GIT Commands & it's purpose:

1. Git config: Configure git settings such as user name, email.

```
git config --global user.name "vk224" git config -- global user.email "vk224@gmail.com"
```

- 2. git init: To initialise a new Git Repository in the current directory.
- 3. git clone: To clone a repository from remote server to your local machine.
- 4. git add: Add file(s) or directory contents to the staging area(index) for next commit.
- 5. git status: Show the status of files in the working directory & staging area.
- 6. git commit: Records changes to the repository with a commit message.
 - --git commit -m "Message"
- 7. git checkout: Switch brances or working tree files.
 - --git checkout <branch name>
- 8. git merge: Merge changes from one branch into another.
 - --git merge
branch name>
- 9. git remote: Manage Remote repositories.
 - --git remote add <name> <url>
- 10. git push: Update remote repositories with local commits.
 - --git push <remote name> <branch name>
- 11. git pull:Fetch & integrate changes from a remote repository.
 - --git pull <remote_name> <branch_name>
- 12. git reset: Reset current head to the specified date.
- 13. git revert: Create new commit that undoes changes from specified commits.
- 14. git stash: Temporarily store changes that are not ready to be committed.