

Demystifying Azure Networking for Developers

VAIBHAV GUJRAL

Agenda



- Azure Regions and data centers
- Virtual Networks
- VPN Gateways
- NSGs and ASGs
- Load Balancing Options

Understanding Azure Regions



Data Centers

A data center is a building or group of buildings used to house physical infrastructure including racks, switches etc.

Regions

A region is a set of datacenters deployed within a latency-defined perimeter and connected through a dedicated regional low-latency network (< 2ms).

Geographies

A geography is a discrete market, typically containing two or more regions, that preserves data residency and compliance boundaries.

Availability Zones

Availability Zones are physically separate locations within an Azure region. Each Availability Zone is made up of one or more datacenters equipped with independent power, cooling, and networking.

Understanding Azure Regions



		Americ	as Eur	ope As	ia Pacific	Middle	East and A	frica	Azure Gove	rnment	Azure Ch	iina		
		EAST US	EAST US 2	CENTRAL US	NORTH CENTRAL US	SOUTH CENTRAL US	WEST CENTRAL US	WEST US	WEST US 2	CANADA EAST	CANADA CENTRAL	BRAZIL SOUTH		
Americ	as Euro	ope A	sia Pacific	Middle	East and A	Africa /	Azure Gove	ernment	Azure Ch	nina				
NORTH EUROPE	WEST EUROPE	FRANCE CENTRAL	FRANCE SOUTH	UK WEST	UK SOUTH	SWITZERLAND NORTH	SWITZERLAND WEST	NORWAY EAST	NORWAY WEST	‡GERMANY NORTH (PUBLIC)	‡GERMANY WEST CENTRAL (PUBLIC)	*GERMANY NON- REGIONAL	GERMANY CENTRAL (SOVEREIGN)	GERMANY NORTHEAST (SOVEREIGN)
	Americ	as Eu	rope A	Asia Pacific	Middle	e East and /	Africa	Azure Gov	vernment /	Azure C	hina			
	SOUTHEAST ASIA	EAST ASIA	AUSTRALIA EAST	AUSTRALIA SOUTHEAST	AUSTRALIA CENTRAL	AUSTRALIA CENTRAL 2	CENTRAL INDIA	WEST INDIA	SOUTH INDIA	JAPAN EAST	JAPAN WEST	KOREA CENTRAL	KOREA SOUTH	•

