<u>Project – Personal Loan Campaign</u>

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1. Project Objective

The objective of this project work is building a Data Mining Model to predict whether the costumer will take the loan or not or will he/she responds to the loan campaign. The methods involved during the designing of the aforesaid model are CART (Classification and Regression Tree) and Random Forest. Various performance measures such as Rank Order Table, KS, AUC, GINI, Confusion Matrix, Concordance and Discordance are utilized to predict the accuracy of the build models.

2. Exploratory Data Analysis

- Exploratory data analysis tells us that the data set contain 39 independent variables and TARGET variable which is the dependent variable.
- The data set does not contain any missing value or NA values
- Summary of the data set is shown in Fig.1 below:

| CUST_II | D | TARGET | AGE | GENDER | BALANCE | | OCCUP | ATION | AGE_BKT | SC | R | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|---------|---|--------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--------|
| C1 : | 1 | Min. :0.0000 | Min. :21.0 | 0 F: 5433 | Min. : | 0 | PROF | :5417 | <25 :1753 | Min. | :100.0 | |
| C10 : | 1 | 1st Qu.:0.0000 | 1st Qu.:30.0 | 0 M:14376 | 1st Qu.: 6 | 4754 | SAL | :5855 | >50 :3035 | 1st Qu. | :227.0 | |
| C100 : | 1 | Median :0.0000 | Median :38.0 | | Median: 23 | | SELF-EMP | | 26-30:3434 | | | |
| C1000 : | 1 | Mean :0.1256 | Mean :38.4 | | Mean : 51 | | | | 31-35:3404 | | | |
| C10000 : | 1 | 3rd Qu.:0.0000 | 3rd Qu.: 46.0 | | 3rd Qu.: 65 | | | 73.7V7777757 | 36-40:2814 | | | |
| C10001 : | ī | Max. :1.0000 | Max. :55.0 | | | 0431 | | | 41-45:3067 | | | |
| (Other):1 | | | | 5 | 10000 | 1011000 | | | 46-50:2493 | | C-40.7 (Ca.) (Sta | |
| HOLDING_PI | | ACC_TYPE | ACC_OP_DATE | LEN_OF_RLTN_ | TN MNTH NO O | E I CR | TXNS NO | | | | NS. | |
| Min. : | | | 6/2010: 24 | Min. : 29. | | : 0 | | . : 0. | | | | |
| 1st Qu.: | | | 3-09 : 23 | 1st Qu.: 79. | | Qu.: 6 | | Qu.: 2. | | Qu.: 9.00 | | |
| Median :1 | | | /2010 : 22 | Median :125. | | an :10 | | ian : 5. | | an : 14.00 | | |
| Mean :1 | | | 6-13 : 21 | Mean :125. | | :12 | | n : 6. | | : 18.98 | | |
