Installing and loading libraries

```
library(readr)
library(caret)
library(klaR)
```

Setting the working directory

```
setwd("D:/great\ learning/Capstone/6.\ Coronory\ Heart\ Risk\ Study") mydata = read.csv("Coronary\_heart\_risk\_study.csv",\ header = TRUE) attach(mydata)
```

Missing Value treatement/Imputation and plot of missing value

```
colSums(is.na(mydata))
sum(is.na(mydata))
plot_missing(mydata)
mydata$education[is.na(mydata$education)] = mean(mydata$education, na.rm = T)
mydata$cigsPerDay[is.na(mydata$cigsPerDay)] = median(mydata$cigsPerDay, na.rm = T)
mydata$BPMeds[is.na(mydata$BPMeds)] = median(mydata$BPMeds, na.rm = T)
mydata$totChol[is.na(mydata$totChol)] = median(mydata$totChol, na.rm = T)
mydata$BMI[is.na(mydata$BMI)] = median(mydata$BMI, na.rm = T)
mydata$BMI[is.na(mydata$BMI)] = median(mydata$BertRate, na.rm = T)
mydata$plucose[is.na(mydata$plucose)] = median(mydata$plucose, na.rm = T)
plot_missing(mydata)
```

Outlier Treatement

```
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a<(qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
BMI = a
boxplot(BMI, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for BMI after outlier treatement")
a = mydata\$totChol
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a<(qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
totChol = a
boxplot(totChol, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for totChol after outlier treatement")
a = mydata\$sysBP
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a<(qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
```

```
sysBP = a
boxplot(sysBP, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for sysBP after outlier treatement")
a = mydata dia BP
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a<(qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
diaBP = a
boxplot(diaBP, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for diaBP after outlier treatement")
a = mydata  heart Rate
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a<(qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
heartRate = a
boxplot(heartRate, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for heartRate after outlier treatement")
a = mydata glucose
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
```

```
a[a < (qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
glucose = a
boxplot(glucose, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for glucose after outlier treatement")
a = mydata$cigsPerDay
qnt = quantile(a, probs=c(0.25,0.75), na.rm=T)
caps = quantile(a, probs=c(0.05,0.95), na.rm=T)
h = 1.5*IQR(a, na.rm=T)
a[a < (qnt[1]-h)] = caps[1]
a[a>(qnt[2]+h)] = caps[2]
print(a)
boxplot(a)
cigsPerDay = a
boxplot(cigsPerDay, horizontal = TRUE, main = "Boxplot for cigsPerDay after outlier treatement")
### Variable Conversion
mydata$male <- as.factor(mydata$male)</pre>
mydata$education <- as.factor(mydata$education)</pre>
mydata$age <- as.numeric(mydata$age)</pre>
mydata$currentSmoker <- as.factor(mydata$currentSmoker)</pre>
mydata$cigsPerDay <- as.numeric(mydata$cigsPerDay)</pre>
mydata$BPMeds <- as.factor(mydata$BPMeds)</pre>
mydata$prevalentStroke <- as.factor(mydata$prevalentStroke)</pre>
mydata$prevalentHyp <- as.factor(mydata$prevalentHyp)</pre>
```

mydata\$diabetes <- as.factor(mydata\$diabetes)</pre>

```
mydata$heartRate <- as.numeric(mydata$heartRate)</pre>
mydata$TenYearCHD <- as.factor(mydata$TenYearCHD)</pre>
### Splitting the data into train and test data set
library(caTools)
split = sample.split(mydata$TenYearCHD, SplitRatio = 0.7)
trainDS = subset(mydata, split==TRUE)
testDS = subset(mydata, split==FALSE)
### Building logistic regression model
library(lmtest)
glm(as.factor(trainDS$TenYearCHD)~., data = trainDS, family = binomial)
summary(glm(as.factor(trainDS$TenYearCHD)~., data = trainDS, family = binomial))
model1 = glm(as.factor(trainDS$TenYearCHD)~male+age+cigsPerDay+prevalentStroke+sysBP+glucose, data
= trainDS, family = binomial)
summary(model1$fitted.values)
plot(as.factor(model1$y), model1$fitted.values)
model1.validate = predict(model1, data = testDS, type = 'response')
model1.pred = ifelse(model1.validate>0.5,1,0)
table(model1$y, model1.pred)
### ROC for logistic regression model
library(pROC)
prob = predict(model1, type = c("response"))
```

trainDS\$prob = prob

roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = trainDS)

```
plot(roc_curve)
```

