

## Term Work

### On

## Java Programming Language

(PCS 408)

#### **Submitted to:**

### Submitted by:

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S.N o.	Practical	D.O.P.	Date of Submiss ion	Grade (Viva)	Grade (Report File)	Total Marks (out of 10)	Student's Signature	Teacher's Signatur e
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Name: Vaibhav Kumar Kapriyal Roll Number: 60 Section: A

#### PRACTICAL 1

**Question 1:** Create a class "Student" having following instance variables and methods.

**Instance variables:** ID, Name, Branch and university

**Method:** setDetails() and showDetails().

The setDetails() method sets the values of ID, Name, Branch and University. And showDetails() method shows the value of each field.

```
class
Student
          {
                 int id;
                 String name, branch, univ;
                  void setDetails()
                 {
                         name="Vaibhav Kumar";
                         branch="CSE";
                         univ="GEHU";
                         id=2018837;
                 }
                 void showDetails()
                         System.out.println("Name
                                                       :-"+name);
                         System.out.println("Branch
                                                         :-"+branch);
                         System.out.println("University :-"+univ);
                         System.out.println("Student id :-"+id);
                 }
                 public static void main(String args[])
                 {
                         Student s=new Student();
                         s.setDetails();
                         s.showDetails();
                 }
          }
```

```
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```

**Question 2:** Write a Java Program to demonstrate the working of a banking-system

**Instance variables:** name, account\_no, amount.

**Instance methods:** deposit(), withdraw(), checkBalance(), insert() and display(). Here we can deposit and withdraw amount from our account using deposit() and withdraw() methods respectively.

The insert() method is to initialize state and display() method is to display state values.

```
import
java.util.*;
               class Bank
               {
                      int accno,bal;
                      String name;
                      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
                      void insert()
                             System.out.println("Enter your details:- ");
                             System.out.print("Name :- ");
                             name=sc.nextLine();
                             System.out.print("Account no. :- ");
                             accno=sc.nextInt();
                             System.out.print("Balance :- ");
                             bal=sc.nextInt();
                      }
                      void withdraw()
                      {
                             int w;
                             if(bal>0)
                                    System.out.print("Enter the Amount:- ");
                                    w=sc.nextInt();
                                    if(w>bal)
                                            System.out.println("Cannot withdraw the
               ammount");
                                    else
                                     {
```

```
System.out.println("Money withdrawn!!!");
                      bal=bal-w;
               }
       }
}
void deposit()
       int d;
       System.out.print("Enter the Amount:- ");
       d=sc.nextInt();
       System.out.println("Money deposited successfully!!!");
       bal=bal+d;
}
void checkBalance()
       System.out.println("Your Current balance is :-"+bal);
}
void display()
       System.out.println("Your details");
       System.out.println();
       System.out.println("Name
                                           :-"+name);
       System.out.println("Account no.
                                           :-"+accno);
       System.out.println("Current Balance:-"+bal);
}
public static void main(String args[])
       Bank b=new Bank();
       b.insert();
       System.out.println();
       b.display();
       System.out.println();
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("1.Withdraw");
       System.out.println("2.Deposit");
       System.out.println("3.Check Balance");
       System.out.println("4.Exit");
       System.out.println();
       int ch=0;
       while(ch!=4)
       {
               System.out.println();
               System.out.println("Enter your choice");
               ch=sc.nextInt();
```

```
switch(ch)
                      {
                              case 1:
                              {
                                     b.withdraw();
                                     System.out.println();
                                     break;
                              }
                              case 2:
                              {
                                     b.deposit();
                                     System.out.println();
                                     break;
                              }
                              case 3:
                              {
                                     b.checkBalance();
                                     System.out.println();
                                     break;
                              }
                      }
              }
       }
}
```

```
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                                                                                      sammei@kali: ~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file
File Actions Edit View Help
Your details
Name :-Vaibhav
Account no. :-2045
Current Balance:-70000
1.Withdraw
2.Deposit
3.Check Balance
4.Exit
Enter your choice
Enter the Amount:- 2500
Money deposited successfully!!!
Enter your choice
Your Current balance is :-72500
Enter your choice
Enter the Amount:- 1000
Money withdrawn!!!
Enter your choice
Your Current balance is :-71500
Enter your choice
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```

**Question 3:** Write a program to sum two numbers. Here inputs are provided through command line argument.

```
public class
SumOfNumbers4

{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int x = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); //first arguments
        int y = Integer.parseInt(args[1]); //second arguments
        int sum = x + y;
        System.out.println("The sum of x and y is: " +sum);
    }
}
```

**Question 4:** Create class Employee with following attributes and methods ID, name, department and salary.

The setDetails() method sets the values of ID, name, department and salary. And showDetails() method shows the value of each field.