| 3rd Qu.: 2 | | | 7-07 : 20 | 3rd Qu.:172. | | Qu.:14 | | Qu.: 7. | | Qu.: 21.00 | | |
| Max. :3: | | | /2010 : 20 | Max. :221. | | :75 | | . :74. | | :149.00 | | |
| Max | 1.00 | | er) :19870 | MaxZZI. | o max. | . (3) | . OU MAX | /- | ooo max. | .149.00 | 10 | |
| NO_OF_BR_C | CSH_WD | L_DR_TXNS NO_OF_ | ATM_DR_TXNS NO. | OF_NET_DR_TX | NS NO_OF_MOB | _DR_TXI | NS NO_OF_ | CHQ_DR_T | XNS FLG_ | HAS_CC | AMT_ATI | M_DR |
| Min. : | | | : 0.000 Mi | | Min. : | | | : 0.000 | | :0.0000 | Min. : | |
| 1st Qu.: : | 1.000 | | | t Qu.: 0.000 | 1st Qu.: | 0.0000 | 15t 0u | .: 0.000 | 1st Ou | .:0.0000 | 1st Qu.: | 0 |
| Median : : | | | | dian : 0.000 | Median : | | CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE | : 2.000 | 50° CO | :0.0000 | Median : | |
| Mean : : | | | | an : 1.172 | Mean : | | | : 2.138 | | :0.3054 | THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE | 10990 |
| 3rd Qu.: | | | | d Qu.: 1.000 | 3rd Qu.: | | | .: 4.000 | | .:1.0000 | 3rd Qu.: | |
| Max. :1 | | | | x. :22,000 | Max. :2 | | Max. | | | :1.0000 | | 199300 |
| AMT_BR_CS | H WDI | DR AMT_CHO_DR | AMT_NET | DR AMT | _MOB_DR | AMT. | I DR | FIG H | IAS ANY CHO | S AMT_OTH_ | RK ATM US | G CHGS |
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| 3rd Qu.:6 | | 3rd Qu.: 724 | | | | | :1078927 | | u.:0.0000 | 3rd Qu.: | | |
| | 99930 | Max. :49286 | | 99854 Max. | Co. Composition Unit Aller | Max. | :6514921 | | Charles Control of the Control of th | | 250.000 | |
| AMT MTN D | AL MIC | _CHGS_NO_OF_IW_C | HO PAY TYNE NO | OF OW CHO PA | C TYNE AVE A | MT DCD | ATM TVN | AVC AUT | DED CEH WD | TVN AVC | AMT DED C | UO TVA |
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| Mean : | | | | an :0.0444 | Mean | | | Mean : | | Mear | | |
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| 1st Qu.: | 0 | 1st Qu.: | | | st Qu.:0.000 | | t Qu.:0.2 | | | | | |
| Median : | 0 | Median: | | | edian :0.000 | | dian :0.5 | | | | | |
| Mean :1 | | Mean : 20 | | | ean :0.492 | | | 019330 | | | | |
| 3rd Qu.: 2! | | 3rd Qu.: | CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE | | rd Qu.:1.000 | | d Qu.:0.7 | | | | | |
| Max. :9 | 99854 | Max. :199 | 667 Max. | :1.0000 M | ax. :1.000 | o Max | K. :0.9 | 999471 | | | | |