AUC for logistic regression model

model2.pred = ifelse(model2.validate>0.5,1,0)

table(model2\$y, model2.pred)

```
library(ROCR)
predobj.trainDS = prediction(trainDS$prob, trainDS$TenYearCHD)
auc_1 = performance(predobj.trainDS,"auc")
auc_1 = as.numeric(auc_1@y.values)
print(auc.train)
### Building logistic regression model with SMOTE
library(DMwR)
table(TenYearCHD)
mydata$TenYearCHD = as.factor(mydata$TenYearCHD)
mydata.smote.balanced = SMOTE(TenYearCHD~.,mydata, perc.over = 3000, k = 4, perc.under = 250)
split = sample.split(mydata.smote.balanced$TenYearCHD, SplitRatio = 0.7)
smote.train = subset(mydata.smote.balanced, split == TRUE)
smote.test = subset(mydata.smote.balanced, split == FALSE)
glm(as.factor(smote.train\$TenYearCHD)\sim., data = smote.train, family = binomial)
summary(glm(as.factor(smote.train$TenYearCHD)~., data = smote.train, family = binomial))
model2 = glm(as.factor(smote.train$TenYearCHD)~., data = smote.train, family = binomial)
summary(model2$fitted.values)
plot(as.factor(model2$y), model2$fitted.values)
model2.validate = predict(model2, data = smote.test, type = 'response')
```

ROC for logistic regression model with SMOTE

```
library(pROC)
prob1 = predict(model2, type = c("response"))
smote.train$prob = prob1
roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = smote.train)
plot(roc_curve)
### AUC for logistic regression model with SMOTE
library(ROCR)
predobj.train = prediction(smote.train$prob, smote.train$TenYearCHD)
auc_2 = performance(predobj.train,"auc")
auc_2 = as.numeric(auc_2@y.values)
print(auc_2)
# define training control
train_control <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)
# train the model on training set
model3 <- train(TenYearCHD ~ .,data = smote.train,trControl = train_control,method =
"glm",family=binomial())
# print cv scores
summary(model3)
pred = predict(model3, newdata=smote.test)
```

ROC for logistic regression model with SMOTE and cross validation

```
library(pROC)

prob1 = predict(model3, type = c("prob"))[,"1"]

smote.train$prob = prob1

View(prob1)

roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = smote.train)

plot(roc_curve)

### AUC for logistic regression model with SMOTE and cross validation

library(ROCR)

predobj.train = prediction(smote.train$prob, smote.train$TenYearCHD)

auc_3 = performance(predobj.train,"auc")
```

Building naive bayes model

print(auc_3)

auc_3 = as.numeric(auc_3@y.values)

```
\label{eq:library} \begin{split} & \text{naive.NB} = \text{naiveBayes}(x = \text{trainDS}[,1:15], \ y = \text{trainDS}[,16]) \\ & \text{pred.nb} = \text{predict}(\text{naive.NB}, \text{newdata} = \text{testDS}) \\ & \text{pred.nb} \\ & \text{confusionMatrix}(\text{data} = \text{pred.nb}, \text{reference} = \text{as.factor}(\text{testDS} \text{TenYearCHD})) \end{split}
```

ROC for Naive Bayes

```
library(pROC)
prob1 = predict(naive.NB, newdata = testDS, type = c("raw"))[,"1"]
testDS$prob = prob1
View(prob1)
roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = testDS)
plot(roc_curve)
### AUC for Naive Bayes model
library(ROCR)
predobj.train = prediction(testDS$prob, testDS$TenYearCHD)
auc_4 = performance(predobj.train,"auc")
auc_4 = as.numeric(auc_4@y.values)
print(auc_4)
### Naive Bayes model with SMOTE
library(e1071)
naive.NB = naiveBayes(x = smote.train[,1:15], y = smote.train[,c(16)])
pred.nb = predict(naive.NB, newdata = smote.test)
pred.nb
confusionMatrix(data = pred.nb, reference = smote.test$TenYearCHD)
### ROC for Naive Bayes with SMOTE
library(pROC)
prob1 = predict(naive.NB, newdata = smote.test, type = c("raw"))[,"1"]
smote.test$prob = prob1
View(prob1)
```

```
roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = smote.test)
plot(roc_curve)
### AUC for Naive Bayes model with SMOTE
library(ROCR)
predobj.test = prediction(smote.test$prob, smote.test$TenYearCHD)
auc_5 = performance(predobj.test,"auc")
auc_5 = as.numeric(auc_5@y.values)
print(auc_5)
### Naive bayes model with smote and cross validation
# define training control
train_control <- trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10)
# train the model on training set
model4 <- train(TenYearCHD ~ .,data = smote.train,trControl = train_control,method = "nb")
# print cv scores
summary(model4)
pred = predict(model4, newdata=smote.test)
confusionMatrix(data=pred, smote.test$TenYearCHD)
### ROC for Naive Bayes with SMOTE and cross validation
```

