```
Solution 1 -
   a. Amount is 32.320000, 3.2320000e+.01
   b. C
   c. False
   d. Java
   e. False Java
Solution 2 -
class pentagonal{
       public static int getPentagonalNumber(int n){
        int answer = (n*(3*n -1))/2;
          return answer;
       public static void main(String args[]){
               int var1, var2;
               java.util.Scanner input1= new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
               for (int i=0;i<10;i++){
                      var1=i*10+1;
                      var2=var1+9;
                             for(int z=var1;z<=var2;z++){
                                     int answer= getPentagonalNumber(z);
                                     System.out.print(answer);
                             }
                      System.out.println(" ");
              }
       }
}
```

```
class pentagonal{
       public static int getPentagonalNumber(int n){
          int answer = (n*(3*n -1))/2;
            return answer;
       public static void main(String args[]){
            int var1, var2;
            java.util.Scanner input1= new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
9
            for (int i=0; i<10; i++){
10
                var1=i*10+1;
                var2=var1+9;
11
12
                    for(int z=var1;z<=var2;z++){</pre>
13
                         int answer= getPentagonalNumber(z);
14
                        System.out.print(answer);
15
                System.out.println(" ");
16
           }
17
       }
18
19
```

### Solution 3 -

A: it will give an error as we cannot reinitialize the same variable again. If we don't reinitialise the var and just try to update the size to 20 then it will have a new size of 20.

B: It is incorrect because we are swapping the variables twice on each index. The correct solution would be to swap the first with last and keep increasing the first and decreasing the last pointer and stop when it reached middle.

C: 7777, 24710

# D:

# D.a

```
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ ls
Calculate.class MyClass.class myClass2.java test.java
Markov.class pentagonal.class
Markov.java myClass1.java sample.java
```

#### D<sub>b</sub>

```
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ javac test.java
```

### D.c

## D.d

```
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ java test I have a dream
Number of Strings is 4I
have
a
dream
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ java test "1 2 3"
Number of Strings is 11 2 3
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ java test
Number of Strings is 0Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$
```

# Solution 4 -

```
class Calculate{
    public static int average(int [] array){
        int total=0;
        for (int i=0;i<array.length;i++){</pre>
```

```
total=total+i;
               }
               int average = total/array.length-1;
               return average;
       }
        public static double average(double [] array){
               double total =0.00;
               for (int i=0;i<array.length;i++){</pre>
                       total=total+i;
               }
               double average = total/array.length-1;
               return average;
       }
        public static void main(String args[]){
               double[] array = new double[10];
               java.util.Scanner input1 = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
               for (int i=1;i<10;i++){
                       System.out.println("Please Enter a number");
                       array[i]=input1.nextDouble();
               }
               double resultAverage= average(array);
               System.out.println(resultAverage);
       }
}
```

```
class Calculate{
       public static int average(int [] array){
            int total=0;
            for (int i=0;i<array.length;i++){</pre>
                total=total+i;
            int average = total/array.length-1;
            return average;
10
       public static double average(double [] array){
11
12
            double total =0.00;
            for (int i=0;i<array.length;i++){</pre>
13
14
                total=total+i;
15
16
            double average = total/array.length-1;
            return average;
19
20
       public static void main(String args[]){
21
            double[] array = new double[10];
            java.util.Scanner input1 = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
22
            for (int i=1;i<10;i++){
23
                System.out.println("Please Enter a number");
24
25
                array[i]=input1.nextDouble();
26
27
           double resultAverage= average(array);
           System.out.println(resultAverage);
29
       }
30 }
31
```

```
Solution 5 -
A: 12 (2+4+6)
B: 2 and 4
C: 4 and 8
Solution 6 -
public class Markov {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
       double[][] array = new double[3][3];
  boolean markovFlag = true;
  java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter a 3 by 3 matrix");
       for(int i=0;i<3;i++){
       for(int j=0;j<3;j++){
     double value = input.nextDouble();
       if (value < 0) {
      markovFlag = true;
```

```
}
    array[i][j]= value;
       }
 }
 double var1 = 0;
 double var2 = 0;
 double var3 = 0;
 double total = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
   total = 0;
   for (int z = 0; z < 3; z++) {
    total=total+array[i][z];
    if (i == 0) {
     var1 = total;
    if (i == 1) {
     var2 = total;
    if (i == 2) {
     var3 = total;
   }
 double totalf = var1 +var2 +var3;
 System.out.println(var2);
 if (totalf == 3) {
   markovFlag = false;
 }
       if(markovFlag == true){
       System.out.println("Not a markov matrix");
 }
       System.out.println("markov matrix");
}
```

```
public class Markov {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
         double[][] array = new double[3][3];
         boolean markovFlag = true;
 6
         java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a 3 by 3 matrix");
         for(int i=0;i<3;i++){</pre>
           for(int j=0;j<3;j++){</pre>
             double value = input.nextDouble();
11
             if (value < 0 ) {
12
13
               markovFlag = true;
14
15
             array[i][j]= value;
17
         }
18
         double var1 = 0;
19
         double var2 = 0;
20
         double var3 = 0;
21
        double total = 0;
         for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
23
           total = 0;
24
25
           for (int z = 0; z < 3; z++) {
27
             total=total+array[i][z];
28
             if ( i == 0) {
29
               var1 = total;
30
31
             if (i == 1) {
               var2 = total;
32
33
             if (i == 2) {
34
35
               var3 = total;
           }
37
         double totalf = var1 +var2 +var3;
40
        System.out.println(var2);
41
42
         if (totalf == 3) {
            markovFlag = false;
44
         if(markovFlag == true){
             System.out.println("Not a markov matrix");
47
48
         }
49
        else{
50
             System.out.println("markov matrix");
52
    }
53
```

```
Not a markov matrix
|Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ java Markov
|Enter a 3 by 3 matrix |
|0.15 |
|0.55 |
|0.30 |
|0.875 |
|0.005 |
|0.12 |
|0.375 |
|0.225 |
|0.4 |
|1.0 |
|markov matrix |
|Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$
```

```
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$ java Markov
Enter a 3 by 3 matrix
0.95
0.65
0.30
-0.875
0.005
0.22
0.375
0.225
-0.4
-0.65
Not a markov matrix
Vaibhavs-MacBook-Pro:Snippets kayvee$
```