Fig.1: Summary of the data set

• Plot of Gender shows that there are more number of male candidates than the female candidates (Fig.2)

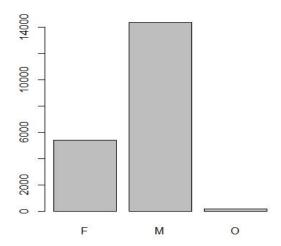


Fig.2: Gender

• Plot of account type shows that most of the accounts in the bank are savings account (Fig.3).

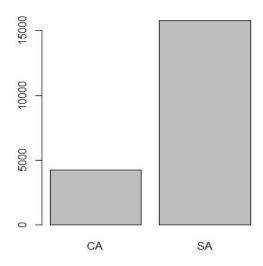


Fig.3: Account type

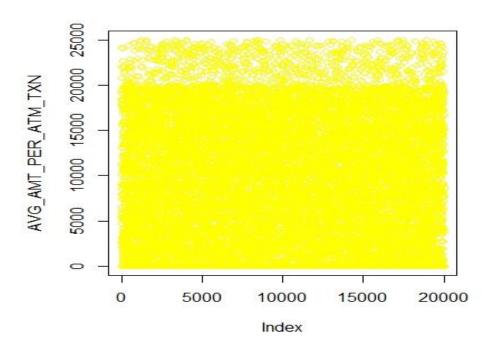


Fig.4: Average amount per ATM transaction

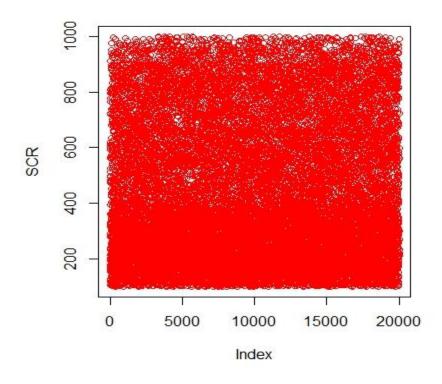


Fig.5: Generic Marketing Score

3. Clustering Analysis

Since the data set given is a large data set containing about 20,000 observations therefore we are choosing **kmeans clustering** to group the similar object into one particular group. The kmeans clustering, groups the similar objects by calculating the Euclidean distance of each variable with respect to the centroid. This process continues and continuously the centroids are updated until all the similar variables are grouped together.

While building the kmeans clustering model, only the most important 13 variables are considered like AGE, BALANCE, SCR, HOLDING PERIOD, LEN_OF_RLTN_IN_MNTH, TOT_NO_OF_L_TXNS, FLG_HAS_CC, AMT_L_DR, AVG_AMT_PER_ATM_TXN, AVG_AMT_PER_CSH_WDL_TXN, AVG_AMT_PER_CHQ_TXN, AVG_AMT_PER_MOB_TXN.

The Fig. below shows the elbow diagram and kmeans clustering plot. From the elbow diagram it is concluded that the **right number of clusters required for kmeans clustering is 6.**

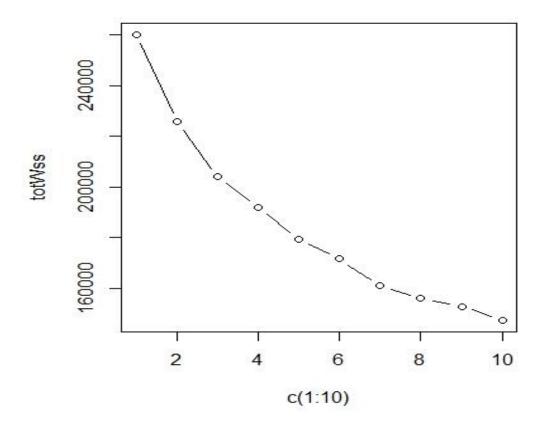
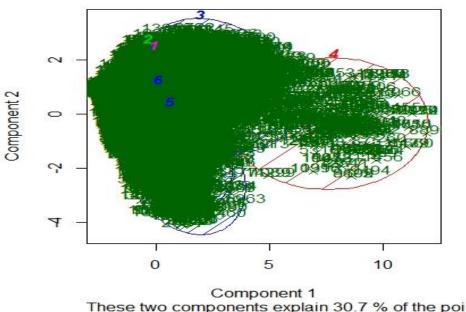


Fig.6: Elbow plot

CLUSPLOT(mydata.scaled)



These two components explain 30.7 % of the point v

Fig.7: kmeans clustering

- Cluster-1 has total 3827 elements.
- Cluster-2 has total 5918 elements.
- Cluster-3 has total 3031 elements.
- Cluster-4 has total 302 elements.
- Cluster-5 has total 3673 elements.
- Cluster-6 has total 3249 elements.
- Ratio of between_ss and total_ss is 34%

4. CART (Clustering and Regression Tree) analysis

- In order to build the Decision tree, the data set provided is first split into train dataset and test data set.
- To build the Decision tree, the most important 13 variables are considered viz. AGE, BALANCE, SCR, HOLDING PERIOD, LEN_OF_RLTN_IN_MNTH, TOT_NO_OF_L_TXNS, FLG_HAS_CC,AMT_L_DR,AVG_AMT_PER_ATM_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_CSH_WDL_TX N,AVG_AMT_PER_CHQ_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_NET_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_MOB_TXN.
- Train data set consist of 70 percent of the observations and is used to learn the CART model.
- Test data set contains 30 percent of the data and it is used to test the performance the build model.
- CART model was built on both the train data set and test data set.
- The relative error was observed for each of the build model and the complexity parameter was chosen accordingly where the relative error starts increasing.
- For train data set, the complexity parameter was found to be 0.00025.

