# Report

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April 1, 2024

#### 1 Introduction

ELMo (Embeddings from Language Models) is a state-of-the-art model for generating contextualized word representations. Unlike static embeddings, ELMo leverages bidirectional LSTM (Bi-LSTM) layers to capture nuanced word meanings based on their context. This report evaluates ELMo's performance against traditional methods like SVD and Skip-gram on a news classification task.

#### 2 Dataset Overview

The dataset consists of:

• Training data: 57340 sentences (30,000 per class) with a maximum length of 50 words.

## 3 Hyperparameter Tuning

#### 3.1 Trainable $\lambda s$

• Batch size: 128

• Embedding dimension: 300

• Learning rate: 0.001

• Epochs: 10

Results: Train Accuracy: 96.38%, Test Accuracy: 88.21%.

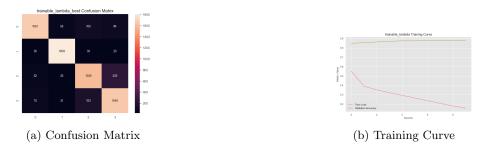


Figure 1: Trainable  $\lambda$ s: Results and Training Dynamics

#### 3.2 Frozen $\lambda s$

- $\lambda$ s initialized randomly between 0.5 and 1 and frozen.
- Other parameters identical to trainable  $\lambda s$  setup.

Results: Train Accuracy: 93.18%, Test Accuracy: 87.71%.

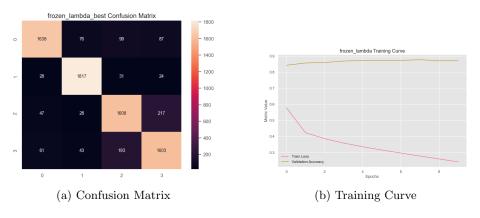


Figure 2: Frozen  $\lambda$ s: Results and Training Dynamics

#### 3.3 Learnable Function

- Neural network-based function to combine embeddings adaptively.
- $\bullet$  Architecture: Two-layer MLP with ReLU activation.

Results: Train Accuracy: 92.01%, Test Accuracy: 87.39%.



Figure 3: Learnable Function: Results and Training Dynamics

### 4 Base Line Models

#### 4.1 SVD



Figure 4: SVD: Results and Training Dynamics

Results: Train Accuracy: 86.0%, Test Accuracy: 80.75%.

#### 4.2 CBOW

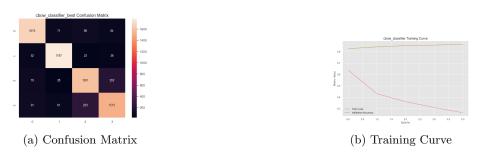


Figure 5: CBOW: Results and Training Dynamics

Results: Train Accuracy: 93.70%, Test Accuracy: 86.43%.

### 4.3 Skipgram

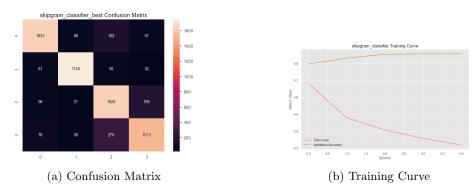


Figure 6: Skipgram: Results and Training Dynamics

Results: Train Accuracy: 90.10%, Test Accuracy: 85.82%.

## 5 Model Comparison

Table 1: Performance of Embedding Models on Downstream Classification

Model	Train Accuracy	Test Accuracy
ELMo (Trainable $\lambda$ s)	96.38%	88.21%
ELMo (Frozen $\lambda$ s)	93.18%	87.71%
ELMo (Learnable Function)	92.01%	87.39%
CBOW	93.70%	86.43%
Skip-gram	90.10%	85.82%
SVD	86.00%	80.75%

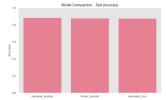
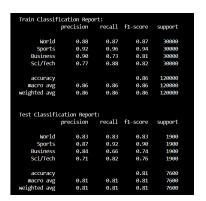