**Note:** (i) Values must be entered through Scanner class.

- (ii) Use proper constructor
- (iii) Use "this" reference variable to avoid ambiguity.

```
import
java.util.*;
               class Employee
                      int id, sal;
                      String name,d;
                      Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
                      Employee()
                              this.id=0;
                              this.sal=0;
                              this.name="";
                              this.d="";
                      }
                      void setDetails()
                              System.out.println("Enter your Details");
                              System.out.print("Name :- ");
                              name=sc.nextLine();
                              System.out.print("Department :- ");
                              d=sc.nextLine();
                              System.out.print("Id :- ");
                              id=sc.nextInt();
                              System.out.print("Salary :- ");
                              sal=sc.nextInt();
                      void showDetails()
                      {
                              System.out.println("\nYour Details");
```

```
System.out.println("Name :- "+name);
System.out.println("Id :- "+id);
System.out.println("Department :- "+d);
System.out.println("Salary :- "+sal);
}

public static void main(String args[])
{
    Employee e=new Employee();
    e.setDetails();
    e.showDetails();
}
```

```
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```

# **Question 5:** Re-write program 1 with better memory management approach. **Note:** use of static keyword

```
class
Student
          {
                 static int id;
                 static String name,branch,univ;
                  static void setDetails()
                 {
                        name="Vaibhav Kumar";
                        branch="CSE";
                        univ="GEHU";
                        id=2018837;
                 }
                 static void showDetails()
                        System.out.println("Name :-"+name);
                        System.out.println("Branch
                                                       :-"+branch);
                        System.out.println("University :-"+univ);
                        System.out.println("Student id :-"+id);
                 }
                 public static void main(String args[])
                 {
                        setDetails();
                        showDetails();
                 }
          }
```

```
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```

**Question 6:** Apply following functions on the String "Java".

- (i) Try to concat "Welcome" and write down your observation.
- (ii) Find character at index 1
- (iii) Find index of first 'a'.
- (iv) Find index of second 'a'
- (v) Compare "Java" to "JAVA"
- (vi) Compare "Java" to "JAVA" ignoring the case
- (vii) Find the index of first 'a' from last

```
import
java.lang.*;

class S
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        String s="Java";
        System.out.println(s.concat(" Welcome"));
        System.out.println(s.charAt(1));
        System.out.println(s.indexOf('a'));
        System.out.println(s.indexOf('a',2));
        System.out.println(s.equals("JAVA"));
        System.out.println(s.equalsIgnoreCase("JAVA"));
        System.out.println(s.lastIndexOf('a'));
        System.out.println(s.lastIndexOf('a'));
    }
}
```

#### **Question 7:** Apply following functions on StringBuffer object "HELLO"

- (i) Append "Java"
- (ii) Insert "Java" at index 1
- (iii) Replace with "Java" with characters between index 1 to 2
- (iv) Delete characters between index 1 and 2
- (v) Reverse the string "HELLO"

```
class
Append
         {
                public static void main(String args[])
                        StringBuffer sb=new StringBuffer("Hello ");
                        sb.append("Java");
                        System.out.println(sb);
                        StringBuffer s=new StringBuffer("Hello ");
                        s.insert(1,"Java");
                        System.out.println(s);
                        StringBuffer s1=new StringBuffer("Hello ");
                        s1.replace(1,2,"Java");
                        System.out.println(s1);
                        StringBuffer s2=new StringBuffer("Hello ");
                        s2.delete(1,2);
                        System.out.println(s2);
                        StringBuffer s3=new StringBuffer("Hello ");
                        s3.reverse();
                        System.out.println(s3);
                }
```

**Question 8:** Create a class "Student" having following instance variables and methods.

Instance variables: ID, Name, Branch, city and university
While creating constructors with one, two, three, four and five arguments reuse
the constructors by **construction chaining** 

```
class
Student
          {
                  int id;
                  String name, branch, city, univ;
                  Student()
                  {
                         this(20801);
                  }
                  Student(int x)
                  {
                         this(20801, "Vaibhav");
                  Student(int x,String a)
                         this(20801, "Vaibhav", "CSE");
                  }
                  Student(int x,String a,String b)
                  {
                         this(20801, "Vaibhav", "CSE", "Dehradun");
                  }
                  Student(int x,String a,String b,String c)
                  {
                         this(20801,"Vaibhav","CSE","Dehradun","GEHU");
                  }
                  Student(int x,String a,String b,String c,String d)
                         System.out.println("Your Details ");
                         System.out.println("Name :- "+a);
                         System.out.println("Id :- "+x);
```

```
System.out.println("Branch :- "+b);
System.out.println("City :- "+c);
System.out.println("University :- "+d);
}

public static void main(String args[])
{
    new Student();
}
```

```
Constructor Chaining In. P -/Desktop/sammei/java_ Sammei@bali-/Desktop.

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$ java ques8.java

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Your Details

Name :- Vaibhav

Id :- 20801

Branch :- CSE

City :- Dehradun

University :- GEHU

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```

**Question 9:** Create two-dimensional integer array and insert, search and traverse this array.

Note: Use Scanner class to insert data.

