

Project 1: Database Management and Retrieval

Project Brief

Key Tasks

In this project, you will implement several SQL commands, and practice data manipulation operations and information retrieval to answer several business questions for your client. Your submission will include **all required SQL commands with the command execution output** and a brief write-up in a **single Word document**.

For Project 1, complete the following key tasks:

1. Run the [Airline_DB.sql](#) [Download Airline_DB.sql](#) script to create the database tables.

- Define and execute SQL queries that show the content of each table.

2. Define and execute SQL queries to display data for one or more columns:

- Write a query that displays Flight Number, Depart DateTime, Arrival DateTime for all scheduled flights. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?
- Write a query that displays all aircraft with a fuel capacity between 7000 and 24000 gallons. Additionally, displays the number of passengers these flights can carry. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

3. Define and execute SQL queries to sort retrieved data:

- Write a query that displays information for all scheduled flights sorted by Depart DateTime in descending order. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?
- Write an SQL query to display information for all aircrafts sorted by passenger capacity in descending order. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

4. Define and execute SQL queries to generate data:

- Write a query that displays each AirplaneID, purchase date, and how many years the airplane has been in service since purchased.
- What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

5. Use functions to complete the following, and specify what business question you think each SQL query answers:

- Write a query that filters and displays all rows from the Airplane table such that the following parameters are true:
 - The aircraftTypeID start with 'BOE'
 - The purchaseDate is in the year 2015
 - Fuel capacity is less than 63000
- Write a query to find the average of the aircrafts seating capacity.
- Write a query to find how many times flights on the route with flight number '5063' were delayed.

6. Define and execute SQL commands to insert, update, and delete table records:

You need to complete the following:

- Define and execute a SQL command to insert a new state entry for Michigan with the state abbreviation 'MI'. Create a new city named 'Detroit' in Michigan and add an airport named 'Detroit Airport (DTW)' to this city. Lastly, insert a flight with the flight number '3851' originating from DTW and arriving at SFO, covering 2079 miles. Display each updated table in your output.
- Define and execute a SQL command to update the status of scheduled flights with flight number '3310' to 'D' (Delayed)
- Define and execute a SQL command to delete all the cancelled flights with a departure date less than '16-OCT-2021'.
- Commit the changes.

What is the importance of these SQL commands? Why would the business apply these SQL commands?

7. Joining data from tables:

- Define and execute a SQL query to display all flights which were canceled or delayed. You need to display the flight Aircraft Type ID, Aircraft purchase date, flight depart DateTime, and statusID. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

- Define and execute a SQL query to display all flights that are delayed leaving from Boston. You need to display the flight number, departure airport, arrival airport and flight depart Date/Time.

What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Project 1: Database Management and Retrieval

- Define and execute SQL queries that show the content of each table.

States Table

Worksheet	Query Builder																		
	<code>SELECT * FROM States</code>																		
Script Output x																			
Task completed in 0.102 seconds																			
<table><thead><tr><th>ST</th><th>STATENAME</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>CA</td><td>California</td></tr><tr><td>DC</td><td>Washington, D.C.</td></tr><tr><td>FL</td><td>Florida</td></tr><tr><td>IL</td><td>Illinois</td></tr><tr><td>MA</td><td>Massachusetts</td></tr><tr><td>NY</td><td>New York</td></tr><tr><td>TX</td><td>Texas</td></tr><tr><td>IN</td><td>Indiana</td></tr></tbody></table>		ST	STATENAME	CA	California	DC	Washington, D.C.	FL	Florida	IL	Illinois	MA	Massachusetts	NY	New York	TX	Texas	IN	Indiana
ST	STATENAME																		
CA	California																		
DC	Washington, D.C.																		
FL	Florida																		
IL	Illinois																		
MA	Massachusetts																		
NY	New York																		
TX	Texas																		
IN	Indiana																		
8 rows selected.																			