Global Presence

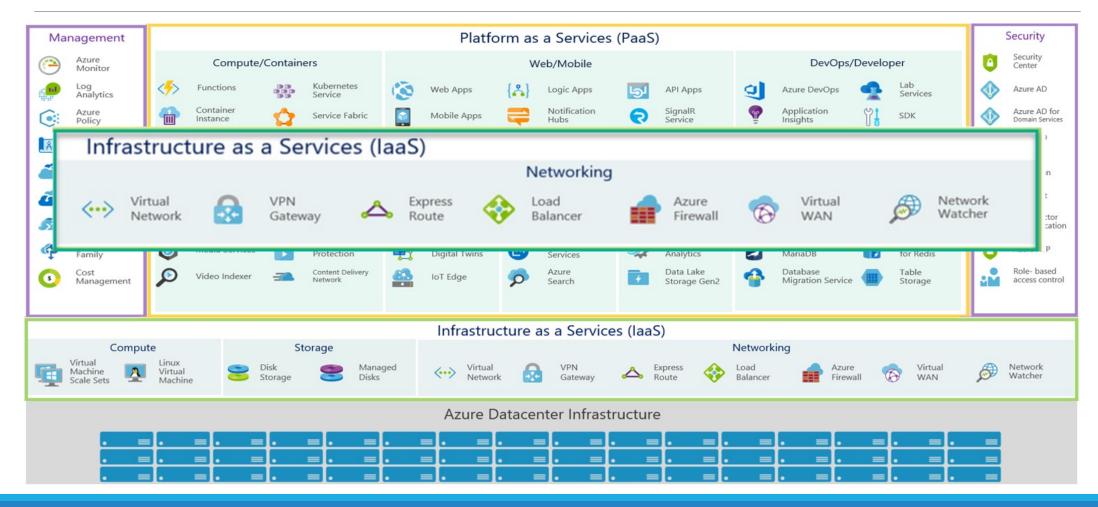


Select a geography					
United States	✓ Show no	earby geographies			
Brazil Canada C	Thile Mexico United States	Azure Government			
Regions	Central US Start free >	East US Start free >	East US 2 Start free >	East US 3 Coming soon	North Central Start free >
LOCATION	Iowa	Virginia	Virginia	Georgia	Illinois
YEAR OPENED	2014	2012	2014	Coming soon	2009
AVAILABILITY ZONES PRESENCE	Available with 3 zones	Available with 3 zones	Available with 3 zones	Coming soon	Coming soon
Compliance ~	Azure compliance offerings	Azure compliance offerings	Azure compliance offerings	Azure compliance offerings	Azure compli
DATA RESIDENCY	Stored at rest in the United States <u>Learn more</u>	Stored at rest in the United States <u>Learn more</u>	Stored at rest in the United States <u>Learn more</u>	Stored at rest in the United States <u>Learn more</u>	Stored at rest
DISASTER RECOVERY	Cross-region options: Azure Site Recovery Region Pairing In-region option: Zonal DR with Azure Site Recovery	Cross-region options: Azure Site Recovery Region Pairing In-region option: Zonal DR with Azure Site Recovery	e Site Recovery. Azure Site Recovery. Pairing Region Pairing gion option:		Cross-region of Azure Site Region Pairing
PRODUCTS BY REGION	See products in this region	See products in this region	See products in this region	Coming soon	See products
AVAILABLE TO	All customers and partners	All customers and partners	All customers and partners	Coming soon	All customers

https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/global-infrastructure/

Azure Services





Azure Virtual Network



Azure Virtual Network is the fundamental building block for private network in Azure

Supports RFC 1918 IP address spaces (https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1918)

- 10.0.0.0 10.255.255.255
- 172.16.0.0 172.31.255.255
- 192.168.0.0 192.168.255.255

You define the IP address ranges for your virtual network using Classless Inter-Domain Routing(CIDR) notation.

- 192.168.100.14/24
 - 256 IP addresses (2⁽³²⁻ⁿ⁾)
 - 192.168.100.0 192.168.100.255

You can have up to 65536 private IP addresses per virtual network

Azure Virtual Network



Use subnets for network segmentation within your virtual network

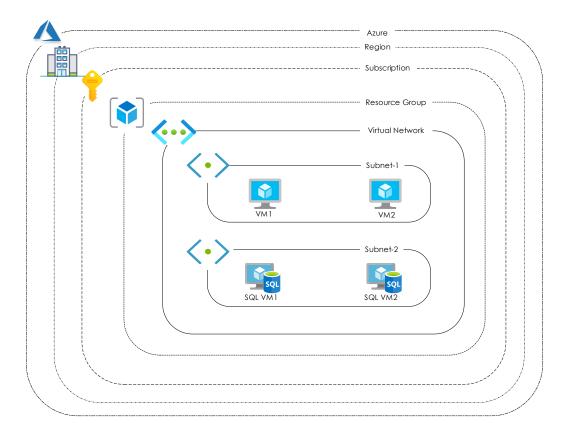
VNet is scoped to a single region and subscription

Avoid overlapping address spaces with other VNets or your on-prem networks

All resources in a VNet can communicate outbound to the internet, by default.

Inbound communication to a resource from internet takes place by assigning a public IP address or a public Load Balancer.

You can also use public IP or public Load Balancer to manage your outbound connections.



Azure Virtual Networks



Best Practices:

- 1. Avoid non-overlapping address spaces.
- 2. Ensure subnets don't cover the entire address space of the VNet. Reserve some address space for the future
- 3. Better to have fewer large VNets than multiple small VNets to avoid management issues.
- 4. Secure your VNets with Network Security Groups (NSGs)

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-vnet-plan-design-arm

VNet Peering

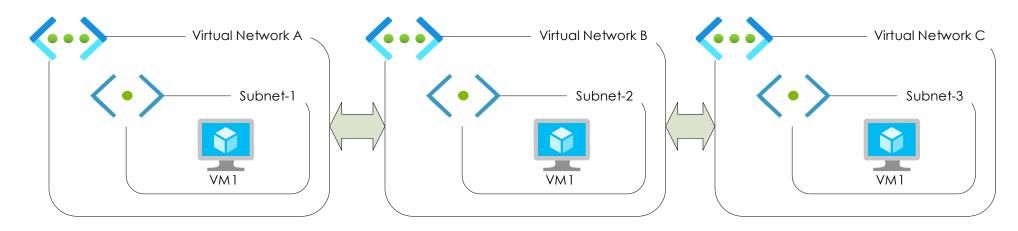


Connect Virtual Networks without a virtual network gateway

Virtual Network peers appear as one Virtual Network after peering

Two Types of peering:

- 1. <u>Virtual Network peering</u>: Connect VNets within the same Azure region
- 2. Global Virtual Network peering: Connect VNets across Azure regions





Used to send encrypted traffic between Azure Virtual Networks over the Microsoft network or an Azure virtual network and an on-premises location over the public Internet.

Uses a specific subnet called the gateway subnet in which Virtual machines running gateway services are deployed

Two types:

- 1. Vpn:
- 2. ExpressRoute:

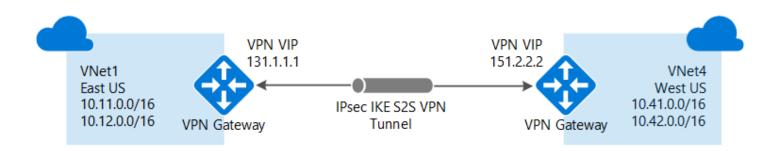
Each VPN can have only one VPN gateway, whereas a VPN gateway can have multiple connections.