- For test data set, the complexity parameter was found to be 0.0025.
- Pruning of the decision trees was done on the basis of the above computed complexity parameter for train and test data set.
- CART tree before pruning is show in Fig.8

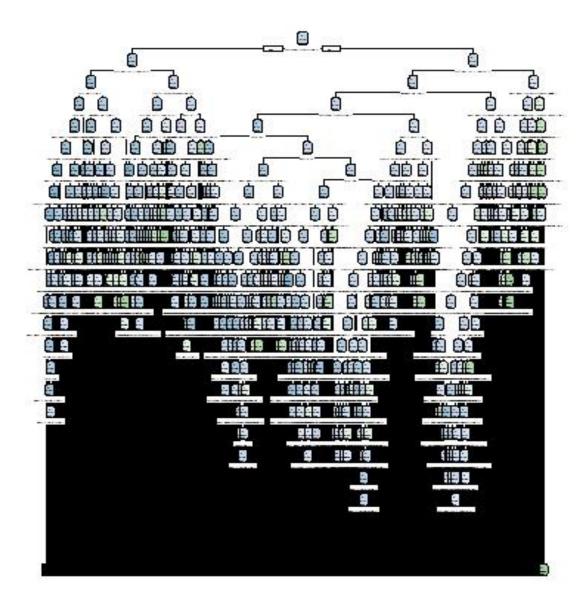


Fig.8: CART tree before pruning

• CART tree after pruning is shown in Fig.9

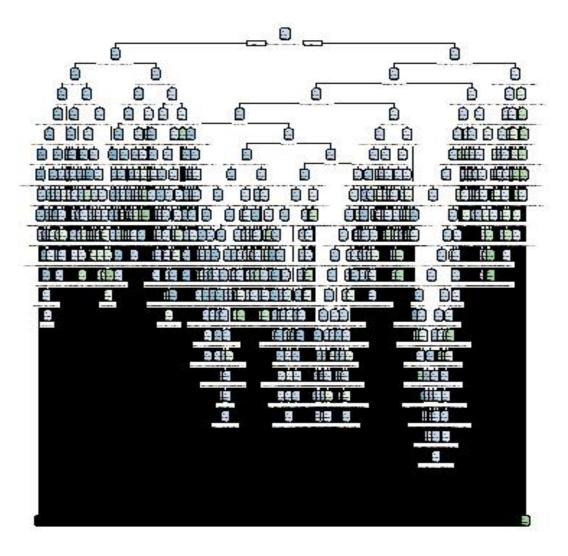


Fig.9: CART tree after pruning

- Various model performance measures were adopted to calculate the accuracy of the CART model.
- Model Performance Measures for **train data set** are as follows:
 - o Accuracy as computed from confusion matrix is 96.67% (Table-1).

Table-1: Confusion Matrix

| | 0 | 1 |
|---|-------|------|
| 0 | 12048 | 194 |
| 1 | 271 | 1487 |

o The maximum value of KS in this case was found to be 74.9% corresponding to the decile (0.0294, 0.0625]. The cumulative response rate corresponding to this decile was

found to be 94.71% meaning if we target this decile, 94.71% of the customers should respond to the loan.

o ROC plot for train data set is shown in Fig.10

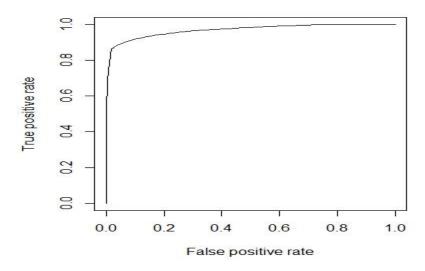


Fig. 10: ROC plot for train data set

- The KS value for train data set is found to be 84.67% if the right hand values of the deciles is not included.
- Area under the curve was found to be 96.94%.
- o Gini index was found to be 82.1%.
- o Concordance is 96.78% meaning approximately 97% of the pairs have clear separation between the probabilities of TARGET=1 and TARGET=0.
- O Discordance = 3.21%
- Model Performance Measures for **test data set** are as follows:
 - o Accuracy as computed from confusion matrix is 92.13% (Table-2)