Flight schedule Table

Worksheet

Query Builder

SELECT * FROM FlightSchedule;

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.076 seconds

SCHEDULEID	FLIGHT	DEPARTDATETIME	ARRIVALDATETIME	S	AIRPLANE	DELAYDEPARTTIME	DELAYARRIVALTIME
1	3310	01-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000	AM 01-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000	AM	O	AP872139	
2	3310	05-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000	AM 05-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000	AM	O	AP309814	
3	3310	02-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000	AM 02-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000	AM	O	AP998911	
4	3312	03-OCT-21 12.20.00.000000000	PM 03-OCT-21 01.30.00.000000000	PM	C	AP872139	
5	3426	04-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000	AM 04-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000	PM	O	AP239471	
6	5063	16-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000	PM 16-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000	PM	D	AP998911	16-OCT-21 07.25.00.000000000
7	5063	18-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000	PM 18-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000	PM	D	AP239471	18-OCT-21 07.25.00.000000000
8	5099	19-OCT-21 07.30.00.000000000	AM 19-OCT-21 09.27.00.000000000	AM	D	AP998911	19-OCT-21 09.52.00.000000000
9	3426	27-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000	AM 27-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000	PM	O	AP239471	

9 rows selected.

Flight route Table

Worksheet

Query Builder

SELECT * FROM FlightRoute

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.048 seconds

FLIGHT	DEP	ARR	DISTANCE
3310	SYR	JFK	209
3312	JFK	SYR	209
3426	LAX	ORD	1745
5063	BOS	MCO	1121
5099	BOS	ORD	867

Airport Table

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT * FROM Airport;
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.042 seconds

MCO Orlando International Airport	C005
MDW Chicago Midway International Airport	C006
MIA Miami International Airport	C004
ORD Chicago OHare International Airport	C006
SFO San Francisco International Airport	C002
AIR AIRPORTNAME	CITYID

SYR Syracuse Hancock International Airport	C009
IND Indianapolis International Airport	C010

13 rows selected.





City Table

Worksheet

Query Builder

SELECT * FROM City;

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.055 seconds

C001	Los Angeles	CA
C002	San Francisco	CA
C003	Washington, D.C.	DC
C004	Miami	FL
C005	Orlando	FL
C006	Chicago	IL
C007	Boston	MA
C008	New York	NY
C009	Syracuse	NY
C010	Indianapolis	IN

10 rows selected.

Airplane Table

The screenshot shows the 'Query Builder' window with a SQL query: `SELECT * FROM Airplane;`. Below the query editor is a 'Script Output' window showing the results of the query. The output is a table with three columns: AIRPLANE, AIRCRAFT, and PURCHASED. There are 7 rows of data. The status bar indicates 'Task completed in 0.064 seconds'.

AIRPLANE	AIRCRAFT	PURCHASED
AP098640	AIR2	01-MAR-13
AP239471	AIR1	10-JUN-15
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15
AP629342	BOE1	20-OCT-13
AP872139	BOE3	02-SEP-18
AP998911	BOE2	01-OCT-09
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15

7 rows selected.

Flight Status Table

Worksheet	Query Builder
	<code>SELECT * FROM FlightStatus;</code>
Script Output x	
Task completed in 0.041 seconds	
<pre>S DESCRIPTION ----- C Cancelled D Delay O On Time</pre>	

Aircraft Specs Table

Worksheet	Query Builder
	<code>SELECT * FROM AircraftSpecs;</code>
Script Output x	
Task completed in 0.053 seconds	
<pre>AIRCRAFT AIRCRAFTVE CABINNUMOFSEATS FUELCAPACITY ----- AIR1 321-200 220 7930 AIR2 737-600 132 6875 BOE1 747-400 416 63705 BOE2 767-300 350 23980 BOE3 737-600 132 6875 BOE4 737-900 167 10707 6 rows selected.</pre>	

- Write a query that displays Flight Number, Depart Date Time, Arrival Date Time for all scheduled flights. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- What is the complete schedule of all flights, including their Flight Number, Depart Date Time, and Arrival Date Time?
- What are the flight details, including the flight number, departure time, and arrival time, for all the scheduled flights?