A VPN can have one VPN gateway and one express route gateway



Connectivity options through VPN Gateway:

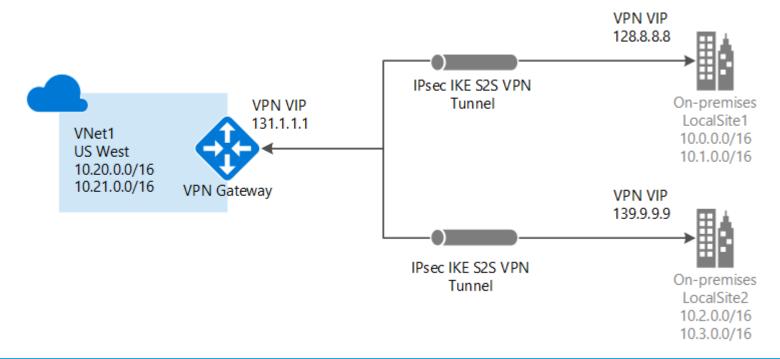
- 1. <u>VNet-to-VNet</u>: an IPsec/IKE VPN tunnel connection between that VPN gateway and another VPN gateway. The VNets can be:
 - in the same or different regions
 - in the same or different subscriptions
 - in the same or different deployment models





Connectivity options through VPN Gateway:

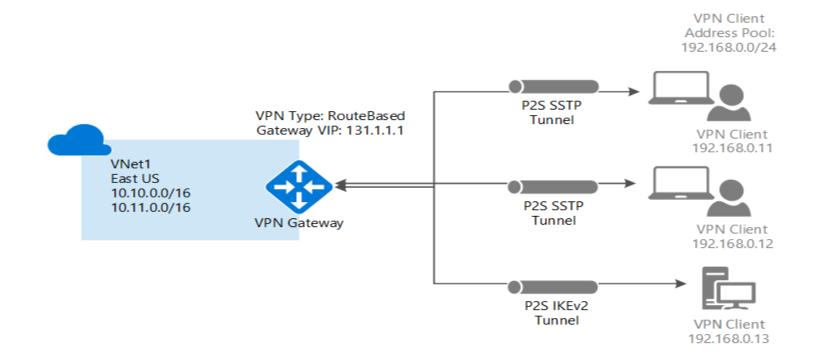
2. <u>Site-to-Site</u>: a cross-premises IPsec/IKE VPN tunnel connection between the VPN gateway and an on-premises VPN device.





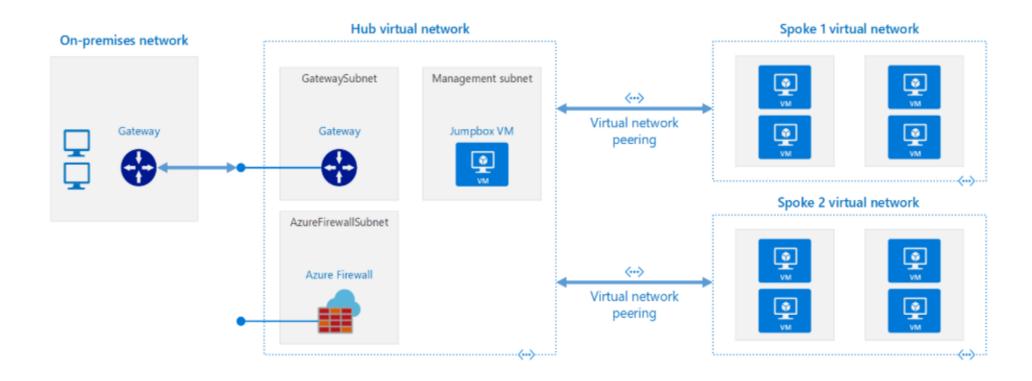
Connectivity options through VPN Gateway:

3. <u>Point-to-Site</u>: connect virtual network from an individual client computer



Hub and Spoke Topology





https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/reference-architectures/hybrid-networking/hub-spoke

Express Routes



Private connection to on-premises networks facilitated by a connectivity provider.