library(pROC)

```
prob1 = predict(model4, type = c("prob"))[,"1"]
smote.train$prob = prob1
View(prob1)
roc_curve = roc(TenYearCHD~prob, data = smote.train)
plot(roc_curve)
### AUC for Naive Bayes model with SMOTE and cross validation
library(ROCR)
predobj.train = prediction(smote.train$prob, smote.train$TenYearCHD)
auc_6 = performance(predobj.train,"auc")
auc_6 = as.numeric(auc_6@y.values)
print(auc_6)
### Random Forest analysis with train data set
print(sum(trainDS$TenYearCHD=="1")/nrow(trainDS))
library(randomForest)
seed=1000
set.seed(seed)
rndforest = randomForest(trainDS$TenYearCHD~., data = trainDS, ntree = 501, mtry = 3, nodesize = 10,
importance = TRUE)
print(rndforest)
print(rndforest$err.rate)
plot(rndforest)
importance(rndforest)
trainDS$predict.class = predict(rndforest, trainDS, type = "class")
trainDS$prob = predict(rndforest, trainDS, type = "prob")[,"1"]
```

```
head(trainDS)
confusionMatrix(trainDS$TenYearCHD, trainDS$predict.class)
### Tuning
set.seed(seed)
trndforest = tuneRF(x=trainDS, y=trainDS$TenYearCHD, mtryStart = 3, stepFactor = 1.5, ntreeTry = 25,
improve = 0.001, trace = TRUE, plot = TRUE, doBest = TRUE, importance = TRUE)
trainDS$predict.class = predict(trndforest, trainDS, type = "class")
trainDS$prob = predict(trndforest, trainDS, type = "prob")[,"1"]
head(trainDS)
confusionMatrix(trainDS$TenYearCHD, trainDS$predict.class)
### Testing the built Random Forest Model with test data set
testDS$predict.class = predict(rndforest, testDS, type = "class")
testDS$prob = predict(rndforest, testDS, type = "prob")[,"1"]
head(testDS)
confusionMatrix(testDS$TenYearCHD, testDS$predict.class)
### ROC
library(ROCR)
library(ineq)
predobj.trainDS = prediction(trainDS$prob, trainDS$TenYearCHD)
perf.train_rf = performance(predobj.trainDS, "tpr", "fpr")
predobj.testDS = prediction(testDS$prob, testDS$TenYearCHD)
perf.test_rf = performance(predobj.testDS, "tpr", "fpr")
plot(perf.train rf)
```

```
plot(perf.test_rf)
### auc
auc.train2 = performance(predobj.trainDS,"auc")
auc.train2 = as.numeric(auc.train2@y.values)
print(auc.train2)
auc.test2 = performance(predobj.testDS,"auc")
auc.test2 = as.numeric(auc.test2@y.values)
print(auc.test2)
### Random Forest analysis with SMOTE
library(caTools)
library(DMwR)
table(TenYearCHD)
mydata$TenYearCHD = as.factor(mydata$TenYearCHD)
mydata.smote.balanced = SMOTE(TenYearCHD \sim ., mydata, perc.over = 3000, k = 4, perc.under = 250)
split = sample.split(mydata.smote.balanced$TenYearCHD, SplitRatio = 0.7)
smote.train = subset(mydata.smote.balanced, split == TRUE)
smote.test = subset(mydata.smote.balanced, split == FALSE)
library(randomForest)
seed=1000
set.seed(seed)
rndforest = randomForest(smote.train$TenYearCHD~., data = smote.train, ntree = 501, mtry = 3, nodesize = 10,
importance = TRUE)
print(rndforest)
```

```
print(rndforest$err.rate)
plot(rndforest)
importance(rndforest)
smote.train$predict.class = predict(rndforest, smote.train, type = "class")
smote.train$prob = predict(rndforest, smote.train, type = "prob")[,"1"]
head(smote.train)
confusionMatrix(smote.train$TenYearCHD, smote.train$predict.class)
### Tuning
seed = 1000
set.seed(seed)
trndforest = tuneRF(x=smote.train, y=smote.train$TenYearCHD, mtryStart = 3, stepFactor = 1.25, ntreeTry =
25, improve = 0.0001, trace = TRUE, plot = TRUE, doBest = TRUE, importance = TRUE)
smote.train$predict.class = predict(trndforest, newdata = smote.train, type = "class")
trainDS$prob = predict(trndforest, trainDS, type = "prob")[,"1"]
head(smote.train)
confusionMatrix(smote.train$TenYearCHD, smote.train$predict.class)
### Testing the built Random Forest Model with test data set
smote.test$predict.class = predict(rndforest, smote.test, type = "class")
smote.test$prob = predict(rndforest, smote.test, type = "prob")[,"1"]
head(smote.test)
confusionMatrix(smote.test$TenYearCHD, smote.test$predict.class)
### ROC
```

library(ROCR)

```
predobj.testDS = prediction(smote.test$prob, smote.test$TenYearCHD)
perf.test_rf = performance(predobj.testDS, "tpr", "fpr")
plot(perf.test_rf)

#### auc

auc.test2 = performance(predobj.testDS,"auc")
auc.test2 = as.numeric(auc.test2@y.values)
```

print(auc.test2)