Worksheet		Query Builder
		<pre>SELECT flightNumber, departDateTime, arrivalDateTime FROM FlightSchedule;</pre>
		Script Output x
		Task completed in 0.061 seconds
FLIGHT	DEPARTDATETIME	ARRIVALDATETIME
3310	01-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	01-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM
3310	05-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	05-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM
3310	02-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	02-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM
3312	03-OCT-21 12.20.00.000000000 PM	03-OCT-21 01.30.00.000000000 PM
3426	04-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000 AM	04-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000 PM
5063	16-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000 PM	16-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000 PM
5063	18-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000 PM	18-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000 PM
5099	19-OCT-21 07.30.00.000000000 AM	19-OCT-21 09.27.00.000000000 AM
3426	27-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000 AM	27-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000 PM
9 rows selected.		

- Write a query that displays all aircraft with a fuel capacity between 7000 and 24000 gallons. Additionally, displays the number of passengers these flights can carry. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- Which aircraft have a fuel capacity between 7000 and 24000 gallons, and how many passengers can these aircraft carry?
- What are the flight details, including the flight number, departure time, and arrival time, for all the scheduled flights?
- Can you provide a list of all the flights along with their respective departure and arrival timings?

0.031 seconds

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT aircrafttypeid, cabinnumofseats, fuelcapacity from aircraftspecs
where fuelcapacity between 7000 and 24000
```

Script Output x Task completed in 0.031 seconds

AIRCRAFT	CABINNUMOFSEATS	FUELCAPACITY
AIR1	220	7930
BOE2	350	23980
BOE4	167	10707

- Write a query that displays information for all scheduled flights sorted by Depart Date Time in descending order. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- What is the complete schedule of all scheduled flights, sorted by Depart DateTime in descending order?
- What is the chronological order of all the scheduled flights, based on their departure date and time?

Worksheet Query Builder

```
select * from flightschedule
ORDER BY departdatetime DESC;
```

Script Output x Task completed in 0.102 seconds

SCHEDULEID	FLIGHT	DEPARTDATETIME	ARRIVALDATETIME	S	AIRPLANE	DELAYDEPARTTIME	DELAYARRIVALTIME
9	3426	27-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000 AM	27-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000 PM	O	AP239471		
8	5099	19-OCT-21 07.30.00.000000000 AM	19-OCT-21 09.27.00.000000000 AM	D	AP998911	19-OCT-21 07.50.00.000000000 AM	19-OCT-21 09.52.00.000000000 A
7	5063	18-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000 PM	18-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000 PM	D	AP239471	18-OCT-21 03.00.00.000000000 PM	18-OCT-21 07.25.00.000000000 P
6	5063	16-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000000 PM	16-OCT-21 06.45.00.000000000 PM	D	AP998911	16-OCT-21 03.00.00.000000000 PM	16-OCT-21 07.25.00.000000000 P
2	3310	05-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	05-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM	D	AP309814		
5	3426	04-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000000 AM	04-OCT-21 02.05.00.000000000 PM	O	AP239471		
3	3310	02-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	02-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM	D	AP998911		
1	3310	01-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000000 AM	01-OCT-21 09.02.00.000000000 AM	D	AP872139		

8 rows selected.

- Write an SQL query to display information for all aircrafts sorted by passenger capacity in descending order. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- What is the passenger capacity of each aircraft, and how are the aircraft sorted in descending order based on their passenger capacity?
- What is the complete information for all aircraft, including their passenger capacity, sorted in descending order based on the passenger capacity?

Worksheet

Query Builder

```
select * from aircraftspecs
ORDER BY cabinnumofseats DESC;
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.078 seconds

AIRCRAFT	AIRCRAFTVE	CABINNUMOFSEATS	FUELCAPACITY
BOE1	747-400	416	63705
BOE2	767-300	350	23980
AIR1	321-200	220	7930
BOE4	737-900	167	10707
AIR2	737-600	132	6875
BOE3	737-600	132	6875

6 rows selected.

- Write a query that displays each Airplane, purchase date, and how many years the airplane has been in service since purchased.

