```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error
# Load dataset (Replace this with your dataset loading code)
# Assuming you have a DataFrame with columns: bedrooms, bathrooms, square_footage, location,
etc.
# X represents features, y_price represents rental price label, and y_area represents area label
# Replace "features.csv" and "labels.csv" with your dataset file paths
X = pd.read_csv("features.csv")
y_price = pd.read_csv("price_labels.csv")
y_area = pd.read_csv("area_labels.csv")
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets for each label
X_train_price, X_test_price, y_train_price, y_test_price = train_test_split(X, y_price, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
X_train_area, X_test_area, y_train_area, y_test_area = train_test_split(X, y_area, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
# Model training and evaluation for rental price prediction
# Linear Regression model
Ir_price = LinearRegression()
Ir_price.fit(X_train_price, y_train_price)
lr_price_predictions = lr_price.predict(X_test_price)
lr_price_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_price, lr_price_predictions)
# Random Forest Regression model
```

rf_price = RandomForestRegressor()

```
rf_price.fit(X_train_price, y_train_price.values.ravel())
rf_price_predictions = rf_price.predict(X_test_price)
rf_price_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_price, rf_price_predictions)
print("Mean Squared Error for Rental Price Prediction:")
print("Linear Regression:", lr_price_mse)
print("Random Forest Regression:", rf_price_mse)
# Model training and evaluation for area prediction
# Linear Regression model
Ir_area = LinearRegression()
lr_area.fit(X_train_area, y_train_area)
lr_area_predictions = lr_area.predict(X_test_area)
lr_area_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_area, lr_area_predictions)
# Random Forest Regression model
rf_area = RandomForestRegressor()
rf_area.fit(X_train_area, y_train_area.values.ravel())
rf_area_predictions = rf_area.predict(X_test_area)
rf_area_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_area, rf_area_predictions)
print("\nMean Squared Error for Area Prediction:")
print("Linear Regression:", lr_area_mse)
print("Random Forest Regression:", rf area mse)
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge, Lasso
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, make_scorer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load dataset (Replace this with your dataset loading code)
# Assuming you have a DataFrame with columns: bedrooms, bathrooms, square_footage, location,
etc.
# X represents features, y_price represents rental price label, and y_area represents area label
# Replace "features.csv" and "labels.csv" with your dataset file paths
X = pd.read_csv("features.csv")
y_price = pd.read_csv("price_labels.csv")
y_area = pd.read_csv("area_labels.csv")
# Split the dataset into training and testing sets for each label
X_train_price, X_test_price, y_train_price, y_test_price = train_test_split(X, y_price, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
X_train_area, X_test_area, y_train_area, y_test_area = train_test_split(X, y_area, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
# Define a custom scorer for GridSearchCV
mse_scorer = make_scorer(mean_squared_error, greater_is_better=False)
# Create a pipeline for scaling and model
pipeline = Pipeline([
  ('scaler', StandardScaler()),
```

```
('regressor', Ridge()) # Change this to the model you want to use
])
# Define hyperparameters to tune
param_grid = {
  'regressor__alpha': [0.1, 1.0, 10.0],
 # Add more hyperparameters as needed for the chosen model
}
# Hyperparameter tuning for rental price prediction
grid_search_price = GridSearchCV(pipeline, param_grid, cv=5, scoring=mse_scorer)
grid_search_price.fit(X_train_price, y_train_price.values.ravel())
best_model_price = grid_search_price.best_estimator_
# Hyperparameter tuning for area prediction
grid_search_area = GridSearchCV(pipeline, param_grid, cv=5, scoring=mse_scorer)
grid_search_area.fit(X_train_area, y_train_area.values.ravel())
best_model_area = grid_search_area.best_estimator_
# Evaluate models
def evaluate_model(model, X_test, y_test):
  predictions = model.predict(X_test)
  mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, predictions)
  return mse
mse_price = evaluate_model(best_model_price, X_test_price, y_test_price)
mse_area = evaluate_model(best_model_area, X_test_area, y_test_area)
print("Mean Squared Error for Rental Price Prediction:", mse price)
```

```
print("Mean Squared Error for Area Prediction:", mse_area)
# Plot learning curves to diagnose bias/variance issues
def plot_learning_curve(model, X_train, y_train, title):
  train_sizes, train_scores, test_scores = learning_curve(model, X_train, y_train, cv=5,
scoring=mse_scorer)
  train_scores_mean = -np.mean(train_scores, axis=1)
  train_scores_std = np.std(train_scores, axis=1)
  test_scores_mean = -np.mean(test_scores, axis=1)
  test_scores_std = np.std(test_scores, axis=1)
  plt.figure()
  plt.title(title)
  plt.xlabel("Training examples")
  plt.ylabel("Mean Squared Error")
  plt.grid()
  plt.fill_between(train_sizes, train_scores_mean - train_scores_std,
           train_scores_mean + train_scores_std, alpha=0.1,
           color="r")
  plt.fill_between(train_sizes, test_scores_mean - test_scores_std,
           test_scores_mean + test_scores_std, alpha=0.1,
           color="g")
  plt.plot(train_sizes, train_scores_mean, 'o-', color="r",
       label="Training error")
  plt.plot(train_sizes, test_scores_mean, 'o-', color="g",
       label="Cross-validation error")
  plt.legend(loc="best")
  return plt
```

```
plot_learning_curve(best_model_price, X_train_price, y_train_price.values.ravel(), "Learning Curve -
Rental Price Prediction")
plot_learning_curve(best_model_area, X_train_area, y_train_area.values.ravel(), "Learning Curve -
Area Prediction")
plt.show()
3
import joblib
# Save the best model to a file
joblib.dump(best_model_price, 'best_model_price.pkl')
joblib.dump(best_model_area, 'best_model_area.pkl')
# Convey the basis for choosing the best model
print("\nBest Model Selection:")
print("For Rental Price Prediction, the best model chosen is:",
best_model_price.named_steps['regressor'].__class__.__name__)
print("Based on hyperparameter tuning and evaluation results.")
print("\nFor Area Prediction, the best model chosen is:",
best_model_area.named_steps['regressor'].__class__.__name__)
print("Based on hyperparameter tuning and evaluation results.")
```