

SQL Project

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Dataset:

Sales

Language:

SQL

Dataset link:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1W5Umk0ABVMM9--uvuAYvgPcBRsEyYh3G/view>

Questions:

Various queries are written to retrieve meaningful data insights from the sales dataset.

Solutions:

Schema:

```
CREATE TABLE Sales_Data (  
  order_id INT NOT NULL,  
  order_date DATE,  
  ship_date DATE,  
  ship_mode VARCHAR(50),  
  customer_name VARCHAR(100),  
  segment VARCHAR(50),  
  state VARCHAR(50),  
  market VARCHAR(50),  
  category VARCHAR(50),  
  sub_category VARCHAR(50),  
  product_name VARCHAR(100),  
  sales DECIMAL(10, 2),  
  quantity INT,  
  discount DECIMAL(5, 2),  
  profit DECIMAL(10, 2),  
  shipping_cost DECIMAL(10, 2),  
  order_priority VARCHAR(50),  
  year INT,  
  PRIMARY KEY (order_id)  
);
```

1. Top 5 products by sales:

This query selects the top 5 products based on total sales.

```
SELECT product_name, SUM(sales) AS total_sales  
FROM Sales_Data  
GROUP BY product_name  
ORDER BY total_sales DESC  
LIMIT 5;
```

2. Average profit margin per category:

This query calculates the average profit margin for each product category.

```
SELECT category, AVG((profit / sales) * 100) AS avg_profit_margin  
FROM Sales_Data  
GROUP BY category;
```

3. Number of orders placed per segment in 2012:

This query retrieves the total number of orders placed for each segment in the year 2012.

```
SELECT segment, COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM Sales_Data  
WHERE year = 2012  
GROUP BY segment;
```

4. Top 3 states with highest shipping costs:

This query selects the top 3 states with the highest total shipping costs.

```
SELECT state, SUM(shipping_cost) AS total_shipping_cost  
FROM Sales_Data  
GROUP BY state  
ORDER BY total_shipping_cost DESC  
LIMIT 3;
```

5. Total sales and profit for each market in 2012:

This query calculates the total sales and profit for each market in the year 2012.

```
SELECT market, SUM(sales) AS total_sales, SUM(profit) AS  
total_profit  
FROM Sales_Data  
WHERE year = 2012  
GROUP BY market;
```

6. Percentage of orders with a discount:

This query calculates the percentage of orders that had a discount.

```
SELECT (COUNT(CASE WHEN discount > 0 THEN 1 END) * 100.0 /  
COUNT(*)) AS discount_percentage  
FROM Sales_Data;
```

7. Average shipping cost per order priority:

This query calculates the average shipping cost for each order priority.

```
SELECT order_priority, AVG(shipping_cost) AS avg_shipping_cost  
FROM Sales_Data  
GROUP BY order_priority;
```

8. Products with profit margin greater than 20%:

This query selects products that have a profit margin greater than 20%.

```
SELECT product_name, (profit / sales) * 100 AS profit_margin  
FROM Sales_Data  
HAVING profit_margin > 20;
```

9. Total quantity sold for each sub-category:

This query calculates the total quantity sold for each sub-category.

```
SELECT sub_category, SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity_sold  
FROM Sales_Data  
GROUP BY sub_category;
```

10. CTE to calculate total sales and profit per year:

This query uses a Common Table Expression (CTE) to calculate total sales and profit per year.

```
WITH yearly_sales AS (  
    SELECT year, SUM(sales) AS total_sales, SUM(profit) AS total_profit  
    FROM Sales_Data  
    GROUP BY year  
)  
SELECT * FROM yearly_sales;
```

11. CTE for products with profit margin greater than 20%:

This query uses a CTE to select products that have a profit margin greater than 20%.

```
WITH product_margins AS (  
    SELECT product_name, (profit / sales) * 100 AS profit_margin  
    FROM Sales_Data  
)  
SELECT product_name, profit_margin  
FROM product_margins  
WHERE profit_margin > 20;
```