Figure 7: Test Accuracy Comparison Across Models

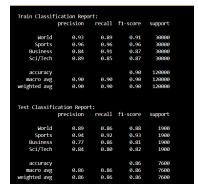
## 6 Analysis

#### 6.1 Why ELMo Outperforms others?

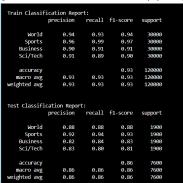
- Contextualized Representations: Adapts embeddings based on sentence context.
- Bidirectional LSTM: Captures dependencies in both forward and backward directions.
- Subword Handling: Effective for rare/unseen words.
- **Higher Dimensionality**: 300-dimensional embeddings retain richer semantics.



(a) SVD Classifier Report



(b) Skip-gram Classifier Report



(c) CBOW Classifier Report

Figure 8: Classification Reports for Baseline Models

#### 6.2 Learnable Function Superiority

• Dynamically optimizes layer combination weights.

- Captures non-linear relationships between embeddings.
- Task-specific optimization improves generalization.

Train Classification Report for trainable_lambda:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
World	0.98	0.97	0.97	30000
Sports	0.98	0.99	0.98	30000
Business	0.92	0.95	0.94	30000
Sci/Tech	0.95	0.91	0.93	30000
accuracy			0.96	120000
macro avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	120000
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	120000

(a) Train classification report of trainable  $\lambda s$ 

Train Classif				1:
J. (IIVLF (20242010	precision	recall	f1-score	support
World	0.96	0.91	0.93	30000
Sports	0.94	0.99	0.97	30000
Business	0.91	0.89	0.90	30000
Sci/Tech	0.89	0.91	0.90	30000
accuracy			0.93	120000
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	120000
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	120000

(c) Train classification report of frozen  $\lambda_{s}$ 

Train Classification Report for learnable func:					
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
	precision	recall	f1-score	support	
	pi ecision	recarr	11-30016	suppor c	
World	0.91	0.90	0.91	30000	
World	0.91	0.90	0.91	30000	
Sports	0.92	0.98	0.95	30000	
Business	0.90	0.83	0.86	30000	
Business	0.90	0.83	0.86	30000	
Sci/Tech	0.85	0.87	0.86	30000	
Sci/Tech	0.85	0.87	0.86	30000	

(e) Train classification report of learnable  $\lambda s$ 

Classification	n Report for	trainabl	e_lambda:	
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
World	0.89	0.88	0.89	1900
Sports	0.94	0.95	0.94	1900
Business	0.85	0.84	0.84	1900
Sci/Tech	0.84	0.84	0.84	1900
accuracy			0.88	7600
macro avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	7600
weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	7600
trainable_lamb	oda Best Accı	ıracy: 0.	8821	

(b) Test classification report of Trainable  $\lambda s$ 

Classificatio	n Report for f	rozen_1	ambda:	
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
World	0.89	0.88	0.88	1900
Sports	0.95	0.93	0.94	1900
Business	0.85	0.81	0.83	1900
Sci/Tech	0.81	0.86	0.83	1900
accuracy			0.87	7600
macro avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	7600
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	7600
frozen_lambda	Best Accuracy	: 0.877	1	

(d) Test classification report of frozen  $\lambda_s$ 

Classificatio	precision			support
World	0.91	0.86	0.89	1900
Sports	0.91	0.96	0.94	1900
Business	0.84	0.82	0.83	1900
Sci/Tech	0.82	0.84	0.83	1900
accuracy			0.87	7600
macro avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	7600
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	7600

(f) Test classification report of learnable  $\lambda s$ 

Figure 9: Classification Reports for ELMo Variants

### 7 Conclusion

ELMo with trainable  $\lambda$ s achieves the highest test accuracy (88.21%), surpassing both static embeddings and fixed-weight ELMo variants. The ability to dynamically adjust layer contributions allows for better contextual representation, making it well-suited for downstream NLP tasks. The increased train accuracy suggests stronger feature learning, though potential overfitting should be

monitored. Training curves and confusion matrices further validate the model's robustness and effectiveness.