Table-2: Confusion Matrix

| | 0 | 1 |
|---|------|-----|
| 0 | 5209 | 37 |
| 1 | 435 | 319 |

- O The maximum value of KS in this case was found to be 45.54% corresponding to the decile (0.122, 0.179]. The cumulative response rate corresponding to this decile was found to be 59.02%% meaning if we target this decile, 59% of the customers should respond to the loan.
- o ROC plot for test data set is shown in Fig.11

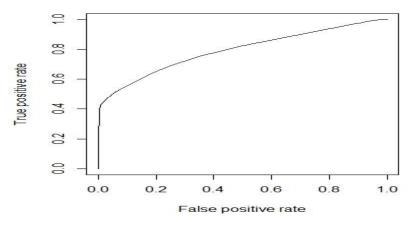


Fig.11: ROC plot for test data set

- The KS value for test data set is found to be 45.65% if right hand value of the deciles is not included.
- Area under the curve was found to be 79.22%.
- o Gini index was measured to be 51.11%.
- o Concordance is 75.72% meaning that approximately 76% of the pairs have clear separation between the probabilities of TARGET=1 and TARGET=0.
- o Discordance = 24.27%

5. Random Forest Model

- The train is used to build the **Random Forest model** on 13 most important variables which are as follows: AGE, BALANCE, SCR, HOLDING PERIOD, LEN_OF_RLTN_IN_MNTH,TOT_NO_OF_L_TXNS,FLG_HAS_CC,AMT_L_DR,AVG_AM T_PER_ATM_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_CSH_WDL_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_CHQ_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_NET_TXN,AVG_AMT_PER_MOB_TXN.
- Performance of the model is tested on the test data set.
- Train data set contains only 12% of the observations which has TARGET = 1.
- The Random Forest model is build for total number of trees to be equal to 501. The odd number of trees is selected in order that the majority rule satisfies.
- The Out of Bag estimate error was found to be 5.84% meaning that the Random Forest model build has a prediction error of approximately 6%.
- Confusion matrix is as shown (Table-3):

Table-3: Confusion Matrix

| | 0 | 1 | Class.error |
|---|-------|-----|-------------|
| 0 | 12231 | 11 | 0.000898546 |
| 1 | 806 | 952 | 0.458475540 |

• Importance suggests that the variables FLG_HAS_CC and ANG_AMT_PER_MOB_TXN are less important as compared to the variables of the model.

• The plot of the Random Forest is shown in Fig.12 from which it is conclude that the relative error decreases approximately up to 51 trees and then the relative error becomes almost constant.

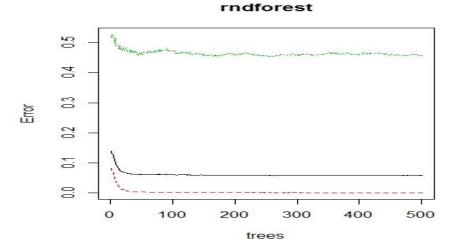


Fig.12: Random Forest number of trees

- Hence, the tuned Random Forest Model was tuned to 51 trees with the step factor of 1.5.
- From the tuned Random Forest model, it is observed that the Out of Bag estimate of error is reduced to 3.79% if we consider three variables for the building the model (Fig.13).