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT airplaneID, purchaseDate,
EXTRACT(YEAR FROM SYSDATE) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM purchaseDate) AS yearsInService
FROM Airplane;
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.04 seconds

AIRPLANE	PURCHASED	YEARSINSERVICE
AP098640	01-MAR-13	10
AP239471	10-JUN-15	8
AP309814	15-MAY-15	8
AP629342	20-OCT-13	10
AP872139	02-SEP-18	5
AP998911	01-OCT-09	14
AP998981	01-NOV-15	8

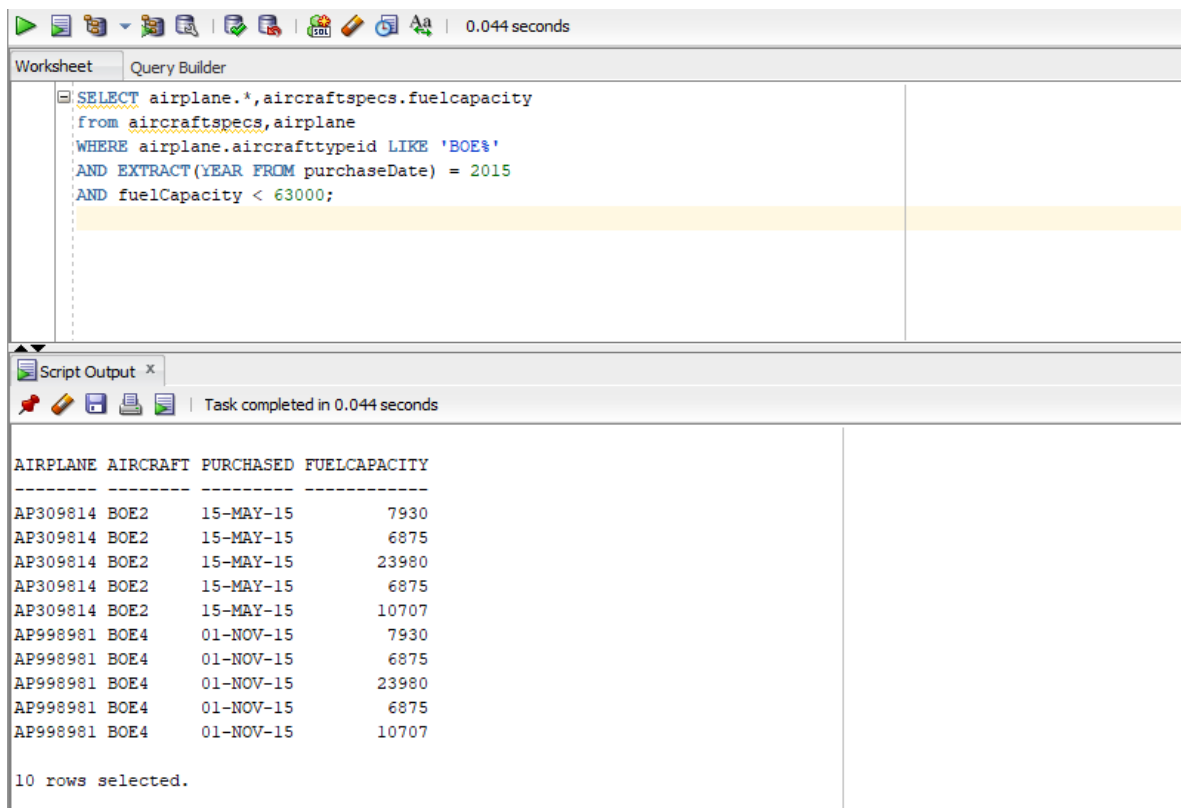
7 rows selected.

- What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- What is the purchase date and the number of years each airplane has been in service since its purchase?
- What is the duration in years for each airplane since its purchase, and what is the purchase date for each airplane?

