

Linear Regression

We define the line of best fit line as

$$\hat{y}_i = ax_i + b$$

Such that the best fit line looks to minimize the cost function we named E, n is a number of data points.

$$E = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$E = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - ax_i - b)^2$$

To minimize our cost function, E, we must find where the first derivative of E is equal to 0 with respect to a and b.

The closer a and b are to 0, the less the total error for each point is. Let's start with the partial derivative of a first.

$$\frac{dE}{da} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - ax_i - b) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n y_i x_i - a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - b \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 0$$

$$a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + b \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \dots \dots \dots (i)$$

$$\frac{dE}{db} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - ax_i - b) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n y_i + a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i - \sum_{i=1}^n b = 0$$

$$a \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + bn = \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \dots \dots \dots (ii)$$

Substitute Equation (i) and (ii) Equation (i) multiply by n and Equation (ii) multiply by $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i$

$$na \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 + nb \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i$$

$$a \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2 + nb \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \sum_{i=1}^n y_i$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} (-) & (-) \end{array}$$

$$a = \frac{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^2}$$

$$a = \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \text{ where } \text{Cov}(x, y) = \frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) \text{ and } \text{var}(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$b = \bar{y} - a\bar{x} \text{ where } \bar{y} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n y_i}{n} \text{ and } \bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y})}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{\sum (x_i y_i - x_i \bar{y} - \bar{x} y_i + \bar{x} \bar{y})}{\sum (x_i^2 - 2x_i \bar{x} + \bar{x}^2)} = \frac{\sum x_i y_i - \bar{y} \sum x_i - \bar{x} \sum y_i + \sum \bar{x} \bar{y}}{\sum x_i^2 - 2\bar{x} \sum x_i + \sum \bar{x}^2} \\ &= \frac{\sum x_i y_i - \bar{y} n \bar{x} - \bar{x} n \bar{y} + n \bar{x} \bar{y}}{\sum x_i^2 - 2n \bar{x}^2 + n \bar{x}^2} = \frac{\sum x_i y_i - n \bar{y} \bar{x}}{\sum x_i^2 - n \bar{x}^2} = \frac{n \sum x_i y_i - \sum x_i \sum y_i}{n \sum x_i^2 - \left(\sum x_i \right)^2} \end{aligned}$$