Each circuit has a fixed bandwidth ranging from:

50 Mbps 100 Mbps

200 Mbps 500 Mbps

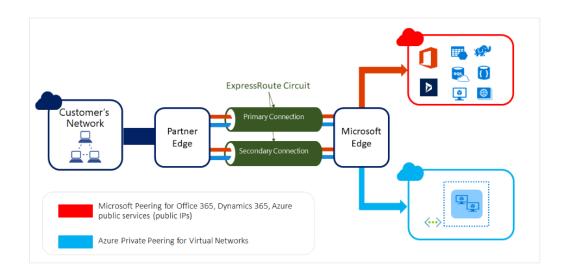
1 Gbps 10 Gbps

Two pricing models:

- Metered
- Unmetered

Express Route Direct

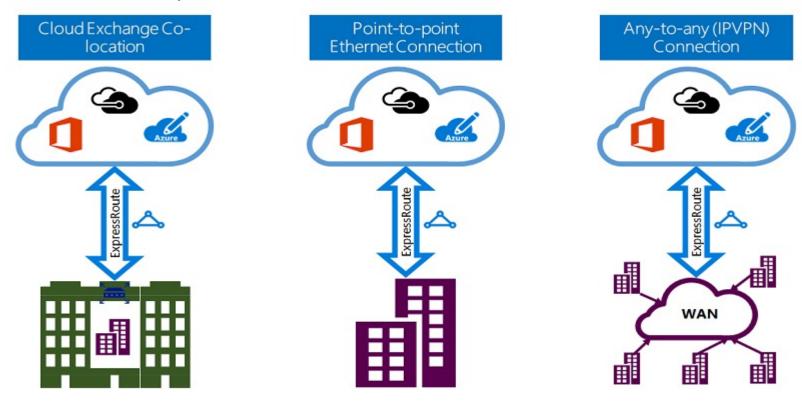
Express Route Global Reach



Express Routes



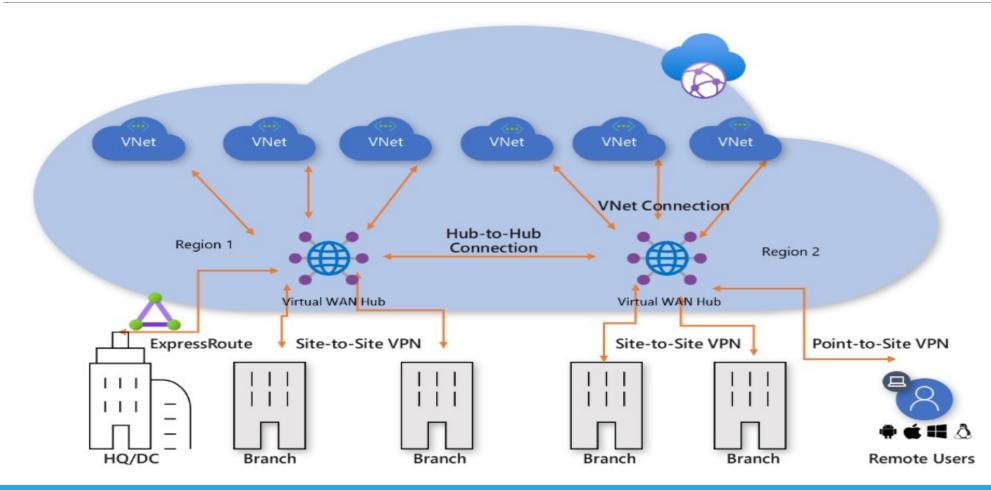
Three different connectivity models:



https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-locations-providers

Virtual WAN





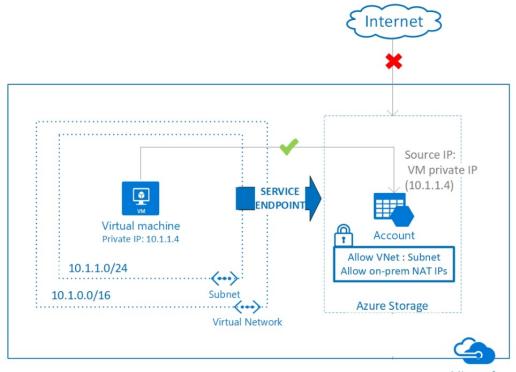
Service Endpoints



Secure and direct connectivity to Azure services over an optimized route over the Azure backbone network

Enables private IP addresses in the VNet to reach the endpoint of an Azure service without needing a public IP address on the VNet.

There is no additional cost for using service endpoints



Microsoft Azure

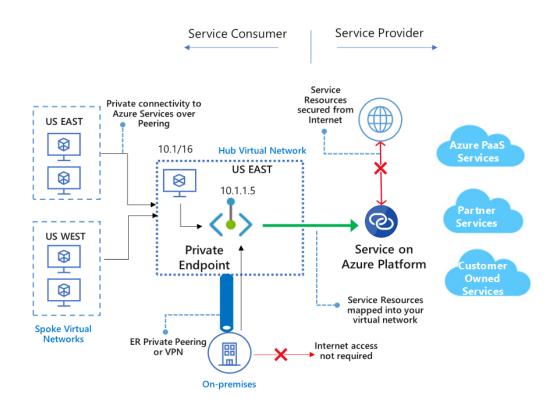
Private Links / Endpoints



Access Azure PaaS Services (for example, Azure Storage and SQL Database) and Azure hosted customer-owned/partner services over a private endpoint in your virtual network.