- Write a query that filters and displays all rows from the Airplane table such that the following parameters are true:
 - The aircraftTypeID start with 'BOE'
 - The purchaseDate is in the year 2015
 - Fuel capacity is less than 63000



The screenshot shows a database query builder interface. The top toolbar includes icons for running queries, saving, and other functions, with a timer showing 0.044 seconds. The 'Query Builder' tab is active, displaying a SQL query in a text area. Below the query, a yellow highlight is visible. The 'Script Output' tab is also open, showing the results of the query in a table format. The table has four columns: AIRPLANE, AIRCRAFT, PURCHASED, and FUEL CAPACITY. It contains 10 rows of data, all of which are Boeing aircraft purchased in 2015 with fuel capacities below 63,000. The output also indicates that 10 rows were selected.

```

SELECT airplane.*, aircraftspecs.fuelcapacity
FROM aircraftspecs, airplane
WHERE airplane.aircrafttypeid LIKE 'BOE%'
AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM purchaseDate) = 2015
AND fuelCapacity < 63000;

```

AIRPLANE	AIRCRAFT	PURCHASED	FUEL CAPACITY
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15	7930
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15	6875
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15	23980
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15	6875
AP309814	BOE2	15-MAY-15	10707
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15	7930
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15	6875
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15	23980
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15	6875
AP998981	BOE4	01-NOV-15	10707

10 rows selected.

- Write a query to find the average of the aircrafts seating capacity.

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(cabinNumOfSeats)) AS avg_seating_capacity
FROM AircraftSpecs;
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.031 seconds

AVG_SEATING_CAPACITY
236

- Write a query to find how many times flights on the route with flight number '5063' were delayed.

Worksheet Query Builder

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS delayed_flights
FROM FlightSchedule
WHERE flightNumber = '5063'
AND StatusID = 'D';
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.03 seconds

DELAYED_FLIGHTS
2

- Define and execute a SQL command to insert a new state entry for Michigan with the state abbreviation 'MI'. Create a new city named 'Detroit' in Michigan and add an airport named 'Detroit Airport (DTW)' to this city. Lastly, insert a flight with the flight number '3851' originating from DTW and arriving at SFO, covering 2079 miles. Display each updated table in your output.

0.031 seconds

Worksheet Query Builder

```

INSERT INTO States (stateabbr,stateName)
VALUES ('MI','Michigan');

select * from states

INSERT INTO city (cityid,cityName,stateabbr)
VALUES ('C011','Detroit', 'MI');

INSERT INTO Airport (airportID,airportName, cityid)
VALUES ('DTW','Detroit Airport (DTW)', 'C011');

INSERT INTO flightroute (flightNumber, departairport, arriveairport, distance)
VALUES ('3851', 'DTW', 'SFO', 2079);

```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.031 seconds

```

ST STATENAME
-----
CA California
DC Washington, D.C.
FL Florida
IL Illinois
MA Massachusetts
NY New York
TX Texas
IN Indiana
MI Michigan

9 rows selected.

```

Worksheet Query Builder

```

INSERT INTO States (stateabbr,stateName)
VALUES ('MI','Michigan');
select * from states
INSERT INTO city (cityid,cityName,stateabbr)
VALUES ('C011','Detroit', 'MI');
select * from city

INSERT INTO Airport (airportID,airportName, cityid)
VALUES ('DTW','Detroit Airport (DTW)', 'C011');
select * from airport
INSERT INTO flightroute (flightNumber, departairport, arriveairport, distance)
VALUES ('3851', 'DTW', 'SFO', 2079);
select * from flightroute

```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 11 in 0.003 seconds

CITYID	CITYNAME	STATEABBR
1 C001	Los Angeles	CA
2 C002	San Francisco	CA
3 C003	Washington, D.C.	DC
4 C004	Miami	FL
5 C005	Orlando	FL
6 C006	Chicago	IL
7 C007	Boston	MA
8 C008	New York	NY
9 C009	Syracuse	NY
10 C010	Indianapolis	IN
11 C011	Detroit	MI

