

SQL Task:

Create a database named ecommerce.

create database ecommerce;

use ecommerce;

```
C:\Users\vaidh>mysql -u root -p
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 19
Server version: 8.0.39 MySQL Community Server - GPL

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> create database ecommerce;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> use ecommerce;
Database changed
mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| ecommerce |
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| sys |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Create three tables: customers, orders, and products.

1)Customers Table:

create table customers(id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,

address VARCHAR(255));

```
mysql> create table customers(id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
->                             name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
->                             email VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
->                             address VARCHAR(255));  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from customers;  
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc customers;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
name	varchar(100)	NO		NULL	
email	varchar(100)	NO		NULL	
address	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	

```
4 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

2.Orders Table:

```
create table orders (id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
customer_id INT,  
order_date DATE,  
total_amount DECIMAL(10, 2),  
FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(id));
```

```
mysql> create table orders (id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
-> customer_id INT,
-> order_date DATE,
-> total_amount DECIMAL(10, 2),
-> FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc orders;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
customer_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
order_date	date	YES		NULL	
total_amount	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3.Products Table:

```
create table products(id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
price DECIMAL(10,2),
description TEXT);
```

```
mysql> create table products(id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
-> name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
-> price DECIMAL(10,2),
-> description TEXT);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc products;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
name	varchar(100)	NO		NULL	
price	decimal(10,2)	YES		NULL	
description	text	YES		NULL	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Insert sample data:

Sample data for Customers Table:

```
insert into customers(name, email, address) values(
('John Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '123 Elm St'),
('Jane Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '456 Maple Ave'),
('Alice Johnson', 'alice.j@example.com', '789 Oak Dr'),
);
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO customers (name, email, address) VALUES
-> ('John Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '123 Elm St'),
-> ('Jane Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '456 Maple Ave'),
-> ('Alice Johnson', 'alice.j@example.com', '789 Oak Dr');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

id	name	email	address
1	John Doe	john.doe@example.com	123 Elm St
2	Jane Smith	jane.smith@example.com	456 Maple Ave
3	Alice Johnson	alice.j@example.com	789 Oak Dr

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Sample data for orders:

```
Insert into orders (customer_id, order_date, total_amount) VALUES (1,
CURDATE(), 60.00), (2, CURDATE() - INTERVAL 15 DAY, 75.00), (1, CURDATE() -
INTERVAL 35 DAY, 80.00);
```

```
mysql> Insert into orders (customer_id, order_date, total_amount) VALUES (1, CURDATE(), 60.00), (2, CURDATE() - INTERVAL 15 DAY, 75.00), (1, CURDATE() - INTERVAL 35 DAY, 80.00);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>

mysql> select * from orders;
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | customer_id | order_date | total_amount |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | 1           | 2024-11-06 | 60.00        |
| 2  | 2           | 2024-10-22 | 75.00        |
| 3  | 1           | 2024-10-02 | 80.00        |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Sample data for products Table:

```
INSERT INTO products (name, price, description)
VALUES ('Product A', 20.00, 'Description of Product A'),
('Product B', 35.00, 'Description of Product B'),
('Product C', 50.00, 'Description of Product C');
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO products (name, price, description)
-> VALUES ('Product A', 20.00, 'Description of Product A'),
-> ('Product B', 35.00, 'Description of Product B'),
-> ('Product C', 50.00, 'Description of Product C');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from products;
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | price | description |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | Product A | 20.00 | Description of Product A |
| 2  | Product B | 35.00 | Description of Product B |
| 3  | Product C | 50.00 | Description of Product C |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Queries:

1. Retrieve all customers who have placed an order in the last 30 days:

```
select DISTINCT c.* FROM customers c
```

JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id

WHERE o.order_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY;

```
mysql> select DISTINCT c.* FROM customers c
-> JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id
-> WHERE o.order_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | email                      | address      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | John Doe  | john.doe@example.com      | 123 Elm St   |
| 2  | Jane Smith | jane.smith@example.com    | 456 Maple Ave |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

2. Get the total amount of all orders placed by each customer.

select c.name, SUM(o.total_amount) AS

total_spent FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id GROUP BY c.id;

```
mysql> select c.name, SUM(o.total_amount) AS
-> total_spent FROM customers c
-> JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id GROUP BY c.id;
+-----+-----+
| name      | total_spent |
+-----+-----+
| John Doe  | 140.00      |
| Jane Smith | 75.00       |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3. Update the price of Product C to 45.00:

update products SET price=45.00 where name="Product C";

```
mysql> select * from products;
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | price | description                |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | Product A | 20.00 | Description of Product A |
| 2  | Product B | 35.00 | Description of Product B |
| 3  | Product C | 50.00 | Description of Product C |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> update products SET price=45.00 where name="Product C";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from products;
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | price | description                |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | Product A | 20.00 | Description of Product A |
| 2  | Product B | 35.00 | Description of Product B |
| 3  | Product C | 45.00 | Description of Product C |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Add a new column discount to the products table.

alter table products add discount decimal(5,2) DEFAULT 0.00;