Traffic between your virtual network and the service travels the Microsoft backbone network.

Exposing your service to the public internet is no longer necessary.



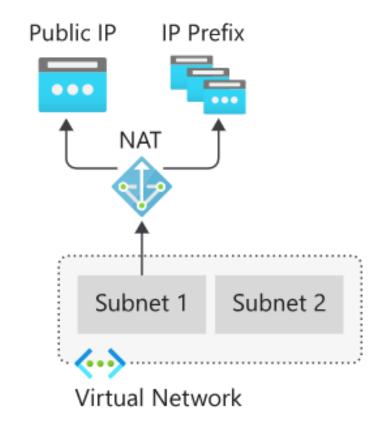
Virtual Network NAT



Virtual Network NAT (network address translation) simplifies outbound-only Internet connectivity for virtual networks.

When configured on a subnet, all outbound connectivity uses your specified static public IP addresses.

When configured, all UDP and TCP outbound flows from any virtual machine instance within the subnet will use NAT.



Network Security



Network Security Groups



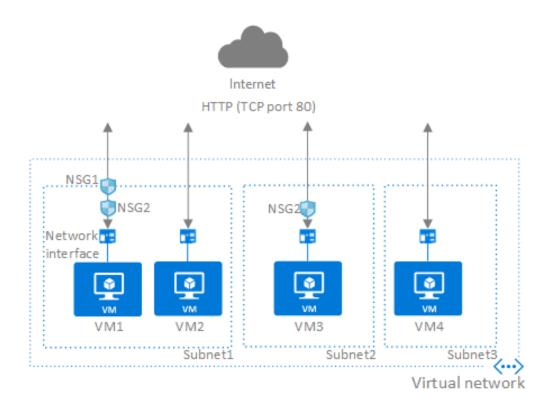
Filter network traffic to and from Azure resources in an Azure virtual network

A network security group contains security rules to allow or deny inbound or outbound network traffic

For each rule, you can specify source and destination, port, and protocol.

Network security group security rules are evaluated by priority using the 5-tuple information (source, source port, destination, destination port, and protocol) to allow or deny the traffic.

Can be applied at NIC or subnet level.



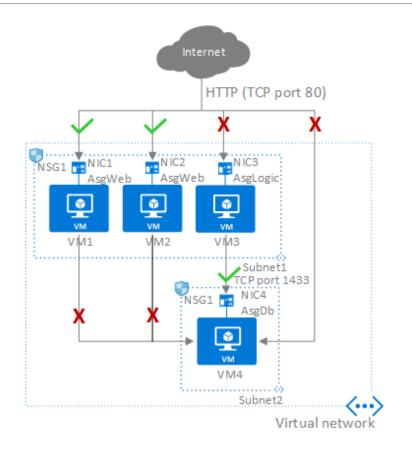




Application security groups enable you to configure network security as a natural extension of an application's structure, allowing you to group virtual machines and define network security policies based on those groups.

You can reuse your security policy at scale without manual maintenance of explicit IP addresses.

The platform handles the complexity of explicit IP addresses and multiple rule sets, allowing you to focus on your business logic.



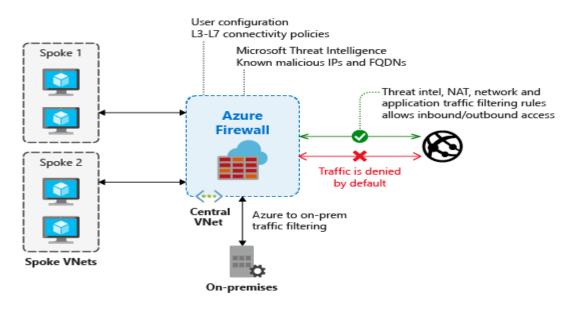
Azure Firewall



Fully managed, cloud-based network security service to protects Azure Virtual Network resources.

Fully stateful firewall as a service

Built-in high availability and unrestricted cloud scalability.







Protect your Azure resources from Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks.