Worksheet

Query Builder

```
select * from city

INSERT INTO Airport (airportID,airportName, cityid)
VALUES ('DTW','Detroit Airport (DTW)', 'C011');
select * from airport

INSERT INTO flightroute (flightNumber, departairport, arriveairport, distance)
VALUES ('3851', 'DTW', 'SFO', 2079);
select * from flightroute
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 14 in 0.004 seconds

AIRPORTID	AIRPORTNAME	CITYID
1 BOS	Boston Logan International Airport	C007
2 DCA	Ronald Regan National Airport	C003
3 IAD	Washington Dulles International Airport	C003
4 JFK	John F. Kennedy International Airport	C008
5 LAX	Los Angeles International Airport	C001
6 LGA	LaGuardia Airport	C008
7 MCO	Orlando International Airport	C005
8 MDW	Chicago Midway International Airport	C006
9 MIA	Miami International Airport	C004
10 ORD	Chicago OHare International Airport	C006
11 SFO	San Francisco International Airport	C002
12 SYR	Syracuse Hancock International Airport	C009
13 IND	Indianapolis International Airport	C010
14 DTW	Detroit Airport (DTW)	C011

Worksheet

Query Builder

```
VALUES ('DTW','Detroit Airport (DTW)', 'C011');
select * from airport

INSERT INTO flightroute (flightNumber, departairport, arriveairport, distance)
VALUES ('3851', 'DTW', 'SFO', 2079);
select * from flightroute
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 6 in 0.003 seconds

FLIGHTNUMBER	DEPARTAIRPORT	ARRIVEAIRPORT	DISTANCE
1 3310	SYR	JFK	209
2 3312	JFK	SYR	209
3 3426	LAX	ORD	1745
4 5063	BOS	MCO	1121
5 5099	BOS	ORD	867
6 3851	DTW	SFO	2079

- Define and execute a SQL command to update the status of scheduled flights with flight number '3310' to 'D' (Delayed)

Worksheet

Query Builder

```

UPDATE FlightSchedule
SET statusid= 'D'
WHERE flightNumber = '3310';

select * from flightschedule

```

Script Output x

Query Result x

All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.004 seconds

	SCHEDULEID	FLIGHTNUMBER	DEPARTDATETIME	ARRIVALDATETIME	STATUSID	AIRPLANEID	DELAYDEPARTTIME	DELAYARRIVALTIME
1	1	3310	01-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000...	01-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP872139	(null)	(null)
2	2	3310	05-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000...	05-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP309814	(null)	(null)
3	3	3310	02-OCT-21 08.00.00.000000...	02-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP998911	(null)	(null)
4	4	3312	03-OCT-21 12.20.00.000000...	03-OCT-21 01.30.00...	C	AP872139	(null)	(null)
5	5	3426	04-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000...	04-OCT-21 02.05.00...	O	AP239471	(null)	(null)
6	6	5063	16-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000...	16-OCT-21 06.45.00...	D	AP998911	16-OCT-21 03.0...	16-OCT-21 07.25.00.0000000000 PM
7	7	5063	18-OCT-21 02.30.00.000000...	18-OCT-21 06.45.00...	D	AP239471	18-OCT-21 03.0...	18-OCT-21 07.25.00.0000000000 PM
8	8	5099	19-OCT-21 07.30.00.000000...	19-OCT-21 09.27.00...	D	AP998911	19-OCT-21 07.5...	19-OCT-21 09.52.00.0000000000 AM
9	9	3426	27-OCT-21 11.15.00.000000...	27-OCT-21 02.05.00...	O	AP239471	(null)	(null)

- Define and execute a SQL command to delete all the cancelled flights with a departure date less than '16-OCT-2021'.
- Commit the changes.

Worksheet Query Builder

```
DELETE FROM flightschedule
WHERE statusID = 'C'
AND departdatetime < '16-oct-2021';

COMMIT;

select * from flightschedule
```

Task completed in 0.025 seconds

Commit complete.