```
mysql> alter table products add discount decimal(5,2) DEFAULT 0.00;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from products;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | price | description                | discount |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | Product A | 20.00 | Description of Product A | 0.00    |
| 2  | Product B | 35.00 | Description of Product B | 0.00    |
| 3  | Product C | 45.00 | Description of Product C | 0.00    |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Retrieve the top 3 products with the highest price:

We have to add more products in product table using insert query,

```
Insert into products (name, price, description)
values('Product D', 60.00, 'Description of Product D'),
('Product E', 50.00, 'Description of Product E'),
('Product F', 90.00, 'Description of Product F');
```

```
mysql> Insert into products (name, price, description)
-> values('Product D', 60.00, 'Description of Product D'),
-> ('Product E', 50.00, 'Description of Product E'),
-> ('Product F', 90.00, 'Description of Product F');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from products;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name      | price | description                | discount |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1  | Product A | 20.00 | Description of Product A   | 0.00     |
| 2  | Product B | 35.00 | Description of Product B   | 0.00     |
| 3  | Product C | 45.00 | Description of Product C   | 0.00     |
| 4  | Product D | 60.00 | Description of Product D   | 0.00     |
| 5  | Product E | 50.00 | Description of Product E   | 0.00     |
| 6  | Product F | 90.00 | Description of Product F   | 0.00     |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Now, Retrieve the top 3 products with the highest price,

```
SELECT * FROM products ORDER BY price DESC LIMIT 3;
```



```
mysql> SELECT * FROM products ORDER BY price DESC LIMIT 3;
```

id	name	price	description	discount
6	Product F	90.00	Description of Product F	0.00
4	Product D	60.00	Description of Product D	0.00
5	Product E	50.00	Description of Product E	0.00

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Get the names of customers who have ordered Product A.

Lets, create order_items Table,

create table order_items (id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

order_id INT,

product_id INT,

quantity INT DEFAULT 1,

FOREIGN KEY (order_id) REFERENCES orders(id),

FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES products(id));

```
mysql> create table order_items ( id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
->                               order_id INT,
->                               product_id INT,
->                               quantity INT DEFAULT 1,
->                               FOREIGN KEY (order_id) REFERENCES orders(id),
->                               FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES products(id));
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

```
mysql> select * from order_items;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc order_items;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
order_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
product_id	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
quantity	int	YES		1	

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Insert Sample Data into order_items,

Insert into order_items (order_id, product_id, quantity)

values (1, 1, 2),(1, 2, 1), (2, 1, 1),(3, 3, 3);

```
mysql>          Insert into order_items (order_id, product_id, quantity)
->          values (1, 1, 2),(1, 2, 1), (2, 1, 1),(3, 3, 3);
```

Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> select * from order_items;
```

id	order_id	product_id	quantity
1	1	1	2
2	1	2	1
3	2	1	1
4	3	3	3

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Retrieve Customer Names Who Have Ordered Product A;

```

select DISTINCT c.name FROM customers c
JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id
JOIN order_items oi ON o.id = oi.order_id
JOIN products p ON oi.product_id = p.id
WHERE p.name = 'Product A';

```

```

mysql> select DISTINCT c.name FROM customers c
-> JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer_id
-> JOIN order_items oi ON o.id = oi.order_id
-> JOIN products p ON oi.product_id = p.id
-> WHERE p.name = 'Product A';
+-----+
| name |
+-----+
| John Doe |
| Jane Smith |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```

7. Join the orders and customers tables to retrieve the customer's name and order date for each order:

```

SELECT c.name AS customer_name, o.order_date FROM orders o JOIN
customers c ON o.customer_id = c.id;

```

```

mysql>
mysql> SELECT c.name AS customer_name, o.order_date FROM orders o JOIN customers c ON o.customer_id = c.id;
+-----+-----+
| customer_name | order_date |
+-----+-----+
| John Doe | 2024-11-06 |
| Jane Smith | 2024-10-22 |
| John Doe | 2024-10-02 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

8. Retrieve the orders with a total amount greater than 150.00:

```
select * from orders where total_amount > 150.00;
```

```
mysql> select * from orders where total_amount > 150.00;  
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from orders;
```

```
+----+-----+-----+-----+  
| id | customer_id | order_date | total_amount |  
+----+-----+-----+-----+  
| 1 | 1 | 2024-11-06 | 60.00 |  
| 2 | 2 | 2024-10-22 | 75.00 |  
| 3 | 1 | 2024-10-02 | 80.00 |  
+----+-----+-----+-----+  
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Normalize the database by creating a separate table for order items and updating the orders table to reference the order_items table:

```
create table order_items ( id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
order_id INT,  
product_id INT,  
quantity INT,  
FOREIGN KEY (order_id) REFERENCES orders(id),  
FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES products(id) );
```

```
mysql> select * from order_items;
```

id	order_id	product_id	quantity
1	1	1	2
2	1	2	1
3	2	1	1
4	3	3	3

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

10.Retrieve the average total of all orders:

```
select AVG(total_amount) AS average_order_total FROM orders;
```

```
mysql> select AVG(total_amount) AS average_order_total FROM orders;
```

average_order_total
71.666667

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```