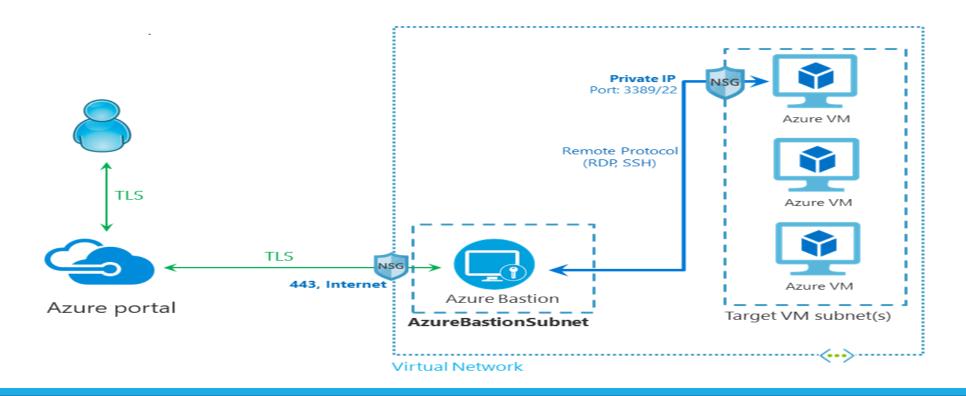
Feature	DDoS Protection Basic	DDoS Protection Standard
Active traffic monitoring & always on detection	Yes	Yes
Automatic attack mitigations	Yes	Yes
Availability guarantee	Azure Region	Application
Mitigation policies	Tuned for Azure traffic region volume	Tuned for application traffic volume
Metrics & alerts	No	Real time attack metrics & resource logs via Azure Monitor
Mitigation reports	No	Post attack mitigation reports
Mitigation flow logs	No	NRT log stream for SIEM integration
Mitigation policy customization	No	Engage DDoS Experts
Support	Best effort	Access to DDoS Experts during an active attack
SLA	Azure Region	Application guarantee & cost protection
Pricing	Free	Monthly & usage based

https://vaibhavgujral.com/

Azure Bastion



Secure and seamless RDP/SSH connectivity to your virtual machines directly in the Azure portal over TLS



Load Balancing





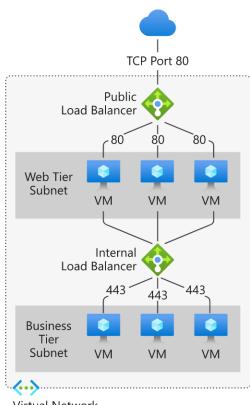
Azure Load Balancer is Layer 4 load balancer.

Evenly distributes inbound network traffic across a group of backend resources or servers.

The backend pool can be Azure virtual machines or instances in a virtual machine scale set.

Two Types:

- <u>Public load balancer</u>: for load balancing internet traffic to your Virtual Machines. Uses a public IP address for front end configuration.
- Internal (or Private) load balancer: for load balancing inside a virtual network. Uses a private IP address for front end configuration.



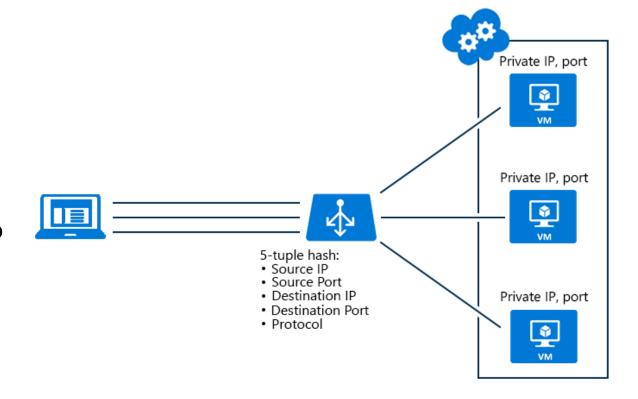
Virtual Network



Source IP affinity mode.

The hash includes

- Source IP Address
- Source Port
- Destination IP Address
- Destination Port
- IP protocol number to map flows to available server



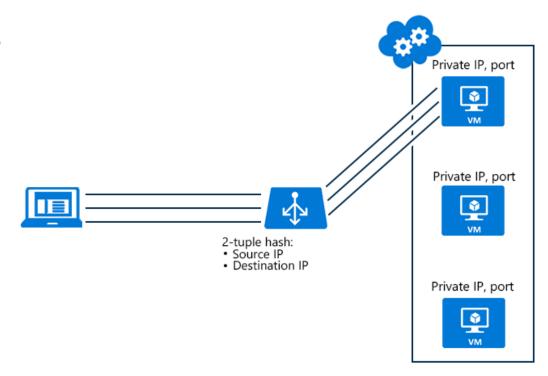


Source IP Affinity Mode allows sending connections from the same client computer to the same server. It uses a two or three-tuple hash.

Two tuple includes –

- Source IP
- Destination IP

Three tuple also includes protocol type





Basic load balancer

Up to 300 instances

Health Probes: TCP, HTTP

No SLA

Open to internet by default

Standard load balancer

Up to 1000 instances

Health Probes: TCP, HTTP, HTTPS

99.99% SLA

Supports HA Ports

Secure by Default

Skus are not mutable.