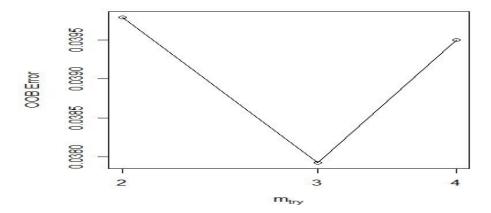


Fig.13: Tuned Random Forest (Number of variables)

- The probability of predicting whether the TARGET will respond or not is calculated.
- The prediction of error was found to be 0% on the train data set (Table-4).

Table-4: Confusion Matrix

| | 0 | 1 |
|---|-------|------|
| 0 | 12242 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1758 |

• However, when the same model is tested on the test data set, the error of mis-classification is found to be 3.51% (Table-5)

Table-5: Confusion Matrix

| | 0 | 1 |
|---|------|-----|
| 0 | 5244 | 2 |
| 1 | 209 | 545 |

- Accuracy on test data set = 96.48%
- From Rank Order Table created for **train data set**, the maximum value of KS is found to be 92% against the decile of (0.066, 0.722] and the cumulative response rate is 100%.
- From test data set Rank Order Table, the maximum value of KS is found to be 64.55% against the decile of (0.066, 0.722] and the cumulative response rate is observed as 96% meaning if we target this decile there is a possibility that 96% of the costumers will respond to the loan or loan campaign initiated by the bank.
- The ROC curve for train data set is shown in Fig.14.

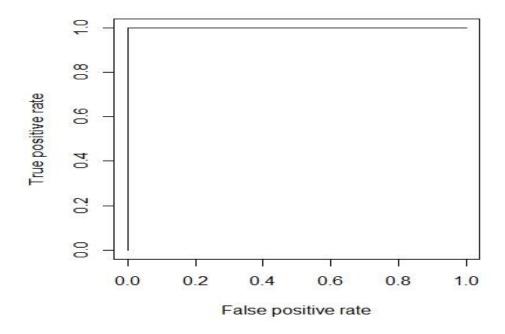


Fig.14: ROC curve for Random Forest on train data set

• The ROC curve for test data set is shown in Fig.15.

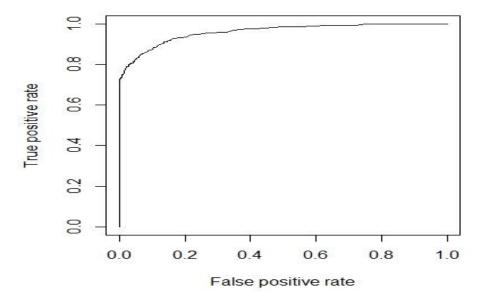


Fig. 15: ROC curve for Random Forest on test data set

- The KS value calculated from Rank Order Table is obtained when the right hand is included while creating the deciles. If the right hand value is excluded then the KS value is found to be 100% for train data set.
- The KS value for test data set if right hand value is excluded was calculated as 78.36%
- For train data set, AUC = 1.
- For test data set, AUC = 96.12%
- For train data set:
 - Concordance is 1, meaning that all of the pairs have clear separation between the probabilities of TARGET=1 and TARGET=0.
 - \circ Discordance = 0
- For test data set:
 - o Concordance is 96.05%, meaning that approximately 96% of the pairs have clear separation between the probabilities of TARGET=1 and TARGET=0.
 - o Discordance = 3.94%

6. Conclusion

The model performance measures were calculated for both CART model and Random Forest Model. The performance measures for test data set on both the models are tabulated in Table-6.

Table-6: Comparison of Models

| Measures | Test Data Set | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------------|--|--|
| ivieasures | CART Model | Random Forest Model | | |
| Accuracy | 92.13% | 96.48% | | |
| KS | 45.65% | 78.36% | | |
| AUC | 79.22% | 96.12% | | |
| Concordance | 75.72% | 96.05% | | |
| Discordance | 24.27% | 3.94% | | |
| Gini | 51.11% | - | | |

From Table-6, it is clear that the Random Forest Model is much better then CART model. **Hence, it is concluded that the best model is Random Forest.**