```
import
java.util.*;
               class A
                       public static void main(String args[])
                               Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
                               System.out.println("\nEnter the Dimensions of the array");
                               m=sc.nextInt();
                               n=sc.nextInt();
                               int a[][]=new int[m][n];
                               int i,j,b,c=0;
                               System.out.println("\nEnter the elements of the array");
                               for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
                                       for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                                       {
                                               a[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
                                       }
                               }
                               System.out.println("\nYour Array :- ");
                               for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
                                       for(j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
                                       {
                                               System.out.print(a[i][j]+ " ");
                                       }
                                       System.out.println();
                               }
                               System.out.println("\nEnter the element to search in the
                array");
```

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$ java ques9.java
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Enter the Dimensions of the array 3 3
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Your Array :-
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Enter the element to search in the array
Element found
(sammei⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
java ques9.java
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Enter the Dimensions of the array
3 3
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Your Array :-
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Enter the element to search in the array
Element not found
```

**Question 10:** Create a jagged array having three rows. Where 1<sup>st</sup> row contains 3 columns, 2<sup>nd</sup> row contains 4 columns and 3<sup>rd</sup> row contains 2 columns. Insert and traverse it.

```
import
java.util.*;
               class A
                       public static void main(String args[])
                               Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
                               int a[][]=new int[3][];
                               a[0]=new int[3];
                               a[1]=new int[4];
                               a[2]=new int[2];
                               int i,j;
                               System.out.println("\nEnter the elements of the array");
                               for(i=0;i<3;i++)
                                       for(j=0;j<a[i].length;j++)</pre>
                                              a[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
                                       }
                               }
                               System.out.println("\nYour Array :- ");
                               for(i=0;i<3;i++)</pre>
                                       for(j=0;j<a[i].length;j++)</pre>
                                              System.out.print(a[i][j]+ " ");
                                       System.out.println();
                               }
                       }
               }
```

```
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                                                                   sammei@kali: ~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file
File Actions Edit View Help
(sammei® kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
$ java ques10.java
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Your Array :-
1 2 3
4° 5 6 7
8 9
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```

**Question 11:** Create a class "Shape" having area() method to calculate area. Overload the area() method for shapes like triangle, rectangle and circle.

```
class
Shape
        {
               int area(int x,int y)
               {
                       int area=x*y;
                       return area;
               }
               int area(int x)
               {
                       int area=x*x;
                       return area;
               }
               int area(float x)
                       int area=(int)(3.14*x*x);
                       return area;
               }
               int area(float x,float y)
                       int area=(int)(0.5*x*y);
                       return area;
               }
               public static void main(String args[])
                       Shape s=new Shape();
                       int a=s.area(4,5);
                       System.out.println("\nArea of Rectangle :-"+a);
                       int b=s.area(4);
                       System.out.println("\nArea of Square :-"+b);
                       int c=s.area(4.5f);
                       System.out.println("\nArea of circle :-"+c);
                       int d=s.area(4.5f,5.5f);
                       System.out.println("\nArea of Triangle :-"+d);
               }
        }
```

```
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File Actions Edit View Help
(sammei@kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
s java ques11.java
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Area of Rectangle :-20
Area of Square :-16
Area of circle :-63
Area of Triangle :-12
(sammei⊛ kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
```

**Question 12:** Create a class "Bank" having method getRateOfInterest(). Create child classes as HDFC, SBI and PNB and override getRateOfInterest() and return interest rates as 4.0, 4.5 and 5% correspondingly.

Use concept of Upcasting to implement this scenario.

```
class
Bank
        {
               void getROI()
               System.out.println("\nInterest Rate of Bank :- 2.0");
               public static void main(String args[])
                       Bank obj=new Bank();
                       obj.getROI();
                       obj=new Hdfc();
                       obj.getROI();
                       obj=new Sbi();
                       obj.getROI();
                       obj=new Pnb();
                       obj.getROI();
               }
        }
        class Hdfc extends Bank
               void getROI()
               System.out.println("\nInterest Rate of HDFC :- 4.0");
        }
        class Sbi extends Bank
               void getROI()
               System.out.println("\nInterest Rate of SBI :- 4.5");
        }
        class Pnb extends Bank
```

```
{
    void getROI()
    {
       System.out.println("\nInterest Rate of PNB :- 5");
    }
}
```

```
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File Actions Edit View Help
(sammei⊗ kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
$ java ques12.java
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
Interest Rate of Bank :- 2.0
Interest Rate of HDFC :- 4.0
Interest Rate of SBI :- 4.5
Interest Rate of PNB :- 5
(sammei® kali)-[~/Desktop/sammei/java/practical file]
```