Azure Traffic Manager

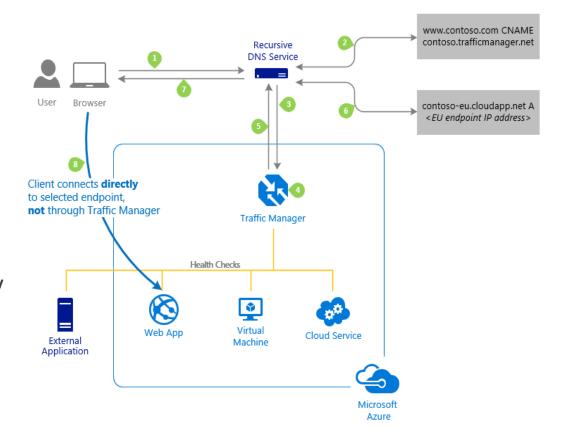


DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness.

Supports different traffic routing methods including priority, weighted, performance, geographic, multi-value and subnet.

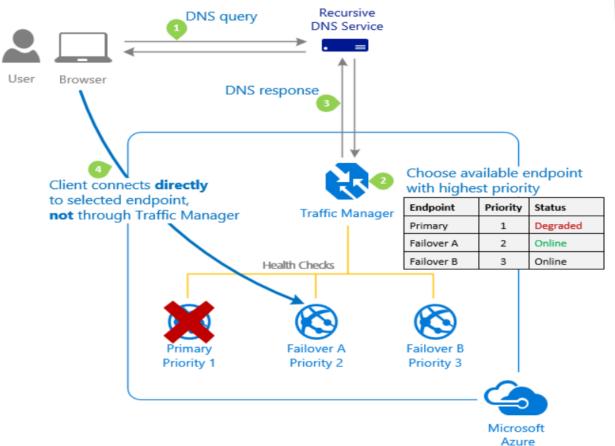
Traffic Manager also monitors the endpoint health continuously and failover automatically when endpoints fail.

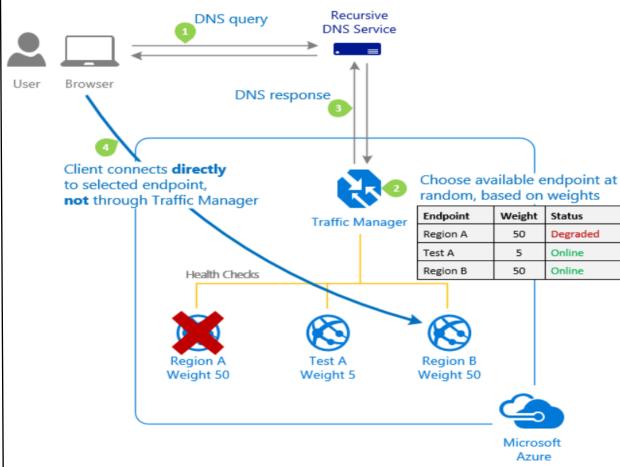
Use for routing incoming traffic for high performance and availability



Azure Traffic Manager







Azure Front Door



Azure Front Door is Application Delivery Network (ADN) as a service

It offers layer 7 load-balancing capabilities for your applications with instant failover

Features:

- Dynamic site acceleration (DSA)
- TLS/SSL offloading and end to end TLS,
- Web Application Firewall (WAF) and DDoS Protection
- Cookie-based session affinity
- Url path-based routing
- Free certificates and multiple domain management, and others

Azure Application Gateway



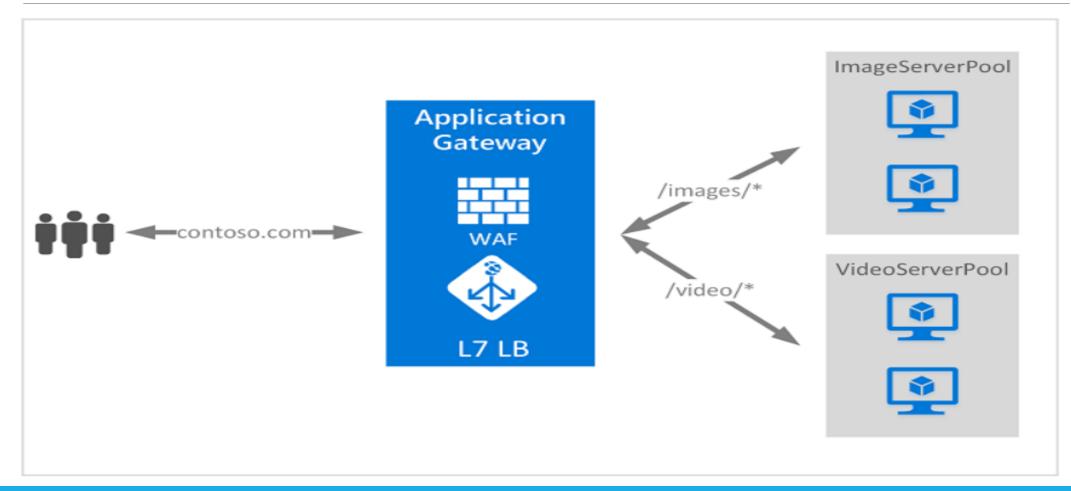
Azure Application Gateway is a platform-managed, scalable, and highly available application delivery controller as a service and offers a customizable layer 7 load-balancing solution

