSs of loadbalncer and hit in new tab to host
- Finally it will show the desired web page

But in my case, I apologise that error has occurs showing 502 Bad Gateway , means nginx is not getting request from ALB and I will resolve it update soon.

As describe above by taking loadblancer DNS, got the desired result that is

By ping got request to private instance1

By ping again getting private instance 2

List of AWS Resources Created

Resource Type	Count	Names/IDs Example
VPC	1	Task-01
Subnets	4	public-01 public-02 private-01 private-02
Internet Gateway	1	Gateway-task
Route Tables	2	public-rt, private-rt
Security Groups	3	loaderbalnce-sg ec2-sg Vpc-sg
EC2 Instances	2	Private-01 Private-02
ALB	1	Loadnancer-task
Target Group	1	Tg-task
Endpoint	1	Endpoint for connecting to ssh
Nat-gateway	1	Gateway-task

Security group configurations

SG Name	Inbound Rules	Purpose
Loadnancer-task	HTTP 80 from 0.0.0.0/0	ALB (internet-facing)
ec2-sg	HTTP 80 from Loadnancer-task only	EC2 (ALB → EC2 only)
VPC-sg	HTTP 80 from vpc i.d	Ec2 (vpc → private instance)

Configuration Files

Nginx Configuration Files

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
yum update -y
```

```
yum install -y nginx
```

```
# Start and enable nginx
```

```
systemctl start nginx
```

```
systemctl enable nginx
```

HTML page code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Hello World</title>
</head>
<body style="text-align: center; font-family: Arial; margin-top: 100px;">
  <h1>Hello World!</h1>
  <p>Instance ID: <strong>i-1234567890abcdef0</strong></p>
  <p>Availability Zone: <strong>us-east-1a</strong></p>
  <p>Served by: <strong>Nginx</strong></p>
</body>
</html>
```

Thank You