Worksheet Query Builder

```
DELETE FROM flightschedule
WHERE statusID = 'C'
AND departdatetime < '16-oct-2021';

COMMIT;

select * from flightschedule
```

Query Result x

All Rows Fetched: 8 in 0.002 seconds

	SCHEDULEID	FLIGHTNUMBER	DEPARTDATETIME	ARRIVALDATETIME	STATUSID	AIRPLANEID	DELAYARRIVALTIME	DELAYDEPARTTIME
1	1	3310	01-OCT-21 08.00.00.00000000...	01-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP872139	(null)	(null)
2	2	3310	05-OCT-21 08.00.00.00000000...	05-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP309814	(null)	(null)
3	3	3310	02-OCT-21 08.00.00.00000000...	02-OCT-21 09.02.00...	D	AP998911	(null)	(null)
4	5	3426	04-OCT-21 11.15.00.00000000...	04-OCT-21 02.05.00...	O	AP239471	(null)	(null)
5	6	5063	16-OCT-21 02.30.00.00000000...	16-OCT-21 06.45.00...	D	AP998911	16-OCT-21 07.25.00.0000000000 PM	16-OCT-21 03.0...
6	7	5063	18-OCT-21 02.30.00.00000000...	18-OCT-21 06.45.00...	D	AP239471	18-OCT-21 07.25.00.0000000000 PM	18-OCT-21 03.0...
7	8	5099	19-OCT-21 07.30.00.00000000...	19-OCT-21 09.27.00...	D	AP998911	19-OCT-21 09.52.00.0000000000 AM	19-OCT-21 07.5...
8	9	3426	27-OCT-21 11.15.00.00000000...	27-OCT-21 02.05.00...	O	AP239471	(null)	(null)

- What is the importance of these SQL commands? Why would the business apply these SQL commands?

The SQL commands mentioned in your question are used for data manipulation and maintenance in a database. Here's the importance of each command and why a business might apply them:

- **Insert command:** The insert command is used to add new records to a table. In this case, it is used to insert a new state entry for Michigan, create a city named Detroit in Michigan, and add an airport named Detroit Airport (DTW) to this city. This command allows businesses to add new data to their database, keeping it up-to-date and accurate.
- **Update command:** The update command is used to modify existing records in a table. In this case, it is used to update the status of scheduled flights with flight number '3310' to 'D' (Delayed). This command allows businesses to reflect changes in flight status, ensuring accurate and real-time information for their customers.
- **Delete command:** The delete command is used to remove records from a table. In this case, it is used to delete all the cancelled flights with a departure date less than '16-OCT-2021'. This command allows businesses to remove irrelevant or outdated data from their database, keeping it clean and efficient.
- **Commit command:** The commit command is used to permanently save the changes made to the database. It ensures that the changes made by the insert, update, or delete commands are saved and become a permanent part of the data. This is important for businesses to maintain data integrity and consistency.

These SQL commands are crucial for businesses as they allow them to manage and manipulate their data effectively. By inserting new records, updating existing ones, and deleting irrelevant data, businesses can ensure that their database is accurate, up-to-date, and optimized for efficient operations.

- Define and execute a SQL query to display all flights which were canceled or delayed. You need to display the flight Aircraft Type ID, Aircraft purchase date, flight depart DateTime, and statusID. What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- Can you provide a list of all flights that experienced cancellations or delays, along with the aircraft type IDs, aircraft purchase dates, flight departure dates and times, and status IDs?
- What is the aircraft type ID, aircraft purchase date, flight departure date and time, and status ID for each flight that was canceled or delayed?

Worksheet

Query Builder

- Define and execute a SQL query to display all flights that are delayed leaving from Boston. You need to display the flight number, departure airport, arrival airport and flight depart Date/Time.

Worksheet

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- What business question do you think this SQL query answers?

Business question:

- What are the flight numbers, departure airports, arrival airports, and flight departure date and time for flights that are delayed and leaving from Boston?
- Can you provide a list of the delayed flights departing from Boston, including their flight numbers, departure airports, arrival airports, and flight departure date and time?
- Which flights departing from Boston are delayed, and what are their corresponding flight numbers, departure airports, arrival airports, and flight departure date and time?