Features:

- 99.95 percent uptime service-level agreement for multi-instance deployments
- Centralized SSL offload and SSL policy
- Support for cookie-based session affinity
- Support for public, private, and hybrid websites
- Integrated web application firewall
- Management through Azure APIs

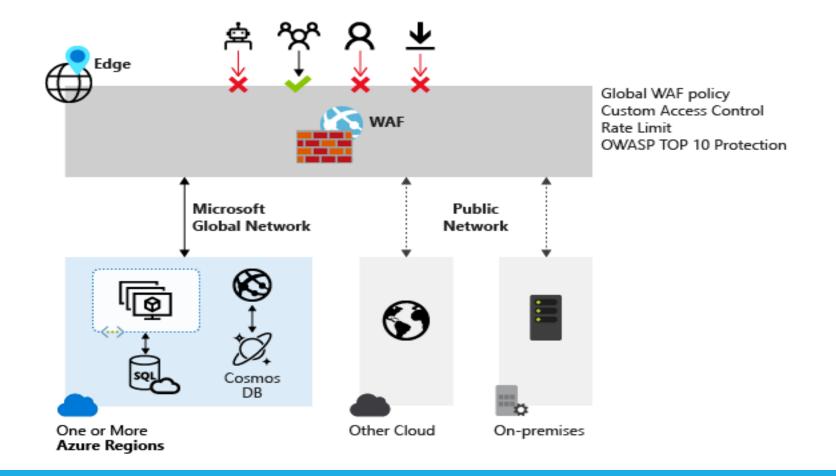
Azure Application Gateway





Azure Web Application Firewall





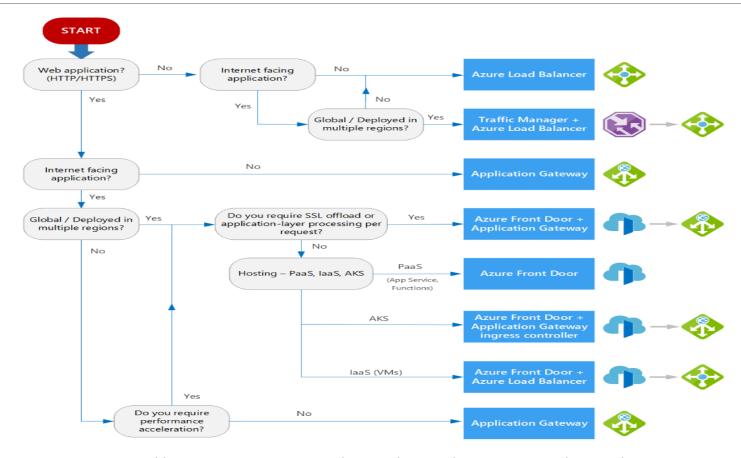
What to use when?



Service	Global/regional	Recommended traffic
Azure Front Door	Global	HTTP(S)
Traffic Manager	Global	non-HTTP(S)
Application Gateway	Regional	HTTP(S)
Azure Load Balancer	Regional	non-HTTP(S)

What to use when?





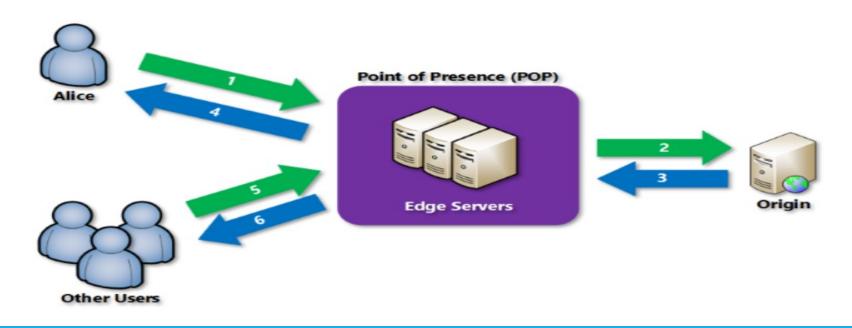
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview

Azure Content Delivery Network



Azure Content Delivery Network is a distributed network of servers that can efficiently deliver web content to users.

CDNs store cached content on edge servers in point-of-presence (POP) locations that are close to end users, to minimize latency.



Further Learning



- 1. Azure Architecture Center: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/
- 2. Microsoft Azure Documentation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure
- 3. Azure Best practices for network security: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security/fundamentals/network-best-practices
- 4. Microsoft Learn: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/
- 5. Pluralsight + Microsoft 200+ free courses: https://www.pluralsight.com/partners/microsoft/azure
- 6. Azure Friday: https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/resources/videos/azure-friday/
- 7. Azure Role-based Certifications: https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/learning/certification-overview.aspx

About me





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4x Microsoft Azure MVP since 2020

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15+ cloud certifications and counting...



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